

RITE AID CORP  
Form 10-Q  
July 03, 2014

Use these links to rapidly review the document  
[RITE AID CORPORATION TABLE OF CONTENTS](#)

[Table of Contents](#)

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended May 31, 2014

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
Commission File Number: 1-5742

**RITE AID CORPORATION**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**23-1614034**  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**30 Hunter Lane,  
Camp Hill, Pennsylvania**  
(Address of principal executive offices)

**17011**  
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(717) 761-2633**.

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report):

**Not Applicable**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer       Accelerated filer       Non-accelerated filer       Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a  
smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange act). Yes  No

The registrant had 979,895,316 shares of its \$1.00 par value common stock outstanding as of June 25, 2014.

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Table of Contents

**RITE AID CORPORATION**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	<u>Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements</u>	<u>2</u>
	<b><u>PART I</u></b>	
	<b><u>FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u></b>	
<u>ITEM 1.</u>	<u>Financial Statements (unaudited):</u>	
	<u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of May 31, 2014 and March 1, 2014</u>	<u>3</u>
	<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013</u>	<u>4</u>
	<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013</u>	<u>5</u>
	<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013</u>	<u>6</u>
	<u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	<u>7</u>
<u>ITEM 2.</u>	<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	<u>22</u>
<u>ITEM 3.</u>	<u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	<u>30</u>
<u>ITEM 4.</u>	<u>Controls and Procedures</u>	<u>31</u>
	<b><u>PART II</u></b>	
	<b><u>OTHER INFORMATION</u></b>	
<u>ITEM 1.</u>	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>ITEM 1A.</u>	<u>Risk Factors</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>ITEM 2.</u>	<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>ITEM 3.</u>	<u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>ITEM 4.</u>	<u>Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>ITEM 5.</u>	<u>Other Information</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>ITEM 6.</u>	<u>Exhibits</u>	<u>33</u>

Table of Contents

**CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This report, as well as our other public filings or public statements, include forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are often identified by terms and phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "intend," "estimate," "expect," "continue," "should," "could," "may," "plan," "project," "predict," "will" and similar expressions and include references to assumptions and relate to our future prospects, developments and business strategies.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

our high level of indebtedness;

our ability to make interest and principal payments on our debt and satisfy the other covenants contained in our senior secured credit facility, second priority secured term loan facilities and other debt agreements;

general economic conditions (including the impact of continued high unemployment and changing consumer behavior), inflation and interest rate movements;

our ability to improve the operating performance of our stores in accordance with our long term strategy;

our ability to maintain or grow prescription count and realize front-end sales growth;

our ability to hire and retain qualified personnel;

the continued impact of private and public third party payors reduction in prescription drug reimbursement and efforts to encourage mail order and limit access to payor networks;

competitive pricing pressures, including aggressive promotional activity from our competitors;

our ability to achieve the benefits of our efforts to reduce the costs of our generic drugs;

decisions to close additional stores and distribution centers or undertake additional refinancing activities, which could result in further charges to our operating statement;

our ability to manage expenses and working capital;

continued consolidation of the drugstore and the pharmacy benefit management industries;

changes in state or federal legislation or regulations, and the continued impact from the ongoing implementation of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act as well as other healthcare reform;

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the outcome of lawsuits and governmental investigations; and

other risks and uncertainties described from time to time in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

We undertake no obligation to update or revise the forward-looking statements included in this report, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, after the date of this report. Our actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from the results expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences are discussed in the section entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" either included herein or in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 1, 2014 (the "Fiscal 2014 10-K"), as well as in the "Risk Factors" section of the Fiscal 2014 10-K, which we filed with the SEC on April 23, 2014 and is available on the SEC's website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

Table of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. Financial Statements**

**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

	May 31, 2014	March 1, 2014
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 166,003	\$ 146,406
Accounts receivable, net	910,624	949,062
Inventories, net of LIFO reserve of \$1,020,126 and \$1,018,581	2,933,316	2,993,948
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	188,593	195,709
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>4,198,536</b>	<b>4,285,125</b>
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,974,204	1,957,329
Goodwill	83,971	
Other intangibles, net	420,507	431,227
Other assets	269,299	271,190
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 6,946,517</b>	<b>\$ 6,944,871</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Current maturities of long-term debt and lease financing obligations	\$ 112,818	\$ 49,174
Accounts payable	1,364,271	1,292,419
Accrued salaries, wages and other current liabilities	1,078,442	1,165,859
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>2,555,531</b>	<b>2,507,452</b>
Long-term debt, less current maturities	5,519,580	5,632,798
Lease financing obligations, less current maturities	71,988	75,171
Other noncurrent liabilities	845,772	843,152
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>8,992,871</b>	<b>9,058,573</b>
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' deficit:		
	978,038	971,331

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Common stock, par value \$1 per share; 1,500,000 authorized; shares issued and outstanding 978,038 and 971,331		
Additional paid-in capital	4,486,685	4,468,149
Accumulated deficit	(7,474,402)	(7,515,848)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(36,675)	(37,334)
<b>Total stockholders' deficit</b>	<b>(2,046,354)</b>	<b>(2,113,702)</b>
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$ 6,946,517	\$ 6,944,871

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

	<b>Thirteen Week Period Ended</b>	
	<b>May 31, 2014</b>	<b>June 1, 2013</b>
Revenues	\$ 6,465,531	\$ 6,293,057
Costs and expenses:		
Cost of goods sold	4,662,552	4,472,066
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,644,354	1,609,261
Lease termination and impairment charges	4,848	10,972
Interest expense	100,820	113,064
Gain on sale of assets, net	(370)	(5,180)
	6,412,204	6,200,183
Income before income taxes	53,327	92,874
Income tax expense	11,881	3,212
Net income	\$ 41,446	\$ 89,662
Computation of income attributable to common stockholders:		
Net income	\$ 41,446	\$ 89,662
Accretion of redeemable preferred stock		(25)
Cumulative preferred stock dividends		(2,732)
Income attributable to common stockholders basic	41,446	86,905
Add back interest on convertible notes		1,364
Add back cumulative preferred stock dividends		2,732
Income attributable to common stockholders diluted	\$ 41,446	\$ 91,001
Basic income per share	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.10



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Diluted income per share	\$	0.04	\$	0.09
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See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME****(In thousands)****(unaudited)**

	<b>Thirteen Week Period Ended</b>	
	<b>May 31, 2014</b>	<b>June 1, 2013</b>
Net income	\$ 41,446	\$ 89,662
Other comprehensive income:		
Defined benefit pension plans:		
Amortization of prior service cost, net transition obligation and net actuarial losses included in net periodic pension cost	659	1,263
<b>Total other comprehensive income</b>	<b>659</b>	<b>1,263</b>
 Comprehensive income	 \$ 42,105	 \$ 90,925

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(In thousands)****(unaudited)**

	<b>Thirteen Week Period Ended</b>	
	<b>May 31, 2014</b>	<b>June 1, 2013</b>
<b>Operating activities:</b>		
Net income	\$ 41,446	\$ 89,662
<b>Adjustments to reconcile to net cash provided by operating activities:</b>		
Depreciation and amortization	103,105	101,246
Lease termination and impairment charges	4,848	10,972
LIFO charges	1,545	12,000
Gain on sale of assets, net	(370)	(5,180)
Stock-based compensation expense	4,156	4,240
Excess tax benefit on stock options and restricted stock	(10,522)	
<b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</b>		
Accounts receivable	41,347	47,797
Inventories	59,375	6,935
Accounts payable	86,324	(15,547)
Other assets and liabilities, net	(91,506)	(67,678)
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>239,748</b>	<b>184,447</b>
<b>Investing activities:</b>		
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(94,342)	(80,906)
Intangible assets acquired	(19,586)	(11,786)
Acquisition of Health Dialog and RediClinic, net of cash acquired	(65,306)	
Proceeds from sale-leaseback transactions		3,989
Proceeds from dispositions of assets and investments	1,873	6,610
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(177,361)</b>	<b>(82,093)</b>
<b>Financing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	1,152,293	
Net repayments to revolver	(49,000)	(123,000)
Principal payments on long-term debt	(1,157,443)	(4,378)
Change in zero balance cash accounts	(8,578)	(867)
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	10,904	6,744
Excess tax benefit on stock options and restricted stock	10,522	
Deferred financing costs paid	(1,488)	(1,403)
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>	<b>(42,790)</b>	<b>(122,904)</b>

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Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	19,597	(20,550)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	146,406	129,452

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 166,003	\$ 108,902
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Supplementary cash flow data:

Cash paid for interest (net of capitalized amounts of \$49 and \$58, respectively)	\$ 90,584	\$ 88,908
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Cash payments of income taxes, net of refunds	\$ 795	\$ (1,173)
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Equipment financed under capital leases	\$ 1,683	\$ 5,373
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Preferred stock dividends paid in additional shares	\$	\$ 2,732
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Gross borrowings from revolver	\$ 825,000	\$ 755,000
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Gross repayments to revolver	\$ 874,000	\$ 878,000
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See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013**

**(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)**

**(unaudited)**

**1. Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X and therefore do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete annual financial statements. The accompanying financial information reflects all adjustments which are of a recurring nature and, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods. The results of operations for the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Rite Aid Corporation and Subsidiaries (the "Company") Fiscal 2014 10-K.

