CIBER INC Form 10-Q October 29, 2013 Table of Contents

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2013
OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-13103

## Ciber, Inc.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

38-2046833

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

6363 South Fiddler s Green Circle, Suite 1400,

**Greenwood Village, Colorado** (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

**80111** (Zip Code)

(303) 220-0100

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes o No x

There were 75,448,076 shares of the registrant s Common Stock outstanding as of October 21, 2013.

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## Ciber, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## **Consolidated Statements of Operations**

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2013	,	2012	2013	,	2012
REVENUES						
Consulting services	\$ 202,780	\$	200,211 \$	,	\$	613,058
Other revenue	12,277		11,005	34,387		33,002
Total revenues	215,057		211,216	654,993		646,060
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Cost of consulting services	153,597		151,671	469,611		459,983
Cost of other revenue	7,398		6,125	20,056		19,817
Selling, general and administrative	53,531		48,966	154,021		149,737
Amortization of intangible assets			157			482
Restructuring charges	14,000			14,953		
Total operating expenses	228,526		206,919	658,641		630,019
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) FROM						
CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(13,469)		4,297	(3,648)		16,041
Interest income	208		109	700		495
Interest expense	(450)		(1,096)	(1,970)		(5,163)
Other expense, net	(264)		(614)	(89)		(549)
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING						
OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(13,975)		2,696	(5,007)		10,824
Income tax expense (benefit)	(462)		2,501	4,122		8,921
NET INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING						
OPERATIONS	(13,513)		195	(9,129)		1,903
Loss from discontinued operations, net of						
income tax	(952)		(9,510)	(5,489)		(9,890)
CONSOLIDATED NET LOSS	(14,465)		(9,315)	(14,618)		(7,987)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling						
interests	4		134	4		400
NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO						
CIBER, INC.	\$ (14,469)	\$	(9,449) \$	(14,622)	\$	(8,387)
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share						
attributable to Ciber, Inc.:						
Continuing operations	\$ (0.18)	\$	\$	(0.12)	\$	0.02
Discontinued operations	(0.01)		(0.13)	(0.08)		(0.13)
Basic and diluted loss per share attributable to						
Ciber, Inc.	\$ (0.19)	\$	(0.13) \$	(0.20)	\$	(0.11)
Weighted average shares outstanding:						
Basic	75,070		73,276	74,611		73,008
Diluted	75,070		73,647	74,611		73,498

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

## Ciber, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## **Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)**

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Mon Septem	led	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2013	2012	2013		2012	
Consolidated net loss	\$ (14,465)	\$ (9,315) \$	(14,618)	\$	(7,987)	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	7,104	8,216	(834)		4,811	
Comprehensive loss	(7,361)	(1,099)	(15,452)		(3,176)	
Comprehensive income attributable to						
noncontrolling interests	4	134	4		400	
Comprehensive loss attributable to Ciber, Inc.	\$ (7,365)	\$ (1,233) \$	(15,456)	\$	(3,576)	

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

## Ciber, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

ASSETS  Current assets:  Cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalen			September 30, 2013		December 31, 2012
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 32,890         \$ 5,8,849           Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$1,567 and \$1,752, respectively         194,660         200,257           Prepaid expenses and other current assets         23,324         24,054           Total current assets         250,874         283,160           Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$50,069 and \$47,859, respectively         13,048         13,683           Goodwill         278,815         276,599           Other assets         6,679         7,029           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 49,416         \$ 88,047           LIABILITIES AND EQUITY         Liabilities         20,242         30,775           Current portion of long-term debt         \$ 3,236         \$ 6,337           Accounts payable         25,642         30,775           Accude compensation and related liabilities         56,805         68,900           Deferred revenue         22,232         21,872           Income taxes payable         11,157         4,331           Other current liabilities         13,366         17,692           Long-term debt         14,385         19,790           Long-term debt         14,385         19,790           Long-term debt         13,766	ASSETS				
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$1,567 and \$1,752, respectively         194,660         200,257           Prepaid expenses and other current assets         23,324         24,054           Total current assets         25,0874         283,160           Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$50,069 and \$47,859, respectively         13,048         13,683           Goodwill         278,815         276,599           Other assets         6,679         7,029           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 549,416         \$ 580,471           LIABILITIES AND EQUITY         **** Liabilities:         ***** Current Iabilities:           Current portion of long-term debt         \$ 3,323         \$ 6,337           Accounts payable         25,642         30,775           Accoud compensation and related liabilities         56,805         68,900           Deferred revenue         22,232         21,872           Income taxes payable         1,157         4,331           Other accrued expenses and liabilities         44,694         45,477           Total current Itabilities         153,766         177,692           Long-term debt         14,385         19,790           Deferred ricome taxes         24,021         21,888           Total liabilities	Current assets:				
Prepaid expenses and other current assets         23,324         24,054           Total current assets         250,874         283,160           Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$50,069 and \$47,859, respectively         13,048         13,683           Goodwill         278,815         276,599           Other assets         6,679         7,029           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 49,416         \$ 80,471           LIABILITIES AND EQUITY           Liabilities:           Current portion of long-term debt         \$ 3,236         \$ 6,337           Accounts payable         25,642         30,775           Accounts payable         25,642         30,775           Accounte dompensation and related liabilities         5,805         6,800           Deferred revenue         1,157         4,331           Other accrued expenses and liabilities         44,649         45,477           Total current liabilities         11,35         19,709           Deferred income taxes         24,021         21,888           Other long-term debt         14,385         19,709           Deferred income taxes         24,021         21,888           Total liabilities         10,720         2,188 <td>Cash and cash equivalents</td> <td>\$</td> <td>32,890</td> <td>\$</td> <td>58,849</td>	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	32,890	\$	58,849
Total current assets         250,874         283,160           Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$50,069 and \$47,859, respectively         3,048         13,683           respectively         278,815         276,599           Other assets         6,679         7,029           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 549,416         \$ 880,471           LIABILITIES AND EQUITY           Liabilities:           Current liabilities:           Current portion of long-term debt         \$ 3,236         \$ 6,337           Accounts payable         25,642         30,775           Accrued compensation and related liabilities         56,805         68,900           Deferred revenue         22,232         1,872           Income taxes payable         1,157         4,331           Other accrued expenses and liabilities         153,766         177,692           Long-term debt         14,385         19,790           Deferred income taxes         24,021         21,848           Other long-term liabilities         202,892         22,1518           Commitments and contingencies           Equity:           Commitments and contingencies           Frefered	Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$1,567 and \$1,752, respectively		194,660		200,257
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$50,069 and \$47,859,	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		23,324		24,054
respectively         13,048         13,083           Goodwill         278,815         276,599           Other assets         6,679         7,029           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 549,416         \$ 580,471           LIABILITIES AND EQUITY           Liabilities:           Current portion of long-term debt         \$ 3,236         \$ 6,337           Accounts payable         25,642         30,775           Accounde compensation and related liabilities         56,805         68,900           Deferred revenue         22,232         21,872           Income taxes payable         1,157         4,331           Other accrued expenses and liabilities         44,694         45,477           Total current liabilities         153,766         177,692           Long-term debt         14,385         19,790           Deferred income taxes         24,021         21,888           Other long-term liabilities         10,720         2,188           Total liabilities         202,892         221,518           Commitments and contingencies           Equity:           Commitments and contingencies           Experienced stock, \$0,01 par value, 1,000 s	Total current assets		250,874		283,160
Goodwill         278.815         276.599           Other assets         6.679         7.029           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 549,416         \$ 580,471           LIABILITIES AND EQUITY           Liabilities:           Current portion of long-term debt         \$ 3,236         \$ 6,337           Accurate compensation and related liabilities         25,642         30,775           Accured compensation and related liabilities         56,805         68,900           Deferred revenue         22,232         21,872           Income taxes payable         11,157         4,331           Other accured expenses and liabilities         153,66         177,692           Long-term debt         14,385         19,790           Deferred income taxes         24,021         21,848           Other long-term liabilities         10,720         2,188           Total liabilities         202,892         221,518           Commitments and contingencies         202,892         221,518           Total liabilities         755         745           Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively         755         745           Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respective					
Other assets         6,679         7,029           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 549,416         \$ 580,471           LIABILITIES AND EQUITY           Liabilities:         Current liabilities:           Current portion of long-term debt         \$ 3,236         \$ 6,337           Accounts payable         25,642         30,775           Accrued compensation and related liabilities         56,805         68,900           Deferred revenue         22,232         21,872           Income taxes payable         11,157         4,331           Other accrued expenses and liabilities         44,694         45,477           Total current liabilities         153,766         177,692           Long-term debt         14,385         19,790           Deferred income taxes         24,021         21,888           Other long-term liabilities         10,720         2,188           Total liabilities         202,892         221,518           Commitments and contingencies           Equity:           Creferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued           Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively         755         745			,		,
TOTAL ASSETS \$ 549,416 \$ 580,471  LIABILITIES AND EQUITY  Liabilities:  Current liabilities:  Current portion of long-term debt \$ 3,236 \$ 6,337 Accounts payable \$ 25,642 \$ 30,775 & 68,900 Beferred revenue   22,232   21,872 Income taxes payable \$ 1,157 \$ 4,331 Income taxes payable \$ 153,766 \$ 177,692 \$ 177,692	Goodwill		278,815		276,599
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY   Liabilities:   Current liabilities:   Current portion of long-term debt   \$ 3,236 \$ 6,337   Accounts payable   \$ 25,642   30,775   Accrued compensation and related liabilities   56,805   68,900   Deferred revenue   22,232   21,872   1,157   4,331   Chre accrued expenses and liabilities   44,694   45,477   Total current liabilities   44,694   45,477   Total current liabilities   153,766   177,692   Long-term debt   14,385   19,790   Long-term debt   14,385   19,790   Long-term liabilities   24,021   21,848   Other long-term liabilities   202,892   221,518   Long-term liabilities   202,892   221,518   Long-term liabilities   202,892   221,518   Long-term liabilities   Long-term liabilities   202,892   231,518   Long-term liabilities   202,892   231,518   Long-term liabilities   Long-ter	Other assets		6,679		7,029
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY   Liabilities:   Current liabilities:   Current portion of long-term debt   \$ 3,236 \$ 6,337   Accounts payable   \$ 25,642   30,775   Accrued compensation and related liabilities   56,805   68,900   Deferred revenue   22,232   21,872   1,157   4,331   Chre accrued expenses and liabilities   44,694   45,477   Total current liabilities   44,694   45,477   Total current liabilities   153,766   177,692   Long-term debt   14,385   19,790   Long-term debt   14,385   19,790   Long-term liabilities   24,021   21,848   Other long-term liabilities   202,892   221,518   Long-term liabilities   202,892   221,518   Long-term liabilities   202,892   221,518   Long-term liabilities   Long-term liabilities   202,892   231,518   Long-term liabilities   202,892   231,518   Long-term liabilities   Long-ter	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	549.416	\$	580.471
Liabilities:           Current portion of long-term debt         \$ 3,236 \$ 6,337           Accounts payable         25,642 30,775           Accrued compensation and related liabilities         56,805 68,900           Deferred revenue         22,232 21,872           Income taxes payable         1,157 4,331           Other accrued expenses and liabilities         44,694 45,477           Total current liabilities         153,766 177,692           Long-term debt         14,385 19,790           Deferred income taxes         24,021 21,848           Other long-term liabilities         202,892 221,518           Total liabilities         202,892 221,518           Commitments and contingencies         Equity:           Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity:         755 745           Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued         755 745           Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively         755 745           Teasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively         755 745           Teasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively         340,267 337,639           Retained earnings         5,914 24,032           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         6(626) 208           Total Ciber, I	1011121130210	Ψ	0.0,.10	Ψ	500,171
Current liabilities:         3,236 \$ 6,337           Current portion of long-term debt         \$ 3,236 \$ 6,337           Accounts payable         25,642 30,775           Accrued compensation and related liabilities         56,805 68,900           Deferred revenue         22,232 21,872           Income taxes payable         1,157 4,331           Other accrued expenses and liabilities         44,694 45,477           Total current liabilities         153,766 177,692           Long-term debt         14,385 19,790           Deferred income taxes         24,021 21,848           Other long-term liabilities         10,720 2,188           Total liabilities         10,720 2,188           Commitments and contingencies         202,892 221,518           Commitments and contingencies         200,892 221,518           Equity:         200,992 221,518           Teferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued         200,992 221,518           Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively         755 745           Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively         755 745           Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively         334,267         337,639           Retained earnings         5,914 24,032         24,032 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Current portion of long-term debt         \$ 3,236 \$ 6,337           Accounts payable         25,642         30,775           Accrued compensation and related liabilities         56,805         68,900           Deferred revenue         22,232         21,872           Income taxes payable         1,157         4,331           Other accrued expenses and liabilities         44,694         45,477           Total current liabilities         153,766         177,692           Long-term debt         14,385         19,790           Deferred income taxes         24,021         21,848           Other long-term liabilities         10,720         2,188           Total liabilities         202,892         221,518           Commitments and contingencies         202,892         221,518           Equity:         202,892         221,518           Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued         755         745           Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively         755         745           Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively         755         745           Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively         340,267         337,639           Retained ear	Liabilities:				
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Accrued compensation and related liabilities         56,805         68,900           Deferred revenue         22,232         21,872           Income taxes payable         1,157         4,311           Other accrued expenses and liabilities         44,694         45,477           Total current liabilities         153,766         177,692           Long-term debt         14,385         19,790           Deferred income taxes         24,021         21,848           Other long-term liabilities         10,720         2,188           Total liabilities         202,892         221,518           Commitments and contingencies	Current portion of long-term debt	\$	3,236	\$	6,337
Deferred revenue         22,232         21,872           Income taxes payable         1,157         4,331           Other accrued expenses and liabilities         44,694         45,477           Total current liabilities         153,766         177,692           Long-term debt         14,385         19,790           Deferred income taxes         24,021         21,848           Other long-term liabilities         10,720         2,188           Total liabilities         202,892         221,518           Commitments and contingencies	Accounts payable		25,642		30,775
Income taxes payable         1,157         4,331           Other accrued expenses and liabilities         44,694         45,477           Total current liabilities         153,766         177,692           Long-term debt         14,385         19,790           Deferred income taxes         24,021         21,848           Other long-term liabilities         10,720         2,188           Total liabilities         202,892         221,518           Commitments and contingencies           Equity:           Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity:           Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued           Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively         755         745           Teasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively         (324)         (4,057)           Additional paid-in capital         340,267         337,639           Retained earnings         5,914         24,032           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         6626         208           Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity         345,986         358,567	Accrued compensation and related liabilities		56,805		68,900
Other accrued expenses and liabilities       44,694       45,477         Total current liabilities       153,766       177,692         Long-term debt       14,385       19,790         Deferred income taxes       24,021       21,848         Other long-term liabilities       10,720       2,188         Total liabilities       202,892       221,518         Commitments and contingencies         Equity:         Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity:         Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued         Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively       755       745         Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively       332,40       (4,057)         Additional paid-in capital       340,267       337,639         Retained earnings       5,914       24,032         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (626)       208         Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity       345,986       358,567	Deferred revenue		22,232		21,872
Total current liabilities         153,766         177,692           Long-term debt         14,385         19,790           Deferred income taxes         24,021         21,848           Other long-term liabilities         10,720         2,188           Total liabilities         202,892         221,518           Commitments and contingencies           Equity:           Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity:           Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued           Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively         755         745           Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively         (324)         (4,057)           Additional paid-in capital         340,267         337,639           Retained earnings         5,914         24,032           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         626)         208           Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity         345,986         358,567	Income taxes payable		1,157		4,331
Long-term debt         14,385         19,790           Deferred income taxes         24,021         21,848           Other long-term liabilities         10,720         2,188           Total liabilities         202,892         221,518           Commitments and contingencies           Equity:           Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity:           Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued           Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively         755         745           Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively         (324)         (4,057)           Additional paid-in capital         340,267         337,639           Retained earnings         5,914         24,032           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (626)         208           Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity         345,986         358,567	Other accrued expenses and liabilities		44,694		45,477
Deferred income taxes         24,021         21,848           Other long-term liabilities         10,720         2,188           Total liabilities         202,892         221,518           Commitments and contingencies           Equity:           Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity:           Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued           Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively         755         745           Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively         (324)         (4,057)           Additional paid-in capital         340,267         337,639           Retained earnings         5,914         24,032           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (626)         208           Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity         345,986         358,567	Total current liabilities		153,766		177,692
Deferred income taxes         24,021         21,848           Other long-term liabilities         10,720         2,188           Total liabilities         202,892         221,518           Commitments and contingencies           Equity:           Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity:           Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued           Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively         755         745           Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively         (324)         (4,057)           Additional paid-in capital         340,267         337,639           Retained earnings         5,914         24,032           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (626)         208           Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity         345,986         358,567	Long-term debt		14,385		19,790
Total liabilities       202,892       221,518         Commitments and contingencies         Equity:         Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity:         Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued         Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively         Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively       (324)       (4,057)         Additional paid-in capital       340,267       337,639         Retained earnings       5,914       24,032         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (626)       208         Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity       345,986       358,567	· ·		24,021		21,848
Commitments and contingencies  Equity: Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity: Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively  755 745 Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively (324) (4,057) Additional paid-in capital 340,267 337,639 Retained earnings 5,914 24,032 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (626) 208 Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity	Other long-term liabilities		10,720		2,188
Equity: Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity: Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively 755 745 Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively (324) (4,057) Additional paid-in capital 340,267 337,639 Retained earnings 5,914 24,032 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (626) 208 Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity 345,986 358,567	Total liabilities		202,892		221,518
Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity:         Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued         Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively         Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively       (324)       (4,057)         Additional paid-in capital       340,267       337,639         Retained earnings       5,914       24,032         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (626)       208         Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity       345,986       358,567	Commitments and contingencies				
Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity:         Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued         Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively         755       745         Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively       (324)       (4,057)         Additional paid-in capital       340,267       337,639         Retained earnings       5,914       24,032         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (626)       208         Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity       345,986       358,567	Equity:				
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued         Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively       755       745         Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively       (324)       (4,057)         Additional paid-in capital       340,267       337,639         Retained earnings       5,914       24,032         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (626)       208         Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity       345,986       358,567	1 3				
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 75,457 and 74,487 shares issued, respectively       755       745         Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively       (324)       (4,057)         Additional paid-in capital       340,267       337,639         Retained earnings       5,914       24,032         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (626)       208         Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity       345,986       358,567					
respectively         755         745           Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively         (324)         (4,057)           Additional paid-in capital         340,267         337,639           Retained earnings         5,914         24,032           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (626)         208           Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity         345,986         358,567					
Treasury stock, at cost, 96 and 708 shares, respectively       (324)       (4,057)         Additional paid-in capital       340,267       337,639         Retained earnings       5,914       24,032         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (626)       208         Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity       345,986       358,567			755		745
Additional paid-in capital       340,267       337,639         Retained earnings       5,914       24,032         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (626)       208         Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity       345,986       358,567					
Retained earnings5,91424,032Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)(626)208Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity345,986358,567					
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (626) 208 Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity 345,986 358,567			,		,
Total Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity 345,986 358,567					,
			` /		
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Total equity	346,524	358,953
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ 549,416 \$	580,471

