

INGRAM MICRO INC  
Form 10-Q  
October 27, 2016  
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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended October 1, 2016

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 1-12203

Ingram Micro Inc.  
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 62-1644402  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)  
3351 Michelson Drive, Suite 100  
Irvine, California 92612-0697  
(Address, including zip code, of principal executive offices)  
(714) 566-1000  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant had submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer  Accelerated Filer   
Non-Accelerated Filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The Registrant had 149,704,044 shares of Class A Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding at October 1, 2016.



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## Part I. Financial Information

## Item 1. Financial Statements

## INGRAM MICRO INC.

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(In 000s, except par value)

(Unaudited)

|  | October 1,<br>2016 | January 2,<br>2016 |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>  |                    |                    |
| Current assets:  |                    |                    |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | \$ 689,076         | \$ 935,267         |
| Trade accounts receivable (less allowances of \$65,654 and \$59,437 at October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, respectively)  | 5,270,505          | 5,663,754          |
| Inventory  | 3,839,219          | 3,457,016          |
| Other current assets   | 556,152            | 475,813            |
| Total current assets   | 10,354,952         | 10,531,850         |
| Property and equipment, net  | 384,610            | 381,414            |
| Goodwill   | 946,289            | 843,001            |
| Intangible assets, net   | 429,035            | 374,674            |
| Other assets   | 179,055            | 169,750            |
| Total assets   | \$ 12,293,941      | \$ 12,300,689      |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>  |                    |                    |
| Current liabilities:   |                    |                    |
| Accounts payable   | \$ 6,024,197       | \$ 6,353,511       |
| Accrued expenses   | 639,727            | 620,501            |
| Short-term debt and current maturities of long-term debt   | 534,213            | 134,103            |
| Total current liabilities  | 7,198,137          | 7,108,115          |
| Long-term debt, less current maturities  | 792,576            | 1,090,702          |
| Other liabilities  | 162,436            | 134,086            |
| Total liabilities  | 8,153,149          | 8,332,903          |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)  |                    |                    |
| Stockholders' equity:  |                    |                    |
| Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding  | —                  | —                  |
| Class A Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, 500,000 shares authorized; 196,491 and 195,320 shares issued and 149,704 and 148,362 shares outstanding at October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, respectively | 1,965              | 1,954              |
| Class B Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, 135,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding  | —                  | —                  |
| Additional paid-in capital   | 1,515,925          | 1,503,043          |
| Treasury stock, 46,787 and 46,958 shares at October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, respectively  | (890,059 )         | (892,925 )         |
| Retained earnings  | 3,648,175          | 3,513,101          |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss   | (135,214 )         | (157,387 )         |
| Total stockholders' equity   | 4,140,792          | 3,967,786          |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity   | \$ 12,293,941      | \$ 12,300,689      |

See accompanying notes to these consolidated financial statements.



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INGRAM MICRO INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME  
(In 000s, except per share data)  
(Unaudited)

|   | Thirteen Weeks Ended |                    | Thirty-nine Weeks Ended |                    |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
|   | October 1,<br>2016   | October 3,<br>2015 | October 1,<br>2016      | October 3,<br>2015 |
| Net sales                                   | \$10,226,826         | \$10,515,880       | \$29,686,033            | \$31,713,584       |
| Cost of sales                               | 9,511,447            | 9,852,297          | 27,620,012              | 29,775,715         |
| Gross profit                                | 715,379              | 663,583            | 2,066,021               | 1,937,869          |
| Operating expenses:                         |                      |                    |                         |                    |
| Selling, general and administrative         | 550,270              | 510,990            | 1,673,279               | 1,526,340          |
| Amortization of intangible assets           | 20,574               | 14,206             | 73,220                  | 47,226             |
| Reorganization costs                        | 7,471                | 18,958             | 31,727                  | 29,234             |
| Impairment of internally developed software | —                    | —                  | —                       | 115,856            |
| Loss on sale of affiliate                   | —                    | —                  | 14,878                  | —                  |
|   | 578,315              | 544,154            | 1,793,104               | 1,718,656          |
| Income from operations                      | 137,064              | 119,429            | 272,917                 | 219,213            |
| Other expense (income):                     |                      |                    |                         |                    |
| Interest income                             | (1,956               | ) (991             | ) (5,214                | ) (2,650           |
| Interest expense                            | 19,640               | 18,429             | 58,264                  | 61,799             |
| Net foreign currency exchange loss          | 3,728                | 12,264             | 12,842                  | 26,540             |
| Other                                       | 3,020                | 313                | 10,218                  | 7,256              |
|   | 24,432               | 30,015             | 76,110                  | 92,945             |
| Income before income taxes                  | 112,632              | 89,414             | 196,807                 | 126,268            |
| Provision for income taxes                  | 34,109               | 24,492             | 61,733                  | 52,364             |
| Net income                                  | \$78,523             | \$64,922           | \$135,074               | \$73,904           |
| Basic earnings per share                    | \$0.52               | \$0.43             | \$0.91                  | \$0.48             |
| Diluted earnings per share                  | \$0.52               | \$0.42             | \$0.89                  | \$0.47             |
| Cash dividends paid per common share        | —                    | \$0.10             | —                       | \$0.10             |

See accompanying notes to these consolidated financial statements.

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INGRAM MICRO INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(In 000s)

(Unaudited)

|  | Thirteen Weeks<br>Ended<br>October 1, October 3,<br>2016 2015 |           | Thirty-nine Weeks<br>Ended<br>October 1, October 3,<br>2016 2015 |            |
|--|---|-----------|--|------------|
| Net income                                     | \$78,523  | \$ 64,922 | \$ 135,074   | \$ 73,904  |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: |   |           |  |            |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment        | (8,959 )  | (63,195 ) | 22,173   | (128,452 ) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax  | (8,959 )  | (63,195 ) | 22,173   | (128,452 ) |
| Comprehensive income (loss)                    | \$69,564  | \$ 1,727  | \$ 157,247   | \$(54,548) |

See accompanying notes to these consolidated financial statements.

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INGRAM MICRO INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
(In 000s)  
(Unaudited)

|  | Thirty-nine Weeks Ended |                    |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------|
|  | October 1,<br>2016      | October 3,<br>2015 |
| Cash flows from operating activities:  |                         |                    |
| Net income   | \$ 135,074              | \$ 73,904          |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash (used) provided by operating activities: |                         |                    |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 151,374                 | 113,435            |
| Stock-based compensation   | 29,564                  | 28,291             |
| Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation                                     | (8,437 )                | (4,334 )           |
| Gain on sale of property and equipment   | (1,606 )                | (272 )             |
| Impairment of internally developed software  | —                       | 115,856            |
| Loss on sale of affiliate  | 14,878                  | —                  |
| Noncash charges for interest and bond discount amortization                          | 2,500                   | 2,212              |
| Deferred income taxes  | (1,152 )                | 1,553              |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:         |                         |                    |
| Trade accounts receivable  | 529,205                 | 1,078,501          |
| Inventory  | (355,948 )              | 400,880            |
| Other current assets   | (63,572 )               | (107,241 )         |
| Accounts payable   | (400,839 )              | (663,616 )         |
| Change in book overdrafts  | (61,653 )               | (70,825 )          |
| Accrued expenses   | (106,288 )              | (2,463 )           |
| Cash (used) provided by operating activities   | (136,900 )              | 965,881            |
| Cash flows from investing activities:  |                         |                    |
| Capital expenditures   | (80,229 )               | (99,022 )          |



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|   |            |   |            |   |
|---|------------|---|------------|---|
| Sale of marketable securities, net                                      | 4,700      |   | 5,000      |   |
| Proceeds from sale of property and equipment                            | 1,237      |   | 1,145      |   |
| Proceeds from sale of affiliate   | 27,847     |   | —          |   |
| Acquisitions, net of cash acquired                                      | (173,311)  | ) | (100,855)  | ) |
| Cash used by investing activities                                       | (219,756)  | ) | (193,732)  | ) |
| Cash flows from financing activities:                                   |            |   |            |   |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options                                 | 3,296      |   | 10,279     |   |
| Repurchase of Class A Common Stock                                      | —          |   | (205,608)  | ) |
| Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation                        | 8,437      |   | 4,334      |   |
| Other consideration for acquisitions                                    | (2,091)    | ) | (2,358)    | ) |
| Dividends paid to shareholders  | —          |   | (15,196)   | ) |
| Net proceeds from (repayments of) revolving and other credit facilities | 87,160     |   | (301,156)  | ) |
| Cash provided (used) by financing activities                            | 96,802     |   | (509,705)  | ) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents            | 13,663     |   | (9,904)    | ) |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                        | (246,191)  | ) | 252,540    | ) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period                          | 935,267    |   | 692,777    |   |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period                                | \$ 689,076 |   | \$ 945,317 |   |

See accompanying notes to these consolidated financial statements.

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INGRAM MICRO INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In 000s, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

Note 1 – Organization and Basis of Presentation

Ingram Micro Inc. and its subsidiaries are primarily engaged in the distribution of information technology (“IT”) products, commerce and fulfillment services and mobile device lifecycle services worldwide. Ingram Micro Inc. and its subsidiaries operate in North America; Europe; Asia-Pacific (which includes Middle East and Africa); and Latin America.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Ingram Micro Inc. and its subsidiaries. Unless the context otherwise requires, the use of the terms “Ingram Micro,” “we,” “us” and “our” in these notes to the consolidated financial statements refers to Ingram Micro Inc. and its subsidiaries. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared by us, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements contain all material adjustments (consisting of only normal, recurring adjustments) necessary to fairly state our consolidated financial position as of October 1, 2016, our consolidated results of operations and comprehensive income (loss) for the thirteen and thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015 and our consolidated cash flows for the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. As permitted under the applicable rules and regulations of the SEC, these consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosures and footnotes normally included with annual consolidated financial statements and, accordingly, should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto, included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC for the year ended January 2, 2016. The consolidated results of operations for the thirteen and thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016 may not be indicative of the consolidated results of operations that can be expected for the full year.

Book Overdrafts

Book overdrafts of \$366,975 and \$428,628 as of October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, respectively, represent checks issued on disbursement bank accounts but not yet paid by such banks. These amounts are classified as accounts payable in our consolidated balance sheet. We typically fund these overdrafts through normal collections of funds or transfers from other bank balances at other financial institutions. Under the terms of our facilities with the banks, the respective financial institutions are not legally obligated to honor the book overdraft balances as of October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, or any balance on any given date.

Trade Accounts Receivable Factoring Programs

We have several uncommitted factoring programs under which trade accounts receivable of several large customers may be sold, without recourse, to financial institutions. Available capacity under these programs is dependent on the amount of trade accounts receivable already sold into these programs and the financial institutions’ willingness to purchase such receivables. At October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, we had a total of \$217,857, and \$388,358, respectively, of trade accounts receivable sold to and held by financial institutions under these programs. Factoring fees of \$1,143 and \$947 incurred for the thirteen weeks ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, respectively, and \$4,056 and \$3,263 incurred for the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, respectively, related to the sale of trade accounts receivable under these facilities are included in “other” in the other expense (income) section of our consolidated statement of income.

Impairment of Internally Developed Software

We began our program to deploy a new global ERP system in 2008. Since that period, the business has significantly diversified and new technologies allow legacy systems and diverse applications to easily be connected in a modular way, which allows these legacy systems to be part of a flexible, powerful and efficient solution. After careful evaluation, we concluded that this combined systems strategy is better aligned with our evolving business model and

currently is more flexible and economical than implementation of a single global system. Accordingly, we stopped our global ERP deployment and recorded a non-cash, pre-tax charge related to the impairment of internally developed software of \$115,856 during the second quarter of 2015. We recognized a tax benefit on the impairment at the applicable rates, partially offset by an increase in the valuation allowance on foreign tax credits of \$14,580 as a result of the decision to stop deployments.

#### Loss on the Sale of an Affiliate

In the second quarter of 2016, we sold our AVAD subsidiary for cash proceeds of \$27,847 as the niche operations were not deemed core to our current strategies and we believe that our operational focus and capital resources could be more effectively deployed elsewhere. As a result, we recorded a loss on the sale of affiliate of \$14,878, which included the write-off of a previously acquired trade name of \$12,525. There were no additional impairments to our other intangible assets.

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INGRAM MICRO INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In 000s, except per share data)

Change in Accounting Principle and Reclassification

During the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016, we adopted the provisions of Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-03, "Interest-Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs", which requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of the debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. Additionally, we also adopted ASU 2015-15, "Interest-Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-Of-Credit Arrangements and Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to Staff Announcement at June 18, 2015 EITF Meeting". ASU 2015-15 allows debt issuance costs to be presented as an asset and amortized ratably over the term of the line-of-credit arrangement, regardless of whether there are any outstanding borrowings on the line-of-credit arrangement. As a result of the adoption of these ASUs, our consolidated balance sheet as of January 2, 2016 reflects a \$6,571 reduction of other long-term assets and long-term debt, respectively, to conform to the current year presentation.

Note 2 – Plan of Merger

On February 17, 2016, we announced that we entered into an agreement and plan of merger (the "Merger Agreement") with Tianjin Tianhai Investment Company, Ltd. ("Tianjin Tianhai") a joint stock company existing under the laws of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, and GCL Acquisition, Inc., a Delaware corporation and an indirect subsidiary of Tianjin Tianhai ("Merger Subsidiary"), pursuant to which, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, Merger Subsidiary will be merged with and into Ingram Micro Inc. (the "Merger"), with Ingram Micro Inc. surviving as a subsidiary of Tianjin Tianhai. Concurrently with the execution of the Merger Agreement, HNA Group Co., Ltd., a limited company existing under the laws of the PRC ("HNA Group" or the "Guarantor"), an affiliate of Parent and Merger Subsidiary, has executed and delivered a guarantee (the "Guarantee") in favor of the Company. Pursuant to the Guarantee, the Guarantor has agreed to (i) guarantee Tianjin Tianhai's obligation to pay the Merger Consideration (as defined below) and any reverse termination fee in accordance with the terms of the Merger Agreement and (ii) assume the rights and obligations under the Merger Agreement in the event that the approval of Tianjin Tianhai's shareholders is not obtained in accordance with the terms of the Guarantee. On July 29, 2016, Tianjin Tianhai's shareholders approved the Merger. In connection with the Merger process, the Merger Agreement was presented to and approved by Ingram Micro's shareholders at a special meeting on June 21, 2016. On August 11, 2016, we announced that the End Date by which the Merger must be completed had been extended to November 13, 2016 pursuant to the Merger Agreement. The transaction is currently under review by the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States ("CFIUS"). The consummation of the Merger is subject to the satisfaction or permitted waiver of closing conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement and is expected to occur in the fourth quarter of 2016. Upon closing, we will become a part of HNA Group and will operate as a subsidiary of Tianjin Tianhai. We expect to continue to have our headquarters in Irvine, California and expect that our executive management team will remain in place, with Alain Monié continuing to lead as CEO.