**New Accounting Pronouncements**

In July 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-11, *Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit when a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists*. ASU No. 2013-11 requires an entity to present unrecognized tax benefits as a reduction to deferred tax assets when a net operating loss carryforward, similar tax loss or a tax credit carryforward exists, with limited exceptions. ASU No. 2013-11 is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2013, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. This pronouncement had no effect on the financial statements as the Company has historically presented uncertain tax positions in accordance with ASU No. 2013-11.

In May 2013, the FASB issued a proposed Accounting Standards Update, *Leases* (Topic 842): a revision of the 2010 proposed Accounting Standards Update, *Leases* (Topic 840), that would require an entity to recognize assets and liabilities arising under lease contracts on the balance sheet. The proposed standard, as currently drafted, will have a material impact on the Company's reported results of operations and financial position.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. This ASU supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in Accounting Standards Codification 605 Revenue Recognition and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Codification. The standard requires that an entity recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the adoption of ASU 2014-09 on its financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

**2. Acquisitions**

On April 1, 2014, the Company acquired Boston based Health Dialog Services Corporation, which is engaged in providing health coaching, shared decision making and healthcare analytics from Bupa, a

Table of Contents

**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013**

**(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)**

**(unaudited)**

**2. Acquisitions (Continued)**

London based international healthcare services group. Health Dialog will operate as a 100 percent owned subsidiary of the Company.

On April 10, 2014, the Company acquired Houston based RediClinic, which is engaged in the operation of 30 retail clinics in the greater Houston, Austin and San Antonio areas. RediClinic will operate as a 100 percent owned subsidiary of the Company.

The Company paid a combined amount of \$65,306, net of cash acquired of \$19,865, related to the acquisitions of Health Dialog and RediClinic (collectively "acquisitions"). The preliminary purchase accounting for the acquisitions resulted in goodwill of \$83,971, relating to expected future synergies and operating efficiencies, with the remaining amount allocated to tangible assets, less liabilities assumed. Such amounts are not significant. This allocation is subject to change as the Company finalizes purchase accounting.

Operating results of the acquisitions have been included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations from their respective acquisition dates forward in the Company's sole retail drug segment. Pro forma information for the acquisitions is not presented as their results are immaterial to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

**3. Income Per Share**

Basic income per share is computed by dividing income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Diluted income per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common

Table of Contents

## RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013

(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

**3. Income Per Share (Continued)**

stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the income of the Company subject to anti-dilution limitations.

	Thirteen Week Period Ended	
	May 31, 2014	June 1, 2013
Numerator for income per share:		
Net income	\$ 41,446	\$ 89,662
Accretion of redeemable preferred stock		(25)
Cumulative preferred stock dividends		(2,732)
Income attributable to common stockholders basic	\$ 41,446	\$ 86,905
Add back interest on convertible notes		1,364
Add back cumulative preferred stock dividends		2,732
Income attributable to common stockholders diluted	\$ 41,446	\$ 91,001
Denominator:		
Basic weighted average shares	963,332	893,871
Outstanding options and restricted shares, net	33,222	38,812
Convertible notes		24,800
Convertible preferred stock		33,605
Diluted weighted average shares	996,554	991,088
Basic income per share	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.10
Diluted income per share	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.09

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Due to their antidilutive effect, the following potential common shares have been excluded from the computation of diluted income per share as of May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013:

	Thirteen Week Period Ended	
	May 31, 2014	June 1, 2013
Stock options		49,324
Convertible notes	24,800	
	24,800	49,324



Table of Contents**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013****(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)****(unaudited)****4. Lease Termination and Impairment Charges**

Lease termination and impairment charges consist of amounts as follows:

	<b>Thirteen Week Period Ended</b>	
	<b>May 31, 2014</b>	<b>June 1, 2013</b>
Impairment charges	\$ 151	\$ 4,601
Lease termination charges	4,697	6,371
	<b>\$ 4,848</b>	<b>\$ 10,972</b>

**Impairment Charges**

These amounts include the write-down of long-lived assets at locations that were assessed for impairment because of management's intention to relocate or close the location or because of changes in circumstances that indicated the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable.

**Lease Termination Charges**

As part of the Company's ongoing business activities, the Company assesses stores and distribution centers for potential closure or relocation. Decisions to close or relocate stores or distribution centers in future periods would result in lease termination charges, lease exit costs and inventory liquidation charges, as well as impairment of assets at these locations. The following table reflects the closed store and distribution center charges that relate to new closures, changes in assumptions and interest accretion:

	<b>Thirteen Week Period Ended</b>	
	<b>May 31, 2014</b>	<b>June 1, 2013</b>
Balance beginning of period	\$ 284,270	\$ 323,758
Provision for present value of noncancellable lease payments of closed stores	142	393
Changes in assumptions about future sublease income, terminations and changes in interest rates	(427)	520
Interest accretion	4,982	5,458
Cash payments, net of sublease income	(18,645)	(18,118)
Balance end of period	<b>\$ 270,322</b>	<b>\$ 312,011</b>

**5. Fair Value Measurements**

The Company utilizes the three-level valuation hierarchy for the recognition and disclosure of fair value measurements. The categorization of assets and liabilities within this hierarchy is based upon the

Table of Contents**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013****(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)****(unaudited)****5. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)**

lowest level of input that is significant to the measurement of fair value. The three levels of the hierarchy consist of the following:

Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices in markets that are not active or inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the instrument.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable inputs based upon management's best estimate of inputs market participants could use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date, including assumptions about risk.

**Non-Financial Assets Measured on a Non-Recurring Basis**

Long-lived non-financial assets are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis for purposes of calculating impairment using Level 2 and Level 3 inputs as defined in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of long-lived assets using Level 2 inputs is determined by evaluating the current economic conditions in the geographic area for similar use assets. The fair value of long-lived assets using Level 3 inputs is determined by estimating the amount and timing of net future cash flows (which are unobservable inputs) and discounting them using a risk-adjusted rate of interest (which is Level 1). The Company estimates future cash flows based on its experience and knowledge of the market in which the store is located. Significant increases or decreases in actual cash flows may result in valuation changes. During the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014, long-lived assets from continuing operations with a carrying value of \$358, primarily store assets, were written down to their fair value of \$207, resulting in an impairment charge of \$151. During the thirteen week period ended June 1, 2013, long-lived assets from continuing operations with a carrying value of \$17,508, primarily store assets, were written down to their fair value of \$12,907, resulting in an impairment charge of \$4,601. If our actual future cash flows differ from our projections materially, certain stores that are either not impaired or partially impaired in the current period may be further impaired in future periods.

The following table presents fair values for those assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013:

	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total as of
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	May 31, 2014
Long-lived assets held for use	\$	\$	\$ 207	\$ 207
Long-lived assets held for sale	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 207</b>	<b>\$ 207</b>



Table of Contents**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013****(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)****(unaudited)****5. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)**

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total as of June 1, 2013
Long-lived assets held for use	\$	\$	\$ 592	\$ 592
Long-lived assets held for sale	\$	\$ 12,315	\$	\$ 12,315
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 12,315</b>	<b>\$ 592</b>	<b>\$ 12,907</b>

As of May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013, the Company did not have any financial assets measured on a recurring basis.

**Other Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments other than long-term indebtedness include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable. These instruments are recorded at book value, which we believe approximate their fair values due to their short term nature.

The fair value for LIBOR-based borrowings under the Company's senior secured credit facility and first and second lien term loans are estimated based on the quoted market price of the financial instrument which is considered Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair values of substantially all of the Company's other long-term indebtedness are estimated based on quoted market prices of the financial instruments which are considered Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The carrying amount and estimated fair value of the Company's total long-term indebtedness was \$5,600,616 and \$6,066,108, respectively, as of May 31, 2014. There were no outstanding derivative financial instruments as of May 31, 2014 and March 1, 2014.