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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## Ciber, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

						Accumulate	d		
				Additional		Other	Total Ciber, Inc.		
Commo	on Stock	Treas	ury Stock	Paid-in	Retained (	Comprehensi	ive Shareholders N	<b>Joncontrollin</b>	g
Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings	Income (Los	s) Equity	Interests	<b>Total Equity</b>
				_					
74,487	\$ 745	(708)	\$ (4,057)\$	337,639	\$ 24,032	2 \$ 208	3 \$ 358,567	\$ 386	\$ 358,953
					(14,622	2)	(14,622)	4	(14,618)
						(834	1) (834)		(834)
				(6,755)			(6,755)	148	(6,607)
970	10	612	3,733	414	(3,496	5)	661		661
				8,969			8,969		8,969
75,457	\$ 755	(96)	\$ (324)\$	340,267	\$ 5,914	\$ (626	5)\$ 345,986	\$ 538	\$ 346,524
	Shares 74,487 970	74,487 \$ 745 970 10	Shares         Amount         Shares           74,487         \$ 745         (708)           970         10         612	Shares         Amount         Shares         Amount           74,487         \$ 745         (708)         \$ (4,057)           970         10         612         3,733	Common Stock Shares         Treasury Stock Amount         Paid-in Capital           74,487         \$ 745         (708)         \$ (4,057)         \$ 337,639           970         10         612         3,733         414           8,969	Common Stock Shares         Treasury Stock Amount         Paid-in Capital         Retained Earnings           74,487         \$ 745         (708)         \$ (4,057)         \$ 337,639         \$ 24,032 (14,622)           970         10         612         3,733         414         (3,496)           8,969         8,969         4,057         4,	Common   Stock Shares   Amount   Shares   Amount   Paid-in   Capital   Earnings   Income (Loss   14,487   \$ 745   (708) \$ (4,057) \$ 337,639 \$ 24,032 \$ 208 (14,622)	Common Stock Shares         Treasury Stock Shares         Paid-in Capital         Retained Comprehensive Shareholders Near Income (Loss)         Equity           74,487         \$ 745         (708)         \$ (4,057)         \$ 337,639         \$ 24,032         \$ 208         \$ 358,567           (14,622)         (834)         (834)           970         10         612         3,733         414         (3,496)         661           8,969         8,969	Common   Stock   Component   Stock   Shares   Amount   Shares   Shares

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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## Ciber, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Endo	ed Septe	mber 30, 2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Consolidated net loss	\$ (14,618)	\$	(7,987)
Adjustments to reconcile consolidated net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Loss from discontinued operations	5,489		9,890
Depreciation	4,396		5,739
Amortization of intangible assets			482
Deferred income tax expense	2,429		3,699
Provision for (recovery on) doubtful receivables	680		(192)
Share-based compensation expense	8,969		4,534
Amortization of debt costs	656		2,385
Other, net	340		630
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(392)		(30,186)
Other current and long-term assets	(694)		(3,773)
Accounts payable	(5,105)		(6,629)
Accrued compensation and related liabilities	(11,436)		(1,629)
Other current and long-term liabilities	8,527		(8,102)
Income taxes payable/refundable	(3,632)		(1,618)
Cash used in operating activities continuing operations	(4,391)		(32,757)
Cash used in operating activities discontinued operations	(2,865)		(2,361)
Cash used in operating activities	(7,256)		(35,118)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of property and equipment, net	(4,079)		(2,574)
Cash used in investing activities continuing operations	(4,079)		(2,574)
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities discontinued operations	(313)		30,076
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(4,392)		27,502
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Borrowings on long-term debt	234,022		269,633
Payments on long-term debt	(242,572)		(294,698)
Employee stock purchases and options exercised	1,949		1,157
Credit facility fees paid			(3,547)
Payment of initial fair value of acquisition-related contingent consideration	(3,428)		•
Other, net	(1,380)		
Cash used in financing activities continuing operations	(11,409)		(27,455)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(2,902)		2,532
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(25,959)		(32,539)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	58,849		65,567
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 32,890	\$	33,028

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

#### Ciber, Inc. and Subsidiaries

#### Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of Ciber, Inc. and its subsidiaries (together, Ciber, the Company, we, or us) have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) for quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and do not include all of the information and note disclosures required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) for complete financial statements. These consolidated financial statements should therefore be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC. The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and include all adjustments of a normal, recurring nature that are, in the opinion of management, necessary to present fairly the financial position and results of operations for the interim periods presented. The results of operations for an interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for a full fiscal year.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements In March 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-05, Foreign Currency Matters (Topic 830)-Parent s Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity, (ASU 2013-05). This amendment clarifies the applicable guidance for the release of cumulative translation adjustment into net earnings. When an entity ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets within a foreign entity, the entity is required to apply the guidance in FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 830-30 to release any related cumulative translation adjustment into net earnings. ASU 2013-05 is effective prospectively for fiscal years, and interim reporting periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

In July 2013, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-11, Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists, ( ASU 2013-11 ). The objective of this update is to eliminate the diversity in practice in the presentation of an unrecognized tax benefit when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss or a tax credit carryforward exists. The amendments in this update require an entity to present an unrecognized tax benefit in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for those instances described above, except in certain situations discussed in the update. ASU 2013-11 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

Fair Value The carrying value of the outstanding borrowings under the ABL Facility, as defined in Note 5, approximates its fair value as (1) it is based on a variable rate that changes based on market conditions and (2) the margin applied to the variable rate is based on Ciber's credit risk, which has not changed since entering into the facility in May 2012. If Ciber's credit risk were to change, we would estimate the fair value of our borrowings using a discounted cash flow analysis based on current rates expected to be available from the lender for similar types of debt. The inputs used to establish the fair value of the Credit Agreement are considered to be Level 2 inputs, which include inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Within our goodwill impairment analysis, as discussed in Note 4, the discounted cash flow method (income approach) and market approach incorporates various level 3 inputs including projected revenue growth rates, earnings margins, and the present value, based on the discount rate and terminal growth rate, of forecasted cash flows. Restructuring liabilities for office closures are initially recorded at estimated fair value utilizing level 3 assumptions, including an estimate of sublease income which is subject to adjustment in future periods if assumptions change.