At the effective time of the Merger, each share of Ingram Micro's Class A common stock issued and outstanding immediately before the closing, other than certain excluded shares, will be converted to the right to receive \$38.90 in cash, without interest (the "Merger Consideration"). Shares of Class A common stock held by Ingram Micro (other than shares in an employee stock plan of Ingram Micro) or any of its subsidiaries and shares owned by Tianjin Tianhai or any of its subsidiaries, and shares owned by stockholders who have properly exercised and perfected appraisal rights under Delaware law will not be entitled to receive the Merger Consideration.

Consummation of the Merger is subject to customary closing conditions and contains customary representations, warranties and covenants by each party. During the period between the signing of the Merger Agreement and the effective time of the Merger, Ingram Micro is required to operate its business in the ordinary course and consistent

with past practice. Under the Merger Agreement, Ingram Micro shall not declare dividends or repurchase shares of its common stock and shall maintain an average of month-end cash and cash equivalents for the three month period prior to the closing in excess of US \$424,000. The Merger Agreement also requires that Ingram Micro abide by customary “no-shop” restrictions on its ability to solicit alternative acquisition proposals from third parties and to provide non-public information to and enter into discussions with third parties regarding alternative acquisition proposals. The Merger Agreement provides that Ingram Micro may not without the consent of Tianjin Tianhai (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld) incur new debt or make new loans, except for (a) any indebtedness or guarantee incurred in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice pursuant to Ingram Micro’s existing credit or banking facilities, trade accounts receivable backed financing programs or trade accounts receivable factoring programs, (b) any refinancings, renewals or amendments in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice of Ingram Micro’s existing credit or banking facilities, trade accounts receivable backed financing programs or trade accounts receivable factoring programs, and (c) entering into any long-term committed facilities less than US \$100,000.

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INGRAM MICRO INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In 000s, except per share data)

## Note 3 – Stock Repurchase and Dividends

## Dividends Paid to Shareholders

On July 30, 2015, we announced that our Board of Directors had authorized the adoption of a quarterly cash dividend policy. Under the cash dividend policy, holders of our common stock receive dividends as declared by our Board of Directors. During the thirteen and thirty-nine weeks ended October 3, 2015, we declared a cash dividend of \$0.10 per share, totaling \$15,196, to stockholders of record as of the close of business on September 1, 2015, which was paid on September 15, 2015. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, our dividends paid to shareholders have been discontinued effective February 17, 2016.

## Share Repurchase Program

In July 2015, our Board of Directors authorized a three-year, \$300,000 share repurchase program, which supplemented our previously authorized \$400,000 share repurchase program which was completely utilized in 2015. Our \$300,000 share repurchase program expires on July 29, 2018, and had \$165,068 remaining for repurchase at October 1, 2016. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, our share repurchase program has been discontinued effective February 17, 2016.

Under these programs, we may repurchase shares in the open market and through privately negotiated transactions. Our repurchases are funded with available borrowing capacity and cash. The timing and amount of specific repurchase transactions will depend upon market conditions, corporate considerations and applicable legal and regulatory requirements. We account for repurchased shares of common stock as treasury stock. Treasury shares are recorded at cost and are included as a component of stockholders' equity in our consolidated balance sheet. We have issued shares of common stock out of our cumulative balance of treasury shares. Such shares are issued to certain of our associates upon the exercise of their options or vesting of their equity awards under the Ingram Micro Inc. 2011 Incentive Plan, as amended (the "2011 Incentive Plan") (see Note 5, "Stock-Based Compensation").

Our treasury stock issuance activity for the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016 is summarized in the table below:

|   | Shares | Weighted<br>Average Price<br>Per Share | Amount    |
|---|--------|--|-----------|
| Cumulative balance of treasury stock at January 2, 2016 | 46,958 | \$ 19.02                               | \$892,925 |
| Issuance of Class A Common Stock                        | (171 ) | 16.76                                  | (2,866 )  |
| Cumulative balance of treasury stock at October 1, 2016 | 46,787 | \$ 19.02                               | \$890,059 |

## Note 4 – Earnings Per Share

We report a dual presentation of Basic Earnings per Share ("Basic EPS") and Diluted Earnings per Share ("Diluted EPS"). Basic EPS excludes dilution and is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the reported period. Diluted EPS uses the treasury stock method to compute the potential dilution that could occur if stock-based awards and other commitments to issue common stock were exercised. In periods when we recognize a net loss, we exclude the impact of outstanding stock awards from the diluted loss per share calculation, as their inclusion would have an anti-dilutive effect.

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INGRAM MICRO INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In 000s, except per share data)

The computation of Basic and Diluted EPS is as follows:

|   | Thirteen Weeks Ended |                 | Thirty-nine Weeks Ended |                 |
|---|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
|   | October 1, 2016      | October 3, 2015 | October 1, 2016         | October 3, 2015 |
| Net income  | \$78,523             | \$ 64,922       | \$135,074               | \$ 73,904       |
| Weighted average shares   | 149,677              | 152,203         | 148,999                 | 154,955         |
| Basic EPS   | \$0.52               | \$ 0.43         | \$0.91                  | \$ 0.48         |
| Weighted average shares, including the dilutive effect of stock-based awards (2,241 and 2,539 for the thirteen weeks ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, respectively, and 2,837 and 3,061 for the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016, and October 3, 2015, respectively) | 151,918              | 154,742         | 151,836                 | 158,016         |
| Diluted EPS   | \$0.52               | \$ 0.42         | \$0.89                  | \$ 0.47         |

There were 0 and 2,869 stock-based awards for the thirteen weeks ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, respectively, and 3 and 2,444 stock based awards for the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016, and October 3, 2015, respectively, that were not included in the computation of Diluted EPS because the exercise price was greater than the average market price of the Class A Common Stock during the respective periods, thereby having an antidilutive effect.

## Note 5 – Stock-Based Compensation

We currently have a single stock incentive plan, the 2011 Incentive Plan, amended during the second quarter of 2013, and again in the second quarter of 2016, for the granting of equity and cash-settled incentive awards. During the second quarter of 2016, our stockholders approved a second amendment of the 2011 Incentive Plan, which increased the number of shares that we may issue by 10,000. The authorized pool of shares available for grant is a fungible pool. The authorized share limit is reduced by one share for every share subject to a stock option or stock appreciation right granted and 2.37 shares for every share granted after June 8, 2011 (2.29 shares after June 7, 2013) under any award other than an option or stock appreciation right for awards. We grant time- and/or performance-vested restricted stock and/or restricted stock units, in addition to stock options, to key employees and members of our Board of Directors. The performance measures for vesting of restricted stock and restricted stock units for grants to management for the periods presented are based on earnings growth, return on invested capital, total shareholder return, income from operations as a percent of revenue and income before tax. As of October 1, 2016, approximately 20,468 shares were available for grant under the 2011 Incentive Plan, taking into account granted options, time-vested restricted stock units/awards and performance-vested restricted stock units assuming maximum achievement.

## Equity Awards

Equity awards granted under the 2011 Incentive Plan were as follows:

|   | Thirteen Weeks Ended |                 | Thirty-nine Weeks Ended |                 |
|---|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
|   | October 1, 2016      | October 3, 2015 | October 1, 2016         | October 3, 2015 |
| Stock options granted                               | —                    | —               | 5                       | 839             |
| Restricted stock and restricted stock units granted | 24                   | 48              | 517                     | 1,395           |
| Stock-based compensation expense                    | \$7,840              | \$ 10,762       | \$27,137                | \$ 28,291       |
| Related income tax benefit                          | \$2,613              | \$ 3,252        | \$9,058                 | \$ 9,065        |

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|  |    |     |       |       |
|--|----|-----|-------|-------|
| Exercised stock options  | —  | 197 | 162   | 567   |
| Vested restricted stock and/or restricted stock units <sup>(a)</sup> | 78 | 47  | 1,877 | 1,455 |

(a) Includes 13 and 0 shares, for the thirteen weeks ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, respectively, and 425 and 1,015 shares, for the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, respectively, which were issued based on performance-based grants previously approved by the Human Resources Committee of the Board of Directors. The remainder of the shares are time-based grants.



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## Cash Awards

On June 1, 2016, we granted 24,569 cash awards of which 12,285 and 12,284 are time-vested and performance-vested, respectively. Our time-vested cash awards vest over a time period of 3 years, and the performance-vested cash awards vest upon the achievement of a certain performance measure over a time period of 3 years. The performance measure for the cash awards for grants to management is based on earnings growth. Cash awards differ from the Company's other awards in that no shares will be issued and cumulative compensation expense is recognized as a liability rather than equity. For cash awards, total compensation costs is based on the fair value of the award on the date the award is granted and is remeasured at each reporting date until settlement. As of October 1, 2016, the unrecognized compensation costs related to the cash awards was \$18,631. We expect this cost to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average period of approximately 2.7 years. Cash awards granted under the 2011 Incentive Plan were as follows:

|                                  | Thirteen Weeks Ended |                 | Thirty-nine Weeks Ended |                 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
|                                  | October 1, 2016      | October 3, 2015 | October 1, 2016         | October 3, 2015 |
| Cash awards granted              | 1,973                | —               | 26,542                  | —               |
| Compensation expense-cash awards | \$ 1,816             | \$ —            | —\$ 2,427               | \$ —            |

## Note 6 – Derivative Financial Instruments

We use foreign currency forward contracts that are not designated as hedges primarily to manage currency risk associated with foreign currency-denominated trade accounts receivable, accounts payable and intercompany loans. The notional amounts and fair values of derivative instruments in our consolidated balance sheet were as follows:

|   | Notional Amounts <sup>(1)</sup> |                 | Fair Value      |                 |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|   | October 1, 2016                 | January 2, 2016 | October 1, 2016 | January 2, 2016 |
| Derivatives not receiving hedge accounting treatment recorded in: |                                 |                 |                 |                 |
| Other current assets  |                                 |                 |                 |                 |
| Foreign exchange contracts  | \$846,316                       | \$1,669,296     | \$3,967         | \$54,133        |
| Accrued expenses  |                                 |                 |                 |                 |
| Foreign exchange contracts  | 1,185,572                       | 618,961         | (6,841)         | (8,217)         |
| Total   | \$2,031,888                     | \$2,288,257     | \$(2,874)       | \$45,916        |

(1) Notional amounts represent the gross amount of foreign currency bought or sold at maturity for foreign exchange contracts.

The amount recognized in earnings from our derivative instruments not receiving hedge accounting treatment, including ineffectiveness, is recorded in net foreign exchange gain (loss) as follows and was largely offset by the change in fair value of the underlying hedged assets or liabilities:

|  | Thirteen Weeks Ended |                 | Thirty-nine Weeks Ended |                 |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
|  | October 1, 2016      | October 3, 2015 | October 1, 2016         | October 3, 2015 |
| Net gain (loss) recognized in earnings | \$(7,505)            | \$(7,037)       | \$(33,657)              | \$84,857        |



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## Note 7 – Fair Value Measurements

Our assets and liabilities carried at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories: Level 1 – quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities; Level 2 – observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data; and Level 3 – unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

As of October 1, 2016, our assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are categorized in the table below:

|  | October 1, 2016 |           |         |          |
|--|-----------------|-----------|---------|----------|
|  | Total           | Level 1   | Level 2 | Level 3  |
| Assets:  |                 |           |         |          |
| Cash equivalents, consisting primarily of money market accounts and short-term certificates of deposit | \$203,993       | \$203,993 | \$—     | \$—      |
| Marketable trading securities <sup>(a)</sup>   | 49,458          | 49,458    | —       | —        |
| Derivative assets  | 3,967           | —         | 3,967   | —        |
| Total assets at fair value   | \$257,418       | \$253,451 | \$3,967 | \$—      |
| Liabilities:   |                 |           |         |          |
| Derivative liabilities   | \$6,841         | \$—       | \$6,841 | \$—      |
| Contingent consideration   | 28,903          | —         | —       | 28,903   |
| Total liabilities at fair value  | \$35,744        | \$—       | \$6,841 | \$28,903 |

(a) Included in other current assets in our consolidated balance sheet.

As of January 2, 2016, our assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are categorized in the table below:

|  | January 2, 2016 |           |          |         |
|--|-----------------|-----------|----------|---------|
|  | Total           | Level 1   | Level 2  | Level 3 |
| Assets:  |                 |           |          |         |
| Cash equivalents, consisting primarily of money market accounts and short-term certificates of deposit | \$201,051       | \$201,051 | \$—      | \$—     |
| Marketable trading securities <sup>(a)</sup>   | 51,720          | 51,720    | —        | —       |
| Derivative assets  | 54,133          | —         | 54,133   | —       |
| Total assets at fair value   | \$306,904       | \$252,771 | \$54,133 | \$—     |
| Liabilities:   |                 |           |          |         |
| Derivative liabilities   | \$8,217         | \$—       | \$8,217  | \$—     |
| Contingent consideration   | 3,371           | —         | —        | 3,371   |
| Total liabilities at fair value  | \$11,588        | \$—       | \$8,217  | \$3,371 |

(a) Included in other current assets in our consolidated balance sheet.

The fair value of the cash equivalents approximated cost and the change in the fair value of the marketable trading securities was recognized in the consolidated statement of income to reflect these investments at fair value.





technologies. The major classes of assets and liabilities to which we preliminarily allocated the excess purchase price were \$65,240 to identifiable intangible assets and \$109,768 to goodwill. The identifiable intangible assets primarily consist of customer relationships, trade name and developed technology with estimated useful lives that range from three to six years. The goodwill recognized in connection with this acquisition is primarily attributable to the assembled workforce and the enhancement of our cloud strategy. During the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016, we updated our preliminary purchase price allocation and received cash of \$2,951 and recorded \$66,138 to identifiable intangible assets and \$109,013 to goodwill.