**6. Income Taxes**

The Company recorded an income tax expense of \$11,881 and \$3,212 for the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013, respectively. The income tax expense is recorded net of adjustments to maintain a full valuation allowance against the Company's net deferred tax assets.

The income tax expense for the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014 is primarily attributable to an increase in the deferred tax valuation allowance to offset the windfall tax benefits recorded in Additional Paid in Capital ("APIC") pursuant to the tax law ordering approach.

The income tax expense for the thirteen week period ended June 1, 2013 is primarily attributable to the accrual of federal, state and local taxes and adjustments to unrecognized tax benefits offset by adjustments to the valuation allowance of \$36,889.

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The Company recognizes tax liabilities in accordance with the guidance for uncertain tax positions and management adjusts these liabilities with changes in judgment as a result of the evaluation of new information not previously available. Due to the complexity of some of these uncertainties, the ultimate resolution may result in a payment that is materially different from the current estimate of the tax liabilities.

Table of Contents**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013****(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)****(unaudited)****6. Income Taxes (Continued)**

While it is expected that the amount of unrecognized tax benefits will change in the next twelve months, the Company does not expect the change to have a significant impact on the results of operations or the financial position of the Company.

The valuation allowances as of May 31, 2014 and March 1, 2014 apply to the net deferred tax assets of the Company. The Company continues to maintain a full valuation allowance of \$2,059,449 and \$2,060,811 against net deferred tax assets at May 31, 2014 and March 1, 2014, respectively.

**7. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets**

Goodwill is not amortized, but is instead evaluated for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year, or more frequently if events or circumstances indicate that impairment may be more likely. During the thirteen weeks ended May 31, 2014, no impairment charges have been taken against the Company's goodwill. Below is a summary of the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014:

	<b>May 31, 2014</b>
Balance, March 1, 2014	\$
Acquisitions	83,971
<b>Balance, May 31, 2014</b>	<b>\$ 83,971</b>

The Company's other intangible assets are finite-lived and amortized over their useful lives. Following is a summary of the Company's amortizable intangible assets as of May 31, 2014 and March 1, 2014.

	<b>May 31, 2014</b>			<b>March 1, 2014</b>		
	<b>Gross Carrying Amount</b>	<b>Accumulated Amortization</b>	<b>Remaining Weighted Average Amortization Period</b>	<b>Gross Carrying Amount</b>	<b>Accumulated Amortization</b>	<b>Remaining Weighted Average Amortization Period</b>
Favorable leases and other	\$ 641,236	\$ (458,877)	9 years	\$ 634,320	\$ (447,608)	9 years
Prescription files	1,366,798	(1,128,650)	3 years	1,353,057	(1,108,542)	4 years
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 2,008,034</b>	<b>\$ (1,587,527)</b>		<b>\$ 1,987,377</b>	<b>\$ (1,556,150)</b>	

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Also included in other non-current liabilities as of May 31, 2014 and March 1, 2014 are unfavorable lease intangibles with a net carrying amount of \$60,920 and \$62,687, respectively. These intangible liabilities are amortized over their remaining lease terms.

Amortization expense for these intangible assets and liabilities was \$29,237 and \$31,685 for the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013, respectively. The anticipated annual



Table of Contents**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013****(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)****(unaudited)****7. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets (Continued)**

amortization expense for these intangible assets and liabilities is 2015 \$108,903; 2016 \$97,359; 2017 \$83,950; 2018 \$46,031 and 2019 \$20,101.

**8. Indebtedness and Credit Agreements**

Following is a summary of indebtedness and lease financing obligations at May 31, 2014 and March 1, 2014:

	May 31, 2014	March 1, 2014
<b>Secured Debt:</b>		
Senior secured revolving credit facility due February 2018	\$ 351,000	\$ 400,000
Tranche 6 Term Loan due February 2020		1,152,293
Tranche 7 Term Loan due February 2020	1,152,293	
10.25% senior secured notes (second lien) due October 2019 (\$270,000 face value less unamortized discount of \$1,109 and \$1,160)	268,891	268,840
8.00% senior secured notes (senior lien) due August 2020	650,000	650,000
Tranche 1 Term Loan (second lien) due August 2020	470,000	470,000
Tranche 2 Term Loan (second lien) due June 2021	500,000	500,000
Other secured	5,325	5,324
	3,397,509	3,446,457
<b>Guaranteed Unsecured Debt:</b>		
9.25% senior notes due March 2020 (\$902,000 face value plus unamortized premium of \$3,919 and \$4,087)	905,919	906,087
6.75% senior notes due June 2021	810,000	810,000
	1,715,919	1,716,087
<b>Unguaranteed Unsecured Debt:</b>		
8.5% convertible notes due May 2015	64,188	64,188
7.7% notes due February 2027	295,000	295,000
6.875% fixed-rate senior notes due December 2028	128,000	128,000
	487,188	487,188
Lease financing obligations	103,770	107,411
<b>Total debt</b>	<b>5,704,386</b>	<b>5,757,143</b>
Current maturities of long-term debt and lease financing obligations	(112,818)	(49,174)

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Long-term debt and lease financing obligations, less current maturities	\$ 5,591,568	5,707,969
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Table of Contents

**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013**

**(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)**

**(unaudited)**

**8. Indebtedness and Credit Agreements (Continued)**

**Credit Facility**

The Company has a senior secured credit facility that consists of a \$1,795,000 revolving credit facility and a \$1,152,293 senior secured term loan (the "Tranche 7 Term Loan"). Borrowings under the revolving credit facility bear interest at a rate per annum between LIBOR plus 2.25% and LIBOR plus 2.75%, if the Company chooses to make LIBOR borrowings, or between Citibank's base rate plus 1.25% and Citibank's base rate plus 1.75% in each case based upon the amount of revolver availability as defined in the senior secured credit facility. The Company is required to pay fees between 0.375% and 0.50% per annum on the daily unused amount of the revolver, depending on the amount of revolver availability. Amounts drawn under the revolver become due and payable on February 21, 2018. On March 14, 2014, the Company amended and restated its credit agreement governing its senior secured credit facility, pursuant to which it prepaid its outstanding Tranche 6 Term Loan with the proceeds of a new \$1,152,293 Tranche 7 Term Loan. The Tranche 7 Term Loan matures on February 21, 2020 and currently bears interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 2.75%, if the Company chooses to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate plus 1.75%. The Tranche 7 Term Loan is subject to a 0.75% LIBOR floor per annum.

The Company's ability to borrow under the revolver is based upon a specified borrowing base consisting of accounts receivable, inventory and prescription files. At May 31, 2014, the Company had \$351,000 of borrowings outstanding under the revolver and had letters of credit outstanding against the revolver of \$77,826, which resulted in additional borrowing capacity of \$1,366,174.

The senior secured credit facility contains certain restrictions on the ability of the Company and the subsidiary guarantors to accumulate cash on hand, and under certain circumstances, requires the funds in the Company's deposit accounts to be applied first to the repayment of outstanding revolving loans under the senior secured credit facility and then to be held as collateral for the senior obligations.

The senior credit facility restricts the amount of secured and unsecured debt the Company may have outstanding. The senior secured credit facility allows the Company to incur an unlimited amount of unsecured debt with a maturity beyond May 21, 2020. However, the Company's second priority secured term loan facilities and the indentures that govern the Company's secured and guaranteed unsecured notes contain restrictions on the amount of additional secured and unsecured debt that can be incurred by the Company. Pursuant to certain of the Company's existing indentures, the Company could not incur any additional secured debt assuming a fully drawn revolver and the outstanding letters of credit. The ability to issue additional unsecured debt under the second priority secured term loan facilities and the indentures is generally governed by an interest coverage ratio test. As of May 31, 2014, the Company had the ability to issue additional unsecured debt under the second lien credit facilities and other indentures.

The senior secured credit facility contains additional covenants which place restrictions on the incurrence of debt, the payments of dividends, sale of assets, mergers and acquisitions and the granting of liens. The credit facility has a financial covenant, which is the maintenance of a fixed charge coverage ratio. The covenant requires that, if availability on the revolving credit facility is less than

Table of Contents

**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013**

**(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)**

**(unaudited)**

**8. Indebtedness and Credit Agreements (Continued)**

\$150,000, the Company must maintain a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.00 to 1.00. As of May 31, 2014, availability under the revolving credit facility was in excess of \$150,000 and our fixed charge coverage ratio was greater than 1.00 to 1.00. The senior secured credit facility also provides for customary events of default.

The Company also has a second priority secured term loan facility, which includes a \$470,000 second priority secured term loan (the "Tranche 1 Term Loan"). The Tranche 1 Term Loan matures on August 21, 2020 and currently bears interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 4.75% with a LIBOR floor of 1.00%, if the Company chooses to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate plus 3.75%.

On June 21, 2013, the Company entered into a new second priority secured term loan facility, which includes a \$500,000 second priority secured term loan (the "Tranche 2 Term Loan"). The Tranche 2 Term Loan matures on June 21, 2021 and currently bears interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 3.875% with a LIBOR floor of 1.00%, if the Company chooses to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate plus 2.875%.

Substantially all of Rite Aid Corporation's 100 percent owned subsidiaries guarantee the obligations under the senior secured credit facility, second priority secured term loan facilities, secured guaranteed notes and unsecured guaranteed notes. The senior secured credit facility, second priority secured term loan facilities and secured guaranteed notes are secured, on a senior or second priority basis, as applicable, by a lien on, among other things, accounts receivable, inventory and prescription files of the subsidiary guarantors. The subsidiary guarantees related to the Company's senior secured credit facility, second priority secured term loan facilities and secured guaranteed notes and, on an unsecured basis, the unsecured guaranteed notes are full and unconditional and joint and several, and there are no restrictions on the ability of the Company to obtain funds from its subsidiaries. Also, the Company has no independent assets or operations, and subsidiaries not guaranteeing the credit facility, second priority secured term loan facilities and applicable notes are minor. Accordingly, condensed consolidating financial information for the Company and subsidiaries is not presented.

**Maturities**

The aggregate annual principal payments of long-term debt for the remainder of fiscal 2015 and thereafter are as follows: 2015 \$13,966; 2016 \$75,711; 2017 \$11,523; 2018 \$362,523; 2019 \$11,523 and \$5,122,560 thereafter.

Table of Contents**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013****(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)****(unaudited)****9. Reclassifications from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss**

The following table summarizes the components of accumulated other comprehensive loss and the changes in balances of each component of accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax as applicable, for the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013:

	Thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014		Thirteen week period ended June 1, 2013	
	Defined benefit pension plans	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Defined benefit pension plans	Accumulated other comprehensive loss
Accumulated other comprehensive loss				
Balance beginning of period	\$ (37,334)	\$ (37,334)	\$ (61,369)	\$ (61,369)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income	659	659	1,263	1,263
Balance end of period	\$ (36,675)	\$ (36,675)	\$ (60,106)	\$ (60,106)

The following table summarizes the effects on net income of significant amounts classified out of each component of accumulated other comprehensive loss for the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013:

Details about accumulated other comprehensive loss components	Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013		Affected line item in the condensed consolidated statements of operations
	Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss May 31, 2014	Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss June 1, 2013	
Defined benefit pension plans			
Amortization of unrecognized prior service cost(a)	\$ (60)	\$ (60)	Selling, general and administrative expenses
Amortization of unrecognized net loss(a)	(599)	(1,203)	Selling, general and administrative expenses
	(659)	(1,263)	Total before income tax expense
			Income tax expense(b)
	\$ (659)	\$ (1,263)	Net of income tax expense

- (a) See Note 10, Retirement Plans for additional details.
- (b) Income tax expense is \$0 due to the valuation allowance. See Note 6, Income Taxes for additional details.

Table of Contents**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013****(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)****(unaudited)****10. Retirement Plans**

Net periodic pension expense recorded in the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013, for the Company's defined benefit plans includes the following components:

	<b>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</b>		<b>Nonqualified Executive Retirement Plans</b>	
	<b>Thirteen Week Period Ended</b>			
	<b>May 31, 2014</b>	<b>June 1, 2013</b>	<b>May 31, 2014</b>	<b>June 1, 2013</b>
Service cost	\$ 793	\$ 829	\$	\$
Interest cost	1,631	1,551	135	136
Expected return on plan assets	(1,929)	(1,779)		
Amortization of unrecognized prior service cost	60	60		
Amortization of unrecognized net loss	599	1,203		
 Net pension expense	 \$ 1,154	 \$ 1,864	 \$ 135	 \$ 136

During the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014 the Company contributed \$386 to the Nonqualified Executive Retirement Plans. During the remainder of fiscal 2015, the Company expects to contribute \$1,256 to the Nonqualified Executive Retirement Plans and \$0 to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

**11. Commitments and Contingencies*****Legal Matters***

The Company is a party to legal proceedings, investigations and claims in the ordinary course of its business, including the matters described below. The Company records accruals for outstanding legal matters when it believes it is probable that a loss will be incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The Company evaluates, on a quarterly basis, developments in legal matters that could affect the amount of any accrual and developments that would make a loss contingency both probable and reasonably estimable. If a loss contingency is not both probable and estimable, the Company does not establish an accrued liability.

The Company's contingencies are subject to significant uncertainties, including, among other factors: (i) proceedings are in early stages; (ii) whether class or collective action status is sought and the likelihood of a class being certified; (iii) the outcome of pending appeals or motions; (iv) the extent of potential damages, fines or penalties, which are often unspecified or indeterminate; (v) the impact of discovery on the matter; (vi) whether novel or unsettled legal theories are at issue; (vii) there are significant factual issues to be resolved; and/or (viii) in the case of certain government agency investigations, whether a sealed qui tam lawsuit ("whistleblower" action) has been filed and whether the government agency makes a decision to intervene in the lawsuit following investigation.

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The Company has been named in a collective and class action lawsuit, *Indergit v. Rite Aid Corporation et al* pending in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York,



Table of Contents

**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013**

**(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)**

**(unaudited)**

**11. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)**

filed purportedly on behalf of current and former store managers working in the Company's stores at various locations around the country. The lawsuit alleges that the Company failed to pay overtime to store managers as required under the FLSA and under certain New York state statutes. The lawsuit also seeks other relief, including liquidated damages, punitive damages, attorneys' fees, costs and injunctive relief arising out of state and federal claims for overtime pay. On April 2, 2010, the Court conditionally certified a nationwide collective group of individuals who worked for the Company as store managers since March 31, 2007. The Court ordered that Notice of the *Indergit* action be sent to the purported members of the collective group (approximately 7,000 current and former store managers) and approximately 1,550 joined the *Indergit* action. Discovery as to certification issues has been completed. On September 26, 2013, the Court granted Rule 23 class certification of the New York store manager claims as to liability only, but denied it as to damages, and denied the Company's motion for decertification of the nationwide collective action claims. The Company has filed a motion seeking reconsideration of the Court's September 26, 2013 decision and briefing on that motion is complete and awaiting a ruling. Once approved by the Court, notice of the Rule 23 class certification as to liability only will be sent to approximately 1,750 current and former store managers in the state of New York. At this time, the Company is not able to either predict the outcome of this lawsuit or estimate a potential range of loss with respect to the lawsuit. The Company's management believes, however, that this lawsuit is without merit and not appropriate for collective or class action treatment and is vigorously defending this lawsuit.

The Company is currently a defendant in several putative class action lawsuits filed in state courts in California alleging violations of California wage and hour laws, rules and regulations pertaining primarily to failure to pay overtime, pay for missed meals and rest periods and failure to provide employee seating. These suits purport to be class actions and seek substantial damages. The Company has aggressively challenged both the merits of the lawsuits and the allegations that the cases should be certified as class or representative actions. With respect to cases involving meal and rest periods (*Chase and Scherwin v. Rite Aid Corporation* pending in Los Angeles County Superior Court and *Kyle v. Rite Aid Corporation* pending in Sacramento County Superior Court), in light of the cost and uncertainty involved in these lawsuits, the Company is involved in ongoing discussions with counsel for the Plaintiffs concerning a possible resolution of these matters. During the period ended March 1, 2014, the Company recorded a legal accrual with respect to these matters. With respect to the other lawsuits described in this paragraph, the Company, at this time, is not able to predict either the outcome of these lawsuits or estimate a potential range of loss with respect to said lawsuits.

The Company was served with a United States Department of Health and Human Services Office of the Inspector General ("OIG") subpoena dated March 5, 2010 in connection with an investigation being conducted by the OIG and the United States Attorney's Office for the Central District of California. The subpoena requests records related to any gift card inducement programs for customers who transferred prescriptions for drugs or medicines to the Company's pharmacies, and whether any customers who receive federally funded prescription benefits (e.g. Medicare and Medicaid) may have benefited from those programs. The Company has substantially completed its production of records in response to the subpoena. In June 2013, the government contacted the Company, and the Company is

Table of Contents

**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013**

**(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)**

**(unaudited)**

**11. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)**

involved in ongoing discussions with the government regarding the matter. The Company is unable to predict the timing or outcome of any review by the government of such information.

The Company was served with a Civil Investigative Demand Subpoena Duces Tecum dated August 26, 2011 by the United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of Michigan. The subpoena requests records regarding Rite Aid's Rx Savings Program and the reporting of usual and customary charges to publicly funded health programs. In connection with the same investigation, the Company was served with a Civil Subpoena Duces Tecum dated February 22, 2013 by the State of Indiana Office of the Attorney General. The Company has substantially completed its response to both of the subpoenas and is unable to predict the timing or outcome of any review by the government of such information.

In April 2012, the Company received an administrative subpoena from the Drug Enforcement Administration ("DEA"), Albany, New York District Office, requesting information regarding the Company's sale of products containing pseudoephedrine ("PSE"). In April 2012, it also received a communication from the United States Attorneys Office ("USAO") for the Northern District of New York concerning an investigation of possible civil violations of the Combat Methamphetamine Epidemic Act of 2005 ("CMEA"). In April 2013, the Company received additional administrative subpoenas from DEA concerning certain retail PSE transactions at New York stores and the USAO commenced discussions with the Company regarding whether, from 2009 (upon implementation of an electronic PSE transaction logbook system) through the present, the Company sold products containing PSE in violation of the CMEA. Violations of the CMEA could result in the imposition of administrative, civil and/or criminal penalties against the Company. The Company is cooperating with the government and continues to provide information responsive to the subpoenas. The Company has entered into a tolling agreement with the USAO. The Company is unable to predict the timing or outcome of any review by the government of such information.

The Company received an additional administrative subpoena from the DEA in December 2013 requesting information in connection with an investigation of violations of the CMEA in West Virginia. The Company is unable to predict the timing or outcome of any review by the government of such information.

In January 2013, the DEA, Los Angeles District Office, served an administrative subpoena on the Company seeking documents related to prescriptions by a certain prescriber. The USAO, Central District of California, also contacted the Company about a related investigation into allegations that Rite Aid pharmacies filled certain controlled substance prescriptions for a number of practitioners after their DEA registrations had expired or otherwise become invalid in violation of the federal Controlled Substances Act and DEA regulations. The Company responded to the administrative subpoena and subsequent informal requests for information from the USAO. The Company met with the USAO and DEA in January 2014 and is involved in ongoing discussions with the government regarding this matter. The Company recorded a legal accrual during the period ended March 1, 2014.

The Company was served with a Civil Investigative Demand dated June 21, 2013 by the USAO for the Eastern District of California. The CID requests records and responses to interrogatories regarding

Table of Contents

**RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013**

**(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)**

**(unaudited)**

**11. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)**

Rite Aid's Drug Utilization Review and prescription dispensing protocol and the dispensing of drugs designated "Code 1" by the State of California. The Company is in the process of producing responsive documents and interrogatory responses and is unable to predict the timing or outcome of any review by the government of such information.

In addition to the above described matters, the Company is subject from time to time to various claims and lawsuits and governmental investigations arising in the ordinary course of business. While the Company's management cannot predict the outcome of any of the claims, the Company's management does not believe that the outcome of any of these legal matters will be material to the Company's consolidated financial position. It is possible, however, that the Company's results of operations or cash flows in a particular fiscal period could be materially affected by an unfavorable resolution of pending litigation or contingencies.

***Contingencies***

The California Department of Health Care Services ("DHCS"), the agency responsible for administering the State of California Medicaid program, implemented retroactive reimbursement rate reductions effective June 1, 2011, impacting the medical provider community in California, including pharmacies. Numerous medical providers, including representatives of both chain and independent pharmacies, filed suits against DHCS in federal district court in California and obtained preliminary injunctions against the rate cuts, subject to a trial on the merits. DHCS appealed the preliminary injunctions to the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals, which Court vacated the injunctions. Based upon the actions of DHCS and the decision of the appeals court, the Company recorded an appropriate accrual. In January 2014, the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services approved a state plan amendment that excluded certain drugs from the retroactive reimbursement rate reductions effective March 31, 2012. Accordingly, the Company adjusted its accrual to take into account this exclusion at year end. As pertinent facts and circumstances develop, this accrual may be adjusted further.

Table of Contents**ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations****Overview**

Net income for the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014 was \$41.4 million, compared to net income of \$89.7 million for the thirteen week period ended June 1, 2013. The decline in the thirteen week operating results was driven primarily by a decrease in Adjusted EBITDA and higher income tax expense, partially offset by lower interest expense, a lower LIFO charge, and lower lease termination and impairment charges.

Adjusted EBITDA for the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014 was \$282.6 million or 4.4 percent of revenues, compared to \$344.8 million or 5.5 percent of revenues for the thirteen week period ended June 1, 2013. The decrease in Adjusted EBITDA was driven by a reduction in pharmacy gross profit due to lower reimbursement rates that were not offset with reductions in generic costs, as well as higher salary and payroll related expenses.

**Results of Operations***Revenues and Other Operating Data*

	<b>Thirteen Week Period Ended</b>	
	<b>May 31, 2014</b>	<b>June 1, 2013</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>	
Revenues	\$ 6,465,531	\$ 6,293,057
Revenue growth (decline)	2.7%	(2.7)%
Same store sales growth (decline)	3.1%	(2.5)%
Pharmacy sales growth (decline)	4.0%	(4.1)%
Same store prescription count increase (decrease)	2.3%	(0.1)%
Same store pharmacy sales growth (decline)	4.6%	(3.8)%
Pharmacy sales as a % of total sales	68.4%	67.5%
Third party sales as a % of total pharmacy sales	97.4%	97.0%
Front-end sales (decline) growth	(0.4)%	0.3%
Same store front-end sales growth	0.0%	0.4%
Front-end sales as a % of total sales	31.6%	32.5%
Adjusted EBITDA(*)	\$ 282,613	\$ 344,778
Store data:		
Total stores (beginning of period)	4,587	4,623
New stores		
Store acquisitions	1	
Closed stores	(7)	(8)
Total stores (end of period)	4,581	4,615
Relocated stores	3	
Remodeled and expanded stores	106	108

(\*)

See Adjusted EBITDA and Other Non-GAAP Measures for additional details

*Revenues*

Revenues increased 2.7% for the thirteen weeks ended May 31, 2014 compared to a decrease of 2.7% for the thirteen weeks ended June 1, 2013. The increase in revenues for the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014 was primarily a result of an increase in pharmacy same store sales, driven by the increase in the same store prescription count and pharmacy inflation, partially offset by lower reimbursement rates.

Table of Contents

Pharmacy same store sales increased by 4.6% for the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014 compared to the 3.8% decrease in the thirteen week period ended June 1, 2013. The increase in the current period is due primarily to the 2.3% increase in same store prescription count and pharmacy inflation, partially offset by an approximate 1.4% negative impact from generic introductions and continued lower reimbursement rates.

Front-end same store sales remained flat during the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014. The same store front end sales were impacted by consumer spending habits and the promotional environment, offset by the positive impact of our wellness + loyalty program, incremental sales from our Wellness format stores, and other management initiatives to increase front-end sales.

We include in same store sales all stores that have been open at least one year. Stores in liquidation are considered closed. Relocation stores are not included in same store sales until one year has lapsed.

*Costs and Expenses*

	<b>Thirteen Week Period Ended</b>	
	<b>May 31, 2014</b>	<b>June 1, 2013</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>	
Cost of goods sold	\$ 4,662,552	\$ 4,472,066
Gross profit	1,802,979	1,820,991
Gross margin	27.9%	28.9%
FIFO gross profit	1,804,524	1,832,991
FIFO gross margin	27.9%	29.1%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,644,354	1,609,261
Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues	25.4%	25.6%
Lease termination and impairment charges	4,848	10,972
Interest expense	100,820	113,064
Gain on sale of assets, net	(370)	(5,180)

*Cost of Goods Sold*

Gross profit decreased \$18.0 million for the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014 compared to the thirteen week period ended June 1, 2013. Gross profit was negatively impacted by the decrease in pharmacy gross profit which was due primarily to lower reimbursement rates that were not offset with reductions in generic costs. These factors were partially offset by a 2.3% increase in same store prescription count, as well as a lower LIFO charge. Front-end gross profit remained flat as compared to the prior year.

Gross margin was 27.9% of sales for the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014 compared to 28.9% of sales for the thirteen week period ended June 1, 2013. The reduction in gross margin for the thirteen week period was due primarily to continued reimbursement rate pressures that were not offset with reductions in generic costs, partially offset by a lower LIFO charge.

We use the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method of inventory valuation, which is estimated on a quarterly basis and is finalized at year end when inflation rates and inventory levels are final. Therefore, LIFO costs for interim period financial statements are estimated. LIFO charges were \$1.5 million for the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014 compared to a \$12.0 million charge for the thirteen week period ended June 1, 2013. The lower estimated LIFO charge for this year relates to lower expected pharmacy inventory levels.

Table of Contents*Selling, General and Administrative Expenses*

SG&A as a percentage of revenues was 25.4% in the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014 compared to 25.6% in the thirteen week period ended June 1, 2013. The decrease in SG&A as a percentage of revenues was due primarily to salary and payroll related expenses which were higher on a dollar basis but lower as a percentage of revenues, and lower advertising costs.

*Lease Termination and Impairment Charges*

Lease termination and impairment charges consist of amounts as follows:

	<b>Thirteen Week Period Ended</b>	
	<b>May 31, 2014</b>	<b>June 1, 2013</b>
Impairment charges	\$ 151	\$ 4,601
Lease termination charges	4,697	6,371
	<b>\$ 4,848</b>	<b>\$ 10,972</b>

*Impairment Charges:* These amounts include the write-down of long-lived assets at locations that were assessed for impairment because of management's intention to relocate or close the location or because of changes in circumstances that indicated the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable.

Please refer to "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Impairment Charges" included in our Fiscal 2014 10-K for a detailed description of our impairment methodology.

*Lease Termination Charges:* Charges to close a store, which principally consist of continuing lease obligations, are recorded at the time the store is closed and all inventory is liquidated, pursuant to the guidance set forth in ASC 420, "Exit or Disposal Cost Obligations." We calculate our liability for closed stores on a store-by-store basis. The calculation includes the discounted effect of future minimum lease payments and related ancillary costs, from the date of closure to the end of the remaining lease term, net of estimated cost recoveries that may be achieved through subletting properties or through favorable lease terminations. We evaluate these assumptions each quarter and adjust the liability accordingly. As part of our ongoing business activities, we assess stores and distribution centers for potential closure and relocation. Decisions to close or relocate stores or distribution centers in future periods would result in lease termination charges for lease exit costs and liquidation of inventory, as well as impairment of assets at these locations.

*Interest Expense*

Interest expense was \$100.8 million for the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014 compared to \$113.1 million for the thirteen week period ended June 1, 2013. The decrease in interest expense was a result of the recent refinancing during the first quarter of fiscal 2015 and the first and second quarters of fiscal 2014. The weighted average interest rates on our indebtedness for the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013 were 6.2% and 7.1%, respectively.

*Income Taxes*

We recorded an income tax expense of \$11.9 million and \$3.2 million for the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013, respectively. The income tax expense or benefit is recorded net of adjustments to maintain a full valuation allowance against our net deferred tax assets.

Table of Contents

The income tax expense for the thirteen week period ended May 31, 2014 is primarily attributable to an increase in the deferred tax valuation allowance to offset the windfall tax benefits recorded in Additional Paid In Capital ("APIC") pursuant to the tax law ordering approach.

The income tax expense for the thirteen week period ended June 1, 2013 is primarily attributable to the accrual of federal, state and local taxes and adjustments to unrecognized tax benefits offset by adjustments to the valuation allowance of \$36.9 million.

We recognize tax liabilities in accordance with the guidance for uncertain tax positions and management adjusts these liabilities with changes in judgment as a result of the evaluation of new information not previously available. Due to the complexity of some of these uncertainties, the ultimate resolution may result in a payment that is materially different from the current estimate of the tax liabilities.

While it is expected that the amount of unrecognized tax benefits will change in the next twelve months, management does not expect the change to have a significant impact on the results of operations or the financial position of the Company.

We evaluate whether a valuation allowance is required based on a review of all available evidence to determine if we would be able to realize our deferred tax assets in the future in excess of their net recorded amount. Realization is dependent on generating sufficient taxable income prior to the expiration of the loss carryforwards. Although realization is not assured, we believe that in the near term the amount of the net deferred tax asset considered realizable could be increased when cumulative income is achieved and when we have demonstrated sustained profitability to indicate the use of these carryforwards is more likely than not. As of May 31, 2014, we achieved our first quarter with cumulative earnings based on a rolling three year window. However, as a result of cumulative losses in recent years and the lack of sustained profitability, we did not use projections of future taxable income as a factor in evaluating the ultimate realization of the deferred tax assets. We will continue to exclude estimates of future taxable income as a factor until we can show consistent and sustained profitability.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

*General*

We have two primary sources of liquidity: (i) cash provided by operating activities and (ii) borrowings under the revolving credit facility of our senior secured credit facility. Our principal uses of cash are to provide working capital for operations, to service our obligations to pay interest and principal on debt and to fund capital expenditures. Total liquidity as of May 31, 2014 was \$1,368.2 million, which consisted of revolver borrowing capacity of \$1,366.2 million and invested cash of \$2.0 million.

*Credit Facility*

Our senior secured credit facility consists of a \$1.795 billion revolving credit facility and a \$1.152 billion Tranche 7 Term Loan. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility bear interest at a rate per annum between LIBOR plus 2.25% and LIBOR plus 2.75%, if we choose to make LIBOR borrowings, or between Citibank's base rate plus 1.25% and Citibank's base rate plus 1.75% in each case based upon the amount of revolver availability as defined in the senior secured credit facility. We are required to pay fees between 0.375% and 0.50% per annum on the daily unused amount of the revolver, depending on the amount of revolver availability. Amounts drawn under the revolver become due and payable on February 21, 2018.

Table of Contents

Our ability to borrow under the revolver is based upon a specified borrowing base consisting of accounts receivable, inventory and prescription files. At May 31, 2014, we had \$351.0 million of borrowings outstanding under the revolver and had letters of credit outstanding against the revolver of \$77.8 million, which resulted in additional borrowing capacity of \$1,366.2 million.

On March 14, 2014, we amended and restated our credit agreement governing our senior secured credit facility, pursuant to which we prepaid our outstanding Tranche 6 Term Loan with the proceeds of a new \$1.152 billion Tranche 7 Term Loan. The \$1.152 billion Tranche 7 Term Loan matures on February 21, 2020 and currently bears interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 2.75% with a LIBOR floor of 0.75%, if we choose to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate plus 1.75%. We must make mandatory prepayments of the Tranche 7 Term Loan with the proceeds of certain asset dispositions and casualty events (subject to certain limitations), and with the proceeds of certain issuances of debt (subject to certain exceptions). If at any time there is a shortfall in our borrowing base under our senior secured credit facility, prepayment of the Tranche 7 Term Loan may also be required.

The senior secured credit facility restricts us and the subsidiary guarantors from accumulating cash on hand in excess of \$200.0 million at any time when revolving loans are outstanding (not including cash located in our store deposit accounts, cash necessary to cover our current liabilities and certain other exceptions) and from accumulating cash on hand with revolver borrowings in excess of \$100.0 million over three consecutive business days. The senior secured credit facility also states that if at any time (other than following the exercise of remedies or acceleration of any senior obligations or second priority debt and receipt of a triggering notice by the senior collateral agent from a representative of the senior obligations or the second priority debt) either (a) an event of default exists under our senior secured credit facility or (b) the sum of revolver availability under our senior secured credit facility and certain amounts held on deposit with the senior collateral agent in a concentration account is less than \$100.0 million for three consecutive business days (a "cash sweep period"), the funds in our deposit accounts will be swept to a concentration account with the senior collateral agent and will be applied first to repay outstanding revolving loans under the senior secured credit facility, and then held as collateral for the senior obligations until such cash sweep period is rescinded pursuant to the terms of our senior secured credit facility.

The senior secured credit facility allows us to have outstanding, at any time, up to \$1.5 billion in secured second priority debt and unsecured debt in addition to borrowings under the senior secured credit facility and existing indebtedness, provided that not in excess of \$750.0 million of such secured second priority debt and unsecured debt shall mature or require scheduled payments of principal prior to May 21, 2020. The senior secured credit facility allows us to incur an unlimited amount of unsecured debt with a maturity beyond May 21, 2020; however, certain of our other outstanding indebtedness limits the amount of unsecured debt that can be incurred if certain interest coverage levels are not met at the time of incurrence of said debt or other exemptions are not available. The senior secured credit facility also contains certain restrictions on the amount of secured first priority debt we are able to incur. The senior secured facility also allows, so long as the senior secured credit facility is not in default and we maintain availability on the revolving credit facility of more than \$100.0 million, for the voluntary repurchase of any debt and the mandatory repurchase of our 8.5% convertible notes due 2015 or other convertible debt.

Our senior secured credit facility contains covenants which place restrictions on the incurrence of debt beyond the restrictions described above, the payment of dividends, sale of assets, mergers and acquisitions and the granting of liens. Our credit facility also has one financial covenant, which is the maintenance of a fixed charge coverage ratio. The covenant requires that, if availability on the revolving credit facility is less than \$150.0 million, we maintain a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.00 to 1.00. As of May 31, 2014, availability under the revolving credit facility was in excess of \$150.0 million and our fixed charge coverage ratio was greater than 1.00 to 1.00.



Table of Contents

The senior secured credit facility provides for customary events of default including nonpayment, misrepresentation, breach of covenants and bankruptcy. It is also an event of default if we fail to make any required payment on debt having a principal amount in excess of \$50.0 million or any event occurs that enables, or which with the giving of notice or the lapse of time would enable, the holder of such debt to accelerate the maturity or require the repurchase of such debt. The mandatory repurchase of the 8.5% convertible notes due 2015 or any other convertible debt is excluded from this event of default.

On February 21, 2013, we entered into a second priority secured term loan facility, which includes a \$470.0 million second priority secured term loan (the "Tranche 1 Term Loan"). The Tranche 1 Term Loan matures on August 21, 2020 and currently bears interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 4.75% with a LIBOR floor of 1.00%, if we choose to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate plus 3.75%.

On June 21, 2013, we entered into a new second priority secured term loan facility, which includes a \$500.0 million second priority secured term loan (the "Tranche 2 Term Loan"). The Tranche 2 Term Loan matures on June 21, 2021 and currently bears interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 3.875% with a LIBOR floor of 1.00%, if we choose to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate plus 2.875%.

The second priority secured term loan facilities and the indentures that govern our secured and guaranteed unsecured notes contain restrictions on the amount of additional secured and unsecured debt that can be incurred by us. As of May 31, 2014, the amount of additional secured debt that could be incurred under the most restrictive covenant of the second priority secured term loan facilities and these indentures was approximately \$1.4 billion (which amount does not include the ability to enter into certain sale and leaseback transactions). However, we currently cannot incur any additional secured debt assuming a fully drawn revolver and the outstanding letters of credit. The ability to issue additional unsecured debt under these indentures is generally governed by an interest coverage ratio test. As of May 31, 2014, we had the ability to issue additional unsecured debt under the second lien credit facilities and other indentures.

*Net Cash Provided by/Used in Operating, Investing and Financing Activities*

Cash flow provided by operating activities was \$239.7 million and \$184.4 million in the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013, respectively. Operating cash flow was positively impacted by an increase in accounts payable relating to the timing of inventory purchases, a reduction in inventory relating to management initiatives to reduce inventory, and a decrease in accounts receivable relating to the timing of payments from third party payors, partially offset by a use of cash in connection with other assets and liabilities, net, primarily due to reductions of payroll related accruals.

Cash used in investing activities was \$177.4 million and \$82.1 million for the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013, respectively. Cash used for the purchase of property, plant, equipment and prescription files were higher than in the prior year due to a higher investment in Wellness store remodels and prescription file buys. Proceeds from the sale of assets were lower as compared to the prior year. Also reflected in investing activities are expenditures of \$65.3 million, net of cash acquired, related to the acquisitions of Health Dialog and RediClinic.

Cash used in financing activities was \$42.8 million and \$122.9 million for the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013, respectively. Cash used in financing activities for the thirteen weeks ended May 31, 2014 reflects deferred financing costs paid in connection with the refinancing, proceeds from the issuance of common stock, and net repayments to the revolver.

Table of Contents*Capital Expenditures*

During the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013 capital expenditures were as follows:

	<b>Thirteen Week Period Ended</b>	
	<b>May 31, 2014</b>	<b>June 1, 2013</b>
New store construction, store relocation and store remodel projects	\$ 60,862	\$ 50,567
Technology enhancements, improvements to distribution centers and other corporate requirements	33,480	30,339
Purchase of prescription files from other retail pharmacies	19,586	11,786
Total capital expenditures	\$ 113,928	\$ 92,692

We have completed 1,325 Wellness store remodels as of May 31, 2014. We plan on making total capital expenditures of approximately \$525.0 million during fiscal 2015, consisting of approximately 53% related to store relocations and remodels and new store construction, 30% related to infrastructure and maintenance requirements and 17% related to prescription file purchases. Management expects that these capital expenditures will be financed primarily with cash flow from operating activities.

*Future Liquidity*

We are highly leveraged. Our high level of indebtedness could: (i) limit our ability to obtain additional financing; (ii) limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the industry; (iii) place us at a competitive disadvantage relative to our competitors with less debt; (iv) render us more vulnerable to general adverse economic and industry conditions; and (v) require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow to service our debt. Based upon our current levels of operations and the anticipated estimated working capital benefit of \$250.0 million resulting from our new supply agreement with McKesson, we believe that cash flow from operations together with available borrowings under the revolving credit facility and other sources of liquidity will be adequate to meet our requirements for working capital, debt service and capital expenditures at least for the next twelve months. Based on our liquidity position, which we expect to remain strong throughout the year, we do not expect to be subject to the fixed charge covenant in our senior secured credit facility in the next twelve months. We will continue to assess our liquidity position and potential sources of supplemental liquidity in light of our operating performance, and other relevant circumstances. From time to time, we may seek deleveraging transactions, including entering into transactions to exchange debt for shares of common stock, issuance of equity (including preferred stock and convertible securities), repurchase outstanding indebtedness, or seek to refinance our outstanding debt or may otherwise seek transactions to reduce interest expense and extend debt maturities. Any of these transactions could impact our financial results.

**Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

For a description of the critical accounting policies that require the use of significant judgments and estimates by management, refer to "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" included in our Fiscal 2014 10-K.

Table of Contents**Factors Affecting Our Future Prospects**

For a discussion of risks related to our financial condition, operations and industry, refer to "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in our Fiscal 2014 10-K which we filed with the SEC on April 23, 2014.

**Adjusted EBITDA and Other Non-GAAP Measures**

In addition to net income determined in accordance with GAAP, we use certain non-GAAP measures, such as "Adjusted EBITDA", in assessing our operating performance. We believe the non-GAAP metrics serve as an appropriate measure to be used in evaluating the performance of our business. We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income excluding the impact of income taxes (and any corresponding adjustments to tax indemnification asset), interest expense, depreciation and amortization, LIFO adjustments, charges or credits for facility closing and impairment, inventory write-downs related to store closings, debt retirements, and other items (including stock-based compensation expense, sale of assets and investments, and revenue deferrals related to our customer loyalty program). We reference this particular non-GAAP financial measure frequently in our decision-making because it provides supplemental information that facilitates internal comparisons to the historical operating performance of prior periods and external comparisons to competitors' historical operating performance. In addition, incentive compensation is based on Adjusted EBITDA and we base certain of our forward-looking estimates on Adjusted EBITDA to facilitate quantification of planned business activities and enhance subsequent follow-up with comparisons of actual to planned Adjusted EBITDA.

The following is a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to our net income for the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013:

	<b>Thirteen Week Period Ended</b>	
	<b>May 31, 2014</b>	<b>June 1, 2013</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>	
Net income	\$ 41,446	\$ 89,662
Interest expense	100,820	113,064
Income tax expense	11,881	3,212
Depreciation and amortization expense	103,105	101,246
LIFO charges	1,545	12,000
Lease termination and impairment charges	4,848	10,972
Other	18,968	14,622
 Adjusted EBITDA	 \$ 282,613	 \$ 344,778

In addition to Adjusted EBITDA, we occasionally refer to several other Non-GAAP measures, on a less frequent basis, in order to describe certain components of our business and how we utilize them to describe our results. These measures include but are not limited to Adjusted EBITDA Gross Margin and Gross Profit (gross margin/gross profit excluding non-Adjusted EBITDA items), Adjusted EBITDA SG&A (SG&A expenses excluding non-Adjusted EBITDA items), FIFO Gross Margin and FIFO Gross Profit (gross margin/gross profit before LIFO charges) and Free Cash Flow (Adjusted EBITDA less cash paid for interest, rent on closed stores, capital expenditures, acquisition costs and the change in working capital).

We include these non-GAAP financial measures in our earnings announcements and guidance in order to provide transparency to our investors and enable investors to better compare our operating performance with the operating performance of our competitors including with those of our competitors having different capital structures. Adjusted EBITDA or other non-GAAP measures should

Table of Contents

not be considered in isolation from, and are not intended to represent an alternative measure of, operating results or of cash flows from operating activities, as determined in accordance with GAAP. Our definition of these non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measurements reported by other companies.

**ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

Our future earnings, cash flow and fair values relevant to financial instruments are dependent upon prevalent market rates. Market risk is the risk of loss from adverse changes in market prices and interest rates. Our major market risk exposure is changing interest rates. Increases in interest rates would increase our interest expense. We enter into debt obligations to support capital expenditures, acquisitions, working capital needs and general corporate purposes. Our policy is to manage interest rates through the use of a combination of variable-rate credit facilities, fixed-rate long-term obligations and derivative transactions. We currently do not have any derivative transactions outstanding.

The table below provides information about our financial instruments that are sensitive to changes in interest rates. The table presents principal payments and the related weighted average interest rates by expected maturity dates as of May 31, 2014.

Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Thereafter	Total	Fair Value at 05/31/2014
(dollars in thousands)								
Long-term debt, including current portion, excluding capital lease obligations								
Fixed Rate	\$ 5,324	\$ 64,188	\$	\$	\$	\$ 3,055,000	\$ 3,124,512	\$ 3,589,484
Average Interest Rate	0.95%	8.50%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	8.16%	8.16%	
Variable Rate	\$ 8,642	\$ 11,523	\$ 11,523	\$ 362,523	\$ 11,523	\$ 2,067,560	\$ 2,473,294	\$ 2,476,624
Average Interest Rate	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	2.51%	3.50%	4.34%	4.06%	

Our ability to satisfy interest payment obligations on our outstanding debt will depend largely on our future performance, which, in turn, is subject to prevailing economic conditions and to financial, business and other factors beyond our control. If we do not have sufficient cash flow to service our interest payment obligations on our outstanding indebtedness and if we cannot borrow or obtain equity financing to satisfy those obligations, our business and results of operations could be materially adversely affected. We cannot be assured that any replacement borrowing or equity financing could be successfully completed.

The interest rate on our variable rate borrowings, which include our revolving credit facility, our new Tranche 7 Term Loan and Tranche 1 Term Loan and our Tranche 2 Term Loan, are all based on LIBOR. However, the interest rate on our Tranche 7 Term Loan has a LIBOR floor of 75 basis points and our Tranche 1 Term Loan and Tranche 2 Term Loan have a LIBOR floor of 100 basis points. If the market rates of interest for LIBOR changed by 100 basis points as of May 31, 2014, our annual interest expense would change by approximately \$9.2 million.

A change in interest rates does not have an impact upon our future earnings and cash flow for fixed-rate debt instruments. As fixed-rate debt matures, however, and if additional debt is acquired to fund the debt repayment, future earnings and cash flow may be affected by changes in interest rates. This effect would be realized in the periods subsequent to the periods when the debt matures. Increases in interest rates would also impact our ability to refinance existing maturities on favorable terms.

Table of Contents

**ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures**

*(a) Disclosure Controls and Procedures*

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

*(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting*

There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter to which this report relates that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Table of Contents**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION****ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 1A. Risk Factors**

In addition to the information set forth in this Quarterly Report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in our Fiscal 2014 10-K, filed with the SEC on April 23, 2014, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results.

**ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

*Issuer Repurchases of Equity Securities.* The table below is a listing of repurchases of Common Stock during the first quarter of fiscal 2015.

Fiscal period:	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that may yet be Purchased under the Plans or Programs
March 2 to March 29, 2014(1)	484	\$ 1.79		
March 30 to April 26, 2014		\$		
April 27 to May 31, 2014(1)	43,291	\$ 7.80		

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- (1) Represents shares withheld by the Company, at the election of certain holders of vested restricted stock, with a market value approximating the amount of withholding taxes due.

**ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 5. Other Information**

Not applicable.

Table of Contents**ITEM 6. Exhibits**

(a) The following exhibits are filed as part of this report.

<b>Exhibit Numbers</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Incorporation By Reference To</b>
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, dated January 22, 2014	Exhibit 3.1 to Form 10-K, filed on April 23, 2014
3.2	Amended and Restated By-Laws	Exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K, filed on January 27, 2010
4.1	Indenture, dated as of October 26, 2009, among Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, the subsidiary guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, related to the Company's 10.25% Senior Secured Notes due 2019	Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K, filed on October 29, 2009
4.2	Indenture, dated as of August 16, 2010, among Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, the subsidiary guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, related to the Company's 8.00% Senior Secured Notes due 2020	Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K, filed on August 19, 2010
4.3	Indenture, dated as of February 27, 2012, among Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, the subsidiary guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, related to the Company's 9.25% Senior Notes due 2020	Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K, filed on February 27, 2012
4.4	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 15, 2012, among Rite Aid Corporation, the subsidiaries named therein and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. to the Indenture, dated as of February 27, 2012, among Rite Aid Corporation, the subsidiary guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., related to the Company's 9.25% Senior Notes due 2020	Exhibit 4.23 to the Registration Statement on Form S-4, File No. 181651, filed on May 24, 2012
4.5	Indenture, dated as of August 1, 1993, between Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as trustee, related to the Company's 7.70% Notes due 2027	Exhibit 4A to Registration Statement on Form S-3, File No. 033-63794, filed on June 3, 1993



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### Table of Contents

<b>Exhibit Numbers</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Incorporation By Reference To</b>
4.6	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 3, 2000, between Rite Aid Corporation and U.S. Bank Trust National Association (as successor trustee to Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York) to the Indenture dated as of August 1, 1993, between Rite Aid Corporation and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, relating to the Company's 7.70% Notes due 2027	Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K filed on February 7, 2000
4.7	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 21, 2013, between Rite Aid Corporation and U.S. Bank Trust National Association to the Indenture dated as of August 1, 1993, between Rite Aid Corporation and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, relating to the Company's 6.875% Senior Debentures due 2013	Exhibit 4.3 to Form 8-K, filed on February 21, 2013
4.8	Indenture, dated as of December 21, 1998, between Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, and Harris Trust and Savings Bank, as trustee, related to the Company's 6.875% Notes due 2028	Exhibit 4.1 to Registration Statement on Form S-4, File No. 333-74751, filed on March 19, 1999
4.9	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 3, 2000, between Rite Aid Corporation and Harris Trust and Savings Bank to the Indenture, dated December 21, 1998, between Rite Aid Corporation and Harris Trust and Savings Bank, related to the Company's 6.875% Notes due 2028	Exhibit 4.4 to Form 8-K, filed on February 7, 2000
4.10	Indenture, dated as of May 29, 2008, between Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, related to the Company's Senior Debt Securities	Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K, filed on June 2, 2008
4.11	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 29, 2008, among Rite Aid Corporation and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. to the Indenture, dated as of May 29, 2008, between Rite Aid Corporation and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., related to the Company's 8.5% Convertible Notes due 2015	Exhibit 4.2 to Form 8-K, filed on June 2, 2008

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### Table of Contents

<b>Exhibit Numbers</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Incorporation By Reference To</b>
4.12	Indenture, dated as of July 2, 2013, among Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, the subsidiary guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., related to the Company's 6.75% Senior Notes due 2021	Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K, filed on July 2, 2013
10.1	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of June 27, 2001, as amended and restated as of March 14, 2014, among Rite Aid Corporation, the lenders from time to time party thereto and Citicorp North America, Inc., as administrative agent and collateral agent.	Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K, filed on March 19, 2014
10.2	Employment Agreement by and between Rite Aid Corporation and Dedra N. Castle, dated as of March 24, 2014	Filed herewith
11	Statement regarding computation of earnings per share (See Note 3 to the condensed consolidated financial statements)	Filed herewith
31.1	Certification of CEO pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended	Filed herewith
31.2	Certification of CFO pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended	Filed herewith
32	Certification of CEO and CFO pursuant to 18 United States Code, Section 1350, as enacted by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed herewith
101.	The following materials are formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at May 31, 2014 and March 1, 2014, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the thirteen week periods ended May 31, 2014 and June 1, 2013 and (v) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged in detail.	