Acquisition Consideration On May 31, 2013, we paid \$7.1 million for the final amount of the previously agreed to deferred consideration related to our 2010 acquisition of Segmenta A/S in Denmark.

Noncontrolling interests In June 2013, we entered into an agreement to purchase all of the noncontrolling interests of one of our foreign subsidiaries for future cash payments of approximately \$7.3 million. The payments are scheduled to occur in the fourth quarter of 2013 and 2014, and the second quarter of 2015. Effective with the date of entering into this agreement, we derecognized the previously recorded noncontrolling interests relating to this subsidiary and recorded a liability for the present value of future cash payments on our consolidated balance sheet. We recorded the excess of the present value of future cash payments over the book value of noncontrolling interests as a reduction to Ciber, Inc. shareholders equity.

#### (2) Discontinued Operations

2013 During the second quarter of 2013, we closed down our Russian operations and met the criteria for this business to be reported as a discontinued operation. Accordingly, the operations and cash flows were removed from our consolidated operating results.

2012 On March 9, 2012, we sold substantially all of the assets and certain liabilities of our Federal division. Also, on October 15, 2012, we sold certain contracts and related property and equipment and certain other assets associated with our information technology outsourcing practice. Effective with meeting the discontinued operations criteria, the operations and cash flows of these sold businesses were removed from our consolidated operating results.

The following table summarizes the operating results of the discontinued operations during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

	Three Mon Septem 2013			Nine Mont Septem		
	2013	(In thou	sands)			2012
Total revenues	\$	\$ 21,348	\$	5,424	\$	82,165
Operating expenses	952	23,345		10,731		84,467
Operating loss from						
discontinued operations	(952)	(1,997)		(5,307)		(2,302)
Interest and other expense						90
Loss from discontinued						
operations before income						
taxes	(952)	(1,997)		(5,307)		(2,392)
Income tax expense		202		230		907
Loss from discontinued						
operations, net of taxes	(952)	(2,199)		(5,537)		(3,299)
Loss on sale		(8,361)		48		(7,441)
Income tax benefit		(1,050)				(850)
Loss on sale, net of income						
taxes		(7,311)		48		(6,591)
Total loss from discontinued operations, net of income						
taxes	\$ (952)	\$ (9,510)	\$	(5,489)	\$	(9,890)
		9				

#### (3) Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Our computation of earnings (loss) per share basic and diluted is as follows:

	Three Mont Septemb 2013	oer 30,	ed 2012 n thousands, except	t per sh	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 2012		
Numerator:		(	, <b>.</b>	. <b>F</b>			
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (13,513)	\$	195	\$	(9,129)	\$	1,903
Net income attributable to noncontrolling							
interests	4		134		4		400
Net income (loss) attributable to Ciber, Inc.							
from continuing operations	(13,517)		61		(9,133)		1,503
Loss from discontinued operations, net of							
income tax	(952)		(9,510)		(5,489)		(9,890)
Net loss attributable to Ciber, Inc.	\$ (14,469)	\$	(9,449)	\$	(14,622)	\$	(8,387)
Denominator:							
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	75,070		73,276		74,611		73,008
Dilutive effect of employee stock plans			371				490
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	75,070		73,647		74,611		73,498
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share							
attributable to Ciber, Inc.:							
Continuing operations	\$ (0.18)	\$		\$	(0.12)	\$	0.02
Discontinued operations	(0.01)		(0.13)		(0.08)		(0.13)
Basic and diluted loss per share attributable to							
Ciber, Inc.	\$ (0.19)	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.20)	\$	(0.11)
Anti-dilutive securities omitted from the							
calculation	6,541		8,103		6,088		8,217

Dilutive securities, including stock options and restricted stock units, are excluded from the diluted weighted average shares outstanding computation in periods in which they have an anti-dilutive effect, such as when we report a net loss attributable to Ciber, Inc. from continuing operations, or when stock options have an exercise price that is greater than the average market price of Ciber common stock during the period.

#### (4) Goodwill

We perform our annual impairment analysis of goodwill as of June 30 each year or more often if there are indicators of impairment present. We test each of our reporting units for goodwill impairment. Our reporting units are the same as our operating divisions and reportable segments. The goodwill impairment test requires a two-step process. The first step consists of comparing the estimated fair value of each reporting unit with its carrying amount, including goodwill. If the estimated fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, then it is not considered impaired and no further analysis is required. If step one indicates that the estimated fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value, then impairment potentially exists and the second step is performed to measure the amount of goodwill impairment. Goodwill impairment exists when the estimated implied fair value of a reporting unit s goodwill is less than its carrying value.

We compared the carrying values of our International and North America reporting units to their estimated fair values at June 30, 2013. We estimated the fair value of each reporting unit based on a weighting of both the income approach and the market approach. The discounted cash flows for each reporting unit serve as the primary basis for the income approach, and were based on discrete financial forecasts developed by management. Cash flows beyond the discrete forecast period of five years were estimated using the perpetuity growth method calculation. The annual average revenue growth rates forecasted for our reporting units for the first five years of our projections were approximately 4%. We have projected a minor amount of operating profit margin improvement based on expected margin benefits from certain internal initiatives. The terminal value was calculated assuming projected growth rates of 3% after five years, which reflects our estimate of minimum long-term growth in IT spending. The income approach valuations also included each reporting unit s estimated weighted average cost of capital, which were 13.0% and 14.5% for International and North America, respectively. The market approach applied pricing multiples derived from publicly-traded companies that are comparable to the respective reporting units to determine their values. For our International and North America reporting units, we used enterprise value/revenue multiples of 0.3 and 0.35, respectively, and enterprise value/EBITDA multiples of 5.5 and 5, respectively, in order to value each of our reporting units

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under the market approach. In addition, the fair value under the market approach included a control premium of 35%. The control premium was determined based on a review of comparative market transactions. Publicly-available information regarding our market capitalization was also considered in assessing the reasonableness of the cumulative fair values of our reporting units.

As a result of the first step of our goodwill impairment test as of June 30, 2013, we estimated that the fair values for our International and North America reporting units exceeded their carrying amounts by 16% and 19%, respectively, thus no impairment was indicated. We have updated our cash flow forecasts and our other assumptions used to calculate the estimated fair value of our reporting units to account for our beliefs and expectations of the current business environment. While we believe our estimates are appropriate based on our view of current business trends, no assurance can be provided that impairment charges will not be required in the future.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill during the nine months ended September 30, 2013, were as follows:

	In	ternational	orth America n thousands)	Total
Balance at January 1, 2013	\$	142,918	\$ 133,681	\$ 276,599
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		1,460		1,460
Other		756		756
Balance at September 30, 2013	\$	145,134	\$ 133,681	\$ 278,815

#### (5) Borrowings

On May 7, 2012, we entered into a Credit Agreement (the Credit Agreement ) with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. The Credit Agreement initially provided for (1) an asset-based revolving line of credit of up to \$60 million (the ABL Facility), with the amount available for borrowing at any time under such line of credit determined according to a borrowing base valuation of eligible account receivables (the borrowing base was \$50.5 million at September 30, 2013), and (2) a \$7.5 million term loan (the Term Loan). On March 29, 2013, we used funds available under the ABL Facility to pay down the Term Loan in full and therefore, as of September 30, 2013, only the ABL Facility was outstanding. Because the Term Loan was paid off, we are no longer required to comply with any specific financial covenants. The ABL Facility provides for borrowings in the United States, the Netherlands, the United Kingdom and Germany and matures on May 7, 2017. Under the ABL Facility, Wells Fargo will have dominion over the cash receipts related to any U.K., Dutch and German borrowings. At September 30, 2013, we had \$3.2 million of foreign borrowings that were subject to the bank s dominion and are classified as a current liability on our balance sheet. As of September 30, 2013, we had a total of \$17.6 million outstanding under the ABL Facility.

#### (6) Income Taxes

Current period U.S. and foreign income (loss) before income taxes as well as income tax expense (benefit) were as follows:

Three Months Ended September 30, Nine Months Ended September 30,

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	2013	2012 (In thou	cande)	2013	2012
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes:		(III tilou	sanus)		
U.S.	\$ (5,667)	\$ (358)	\$	(3,672)	\$ (7,714)
Foreign	(8,308)	3,054		(1,335)	18,538
Total	\$ (13,975)	\$ 2,696	\$	(5,007)	\$ 10,824
Income tax expense (benefit):					
U.S.	\$ 550	\$ 1,509	\$	2,930	\$ 4,296
Foreign	(1,012)	992		1,192	4,625
Total	\$ (462)	\$ 2,501	\$	4,122	\$ 8,921

Due to our history of domestic losses, in 2011 we recorded a full valuation allowance for all U.S. net deferred tax assets, including our net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. As a result, we cannot record any tax benefits for additional U.S. incurred losses and any U.S. income is offset by a reduction in valuation allowance. Irrespective of our income or loss levels, we continue to record U.S. deferred tax expense related to tax-basis goodwill amortization.

The effective rate on our foreign tax expense varies with the mix of income and losses across multiple tax jurisdictions with most statutory tax rates varying from 23% to 33%. The reduction of foreign pre-tax income from continuing operations from 2012 to 2013 is related to an overall decrease in profitability of the business, including the impact of restructuring costs, and the implementation of new transfer pricing practices. The foreign tax expense through the third quarter of 2013 is primarily a result of the mix of income and losses across jurisdictions including losses in certain countries where no tax benefit can be recognized due to full valuation allowances.

#### (7) Restructuring Charges

On July 30, 2013, we approved a restructuring plan primarily focused on our International operations ( the 2013 Plan ). The goal of the 2013 Plan is to improve utilization, strategically engage our lower-cost off-shore and near-shore resources, and centralize management of administrative functions in key markets to leverage shared services functions. We expect the restructuring to impact approximately 220 employees. The 2013 Plan began in the third quarter of 2013 and is expected to be completed in the first half of 2014. We estimate the total amount of the restructuring charges for the 2013 Plan will be approximately \$13 million (of which approximately \$12 million has been incurred to date), substantially all of which will be settled in cash. The charges associated with the 2013 Plan are substantially all related to personnel severance and related employee benefit costs.

The changes in our 2013 Plan restructuring liabilities, which are recorded in other accrued expenses, during the three months ended September 30, 2013 are as follows:

	2013 Pl (In thousa	
Restructuring liability, as of July 1, 2013	\$	
Restructuring charges		11,786
Non-cash items		(137)
Cash paid		(1,865)
Foreign exchange rate changes		187
Restructuring liability, as of September 30, 2013	\$	9,971

Restructuring charges by segment are as follows:

	nree Months Ended ptember 30, 2013 (In tho	Total Anticipated Charges
North America	\$ 660	\$ 700
International	10,484	11,645
Other	54	55
Corporate	588	600
Total	\$ 11,786	\$ 13,000

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On November 5, 2012, we approved a company restructuring plan ( the 2012 Plan ). The restructuring activities commenced in the fourth quarter of 2012 and relate primarily to the consolidation of our real estate footprint, as well as organizational changes designed to simplify business processes, move decision-making closer to the marketplace, and create operating efficiencies. As of September 30, 2013, all restructuring actions associated with this plan have been completed. Total restructuring charges associated with the 2012 Plan are \$11 million, of which approximately \$1 million are non-cash charges related to stock compensation and lease-related expenses. The total restructuring expenses for the 2012 Plan include approximately \$7 million related to personnel severance and related benefits primarily in our International segment, and approximately \$4 million related to the closure of 17 offices and the consolidation of those locations into other existing Ciber locations, mostly in North America.

The changes in our restructuring liabilities, which are recorded in other accrued expenses, during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 are as follows:

	Seven	nployee rance and mination	_	ce Closures thousands)	Total		
Restructuring liability, as of January 1, 2013	\$	3,556	\$	1,532	\$	5,088	
Restructuring charges		411		2,756		3,167	
Non-cash items				510		510	
Cash paid		(3,746)		(1,443)		(5,189)	
Foreign exchange rate changes		(75)		13		(62)	
Restructuring liability, as of September 30, 2013	\$	146	\$	3,368	\$	3,514	

Restructuring charges by segment are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013		Sept	e Months Ended tember 30, 2013 thousands)	Plan to Date (1)		
North America	\$	262	\$	158	\$	1,622	
International		161		1,091		6,865	
Corporate (2)		1,791		1,918		2,661	
Total	\$	2,214	\$	3,167	\$	11,148	

<sup>(1)</sup> Our restructuring charges, particularly lease-related office closure costs, are subject to estimate. If we are unable to find tenants for vacated offices or sub-lease terms are different from our estimates, our actual restructuring charges will differ from our current estimates.