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During the fourth quarter of 2015, we acquired all the outstanding shares of Grupo Acão ("Acão"), a Latin American leading provider of value-add IT solutions, for a cash payment of \$68,654, net of cash acquired. The major class of assets and liabilities to which we preliminarily allocated the excess purchase price was \$58,043 to goodwill. The goodwill recognized in connection with this acquisition is primarily attributable to the assembled workforce and the enhancement of value-add IT solutions to our distribution business in Latin America. During the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016, we made additional cash payments of \$1,336 and updated our preliminary purchase price allocation and recorded \$26,200 to intangible assets and \$38,393 to goodwill. The identifiable intangible assets primarily consist of customer relationships and a non-compete agreement with estimated useful lives that range from four to eleven years.

During 2015, we acquired all the outstanding shares of DocData, for a cash payment of \$144,752, net of cash acquired. DocData is a European provider of order fulfillment, returns logistics and on-line payment services that also provides commerce solutions to major retailers, brands and promising start-ups. The major class of assets and liabilities to which we preliminarily allocated the excess purchase price was \$133,538 to goodwill. The goodwill recognized in connection with this acquisition is primarily attributable to the assembled workforce and the enhancement of our commerce and fulfillment services business. During the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016, we updated our preliminary purchase price allocation and recorded \$42,552 to intangible assets and \$103,244 to goodwill. The identifiable intangible assets primarily consist of customer relationships and software with estimated useful lives that range from three to ten years.

These entities have been included in our consolidated results of operations since their respective acquisition dates.

Pro forma results of operations have not been presented for the 2016 and 2015 acquisitions because the effects of the business combinations for these acquisitions, individually and in aggregate, were not material to our consolidated financial statements. For our recent acquisitions, asset valuations are still in progress and the amounts preliminarily allocated to goodwill and intangible assets will be finalized in the near future.

Finite-lived identifiable intangible assets are amortized over their remaining estimated lives ranging up to 13 years with the predominant amounts having lives of 2 to 12 years. The gross and net carrying amounts of finite-lived identifiable intangible assets are as follows:

|   | October 1,<br>2016 | January<br>2,<br>2016 |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Gross carrying amount of finite-lived intangible assets | \$ 650,716         | \$ 537,308            |
| Net carrying amount of finite-lived intangible assets   | \$ 429,035         | \$ 374,674            |

During the first quarter of 2016, we wrote-off a previously acquired customer relationship of \$5,832, as the result of the integration of certain operations into our existing facilities.

During the second quarter of 2016, we wrote-off a previously acquired trade name of \$12,525 as a result of our sale of AVAD as discussed above in Note 1, "Organization and Basis of Presentation". There were no additional impairments to our other intangible assets.

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## Note 9 – Reorganization Costs

## Reorganization Actions

On February 13, 2014, we announced a plan to proceed with a global organizational effectiveness program that involved aligning and leveraging our infrastructure globally with our evolving businesses, opportunities and resources, and de-layering and simplifying the organization. On May 4, 2015, we announced our intention to take certain global actions to further streamline our cost structure.

In addition, during the second quarter of 2016 we implemented additional actions to further align our cost structure in certain markets, primarily in Europe. During the thirteen and thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016 we incurred one-time reorganization costs of \$7,471 and \$14,618, respectively, related to the 2016 actions. We will continue to monitor our cost profiles on a tactical basis and enact further programs opportunistically.

As a result of these actions, we recognized total net reorganization charges of \$7,471 and \$18,958, net of adjustments, during the thirteen weeks ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, respectively, which primarily related to employee termination benefits of \$6,725 and \$18,139, respectively. During the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, we recognized net reorganization charges of \$31,727 and \$29,234, respectively, which primarily related to employee termination benefits of \$32,453 and \$29,816, respectively.

A summary of the reorganization and expense-reduction program costs incurred in the thirteen weeks ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, are as follows:

|   | Reorganization Costs   |                                     |                                   |                                  |                                       |                |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|
|   | Headcount<br>Reduction | Employee<br>Termination<br>Benefits | Facility<br>and<br>Other<br>Costs | Total<br>Reorganization<br>Costs | Adjustments<br>to Prior<br>Year Costs | Total<br>Costs |
| Thirteen weeks ended October 1,<br>2016 |                        |                                     |                                   |                                  |                                       |                |
| North America                           |                        | \$ 2,510                            | \$61                              | \$ 2,571                         | \$ 628                                | \$3,199        |
| Europe                                  |                        | 3,275                               | (66 )                             | 3,209                            | 33                                    | 3,242          |
| Asia-Pacific                            |                        | —                                   | —                                 | —                                | —                                     | —              |
| Latin America                           |                        | 940                                 | 7                                 | 947                              | 83                                    | 1,030          |
| Total                                   | 205                    | \$ 6,725                            | \$2                               | \$ 6,727                         | \$ 744                                | \$7,471        |
| Thirteen weeks ended October 3,<br>2015 |                        |                                     |                                   |                                  |                                       |                |
| North America                           |                        | \$ 8,631                            | \$—                               | \$ 8,631                         | \$ (250 )                             | \$8,381        |
| Europe                                  |                        | 5,663                               | 1,186                             | 6,849                            | (117 )                                | 6,732          |
| Asia-Pacific                            |                        | 3,315                               | —                                 | 3,315                            | —                                     | 3,315          |
| Latin America                           |                        | 530                                 | —                                 | 530                              | —                                     | 530            |
| Total                                   | 497                    | \$ 18,139                           | \$1,186                           | \$ 19,325                        | \$ (367 )                             | \$18,958       |



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A summary of the reorganization and expense-reduction program costs incurred in the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, are as follows:

|  | Headcount<br>Reduction | Employee<br>Termination<br>Benefits | Facility<br>and<br>Other<br>Costs | Total<br>Reorganization<br>Costs | Adjustments<br>to Prior<br>Year Costs | Total<br>Costs |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| Thirty-nine Weeks Ended October 1,<br>2016 |                        |                                     |                                   |                                  |                                       |                |
| North America                              |                        | \$ 7,692                            | \$ 740                            | \$ 8,432                         | \$ (1,155 )                           | \$ 7,277       |
| Europe                                     |                        | 21,603                              | 1,045                             | 22,648                           | (1,594 )                              | 21,054         |
| Asia-Pacific                               |                        | 1,153                               | 215                               | 1,368                            | (429 )                                | 939            |
| Latin America                              |                        | 2,005                               | 461                               | 2,466                            | (9 )                                  | 2,457          |
| Total                                      | 676                    | \$ 32,453                           | \$ 2,461                          | \$ 34,914                        | \$ (3,187 )                           | \$ 31,727      |

Thirty-nine Weeks Ended October 3,  
2015

|               |     |           |          |           |             |           |
|---------------|-----|-----------|----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| North America |     | \$ 13,248 | \$ 56    | \$ 13,304 | \$ (1,212 ) | \$ 12,092 |
| Europe        |     | 11,891    | 1,946    | 13,837    | (1,836 )    | 12,001    |
| Asia-Pacific  |     | 3,984     | —        | 3,984     | —           | 3,984     |
| Latin America |     | 693       | 464      | 1,157     | —           | 1,157     |
| Total         | 568 | \$ 29,816 | \$ 2,466 | \$ 32,282 | \$ (3,048 ) | \$ 29,234 |

The remaining liabilities and 2016 activities associated with the aforementioned actions are summarized in the table below:

|                               | Reorganization Liability                           |                  |   |                                    |   |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|
|                               | Remaining<br>Liability<br>at<br>January<br>2, 2016 | Expenses,<br>Net | Amounts Paid<br>and Charged<br>Against the<br>Liability | Foreign<br>Currency<br>Translation | Remaining<br>Liability<br>at October<br>1, 2016 (a) |
| Reorganization actions        |  |                  |   |                                    |   |
| Employee termination benefits | \$ 15,429  | \$ 31,247        | (b) \$ (29,724 )  | \$                                 | —\$ 16,952  |
| Facility and other costs      | 804  | 480              | (c) (967 )  |                                    | 317   |
|                               | \$ 16,233  | \$ 31,727        | \$ (30,691 )  | \$                                 | —\$ 17,269  |

(a) We expect the remaining liabilities to be substantially utilized by the end of 2016.

Adjustments reflected in the table above include reductions of \$1,206 to 2015 and 2014 reorganization plan

(b) liabilities recorded in the prior year in North America, Europe and Latin America for lower than expected employee termination benefits.

(c) Adjustments reflected in the table above include a reduction of \$1,981 to reorganization liabilities recorded in the prior year in Asia-Pacific and Europe for lower than expected facility and other costs, respectively.

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## Note 10 – Debt

The carrying value of our outstanding debt consists of the following:

|   | October 1,<br>2016 | January 2,<br>2016 |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Senior unsecured notes, 4.95% due 2024, net of unamortized discount of \$1,438 and \$1,569, respectively, and net of unamortized deferred financing costs of \$3,664 and \$3,999, respectively. | \$494,898          | \$494,432          |
| Senior unsecured notes, 5.00% due 2022, net of unamortized discount of \$1,052 and \$1,187, respectively, and net of unamortized deferred financing costs of \$1,672 and \$1,885, respectively. | 297,276            | 296,928            |
| Senior unsecured notes, 5.25% due September 2017, net of unamortized deferred financing costs of \$385 and \$687, respectively.   | 299,615            | 299,313            |
| Lines of credit and other debt  | 235,000            | 134,132            |
|   | 1,326,789          | 1,224,805          |
| Short-term debt and current maturities of long-term debt  | (534,213 )         | (134,103 )         |
|   | \$792,576          | \$1,090,702        |

See Note 15, "Subsequent Events" for details of the recent amendments to our revolving senior unsecured credit facility, trade accounts receivable-backed financing program in North America and our senior unsecured notes due in 2017, 2022 and 2024.

## Note 11 – Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate for the thirteen weeks ended October 1, 2016 was 30.3% compared to 27.4% for the thirteen weeks ended October 3, 2015. For the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, our effective tax rate was 31.4% and 41.5%, respectively. Under U.S. accounting rules for income taxes, quarterly effective tax rates may vary significantly depending on the actual operating results in the various tax jurisdictions, as well as changes in the valuation allowance related to the expected recovery of deferred tax assets.

The thirteen weeks ended October 1, 2016 included net discrete benefits of approximately \$1,088, or 1.0 percentage point of the effective tax rate, primarily related to an increase in income tax credits claimed for prior years. The thirteen weeks ended October 3, 2015 included net discrete benefits of approximately \$1,945, or 2.2 percentage points of the effective tax rate, primarily related to the release of unrealized tax benefits due to expiration of statute of limitations in various jurisdictions.

The thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016 included net discrete benefits of approximately \$3,485, or 1.8 percentage points of the effective tax rate, primarily driven by a net change in valuation allowances against the deferred tax assets of two of our foreign operating units as well as an increase in income tax credits claimed for prior years and the release of unrealized tax benefits due to the expiration of statute of limitations in various jurisdictions.

The thirty-nine weeks ended October 3, 2015 included net discrete expenses of approximately \$9,580, or (7.6) percentage points of the effective tax rate, primarily related to discrete expense of \$14,580 due to an increase to the valuation allowance on foreign tax credits, partially offset by net discrete benefit of \$5,000 primarily driven by the release of unrealized tax benefits due to the expiration of the statute of limitations in various jurisdictions.

Our effective tax rate differed from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% during these periods primarily due to the items noted above, as well as the relative mix of earnings or losses within the tax jurisdictions in which we operate, such as: (a) earnings in lower-tax jurisdictions for which no U.S. taxes have been provided because such earnings are planned to be reinvested indefinitely outside the United States; (b) losses in certain jurisdictions in which we are not able to record a tax benefit; and (c) changes in the valuation allowance on deferred tax assets.

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At October 1, 2016, we had gross unrecognized tax benefits of \$26,520 compared to \$23,445 at January 2, 2016, representing a net increase of \$3,075 during the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016. Substantially all of the gross unrecognized tax benefits, if recognized, would impact our effective tax rate in the period of recognition.

We recognize interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. In addition to the gross unrecognized tax benefits identified above, the interest and penalties recorded to date by us totaled \$6,738 and \$6,652 at October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, respectively.

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Our future effective tax rate will continue to be affected by changes in the relative mix of taxable income and losses in the tax jurisdictions in which we operate, changes in the valuation of deferred tax assets, or changes in tax laws or interpretations thereof. In addition, our income tax returns are subject to continuous examination by the IRS and other tax authorities. The IRS has concluded its examinations of tax years prior to 2012. It is possible that within the next twelve months, ongoing tax examinations in the United States and several of our foreign jurisdictions may be resolved, that new tax exams may commence and that other issues may be effectively settled. However, we do not expect our assessment of unrecognized tax benefits to change significantly over that time.

Note 12 – Segment Information

Our reporting units coincide with the geographic operating segments which include North America, Europe, Asia-Pacific, and Latin America. The measure of segment profit is income from operations.

Geographic areas in which we operated our reporting segments during 2016 include North America (the United States and Canada), Europe (Albania, Austria, Belgium, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, France, Finland, Germany, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Macedonia, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovenia, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom), Asia-Pacific (Australia, the People's Republic of China including Hong Kong, Egypt, India, Indonesia, Israel, Lebanon, Malaysia, Morocco, New Zealand, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, Thailand, Turkey, and United Arab Emirates), and Latin America (Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Mexico, Peru, Uruguay and our Latin American export operations in Miami).

We do not allocate stock-based compensation recognized to our operating segments; therefore, we are reporting this as a separate amount (See Note 5, "Stock-Based Compensation"). Additionally, we did not allocate the loss on the sale of affiliate and the impairment of internally developed software to our operating segments; therefore they have been presented separately.

