

OPTION CARE INC/DE
Form 10-Q
November 09, 2006

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2006

or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 0-19878

OPTION CARE, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

36-3791193

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

485 Half Day Road, Suite 300

Buffalo Grove, Illinois

(Address of principal executive offices)

60089

(zip code)

(847) 465-2100

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject

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to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☒ Non-accelerated filer ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Issued and Outstanding as of November 1, 2006
Common Stock - \$0.01 par value	34,361,439

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Option Care, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	September 30, 2006 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2005 (Restated-Note 1)
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,456	\$ 7,816
Short-term investments	9,200	41,042
Accounts receivable, net	101,981	95,297
Inventory	18,954	15,490
Deferred income tax benefit	4,236	2,856
Other current assets	8,553	9,942
Total current assets	155,380	172,443
Equipment and other fixed assets, net	22,648	18,905
Goodwill, net	164,232	112,220
Other assets	12,269	12,996
Total assets	\$ 354,529	\$ 316,564
Liabilities and stockholders' equity		
Current liabilities:		
Trade accounts payable	\$ 29,325	\$ 29,958
Current portion of long-term debt	32	48
Other current liabilities	14,433	9,743
Total current liabilities	43,790	39,749
Long-term debt, less current portion	86,284	86,306
Deferred income tax liability	11,537	9,084
Other liabilities	1,140	665
Minority interest	771	593
Total liabilities	143,522	136,397
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value per share, 60,000 shares authorized, 34,330 and 32,838 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively	343	328
Common stock to be issued, 108 and 134 shares at September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively	1,179	1,311
Additional paid-in capital	146,193	128,158
Retained earnings	63,292	50,370
Total stockholders' equity	211,007	180,167
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 354,529	\$ 316,564

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

Option Care, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income
(Unaudited)
(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three months ended September 30, 2006	2005 (Restated-Note 1)	Nine months ended September 30, 2006	2005 (Restated-Note 1)
Revenue:				
Specialty pharmacy services	\$ 84,640	\$ 67,239	\$ 269,873	\$ 209,736
Infusion and related healthcare services	66,657	51,178	188,292	141,716
Other	1,592	3,476	7,023	10,687
Total revenue	152,889	121,893	465,188	362,139
Cost of revenue:				
Cost of goods sold	90,709	71,680	282,721	219,122
Cost of services provided	17,720	13,718	51,306	38,383
Total cost of revenue	108,429	85,398	334,027	257,505
Gross profit	44,460	36,495	131,161	104,634
Selling, general and administrative expenses	30,627	25,318	90,846	72,165
Provision for doubtful accounts	3,542	2,248	10,461	6,727
Depreciation and amortization	1,227	915	3,597	2,668
Total operating expenses	35,396	28,481	104,904	81,560
Operating income	9,064	8,014	26,257	23,074
Interest income (expense), net	(261)	108	(470)	258
Other expense, net	(260)	(73)	(688)	(20)
Income before income taxes	8,543	8,049	25,099	23,312
Income tax provision	3,337	3,137	9,265	8,925
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 5,206	\$ 4,912	\$ 15,834	\$ 14,387
Discontinued operations:				
Loss on discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(256)		(893)	
Net income	\$ 4,950	\$ 4,912	\$ 14,941	\$ 14,387
Basic net income (loss) per common share:				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.44
Discontinued operations	\$ (0.01)	\$	\$ (0.03)	\$
Total	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.44
Diluted net income (loss) per common share:				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.42
Discontinued operations	\$ (0.01)	\$	\$ (0.03)	\$
Total	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.42
Shares used in computing net income per share:				
Basic	34,324	32,771	33,822	32,496
Diluted	35,460	34,679	35,310	34,231
Cash dividends per share	\$ 0.0200	\$ 0.0200	\$ 0.0600	\$ 0.0533

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

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Option Care, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)
(in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006	2005 (Restated-Note 1)
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 14,941	\$ 14,387
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	6,082	4,607
Provision for doubtful accounts	10,682	6,727
Income from equity investees	396	
Loss on disposals	49	
Non-cash stock compensation expense	1,047	2,540
Deferred income taxes	511	371
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:		
Accounts and notes receivable	(3,048)	(8,450)
Inventory	(984)	2,974
Accounts payable	(11,513)	(4,971)
Income taxes receivable/payable	317	(273)
Change in other assets and liabilities	2,853	(1,995)
Net cash provided by operating activities	21,333	15,917
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of short-term investments	(13,200)	(170,840)
Sales of short-term investments	45,042	192,566
Purchases of equipment and other, net	(7,874)	(7,094)
Payments for acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(43,817)	(46,367)
Proceeds from disposals	462	
Net cash used in investing activities	(19,387)	(31,735)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Increase in deferred financing costs	(55)	(166)
Income tax benefit from exercise of stock options	994	1,973
Payments on capital leases and other debt	(38)	(30)
Proceeds from issuance of stock	3,812	6,060
Payments of cash dividends to common shareholders	(2,019)	(1,728)
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,694	6,109
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,640	(9,709)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	7,816	19,816
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 12,456	\$ 10,107

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

Option Care, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
September 30, 2006
(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2006.

The balance sheet at December 31, 2005 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in Option Care's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

In addition, the balance sheet at December 31, 2005 and statements of income and cash flows for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005 have been restated to reflect the impact of the adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment*, as of January 1, 2006 utilizing the modified retrospective method (see also Note 9, *Stock-based Compensation*) and to reflect the correction of errors in previously reported pro-forma disclosures of stock-based compensation as then required by SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*. The errors in previously reported pro-forma disclosures of stock-based compensation were due to improper tax treatment of compensation expense from our employee stock purchase plan and improper accelerated expensing of certain prior years' grants.

The following table sets forth the impact of the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) utilizing the modified retrospective method and the correction of errors in previously reported pro-forma disclosures of stock-based compensation on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2005 (in thousands):

	As Reported	Effect of FAS 123(R) Adoption	As Restated
Total current assets	\$ 172,443	\$	\$ 172,443
Equipment and other fixed assets, net	18,905		18,905
Goodwill, net	112,220		112,220
Other intangible assets, net(1)	3,450		3,450
Investment in affiliates(1)	4,911		4,911
Non-current portion of deferred income tax benefit(1)	230	2,886	3,116
Other long-term assets(1)	1,519		1,519
Total assets	\$ 313,678	\$ 2,886	\$ 316,564
Total liabilities	136,397		136,397
Common stock and common stock to be issued	1,639		1,639
Additional paid-in capital	113,686	14,472	128,158
Retained earnings	61,956	(11,586)	50,370
Total stockholders' equity	177,281	2,886	180,167
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 313,678	\$ 2,886	\$ 316,564

(1) Included in the accompanying restated Condensed Consolidated Balance as of December 31, 2005 within Other assets.

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The following table sets forth the impact of the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) utilizing the modified retrospective method and the correction of errors in previously reported pro-forma disclosures of stock-based compensation on the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three months ended September 30, 2005			Nine months ended September 30, 2005		
	As Reported	Effect of FAS 123(R) Adoption	As Restated	As Reported	Effect of FAS 123(R) Adoption	As Restated
Total revenue	\$ 121,893	\$	\$ 121,893	\$ 362,139	\$	\$ 362,139
Cost of goods sold	71,680		71,680	219,122		219,122
Cost of services provided	13,688	30	13,718	38,269	114	38,383
Total cost of revenue	85,368	30	85,398	257,391	114	257,505
Gross profit	36,525	(30)	36,495	104,748	(114)	104,634
Selling, general and administrative expenses	24,689	629	25,318	69,739	2,426	72,165
Other operating expenses	3,163		3,163	9,395		9,395
Total operating expenses	27,852	629	28,481	79,134	2,426	81,560
Operating income	8,673	(659)	8,014	25,614	(2,540)	23,074
Interest income	108		108	258		258
Other expense, net	(73)		(73)	(20)		(20)
Income before income taxes	8,708	(659)	8,049	25,852	(2,540)	23,312
Income tax provision	3,348	(211)	3,137	9,798	(873)	8,925
Net income	\$ 5,360	\$ (448)	\$ 4,912	\$ 16,054	\$ (1,667)	\$ 14,387
Net income per common share:						
Basic	\$ 0.16	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.49	\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.44
Diluted	\$ 0.16	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.47	\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.42
Shares used in computing net income per share:						
Basic	32,771		32,771	32,496		32,496
Diluted	34,566	113	34,679	34,163	68	34,231

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The following table sets forth the impact of the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) utilizing the modified retrospective method and the correction of errors in previously reported pro-forma disclosures of stock-based compensation on the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 (in thousands):

	As Reported	Effect of FAS 123(R) Adoption	As Restated
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 16,054	\$ (1,667)	\$ 14,387
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:			
Non-cash stock compensation expense		2,540	2,540
Deferred income taxes	1,244	(873)	371
Income tax benefit from exercise of stock options	1,973	(1,973)	
Other adjustments	(1,381)		(1,381)
Net cash provided by operating activities	17,890	(1,973)	15,917
Net cash used in investing activities	(31,735)		(31,735)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Income tax benefit from exercise of stock options		1,973	1,973
Other cash flows from financing activities	4,136		4,136
Net cash provided by financing activities	4,136	1,973	6,109
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(9,709)		(9,709)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	19,816		19,816
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 10,107	\$	\$ 10,107

2. Long-Term Debt

In November 2004, we completed an offering of \$86.3 million of 2.25% convertible senior notes due 2024 in a private placement to qualified institutional buyers. We filed a Registration Statement on Form S-3 on January 24, 2005, as subsequently amended, to register the notes under the Securities Act of 1933. The notes are convertible into cash and, if applicable, shares of our common stock based on an initial conversion rate, subject to adjustment, of 55.5278 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (which represents an initial conversion price of \$18.01 per share), in certain circumstances. The conversion rate and conversion price were subsequently adjusted to 83.5519 and \$11.97 per share, respectively, pursuant to the terms of the notes as a result of our 3-for-2 common stock split on March 31, 2005 and the \$0.02 per share dividends paid each quarter thereafter. Holders may convert their notes into cash and, if applicable, shares of our common stock prior to the stated maturity only under the following circumstances: (1) during any calendar quarter after the calendar quarter ended December 31, 2004, if the closing sale price of our common stock for each of 20 or more consecutive trading days in a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter exceeds 120% of the conversion price in effect on the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter; (2) during the five business day period after any five consecutive trading day period (the note measurement period) in which the average trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of notes was equal to or less than 97% of the average conversion value of the notes during the note measurement period; (3) upon the occurrence of specified corporate transactions; or (4) if we have called the notes for redemption. In general, upon conversion, the holder of each note will receive the conversion value of the note payable in cash, up to the principal amount of the note, and common stock for the note's conversion value in excess of such principal amount (plus an additional cash payout in lieu of fractional shares). If the notes are surrendered for conversion in connection with certain fundamental changes that occur before November 1, 2009, holders will in certain circumstances also receive a make-whole premium in addition to the cash and shares to which holders are otherwise entitled to receive upon conversion. The convertible senior notes will mature on November 1, 2024 and will not be redeemable by us prior to November 1, 2009. Holders of the convertible notes may require us to repurchase all or a portion of the convertible notes for cash on November 1, 2009, November 1, 2014 and November 1, 2019. Interest will be paid at 2.25% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears on May 1 and November 1 of each year to the holders of record at the close of business on the preceding April 15 and October 15, respectively. The notes are senior unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness. None of the required conditions for potential conversion of the notes by the holders occurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The holders of the notes possess no stockholder rights, such as dividend or voting rights, unless and until they convert their notes into cash and shares of our common stock.

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On May 5, 2006, we entered into a five-year revolving Credit Agreement with LaSalle Bank National Association (the Agreement). The initial revolving loan commitment under the Agreement is \$35 million. Provided there is no event of default, we have the option to increase the revolving loan commitment to a maximum of \$100 million during the first two years of the

Agreement. We will pay interest on borrowings at rates ranging from prime plus zero or LIBOR plus 1.00% to a maximum of prime plus 0.25% or LIBOR plus 1.75% based on our debt to EBITDA ratio for the applicable period. We will also pay a non-use fee ranging from 0.15% to 0.225% of the unused portion of the revolving loan commitment. The interest rates and non-use fee rates payable are based on our Total Debt to EBITDA Ratio, as defined in the agreement, for the applicable period. We must maintain compliance with various financial and other covenants during the life of the Agreement. We incurred fees of approximately \$150,000 related to negotiating this Agreement. We have had no borrowings under the Agreement from inception through September 30, 2006.

3. Earnings Per Share Data

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the periods indicated. (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three months ended September 30, 2006		September 30, 2005	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Basic:				
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 5,206	\$ 4,912	\$ 15,834	\$ 14,387
Net loss from discontinued operations	(256)		(893)	
Net income	\$ 4,950	\$ 4,912	\$ 14,941	\$ 14,387
Average shares outstanding	34,324	32,771	33,822	32,496
Basic earnings from continuing operations per share	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.44
Basic loss from discontinued operations per share	(0.01)		(0.03)	
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.44
Diluted:				
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 5,206	\$ 4,912	\$ 15,834	\$ 14,387
Net loss from discontinued operations	(256)		(893)	
Net income	\$ 4,950	\$ 4,912	\$ 14,941	\$ 14,387
Average shares outstanding	34,324	32,771	33,822	32,496
Net effect of dilutive stock options Based on the treasury stock method	873	1,073	985	1,070
Net effect of dilutive contingently convertible debt (1)	263	835	503	665
Total diluted shares	35,460	34,679	35,310	34,231
Diluted earnings from continuing operations per share	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.42
Diluted loss from discontinued operations per share	(0.01)		(0.03)	
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.42

(1) Weighted average shares issuable upon conversion of all \$86.3 million of our 2.25% convertible senior notes due 2024.

4. Operating Segments

We report our results of operations from one identifiable segment, with three service lines: specialty pharmacy services, infusion and related healthcare services, and other.

Specialty pharmacy services involve the distribution of injectable and infused pharmaceuticals to treat a wide range of chronic health conditions. We purchase specialty pharmaceuticals from manufacturers and wholesale distributors, fill prescriptions provided by physicians, and label, package and deliver the pharmaceuticals to patients' homes or

physicians' offices, either ourselves or through contract couriers. These pharmaceuticals may require refrigeration during shipping as well as special handling to prevent potency degradation. Depending on therapy, we may also administer the specialty pharmaceuticals to the patient at one of our ambulatory infusion centers. Patients receiving treatment are often provided special counseling and education regarding their condition and treatment program.

Infusion and related healthcare services typically involve the intravenous administration of medications at the patient's home or other non-hospital sites such as one of our ambulatory infusion suites. Infusion pharmacy services treat a wide range of acute and

chronic health conditions, including infections, dehydration, cancer, pain and nutritional deficiencies. All of our company-owned pharmacies provide infusion pharmacy services. Several of our company-owned pharmacies also provide home health nursing services, respiratory therapy services and home medical equipment sales and rentals. We also have one location that provides home hospice services.

Other revenue consists of royalties and other fees generated from our franchised pharmacy network and, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, software licensing and support revenue generated by our subsidiary, Management by Information, Inc. (MBI). The MBI business was sold during the fourth quarter of 2005 and therefore generated no revenue during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006.

5. Significant Customers and Concentration of Credit Risk

We generate the majority of our revenue from managed care contracts and other agreements with commercial third party payors by providing health care services to their members. Our principal managed care contract is with Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Florida, to whose members we provide infusion pharmacy services and specialty pharmacy services. The contract may be terminated by either party on 90 days' notice and, unless terminated, renews annually each September for an additional one-year term. We also generate revenue from government healthcare programs such as Medicare and Medicaid.

The following table sets forth information regarding revenue and accounts receivable related to our most significant payors as of the dates and for the periods presented:

	Revenue Three months ended September 30, 2006				Revenue Three months ended September 30, 2005				Accounts Receivable September 30, 2006				Accounts Receivable December 31, 2005			
Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Florida	14	%	14	%	13	%	14	%	8	%	9	%	9	%	9	%
Medicare & Medicaid	21	%	15	%	20	%	17	%	20	%	22	%	22	%	22	%
All other payors (1)	65	%	71	%	67	%	69	%	72	%	69	%	69	%	69	%
Total	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%

(1) No other payor represents 10% or more of our revenue or accounts receivable as of the dates and for the periods presented.

6. Seasonal Revenue Trends

Synagis®, one of the specialty pharmaceuticals that we provide to patients, is seasonal. Synagis® is a drug used for the prevention of respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) in high-risk pediatric patients. RSV infection is a seasonal condition, with the season generally lasting from October through April.

Option Care's quarterly Synagis® revenue for the year 2005 and the first three quarters of 2006 was as follows (in thousands):

	Synagis® revenue	% of Total Revenue (1)	
Quarter ended March 31, 2005	\$ 15,536	12.9	%
Quarter ended June 30, 2005	4,492	3.8	%
Quarter ended September 30, 2005	862	0.7	%
Quarter ended December 31, 2005	15,905	11.2	%
Fiscal year 2005	\$ 36,795	7.3	%
Quarter ended March 31, 2006	\$ 27,102	17.5	%
Quarter ended June 30, 2006	\$ 8,372	5.3	%
Quarter ended September 30, 2006	\$ 1,780	1.2	%

(1) Percent of total revenue is calculated based on total revenue from continuing operations.

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7. Acquisitions

We completed two acquisitions and entered into a binding agreement for a third acquisition during the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The results of operations for each business were consolidated as of the effective date of the acquisition. The purpose of each acquisition was to increase our revenue and net income by accomplishing one or both of the following goals: (1) expanding our geographic coverage, and (2) consolidating our position in the markets we serve.

Effective May 15, 2006, we acquired all of the outstanding stock of our Eatontown, New Jersey franchise. The initial purchase price was \$18.2 million, paid \$14.0 million in cash and \$4.2 million in shares of our common stock. We may owe additional consideration of up to \$7.4 million, payable in 2007, 2008 and/or 2009 based on achievement of certain financial performance targets. Concurrent with the acquisition of this franchise, we recorded a gain of \$1.2 million related to settlement of their pre-existing franchise relationship. This gain is included within Other Revenue on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Related to this acquisition, we have recorded goodwill of \$16.4 million, all of which is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

Effective March 13, 2006 (the Effective Date), we entered into a binding purchase agreement to acquire a home infusion business with operations in New York. The purchase price was \$25.0 million, of which \$16.5 million was paid in cash on the Effective Date, \$7.5 million was paid in unregistered shares of our common stock and \$1.0 million is payable pursuant to the terms of a note. Pursuant to terms contained in the binding purchase agreement, the unregistered shares will be repurchased by us during the quarter ending December 31, 2006 in exchange for a cash payment of \$7.5 million. Under the terms of the purchase agreement, we will receive the acquired interest in the business at the closing date, which is the earlier of two days following the receipt of approval from the New York Department of Health or 270 days subsequent to the Effective Date. The total cost of the acquisition is subject to working capital and earn-out adjustments. The total purchase price has been allocated \$22.2 million to goodwill and the remainder to accounts receivable and other working capital items. We anticipate that all of the goodwill will be deductible for tax purposes. Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 46 (Revised December 2003), *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities*, addresses the consolidation of business enterprises to which customary conditions of consolidation, such as a majority voting interest, do not apply. As a result of the purchase agreement and related joint coordination agreement, the acquired business is deemed to be a variable interest entity (VIE) and we are the primary beneficiary of this VIE as of the Effective Date. Accordingly, we have included the business in our consolidated financial reporting as of the Effective Date. Prior to the closing date, and subsequent to the Effective Date, creditors of the VIE will not have recourse to the assets of our company. Subsequent to the closing date, the acquired business will cease to be a VIE and will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of our company. As of September 30, 2006, the closing date had not yet been reached for this acquisition.

Effective March 1, 2006, we acquired a home infusion and RT/DME business with operations in Connecticut, Illinois, New Jersey and Ohio. Through this acquisition we acquired full equity ownership of one C corporation and one limited liability company for \$5.0 million in cash, subject to certain adjustments. In connection with this acquisition, we recorded goodwill of \$5.5 million, subject to adjustment related to contingencies involving the value of acquired assets. We anticipate that substantially all of the goodwill will be deductible for income tax purposes.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we recorded additional goodwill of \$7.9 million related to additional consideration paid and payable to the former owners of businesses we acquired in 2005 and 2004. We paid the additional consideration \$7.5 million in cash and \$1.0 million in 70,000 shares of our common stock.

For our current year acquisitions, the allocation of purchase price is tentative and subject to adjustment. The following table sets forth the allocation of purchase price for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 for our current year acquisition and additional consideration for our prior year acquisitions (in thousands):

	Nine months ended September 30, 2006
Purchase Price:	
Paid in cash	\$ 43,817
Paid/payable in shares of Option Care common stock	12,636
Earn-out payable	1,559
Liabilities assumed	12,533
	\$ 70,545
Allocation of Purchase Price:	
Goodwill	\$ 52,400
Accounts receivable, net	14,044
Other tangible assets	3,627

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Other intangible assets	475	
	\$	70,545

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The following table sets forth information regarding the changes in our gross and net goodwill during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 (in thousands):

	Goodwill	Accumulated Amortization	Goodwill, net
December 31, 2005	\$ 116,160	\$ (3,940)	\$ 112,220
Current year acquisitions	44,486		44,486
Prior year acquisitions	7,914		7,914
Current year disposals	(388)		(388)
September 30, 2006	\$ 168,172	\$ (3,940)	\$ 164,232

8. Discontinued Operations

On August 1, 2006, we completed the sale of our home health agency in Portland, Oregon for \$500,000. We recorded a pre-tax gain of \$242,000 on this sale. In addition, during the quarter ended September 30, 2006 we ceased operations of our home health agency in Phoenix, Arizona and recorded a pre-tax loss of \$291,000 on this disposal. The operations and cash flows of these home health agencies have been eliminated from our ongoing operations as a result of these transactions, and we will not have any significant continuing involvement in their operations. Accordingly, the results of operations of these home health agencies, including any gains or losses on sale or disposal, are now reported as discontinued operations, net of tax, in our condensed consolidated statements of income. There was no impact to the reported results for the three or nine months ended September 30, 2005 as we acquired both home health agencies on or after October 1, 2005.

Selected financial information related to our discontinued operations is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30, 2006	Nine months ended September 30, 2006
Total revenue	\$ 498	\$ 4,436
Pre-tax loss on disposal of discontinued operations	(49)	(49)
Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes	(367)	(1,350)
Income tax benefit	160	506
Loss on discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$ (256)	\$ (893)

9. Franchise-related Revenue

We maintain a national franchise network through which we generate a portion of our revenue. Our franchise-related revenues include: (1) royalties; (2) vendor rebates and administration fees; and (3) franchise settlement and related fees. Each of these types of revenue can fluctuate over time, with the largest potential fluctuations relating to franchise settlements. Franchise-related revenue is included within our Other revenue service line. The following table sets forth our franchise-related revenue for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30, 2006	2005	Nine months ended September 30, 2006	2005
Franchise-related revenue:				
Royalties	\$ 1,270	\$ 1,775	\$ 4,064	\$ 5,690
Vendor rebates and administration fees	99	113	525	302
Franchise settlements and related fees		506	1,427	2,997
Total franchise-related revenue	\$ 1,369	\$ 2,393	\$ 6,016	\$ 8,989

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we recorded franchise settlement revenue of \$1.4 million. Of this total, \$1.2 million was related to settlement of our pre-existing franchise relationship with a business we acquired and \$200,000 was related to the negotiated early termination of one of our franchises.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2005, we recorded franchise settlement revenue of \$3.0 million. Of this total, \$1.9 million was related to early release of a franchise from our network and \$800,000 was related to our acquisition of a franchise. We also recorded \$300,000 in additional royalty revenue related to settlement of under-reported prior period royalties by the franchise that was early released from our network.

10. Stock-based Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted SFAS No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment*, utilizing the modified retrospective method. Prior to January 1, 2006, we accounted for stock-based compensation under the recognition and measurement provisions of Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, as permitted by SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*. SFAS No. 123(R) supersedes Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, and amends SFAS No. 95, *Statement of Cash Flows*. SFAS 123(R) requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options and shares purchased under our employee stock purchase plan, to be recognized in the income statement based on their fair values. We have restated the results for all prior periods to include compensation cost for all share-based payments based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS No. 123.

The following table sets forth the impact to our income before taxes, net income and basic and diluted earnings per common share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 of the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) utilizing the modified retrospective method (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Impact on net income for all stock-based compensation:				
Stock option grants	\$ (454)	\$ (315)	\$ (1,173)	\$ (1,075)
Employee stock purchase plan withholdings	(141)	(77)	(357)	(286)
Cumulative effect of a change in estimate			483	
Correction of pro-forma disclosure compensation expense		(267)		(1,179)
Total impact on income before income taxes	(595)	(659)	(1047)	(2,540)
Provision for income taxes	177	153	269	534
Correction of pro-forma disclosure income tax benefit		58		339
Total impact on net income	\$ (418)	\$ (448)	\$ (778)	\$ (1,667)
Impact on net income per common share:				
Basic	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.05)
Diluted	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.05)

Prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), we presented all tax benefits of deductions resulting from the exercise of stock options as operating cash flows in the Statement of Cash Flows. SFAS No. 123(R) requires the cash flows resulting from the tax benefits resulting from tax deductions in excess of the compensation cost recognized for those options (excess tax benefits) to be classified as financing cash flows. Accordingly, we have reclassified the \$2.0 million excess tax benefit as a financing cash inflow on the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2005.

We amortize the calculated fair value of our outstanding stock options straight-line over the vesting period of the options. The fair value of options granted under our stock option plan during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

Three months ended		Nine months ended	
September 30,		September 30,	
2006	2005	2006	2005

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Annual dividend yield per share	\$	0.08		\$	0.08		\$	0.08		\$	0.08
Expected volatility	30	%	30	%	28	%	32	%			
Weighted average risk-free interest rate	4.92	%	4.08	%	5.14	%	3.77	%			
Expected grant life (years)	4.6		4.0		4.6		4.0				
Weighted average per share fair value of options granted	\$	3.58		\$	3.77		\$	3.58		\$	3.93

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During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, we issued 135,207 and 410,025 shares of our common stock from the exercise of options granted through our stock incentive plan. In the quarter ended March 31, 2006, we issued 133,044 shares of our common stock to employees who participated in our employee stock purchase plan during 2005.

11. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncement

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board published Interpretation 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* (FIN 48), which is an interpretation of Statement 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. FIN 48 provides guidance on how entities should evaluate and report on uncertain tax positions. This interpretation requires that realization of an uncertain income tax position must be more likely than not (i.e. greater than 50% likelihood of receiving a benefit) before it can be recognized in the financial statements. Further, this interpretation prescribes the benefit to be recorded in the financial statements at the amount most likely to be realized assuming a review by tax authorities having all relevant information and applying current conventions. This interpretation also clarifies the financial statement classification of tax-related penalties and interest and sets forth new disclosures regarding unrecognized tax benefits. This interpretation is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, and we will be required to adopt this interpretation in the first quarter of 2007. We are currently evaluating the requirements of FIN 48 to determine the effects it will have, if any, on our accounting for income taxes.

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The provisions of SFAS No. 157 are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 5, 2007. We will adopt the guidance contained in SFAS No. 157 at the beginning of our fiscal year ending December 31, 2008. We do not believe that adoption of the guidance contained in SFAS No. 157 will have a material affect on our results of operations or financial condition.

12. Quarterly Dividends

In May 2004, our Board of Directors authorized the adoption of a quarterly dividend policy. Each quarter, our Board of Directors will determine the dividend amount per share, if any. During each of the fiscal quarters beginning with the quarter ended June 30, 2004 through the quarter ended March 31, 2005, our board declared a dividend of \$0.0133 per share. During each of the fiscal quarters beginning with the quarter ended June 30, 2005 our Board declared a \$0.02 per share dividend. The \$0.02 per share dividend in the quarter ended September 30, 2006 was paid August 28, 2006 to stockholders of record as of August 14, 2006.

13. Comprehensive Income

Net income was our only component of comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements. Certain information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other materials filed or to be filed by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission (as well as information included in oral statements or other written statements made or to be made by us) contain statements that are or will be forward-looking, such as statements relating to acquisitions and other business development activities, future capital expenditures and the anticipated or potential effects of future regulation and competition. Such forward-looking information involves important risks and uncertainties that could significantly affect anticipated results in the future and, accordingly, such results may differ from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by us, or on our behalf. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, uncertainties affecting our businesses and our franchisees relating to acquisitions and divestitures (including continuing obligations with respect to completed transactions), sales and renewals of franchises, government and regulatory policies (including federal, state and local efforts to reform the delivery of and payment for healthcare services), changes in average wholesale price (AWP) and other benchmarks used to establish pricing for prescription drugs, general economic conditions (including economic conditions affecting the healthcare industry in particular), the pricing and availability of equipment and services, technological developments and changes in the competitive environment in which we operate. For a more comprehensive description of risks applicable to our business, see Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. We do not undertake any obligation to release publicly any revisions to such forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this Annual Report or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

OVERVIEW

We provide specialty pharmacy services and infusion pharmacy and other related healthcare services to patients at home or at alternate sites such as infusion suites and physician's offices. We contract with managed care organizations and other third party payors who reimburse us for the services we provide to their subscriber members. Our services are provided through our national network of 57 company-owned and managed locations, our 54 franchise-owned pharmacies and our two company-owned, high-volume distribution facilities.

We have three service lines: specialty pharmacy services, infusion and related healthcare services, and other. Specialty pharmacy services involve the distribution of injectable and infused pharmaceuticals to treat a wide range of chronic health conditions. We purchase specialty pharmaceuticals from manufacturers and wholesale distributors, fill prescriptions provided by physicians, and label, package and deliver the pharmaceuticals to patients' homes or physicians' offices, either ourselves or through contract couriers. These pharmaceuticals may require refrigeration during shipping as well as special handling to prevent potency degradation. Depending on therapy, we may also administer the specialty pharmaceuticals to the patient at one of our ambulatory infusion centers. Patients receiving treatment are often provided special counseling and education regarding their condition and treatment program. Infusion and related healthcare services typically involve the intravenous administration of medications at the patient's home or other non-hospital sites such as one of our ambulatory infusion suites. Infusion pharmacy services treat a wide range of acute and chronic health conditions, including infections, dehydration, cancer, pain and nutritional deficiencies. All of our company-owned pharmacies provide infusion pharmacy services. Several of our company-owned pharmacies also provide home health nursing services, respiratory therapy services and home medical equipment sales and rentals. We also have one location that provides home hospice services. Other revenue consists of royalties, franchise settlements and other fees generated from our franchised pharmacy network and, for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2005, software licensing and support revenue generated by our subsidiary, Management by Information, Inc. (MBI). MBI was sold during the fourth quarter of 2005 and no software license and support revenue was recorded during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Specialty Pharmacy Agreement with Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Michigan

On June 15, 2006, we signed a Specialty Pharmacy Agreement (the Agreement) with Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Michigan (BCBSM) and Blue Care Network of Michigan (BCN) to be their exclusive provider of specialty pharmacy mail order services. We expect this contract to materially increase our revenue in future periods. Under the Agreement, we will provide specialty pharmacy medications, ancillary products and focused therapy management to BCBSM and BCN members. The Agreement shall remain in force for an initial term ending September 30, 2009, with an automatic one year renewal beyond that date unless written notice of termination is given by BCBSM, BCN, or us. The

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Agreement may be terminated by BCBSM or BCN, without cause, on ninety (90) days written notice. We began delivering services under this contract in October 2006. We have incurred certain incremental implementation expenses of approximately \$350,000 during the quarter ended September 30, 2006 and anticipate incurring additional expenses in the quarter ending December 31, 2006.

Proposed Reductions to Average Wholesale Prices Published by First DataBank

The proposed settlement of a legal case involving First DataBank, the main publisher of average wholesale prices (AWP s), could potentially have a material adverse effect on our financial performance, results of operations and financial condition in future

periods. The case New England Carpenters Health Benefits Fund, et al. v. First DataBank, et al., Civil Action No. 1:05-CV-11148-PBS (D. Mass.), is a civil class action case brought against First DataBank, alleging that the company colluded with a prescription drug wholesaler to artificially raise the average wholesale prices of various prescription drugs to increase pharmacy profits. As part of a proposed settlement in the case, First DataBank has agreed to reduce the reported AWP of over 8,000 specific pharmaceutical products by four percent. At this time the proposed settlement has received neither preliminary nor final court approval. We cannot predict the outcome of this case, or, if the settlement is approved, the precise timing of any of the proposed AWP changes.

Our contracts with managed care organizations and other commercial payers generally use AWP as a benchmark for establishing pricing for the drugs we provide to patients. In the absence of any mitigating action on our part, the proposed reduction in First DataBank's AWP could have a material adverse effect on the margin we earn on the home infusion and specialty drugs we sell, particularly those contracts that identify AWP published by First DataBank as the sole resource for pricing under that contract. However, most of our contracts with health insurers, third party administrators, self-insured companies and other third party payors contain terms that we believe will enable us to mitigate the adverse effect of this proposed reduction in First DataBank's reported AWP. Further, we are party to a number of contracts under which drug reimbursement is based on proprietary fee schedules which may or may not be referenced to AWP, limiting the impact of reductions to the AWP's published by First DataBank. If the proposed settlement should become final we would exercise our contractual rights so as to mitigate the adverse impact to us.

SUMMARIZED INFORMATION ABOUT REVENUE AND GROSS PROFIT

Summarized information about revenues and gross profit for each of our service lines is provided in the following table (amounts in thousands):

REVENUE

	Three months ended September 30, 2006			2005			Nine months ended September 30, 2006			2005		
	Revenue	% of total		Revenue	% of total		Revenue	% of total		Revenue	% of total	
Specialty pharmacy services	\$ 84,640	55.4	%	\$ 67,239	55.2	%	\$ 269,873	58.0	%	\$ 209,736	57.9	%
Infusion and related healthcare services	66,657	43.6	%	51,178	42.0	%	188,292	40.5	%	141,716	39.1	%
Other	1,592	1.0	%	3,476	2.8	%	7,023	1.5	%	10,687	3.0	%
Total revenue	\$ 152,889	100.0	%	\$ 121,893	100.0	%	\$ 465,188	100.0	%	\$ 362,139	100.0	%

GROSS PROFIT

	Three months ended September 30, 2006			2005			Nine months ended September 30, 2006			2005		
	Gross Profit	Gross profit margin		Gross Profit	Gross profit margin		Gross Profit	Gross profit margin		Gross Profit	Gross profit margin	
Specialty pharmacy services	\$ 13,507	16.0	%	\$ 11,507	17.1	%	\$ 40,823	15.1	%	\$ 33,367	15.9	%
Infusion and related healthcare services	29,361	44.0	%	21,623	42.3	%	83,315	44.2	%	60,892	43.0	%
Total gross profit, excluding other revenue	42,868	28.3	%	33,130	28.0	%	124,138	27.1	%	94,259	26.8	%
Other	1,592	100.0	%	3,365	96.8	%	7,023	100.0	%	10,375	97.1	%
Total gross profit	\$ 44,460	29.1	%	\$ 36,495	29.9	%	\$ 131,161	28.2	%	\$ 104,634	28.9	%

We derive most of our revenue from contracts with third party payors, such as managed care organizations, insurance companies, self-insured employers and Medicare and Medicaid programs. Our principal managed care contract is with Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Florida for the provision of specialty pharmacy services and infusion pharmacy services to their members. Approximately 14% of our revenue from continuing operations for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 and 13% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 was generated from this contract compared to 14% for the corresponding prior year periods. As of September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively, 8% and 9% of our accounts receivable was due from Blue Cross and Blue

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Shield of Florida. The contract may be terminated by either party on 90 days' notice and, unless terminated, renews each September for an additional one-year term. Currently, no other single managed care payor represents more than 10% of our revenue.

We also provide services that are reimbursable through government healthcare programs such as Medicare and state Medicaid programs. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, approximately 21% and 20% of our revenue, respectively, was generated from government healthcare programs compared to 15% and 17% in the corresponding prior year periods. The increase in percentage in the current year periods was primarily due to the impact of our 2006 acquisitions. As of September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively, 20% and 22% of our total accounts receivable was due from government healthcare programs.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table shows the results of our operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, expressed in amounts and percentages of revenue (amounts in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30, 2006			2005			Nine months ended September 30, 2006			2005		
	Amount	% of Revenue		Amount	% of Revenue		Amount	% of Revenue		Amount	% of Revenue	
Revenue:												
Specialty pharmacy services	\$ 84,640	55.4	%	\$ 67,239	55.2	%	\$ 269,873	58.0	%	\$ 209,736	57.9	%
Infusion and related healthcare services	66,657	43.6	%	51,178	42.0	%	188,292	40.5	%	141,716	39.1	%
Other	1,592	1.0	%	3,476	2.9	%	7,023	1.5	%	10,687	3.0	%
Total revenue	152,889	100.0	%	121,893	100.0	%	465,188	100.0	%	362,139	100.0	%
Cost of revenue:												
Cost of goods sold	90,709	59.3	%	71,680	58.8	%	282,721	60.8	%	219,122	60.5	%
Cost of services provided	17,720	11.6	%	13,718	11.3	%	51,306	11.0	%	38,383	10.6	%
Total cost of revenue	108,429	70.9	%	85,398	70.1	%	334,027	71.8	%	257,505	71.1	%
Gross profit	44,460	29.1	%	36,495	29.9	%	131,161	28.2	%	104,634	28.9	%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	30,627	20.1	%	25,318	20.8	%	90,846	19.5	%	72,165	19.9	%
Provision for doubtful accounts	3,542	2.3	%	2,248	1.8	%	10,461	2.3	%	6,727	1.9	%
Depreciation and amortization	1,227	0.8	%	915	0.8	%	3,597	0.8	%	2,668	0.7	%
Total operating expenses	35,396	23.2	%	28,481	23.4	%	104,904	22.6	%	81,560	22.5	%
Operating income	9,064	5.9	%	8,014	6.6	%	26,257	5.6	%	23,074	6.4	%
Interest income (expense), net	(261)	(0.2)	%	108	0.1	%	(470)	(0.1)	%	258		%
Other expense, net	(260)	(0.1)	%	(73)	(0.1)	%	(688)	(0.1)	%	(20)		%
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	8,543	5.6	%	8,049	6.6	%	25,099	5.4	%	23,312	6.4	%
Income tax provision	3,337	2.2	%	3,137	2.6	%	9,265	2.0	%	8,925	2.4	%
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 5,206	3.4	%	\$ 4,912	4.0	%	\$ 15,834	3.4	%	\$ 14,387	4.0	%
Discontinued operations:												
Loss on discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$ (256)	(0.2)	%	\$		%	\$ (893)	(0.2)	%	\$		%
Net income	\$ 4,950	3.2	%	\$ 4,912	4.0	%	\$ 14,941	3.2	%	\$ 14,387	4.0	%

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005

For the quarter ended September 30, 2006, we generated revenue from continuing operations of \$152.9 million, an increase of 25.4% over the corresponding prior year quarter. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, our revenue was \$465.2 million, an increase of 28.5% over the corresponding prior year period. This revenue growth was the result of acquisitions, new location start-ups and increased same store sales. Our overall gross profit margin remained consistent. Within our service lines, gross profit margins on infusion and related healthcare services improved slightly and margins on specialty pharmacy services declined slightly in the current year, primarily due to shifts in product mix within these service lines. Our net income from continuing operations for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 was \$5.2 million, an increase of \$300,000, or 6.0%, over the corresponding prior year quarter. Net income from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 was \$15.8 million, an increase of \$1.4 million, or 10.1%, over the corresponding prior year period. Net income per diluted share from continuing operations was \$0.15 for the quarter and \$0.45 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$0.14 and \$0.42 for the corresponding prior year periods. Additionally, we paid a cash dividend of \$0.02 per share during the quarter ended September 30, 2006.

During the quarter ended September 30, 2006, we divested two home health agencies that did not fit our strategic objectives. We incurred losses from these discontinued operations, net of tax, in the amount of \$300,000 for the quarter and \$900,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Neither of these home health agencies was in operation during the prior year periods.

We acquired two infusion businesses during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and reached a binding agreement to acquire a third. We continue to evaluate potential acquisitions that we believe will complement our existing operations.

We generated positive operating cash flow of \$21.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and ended the period with \$21.7 million in cash and short-term investments. Our long-term debt as of September 30, 2006 consisted primarily of \$86.3 million of 2.25% convertible senior notes due November 2024. We executed a \$35 million revolving Credit Agreement with LaSalle Bank effective May 5, 2006. We have not borrowed against this Credit Agreement.

Revenue:

We report our operating results in one segment, consisting of three service lines: specialty pharmacy services; infusion and related healthcare services; and other. For the quarter ended September 30, 2006, our revenue from continuing operations was \$152.9 million, an increase of \$31.0 million, or 25.4%, over the quarter ended September 30, 2005. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, our revenue from continuing operations was \$465.2 million, an increase of \$103.0 million, or 28.5%, over the corresponding prior year period. These increases in revenue from continuing operations during the current year periods were primarily due to same store sales growth, business acquisitions and new pharmacy start-ups.

Specialty pharmacy services revenue:

Our specialty pharmacy services generated revenue from continuing operations of \$84.6 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2006, representing an increase of \$17.4 million, or 25.9%, over the corresponding prior year quarter. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, our specialty pharmacy revenue from continuing operations was \$269.9 million, an increase of \$60.1 million, or 28.7%, over the corresponding prior year period. These increases were due to acquisitions and startups, as well as increased market penetration for various specialty drugs and therapies. Specialty pharmacy revenue is expected to increase sequentially in the quarter ended December 31, 2006 due to seasonal sales of Synagis.

Infusion and related healthcare services revenue:

Our infusion and related healthcare services revenue from continuing operations for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 was \$66.7 million, an increase of \$15.5 million, or 30.2%, over the corresponding prior year quarter. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, infusion and related healthcare services revenue from continuing operations was \$188.3 million, an increase of \$46.6 million, or 32.9%, over the corresponding prior year period. The primary drivers of these increases were the acquisitions we completed in 2005 and the first six months of 2006 as well as same store sales increases throughout our network of local, company-owned infusion pharmacies.

Other revenue:

Other revenue was \$1.6 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 compared to \$3.5 million in the corresponding prior year quarter. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, other revenue was \$7.0 million compared to \$10.7 million in the prior year period. The decreases were primarily due to a decline in franchise settlement revenue, decline in royalties as a result of our acquisition of several franchises in 2005 and 2006 and the absence of software-related revenue in 2006 resulting from our sale of MBI in November 2005. Franchise-related revenue may

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continue to fluctuate significantly in future periods due to our potential acquisition, audit or termination of various franchises.

Cost of revenue:

Cost of revenue consists of the cost of goods and the cost of service provided. Our cost of revenue from continuing operations was \$108.4 million for the quarter and \$334.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, representing increases of 27.0% and 29.7% over the corresponding prior year periods. These increases were related to the revenue increases of 25.4% and 28.5%

during these periods.

Cost of goods sold from continuing operations was \$90.7 million, or 59.3% of revenue, for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 and \$282.7 million, or 60.8% of revenue, for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. In the prior year periods, cost of goods sold from continuing operations was \$71.7 million, or 58.8% of revenue, for the quarter and \$219.1 million, or 60.5% of revenue, for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. The slight increases in cost of goods sold as a percentage of revenue in the current year periods was due to the decline in other revenue, which typically has no associated cost of goods.

Cost of service consists of salaries and related costs for employees directly involved in patient care, as well as the cost of shipping or delivering products and services to the patient. Our cost of service from continuing operations was \$17.7 million, or 11.6% of revenue, for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 and \$51.3 million, or 11.0% of revenue, for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. In the prior year periods, our cost of service was \$13.7 million, or 11.3% of revenue, for the quarter and \$38.4 million, or 10.6% of revenue, for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. The increases in costs of service as a percentage of revenue in the current year periods was due to a variety of factors, including acquisitions completed in 2005 and 2006 which increased our RT/DME and home health nursing and therapy services in the current year.

Gross profit margin. The following table sets forth the gross profit margin for each of our three service lines: specialty pharmacy services; infusion and related healthcare services; and other:

	Three months ended September 30, 2006		2005		Nine months ended September 30, 2006		2005	
Gross profit margin:								
Specialty pharmacy services	16.0	%	17.1	%	15.1	%	15.9	%
Infusion and related healthcare services	44.0	%	42.3	%	44.2	%	43.0	%
Gross profit margin, excluding other revenue	28.3	%	28.0	%	27.1	%	26.8	%
Other	100.0	%	96.8	%	100.0	%	97.1	%
Total gross profit margin	29.1	%	29.9	%	28.2	%	28.9	%

Our overall gross profit margins from continuing operations declined slightly in the current year periods due to the decline in other revenue from franchise settlements and a decline in royalties as a result of our acquisition of several of our franchises in 2005 and 2006. Within our service lines, the gross profit margin on our specialty pharmacy services decreased due to an unfavorable contract mix within our managed care specialty services, while the gross profit margin on our infusion and related healthcare services increased due to lower drug costs and favorable therapy mix in the current year. Other revenue, which primarily consists of franchise-related revenues and software sales and support, has minimal direct costs and therefore produces a high gross profit margin.

Selling, general and administrative expenses:

For the quarter ended September 30, 2006, selling, general and administrative expenses related to continuing operations were \$30.6 million, an increase of \$5.3 million, or 21.0% over the corresponding prior year quarter. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, selling, general and administrative expenses from continuing operations were \$90.8 million, an increase of \$18.7 million, or 25.9%, over the corresponding prior year period. These increases were primarily due to the incremental expenses from the businesses we acquired in 2005 and 2006. The largest increases were in salaries and related expenses, which increased \$3.2 million for the quarter and \$10.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 compared to the corresponding prior year periods. In the quarter ended September 30, 2006, selling, general and administrative expenses included \$300,000 of implementation costs related to our recently-signed specialty pharmacy contract with Blue Cross / Blue Shield of Michigan. As a percentage of revenue from continuing operations, selling, general and administrative expense declined by 70 basis points in the quarter and 40 basis points in the nine months ended September 30, 2006 compared to the corresponding prior year periods.

Provision for doubtful accounts:

Our provision for doubtful accounts for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 was \$3.5 million, or 2.3% of revenue, compared to \$2.2 million, or 1.8% of revenue, in the prior year quarter. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, our provision for doubtful accounts was \$10.5 million, or 2.3% of revenue, compared to \$6.7 million, or 1.9% of revenue, in the corresponding prior year period. The slight increase in our provision for doubtful accounts as a percentage of revenue was due to the effects of our acquisitions and a proportional increase in sales billed through major medical benefit versus prescription drug benefit.

Depreciation and amortization:

For the quarter ended September 30, 2006, depreciation and amortization expense was \$1.2 million, an increase of \$300,000, or 34.1%, over the corresponding prior year quarter. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, our depreciation and amortization expense was \$3.6 million, an increase of \$900,000, or 34.8%, over the corresponding prior year period. These increases are primarily due to acquisitions and additional investments in computer hardware and software technology. The depreciation expense contained within this caption on our statements of income relates to non-revenue producing assets only. Depreciation for revenue-producing equipment such as rental medical equipment and delivery vehicles is included in cost of revenue.

Operating income:

Our operating income was \$9.1 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2006, an increase of \$1.1 million, or 13.1%, over the corresponding prior year quarter. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, our operating income was \$26.3 million, which represents an increase of \$3.2 million, or 13.8%, over the prior year period. These increases in operating income were primarily the result of acquisitions completed in 2005 and 2006 and increased profitability from existing locations. Our operating income equaled 5.9% of revenue for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 compared to 6.6% for the corresponding prior year quarter. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, our operating income was equal to 5.6% of revenue compared to 6.4% in the prior year periods. These declines were primarily attributable to a decline in other revenue from franchise terminations in the current year periods.

Interest income/(expense):

In the quarter ended September 30, 2006, we recorded net interest expense of \$300,000 compared to net interest income of \$100,000 in the corresponding prior year quarter. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, our net interest expense was \$500,000 compared to net interest income of \$300,000 in the corresponding prior year period. During the three and nine month periods ended September 30 in both years, our interest expense was related to our \$86.3 million of 2.25% convertible senior notes while our interest income was primarily related to short-term investments and cash reserves. Acquisitions completed in 2005 and 2006 have reduced these reserves, resulting in lower interest income in the current year periods compared to the prior year.

Income taxes:

Our income tax provision related to continuing operations was \$3.3 million for the quarter and \$9.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. In the prior year, our income tax provision was \$3.1 million for the quarter and \$8.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. As a percentage of pre-tax income, our provision for income taxes was 39.1% for the quarter and 36.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 compared to 39.0% and 38.3% for the corresponding prior year periods. The decline in income tax provision as a percentage of pre-tax income in nine months ended September 30, 2006 compared to the prior year period was primarily due to reduction of an excess provision for prior year income taxes and various tax planning initiatives. The effect of these tax planning initiatives was partly offset in the quarter ended September 30, 2006 due to an increase in pre-tax income in states with higher tax rates.

Net income from continuing operations:

Our net income from continuing operations was \$5.2 million for the quarter and \$15.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 compared to \$4.9 million for the quarter and \$14.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. The current year increases in net income from continuing operations were primarily the result of our growth in revenue from acquisitions, as well as increases in same store sales. As a percentage of revenue, our net income from continuing operations was 3.4% for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2006 compared to 4.0% for the corresponding prior year periods. These declines are primarily due to the reduction in franchise-related revenue in the current year.

Diluted shares & earnings per share:

For the quarter ended September 30, 2006, our diluted shares were 35,460,000 compared to 34,679,000 for the corresponding prior year quarter. This increase was primarily due to shares issued in connection with business acquisitions completed this year. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, diluted shares were 35,310,000 compared to 34,231,000 for the corresponding prior year period. This increase was due to shares issued in connection with business acquisitions, stock options exercises and shares purchased through our employee stock purchase plan. Our earnings per diluted share from continuing operations were \$0.15 for the quarter and \$0.45 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$0.14 for the quarter and \$0.42 for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. These increases in earnings per diluted shares were due to the positive effects of our acquisitions and increases in same store sales.

Loss on discontinued operations, net of income taxes:

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we discontinued operations of two home health agencies. As of March 31, 2006, we determined that our home health agency in Portland, Oregon (Portland HHA) was not a strategic asset of our company and we adopted a plan to sell or terminate the business. On August 1, 2006, we completed the sale of Portland HHA for \$500,000 in cash, plus the assumption of certain liabilities by the purchaser. During the quarter ended September 30, 2006, we terminated the operations of a non-accretive home health agency operating in Phoenix, Arizona. We recorded losses, net of income tax, of \$300,000 for the quarter and \$900,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 related to the operations of these home health agencies. Neither of these home health agencies was under our ownership or part of our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income during the corresponding prior year periods so there were no gains or losses from

discontinued operations reported for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2005.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we financed our operations and business acquisitions through operating cash flows, the use of cash reserves and our sales of short-term investments. We generated \$21.3 million in positive cash flow from operations during this period and used \$43.8 million in cash to complete business acquisitions. As of September 30, 2006, we had cash and short-term investments totaling \$21.7 million and long-term debt of \$86.3 million. In order to gain access to additional

capital, we signed a \$35 million revolving Credit Agreement with LaSalle Bank National Association on May 5, 2006. This agreement grants us the option to increase the credit commitment from \$35 million to a maximum of \$100 million during the first two years of the agreement. We had no borrowings under the Credit Agreement from inception through September 30, 2006 and were in compliance with all debt covenants as of September 30, 2006.

Operating Cash Flows:

We generated \$21.3 million in positive cash flow from operations in the nine months ended September 30, 2006. This positive cash flow was primarily the result of our net income of \$14.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, plus non-cash expenses of \$18.8 million, partially offset by our payment of accounts payable assumed through business acquisitions.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2005, we generated \$15.9 million in positive cash flow from operations. This positive cash flow was primarily the result of our positive net income of \$14.4 million during the period.

Investing Cash Flows:

We used \$19.4 million in cash for investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2006. During this period, we used \$43.8 million in cash to complete business combinations and pay additional consideration due on prior year acquisitions. We generated \$31.8 million in cash from the net sale of short-term investments to provide the cash to complete these acquisitions. We also used \$7.9 million in cash during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 to acquire depreciable assets, of which \$4.1 million was used for infrastructure items such as furniture and fixtures and computer hardware and software, while \$3.8 million was used to acquire revenue-generating medical equipment such as infusion pumps and durable medical equipment.

We used \$31.7 million in cash in investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2005. We used \$46.4 million in cash to complete seven business acquisitions of which two were completed in the quarter ended September 30, 2005 for a cost of \$20.2 million in cash. During the nine months ended September 30, 2005, we generated \$21.7 million in cash from the liquidation of short-term investments in order to fund our acquisition activities. We also used \$7.1 million in cash to acquire equipment and other fixed assets of which \$2.5 million was used to purchase revenue-producing medical equipment such as infusion pumps and other durable medical equipment, \$2.2 million was used for infrastructure items such as furniture, fixtures and computer hardware, \$1.6 million was used to purchase computer software and \$800,000 was used for internal software development projects.

Financing Cash Flows:

We generated \$2.7 million from financing activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2006. We generated \$3.8 million from issuance of stock related to employee stock option exercises and purchases under our employee stock purchase plan, and recognized \$1.0 million in income tax benefits resulting from exercises of employee stock options. These positive cash flow items were offset by our use of \$2.0 million to pay dividends to our shareholders and \$100,000 to pay fees related to obtaining our \$35 million credit agreement with LaSalle Bank National Association.

Financing activities generated a net \$6.1 million in positive cash flow for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. We generated \$6.1 million in cash from the issuance of shares of common stock through our employee stock purchase and stock option plans, and \$2.0 million from income tax benefits resulting from exercises of stock options. We used \$1.7 million to pay cash dividends to our shareholders and used \$200,000 to pay trailing debt issuance costs related to our convertible debt offering completed in November 2004.

Convertible Senior Notes:

In November 1, 2004, we completed an \$86.3 million offering of 2.25% convertible senior notes, due 2024. The purpose of the offering was to finance our future growth initiatives. The funds have been and may continue to be used for acquisitions, stock repurchases, operating cash needs and other general corporate purposes. The convertible notes pay interest at 2.25% interest per annum on the principal amount of the notes, payable semi-annually in arrears on May 1 and November 1 of each year, with the first payment paid on May 1, 2005. The holders may convert the notes into cash and, if applicable, shares of our common stock if certain conversion criteria are met, such as our stock reaching a threshold market price or various other criteria. As of September 30, 2006, no triggering event has occurred that could lead to the potential conversion of the notes. The notes cannot be redeemed by us prior to November 1, 2009. On each of November 1, 2009, November 1, 2014 and November 1, 2019, the holders can require us to purchase all or a portion of the outstanding notes for their principal amount plus accrued interest. At any time on or after November 1, 2009, we may redeem the notes, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount, plus any accrued and unpaid interest. We have incurred deferred financing costs of \$3.2 million related to this offering, consisting of underwriting, legal and other related costs. These costs are being amortized straight-line over a five-year period.

Credit Agreement with LaSalle Bank N.A.:

On May 5, 2006, we signed a five-year, \$35 million revolving Credit Agreement with LaSalle Bank National Association (the Agreement). The initial revolving loan commitment under the Agreement is \$35 million. Provided there is no event of default, we have the option to increase the revolving loan commitment to a maximum of \$100 million during the first two years of the Agreement. We will pay interest on borrowings at rates ranging from prime plus zero or LIBOR plus 1.00% to a maximum of prime plus 0.25% or LIBOR plus 1.75% based on our debt to EBITDA ratio for the applicable period. We will also pay a non-use fee ranging from 0.15% to 0.225% of the unused portion of the revolving loan commitment. The interest rates and non-use fee rates payable are based on our Total Debt to EBITDA Ratio, as defined in the agreement, for the applicable period. We must maintain

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compliance with various financial and other covenants throughout the life of the Agreement. We may use up to \$2.5 million of our available credit to secure Letters of Credit, as needed, payable applicable fees while the Letters of Credit are in place. We incurred fees of approximately \$100,000 related to negotiating this Agreement. We had no borrowings under the Agreement during the quarter and nine month periods ended September 30, 2006 and were in compliance with all covenants. In the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we recorded non-use fees of \$25,000 related to this Agreement.

Accounts Receivable:

The following table sets forth information regarding our accounts receivable as of the dates indicated (dollar amounts in thousands):

	September 30, 2006	June 30, 2006	March 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
Accounts receivable	\$ 111,132	\$ 111,097	\$ 120,983	\$ 101,294
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(9,151)	(8,566)	(7,435)	(5,997)
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 101,981	\$ 102,531	\$ 113,548	\$ 95,297
Days sales outstanding (DSO)(1)	59 days	58 days	59 days	59 days

(1) DSO is based on trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, and is calculated using the exhaustion method whereby the net accounts receivable balance is exhausted against each preceding month's or partial month's net revenue. The DSO calculated above includes only our specialty pharmacy service line and infusion and related healthcare service line.

Our accounts receivable, net of bad debt reserves, was \$102.0 million as of September 30, 2006 compared to \$102.5 million as of June 30, 2006 and \$95.3 million as of December 31, 2005. The overall increase in our accounts receivable from December 31, 2005 to September 31, 2006 was primary due to acquisitions. The increase in accounts receivable as of March 31, 2006 and subsequent decline by June 30, 2006 was primarily due to seasonal sales of Synagis. Our days sales outstanding (DSO) has remained stable over the past four quarters. Our DSO at September 30, 2006 was 59 compared to 58 days as of June 30, 2006 and 59 days as of March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005.

The following table sets forth the percentage breakdown of our trade accounts receivable by aging category and by major payor as of the dates indicated:

	September 30, 2006	June 30, 2006	March 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
<u>By Aging Category (1):</u>				
0-90 days	69	% 70	% 76	% 78
91-180 days	15	% 18	% 14	% 12
181-365 days	12	% 9	% 7	% 7
Over 365 days	4	% 3	% 3	% 3
Total	100	% 100	% 100	% 100
<u>By Major Payor:</u>				
Managed care and other payors	80	% 82	% 77	% 78
Medicare and Medicaid	20	% 18	% 23	% 22
Total	100	% 100	% 100	% 100

(1) Accounts receivable by aging category considers only accounts of our specialty pharmacy service line and infusion and related healthcare service line.

Capital Resources:

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As of September 30, 2006 we had cash and cash equivalents of \$12.5 million and short-term investments of \$9.2 million for a combined total of \$21.7 million, compared to cash and cash equivalents of \$7.8 million and short-term investments of \$41.0 million for a combined total of \$48.8 million as of December 31, 2005. This overall decline of \$27.1 million in cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments was primarily due to our use of \$43.8 million in cash to fund business acquisitions during 2006.

We believe that cash flow from operations, plus our current cash and short-term investments and available credit under our new \$35 million revolving Credit Agreement with LaSalle Bank National Association will be sufficient to meet our operating cash needs for

the immediate future, including any interest due on our \$86.3 million of 2.25% convertible senior notes. In the event that additional capital is required, there can be no assurance that such capital can be obtained from other sources on terms acceptable to us, if at all.

Our business strategy includes the selective acquisition of additional local pharmacy facilities and specialty pharmacy operations. Accordingly, we may require additional capital in order to complete these acquisitions. It is impossible to predict the amount of capital that may be required for acquisitions, and there is no assurance that sufficient financing for these activities will be available on terms acceptable to us, if at all.

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The following table sets forth the net value of our goodwill and other intangible assets as of September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 (in thousands):

	September 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
Goodwill, net of accumulated amortization	\$ 164,232	\$ 112,220
Other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization	\$ 1,196	\$ 1,003
Total intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization	\$ 165,428	\$ 113,223

Other intangible assets consist of non-compete agreements, contracts and patient records acquired through business acquisitions. During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, goodwill increased \$52.0 million as a result of the two acquisitions completed and binding agreement for a third during the period, as well as additional consideration paid and payable related to prior year acquisitions. During the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2006, we wrote off goodwill of \$300,000 and \$400,000, respectively, related to business disposals. During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, other intangible assets increased by \$500,000 as a result of these acquisitions, offset by amortization of \$300,000 during the period.

As required by Statements of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets (SFAS No. 142)*, we do not amortize goodwill, but test our goodwill for impairment annually each October 1, or whenever we identify events or conditions that could potentially result in impairment of our goodwill. During the quarter ended June 30, 2006, no impairment of goodwill was identified.

Regulatory and Other Developments

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA)

To improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the health care system, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) of 1996, Public Law 104-191, included Administrative Simplification provisions that required the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) to adopt national standards for electronic health care transactions. At the same time, Congress recognized that advances in electronic technology could erode the privacy of health information. Consequently, Congress incorporated provisions into HIPAA that mandated the adoption of Federal privacy protections for individually identifiable health information.

In response to the HIPAA mandate, in December 2000, HHS published a final regulation in the form of the Privacy Rule, which became effective on April 14, 2001. This Privacy Rule set national standards for the protection of health information, as applied to the three types of covered entities: health plans, health care clearinghouses, and health care providers who conduct certain health care transactions electronically. Pursuant to the Privacy Rule, covered entities are required to have standards in place to protect and guard against the misuse of individually identifiable health information.

The Privacy Rule established a foundation of Federal protections for the privacy of protected health information. The Privacy Rule does not replace federal, state, or other laws that grant individuals even greater privacy protections, and covered entities are free to retain or adopt more protective policies or practices. We have implemented the standards set forth in the Privacy Rule, and believe that we and all of our franchisees are in compliance with the Privacy Rule or any more stringent federal or state laws relating to privacy.

Additionally, the Administrative Simplification provisions address electronic health care transactions and the security of electronic health information systems. Providers are required to comply with the standards by specific compliance dates established by HHS. For standards relating to electronic health care transactions, all providers were required to comply by October 16, 2003. The security standards applicable to individually identifiable health information maintained electronically were required to be implemented by April 21, 2005. We were materially compliant with these standards by the applicable compliance date. The standards for a unique national health identifier for providers used in

connection with the electronic healthcare transactions must be

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implemented by May 23, 2007. We expect to be able to materially comply with this requirement by the applicable compliance date.

Penalties for non-compliance with the Privacy Rule and other HIPAA Administrative Simplification provisions range from a civil penalty of \$100 for each violation (which can total up to \$25,000 per person per year), to criminal penalties, including up to \$50,000 and/or one year imprisonment, up to \$100,000 and/or five years imprisonment if the offense is committed under false pretenses and up to \$250,000 and/or ten years imprisonment for violating a standard with the intent to sell, transfer or use individually identifiable health information for commercial advantage, personal gain or malicious harm.

In addition to regulating privacy of individual health information and other provisions relating to Administrative Simplification, HIPAA includes several anti-fraud and abuse laws, extends criminal penalties to private health care benefit programs and, in addition to Medicare and Medicaid, to other federal health care programs, and expands the Office of Inspector General's authority to exclude persons and entities from participating in the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are subject to market risk primarily in relation to our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. In May 2006, we signed a five-year, \$35 million revolving Credit Agreement with LaSalle Bank National Association (the "Agreement"). The initial revolving loan commitment under the Agreement is \$35 million. Provided there is no event of default, we have the option to increase the revolving loan commitment to a maximum of \$100 million during the first two years of the Agreement. We will pay interest on borrowings at rates ranging from prime plus zero or LIBOR plus 1.00% to a maximum of prime plus 0.25% or LIBOR plus 1.75% based on our debt to EBITDA ratio for the applicable period. As of September 30, 2006, we had not borrowed against the Agreement and have no other variable rate debt.

In November 2004, we completed an \$86.3 million offering of 2.25% convertible senior notes due 2024. The interest rate on this debt is fixed throughout the term of the notes and therefore there is no market risk related to these notes.

The interest rate we may earn on our cash reserves and short-term investments is subject to market fluctuations. We utilize a mix of investment maturities based on our anticipated cash needs and evaluation of existing interest rates and market conditions.

The following table sets forth our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments as of the dates indicated (in thousands):

	September 30, 2006	June 30, 2006	March 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
Cash and cash equivalents (1)	\$ 12,456	\$ 15,444	\$ 12,611	\$ 7,816
Short-term investments (2)	9,200	4,000	14,250	41,042
Total	\$ 21,656	\$ 19,444	\$ 26,861	48,858

(1) Cash equivalents includes highly-liquid investments having a maturity of three months or less at time of purchase.

(2) Short-term investments consist of commercial paper with maturities of three months or more at time of acquisition, as well as variable-rate municipal demand notes, preferred stocks and similar instruments that are either perpetual in nature or have final maturities greater than three months.

While we attempt to minimize market risk and maximize return, changes in market conditions may significantly affect the income we earn on our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. Based on our actual cash and cash equivalents and short-term investment balances at September 30, 2006, a 100 basis point decline in interest rates would reduce our interest income by \$217,000 on an annualized basis.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act)) as of September 30, 2006. Based upon that evaluation, the chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of September 30, 2006. Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the

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Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

In addition, no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act)

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occurred during our fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2006 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

We are subject to claims and legal actions that may arise in the ordinary course of business. However, we maintain insurance to protect against such claims or legal actions. We are not aware of any litigation, either pending or filed, that we believe is likely to have a material adverse effect on our results of operation or financial condition.

We currently maintain insurance for general and professional liability claims in the amount of \$1 million per claim and \$3 million in aggregate per policy year, plus \$5 million in umbrella coverage. Accordingly, the maximum coverage for a first claim in any policy year is \$6 million, and the maximum aggregate coverage for all claims in a policy year is \$8 million. We also require each franchisee to maintain general liability and professional liability insurance covering both the franchise and us, at coverage levels that we believe to be sufficient. These policies provide coverage on a claims-made or occurrence basis and have certain exclusions from coverage. These insurance policies generally must be renewed annually. There can be no assurance that our insurance coverage will be adequate to cover liability claims that may be asserted against us.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 includes a detailed discussion of certain risk factors in Part I, Item 1A. The information presented below updates and should be read in conjunction with the risk factors and information disclosed in that 10-K. The risk factors listed below and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 are not the only risks and uncertainties that we face or that could develop. Other risks and uncertainties that we have not predicted or evaluated could also adversely affect our company. If any of these risks and uncertainties actually occurs, our business, financial condition, operating results or liquidity could be materially and adversely affected.

Our gross profit could decrease if there are changes in the calculation of Average Wholesale Price (AWP) for the prescription drugs we sell, or if managed care organizations and other private payors replace Average Wholesale Price with a different reimbursement system.

Our gross margin margins are largely controlled by our ability to purchase prescription drugs at discounted prices and to negotiate profitable managed care contracts. Contracts for the services we provide generally reference certain published benchmarks to establish pricing for prescription drugs. These benchmarks include average wholesale price (AWP), wholesale acquisition cost (WAC) maximum allowable cost (MAC) and average sales price (ASP). Most of our contracts utilize the AWP standard as published by First DataBank and a number of other private companies. Recent events have raised uncertainties as to whether the AWP published by First DataBank will decline resulting in a reduction of our gross profit margins.

Specifically, in the recently announced proposed settlement in the case New England Carpenters Health Benefits Fund, et al. v. First DataBank, et al., Civil Action No. 1:05-CV-11148-PBS (D. Mass.), a civil class action case brought against First DataBank, one of several companies that report data on prescription drug prices, First DataBank has agreed to reduce the reported AWP of over 8,000 specific pharmaceutical products by four percent. At this time the proposed settlement has received neither preliminary nor final court approval. We cannot predict the outcome of this case, or, if the settlement is approved, the precise timing of any of the proposed AWP changes. In the absence of any mitigating action on our part, the proposed reduction in First DataBank's published AWP could reduce our revenue and narrow our gross profit margins.

Some managed care organizations are adopting ASP as the standard measure for determining reimbursement rates in new or renegotiated contracts. To the extent that we are not able to negotiate new ASP-based contracts with managed care organizations that produce gross profit margins comparable to our existing AWP-based contracts, our revenue and gross profit may be reduced.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Securities Holders

None.

ITEM 5. Other Information

None.

ITEM 6. Exhibits

See Exhibit Index.

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 9, 2006

OPTION CARE, INC.

By:

/s/ Paul Mastrapa

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit
Number

- | | |
|------|--|
| 31.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 31.2 | Certification of Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, and Rule 13a-14(b) of the Exchange Act. |

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