<sup>(2) 2012</sup> corporate restructuring charges consist of share-based compensation expenses associated with severance for employees in our International division. Share-based compensation is not charged to operating divisions, but rather is recorded as part of our corporate expenses. 2013 corporate restructuring charges include costs for administrative facility consolidation.

#### (8) Segment Information

The following presents financial information about our reportable segments:

	Three Mon Septem	 ed		Nine Mont Septem	 ed
	2013	2012		2013	2012
		(In thou	isands)		
Revenues:					
International	\$ 110,879	\$ 102,227	\$	337,489	\$ 321,740
North America	104,865	109,346		318,793	325,319
Other	833	802		2,575	2,309
Inter-segment	(1,520)	(1,159)		(3,864)	(3,308)
Total revenues	\$ 215,057	\$ 211,216	\$	654,993	\$ 646,060
Operating income (loss) from continuing					
operations:					
International	\$ 4,577	\$ 3,890	\$	15,528	\$ 16,798
North America	8,506	7,825		25,104	22,443
Other	44	196		162	326
Corporate expenses	(12,596)	(7,517)		(29,489)	(22,482)
Unallocated results of discontinued operations		60			(562)
Earnings before interest, taxes, amortization,					· ·
and restructuring	531	4,454		11,305	16,523
Amortization of intangible assets		(157)			(482)
Restructuring charges	(14,000)			(14,953)	
Total operating income (loss) from continuing					
operations	\$ (13,469)	\$ 4,297	\$	(3,648)	\$ 16,041

## (9) Contingencies

We are subject to various claims and litigation that are in the ordinary course of business. The litigation process is inherently uncertain. Therefore, the outcome of such matters is not predictable.

We are engaged in legal proceedings in Germany in connection with our acquisition of a controlling interest in Novasoft AG (now known as Ciber AG) in 2004. In August 2006, we completed a buy-out of the remaining minority shareholders of Novasoft. Certain of those former minority shareholders challenged the adequacy of the buy-out consideration by initiating a review by the district court in Mannheim, Germany. The court-appointed independent experts have evaluated the consideration and claims of the minority shareholders. In June 2013, the district court rendered its decision to increase the consideration by an aggregate of 525 thousand. The minority shareholders have appealed that decision. If the appellate court upholds an award of additional consideration, such consideration will increase the goodwill associated with the acquisition and we will be liable for that additional consideration as well as the costs associated with these proceedings. We are unable to predict the outcome of this matter.

CamSoft, Inc., a Louisiana corporation, claims that it had a role in an alleged joint venture that developed a wireless network for video camera surveillance systems to be deployed to municipal governments. The lawsuit, CamSoft Data Systems, Inc. v. Southern Electronics, et al., was filed initially in October 2009 in Louisiana state court against numerous defendants, including Ciber. The lawsuit was subsequently removed to federal court in the Middle District of Louisiana and the complaint was amended to include additional defendants and causes of action including antitrust claims, civil RICO claims, unfair trade practices, trade secret, fraud, unjust enrichment, and conspiracy claims. The suit includes many of the same parties involved in related litigation in the state court in New Orleans that was concluded in 2009 when Ciber settled the New Orleans suit with the plaintiffs, Active Solutions and Southern Electronics, who are now co-defendants in the current lawsuit and CamSoft s former alleged joint venturers. Ciber is vigorously defending the allegations. The matter is ongoing in the Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals. We are unable to predict the outcome of this litigation.

On October 28, 2011, a putative securities class action lawsuit, Weston v. Ciber, Inc. et al., was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Colorado against Ciber, its current Chief Executive Officer David C. Peterschmidt, former Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer ( CFO ) Claude J. Pumilia, and former CFO Peter H. Cheesbrough (the

Class Action ). The Class Action purports to have been filed on behalf of all holders of Ciber common stock between December 15, 2010, and August 3, 2011, by alleged stockholder and plaintiff, Burt Weston. The Class Action generally alleges that defendants Ciber, Mr. Peterschmidt, Mr. Pumilia and Mr. Cheesbrough violated Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act ) and Rule 10b-5 thereunder. Specifically, the complaint alleges that the defendants disseminated or approved alleged false statements concerning the Company s outlook and forecast for fiscal year 2011 in: (1) the Company s 8-K filed with the SEC and press conference held with investors on December 15, 2010; (2) the Company s press release and earnings conference call on February 22, 2011; (3) the Company s 10-K for fiscal year 2010 filed with the SEC on February 25, 2011; and (4) the Company s press release, earnings conference call, and Form 10-O for first quarter 2011 filed with the SEC on May 3, 2011. The complaint also generally alleges that the defendants violated Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act. Specifically, the complaint alleges that the defendants acted as controlling persons of Ciber within the meaning of Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act by reason of their positions with the Company. The Class Action seeks, among other things: (1) an order from the Court declaring the complaint to be a proper class action pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and certifying plaintiff as a representative of the purported class; (2) awarding plaintiff and the members of the class damages, including interest; (3) awarding plaintiff reasonable costs and attorneys fees; and (4) awarding such other relief as the Court may deem just and proper. The Court appointed Mr. Weston and City of Roseville Employees Retirement System as lead plaintiffs and the law firms of Robbins, Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP and Robbins Umeda LLP as lead plaintiffs counsel on January 31, 2012. Lead plaintiffs filed an amended complaint in early April 2012. The defendants have filed a motion to dismiss, which is currently pending. The Company believes that the Class Action is without merit and intends to defend against it vigorously. We are unable to predict the outcome of this litigation.

On February 7, 2012, a purported verified shareholder derivative lawsuit, Seni v. Peterschmidt. et al., was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Colorado (the Derivative Action) against Messrs. Peterschmidt, Pumilia, and Cheesbrough, and Ciber s then-current board of directors: Messrs. Bobby G. Stevenson, Jean-Francois Heitz, Paul A. Jacobs, Stephen S. Kurtz, Kurt J. Lauk, Archibald J. McGill, and James C. Spira. Ciber is named as a nominal defendant. The Derivative Action is largely based on the same alleged facts as the Class Action. The complaint in the Derivative Action generally alleges that the individual defendants breached their fiduciary duties of good faith, fair dealing, loyalty, due care, reasonable inquiry, oversight, and supervision by approving the issuance of allegedly false statements that misrepresented material information about the finances and operations of the Company. The Derivative Complaint also alleges that the individual defendants were unjustly enriched as a result of the compensation they received while breaching their fiduciary duties to the Company. The complaint seeks, among other things: (1) damages for losses sustained by the Company as a result of the individual defendants breaches; (2) directives to reform and improve the company s governance; (3) restitution to the Company from the individual defendants; (4) an award to plaintiff of reasonable costs and attorneys fees; and (5) such other relief as the Court may deem just and proper. On April 30, 2012, the Court granted Ciber s Motion to Stay Discovery and Vacate the Scheduling Conference and Related Deadlines. The defendants filed a motion to dismiss, which was granted in March 2013. Pursuant to the dismissal order, the plaintiffs were allowed to amend the complaint, the defendants then filed a new motion to dismiss, and the matter is ongoing. The Company believes this litigation is without merit and intends to defend against it vigorously. We are unable to predict the outcome of this litigation.

## Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, and with the information under the heading Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012. References to we, our, us, the Company, or Ciber in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q refer to Ciber, Inc., and its subsidiaries.

We use the phrase in local currency to indicate that we are comparing certain financial results after removing the impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, thereby allowing for the comparison of business performance between periods. Financial results in local currency are calculated by restating current period activity into U.S. dollars using the comparable prior year period s foreign currency exchange rates. This approach is used for all results where the functional currency is not the U.S. dollar.

## **Disclosure Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 relating to our operations, results of operations and other matters that are based on our current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections. Words, such as anticipate, believe, could, expect, estimate,

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intend, may, opportunity, plan, potential, project, should, and will and similar expressions, are intended to identify these forward-lost statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Forward-looking statements are based on assumptions as to future events that may not prove to be accurate. Risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

- Our results of operations may be adversely affected if we are unable to execute on the key elements of our strategic plan. We may experience declines in revenue and profitability if we do not accurately estimate the cost of engagements conducted on a fixed-price basis. A data security or privacy breach could adversely affect our business. Our business could be adversely affected if our clients are not satisfied with our services, and we could face damage to our professional reputation and/or legal liability. Our future success depends on our ability to continue to retain and attract qualified sales, delivery and technical employees. Our results of operations can be adversely affected by economic conditions and the impacts of economic conditions on our clients operations and technology spending. If we are unable to collect our receivables, our results of operations and cash flows could be adversely affected. Our Credit Agreement, an asset-based loan facility, limits our operational and financial flexibility.
- Our revenues, operating results and profitability will vary from quarter to quarter, which may result in increased volatility in the price of our stock.
- Termination of a contract by a significant client and/or cancellation with short notice could adversely affect our results of operations.

•	Our international operations are susceptible to different financial and operational risks than our domestic operations.
• may not be	The IT services industry, in the U.S. and internationally, is highly competitive, with increased focus on offshore capability and we able to compete effectively.
•	Our presence in India may expose us to operational risks due to regulatory, economic, political, and other uncertainties.
•	If we are not able to anticipate and keep pace with rapid changes in technology, our business will be negatively affected.
•	We could incur additional losses due to further impairment in the carrying value of our goodwill.
• budget prid	We depend on contracts with various public sector agencies for a significant portion of our revenue and, if the spending policies or orities of these agencies change, we could lose revenue.
• subject us	Unfavorable government audits could require us to adjust previously reported operating results, to forego anticipated revenue and to penalties and sanctions.
• claim in in	Our services or solutions could infringe upon the intellectual property rights of others, or we might lose our ability to utilize rights we tellectual property or the intellectual property of others.
• practice m	Possible future consideration on the sale of certain contracts and assets associated with our information technology outsourcing ay not be realized.
• investors n	We have adopted anti-takeover defenses that could make it difficult for another company to acquire control of Ciber or limit the price night be willing to pay for our stock, thus affecting the market price of our securities.
Annual Re Exchange	e detailed discussion of these factors, see the information under the Risk Factors heading in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our port on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, and other documents filed with or furnished to the Securities and Commission. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements in light of new information or future eaders are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

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#### **Business Overview**

Ciber is a leading global information technology ( IT ) company with nearly 40 years of proven IT experience, world-class credentials and a wide range of technology expertise. With operations in 15 countries across four continents and over 60 supplier partners, Ciber has the infrastructure and expertise to deliver IT services to almost any organization. The three pillars of our business include Application Development and Maintenance ( ADM ), Ciber Managed Services ( CMS ), and Independent Software Vendor relationships ( ISVs ). At Ciber, we take a client-focused, personalized service approach that includes the building of long-term relationships, creation of custom-tailored IT solutions, and the implementation of business strategies to reflect anticipated trends. Driven by results, we are committed to delivering quality solutions precisely configured to our clients needs and achieving high client satisfaction. The consistent goal is sustainable business value delivered on time and on budget.

We operate our business by geography. In the second quarter of 2013, we closed down our Russian operations and met the criteria for this business to be reported as a discontinued operation. On March 9, 2012, we sold our Federal division and on October 15, 2012, we sold our information technology outsourcing practice, both of which, are also reported as discontinued operations. As a result of these discontinued operations, our financial position, results of operations, and cash flows have been reclassified for all prior periods presented in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to conform to the current presentation. Additionally, discussions throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q exclude the discontinued operations, unless otherwise noted.

Our reportable operating segments as of September 30, 2013, consisted of International and North America. Our International segment transacts business in the local currencies of the countries in which they operate. In recent years, approximately 60% to 70% of our International segment s revenue has been denominated in Euros, 10% to 15% has been denominated in Great Britain Pounds (GBP) and the balance has come from a number of other European currencies. Changes in the exchange rates between these foreign currencies and the U.S. dollar affect the reported amounts of our assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. For financial reporting purposes, the assets and liabilities of our foreign operations are translated into U.S. dollars at current exchange rates at period end and revenues and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period.

The market demand for Ciber s services is heavily dependent on IT spending by Fortune 500 and middle-market corporations, organizations and government entities in the markets and regions that we serve. In recent years, economic recession and volatile economic conditions have negatively impacted many of our existing and prospective clients and caused fluctuations in their IT spending behaviors. Over the last couple of years, economic conditions have had a greater negative impact on clients in a number of our International segment s territories. The pace of technological advancement, as well as changes in business requirements and practices of our clients, all have a significant impact on the demand for the services that we provide.