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Financial information by reporting segment is as follows:

|   | Thirteen Weeks Ended |                    | Thirty-nine Weeks Ended |                    |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
|   | October 1,<br>2016   | October 3,<br>2015 | October 1,<br>2016      | October 3,<br>2015 |
| Net sales                                   |                      |                    |                         |                    |
| North America                               | \$4,522,053          | \$4,477,097        | \$12,837,687            | \$13,537,238       |
| Europe                                      | 2,748,167            | 2,928,507          | 8,189,583               | 8,857,752          |
| Asia-Pacific                                | 2,318,185            | 2,528,116          | 6,769,671               | 7,553,865          |
| Latin America                               | 638,421              | 582,160            | 1,889,092               | 1,764,729          |
| Total                                       | \$10,226,826         | \$10,515,880       | \$29,686,033            | \$31,713,584       |
| Income (loss) from operations               |                      |                    |                         |                    |
| North America                               | \$91,686             | \$88,742           | \$219,058               | \$223,596          |
| Europe                                      | 2,470                | 2,577              | (21,225)                | ) 20,913           |
| Asia-Pacific                                | 41,003               | 31,816             | 94,931                  | 94,358             |
| Latin America                               | 11,561               | 7,056              | 24,595                  | 24,493             |
| Stock-based compensation expense            | (9,656)              | ) (10,762)         | ) (29,564)              | ) (28,291)         |
| Impairment of internally developed software | —                    | —                  | —                       | (115,856)          |
| Loss on sale of affiliate                   | —                    | —                  | (14,878)                | ) —                |
| Total                                       | \$137,064            | \$119,429          | \$272,917               | \$219,213          |
| Capital expenditures                        |                      |                    |                         |                    |
| North America                               | \$13,383             | \$35,121           | \$43,869                | \$77,315           |
| Europe                                      | 13,242               | 3,862              | 18,495                  | 11,514             |
| Asia-Pacific                                | 2,335                | 2,958              | 10,136                  | 8,409              |
| Latin America                               | 793                  | 508                | 7,729                   | 1,784              |
| Total                                       | \$29,753             | \$42,449           | \$80,229                | \$99,022           |
| Depreciation                                |                      |                    |                         |                    |
| North America                               | \$17,314             | \$16,455           | \$51,998                | \$47,969           |
| Europe                                      | 5,069                | 3,082              | 15,044                  | 8,630              |
| Asia-Pacific                                | 3,037                | 2,744              | 8,646                   | 8,182              |
| Latin America                               | 1,062                | 449                | 2,466                   | 1,428              |
| Total                                       | \$26,482             | \$22,730           | \$78,154                | \$66,209           |
| Amortization of intangible assets           |                      |                    |                         |                    |
| North America                               | \$10,190             | \$8,115            | \$35,854                | \$28,847           |
| Europe                                      | 8,650                | 3,167              | 28,012                  | 11,306             |
| Asia-Pacific                                | 1,839                | 1,997              | 5,765                   | 5,743              |
| Latin America                               | (105)                | ) 927              | 3,589                   | 1,330              |
| Total                                       | \$20,574             | \$14,206           | \$73,220                | \$47,226           |

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The integration, transition and other costs included in income from operations by reporting segment are as follows:

|  | Thirteen Weeks<br>Ended<br>October 1, 2016 |           | Thirty-nine Weeks<br>Ended<br>October 3, 2015 |           |
|--|--|-----------|---|-----------|
| Integration, transition and other costs <sup>(a)</sup> |  |           |   |           |
| North America  | \$8,542                                    | \$ 5,901  | \$34,651                                      | \$ 16,545 |
| Europe   | 2,419                                      | 5,749     | 5,683   | 8,601     |
| Asia-Pacific   | —  | 3,674     | 243   | 5,311     |
| Latin America  | 530  | 729       | 1,787   | 2,356     |
| Total  | \$11,491                                   | \$ 16,053 | \$42,364                                      | \$ 32,813 |

(a) Costs are primarily related to (i) professional, consulting and integration costs associated with our acquisitions and impending merger, (ii) consulting, retention and transition costs associated with our reorganization programs charged to selling, general and administrative, or SG&A, expenses, (iii) a gain of \$3,790 related to the final settlement of a class action lawsuit, which was recorded as a reduction of SG&A expenses in North America in the second quarter of 2016, and (iv) a charge of \$4,736 for an estimated settlement of employee related taxes assessed in Europe recorded in the third quarter of 2015.

Our reorganization costs by reportable segment are disclosed within Note 9, "Reorganization Costs".

|                     | As of              |                    |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|                     | October 1,<br>2016 | January 2,<br>2016 |
| Identifiable assets |                    |                    |
| North America       | \$5,482,101        | \$5,243,878        |
| Europe              | 3,281,714          | 3,547,495          |
| Asia-Pacific        | 2,563,742          | 2,476,243          |
| Latin America       | 966,384            | 1,033,073          |
| Total               | \$12,293,941       | \$12,300,689       |
| Long-lived assets   |                    |                    |
| North America       | \$419,497          | \$427,180          |
| Europe              | 272,252            | 234,672            |
| Asia-Pacific        | 72,065             | 71,602             |
| Latin America       | 49,831             | 22,634             |
| Total               | \$813,645          | \$756,088          |

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Net sales and long-lived assets for the United States, which is our country of domicile, are as follows:

|                              | Thirteen Weeks Ended |      |                 |     |  |   |
|------------------------------|----------------------|------|-----------------|-----|--|---|
|                              | October 1, 2016      |      | October 3, 2015 |     |  |   |
| Net sales:                   |                      |      |                 |     |  |   |
| United States                | \$4,241,103          | 41 % | \$4,183,568     | 40  |  | % |
| Outside of the United States | 5,985,723            | 59   | 6,332,312       | 60  |  |   |
| Total                        | \$10,226,826         | 100% | \$10,515,880    | 100 |  | % |

|                              | Thirty-nine Weeks Ended |      |                 |     |  |   |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|------|-----------------|-----|--|---|
|                              | October 1, 2016         |      | October 3, 2015 |     |  |   |
| Net sales:                   |                         |      |                 |     |  |   |
| United States                | \$12,021,269            | 40 % | \$12,611,394    | 40  |  | % |
| Outside of the United States | 17,664,764              | 60   | 19,102,190      | 60  |  |   |
| Total                        | \$29,686,033            | 100% | \$31,713,584    | 100 |  | % |

|                              | As of           |           |                 |           |
|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|
|                              | October 1, 2016 |           | January 2, 2016 |           |
| Long-lived assets:           |                 |           |                 |           |
| United States                |                 | \$406,179 |                 | \$406,195 |
| Outside of the United States |                 | 407,466   |                 | 349,893   |
| Total                        |                 | \$813,645 |                 | \$756,088 |

## Note 13 – Commitments and Contingencies

Our Brazilian subsidiary received a 2005 Federal import tax assessment claiming certain commercial taxes totaling Brazilian Reais 12,714 (\$3,917 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) were due on the import of software acquired from international vendors for the period January through September of 2002. After exhausting remedies at the administrative level we plan to vigorously challenge the assessment in court, which may require us to post collateral for the amount in dispute. We continue to maintain a reserve for the full tax amount assessed at October 1, 2016.

Our Brazilian subsidiary has also received a number of additional tax assessments, including the following that have a reasonable possibility of a loss: (1) a 2007 Sao Paulo Municipal tax assessment claiming service taxes were due on the resale of acquired software covering years 2002 through 2006, for a total amount of Brazilian Reais 55,083 (\$16,968 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) in principal and associated penalties; (2) a 2011 Federal income tax assessment, a portion of which claims statutory penalties totaling Brazilian Reais 15,947 (\$4,912 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) for delays in providing certain electronic files during the audit of tax years 2008 and 2009; (3) a 2012 Sao Paulo municipal tax assessment claiming service taxes due on the importation of software covering the year 2007 for a total amount of Brazilian Reais 2,263 (\$697 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) in principal and associated penalties; and (4) a 2013 Sao Paulo municipal tax assessment claiming service taxes due on the importation of software covering the years 2008, 2009, 2010 and January through May 2011 for a total amount of Brazilian Reais 8,100 (\$2,495 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) in principal and associated penalties. After working with our advisors, we believe the other matters noted above do not represent a probable loss.

In addition to the amounts described above, it is reasonably possible that incremental charges for penalties, interest and inflationary adjustments could be imposed in an amount up to Brazilian Reais 298,330 (\$91,901 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) for these matters. We believe we have good defenses against each matter and do not believe it is probable that we will suffer a material loss for these matters.





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In connection with the due diligence performed during the acquisition of Acão, we also identified a Sao Paulo Municipal Tax assessment claiming service taxes on the resale of acquired software and professional services covering years 2003 through 2008, for a total amount of Brazilian Reais 67,200 (\$20,701 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) in principal and associated interest and penalties. In working with our advisers, we concluded that the portion of the assessment associated with the resale of professional services has a probable risk of loss under existing Brazilian law, while also concluding, consistent with the assessment noted in (1) above that the risk of loss associated with the resale of software is not probable. In structuring our acquisition, Brazilian Reais 76,204 (\$23,475 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) of the purchase price was placed into an escrow account pending conclusion of litigation on this matter. Based on the terms of the escrow, we have accrued Brazilian Reais 7,500 (\$2,310 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates), which is the negotiated amount of liability we agreed to cover should the Brazilian courts ultimately conclude Acão was required to pay this service tax.

There are various other claims, lawsuits and pending actions against us incidental to our operations. It is the opinion of management that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. However, we can make no assurances that we will ultimately be successful in our defense of any of these matters.

As is customary in the IT distribution industry, we have arrangements with certain finance companies that provide inventory-financing facilities for their customers. In conjunction with certain of these arrangements, we have agreements with the finance companies that would require us to repurchase certain inventory, which might be repossessed from the customers by the finance companies. Due to various reasons, including among other factors, the lack of information regarding the amount of saleable inventory purchased from us still on hand with the customer at any point in time, repurchase obligations relating to inventory cannot be reasonably estimated. Repurchases of inventory by us under these arrangements have been insignificant to date.

We have guarantees to third parties that provide financing to a limited number of our customers. Net sales under these arrangements accounted for less than one percent of our consolidated net sales for each of the periods presented. The guarantees require us to reimburse the third party for defaults by these customers up to an aggregate of \$6,873. The fair value of these guarantees has been recognized as cost of sales to these customers and is included in accrued expenses.

Note 14 - New Accounting Standards

In August 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2016-15, "Statement of Cash Flows-(Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments" related to the classification of certain cash receipts and cash payments on the statement of cash flows. The amendments in this update provide clarification guidance on eight specific cash flow presentation issues that have developed due to diversity in practice. The issues include, but are not limited to, debt prepayment or extinguishment costs, contingent consideration payments made after a business combination, proceeds from the settlement of insurance claims and proceeds from the settlement of corporate and bank-owned life insurance policies. The amendments in this update are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2017. We are currently in the process of assessing what impact this new standard may have on our consolidated financial statements and evaluating our potential adoption method.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, "Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments". The amendments in this update require a financial asset (or a group of financial assets) measured at amortized cost basis to be presented at the net amount expected to be collected. The allowance for credit losses is a valuation account that is deducted from the amortized cost basis of the financial asset(s) to present the net carrying value at the amount expected to be collected on the financial asset. The amendments in this update are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently in the process of assessing what impact this new standard may have on our

consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, "Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting". Several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment award transactions are simplified, including: (a) income tax consequences; (b) classification of awards as either equity or liabilities; and (c) classification on the statement of cash flows. The amendments in this update are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently in the process of assessing what impact this new standard may have on our consolidated financial statements.

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In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net)". The amendments in this update relate to when another party, along with the company, are involved in providing a good or service to a customer and are intended to improve the operability and understandability of the implementation guidance on principal versus agent. Revenue recognition guidance requires companies to determine whether the nature of its promise is to provide that good or service to the customer (i.e., the company is a principal) or to arrange for the good or service to be provided to the customer by the other party (i.e., the company is an agent). The amendments in this update are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including the interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently in the process of assessing what impact this new update may have on our consolidated financial statements. In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)". This update will increase transparency and comparability by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. Under the new guidance, lessees will be required to recognize the following for all leases (with the exception of short-term leases) at the commencement date (i) a lease liability, which is a lessee's obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease, measured on a discounted basis; and (ii) a right-of-use asset, which is an asset that represents the lessee's right to use, or control the use of, a specified asset for the lease term. Under the new guidance, lessor accounting is largely unchanged, and it simplified the accounting for sale and leaseback transactions. Lessees will no longer be provided with a source of off-balance sheet financing. Lessees (for capital and operating leases) and lessors (for sales-type, direct financing, and operating leases) must apply a modified retrospective transition approach for leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements. The modified retrospective approach would not require any transition accounting for leases that expired before the earliest comparative period presented. Lessees and lessors may not apply a full retrospective transition approach. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently in the process of assessing what impact this new standard may have on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued an accounting standard that will supersede existing revenue recognition guidance under current U.S. GAAP. The new standard is a comprehensive new revenue recognition model that requires a company to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods and services. During the second quarter of 2016, the FASB issued updates to the new revenue standard that are intended to address and simplify implementation issues for the following topics: (i) collectability, (ii) noncash consideration, (iii) presentation of sales taxes, (iv) completed contracts, (v) identifying performance obligations, (vi) licensing, and (vii) transition for contracts modified prior to adopting the new standard. The accounting standard and related updates are effective for us in the first quarter of fiscal year 2018. Companies may use either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach to adopt this standard, and management is currently evaluating which transition approach to use. Early adoption is permitted in the first quarter of fiscal year 2017. We are currently in the process of assessing what impact this new standard may have on our consolidated financial statements and evaluating our potential adoption method.

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

On October 19, 2016, we entered into an amendment and waiver to our revolving senior unsecured credit facility from a syndicate of multinational banks with a maturity date of January 2020 ("Amendment No. 3"). The effectiveness of Amendment No. 3 is subject to the consummation of the Merger contemplated by the Merger Agreement with Tianjin Tianhai, in addition to other customary closing conditions. Amendment No. 3 provides that, among other things, (i) the Lenders party to Amendment No. 3 waive prepayment of their loans as a result of the consummation of the Merger and agree to continue as Lenders with aggregate commitments reduced from \$1,500,000 to \$1,050,000, (ii) our ability to make payments to our direct or indirect shareholders following consummation of the Merger will be further limited, including under amendments to the Restricted Payments provisions of the credit facility and (iii) the amendment or

addition of certain financial covenants of this revolving senior unsecured credit facility.