Our results of operations are affected by economic conditions, including macroeconomic conditions, credit market conditions and levels of business confidence. Revenue is driven by our ability to secure new contracts and deliver solutions and services that add value relevant to our clients current needs and challenges. In recent quarters and ongoing for the foreseeable future, we have been affected by significant efforts by our clients (both current and potential) to implement cost-savings initiatives. These initiatives have included going to third-party vendor management systems, taking their business to larger, pure-play offshore vendors and vendor consolidation. In some cases, these initiatives have benefited Ciber, but in others we have lost our revenue stream entirely or seen a decline in our level of revenues with particular clients. The pricing environment continues to be extremely competitive. A number of our competitors are structuring more offshore services into their bids, thereby lowering their pricing to help clients reduce costs, and making it more difficult for us to compete on pricing. We also have global delivery options to offer to our current and potential clients as possible cost savings, and we are expanding our offshore capabilities and increasing the usage of these resources; however, they are on a smaller scale than the offshore offerings of some of our competitors. Another issue that has had and continues to have an impact on our revenues and profitability involves a much longer sales cycle than we have seen

historically, which has been driven by a much slower decision-making process in starting new projects in a variety of industries that we currently serve, or in which we are currently bidding for work. The longer sales cycle increases the cost of our sales efforts and pushes potential revenues and profitability further into the future. Some clients remain cautious, seeking flexibility by shifting to a more phased approach to contracting for work. We are also affected by the fact that certain markets we do business in currently have shortages of desired skill sets forcing us to use higher cost subcontractors. We have standards governing the quality of engagements that we will accept with the goal of growing revenue, increasing margins, improving collectability of receivables and delivering sustained, predictable performance. However, there can be no assurances that we will be successful with such actions, and in certain cases, these actions may slow our revenue growth. Economic conditions and other factors continue to impact the business operations of some of our clients, their ability to continue to use our services and their financial ability to pay for our services in full. The impact of project cancellations cannot be accurately predicted and bad debt expense may differ significantly from our estimates, and any such events may negatively impact our results of operations.

#### **Discontinued Operations**

2013 During the second quarter of 2013, we closed down our Russian operations and met the criteria for this business to be reported as a discontinued operation. Earlier this year, a significant number of our Russian employees chose to leave Ciber and work for a competitor. After evaluating the cost and time required to hire replacement employees, and the risks of continuing our operations in Russia, we determined to exit this market. Accordingly, the operations and cash flows were removed from our consolidated operating results.

2012 On March 9, 2012, we sold substantially all of the assets and certain liabilities of our Federal division. Also, on October 15, 2012, we sold certain contracts and related property and equipment and certain other assets associated with our information technology outsourcing practice. Effective with meeting the discontinued operations criteria, the operations and cash flows of these sold businesses were removed from our consolidated operating results.

The following table summarizes the operating results of the discontinued operations during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

Total revenues	\$	\$ 21,348	\$ 5,424	\$ 82,165
Operating expenses	952	23,345	10,731	84,467
Operating loss from discontinued operations	(952)	(1,997)	(5,307)	(2,302)
Interest and other expense				90
Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes	(952)	(1,997)	(5,307)	(2,392)
Income tax expense		202	230	907
Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	(952)	(2,199)	(5,537)	(3,299)
Loss on sale		(8,361)	48	(7,441)
Income tax benefit		(1,050)		(850)
Loss on sale, net of income taxes		(7,311)	48	(6,591)
Total loss from discontinued operations, net of income				
taxes	\$ (952)	\$ (9,510)	\$ (5,489)	\$ (9,890)

#### Restructuring

On July 30, 2013, we approved a restructuring plan primarily focused on our International operations (the 2013 Plan). The goal of the 2013 Plan is to improve utilization, strategically engage our lower-cost off-shore and near-shore resources, and centralize management of administrative functions in key markets to leverage shared services functions. We expect the restructuring to impact approximately 220 employees. The 2013 Plan began in the third quarter of 2013 and is expected to be completed in the first half of 2014. We estimate the total amount of the restructuring charges for the 2013 Plan will be approximately \$13 million (of which approximately \$12 million has been incurred to date), substantially all of which will be settled in cash. The charges associated with the 2013 Plan are substantially all related to personnel severance and related employee benefit costs. We expect the 2013 Plan will result in annualized pre-tax net savings of approximately \$12 million starting in the second half of 2014 and each year thereafter.

On November 5, 2012, we approved a company restructuring plan ( the 2012 Plan ). The restructuring activities commenced in the fourth quarter of 2012 and relate primarily to the consolidation of our real estate footprint, as well as organizational changes designed to simplify business processes, move decision-making closer to the marketplace, and create operating efficiencies. As of September 30, 2013, all restructuring actions associated with this plan have been completed. Total restructuring charges associated with the 2012 Plan are \$11 million, of which approximately \$1 million are non-cash charges related to stock compensation and lease-related expenses. The total restructuring expenses for the 2012 Plan include approximately \$7 million related to personnel severance and related benefits primarily in our International segment, and approximately \$4 million related to the closure of 17 offices and the consolidation of those locations into other existing Ciber locations, mostly in North America. Restructuring liabilities for office closures are recorded at estimated fair value, including an estimate of sublease income which is subject to adjustment in future periods if assumptions change. Pre-tax savings of approximately \$7 million in 2013 and \$11 million in 2014 and each year thereafter are expected from the 2012 Plan. However, these savings are partially offset by adverse business performance in our International segment in 2013.

#### Results of Operations Comparison of the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

The following table and related discussion provide information about our consolidated financial results for the periods presented. At the end of 2011, our Federal division was classified as a discontinued operation and in the third quarter of 2012, a portion of our information technology outsourcing practice was classified as a discontinued operation. In the second quarter of 2013 the operations of our Russian business met the criteria to be classified as a discontinued operation. As such, all of these businesses have been excluded from our results from our continuing operations in the tables and related discussion below, unless otherwise noted.

The following table sets forth certain Consolidated Statement of Operations data in dollars and expressed as a percentage of revenue:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				
	2013			2012	
		(Dollars in th			
Consulting services	\$ 202,780	94.3%	\$	200,211	94.8%
Other revenue	12,277	5.7		11,005	5.2
Total revenues	\$ 215,057	100.0%	\$	211,216	100.0%
Gross profit - consulting services	\$ 49,183	24.3%	\$	48,540	24.2%
Gross profit - other revenue	4,879	39.7		4,880	44.3
Gross profit - total	54,062	25.1		53,420	25.3
•					
SG&A costs	53,531	24.9		48,966	23.2
Amortization of intangible assets				157	0.1
Restructuring charges	14,000	6.5			
Operating income (loss) from continuing operations	(13,469)	(6.3)		4,297	2.0
Interest income	208	0.1		109	0.1
Interest expense	(450)	(0.2)		(1,096)	(0.5)
Other expense, net	(264)	(0.1)		(614)	(0.3)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income					
taxes	(13,975)	(6.5)		2,696	1.3
Income tax expense (benefit)	(462)	(0.2)		2,501	1.2
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (13,513)	(6.3)%	\$	195	0.1%
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Revenue by segment from continuing operations was as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				
	2013		2012	% change	
	(In tho	usands)			
International	\$ 110,879	\$	102,227	8.5%	
North America	104,865		109,346	(4.1)	
Other	833		802	n/m	
Inter-segment	(1,520)		(1,159)	n/m	
Total revenues	\$ 215,057	\$	211,216	1.8%	

n/m = not meaningful

*Revenues.* For the three months ended September 30, 2013, total revenues increased \$3.8 million, or 1.8% in U.S. dollars. On a local currency basis, revenues increased \$0.6 million, or 0.3%, as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012, due to an improvement in our International segment which was somewhat offset by a decline in our North America segment.

- International revenues increased \$8.7 million, or 8.5% overall, and 5.3% in local currency. The continued softness of the European economy caused revenue results to vary considerably by territory. Growth was led by our operations in the United Kingdom, Germany, and Norway, as well as a couple of our smaller territories. Revenue improvements in these countries were due to both the addition of new clients and additional work at existing clients. A large portion of this growth came from continued strong performance in our CMS business, and we continue to see growth in our SAP ISV. While the revenues of our European operations grew overall, certain countries continue to be impacted by clients focusing on cost-containment measures such as vendor consolidation and pricing pressure on service providers.
- North America revenues decreased \$4.5 million, or 4.1% compared to the third quarter of 2012 as reductions in work levels at existing clients in our ADM practice offset significant growth in other existing and new clients in our other practices. A portion of this decline was due to cost-containment at larger clients. While revenues were down in our ADM practice, we did see growth in our Business Consulting practice as well as multiple ISV channels, all of which benefited from several new clients in 2013. Growth in our CMS offerings continues as a result of our ISV successes.

Gross Profit. Gross profit margin declined to 25.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared to 25.3% for the same period in 2012. Gross profit margin for our International segment declined mainly due to an increased use of subcontractors and soft utilization. North America gross margin increased compared to the third quarter of 2012 as improved utilization was only partially offset by margin compression in certain accounts.

Selling, general and administrative costs. Our SG&A costs increased \$4.6 million, or 9%, to \$53.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, from \$49.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. International SG&A costs increased compared to the third quarter of 2012 due to the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. North America SG&A costs were down due to lower office rental expense, which was a result of the closure of offices under our 2012 restructuring plan. See Note 7 to our consolidated financial

statements for more information on our 2012 and 2013 restructuring plans. Our corporate SG&A costs increased as a result of higher stock compensation expense as well as increased management compensation costs compared with the third quarter of 2012. A significant portion of both of these corporate cost increases are a result of our CFO transition in September 2013.

*Operating income (loss).* We had an operating loss of \$13.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, as compared to operating income of \$4.3 million for the same period of 2012. This change was primarily a result of a significant restructuring charge in the current quarter and the increased SG&A costs discussed above. For more information on our restructuring changes, see Note 7 of our consolidated financial statement.

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Operating income (loss) from continuing operations by segment was as follows:

		Three Months Ende	•	mber 30, 2012	% change	2013 % of revenue*	2012 % of revenue*
	Φ.	(In thous		• 000	~		• 0 ~
International	\$	4,577	\$	3,890	17.7%	4.1%	3.8%
North America		8,506		7,825	8.7	8.1	7.2
Other		44		196	n/m	5.3	24.4
Corporate expenses		(12,596)		(7,517)	(67.6)	(5.9)	(3.6)
Unallocated results of discontinued operations				60	n/m		
Earnings before interest, taxes, amortization and							
restructuring charges		531		4,454	(88.1)	0.2	2.1
Amortization of intangible assets				(157)	n/m		(0.1)
Restructuring charges		(14,000)			n/m	(6.5)	
Total operating income (loss) from continuing							
operations	\$	(13,469)	\$	4,297	(413.5)%	(6.3)%	2.0%

n/m = not meaningful

- International operating income increased to \$4.6 million for the third quarter of 2013 compared to \$3.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. This increase is primarily due to revenue growth at existing and new clients, which was partially offset by an increased use of subcontractors, higher consultant costs and lower utilization.
- North America operating income increased \$0.7 million, or 8.7% compared to the third quarter of 2012. The increase was a result of reductions in SG&A expenses, specifically restructuring-related reductions in office rental expenses.
- Corporate expenses increased \$5.1 million during the current three month period primarily due to higher stock compensation costs and increased management compensation expense. \$2.6 million of this increase is related to our CFO transition in September 2013.

*Interest expense*. Interest expense decreased \$0.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared to the same period of 2012 primarily due to a lower interest rate on our credit facility entered into in May 2012 and a significant reduction in our average borrowings outstanding.

<sup>\*</sup>International, North America and Other calculated as a % of their respective revenue, all other items calculated as a % of total revenue. Column may not total due to rounding.

*Other expense, net.* Other expense, net was \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared to \$0.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. This decrease was due entirely to foreign exchange gains and losses.

Income taxes. Current period U.S. and foreign income (loss) before income taxes as well as income tax expense (benefit) were as follows:

		Three Months En	mber 30, 2012	
		(In the		
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes:				
U.S.	\$	(5,667)	\$	(358)
Foreign		(8,308)		3,054
Total	\$	(13,975)	\$	2,696
Income tax expense (benefit):				
U.S.	\$	550	\$	1,509
Foreign		(1,012)		992
Total	\$	(462)	\$	2,501
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Due to our history of domestic losses, in 2011 we recorded a full valuation allowance for all net U.S. deferred tax assets, including our net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. As a result, we cannot record any tax benefits for additional U.S. incurred losses and any U.S. income is offset by a reduction in valuation allowance. Irrespective of our income or loss levels, we continue to record deferred U.S. tax expense related to tax-basis goodwill amortization.

The effective rate on our foreign tax expense varies with the mix of income and losses across multiple tax jurisdictions with most statutory tax rates varying from 23% to 33%. The reduction of foreign pre-tax income from continuing operations in 2013 is related to an overall decrease in profitability of the business, including the impact of restructuring costs, and the implementation of new transfer pricing practices. The foreign tax benefit for the third quarter of 2013 is primarily a result of the mix of income and losses across jurisdictions including losses in countries for which no tax benefit can be recorded due to full valuation allowances.

### Results of Operations Comparison of the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

The following table and related discussion provide information about our consolidated financial results for the periods presented. At the end of 2011, our Federal division was classified as a discontinued operation and in the third quarter of 2012, a portion of our information technology outsourcing practice was classified as a discontinued operation. In the second quarter of 2013 the operations of our Russian business met the criteria to be classified as a discontinued operation. As such, all of these businesses have been excluded from our results from our continuing operations in the tables and related discussion below, unless otherwise noted.

The following table sets forth certain Consolidated Statement of Operations data in dollars and expressed as a percentage of revenue:

Consulting services         \$ 620,606         94.8%         \$ 613,058         94.9%           Other revenue         34,387         5.2         33,002         5.1           Total revenues         \$ 654,993         100.0%         \$ 646,060         100.0%           Gross profit - consulting services         \$ 150,995         24.3%         \$ 153,075         25.0%           Gross profit - other revenue         14,331         41.7         13,185         40.0           Gross profit - total         165,326         25.2         166,260         25.7           SG&A costs         154,021         23.5         149,737         23.2           Amortization of intangible assets         482         0.1           Restructuring charges         14,953         2.3         0           Operating income (loss) from continuing operations         (3,648)         (0.6)         16,041         2.5           Interest income         700         0.1         495         0.1           Interest expense, net         (89)         (549)         (0.1)           Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes         (5,007)         (0.8)         10,824         1.7           Income tax expense         4,122         0.6         8,921 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>						
Other revenue         34,387         5.2         33,002         5.1           Total revenues         \$ 654,993         100.0%         \$ 646,060         100.0%           Gross profit - consulting services         \$ 150,995         24.3%         \$ 153,075         25.0%           Gross profit - other revenue         14,331         41.7         13,185         40.0           Gross profit - total         165,326         25.2         166,260         25.7           SG&A costs         154,021         23.5         149,737         23.2           Amortization of intangible assets         482         0.1           Restructuring charges         14,953         2.3           Operating income (loss) from continuing operations         (3,648)         (0.6)         16,041         2.5           Interest income         700         0.1         495         0.1           Interest expense         (1,970)         (0.3)         (5,163)         (0.8)           Other expense, net         (89)         (549)         (0.1)           Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes         (5,007)         (0.8)         10,824         1.7	Consulting services	\$ 620,606	94.8%	\$	613,058	94.9%
Total revenues         \$ 654,993         100.0%         \$ 646,060         100.0%           Gross profit - consulting services         \$ 150,995         24.3%         \$ 153,075         25.0%           Gross profit - other revenue         14,331         41.7         13,185         40.0           Gross profit - total         165,326         25.2         166,260         25.7           SG&A costs         154,021         23.5         149,737         23.2           Amortization of intangible assets         482         0.1           Restructuring charges         14,953         2.3           Operating income (loss) from continuing operations         (3,648)         (0.6)         16,041         2.5           Interest income         700         0.1         495         0.1           Interest expense         (1,970)         (0.3)         (5,163)         (0.8)           Other expense, net         (89)         (549)         (0.1)           Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes         (5,007)         (0.8)         10,824         1.7		,		•	,	
Gross profit - other revenue       14,331       41.7       13,185       40.0         Gross profit - total       165,326       25.2       166,260       25.7         SG&A costs       154,021       23.5       149,737       23.2         Amortization of intangible assets       482       0.1         Restructuring charges       14,953       2.3         Operating income (loss) from continuing operations       (3,648)       (0.6)       16,041       2.5         Interest income       700       0.1       495       0.1         Interest expense       (1,970)       (0.3)       (5,163)       (0.8)         Other expense, net       (89)       (549)       (0.1)         Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes       (5,007)       (0.8)       10,824       1.7	Total revenues	\$ 654,993	100.0%	\$		100.0%
Gross profit - other revenue       14,331       41.7       13,185       40.0         Gross profit - total       165,326       25.2       166,260       25.7         SG&A costs       154,021       23.5       149,737       23.2         Amortization of intangible assets       482       0.1         Restructuring charges       14,953       2.3         Operating income (loss) from continuing operations       (3,648)       (0.6)       16,041       2.5         Interest income       700       0.1       495       0.1         Interest expense       (1,970)       (0.3)       (5,163)       (0.8)         Other expense, net       (89)       (549)       (0.1)         Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes       (5,007)       (0.8)       10,824       1.7		,			,	
Gross profit - other revenue       14,331       41.7       13,185       40.0         Gross profit - total       165,326       25.2       166,260       25.7         SG&A costs       154,021       23.5       149,737       23.2         Amortization of intangible assets       482       0.1         Restructuring charges       14,953       2.3         Operating income (loss) from continuing operations       (3,648)       (0.6)       16,041       2.5         Interest income       700       0.1       495       0.1         Interest expense       (1,970)       (0.3)       (5,163)       (0.8)         Other expense, net       (89)       (549)       (0.1)         Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes       (5,007)       (0.8)       10,824       1.7	Gross profit - consulting services	\$ 150,995	24.3%	\$	153,075	25.0%
SG&A costs         154,021         23.5         149,737         23.2           Amortization of intangible assets         482         0.1           Restructuring charges         14,953         2.3           Operating income (loss) from continuing operations         (3,648)         (0.6)         16,041         2.5           Interest income         700         0.1         495         0.1           Interest expense         (1,970)         (0.3)         (5,163)         (0.8)           Other expense, net         (89)         (549)         (0.1)           Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes         (5,007)         (0.8)         10,824         1.7	*	14,331	41.7		13,185	40.0
Amortization of intangible assets       482       0.1         Restructuring charges       14,953       2.3         Operating income (loss) from continuing operations       (3,648)       (0.6)       16,041       2.5         Interest income       700       0.1       495       0.1         Interest expense       (1,970)       (0.3)       (5,163)       (0.8)         Other expense, net       (89)       (549)       (0.1)         Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes       (5,007)       (0.8)       10,824       1.7	Gross profit - total	165,326	25.2		166,260	25.7
Amortization of intangible assets       482       0.1         Restructuring charges       14,953       2.3         Operating income (loss) from continuing operations       (3,648)       (0.6)       16,041       2.5         Interest income       700       0.1       495       0.1         Interest expense       (1,970)       (0.3)       (5,163)       (0.8)         Other expense, net       (89)       (549)       (0.1)         Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes       (5,007)       (0.8)       10,824       1.7	•					
Restructuring charges       14,953       2.3         Operating income (loss) from continuing operations       (3,648)       (0.6)       16,041       2.5         Interest income       700       0.1       495       0.1         Interest expense       (1,970)       (0.3)       (5,163)       (0.8)         Other expense, net       (89)       (549)       (0.1)         Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes       (5,007)       (0.8)       10,824       1.7	SG&A costs	154,021	23.5		149,737	23.2
Operating income (loss) from continuing operations       (3,648)       (0.6)       16,041       2.5         Interest income       700       0.1       495       0.1         Interest expense       (1,970)       (0.3)       (5,163)       (0.8)         Other expense, net       (89)       (549)       (0.1)         Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes       (5,007)       (0.8)       10,824       1.7	Amortization of intangible assets				482	0.1
Interest income         700         0.1         495         0.1           Interest expense         (1,970)         (0.3)         (5,163)         (0.8)           Other expense, net         (89)         (549)         (0.1)           Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes         (5,007)         (0.8)         10,824         1.7	Restructuring charges	14,953	2.3			
Interest income         700         0.1         495         0.1           Interest expense         (1,970)         (0.3)         (5,163)         (0.8)           Other expense, net         (89)         (549)         (0.1)           Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes         (5,007)         (0.8)         10,824         1.7	Operating income (loss) from continuing operations	(3,648)	(0.6)		16,041	2.5
Interest expense       (1,970)       (0.3)       (5,163)       (0.8)         Other expense, net       (89)       (549)       (0.1)         Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes       (5,007)       (0.8)       10,824       1.7						
Other expense, net (89) (549) (0.1)  Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes (5,007) (0.8) 10,824 1.7	Interest income	700	0.1		495	0.1
Other expense, net (89) (549) (0.1)  Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes (5,007) (0.8) 10,824 1.7	Interest expense	(1,970)	(0.3)		(5,163)	(0.8)
taxes (5,007) (0.8) 10,824 1.7		(89)			(549)	(0.1)
taxes (5,007) (0.8) 10,824 1.7						
	Income (loss) from continuing operations before income					
Income tax expense 4,122 0.6 8,921 1.4		(5,007)	(0.8)		10,824	1.7
	Income tax expense	4,122	0.6		8,921	1.4

Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (9,129)	(1.4)%	\$ 1,903	0.3%
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Revenue by segment from continuing operations was as follows:

		Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2	2013	-	2012	% change		
		(In thousands)					
International	\$	337,489	\$	321,740	4.9%		
North America		318,793		325,319	(2.0)		
Other		2,575		2,309	n/m		
Inter-segment		(3,864)		(3,308)	n/m		
Total revenues	\$	654,993	\$	646,060	1.4%		

n/m = not meaningful

*Revenues*. For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, total revenues increased \$8.9 million, or 1.4% in U.S. dollars. On a local currency basis, revenues increased \$3.7 million, or 0.6%, as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012, due to an improvement in our International segment which was somewhat offset by declines in our North America segment.

- International revenues increased \$15.7 million, or 4.9%, and increased by 3.3% in local currency during the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The softer European economy caused revenue results to vary considerably by territory. Growth was led by the United Kingdom, Germany and Norway, as well as a couple of our smaller territories. The increase in revenue in these countries was due to significant new clients in 2013, as well as some additional work at existing clients, specifically within our CMS practice. This growth was slightly offset by declines in revenue in the Netherlands, due to reduced spending on IT services in this country as well the loss of clients due to vendor consolidation. In addition to vendor consolidation, some of our European countries are still experiencing cost-containment measures by clients such as offshoring and increased pricing pressure on service providers.
- North America revenues decreased \$6.5 million, or 2.0% compared to the first nine months of 2012 as reductions in work levels at existing clients, especially in our ADM practice, more than offset growth in existing clients, as well as new clients. While our ADM practice declined in the first nine months of 2013, we did see some growth in our Business Consulting practice and certain ISV channels, both of which benefited from several new clients, as well as growth at existing clients in 2013. Growth in our CMS offerings continues as a result of our ISV successes.

*Gross Profit.* Gross profit margin declined to 25.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared to 25.7% for the same period in 2012. Gross profit margin for our International business declined as a result of increased use of subcontractors and soft utilization. North America gross margin was basically flat during the first nine months of 2012 as improved utilization was offset by margin compression in certain accounts.

Selling, general and administrative costs. Our SG&A costs increased \$4.3 million, or 2.9% to \$154.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, from \$149.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. International SG&A costs increased compared to the first nine months of 2012 due to the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, increased labor costs, and an increase in bad debt, which was associated with the current European economic climate. North America SG&A costs were down due to reduced compensation costs

and lower office rental expense, which was a result of the closure of offices under our 2012 restructuring plan. See Note 7 to our consolidated financial statements for more information on our 2012 and 2013 restructuring plans. Our corporate SG&A costs increased as a result of higher stock compensation expense as well as increased management compensation costs compared with the first nine months of 2012. A large portion of both of these corporate cost increases are a result of our CFO transition in September 2013.

*Operating income (loss).* Our operating loss was \$3.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, as compared to operating income of \$16.0 million for the same period of 2012. This change was primarily a result of a significant restructuring charge in the current quarter and the increased SG&A costs discussed above. For more information on our restructuring changes, see Note 7 of our consolidated financial statement.