On October 21, 2016, we entered into an amendment to our revolving trade accounts receivable-backed financing program in North America (“Omnibus Amendment No. 4”). The effectiveness of Omnibus Amendment No. 4 is subject to the consummation of the Merger contemplated by the Merger Agreement with Tianjin Tianhai, in addition to other customary closing conditions. Pursuant to Omnibus Amendment No. 4, the purchasers under this program waive any termination event existing as a result of the consummation of the Merger. In addition, Omnibus Amendment No. 4 amends or adds certain financial covenants applicable to this program.

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On October 21, 2016, we entered into supplemental indentures (the “Supplemental Indentures”) to the original indentures (the “Original Indentures”) with respect to our senior unsecured notes due 2017, senior unsecured notes due 2022 and our senior unsecured notes due 2024, each between us and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee. The effectiveness of each Supplemental Indenture is subject to the consummation of the Merger contemplated by the Merger Agreement with Tianjin Tianhai, in addition to other customary closing conditions. The Supplemental Indentures amend the Original Indentures to, among other things, limit our ability to make payments to our direct or indirect shareholders following consummation of the Merger, substantially consistent with our revolving senior unsecured credit facility.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Unless otherwise stated, all currency amounts, other than per share information, contained in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations are stated in thousands.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1993, as amended, and Section 21E of the Exchange Act, as amended. Statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that are not purely historical are forward-looking statements, and may include, but are not limited to, management's expectations of our pending acquisition by Tianjin Tianhai, competition; market share; revenues, margin, expenses and other operating results or ratios; economic conditions; vendor terms and conditions; pricing strategies and customer terms and conditions; reorganization programs and related restructuring, integration and other reorganization costs; additional cost reduction measures and related restructuring costs; process and efficiency enhancements; cost savings; cash flows; working capital levels and days; capital expenditures; liquidity; capital requirements; effective tax rates; acquisitions and integration costs and benefits to our business; operating models; exchange rate fluctuations and related currency gains and losses; resolution of contingencies; seasonality; interest rates and expenses; and rates of return. In evaluating our business, readers should carefully consider the important factors discussed under "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 2, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These factors could cause our actual results and conditions to differ materially from our historical performance or those projected in our forward-looking statements. We disclaim any duty to update any forward-looking statements.

Pending Acquisition by Tianjin Tianhai

On February 17, 2016, we announced that we entered into the Merger Agreement with Tianjin Tianhai and Merger Subsidiary, pursuant to which, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, Merger Subsidiary will be merged with and into Ingram Micro Inc., with Ingram Micro Inc. surviving as a subsidiary of Tianjin Tianhai. On August 11, 2016, we announced that the End Date by which the Merger must be completed had been extended to November 13, 2016 pursuant to the Merger Agreement. The transaction is currently under review by CFIUS. The consummation of the Merger is subject to the satisfaction or permitted waiver of closing conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement and is expected to occur in the fourth quarter of 2016.

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, at the effective time of the Merger, each outstanding share of our Class A common stock (other than shares held by us (other than shares in our employee plans) or owned by Tianjin Tianhai or any of its subsidiaries, or held by any of our subsidiaries, and shares owned by stockholders who have properly exercised and perfected appraisal rights under Delaware law) will be converted into the right to receive \$38.90 in cash, without interest. For additional information regarding the pending acquisition, see (i) Part I, Item 1, "Note 2-Plan of Merger", (ii) the Merger Agreement filed as Exhibit 2.1 to our current report on Form 8-K filed on February 17, 2016, (iii) the Guarantee filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our current report on Form 8-K filed on February 17, 2016, (iv) Part II, Item 1, "Legal Proceedings" and (v) our current report on Form 8-K filed on August 11, 2016.

Overview of Our Business

Ingram Micro helps businesses realize the promise of technology by delivering a full spectrum of global technology and commerce and fulfillment services to businesses around the world. Ingram Micro's global infrastructure and deep expertise in technology solutions, mobility lifecycle services, commerce and fulfillment solutions and cloud services help to enable its business partners to operate efficiently and successfully in the markets they serve. We are the largest wholesale technology distributor based on revenues and a global leader in supply chain management/commerce and fulfillment and device lifecycle services. Our results of operations have been, and will continue to be, directly affected

by the conditions in the economy in general. Historically, our margins have been impacted by pressures from price competition and declining average selling prices, as well as changes in vendor terms and conditions, including, but not limited to, variations in vendor rebates and incentives, our ability to return inventory to vendors, and time periods qualifying for price protection. We expect competitive pricing pressures and restrictive vendor terms and conditions to continue in the foreseeable future. In addition, our margins have and may continue to be impacted by our inventory levels, which are based on projections of future demand, product availability, product acceptance and marketability, and market conditions. Any sudden decline in demand and/or rapid technological changes in products could cause us to have a charge for excess and/or obsolete inventory. We continue to monitor and refine our pricing strategies, inventory management processes and vendor program processes to respond to and mitigate the impact of these factors. In addition, we continuously monitor and work to change, as appropriate, certain terms, conditions and credit offered to our customers to reflect those being imposed by our vendors, to recover costs and/or to facilitate sales opportunities. Our business also requires significant levels of working capital primarily to finance trade accounts receivable and inventory. We have historically relied on, and continue to rely heavily on, trade credit from vendors, available cash, debt and factoring of trade accounts receivable for our working capital needs.

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While the primary industry in which we operate is characterized by narrow gross profit as a percentage of net sales, or gross margin, and narrow income from operations as a percentage of net sales, or operating margin, we strive to improve our profitability through diversification of product offerings, including our presence in adjacent product categories, such as automatic identification/data capture and point-of-sale, or AIDC/POS, enterprise computing and data center. Additionally, we are expanding our capabilities in what we believe are faster growing and higher margin service oriented businesses such as mobility device life cycle services, commerce and fulfillment services and cloud. Over the past few years, we have complemented our internal growth initiatives with strategic business acquisitions. Although we expect that these acquisitions and our organic investments will expand our capabilities in these areas, service revenues currently represent less than 10% of total net sales for all periods presented.

We sell finished products purchased from many vendors but generated approximately 12%, 11% and 10% of our consolidated net sales for the thirteen weeks ended October 1, 2016 from products purchased from HP Inc. and Hewlett-Packard Enterprise combined, Apple Inc. and Cisco Systems, Inc., respectively. We generated approximately 14%, 12% and 10% of our consolidated net sales for the thirteen weeks ended October 3, 2015 from products purchased from HP Inc. and Hewlett-Packard Enterprise combined, Apple Inc. and Cisco Systems, Inc., respectively. For the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016, we generated approximately 13%, 11% and 10% of our consolidated net sales from products purchased from HP Inc. and Hewlett-Packard Enterprise combined, Apple Inc. and Cisco Systems, Inc., respectively. We generated approximately 15%, and 12% of our consolidated net sales for the thirty-nine weeks ended October 3, 2015 from products purchased from HP Inc. and Hewlett-Packard Enterprise combined and Apple Inc., respectively.

We manage our business through continuous cost controls and process and efficiency enhancements. This may also include, from time to time, reorganization actions to further enhance productivity and profitability and could result in the recognition of reorganization costs or impairment of assets.

### Reorganization Programs

To further enhance our ability to innovate and respond to market needs with greater speed and efficiency, on February 13, 2014 we announced a plan to proceed with a global organizational effectiveness program (the "2014 Program") that involved aligning and leveraging our infrastructure globally with our evolving businesses, opportunities and resources, and de-layering and simplifying the organization.

The 2014 Program is complete and has generated in excess of \$80,000 in annual cost savings compared to the 2013 fiscal year. We incurred reorganization as well as transition and other related costs aggregating \$11,920 for the thirty-nine weeks ended October 3, 2015, which includes \$6,015 related to employee termination benefits associated with this program and \$5,906 of transition and integration costs.

In May 2015, we announced our intention to take additional actions globally to further streamline our cost structure. These actions are expected to result in annualized savings of approximately \$100,000 while one-time costs associated with these actions were expected to be between \$50,000 to \$60,000. We achieved the full annualized run rate of approximately \$100,000 during the second quarter of 2016. During the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016, we recognized \$18,240 of reorganization as well as transition and other related costs, which includes \$16,707 related to employee termination benefits, \$1,130 of transition and integration costs and \$403 of facility costs. We have recognized approximately \$54,000 of life-to-date reorganization as well as transition and other related costs with respect to this program.

In addition, during the second quarter of 2016 we implemented additional actions to further align our cost structure in certain markets, primarily in Europe. During the thirteen weeks ended October 1, 2016, we recognized \$8,740 of reorganization as well as transition and other related costs, which primarily includes \$7,471 related to employee termination benefits and \$1,269 of transition and integration costs. During the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016, we recognized \$16,812 of reorganization as well as transition and other related costs, which primarily includes \$14,583 related to employee termination benefits and \$2,194 of transition and integration costs. We will continue to monitor our cost profiles on a tactical basis and enact further programs opportunistically.





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Share Repurchase Program

In July 2015, our Board of Directors authorized a three-year, \$300,000 share repurchase program, which supplemented our previously authorized \$400,000 share repurchase program which was completely utilized in 2015. Our \$300,000 share repurchase program expires on July 29, 2018, and had \$165,068 remaining for repurchase at October 1, 2016. Under our share repurchase programs, we repurchased 6,363 and 8,032 shares of Class A Common Stock, respectively, for consideration of \$161,399 and \$205,608, respectively, during the thirteen and thirty-nine weeks ended October 3, 2015. We have discontinued this program due to the Merger Agreement with Tianjin Tianhai. In the event that the merger is not consummated for any reason, resumption of the share repurchase program will be at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

Dividends Paid to Shareholders

During the third quarter of 2015, we announced that our Board of Directors had authorized the adoption of a quarterly cash dividend policy, as well as authorization of a new three-year, \$300,000 share repurchase program. Under the cash dividend policy, holders of our common stock receive dividends as declared by our Board of Directors. During the thirteen weeks ended October 3, 2015, we declared and paid a cash dividend of \$0.10 per share, totaling \$15,196. We have discontinued these dividends paid to shareholders due to the Merger Agreement with Tianjin Tianhai.

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## Results of Operations for the Thirteen Weeks Ended October 1, 2016 Compared to the Thirteen Weeks Ended October 3, 2015

|                                | Thirteen Weeks Ended |       |                 |       | Change - Increase<br>(Decrease) |            |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|-------|-----------------|-------|---------------------------------|------------|
|                                | October 1, 2016      |       | October 3, 2015 |       | Amount                          | Percentage |
| Net sales by reporting segment |                      |       |                 |       |                                 |            |
| North America                  | \$4,522,053          | 44 %  | \$4,477,097     | 43 %  | \$44,956                        | 1.0 %      |
| Europe                         | 2,748,167            | 27    | 2,928,507       | 28    | (180,340 )                      | (6.2 )     |
| Asia-Pacific                   | 2,318,185            | 23    | 2,528,116       | 24    | (209,931 )                      | (8.3 )     |
| Latin America                  | 638,421              | 6     | 582,160         | 5     | 56,261                          | 9.7        |
| Total                          | \$10,226,826         | 100 % | \$10,515,880    | 100 % | \$(289,054)                     | (2.7 )%    |

|  | Thirteen Weeks Ended |        |                 |        | Change - Increase<br>(Decrease) |            |
|--|----------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|---------------------------------|------------|
|  | October 1, 2016      |        | October 3, 2015 |        | Amount                          | Percentage |
| Operating income and operating margin by reporting segment |                      |        |                 |        |                                 |            |
| North America  | \$91,686             | 2.03 % | \$88,742        | 1.98 % | \$2,944                         | 0.05 %     |
| Europe   | 2,470                | 0.09   | 2,577           | 0.09   | (107 )                          | —          |
| Asia-Pacific   | 41,003               | 1.77   | 31,816          | 1.26   | 9,187                           | 0.51       |
| Latin America  | 11,561               | 1.81   | 7,056           | 1.21   | 4,505                           | 0.60       |
| Stock-based compensation expense                           | (9,656 )             | —      | (10,762 )       | —      | 1,106                           | —          |
| Total  | \$137,064            | 1.34 % | \$119,429       | 1.14 % | \$17,635                        | 0.20 %     |

|                                     | Thirteen Weeks Ended |                 |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
|                                     | October 1, 2016      | October 3, 2015 |
| Net sales                           | 100.00 %             | 100.00 %        |
| Cost of sales                       | 93.00                | 93.69           |
| Gross profit                        | 7.00                 | 6.31            |
| Operating expenses:                 |                      |                 |
| Selling, general and administrative | 5.38                 | 4.86            |
| Amortization of intangible assets   | 0.20                 | 0.14            |
| Reorganization costs                | 0.07                 | 0.18            |
| Income from operations              | 1.34                 | 1.14            |
| Other expense, net                  | 0.24                 | 0.29            |
| Income before income taxes          | 1.10                 | 0.85            |
| Provision for income taxes          | 0.33                 | 0.23            |
| Net income                          | 0.77 %               | 0.62 %          |

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The 2.7% decrease in our consolidated net sales for the thirteen weeks ended October 1, 2016, or third quarter of 2016, compared to the thirteen weeks ended October 3, 2015, or third quarter of 2015, partially reflected the translation of foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar which had a negative impact on our consolidated net sales of approximately one percentage point. Our revenue decline in local currencies reflects declines in Europe and Asia-Pacific, partially offset by growth in North America and Latin America. Our acquisitions contributed approximately two percentage points of growth. Our decline in Europe was impacted by changes in contract terms for some of our high volume European distribution business, which led to recognizing the revenue on a net basis versus a gross basis resulting in a reduction of approximately one percentage point of consolidated net sales but with no impact on gross profit.

The 1.0% increase in North American net sales in the third quarter of 2016 compared to the third quarter of 2015 includes growth in our core distribution business, including strong demand for consumer electronics, notebooks and tablets. We saw modest growth in our mobility distribution business primarily due to increased smartphone sales. These increases more than offset declines in advanced solutions, particularly in networking and server categories, as well as the sale of AVAD, which had a negative impact of approximately two percentage points of North American net sales. We continue to gain traction in cloud and commerce and fulfillment solutions, although from a small base currently.

The 6.2% decrease in European net sales includes the translation impact of stronger foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar, which had a negative impact on net sales of approximately two percentage points. We also negotiated favorable changes in contract terms for some of our high volume European distribution business, which led to recognizing the associated revenue on a net basis versus a gross basis resulting in a reduction of approximately four percentage points on our European net sales in the third quarter of 2016, but no impact on gross profit. Our acquisitions in Europe contributed approximately five percentage points of growth. Overall the region was additionally impacted by the sales decline in Germany mainly in consumer products, but was partially offset by revenue growth on a currency neutral basis in Benelux (Belgium, Netherlands, and Luxembourg), the United Kingdom and Italy.

The 8.3% decrease in our Asia-Pacific net sales includes the translation impact of weaker foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar which had a negative impact on net sales of approximately one percentage point. China revenues declined as consumer demand remained slow, led by weakness in smartphones, tablets and networking solutions. In Singapore, revenues declined driven by a significant decrease in mobility sales, as well as reduced demand for consumer products, particularly desktops and notebooks. The decreases were slightly offset by growth in New Zealand driven by increased demand in notebooks and tablets.

The 9.7% increase in Latin American net sales includes the translation impact of weaker foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar which had a negative impact on net sales of approximately three percentage points. Our acquisition of Grupo Ação contributed a total of approximately nine percentage points of growth. Miami export experienced solid growth primarily driven by PC sales. This growth was partially offset by declines in Mexico, particularly in consumer products, as well as declines in Brazil related to decreased volume in commercial and consumer printers and PC's. Gross profit increased by \$51,796, or 7.8%, in the third quarter of 2016 compared to the third quarter of 2015 and gross margin improved 69 basis points, driven by the benefit of our acquisition of higher margin businesses, including DocData and Grupo Ação amongst others, which added 27 basis points. Additionally, the benefit of the net revenue recognition treatment as a result of the negotiated favorable contract terms for some of our high volume European distribution business noted above increased margin by approximately eight basis points. Gross margin also benefited from a greater mix of higher margin sales, including solid growth in our commerce and fulfillment and cloud businesses, as well as a decline in lower margin smartphone and other consumer product sales.

Total selling, general and administrative expenses, or SG&A expenses, increased \$39,280, or 7.7%, in the third quarter of 2016 compared to the third quarter of 2015. The increase in SG&A expenses primarily reflects our acquisitions, which added approximately \$35,000, costs associated with growth in our cloud and commerce and fulfillment businesses, and further organic investment in higher value businesses. These costs were partially offset by the translation impact of foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar which reduced SG&A expenses by approximately \$3,000 and savings from the implementation of our reorganizational programs.

Amortization of intangible assets increased \$6,368, or 44.8%, in the third quarter of 2016 compared to the third quarter of 2015 primarily due to our recent acquisitions.

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During the third quarters of 2016 and 2015, we incurred net reorganization costs of \$7,471 and \$18,958, respectively. 2016 costs primarily related to employee termination benefits incurred as we implemented additional actions to further align our cost structure in certain markets, primarily in Europe. The costs incurred during the third quarter of 2015 were primarily related to employee termination benefits incurred in connection with our 2015 Program (See also Note 9, "Reorganization Costs," to our consolidated financial statements). We will continue to monitor our cost profiles on a tactical basis and enact further programs opportunistically.

Operating margin in the third quarter of 2016 increased 20 basis points compared to the third quarter of 2015, primarily driven by lower reorganization, integration, transition and acquisition-related charges of \$16,049, or 15 basis points of net sales compared to the prior year, as well as the greater mix of higher margin advanced and specialty solutions.

The increase in our North American operating margin of 5 basis points in the third quarter of 2016 compared to the third quarter of 2015 primarily reflects improving margins in our commercial and consumer business, stronger mobility services revenue and decreased lower margin mobility distribution sales. This better mix of business more than offset continued strategic investments to capitalize on the momentum we are gaining in our rapidly growing cloud and commerce and fulfillment businesses.

Our European operating margin remained flat in the third quarter of 2016 compared to the third quarter of 2015 reflecting lower charges of \$6,820, or 22 basis points of European net sales, for reorganization, integration, transition and acquisition-related costs incurred in connection with our recent acquisitions and our ongoing reorganization programs compared to the prior year. The decrease in charges was offset by negative leverage experienced as a result of lower revenues and continued strategic investments and costs associated with growing our European cloud and commerce and fulfillment solutions capabilities in the region.

Our Asia-Pacific operating margin increased 51 basis points in the third quarter of 2016 compared to the third quarter of 2015 reflecting a better mix of higher margin business, as well as lower charges of \$6,989, or 29 basis points of Asia-Pacific net sales, for reorganization transition and acquisition-related costs incurred with reorganization programs in 2015.

Our Latin American operating margin increased 60 basis points in the third quarter of 2016 compared to the third quarter of 2015 reflecting a better mix of higher margin business.

Other expense, net, consisted primarily of interest expense and income, foreign currency exchange losses and gains, and other non-operating gains and losses. We incurred other expenses of \$24,432 in the third quarter of 2016 compared to \$30,015 in the third quarter of 2015. The decrease was primarily driven by higher currency losses in 2015 due to volatility in the currency market globally, which did not recur in 2016 at the same levels. The year-over-year decrease also reflects a foreign currency exchange loss of \$1,305 recorded in our Pan European purchasing entity in the current year compared to a loss of \$2,340 in this entity in the prior year.

We recorded an income tax provision of \$34,109, for an effective tax rate of 30.3%, in the third quarter of 2016 compared to \$24,492, or an effective tax rate of 27.4%, in the third quarter of 2015. The current quarter income tax provision includes a net benefit of one percentage point, primarily related to an increase in income tax credits claimed for prior years. The prior year quarter income tax provision includes a net benefit of two percentage points driven by the release of unrealized tax benefits due to the expiration of the statute of limitations in various tax jurisdictions. We currently expect our full year 2016 effective tax rate to be approximately 30%. However, effective tax rates may vary significantly depending on the actual operating results in the various tax jurisdictions, as well as changes in the valuation allowance related to the expected recovery of our deferred tax assets.

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## Results of Operations for the Thirty-nine Weeks Ended October 1, 2016 Compared to the Thirty-nine Weeks Ended October 3, 2015

|                                | Thirty-nine Weeks Ended |       |                 |       | Change - Increase<br>(Decrease) |            |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|-----------------|-------|---------------------------------|------------|
|                                | October 1, 2016         |       | October 3, 2015 |       | Amount                          | Percentage |
| Net sales by reporting segment |                         |       |                 |       |                                 |            |
| North America                  | \$ 12,837,687           | 43 %  | \$ 13,537,238   | 43 %  | \$(699,551 )                    | (5.2 )%    |
| Europe                         | 8,189,583               | 28    | 8,857,752       | 28    | (668,169 )                      | (7.5 )     |
| Asia-Pacific                   | 6,769,671               | 23    | 7,553,865       | 24    | (784,194 )                      | (10.4 )    |
| Latin America                  | 1,889,092               | 6     | 1,764,729       | 5     | 124,363                         | 7.0        |
| Total                          | \$29,686,033            | 100 % | \$31,713,584    | 100 % | \$(2,027,551)                   | (6.4 )%    |

|  | Thirty-nine Weeks Ended |        |                 |        | Change - Increase<br>(Decrease) |            |
|--|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|---------------------------------|------------|
|  | October 1, 2016         |        | October 3, 2015 |        | Amount                          | Percentage |
| Operating income and operating margin by reporting segment |                         |        |                 |        |                                 |            |
| North America  | \$219,058               | 1.71 % | \$223,596       | 1.65 % | \$(4,538 )                      | 0.06 %     |
| Europe   | (21,225 )               | (0.26) | 20,913          | 0.24   | (42,138 )                       | (0.50 )    |
| Asia-Pacific   | 94,931                  | 1.40   | 94,358          | 1.25   | 573                             | 0.15       |
| Latin America  | 24,595                  | 1.30   | 24,493          | 1.39   | 102                             | (0.09 )    |
| Stock-based compensation expense                           | (29,564 )               | —      | (28,291 )       | —      | (1,273 )                        | —          |
| Impairment of internally developed software                | —                       | —      | (115,856 )      | —      | 115,856                         | —          |
| Loss on sale of affiliate                                  | (14,878 )               | —      | —               | —      | (14,878 )                       | —          |
| Total  | \$272,917               | 0.92 % | \$219,213       | 0.69 % | \$53,704                        | 0.23 %     |

|   | Thirty-nine Weeks Ended |                 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------|
|   | October 1, 2016         | October 3, 2015 |
| Net sales                                   | 100.00%                 | 100.00%         |
| Cost of sales                               | 93.04                   | 93.89           |
| Gross profit                                | 6.96                    | 6.11            |
| Operating expenses:                         |                         |                 |
| Selling, general and administrative         | 5.64                    | 4.81            |
| Amortization of intangible assets           | 0.25                    | 0.15            |
| Reorganization costs                        | 0.11                    | 0.09            |
| Impairment of internally developed software | —                       | 0.37            |
| Loss on sale of affiliate                   | 0.05                    | —               |
| Income from operations                      | 0.92                    | 0.69            |
| Other expense, net                          | 0.26                    | 0.29            |
| Income before income taxes                  | 0.66                    | 0.40            |
| Provision for income taxes                  | 0.21                    | 0.17            |
| Net income                                  | 0.46 %                  | 0.23 %          |

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The 6.4% decrease in our consolidated net sales for the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016, or first nine months of 2016, compared to the thirty-nine weeks ended October 3, 2015, or first nine months of 2015, partially reflected the translation of foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar which had a negative impact on our consolidated net sales of approximately two percentage points. Our revenue decline in local currencies reflects declines in North America, Europe and Asia-Pacific, partially offset by growth in Latin America. The decline in North America was driven in part by our decision to exit portions of our mobility distribution business in the region that did not meet our profitability requirements. Our decline in Europe was driven by changes in contract terms for some of our high volume European distribution business, which led to recognizing the revenue on a net basis versus a gross basis resulting in a reduction of net sales but had no impact on gross profit. We also experienced softness in smartphone demand in most regions, as well as lower PC demand. Our acquisitions partially offset the decline and contributed approximately two percentage points of growth.

The 5.2% decrease in North American net sales in the first nine months of 2016 compared to the first nine months of 2015 includes the translation impact of a weaker Canadian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar which had a negative impact on net sales of approximately one percentage point. Revenue growth was impacted by approximately one percentage point from a decline in mobility, as we exited portions of the North American mobility distribution business that did not meet our profitability requirements. Revenues were also negatively impacted versus last year by lower sales in advanced solutions, primarily in networking, as well as a decline in PC sales. The decrease in net sales was slightly offset by growth in specialty and other advanced solutions. We continue to gain traction in cloud and commerce and fulfillment solutions, although from a small base.

The 7.5% decrease in European net sales includes the translation impact of weaker foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar which had a negative impact on net sales of approximately one percentage point. In addition, during the prior year we negotiated favorable changes in contract terms for some of our high volume European distribution business, which led to recognizing the associated revenue on a net basis versus a gross basis resulting in a reduction of approximately six percentage points on our European net sales in the first nine months of 2016 but had no impact on gross profit. Our acquisitions in Europe contributed approximately three percentage points of growth. Declines in France, Germany and the United Kingdom offset stronger sales from advanced and specialty solutions in countries such as Netherlands and Italy. In Germany, revenues declined due to soft consumer demand for smartphones and PCs, as well as our decision to exit certain high volume, low margin business in the 2016 first quarter. France experienced a decline in revenues driven by reduced demand for PCs and smartphones, which was partially offset by growth in advanced solutions. The United Kingdom revenues declined primarily due to continued consumer weakness and the loss of a large retail customer, which was partially offset by growth in smartphone, tablet and networking sales.

The 10.4% decrease in our Asia-Pacific net sales includes the translation impact of weaker foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar which had a negative impact on net sales of approximately three percentage points. China revenues declined as consumer demand remained slow, led by the continued weakness in smartphones, tablets and networking solutions which offset growth in servers and storage solutions. In Singapore, revenues declined driven by a decrease in mobility sales as well as reduced demand for PCs, networking and storage products.

The 7.0% increase in Latin American net sales includes the translation impact of weaker foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar which had a negative impact on net sales of approximately eight percentage points. Our acquisition of Grupo Ação contributed a total of approximately 10 percentage points of growth. Chile and Mexico had solid growth on a currency neutral basis, with strength broadly, including advanced and specialty solutions, as well as sales into the consumer market.

Gross profit increased by \$128,152 or 6.6% in the first nine months of 2016 compared to the first nine months of 2015 and gross margin improved 85 basis points, driven by the benefit of our acquisition of higher margin businesses, including DocData and Grupo Ação, which added 26 basis points. Additionally, the benefit of the net revenue recognition treatment as a result of the negotiated favorable contract terms for some of our high volume European distribution business noted above, increased margin by approximately 12 basis points. Gross margin also benefited from a greater mix of higher margin specialty and other advanced solutions sales and lower, low margin smartphone sales.



Total selling, general and administrative expenses, or SG&A expenses, increased \$146,939, or 9.6%, in the first nine months of 2016 compared to the first nine months of 2015. The increase in SG&A expenses primarily reflects our acquisitions, which added approximately \$121,000, costs associated with growth in our cloud and commerce and fulfillment businesses, further organic investment in higher value businesses, and \$9,551 higher integration, transition and other costs primarily related to costs associated with our acquisitions and impending merger. These costs were partially offset by the translation impact of foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar which reduced SG&A expenses by approximately \$22,000 and savings from the implementation of our reorganizational programs. Amortization of intangible assets increased \$25,994, or 55.0%, in the first nine months of 2016 compared to the first nine months of 2015 due to our recent acquisitions and the write-off of previously acquired customer relationships of \$5,832 as a result of the integration of certain operations into our existing facilities in the first quarter of 2016.

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During the first nine months of 2016 and 2015, we incurred net reorganization costs of \$31,727 and \$29,234, respectively. 2016 costs primarily related to employee termination benefits incurred in conjunction with the global actions announced in 2015, and one-time costs of \$14,618 as we implemented additional actions to further align our cost structure in certain markets, primarily in Europe, in 2016. The costs incurred during 2015 primarily related to employee termination benefits incurred in connection with our global organizational effectiveness program announced in 2015 and 2014 (See Note 9, "Reorganization Costs," to our consolidated financial statements). We will continue to monitor our cost profiles on a tactical basis and enact further programs opportunistically.

During the first nine months of 2015, we recognized a non-cash, pre-tax charge related to the impairment of internally developed software of \$115,856 due to the decision to cancel future deployments of SAP discussed above.

During the first nine months of 2016, we recognized a non-cash, pre-tax charge related to the loss on the sale of affiliate of \$14,878, which included the write-off a previously acquired trade name of \$12,525.

Operating margin in the first nine months of 2016 increased 23 basis points compared to the first nine months of 2015, primarily driven by the impairment of internally developed software of \$115,856 recognized during the second quarter of 2015. Excluding the impairment charge recognized during the second quarter of 2015, and the loss on the sale of affiliate recognized during the second quarter of 2016, consolidated operating margins decreased nine basis points compared to the prior year primarily reflecting higher reorganization, integration, transition and acquisition-related charges of \$12,044, or five basis points of net sales compared to the prior year which includes costs related to the Merger Agreement with Tianjin Tianhai and negative leverage experienced as a result of lower revenues in Europe. The increase in our North American operating margin of six basis points in the first nine months of 2016 compared to the first nine months of 2015 primarily reflects good operating leverage experienced as a result of higher value sales, stronger mobility services revenue and lower mobility distribution sales. These gains more than offset continued strategic investments to capitalize on the momentum we are gaining in our rapidly growing cloud and commerce and fulfillment businesses, as well as an increase in reorganization, integration, transition and acquisition-related charges of \$13,291, or 12 basis points of net sales compared to the prior year primarily related to the Merger Agreement with Tianjin Tianhai and reorganization costs related to our cost reduction actions. Additionally, our operating margin in 2016 benefited from a gain of \$3,790, or three basis points of North American net sales, related to a legal settlement recognized in the second quarter of 2016.

The decrease in our European operating margin of 50 basis points in the first nine months of 2016 compared to the first nine months of 2015 reflects higher charges of \$6,135, or nine basis points of European net sales, for reorganization, integration, transition and acquisition-related costs incurred in connection with our recent acquisitions and our ongoing reorganization programs compared to the prior year. In addition, the decrease reflects negative leverage experienced as a result of lower revenues and continued strategic investments and costs associated with growing our European mobility, cloud and commerce and fulfillment solutions capabilities in the region.

The increase in our Asia-Pacific operating margin of 15 basis points in the first nine months of 2016 compared to the first nine months of 2015 reflects a better mix of higher margin business and lower charges of \$8,113, or 11 basis points of Asia-Pacific net sales, for reorganization, integration and transition and acquisition-related costs incurred in connection with our recent acquisitions and our ongoing reorganization programs compared to the prior year. These benefits were partially offset by our continued strategic investment in our cloud business in this region.

The decrease in our Latin American operating margin of nine basis points in the first nine months of 2016 compared to the first nine months of 2015 reflects higher costs associated with investments in our mobility business, partially offset by the realization of the acquisition synergies in the region.

Other expense, net, consisted primarily of interest expense and income, foreign currency exchange losses and gains, and other non-operating gains and losses. We incurred other expenses of \$76,110 in the first nine months of 2016 compared to \$92,945 in the first nine months of 2015. The decrease was primarily driven by higher currency losses in 2015 due to volatility in the currency market globally, which did not recur in 2016 at the same levels. The year-over-year decrease also reflects a foreign currency exchange loss of \$1,151 recorded in our Pan European purchasing entity in the current year compared to a loss of \$7,102 in this entity in the prior year.



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We recorded an income tax provision of \$61,733, for an effective tax rate of 31.4%, in the first nine months of 2016 compared to \$52,364, or an effective tax rate of 41.5%, in the first nine months of 2015. The current year provision has a net positive impact of two percentage points driven by a net change in valuation allowances against the deferred tax assets of two of our foreign operating units as well as an increase in income tax credits claimed for prior years and the release of unrealized tax benefits due to the expiration of statute of limitations in various jurisdictions. The prior year income tax provision includes a net negative impact of eight percentage points, due to a \$14,580 increase to the valuation allowance on foreign tax credits, driven by lower royalties from foreign affiliates due to the decision to cancel future deployments of SAP, partially offset by a net benefit of \$5,000, primarily driven by the release of unrealized tax benefits due to expiration of statute of limitations in various jurisdictions. We currently expect our full year 2016 effective tax rate to be approximately 30%. However, effective tax rates may vary significantly depending on the actual operating results in the various tax jurisdictions, as well as changes in the valuation allowance related to the expected recovery of our deferred tax assets.

Quarterly Data; Seasonality

Our quarterly operating results have fluctuated significantly in the past and will likely continue to do so in the future as a result of:

- the impact of and possible disruption caused by integration and reorganization of our businesses and efforts to improve our IT capabilities, as well as the related expenses and/or charges;
- currency fluctuations in countries in which we operate;
- competitive conditions in our industry, which may affect the prices charged and terms and conditions imposed by our suppliers and/or competitors and the prices we charge our customers, which in turn may negatively affect our revenues and/or gross margins;
- general changes in economic or geopolitical conditions, including changes in legislative or regulatory environments in which we operate;
- seasonal variations in the demand for our products and services, which historically have included lower demand in Europe during the summer months, worldwide pre-holiday stocking in the retail channel during the September-to-December period and the seasonal increase in demand for our North American fee-based commerce and fulfillment services in the fourth quarter, which affect our operating expenses and gross margins;
- changes in product mix, including entry or expansion into new markets, as well as the exit or retraction of certain business;
- variations in our levels of excess inventory and doubtful accounts, and changes in the terms of vendor-sponsored programs such as price protection and return rights;
- changes in the level of our operating expenses;
- variations in the mix of profits between multiple jurisdictions including losses in certain tax jurisdictions in which we are not able to record a tax benefit, and changes in assessments of uncertain tax positions or changes in the valuation allowances on our deferred tax assets, which could affect our provision for taxes and effective tax rate;
- the impact of acquisitions and divestitures;
- unexpected events or the resolution of existing uncertainties, including, but not limited to, litigation, or regulatory matters;
- the loss or consolidation of one or more of our major suppliers or customers;
- product supply constraints; and
- interest rate fluctuations and/or credit market volatility, which may increase our borrowing costs and may influence the willingness or ability of customers and end-users to purchase products and services.

Historical variations in our business may not be indicative of future trends. In addition, our narrow operating margins may magnify the impact of the foregoing factors on our operating results. We believe that you should not rely on period-to-period comparisons of our operating results as an indication of future performance. In addition, the results of any quarterly period are not indicative of results to be expected for a full fiscal year.



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### Liquidity and Capital Resources

#### Cash Flows

We finance our working capital needs and investments in the business largely through net income before noncash items, available cash, trade and supplier credit and various financing facilities. As a distributor, our business requires significant investment in working capital, particularly trade accounts receivable and inventory, which is partially financed by vendor trade accounts payable. As a general rule, when sales volumes are increasing, our net investment in working capital dollars typically increases, which generally results in decreased cash flow generated from operating activities. Conversely, when sales volume decreases, our net investment in working capital decreases, which generally results in increases in cash flows generated from operating activities. Our working capital days at the end of the third quarter of 2016 was 26 days compared to 21 days at the end of the 2015 fiscal year, 25 days at the end of the third quarter of 2015, and 25 days at the end of the 2014 fiscal year.

The following is a detailed discussion of our cash flows for the first nine months of 2016 and 2015.

Operating activities used net cash of \$136,900 in the first nine months of 2016 compared to net cash provided of \$965,881 in the first nine months of 2015. The significant net cash provided from operations in the first nine months of 2015 largely reflected the exit of portions of our mobility business in 2015 which accelerated our working capital reductions from the elevated 2014 year-end levels. Our 2016 cash flow represents a more normalized trend of working capital and typical working capital day increases from year-end, primarily attributed to a slower movement of inventories in the first nine months of 2016 in anticipation of a seasonally strong fourth quarter.

Investing activities used net cash of \$219,756 in the first nine months of 2016 compared to \$193,732 in the first nine months of 2015. The cash used by investing activities in the first nine months of 2016 was primarily driven by our acquisitions of \$173,311 and capital expenditures of \$80,229. The use of cash was partially offset by proceeds from the sale of affiliate of \$27,847 in the first nine months of 2016. The cash used in investing activities in the first nine months of 2015 was primarily related to acquisitions of \$100,855, and capital expenditures of \$99,022.

Financing activities provided net cash of \$96,802 in the first nine months of 2016 compared to cash used of \$509,705 in the first nine months of 2015. The net cash provided by financing activities in the first nine months of 2016 primarily reflects the net proceeds of our revolving credit and other facilities of \$87,160, and the excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation of \$8,437. The net cash used by financing activities in the first nine months of 2015 primarily reflect net repayments of our revolving credit facilities of \$301,156, and the repurchase of common stock for \$205,608.

Our levels of debt and cash and cash equivalents are highly influenced by our working capital needs. As such, our cash and cash equivalents balances and borrowings fluctuate at each quarter end and may also fluctuate significantly within a quarter. The fluctuation is the result of the concentration of payments received from customers toward the end of each month, as well as the timing of payments made to our vendors. Accordingly, our period-end debt and cash balances may not be reflective of our average levels or maximum debt and/or minimum cash levels during the periods presented or at any other point in time.

#### Capital Resources

We have a range of financing facilities which are diversified by type, maturity and geographic region with various financial institutions worldwide with a total capacity of approximately \$4,427,220, of which \$1,326,789 was outstanding, at October 1, 2016. These facilities have staggered maturities through 2024. Our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$689,076 and \$935,267 at October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, respectively, of which \$387,771 and \$572,296, respectively, resided in operations outside of the U.S. We currently intend to use these funds to finance our foreign operations. Additionally, our ability to repatriate these funds to the U.S. in an economical manner may be limited. Our cash balances are deposited and/or invested with various financial institutions globally that we endeavor to monitor regularly for credit quality. However, we are exposed to risk of loss on funds deposited with the various financial institutions and money market mutual funds and we may experience significant disruptions in our liquidity needs if one or more of these financial institutions were to suffer bankruptcy or similar restructuring. As of October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, we had book overdrafts of \$366,975 and \$428,628 respectively, representing checks issued on disbursement bank accounts but not yet paid by such banks. These amounts are classified as accounts payable in our consolidated balance sheet and are typically paid by the banks in a relatively short period of time.



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We believe that our existing sources of liquidity provide sufficient resources to meet our capital requirements, including the potential need to post cash collateral for identified contingencies (see Note 13, "Commitments and Contingencies" to our consolidated financial statements and Item 1. "Legal Proceedings" under Part II. "Other Information" for further discussion of identified contingencies), for at least the next twelve months. We currently anticipate that the cash used for debt repayments will come from our current domestic cash, cash generated from on-going U.S. operating activities and from borrowings. Nevertheless, depending on capital and credit market conditions, we may from time to time seek to increase or decrease our available capital resources through changes in our debt or other financing facilities. Finally, since the capital and credit markets can be volatile, we may be limited in our ability to replace in a timely manner maturing credit facilities and other indebtedness on terms acceptable to us, or at all, or to access committed capacities due to the inability of our finance partners to meet their commitments to us. The following is a detailed discussion of our various financing facilities.

In December 2014, we issued through a public offering \$500,000 of 4.95% senior unsecured notes due 2024, resulting in cash proceeds of \$494,995, net of discount and issuance costs of \$1,755 and \$3,250, respectively. Interest on the notes is payable semiannually in arrears on June 15 and December 15. At October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, our senior secured notes due 2024 had a carrying value of \$494,898 and \$494,432, respectively, net of unamortized discount of \$1,438 and \$1,569, respectively, and net of unamortized deferred financing costs of \$3,664 and \$3,999, respectively.

In August 2012, we issued through a public offering \$300,000 of 5.00% senior unsecured notes due 2022, resulting in cash proceeds of \$296,256, net of discount and issuance costs of \$1,794 and \$1,950, respectively. Interest on the notes is payable semiannually in arrears on February 10 and August 10. At October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, our senior unsecured notes due 2022 had a carrying value of \$297,276 and \$296,928, respectively, net of unamortized discount of \$1,052 and \$1,187, respectively, and net of unamortized deferred financing costs of \$1,672 and \$1,885, respectively.

At October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, our senior unsecured notes due 2017 had a carrying value of \$299,615 and \$299,313, respectively, net of unamortized deferred financing costs of \$385 and \$687, respectively. Interest on these notes is payable semiannually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year. These notes may be redeemed by us in whole at any time or in part from time to time, at our option, at redemption prices that are designated in the terms and conditions of the respective notes. At October 1, 2016, these notes were classified as short-term debt in our consolidated balance sheet because they have a maturity date of September 1, 2017.

On October 21, 2016, we entered into the Supplemental Indentures to the Original Indentures with respect to our senior unsecured notes due 2017, our senior unsecured notes due 2022 and our senior unsecured notes due 2024, each between us and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee. The effectiveness of each Supplemental Indenture is subject to the consummation of the Merger contemplated by the Merger Agreement with Tianjin Tianhai, in addition to other customary closing conditions. The Supplemental Indentures amend the Original Indentures to, among other things, limit our ability to make payments to our direct or indirect shareholders following consummation of the Merger, substantially consistent with our revolving senior unsecured credit facility. The foregoing description of the Supplemental Indentures does not purport to be complete. Each Supplemental Indenture is filed as exhibits 4.1 and 4.2, respectively, to our current report on Form 8-K filed on October 24, 2016.

We have a revolving trade accounts receivable-backed financing program in North America which provides for up to \$675,000 in borrowing capacity. On April 15, 2015, we extended the maturity of this program from November 2015 to April 2018. Subject to the financial institutions' approval and availability of eligible receivables, this program may be increased by \$250,000 in accordance with the extended terms of the program. The interest rate of this program is dependent on designated commercial paper rates (or, in certain circumstances, an alternate rate) plus a predetermined margin. We had no borrowings at October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016 under this North American financing program. On October 21, 2016, we entered into Omnibus Amendment No. 4. The effectiveness of Omnibus Amendment No. 4 is subject to the consummation of the Merger contemplated by the Merger Agreement with Tianjin Tianhai, in addition to other customary closing conditions. Pursuant to Omnibus Amendment No. 4, the purchasers under this program waive any termination event existing as a result of the consummation of the Merger. In addition, Omnibus Amendment No. 4 amends or adds certain financial covenants applicable to this program. The foregoing description



of Omnibus Amendment No. 4 does not purport to be complete. A copy of Omnibus Amendment No. 4 is filed as exhibit 10.2 to our current report on Form 8-K filed on October 24, 2016.

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We also have two revolving trade accounts receivable-backed financing programs in Europe and in Asia-Pacific as follows:

- a) A program which provides for a maximum borrowing capacity of up to €105,000, or approximately \$117,894 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates, maturing in January 2017.
- b) A program which provides for a maximum borrowing capacity of up to 160,000 Australian dollars, or approximately \$122,608 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates, maturing in June 2017.

The current programs require certain commitment fees, and borrowings under these programs incur financing costs based on the local short-term bank indicator rate for the currency in which the drawing is made plus a predetermined margin. At October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, we had borrowings of \$61,304 and \$0, respectively, under these three financing programs.

Our ability to access financing under all of our trade accounts receivable-backed financing programs in North America, Europe and Asia-Pacific, as discussed above, is dependent upon the level of eligible trade accounts receivable as well as continued covenant compliance. We may lose access to all or part of our financing under these programs under certain circumstances, including: (a) a reduction in sales volumes leading to related lower levels of eligible trade accounts receivable; (b) failure to meet certain defined eligibility criteria for the trade accounts receivable, such as receivables remaining assignable and free of liens and dispute or set-off rights; (c) performance of our trade accounts receivable; and/or (d) loss of credit insurance coverage for our European and Asia-Pacific facilities. At October 1, 2016, our actual aggregate capacity under these programs was approximately \$915,502 based on eligible trade accounts receivable available, of which \$61,304 of such capacity was used. Even if we do not borrow, or choose not to borrow to the full available capacity of certain programs, most of our trade accounts receivable-backed financing programs prohibit us from assigning, transferring or pledging the underlying eligible receivables as collateral for other financing programs. At October 1, 2016, the amount of trade accounts receivable which would be restricted in this regard totaled approximately \$1,583,749.

We have a \$1,500,000 revolving senior unsecured credit facility from a syndicate of multinational banks with a maturity date of January 2020. The total commitment of this facility can be further increased by \$350,000, subject to certain conditions. The interest rate on this facility is based on LIBOR plus a predetermined margin based on our debt ratings and leverage ratio. We had no borrowings at October 1, 2016 or January 2, 2016 under this revolving senior unsecured credit facility. This credit facility may also be used to issue letters of credit. At October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, letters of credit of \$0 and \$8,499, respectively, were issued to certain vendors and financial institutions to support purchases by our subsidiaries, payment of insurance premiums and flooring arrangements. Our available capacity under the agreement is reduced by the amount of any outstanding letters of credit. On October 19, 2016, we entered into Amendment No. 3. The effectiveness of Amendment No. 3 is subject to the consummation of the Merger contemplated by the Merger Agreement with Tianjin Tianhai, in addition to other customary closing conditions. Amendment No. 3 provides that, among other things, (i) the Lenders party to Amendment No. 3 waive prepayment of their loans as a result of the consummation of the Merger and agree to continue as Lenders with aggregate commitments reduced from \$1,500,000 to \$1,050,000, (ii) our ability to make payments to our direct or indirect shareholders following consummation of the Merger will be further limited, including under amendments to the Restricted Payments provisions of the credit facility and (iii) the amendment or addition of certain financial covenants of this revolving senior unsecured credit facility. The foregoing description of Amendment No. 3 does not purport to be complete. A copy of Amendment No. 3 is filed as exhibit 10.1 to our current report on Form 8-K filed on October 24, 2016.

We also have additional lines of credit, short-term overdraft facilities and other credit facilities with various financial institutions worldwide, which provide for borrowing capacity aggregating approximately \$919,929 at October 1, 2016. Most are on an uncommitted basis and are reviewed periodically for renewal. At October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, respectively, we had \$173,696 and \$134,132 outstanding under these facilities. The weighted average interest rate on the outstanding borrowings under these facilities, which may fluctuate depending on geographic mix, was 7.5% and 6.8% per annum at October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, respectively. At October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, letters of credit totaling \$76,007 and \$54,879, respectively, were issued to various customs agencies and landlords to support our subsidiaries. Issuing these letters of credit reduces our available capacity under these

agreements by the same amount.

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### Covenant Compliance

We are required to comply with certain financial covenants under the terms of certain of our financing facilities, including restrictions on funded debt and liens and covenants related to tangible net worth, leverage and interest coverage ratios and trade accounts receivable portfolio performance including metrics related to receivables and payables. We are also restricted by other covenants, including, but not limited to, restrictions on the amount of additional indebtedness we can incur, dividends we can pay, and the amount of common stock that we can repurchase annually. At October 1, 2016, we were in compliance with all material covenants or other material requirements in all of our financing facilities.

### Trade Accounts Receivable Factoring Programs

We have several uncommitted factoring programs under which trade accounts receivable of several large customers may be sold, without recourse, to financial institutions. Available capacity under these programs is dependent on the amount of trade accounts receivable already sold to and held by financial institutions, the level of our trade accounts receivable eligible to be sold into these programs and the financial institutions' willingness to purchase such receivables. At October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, we had a total of \$217,857 and \$388,358, respectively, of trade accounts receivable sold to and held by the financial institutions under these programs.

### Contractual Obligations and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

There have been no significant changes in our contractual obligations from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 2, 2016 other than those noted in this "Capital Resources" section.

### Dividends Paid to Shareholders

On July 30, 2015, we announced that our Board of Directors had authorized the adoption of a quarterly cash dividend policy. Under the cash dividend policy, holders of our common stock receive dividends as declared by our Board of Directors. During the thirteen weeks ended October 3, 2015, we declared a cash dividend of \$0.10 per share, totaling \$15,196, which was paid on September 15, 2015. We may modify, suspend or cancel our cash dividend policy in any manner and at any time. We have discontinued these dividends paid to shareholders due to the Merger Agreement with Tianjin Tianhai.

### Share Repurchase Program

In July 2015, our Board of Directors authorized a three-year, \$300,000 share repurchase program, which supplements our previously authorized \$400,000 share repurchase program which was completely utilized in 2015. Our \$300,000 share repurchase program expires on July 29, 2018, and had \$165,068 remaining for repurchase at October 1, 2016. Under our share repurchase programs, we repurchased 6,363 and 8,032 shares of Class A Common Stock, respectively, for consideration of \$161,399 and \$205,608, respectively, during the thirteen and thirty-nine weeks ended October 3, 2015. We have discontinued this program due to the Merger Agreement with Tianjin Tianhai. In the event that the merger is not consummated for any reason, resumption of the share repurchase program will be at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

### Other Matters

See Note 13, "Commitments and Contingencies", to our consolidated financial statements and Item 1. "Legal Proceedings" under Part II "Other Information" for discussion of other matters.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There were no material changes in our quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk for the thirty-nine weeks ended October 1, 2016 from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 2, 2016. For further discussion of quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk, reference is made to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 2, 2016.

### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Our management evaluated, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the last fiscal quarter covered by this report that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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Part II. Other Information

Unless otherwise indicated, currency amounts in Part II are stated in thousands.

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Our Brazilian subsidiary received a 2005 Federal import tax assessment claiming certain commercial taxes totaling Brazilian Reais 12,714 (\$3,917 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) were due on the import of software acquired from international vendors for the period January through September of 2002. After exhausting remedies at the administrative level we plan to vigorously challenge the assessment in court, which may require us to post collateral for the amount in dispute. We continue to maintain a reserve for the full tax amount assessed at October 1, 2016.

Our Brazilian subsidiary has also received a number of additional tax assessments, including the following that have a reasonable possibility of a loss: (1) a 2007 Sao Paulo Municipal tax assessment claiming service taxes were due on the resale of acquired software covering years 2002 through 2006, for a total amount of Brazilian Reais 55,083 (\$16,968 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) in principal and associated penalties; (2) a 2011 Federal income tax assessment, a portion of which claims statutory penalties totaling Brazilian Reais 15,947 (\$4,912 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) for delays in providing certain electronic files during the audit of tax years 2008 and 2009; (3) a 2012 Sao Paulo municipal tax assessment claiming service taxes due on the importation of software covering the year 2007 for a total amount of Brazilian Reais 2,263 (\$697 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) in principal and associated penalties; and (4) a 2013 Sao Paulo municipal tax assessment claiming service taxes due on the importation of software covering the years 2008, 2009, 2010 and January through May 2011 for a total amount of Brazilian Reais 8,100 (\$2,495 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) in principal and associated penalties. After working with our advisors, we believe the other matters noted above do not represent a probable loss.

In addition to the amounts described above, it is reasonably possible that incremental charges for penalties, interest and inflationary adjustments could be imposed in an amount up to Brazilian Reais 298,330 (\$91,901 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) for these matters. We believe we have good defenses against each matter and do not believe it is probable that we will suffer a material loss for these matters.

In connection with the due diligence performed during the acquisition of Acão, we also identified a Sao Paulo Municipal Tax assessment claiming service taxes on the resale of acquired software and professional services covering years 2003 through 2008, for a total amount of Brazilian Reais 67,200 (\$20,701 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) in principal and associated interest and penalties. In working with our advisors, we concluded that the portion of the assessment associated with the resale of professional services has a probable risk of loss under existing Brazilian law, while also concluding, consistent with the assessment noted in (1) above that the risk of loss associated with the resale of software is not probable. In structuring our acquisition, Brazilian Reais 76,204 (\$23,475 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates) of the purchase price was placed into an escrow account pending conclusion of litigation on this matter. Based on the terms of the escrow, we have accrued Brazilian Reais 7,500 (\$2,310 at October 1, 2016 exchange rates), which is the negotiated amount of liability we agreed to cover should the Brazilian courts ultimately conclude Acão was required to pay this service tax.

On March 8, 2016, a putative stockholder class action suit captioned Scheiner v. Ingram Micro Inc. et al., 30-2016-00839447-CU-SL-CXC CXC, was filed in the Superior Court in Orange County, California. The complaint named as defendants Ingram Micro, its directors, Tianjin Tianhai and Merger Subsidiary. The complaint asserted that Ingram Micro's directors breached their fiduciary duties by failing to maximize stockholder value in negotiating and approving the merger agreement, by agreeing to supposedly unfair deal protection devices and by allegedly acting in a self-interested manner. The complaint also generally alleged that Tianjin Tianhai, Ingram Micro and Merger Subsidiary aided and abetted such purported breaches of fiduciary duty. The complaint sought, among other relief, class certification and injunctive relief blocking consummation of the merger. On May 16, 2016, plaintiff filed a request for voluntary dismissal of the action without prejudice. On May 17, 2016, the court indicated that it would dismiss the action as requested.

On May 25, 2016, plaintiff refiled his lawsuit in the Court of Chancery in the State of Delaware with a motion for expedited proceedings. The Delaware complaint reasserts the claims raised in the California complaint against Ingram Micro, its directors, Tianjin Tianhai and merger sub, and further alleges that Ingram Micro's directors breached their

fiduciary duties by entering into confidentiality agreements containing standstill provisions with interested parties. In addition, the Delaware complaint alleges that Ingram Micro's May 19, 2016 proxy statement failed to disclose material information concerning (1) the sales process and (2) the financial analysis performed by the Board's financial advisor. The Delaware complaint seeks, among other relief, class certification and injunctive relief blocking consummation of the merger. On June 2, 2016, Ingram Micro filed a Schedule 14A with supplemental disclosures to its proxy statement. Ingram Micro and the other defendants have not yet been required to respond to the Delaware complaint or the motion for expedited proceedings. Ingram Micro believes this action is without merit.

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Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A. “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 2, 2016, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 2, 2016. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business financial condition and/or operating results.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(a) Not applicable

(b) Not applicable

(c) Not applicable

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

| No.      | Description   |
|----------|---|
| 4.1      | First Supplemental Indenture, dated October 21, 2016, to the Indenture, dated as of August 19, 2010 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Ingram Micro Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 24, 2016)                |
| 4.2      | First Supplemental Indenture, dated October 21, 2016, to the Indenture, dated as of August 10, 2012 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Ingram Micro Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 24, 2016)                |
| 10.1     | Amendment No. 3 and Waiver to Credit Agreement, dated October 19, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Ingram Micro Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 24, 2016)  |
| 10.2     | Omnibus Amendment No. 4, dated October 21, 2016, to Receivables Purchase Agreement and Receivables Sale Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Ingram Micro Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 24, 2016) |
| 31.1     | Certification by Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (“SOX”)  |
| 31.2     | Certification by Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of SOX   |
| 32.1     | Certification pursuant to Section 906 of SOX  |
| 101.INS* | XBRL Instance Document  |
| 101.SCH* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document   |
| 101.CAL* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document   |
| 101.DEF* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document  |
| 101.LAB* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document   |
| 101.PRE* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document  |

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Pursuant to applicable securities laws and regulations, we are deemed to have complied with the reporting obligation relating to the submission of interactive data files in such exhibits and are not subject to liability under any anti-fraud provisions of the federal securities laws as long as we have made a good faith attempt to comply with the submission requirements and promptly amend the interactive data files after becoming aware that the interactive data files fail to comply with the submission requirements. Users of this data are advised that, pursuant to Rule 406T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed and otherwise are not subject to liability.





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Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

INGRAM MICRO INC.

By: /s/ William D. Humes

Name: William D. Humes

Title: Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

October 27, 2016

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EXHIBIT INDEX

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| 101.INS* | XBRL Instance Document  |
| 101.SCH* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document   |
| 101.CAL* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document   |
| 101.DEF* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document  |
| 101.LAB* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document   |
| 101.PRE* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document  |

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