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Operating income (loss) from continuing operations by segment was as follows:

	Nine Months Ended Septem 2013		ember 30, 2012	% change	2013 % of revenue*	2012 % of revenue*
	(In thou	isands)				
International	\$ 15,528	\$	16,798	(7.6)%	4.6%	5.2%
North America	25,104		22,443	11.9	7.9	6.9
Other	162		326	n/m	6.3	14.1
Corporate expenses	(29,489)		(22,482)	(31.2)	(4.5)	(3.5)
Unallocated results of discontinued operations			(562)	n/m		(0.1)
Earnings before interest, taxes, amortization						
and restructuring charges	11,305		16,523	(31.6)	1.7	2.6
Amortization of intangible assets			(482)	n/m		(0.1)
Restructuring charges	(14,953)			n/m	(2.3)	
Total operating income (loss) from continuing						
operations	\$ (3,648)	\$	16,041	(122.7)%	(0.6)%	2.5%

n/m = not meaningful

- International operating income declined to \$15.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to \$16.8 million for the comparable period in 2012. This decrease is primarily due to an increase in SG&A costs as a result of initial restructuring costs, increased labor costs and bad debt expense.
- North America operating income increased \$2.7 million, or 11.9%, compared to the first nine months of 2012. The increase was due to a reduction in SG&A expenses, specifically reduced compensation costs and restructuring-related reductions in office rental expenses. However, these improvements were somewhat offset by lower revenues at existing ADM clients and margin compression.
- Corporate expenses increased \$7.0 million during the current nine month period primarily due to higher stock compensation costs and increased management compensation expense. \$2.6 million of this increase is related to our CFO transition in September 2013.

*Interest expense.* Interest expense decreased \$3.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared to the same period of 2012 primarily due to a significant reduction in our average borrowings outstanding, a lower interest rate on our credit facility entered into in May 2012, and the write-off of \$1.1 million of capitalized debt fees that were written off in the second quarter of 2012.

<sup>\*</sup>International, North America and Other calculated as a % of their respective revenue, all other items calculated as a % of total revenue. Column may not total due to rounding.

*Other expense, net.* Other expense, net was \$89 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared to \$549 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. This change was due entirely to foreign exchange gains and losses.

Income taxes. Current period U.S. and foreign income (loss) before income taxes as well as income tax expense were as follows:

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	N	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	20	2013		2012	
		(In thousands)			
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes:					
U.S.	\$	(3,672)	\$	(7,714)	
Foreign		(1,335)		18,538	
Total	\$	(5,007)	\$	10,824	
Income tax expense:					
U.S.	\$	2,930	\$	4,296	
Foreign		1,192		4,625	
Total	\$	4,122	\$	8,921	

Due to our history of domestic losses, in 2011 we recorded a full valuation allowance for all net U.S. deferred tax assets, including our net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. As a result, we cannot record any tax benefits for additional U.S. incurred losses and any U.S. income is offset by a reduction in valuation allowance. Irrespective of our income or loss levels, we continue to record deferred U.S. tax expense related to goodwill amortization and we expect to record approximately \$5 million of related U.S. deferred tax expense in 2013.

The effective rate on our foreign tax expense varies with the mix of income and losses across multiple tax jurisdictions with most statutory tax rates varying from 23% to 33%. The reduction of foreign pre-tax income from continuing operations from 2012 to 2013 is related to an overall decrease in profitability of the business, including the impact of restructuring costs, and the implementation of new transfer pricing practices. The foreign tax expense through the third quarter of 2013 is primarily a result of the mix of income and losses across jurisdictions including losses in countries for which no tax benefit can be recorded due to full valuation allowances.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

At September 30, 2013, we had a decrease in working capital to \$97.1 million from \$105.5 million at December 31, 2012. Our current ratio was 1.6:1 at both September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012. Our primary sources of liquidity are cash flows from operations, available cash reserves, and debt capacity under our credit agreement. In addition, we could seek to raise additional funds through public or private debt or equity financings. We believe that our cash and cash equivalents, our expected operating cash flow and our available credit agreement will be sufficient to finance our working capital needs through at least the next year.

Our balance of cash and cash equivalents was \$32.9 million at September 30, 2013, compared to \$58.8 million at December 31, 2012. Our domestic cash balances are generally used to reduce our outstanding borrowings. Typically, most of our cash balance is maintained by our foreign subsidiaries. We have not provided for additional U.S. income taxes on the undistributed earnings of most of our foreign subsidiaries, as we currently do not have plans to repatriate cash in the future and we consider these to be permanently reinvested in the operations of such subsidiaries. If future events, including material changes in estimates of cash, working capital and long-term investment requirements, necessitate that the undistributed earnings of our foreign subsidiaries be distributed, an additional provision for income taxes may apply, which could materially affect our future tax expense.

As previously mentioned, we approved a company restructuring plan on November 5, 2012. Related to the execution of the 2012 Plan, we had cash outlays of approximately \$5 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2013. As of September 30, 2013, all restructuring actions associated with the 2012 Plan have been completed. Total cash outlays associated with the plan will be approximately \$11 million, \$7 million of

which has been paid to date.

On July 30, 2013 we approved a second restructuring plan. We had cash outlays of approximately \$2 million during the three months ended September 30, 2013 related to the 2013 Plan and we estimate total cash outlays of \$13 million, which will occur over the next three quarters.

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		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 2012 (In thousands)		
Net cash used in continuing operations:				
Operating activities	\$	(4,391)	\$	(32,757)
Investing activities		(4,079)		(2,574)
Financing activities		(11,409)		(27,455)
Net cash used in continuing operations		(19,879)		(62,786)
Net cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations:				
Operating activities		(2,865)		(2,361)
Investing activities		(313)		30,076
Net cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations:		(3,178)		27,715
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(2,902)		2,532
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(25,959)	\$	(32,539)

Operating activities. Cash used in operating activities from continuing operations was \$4.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared with \$32.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Changes in normal short-term working capital items, partially offset by a decline in our results from continuing operations, contributed to the overall decrease in cash used in continuing operations during the current nine month period as compared to the same period of the prior year. Our working capital fluctuates significantly due to changes in accounts receivable (discussed below), as well as due to the timing of our domestic payroll and accounts payable processing cycles with regard to month-end dates and other seasonal factors. For the first nine months of 2013, we also paid \$7.1 million for restructuring-related costs, including severance expenses in our International, North America and corporate segments, and real estate related costs in North America. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, our domestic operations provided (used) \$12.2 million and (\$18.4 million), respectively, of cash from continuing operations while our International operations used \$16.6 million and \$14.4 million, respectively during the same time periods. Typically, the seasonality of our business in many European countries results in negative cash from operations in the early part of the year with improvements in the second half of the year. Cash flow from European receivables and payables are typically maximized in the fourth quarter.

Changes in accounts receivable can have a significant impact on our cash flow. Items that can affect our cash flow from accounts receivable include: contractual payment terms, client payment patterns (including approval or processing delays and cash management), client mix (public vs. private), fluctuations in the level of IT product sales and the effectiveness of our collection efforts. Many of the individual reasons are outside of our control and, as a result, it is normal for cash flow from accounts receivable to fluctuate from period to period, affecting our liquidity.

Total accounts receivable decreased to \$194.7 million at September 30, 2013, from \$200.3 million at December 31, 2012. Total accounts receivable day s sales outstanding (DSO) increased to 63 days at September 30, 2013, from 61 days at December 31, 2012, an increase of 2 days, compared with DSO of 66 days at September 30, 2012, and 53 days at December 31, 2011, an increase of 13 days. The smaller increase in DSO in 2013 represents improved collections in the first nine months of 2013 compared to 2012. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we experienced an increase in DSO in our international division due to seasonality while DSO in our North America division decreased slightly due to a reduction in unbilled accounts receivable. In our International segment, we typically experience a seasonality to collections with slower receivable collections in the first half of the year with improvement in the second half of the year. During the nine months ended September 30, 2012, DSO in our International division increased due to seasonality while DSO also increased in our North America division as a result of unusually high collections in the fourth quarter of 2011.

Accrued compensation and related liabilities fluctuate from period to period based on a couple of primary factors, including the timing of our normal bi-weekly U.S. payroll cycle and the timing of variable compensation payments. Bonuses are typically accrued throughout the year, and paid either quarterly or annually, based on the applicable bonus program associated with an employee s role and country in which he or she

works. As such, bonus payments can fluctuate from quarter to quarter. Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities typically fluctuate based on when we receive actual vendor invoices and when they are paid. The largest of such items typically relates to vendor payments for IT hardware and software products that we resell and payments to services-related subcontractors.

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*Investing activities.* Spending on property and equipment increased to \$4.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2013, from \$2.6 million in the same period of 2012. Generally, our capital spending is primarily for technology equipment and software and to support our global employee base, as well as our management and corporate support infrastructure, and for investment in our domestic and off-shore delivery centers. Such investments will fluctuate from period to period.

Financing activities. Typically, our most significant financing activities consist of the borrowings and payments under our credit facility. This primarily fluctuates based on net cash provided by, or used in, our domestic operations during the period as our U.S. cash receipts and disbursements are linked to the revolving credit facility. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we had net payments on our long-term debt of \$8.6 million, compared with \$25.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily from the repatriation of \$30 million of foreign cash to the U.S. in January 2012 and the sale of our Federal Division in March 2012. Additionally, during the nine months ended September 30, 2012, we incurred a cash outflow of \$3.5 million for facility fees associated with our borrowings, while we paid no debt fees in 2013. Associated with our 2010 acquisition of Segmenta A/S, during the second quarter of 2013 we paid \$7.1 million of contingent consideration, of which \$3.4 million is classified as a financing cash flow and \$3.7 million is classified in operating activities. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we had a net cash inflow of \$0.7 million for proceeds from employee stock plans, which was down from \$1.2 million for the same period of 2012.

Credit Agreement. On May 7, 2012, we entered into a Credit Agreement (the Credit Agreement ) with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. The Credit Agreement initially provided for (1) an asset-based revolving line of credit of up to \$60 million (the ABL Facility), with the amount available for borrowing at any time under such line of credit determined according to a borrowing base valuation of eligible account receivables (the borrowing base was \$50.5 million at September 30, 2013), and (2) a \$7.5 million term loan (the Term Loan). On March 29, 2013, we used funds available under the ABL Facility to pay down the Term Loan in full and therefore, as of September 30, 2013, only the ABL Facility was outstanding. This pay down allows us to benefit from the lower borrowing rate of the ABL Facility. Because the Term Loan was paid off, we are no longer required to comply with any specific financial covenants. The ABL Facility provides for borrowings in the United States, the Netherlands, the United Kingdom and Germany and matures on May 7, 2017. As of September 30, 2013, we had \$17.6 million outstanding under the ABL Facility. Our obligations under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by us and and are secured by substantially all of our U.S., Netherlands, United Kingdom, and German assets.

Under the ABL Facility, U.S. borrowings accrue interest at a rate of the London interbank offered rate (LIBOR) plus a margin ranging from 225 to 275 basis points, or, at our option, a base rate equal to the greatest of (a) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50%, (b) LIBOR plus 1%, and (c) the prime rate—set by Wells Fargo plus a margin ranging from 125 to 175 basis points. All foreign borrowings accrue interest at a rate of LIBOR plus a margin ranging from 225 to 275 basis points, plus certain fees related to compliance with European banking regulations. The interest rates applicable to borrowings under the Credit Agreement are subject to increase during an event of default. We are also required to pay an unused line fee ranging from 0.375% to 0.50% annually on the unused portion of the ABL Facility.

Wells Fargo will take dominion over our U.S. cash and cash receipts and will automatically apply such amounts to the ABL Facility on a daily basis if (i) an event of default has occurred and is continuing, (ii) less than 30% of the ABL Facility or less than \$18 million is available for borrowing under the ABL Facility for five consecutive days, or (iii) less than 25% of the ABL Facility or less than \$15 million is available for borrowing under the ABL Facility at any time. Wells Fargo will continue to exercise dominion over our U.S. cash and cash receipts until (1) no event of default is continuing and (2) at least 30% of the ABL Facility and a minimum of \$18 million have been available for borrowing under the ABL Facility for 30 consecutive days. In addition, under the ABL Facility, Wells Fargo will have dominion over the cash receipts related to any U.K., Dutch, and German borrowings and will automatically apply such amounts to the ABL Facility on a daily basis. At September 30, 2013, we had \$3.2 million of foreign borrowings that were subject to the bank s dominion and are classified as a current liability on our balance sheet.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not have any reportable off-balance sheet arrangements.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Goodwill We perform our annual impairment analysis of goodwill as of June 30 each year, or more often if there are indicators of impairment present. We test each of our reporting units for goodwill impairment. Our reporting units are the same as our operating divisions and reporting segments. The goodwill impairment test requires a two-step process. The first step consists of comparing the estimated fair value of each reporting unit with its carrying amount, including goodwill. If the estimated fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, then it is not considered impaired and no further analysis is required. If step one indicates that the estimated fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value, then impairment

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potentially exists and the second step is performed to measure the amount of goodwill impairment. Goodwill impairment exists when the estimated implied fair value of a reporting unit s goodwill is less than its carrying value.

We compared the carrying values of our International and North America reporting units to their estimated fair values at June 30, 2013. We estimated the fair value of each reporting unit based on a weighting of both the income approach and the market approach. The discounted cash flows for each reporting unit serve as the primary basis for the income approach, and were based on discrete financial forecasts developed by management. Cash flows beyond the discrete forecast period of five years were estimated using the perpetuity growth method calculation. The annual average revenue growth rates forecasted for our reporting units for the first five years of our projections were approximately 4%. We have projected a minor amount of operating profit margin improvement based on expected margin benefits from certain internal initiatives. The terminal value was calculated assuming projected growth rates of 3% after five years, which reflects our estimate of minimum long-term growth in IT spending. The income approach valuations also included each reporting unit s estimated weighted average cost of capital, which were 13.0% and 14.5% for International and North America, respectively. The market approach applied pricing multiples derived from publicly-traded companies that are comparable to the respective reporting units to determine their values. For our International and North America reporting units, we used enterprise value/revenue multiples of 0.3 and 0.35, respectively, and enterprise value/EBITDA multiples of 5.5 and 5, respectively, in order to value each of our reporting units under the market approach. In addition, the fair value under the market approach included a control premium of 35%. The control premium was determined based on a review of comparative market transactions. Publicly-available information regarding our market capitalization was also considered in assessing the reasonableness of the cumulative fair values of our reporting units.

As a result of the first step of our goodwill impairment test as of June 30, 2013, we estimated that the fair values for our International and North America reporting units exceeded their carrying amounts by 16% and 19%, respectively, thus no impairment was indicated. We have updated our cash flow forecasts and our other assumptions used to calculate the estimated fair value of our reporting units to account for our beliefs and expectations of the current business environment. While we believe our estimates are appropriate based on our view of current business trends, no assurance can be provided that impairment charges will not be required in the future.

We currently have a remaining goodwill balance of \$278.8 million at September 30, 2013. The process of evaluating the potential impairment of goodwill is subjective and requires significant judgment at many points during the analysis. In estimating the fair value of the reporting units for the purpose of our annual or periodic goodwill impairment analysis, we make estimates and judgments about the future cash flows of the reporting units, including estimated growth rates and assumptions about the economic environment. Although our cash flow forecasts are based on assumptions that are consistent with the plans and estimates we are using to manage the underlying reporting units, there is significant judgment in determining the cash flows attributable to these reporting units. We consider our market capitalization, adjusted for unallocated monetary assets such as cash, debt, a control premium and other factors determined by management. As a result, several factors could result in the impairment of a material amount of our goodwill balance in future periods, including, but not limited to:

- (1) Failure of Ciber to reach our internal forecasts could impact our ability to achieve our forecasted levels of cash flows and reduce the estimated fair values of our reporting units;
- (2) A decline in our stock price and resulting market capitalization, if we determine that the decline is sustained and is indicative of a reduction in the fair value of either of our reporting units below their carrying values.

Adverse changes in our market capitalization, long-term forecasts and industry growth rates could result in additional impairment charges being recorded in future periods for goodwill attributed to either of our reporting units. Any future impairment charges would adversely affect our

results of operations for those periods.

For a description of our critical accounting policies and estimates, see Item 7. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

During the three months ended September 30, 2013, there were no material changes in our market risk exposure. For a complete discussion of our market risk associated with foreign currency risk and interest rate risk as of December 31, 2012, see Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

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#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures** During the fiscal period covered by this report, our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Based upon this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (1) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and (2) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

**Changes in Internal Controls** There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by paragraph (d) of Rule 13a-15 or Rule 15d-15 under the Exchange Act that occurred during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### **PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are subject to various claims and litigation that are in the ordinary course of business. The litigation process is inherently uncertain. Therefore, the outcome of such matters is not predictable.

We are engaged in legal proceedings in Germany in connection with our acquisition of a controlling interest in Novasoft AG (now known as Ciber AG) in 2004. In August 2006, we completed a buy-out of the remaining minority shareholders of Novasoft. Certain of those former minority shareholders challenged the adequacy of the buy-out consideration by initiating a review by the district court in Mannheim, Germany. The court-appointed independent experts have evaluated the consideration and claims of the minority shareholders. In June 2013, the district court rendered its decision to increase the consideration by an aggregate of 525 thousand. The minority shareholders have appealed that decision. If the appellate court upholds an award of additional consideration, such consideration will increase the goodwill associated with the acquisition and we will be liable for that additional consideration as well as the costs associated with these proceedings. We are unable to predict the outcome of this matter.

CamSoft, Inc., a Louisiana corporation, claims that it had a role in an alleged joint venture that developed a wireless network for video camera surveillance systems to be deployed to municipal governments. The lawsuit, CamSoft Data Systems, Inc. v. Southern Electronics, et al., was filed initially in October 2009 in Louisiana state court against numerous defendants, including Ciber. The lawsuit was subsequently removed to federal court in the Middle District of Louisiana and the complaint was amended to include additional defendants and causes of action including antitrust claims, civil RICO claims, unfair trade practices, trade secret, fraud, unjust enrichment, and conspiracy claims. The suit includes many of the same parties involved in related litigation in the state court in New Orleans that was concluded in 2009 when Ciber settled the New Orleans suit with the plaintiffs, Active Solutions and Southern Electronics, who are now co-defendants in the current lawsuit and CamSoft s former alleged joint venturers. Ciber is vigorously defending the allegations. The matter is ongoing in the Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals. We

are unable to predict the outcome of this litigation.

On October 28, 2011, a putative securities class action lawsuit, Weston v. Ciber, Inc. et al., was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Colorado against Ciber, its current Chief Executive Officer David C. Peterschmidt, former Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) Claude J. Pumilia, and former CFO Peter H. Cheesbrough (the Class Action). The Class Action purports to have been filed on behalf of all holders of Ciber common stock between December 15, 2010, and August 3, 2011, by alleged stockholder and plaintiff, Burt Weston. The Class Action generally alleges that defendants Ciber, Mr. Peterschmidt, Mr. Pumilia and Mr. Cheesbrough violated Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act ) and Rule 10b-5 thereunder. Specifically, the complaint alleges that the defendants disseminated or approved alleged false statements concerning the Company s outlook and forecast for fiscal year 2011 in: (1) the Company s 8-K filed with the SEC and press conference held with investors on December 15, 2010; (2) the Company s press release and earnings conference call on February 22, 2011; (3) the Company s 10-K for fiscal year 2010 filed with the SEC on February 25, 2011; and (4) the Company s press release, earnings conference call, and Form 10-Q for first quarter 2011 filed with the SEC on May 3, 2011. The complaint also generally alleges that the defendants violated Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act. Specifically, the complaint alleges that the defendants acted as controlling persons of Ciber within the meaning of Section 20(a)

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of the Exchange Act by reason of their positions with the Company. The Class Action seeks, among other things: (1) an order from the Court declaring the complaint to be a proper class action pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and certifying plaintiff as a representative of the purported class; (2) awarding plaintiff and the members of the class damages, including interest; (3) awarding plaintiff reasonable costs and attorneys fees; and (4) awarding such other relief as the Court may deem just and proper. The Court appointed Mr. Weston and City of Roseville Employees Retirement System as lead plaintiffs and the law firms of Robbins, Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP and Robbins Umeda LLP as lead plaintiffs counsel on January 31, 2012. Lead plaintiffs filed an amended complaint in early April 2012. The defendants have filed a motion to dismiss, which is currently pending. The Company believes that the Class Action is without merit and intends to defend against it vigorously. We are unable to predict the outcome of this litigation.

On February 7, 2012, a purported verified shareholder derivative lawsuit, Seni v. Peterschmidt. et al., was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Colorado (the Derivative Action) against Messrs. Peterschmidt, Pumilia, and Cheesbrough, and Ciber s then-current board of directors: Messrs. Bobby G. Stevenson, Jean-Francois Heitz, Paul A. Jacobs, Stephen S. Kurtz, Kurt J. Lauk, Archibald J. McGill, and James C. Spira. Ciber is named as a nominal defendant. The Derivative Action is largely based on the same alleged facts as the Class Action. The complaint in the Derivative Action generally alleges that the individual defendants breached their fiduciary duties of good faith, fair dealing, loyalty, due care, reasonable inquiry, oversight, and supervision by approving the issuance of allegedly false statements that misrepresented material information about the finances and operations of the Company. The Derivative Complaint also alleges that the individual defendants were unjustly enriched as a result of the compensation they received while breaching their fiduciary duties to the Company. The complaint seeks, among other things: (1) damages for losses sustained by the Company as a result of the individual defendants breaches; (2) directives to reform and improve the company s governance; (3) restitution to the Company from the individual defendants; (4) an award to plaintiff of reasonable costs and attorneys fees; and (5) such other relief as the Court may deem just and proper. On April 30, 2012, the Court granted Ciber s Motion to Stay Discovery and Vacate the Scheduling Conference and Related Deadlines. The defendants filed a motion to dismiss, which was granted in March 2013. Pursuant to the dismissal order, the plaintiffs were allowed to amend the complaint, the defendants then filed a new motion to dismiss, and the matter is ongoing. The Company believes this litigation is without merit and intends to defend against it vigorously. We are unable to predict the outcome of this litigation.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

For information regarding our potential risks and uncertainties, please refer to Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012. There have been no material changes to risk factors disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

### Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

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Item 6. Exhibits

D 197			Incorporated by Reference	ъ.
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Form	File No.	Date Filed
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Ciber, Inc.	10-Q	001-13103	11/7/2005
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Ciber, Inc. as adopted	10-K	001-13103	3/5/2009
	February 15, 2001; Amendment to the Amended and Restated			
	Bylaws of Ciber, Inc. as adopted February 18, 2003; Amendment to			
	the Amended and Restated Bylaws of Ciber, Inc. as adopted May 3,			
	2005; Amendment to the Amended and Restated Bylaws of			
	Ciber, Inc., as adopted February 25, 2009			
3.3	Amendment to the Amended and Restated Bylaws of Ciber, Inc., as adopted June 2, 2010	10-Q	001-13103	8/5/2010
10.1*	Employment and Confidentiality Agreement between Ciber Inc., and	8-K	001-13103	4/5/2013
	Richard A. Genovese dated as of August 21, 2011			
10.2*	Offer Letter from Ciber, Inc. to Anthony Fogel dated February 14,	8-K	001-13103	4/5/2013
10.2*	2012	0.17	001 12102	4/5/2012
10.3*	Employment and Confidentiality Agreement between Ciber, Inc., and Anthony S. Fogel dated as of February 14, 2012	8-K	001-13103	4/5/2013
10.4*	Settlement Agreement between Ciber International B.V. and T.J.C.	8-K	001-13103	4/5/2013
10.54	van den Berg dated as of December 7, 2012	0.17	001 12102	4/0/2012
10.5*	Employment and Confidentiality Agreement between CIBER, Inc.	8-K	001-13103	4/8/2013
10.6	and R. Bruce Douglas dated as of October 4, 2011 Amendment No. 2 to Wells Fargo Credit Agreement, dated	10-Q	001-13103	4/30/2013
10.0	March 26, 2013	10-Q	001-13103	4/30/2013
10.7*	Ciber, Inc. 2004 Incentive Plan, as amended May 8, 2013	10-Q	001-13103	7/31/2013
10.8*	Mutual Release of Claims between Ciber Inc. and Claude J. Pumilia	10 Q	Filed herewith	773172013
10.0	dated September 16, 2013		1 1100 11010 W 1111	
10.9*	Employment and Confidentially Agreement between Ciber Inc. and		Filed herewith	
	Michael E. Lehman dated September 24, 2013			
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302		Filed herewith	
	of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002			
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302		Filed herewith	
	of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002			
32	Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of		Furnished	
101 INC	2002		Ellad bassaidh	
101.INS 101.SCH	XBRL Instance Document		Filed herewith Filed herewith	
101.SCH 101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document		Filed herewith	
101.CAL 101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document		Filed herewith	
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document		Filed herewith	
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document		Filed herewith	
			- 1100 11010 11111	

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan on arrangement.

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#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Ciber, Inc.

(Registrant)

Date: October 29, 2013 By /s/ David C. Peterschmidt

David C. Peterschmidt

President and Chief Executive Officer

By /s/ Michael E. Lehman

Michael E. Lehman

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer