

VEECO INSTRUMENTS INC  
Form 10-Q  
May 07, 2018  
Table of Contents

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018**

**OR**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Commission file number 0-16244

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**VEECO INSTRUMENTS INC.**

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(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

**Delaware**

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

**11-2989601**

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**Terminal Drive  
Plainview, New York**

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

**11803**

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:

**(516) 677-0200**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, and emerging growth company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

**Title of Class**

**Shares Outstanding**

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Common Stock  
par value \$0.01 per share

as of April 30, 2018  
48,691,999

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Table of Contents

VEECO INSTRUMENTS INC.

INDEX

<u>Safe Harbor Statement</u>	1
<u>PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	3
<u>Item 1. Financial Statements</u>	3
<u>Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	25
<u>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u>	31
<u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u>	31
<u>PART II OTHER INFORMATION</u>	32
<u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u>	32
<u>Item 1A. Risk Factors</u>	32
<u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	32
<u>Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	33
<u>Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	33
<u>Item 5. Other Information</u>	33
<u>Item 6. Exhibits</u>	34
<u>SIGNATURES</u>	36

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Table of Contents

**Safe Harbor Statement**

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q (the Report ) contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Discussions containing such forward-looking statements may be found in Part I - Items 1, 2, and 3 hereof, as well as within this Report generally. In addition, when used in this Report, the words believes, anticipates, expects, estimates, targets, plans, intends, will, and similar expressions related to the future are intended to represent forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from projected results.

In addition, the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ( U.S. GAAP ) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates and assumptions are based on knowledge of current events and planned actions to be undertaken in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2018. All estimates and assumptions are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from these estimates and assumptions.

The risks and uncertainties of Veeco Instruments Inc. (together with its consolidated subsidiaries, Veeco, the Company, we, us, and our, unless the context indicates otherwise) include, without limitation, the following:

- Unfavorable market conditions may adversely affect our operating results;
- We are exposed to the risks of operating a global business;
- We may be unable to effectively enforce and protect our intellectual property rights;
- We may be subject to claims of intellectual property infringement by others;
- We may be unable to successfully integrate the Ultratech business and may not realize the anticipated benefits of the acquisition;
- The price of our common shares is volatile and could further decline;

- We face significant competition;
- We operate in industries characterized by rapid technological change;
- Our sales to manufacturers are highly dependent on sales of consumer electronics applications, which can experience significant volatility due to seasonal and other factors;
- We have a concentrated customer base, located primarily in a limited number of regions, which operate in highly concentrated industries;
- A further reduction or elimination of foreign government subsidies and economic incentives may adversely affect the future order rate for our MOCVD equipment;
- The cyclical nature of the industries we serve directly affects our business;
- The timing of our orders, shipments, and revenue recognition may cause our quarterly operating results to fluctuate significantly;
- Our sales cycle is long and unpredictable;
- Our backlog is subject to customer cancellation or modification which could result in decreased sales, increased inventory obsolescence, and liabilities to our suppliers for products no longer needed;
- Our failure to estimate customer demand accurately could result in inventory obsolescence, liabilities to our suppliers for products no longer needed, and manufacturing interruptions or delays which could affect our ability to meet customer demand;
- Our failure to successfully manage our outsourcing activities or failure of our outsourcing partners to perform as anticipated could adversely affect our results of operations;



Table of Contents

- We rely on a limited number of suppliers, some of whom are our sole source for particular components;
- Our inability to attract, retain, and motivate employees could have a material adverse effect on our business;
- We are exposed to risks associated with business combinations, acquisitions, and strategic investments;
- We may be unable to obtain required export licenses for the sale of our products;
- Our operating results may be adversely affected by tightening credit markets;
- We may be exposed to liabilities under the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and other similar laws;
- We are subject to internal control evaluations and attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and any delays or difficulties in satisfying these requirements or negative reports concerning our internal controls could adversely affect our future results of operations and our stock price;
- Changes in accounting pronouncements or taxation rules or practices may adversely affect our financial results;
- Our income taxes may change;
- We may be required to take additional impairment charges on assets;
- We have indebtedness in the form of convertible senior notes which could adversely affect our financial position, prevent us from implementing our strategy, and dilute the ownership interest of our existing shareholders;



- The accounting method for convertible debt securities that may be settled in cash, such as the Convertible Senior Notes, could have a material effect on our reported financial results;
- We are subject to foreign currency exchange risks;
- Our previously announced share repurchase program could affect the price of our common stock and increase volatility and may be suspended or terminated at any time, which may result in a decrease in the trading price of our common stock;
- If we are subject to cyber-attacks we could incur substantial costs and, if such attacks are successful, we could incur significant liabilities, reputational harm, and disruption to our operations;
- We have adopted certain measures that may have anti-takeover effects which may make an acquisition of our Company by another company more difficult;
- We are subject to risks of non-compliance with environmental, health, and safety regulations;
- Regulations related to conflict minerals will force us to incur additional expenses, may make our supply chain more complex, and may harm our relationships with customers; and
- We have significant operations in locations which could be materially and adversely impacted in the event of a natural disaster, an act of terrorism, or other significant disruption.

Consequently, such forward looking statements and estimates should be regarded solely as the current plans and beliefs of Veeco. We do not undertake any obligation to update any forward looking statements to reflect future events or circumstances after the date of such statements.

Table of Contents**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements****Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Balance Sheets**(in thousands, except share amounts)  
(unaudited)

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 245,525	\$ 279,736
Restricted cash	841	847
Short-term investments	65,130	47,780
Accounts receivable, net	108,219	98,866
Contract assets	1,984	160
Inventories	130,964	120,266
Deferred cost of sales	1,080	15,994
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	29,615	33,437
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>583,358</b>	<b>597,086</b>
Property, plant, and equipment, net	83,100	85,058
Intangible assets, net	356,311	369,843
Goodwill	307,131	307,131
Deferred income taxes	3,281	3,047
Other assets	28,847	25,310
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,362,028</b>	<b>\$ 1,387,475</b>
<b>Liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 58,273	\$ 50,318
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	54,297	58,068
Customer deposits and deferred revenue	94,473	112,032
Income taxes payable	1,581	3,846
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>208,624</b>	<b>224,264</b>
Deferred income taxes	36,794	36,845
Long-term debt	278,489	275,630
Other liabilities	10,164	10,643
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>534,071</b>	<b>547,382</b>
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 500,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding.		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 120,000,000 shares authorized; 48,691,371 and 48,229,251 shares issued at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively; 48,691,371 and 48,144,416 shares outstanding at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.		
	487	482
Additional paid-in capital	1,054,331	1,051,953
Accumulated deficit	(228,697)	(212,870)

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Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,836	1,812
Treasury stock, at cost, 84,835 shares at December 31, 2017.		(1,284)
<b>Total stockholders equity</b>	<b>827,957</b>	<b>840,093</b>
<b>Total liabilities and stockholders equity</b>	<b>\$ 1,362,028</b>	<b>\$ 1,387,475</b>

See accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statements of Operations**(in thousands, except per share amounts)  
(unaudited)

	<b>Three months ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
Net sales	\$ 158,574	\$ 94,499
Cost of sales	101,894	59,999
Gross profit	56,680	34,500
Operating expenses, net:		
Research and development	24,320	14,989
Selling, general, and administrative	26,383	19,105
Amortization of intangible assets	13,532	2,867
Restructuring	2,695	1,338
Acquisition costs	1,342	1,361
Asset impairment		463
Other, net	(157)	(78)
Total operating expenses, net	68,115	40,045
Operating income (loss)	(11,435)	(5,545)
Interest income	624	793
Interest expense	(5,246)	(4,135)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(16,057)	(8,887)
Income tax expense (benefit)	(230)	(10,527)
Net income (loss)	\$ (15,827)	\$ 1,640
Income (loss) per common share:		
Basic	\$ (0.34)	\$ 0.04
Diluted	\$ (0.34)	\$ 0.04
Weighted average number of shares:		
Basic	46,963	39,619
Diluted	46,963	40,140

See accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

**Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)**

(in thousands)  
(unaudited)

	<b>Three months ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
Net income (loss)	\$ (15,827)	\$ 1,640
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:		
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities	(8)	(114)
Foreign currency translation	32	15
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	24	(99)
<b>Total comprehensive income (loss)</b>	<b>\$ (15,803)</b>	<b>\$ 1,541</b>

See accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

**Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(in thousands)  
(unaudited)

	<b>Three months ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ (15,827)	\$ 1,640
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	17,726	5,799
Non-cash interest expense	2,859	2,185
Deferred income taxes	(269)	(6,246)
Share-based compensation expense	4,537	4,186
Asset impairment		463
Provision for bad debts		92
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable and contract assets	(11,177)	5,871
Inventories and deferred cost of sales	4,555	13,603
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,824	(3,743)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,009	613
Customer deposits and deferred revenue	(17,559)	(13,727)
Income taxes receivable and payable, net	(2,283)	130
Long-term income tax liability		(4,877)
Other, net	(202)	343
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(11,807)	6,332
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>		
Capital expenditures	(2,259)	(4,187)
Proceeds from the sale of investments	34,000	27,411
Payments for purchases of investments	(54,300)	(219,141)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(22,559)	(195,917)
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>		
Cash withholdings for employee stock purchase plans	1,136	585
Restricted stock tax withholdings	(427)	(461)
Purchases of common stock	(592)	
Proceeds from long-term debt borrowings		335,752
Principal payments on long-term debt		(89)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	117	335,787
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	32	15
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	(34,217)	146,217
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash - beginning of period	280,583	277,444
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash - end of period	\$ 246,366	\$ 423,661
<b>Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information</b>		
Interest paid	\$ 4,674	\$ 31
Income taxes paid	2,373	672
<b>Non-cash operating and financing activities</b>		
Net transfer of property, plant, and equipment to (from) inventory	339	(81)

See accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

**Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued**

**(unaudited)**

**Note 1 - Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements of Veeco have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP as defined in Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) Accounting Standards Codification 270 for interim financial information and with the instructions to Rule 10-01 of Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements as the interim information is an update of the information that was presented in Veeco s most recent annual financial statements. For further information, refer to Veeco s Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 ( 2017 Form 10-K ). In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. All such adjustments are of a normal, recurring nature.

Veeco reports interim quarters on a 13-week basis ending on the last Sunday of each quarter. The fourth quarter always ends on the last day of the calendar year, December 31. The 2018 interim quarters end on April 1, July 1, and September 30, and the 2017 interim quarters ended on April 2, July 2, and October 1. These interim quarters are reported as March 31, June 30, and September 30 in Veeco s interim consolidated financial statements.

*Change in Accounting Policy*

The Company adopted ASC Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ( ASC 606 ), as of January 1, 2018, using the full retrospective method. All amounts and disclosures set forth in this Form 10-Q reflect these changes. The most significant financial statement impacts of adopting ASC 606 are the elimination of the constraint on revenue associated with the billing retention related to the receipt of customer final acceptance and the identification of installation services as a performance obligation. The elimination of the constraint on revenue related to customer final acceptance, which is usually about 10 percent of a system sale, is now generally recognized at the time the Company transfers control of the system to the customer, which is earlier than under the Company s previous revenue recognition model for certain contracts that were subject to the billing constraint. The new performance obligation related to installation services is now recognized as the installation services are performed, which is later than the Company s previous revenue recognition model.

The Company applied ASC 606 retrospectively and elected to use the disclosure exemption in the transition guidance under which the Company does not disclose prior period information regarding the amount of the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations. The cumulative effect of the adoption was recognized as a decrease to Accumulated deficit of \$6.9 million on January 1, 2016. The following tables summarize the impact of adoption on the Company s previously reported financial position and results:

	<b>December 31, 2017</b>	
<b>As reported</b>	<b>Adjustments</b>	<b>As adjusted</b>



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(in thousands)

**Balance Sheet**

Contract assets	\$		\$	160	\$	160
Deferred cost of sales		16,060		(66)		15,994
Deferred taxes		2,953		94		3,047
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		60,339		(2,271)		58,068
Customer deposits and deferred revenue		108,953		3,079		112,032
Additional paid-in capital		1,053,079		(1,126)		1,051,953
Accumulated deficit		(213,376)		506		(212,870)

Table of Contents

## Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

(unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31, 2017		
	As reported	Adjustments	As adjusted
(in thousands, except per share amounts)			
<b>Statement of Operations</b>			
Net sales	\$ 94,386	\$ 113	\$ 94,499
Cost of sales	60,186	(187)	59,999
Income tax expense (benefit)	(10,282)	(245)	(10,527)
Net income (loss)	1,095	545	1,640
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	0.03	0.01	0.04

The Company's adoption of the standard had no impact to cash provided by or used in operating, investing, or financing activities on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

*Revenue Recognition*

Revenue is recognized upon the transfer of control of the promised product or service to the customer in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for such product or service. The Company's contracts with customers generally do not contain variable consideration. In the rare instances where variable consideration is included, the Company estimates the amount of variable consideration and determines what portion of that, if any, has a high probability of significant subsequent revenue reversal, and if so, that amount is excluded from the transaction price. The Company's contracts with customers frequently contain multiple deliverables, such as systems, upgrades, components, spare parts, installation, maintenance, and service plans. Judgment is required to properly identify the performance obligations within a contract and to determine how the revenue should be allocated among the performance obligations. The Company also evaluates whether multiple transactions with the same customer or related parties should be considered part of a single contract based on an assessment of whether the contracts or agreements are negotiated or executed within a short time frame of each other or if there are indicators that the contracts are negotiated in contemplation of one another.

When there are separate units of accounting, the Company allocates revenue to each performance obligation on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. The stand-alone selling prices are determined based on the prices at which the Company separately sells the systems, upgrades, components, spare parts, installation, maintenance, and service plans. For items that are not sold separately, the Company estimates stand-alone selling prices generally using an expected cost plus margin approach. The maximum revenue recognized at a given point on a contract is limited to the amount for which it is probable that a significant reversal will not occur in the future.

Most of the Company's revenue is recognized at a point in time when the performance obligation is satisfied. The Company considers many facts when evaluating each of its sales arrangements to determine the timing of revenue recognition, including its contractual obligations and the

nature of the customer's post-delivery acceptance provisions. The Company's system sales arrangements, including certain upgrades, generally include field acceptance provisions that may include functional or mechanical test procedures. For many of these arrangements, a customer source inspection of the system is performed in the Company's facility or test data is sent to the customer documenting that the system is functioning to the agreed upon specifications prior to delivery. Historically, such source inspection or test data replicates the field acceptance provisions that are performed at the customer's site prior to final acceptance of the system. When the Company objectively demonstrates that the criteria specified in the contractual acceptance provisions are achieved prior to delivery, transfer of control of the product to the customer is considered to have occurred and revenue is recognized upon system delivery since there is no substantive contingency remaining related to the acceptance provisions at that date. For new products, new applications of existing products, or for products with substantive customer acceptance provisions where the Company cannot objectively demonstrate that the criteria specified in the contractual acceptance provisions have been achieved prior to delivery, and the Company does not have a history of meeting the criteria, revenue and the associated costs are deferred and fully recognized upon obtaining objective evidence that the acceptance provisions have been achieved and thus transferring control of the product to the customer, assuming all other revenue recognition criteria have been met.

Table of Contents

**Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued**

**(unaudited)**

In certain cases the Company's contracts with customers contain a billing retention, typically 10% of the sales price, which is billed by the Company and payable by the customer when field acceptance provisions are completed. Revenue recognized in advance of the amount that has been billed is recorded as a contract asset on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Company recognizes revenue related to maintenance and service contracts over time based upon the respective contract term. Installation revenue is recognized over time as the installation services are performed. The Company recognizes revenue from the sales of components, spare parts, and specified service engagements at a point in time, which is typically consistent with the time of delivery in accordance with the terms of the applicable sales arrangement.

The Company may receive customer deposits on system transactions. The timing of the transfer of goods or services related to the deposits is either at the discretion of the customer or expected to be within one year from the deposit receipt. As such, the Company does not adjust transaction prices for the time value of money. Incremental direct costs incurred related to the acquisition of a customer contract, such as sales commissions, are expensed as incurred since the expected amortization period is one year or less.

The Company has elected to treat shipping and handling costs as a fulfillment activity and therefore such costs are included in cost of services upon shipment of products. Taxes assessed by governmental authorities that are collected by the Company from a customer are excluded from revenue.

*Income Taxes*

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. government enacted comprehensive tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ( 2017 Tax Act ), which makes broad and complex changes to the U.S. tax code. Certain income tax effects of the 2017 Tax Act are reflected in the Company's financial results in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118 ( SAB 118 ), which provides SEC staff guidance regarding the application of ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes* ( ASC 740 ). Refer to Note 10, *Income Taxes*, for further information on the financial statement impact of the 2017 Tax Act.

Because of the complexity of the new global intangible low-taxed income ( GILTI ) rule, the Company is continuing to evaluate this provision of the 2017 Tax Act and the application of ASC 740. Under U.S. GAAP, the Company is allowed to make an accounting policy choice of either (1) treating taxes due on future U.S. inclusions in taxable income related to GILTI as a current-period expense when incurred ( period cost method ) or (2) factoring such amounts into a company's measurement of its deferred taxes ( deferred method ). The Company's selection of an accounting policy with respect to the new GILTI tax rules will depend, in part, on analyzing its global income to determine whether it expects to have future U.S. inclusions in taxable income related to GILTI, and if so, what the impact will be. This assessment depends not only on the Company's current structure and estimated future results of global operations, but also on its intent and ability to modify its structure and/or

business. The Company is not yet able to reasonably estimate the effect of this provision of the 2017 Tax Act; therefore, the Company has not made any deferred tax adjustments related to potential GILTI tax in its consolidated financial statements and has not made a policy election decision regarding whether to record deferred taxes on GILTI.

*Recent Accounting Pronouncements*

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02: *Leases*, which generally requires operating lessee rights and obligations to be recognized as assets and liabilities on the Balance Sheet. In addition, interest on lease liabilities is to be recognized separately from the amortization of right-of-use assets in the Statement of Operations. Further, payments of the principal portion of lease liabilities are to be classified as financing activities while payments of interest on lease liabilities and variable lease payments are to be classified as operating activities in the Statement of Cash Flows. When the standard is adopted, the Company will be required to recognize and measure leases at the beginning of the earliest period presented using a modified retrospective approach. ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, with early application permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact of adopting the ASU on the

Table of Contents

**Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued**

**(unaudited)**

consolidated financial statements.

The Company is also evaluating other pronouncements recently issued but not yet adopted. The adoption of these pronouncements is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

*Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements*

The Company adopted ASU 2016-01, *Financial Instruments - Overall*, as of January 1, 2018. This ASU requires certain equity investments to be measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized in net income. For equity investments without readily observable market prices, the Company measures these investments at cost adjusted for changes in observable prices minus impairment. Changes in measurement are included in "Other, net" in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. This ASU has not had a material impact on the consolidated financial statements upon adoption, and the Company will monitor its cost method investments each reporting period for changes in observable market prices, if any, which may be material in future periods.

The Company adopted ASU 2016-16, *Income Taxes: Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory*, as of January 1, 2018. This ASU requires the Company to recognize the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset, other than inventory, when the transfer occurs. This ASU has not had a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

The Company adopted ASU 2016-18, *Statement of Cash Flows: Restricted Cash*, as of January 1, 2018. This ASU requires the Company to include Restricted cash with Cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning and end of period total amounts shown on the Statement of Cash Flows. This ASU has not had a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

**Note 2 - Income (Loss) Per Common Share**

The Company considers unvested share-based awards that have non-forfeitable rights to dividends prior to vesting to be participating shares, which are treated as a separate class of security from the Company's common shares for calculating per share data. Therefore, the Company applies the two-class method when calculating income (loss) per share. The two-class method is an earnings allocation formula that determines earnings per share for each class of common stock and participating security according to dividends declared and participation rights in undistributed earnings. However, since the holders of the participating shares are not obligated to fund losses, participating shares are excluded from the calculation of loss per share.

The dilutive effect of the Convertible Senior Notes on income (loss) per share is calculated using the treasury stock method since the Company has both the current intent and ability to settle the principal amount of the Convertible Senior Notes in cash. See Note 5, Liabilities, for additional information on the Convertible Senior Notes.

Basic income (loss) per share is calculated by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period under the two-class method. Diluted income per share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares used to calculate basic income (loss) per share plus the weighted average number of common share equivalents outstanding during the period. The dilutive effect of outstanding options to purchase common stock and non-participating share-based awards is considered in diluted income per share by application of the treasury stock method. The dilutive effect of performance share units is included in diluted income per common share in the periods the performance targets have been achieved. The computations of basic and diluted income (loss) per share for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

Table of Contents**Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries****Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued****(unaudited)**

	<b>Three months ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
	<b>(in thousands, except per share amounts)</b>	
Net income (loss)	\$ (15,827)	\$ 1,640
Net income (loss) per common share:		
Basic	\$ (0.34)	\$ 0.04
Diluted	\$ (0.34)	\$ 0.04
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	46,963	39,619
Effect of potentially dilutive share-based awards		521
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	46,963	40,140
Unvested participating shares excluded from basic weighted average shares outstanding since the securityholders are not obligated to fund losses	59	N/A
Common share equivalents excluded from the diluted weighted average shares outstanding since Veeco incurred a net loss and their effect would be antidilutive	169	N/A
Potentially dilutive non-participating shares excluded from the diluted calculation as their effect would be antidilutive	2,092	1,499
Maximum potential shares to be issued for settlement of Convertible Senior Notes excluded from the diluted calculation as their effect would be antidilutive	8,618	8,618

**Note 3 Business Combinations***Ultratech*

On May 26, 2017, the Company completed its acquisition of Ultratech, Inc. ( Ultratech ). Ultratech develops, manufactures, sells, and supports lithography, laser annealing, and inspection equipment for manufacturers of semiconductor devices, including front-end semiconductor manufacturing and advanced packaging. Ultratech also develops, manufactures, sells, and supports ALD equipment for scientific and industrial applications. Ultratech's customers are primarily located throughout the United States, Europe, China, Japan, Taiwan, Singapore, and Korea. The results of Ultratech's operations have been included in the consolidated financial statements since the date of acquisition.



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Ultratech shareholders received (i) \$21.75 per share in cash and (ii) 0.2675 of a share of Veeco common stock for each Ultratech common share outstanding on the acquisition date. Approximately \$2.7 million of the cash merger consideration is included in Accrued expenses and other current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, related to shareholder appraisal proceedings.

The following table presents unaudited pro forma financial information as if the acquisition of Ultratech had occurred on January 1, 2016:

Table of Contents**Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries****Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued****(unaudited)**

	<b>Three months ended March 31, 2017</b>	
	<b>(in thousands, except per share amounts)</b>	
Net sales	\$	151,908
Loss before income taxes		(13,461)
Diluted earnings per share	\$	(0.07)

The pro-forma results were calculated by combining the unaudited results of the Company with the stand-alone unaudited results of Ultratech for the pre-acquisition period, and adjusting for the following:

- (i) Additional amortization expense related to identified intangible assets valued as part of the purchase price allocation that would have been incurred starting on January 1, 2016.
- (ii) Additional depreciation expense for the property, plant, and equipment fair value adjustments that would have been incurred starting on January 1, 2016.
- (iii) All acquisition related costs incurred by the Company as well as by Ultratech pre-acquisition have been removed from the year ended December 31, 2017 and included in the year ended December 31, 2016, as such expenses would have been incurred in the first quarter following the acquisition.
- (iv) All amortization of inventory step-up has been removed from the year ended December 31, 2017 and recorded in the year ended December 31, 2016, as such costs would have been incurred as the corresponding inventory was sold.
- (v) Additional interest expense related to the Convertible Senior Notes (see Note 5, *Liabilities*) as if they had been issued on January 1, 2016.
- (vi) Income tax expense (benefit) was adjusted for the impact of the above adjustments for each period.

(vii) All shares issued in connection with the acquisition were considered outstanding as of January 1, 2016 for purposes of calculating diluted earnings per share.

**Note 4 - Assets**

*Investments*

Short-term investments are generally classified as available-for-sale and reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses, net of tax, presented as a separate component of stockholders' equity under the caption "Accumulated other comprehensive income" in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. These securities may include U.S. treasuries, government agency securities, corporate debt, and commercial paper, all with maturities of greater than three months when purchased. All realized gains and losses and unrealized losses resulting from declines in fair value that are other than temporary are included in "Other, net" in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Fair value is the price that would be received for an asset or the amount paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Veeco classifies certain assets based on the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets that are unadjusted and accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or financial instruments for which significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly; and

Table of Contents

## Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

(unaudited)

Level 3: Prices or valuations that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Veeco has evaluated the estimated fair value of financial instruments using available market information and valuations as provided by third-party sources. The use of different market assumptions or estimation methodologies could have a significant effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

The following table presents the portion of Veeco's assets that were measured at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	(in thousands)			
<b>March 31, 2018</b>				
<b>Cash equivalents</b>				
U.S. treasuries	\$ 6,496	\$	\$	\$ 6,496
<b>Total</b>	\$ 6,496	\$	\$	\$ 6,496
<b>Short-term investments</b>				
U.S. treasuries	\$ 42,228	\$	\$	\$ 42,228
Corporate debt		10,522		10,522
Commercial paper		12,380		12,380
<b>Total</b>	\$ 42,228	\$ 22,902	\$	\$ 65,130
<b>December 31, 2017</b>				
<b>Cash equivalents</b>				
U.S. treasuries	\$ 12,490	\$	\$	\$ 12,490
<b>Total</b>	\$ 12,490	\$	\$	\$ 12,490
<b>Short-term investments</b>				
U.S. treasuries	\$ 33,895	\$	\$	\$ 33,895
Corporate debt		10,886		10,886
Commercial paper		2,999		2,999
<b>Total</b>	\$ 33,895	\$ 13,885	\$	\$ 47,780

There were no transfers between fair value measurement levels during the three months ended March 31, 2018.

At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale securities consist of:



Table of Contents

## Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

(unaudited)

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
	(in thousands)			
<b>March 31, 2018</b>				
U.S. treasuries	\$ 42,245	\$	\$ (17)	\$ 42,228
Corporate debt	10,540		(18)	10,522
Commercial paper	12,379	1		12,380
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 65,164</b>	<b>\$ 1</b>	<b>\$ (35)</b>	<b>\$ 65,130</b>
<b>December 31, 2017</b>				
U.S. treasuries	\$ 33,914	\$	\$ (19)	\$ 33,895
Corporate debt	10,894		(8)	10,886
Commercial paper	2,999			2,999
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 47,807</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ (27)</b>	<b>\$ 47,780</b>

Available-for-sale securities in a loss position at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 consist of:

	March 31, 2018		December 31, 2017	
	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses
	(in thousands)			
U.S. treasuries	\$ 37,275	\$ (17)	\$ 33,895	\$ (19)
Corporate debt	10,522	(18)	10,886	(8)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 47,797</b>	<b>\$ (35)</b>	<b>\$ 44,781</b>	<b>\$ (27)</b>

At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, there were no short-term investments that had been in a continuous loss position for more than 12 months.

The maturities of securities classified as available-for-sale at March 31, 2018 were all due in one year or less. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. There were no realized gains for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017.

*Accounts Receivable*

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Accounts receivable is presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$0.3 million at both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

*Inventories*

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, with cost determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 consist of the following:

Table of Contents

## Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

(unaudited)

	March 31, 2018		December 31, 2017
	(in thousands)		
Materials	\$ 70,621	\$	59,919
Work-in-process	35,211		37,222
Finished goods	25,132		23,125
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 130,964</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>120,266</b>

*Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets*

Prepaid expenses and other current assets primarily consist of supplier deposits, prepaid value-added tax, lease deposits, prepaid insurance, and prepaid licenses. Veeco had deposits with its suppliers of \$11.5 million and \$7.6 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

*Property, Plant, and Equipment*

Property, plant, and equipment at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 consist of the following:

	March 31, 2018		December 31, 2017
	(in thousands)		
Land	\$ 5,669	\$	5,669
Building and improvements	59,972		54,449
Machinery and equipment(1)	118,360		126,829
Leasehold improvements	9,523		10,073
Gross property, plant, and equipment	193,524		197,020
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	110,424		111,962
<b>Net property, plant, and equipment</b>	<b>\$ 83,100</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>85,058</b>

(1) Machinery and equipment also includes software, furniture and fixtures

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, depreciation expense was \$4.2 million and \$2.9 million, respectively.



*Goodwill*

Goodwill represents the future economic benefits arising from assets acquired in a business combination that are not individually identified and separately recognized. There were no changes to goodwill during the three months ended March 31, 2018.

*Intangible Assets*

Intangible assets consist of purchased technology, customer relationships, patents, trademarks and tradenames, and backlog and are initially recorded at fair value. Long-lived intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives in a method reflecting the pattern in which the economic benefits are consumed or amortized on a straight-line basis if such pattern cannot be reliably determined.

The components of purchased intangible assets were as follows:

Table of Contents

## Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

(unaudited)

	March 31, 2018			December 31, 2017		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization and Impairment	Net Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization and Impairment	Net Amount
	(in thousands)					
Technology	\$ 307,588	\$ 142,209	\$ 165,379	\$ 307,588	\$ 133,121	\$ 174,467
Customer relationships	164,595	42,703	121,892	164,595	39,336	125,259
In-process R&D	43,340		43,340	43,340		43,340
Trademarks and tradenames	30,910	5,370	25,540	30,910	4,321	26,589
Other	3,686	3,526	160	3,686	3,498	188
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 550,119</b>	<b>\$ 193,808</b>	<b>\$ 356,311</b>	<b>\$ 550,119</b>	<b>\$ 180,276</b>	<b>\$ 369,843</b>

Other intangible assets primarily consist of patents, licenses, and backlog.

*Other Assets*

Veeco has an ownership interest of less than 20% in a non-marketable investment, Kateeva, Inc. ( Kateeva ), over which Veeco does not exert significant influence. The carrying value of the investment was \$21.0 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017. Additionally, during the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company made a separate non-marketable investment of \$3.5 million. The Company does not exert significant influence over this investment, and its ownership interest is less than 20%. Neither equity investment has a readily observable market price, and therefore the Company has elected to measure these investments at cost, adjusted for changes in observable market prices minus impairment. The investments are included in Other assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. There were no changes in observable market prices for either investment for the three months ended March 31, 2018. These investments are subject to periodic impairment reviews; as there are no open-market valuations, the impairment analyses require judgment. The analyses include assessments of the companies' financial condition, the business outlooks for their products and technologies, their projected results and cash flow, business valuation indications from recent rounds of financing, the likelihood of obtaining subsequent rounds of financing, and the impact of equity preferences held by Veeco relative to other investors.

**Note 5 - Liabilities***Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities*

The components of accrued expenses and other current liabilities at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 consist of:

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(in thousands)	
Payroll and related benefits	\$ 30,890	\$ 32,996
Warranty	6,455	6,532
Interest	2,148	4,430
Professional fees	3,654	3,942
Merger consideration payable	2,662	2,662
Sales, use, and other taxes	1,493	2,144
Restructuring liability	1,390	1,520
Other	5,605	3,842
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 54,297</b>	<b>\$ 58,068</b>

Table of Contents

## Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

(unaudited)

Other liabilities include accruals for costs related to customer training, royalties, and travel.

*Warranty*

Warranties are typically valid for one year from the date of system final acceptance, and Veeco estimates the costs that may be incurred under the warranty. Estimated warranty costs are determined by analyzing specific product and historical configuration statistics and regional warranty support costs and are affected by product failure rates, material usage, and labor costs incurred in correcting product failures during the warranty period. Unforeseen component failures or exceptional component performance can also result in changes to warranty costs. Changes in product warranty reserves for the three months ended March 31, 2018 include:

	(in thousands)	
<b>Balance - December 31, 2017</b>	\$	6,532
Warranties issued		1,647
Consumption of reserves		(1,908)
Changes in estimate		184
<b>Balance - March 31, 2018</b>	\$	6,455

*Restructuring Accruals*

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, additional accruals were recognized and payments made related to previous years' restructuring initiatives. During 2017, the Company substantially completed restructuring activities as part of its initiative to streamline operations, enhance efficiencies, and reduce costs, as well as reducing future investments in certain technology development. In addition, during 2017, the Company began the Ultratech acquisition integration process to enhance efficiencies, resulting in employee terminations and other facility costs.

	Personnel Severance and Related Costs		Facility Related Costs (in thousands)		Total
<b>Balance - December 31, 2017</b>	\$	1,520	\$		\$ 1,520
Provision		655		1,868	2,523
Payments		(785)		(1,868)	(2,653)
<b>Balance - March 31, 2018</b>	\$	1,390	\$		\$ 1,390

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Included within restructuring expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2018 is approximately \$0.2 million of non-cash charges related to accelerated share-based compensation for employee terminations.

### *Customer Deposits and Deferred Revenue*

Customer deposits totaled \$45.7 million and \$41.5 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. Deferred revenue represents amounts billed, other than deposits, in excess of the revenue that can be recognized on a particular contract at the balance sheet date. Changes in deferred revenue were as follows:

Table of Contents

## Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

(unaudited)

	(in thousands)	
<b>Balance - December 31, 2017</b>	\$	70,536
Deferral of revenue		5,360
Recognition of unearned revenue		(27,100)
<b>Balance - March 31, 2018</b>	\$	48,796

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has approximately \$133.2 million of remaining performance obligations on contracts with an original estimated duration of one year or more, of which approximately 76% is expected to be recognized within one year, with the remaining amounts expected to be recognized between one to three years. The Company has elected to exclude disclosures regarding remaining performance obligations that have an original expected duration of one year or less.

*Convertible Senior Notes*

On January 10, 2017, the Company issued \$345.0 million of 2.70% convertible senior unsecured notes (the "Convertible Senior Notes"). The Company received net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts and fees and expenses payable by the Company, of approximately \$335.8 million. The Convertible Senior Notes bear interest at a rate of 2.70% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on January 15 and July 15 of each year, commencing on July 15, 2017. The Convertible Senior Notes mature on January 15, 2023 (the "Maturity Date"), unless earlier purchased by the Company, redeemed, or converted.

The carrying value of the Convertible Senior Notes is as follows:

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(in thousands)	
Principal amount	\$ 345,000	\$ 345,000
Unamortized debt discount	(60,424)	(63,022)
Unamortized transaction costs	(6,087)	(6,348)
<b>Net carrying value</b>	\$ 278,489	\$ 275,630

Total interest expense related to the Convertible Senior Notes is as follows:

Three months ended March 31,	Three months ended March 31,
---------------------------------	---------------------------------

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	2018	(in thousands)	2017
<b>Cash Interest Expense</b>			
Coupon interest expense	\$	2,329	\$ 1,915
<b>Non-Cash Interest Expense</b>			
Amortization of debt discount		2,598	1,985
Amortization of transaction costs		261	200
<b>Total Interest Expense</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>5,188</b>	<b>\$ 4,100</b>

The Company determined the Convertible Senior Notes is a Level 2 liability in the fair value hierarchy and estimated its fair value as \$314.1 million at March 31, 2018.

*Other Liabilities*

The Company maintains an executive non-qualified deferred compensation plan that was assumed from Ultratech that allows qualifying executives to defer cash compensation. At both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, plan assets approximated \$3.4 million representing the cash surrender value of life insurance policies and is included within *Other assets* in the Consolidated Balance Sheets, while plan liabilities approximated \$4.5 million and \$4.7 million, respectively, and is included within *Other liabilities* in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Other liabilities also included

Table of Contents

**Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued**

**(unaudited)**

asset retirement obligations at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 of \$3.3 million, medical and dental benefits of \$2.1 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, and acquisition related accruals of \$0.2 million, and \$0.4 million, respectively.

**Note 6 - Commitments and Contingencies**

*Minimum Lease Commitments*

At March 31, 2018, the Company's total future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases have not changed significantly from the disclosure in the 2017 Form 10-K.

*Purchase Commitments*

Veeco has purchase commitments of \$160.4 million at March 31, 2018, substantially all of which become due within one year.

*Bank Guarantees*

Veeco has bank guarantees and letters of credit issued by a financial institution on its behalf as needed. At March 31, 2018, outstanding bank guarantees and letters of credit totaled \$7.2 million, and unused bank guarantees and letters of credit of \$66.3 million were available to be drawn upon.

*Legal Proceedings*

On September 21, 2017, Blueblade Capital Opportunities LLC et al., on behalf of purported beneficial owners of 440,100 shares of Ultratech common stock, filed an action against Ultratech in Delaware Court of Chancery requesting an appraisal of the value of their Ultratech stock pursuant to 8 Del. C. §262. The Company believes that the merger price, which was the product of arms-length negotiations, was fair and



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reasonable, and intends to contest the appraisal claim. Discovery in the matter has commenced and a trial on the action is scheduled to begin in December 2018.

On April 12, 2017, the Company filed a patent infringement complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York against SGL Carbon, LLC and SGL Carbon SE (collectively, "SGL"), alleging infringement of patents relating to wafer carrier technology used in MOCVD equipment. The complaint alleges that SGL infringes Veeco's patents by making and selling certain wafer carriers to Veeco's competitor, Advanced Micro-Fabrication Equipment, Inc. ("AMEC"). On November 2, 2017, the U.S. District Court granted the Company's motion for a preliminary injunction prohibiting SGL from shipping wafer carriers using the Company's patented technology without the Company's express authorization.

On July 13, 2017, AMEC filed a patent infringement complaint against Veeco Instruments Shanghai Co., Ltd. ("Veeco Shanghai") with the Fujian High Court in China, alleging that the Company's MOCVD products infringed a Chinese utility model patent relating to the synchronous movement engagement mechanism in a chemical vapor deposition reactor and seeking injunctive relief and monetary damages against Veeco Shanghai. On December 7, 2017, without providing notice to Veeco and without hearing Veeco's position on alleged infringement, the Fujian High Court issued a preliminary injunction, applicable in China, that requires Veeco Shanghai to stop importing, making, selling, and offering to sell Veeco EPIK 700 model MOCVD systems and to stop importing, selling, and offering to sell wafer carriers used as supplies for the EPIK 700 MOCVD system.

On February 8, 2018, Veeco, AMEC, and SGL announced that they had mutually agreed to settle the pending litigation among the parties and to amicably resolve all pending disputes, including AMEC's lawsuit against Veeco before the Fujian High Court in China and Veeco's lawsuit against SGL before the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York. As part of the settlement, all legal actions worldwide (in court, patent offices, and otherwise), between Veeco, AMEC, and

Table of Contents**Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries****Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued****(unaudited)**

SGL, and their affiliates, were dismissed and/or otherwise withdrawn. As a result, all business processes, including sales, service, and importation, were resumed promptly following the settlement.

The Company is involved in various other legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. The Company does not believe that the ultimate resolution of these matters will have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

*Receivable Purchase Agreement*

In December 2017, the Company entered into a Receivable Purchase Agreement with a financial institution to sell certain of its trade receivables from customers without recourse, up to \$23.0 million at any point in time for a term of one year. There were no sales of accounts receivable under the agreement for the three months ended March 31, 2018, and as of March 31, 2018, the Company maintained \$23.0 million available under the agreement for additional sales of trade receivables.

**Note 7 Derivative Financial Instruments**

The Company is exposed to financial market risks arising from changes in currency exchange rates. Changes in currency exchange rates could affect the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities and forecasted cash flows. The Company entered into monthly forward derivative contracts with the intent of mitigating a portion of this risk. The Company only used derivative financial instruments in the context of hedging and not for speculative purposes and had not designated its foreign exchange derivatives as hedges. Accordingly, changes in fair value from these contracts were recorded as Other, net in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company executed derivative transactions with highly rated financial institutions to mitigate counterparty risk.

A summary of the foreign exchange derivatives outstanding on March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Fair Value	March 31, 2018 Maturity Dates	Notional Amounts	Fair Value	December 31, 2017 Maturity Dates	Notional Amounts
(in thousands)						
Foreign currency exchange forwards	\$	April 2018	\$ 5,062	\$	January 2018	\$ 622

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The following table shows the gains and (losses) from currency exchange derivatives during the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, which are included in "Other, net" in the Consolidated Statements of Operations, as well as the weighted average notional amount of derivatives outstanding for each period:

	Three months ended March 31, 2018		Three months ended March 31, 2017	
	Gains (losses)	Weighted average notional amount	Gains (losses)	Weighted average notional amount
	(in thousands)			
Foreign currency exchange forwards	\$ 17	\$ 930	\$	\$

**Note 8 - Equity**

*Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ( AOCI )*

The following table presents the changes in the balances of each component of AOCI, net of tax:

Table of Contents

## Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

(unaudited)

	Foreign Currency Translation	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available for Sale Securities (in thousands)	Total
<b>Balance - December 31, 2017</b>	\$ 1,839	\$ (27)	\$ 1,812
Other comprehensive income (loss)	32	(8)	24
<b>Balance - March 31, 2018</b>	\$ 1,871	\$ (35)	\$ 1,836

There were minimal reclassifications from AOCI into net income for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

**Note 9 - Share-based compensation**

Restricted share awards are issued to employees that are subject to specified restrictions and a risk of forfeiture. The restrictions typically lapse over one to five years and may entitle holders to dividends and voting rights. Other types of share-based compensation include performance share awards, performance share units, and restricted share units (collectively with restricted share awards, restricted shares), as well as options to purchase common stock.

Share-based compensation expense was recognized in the following line items in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
	(in thousands)	
Cost of sales	\$ 554	\$ 657
Research and development	954	429
Selling, general, and administrative	2,857	3,100
Restructuring	172	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 4,537</b>	<b>\$ 4,186</b>

For the three months ended March 31, 2018, equity activity related to stock options was as follows:

Weighted

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	Number of Shares (in thousands)	Average Exercise Price
<b>Balance - December 31, 2017</b>	1,394	\$ 34.97
Expired or forfeited	(53)	35.45
<b>Balance - March 31, 2018</b>	1,341	\$ 34.95

For the three months ended March 31, 2018, equity activity related to non-vested restricted shares and performance shares was as follows:

Table of Contents**Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries****Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued****(unaudited)**

	<b>Number of Shares (in thousands)</b>	<b>Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value</b>
<b>Balance - December 31, 2017</b>	1,880	\$ 25.41
Granted	759	19.69
Performance award adjustments	(5)	32.67
Vested	(44)	28.46
Forfeited	(55)	25.87
<b>Balance - March 31, 2018</b>	2,535	\$ 23.62

**Note 10 - Income Taxes**

Income taxes are estimated for each of the jurisdictions in which the Company operates. Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes, as well as the tax effect of carryforwards. Realization of net deferred tax assets is dependent on future taxable income. At March 31, 2018, the Company's U.S. deferred tax assets are fully offset by a valuation allowance since the Company cannot conclude that it is more likely than not that these future benefits will be realized.

At the end of each interim reporting period, the effective tax rate is aligned with expectations for the full year. This estimate is used to determine the income tax provision on a year-to-date basis and may change in subsequent interim periods. If necessary, the year-to-date tax benefit for interim period losses is limited to the amount that could be recognizable at the end of the fiscal year.

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. government enacted comprehensive tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act. The 2017 Tax Act makes broad and complex changes to the U.S. tax code that affects the Company's 2018 financial results, including, but not limited to, a reduction in the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent; current U.S. taxation of global intangible low-taxed income (GILTI) of non-U.S. operations; additional limitations on the deductibility of executive compensation; and limitations on the deductibility of interest.

The Company recognized the income tax effects of the 2017 Tax Act in its 2017 financial statements in accordance with SAB 118, which provides SEC staff guidance for the application of ASC 740 in the reporting period in which the 2017 Tax Act was signed into law. As such, the Company's 2017 financial results reflect the income tax effects of the 2017 Tax Act, including provisional amounts for specific income tax effects of the 2017 Tax Act for which the accounting under ASC 740 is incomplete but for which a reasonable estimate could be determined. The Company is still in the process of evaluating the impacts of the 2017 Tax Act and considers the amounts previously recorded to be provisional, except for the impact of the change in tax rate on the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2017, for which the accounting is complete. The Company has not adjusted these estimates during the three months ended March 31, 2018 and will

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complete its analysis and finalize the amounts within the measurement period as provided by SAB 118.

Loss before income taxes and income tax benefit for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 were as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Loss before income taxes	\$ (16,057)	\$ (8,887)
Income tax benefit	\$ (230)	\$ (10,527)

Table of Contents

**Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued**

**(unaudited)**

The Company's tax benefit for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was \$0.2 million compared to \$10.5 million for the comparable prior period. The 2018 tax benefit included a \$0.1 million tax expense relating to the Company's domestic operations and a \$0.3 million tax benefit relating to the Company's non-U.S. operations, compared to 2017 when its benefit included \$4.3 million related to domestic operations and \$6.2 million related to non-U.S. operations. The current period domestic tax expense is primarily attributable to the tax amortization of indefinite-lived intangible assets that is not available to offset U.S. deferred tax assets. The current period non-U.S. tax benefit is primarily attributable to the amortization of intangible assets, offset by tax expense on non-U.S. operation profits incurred during the period, as well as foreign withholding taxes on unremitted earnings as of March 31, 2018. The domestic tax benefit for the comparable period is primarily attributable to an income tax benefit for losses incurred during such period, as the deferred tax liability created by the issuance of the Convertible Senior Notes is treated as a source of income in fiscal 2017, offset by a deferred provision related to tax amortization on indefinite-lived intangible assets. The comparable period non-U.S. tax benefit is primarily attributable to the reversal of an uncertain tax position that was determined to be realizable in 2017.

**Note 11 - Segment Reporting and Geographic Information**

Veeco operates and measures its results in one operating segment and therefore has one reportable segment: the design, development, manufacture, and support of thin film process equipment primarily sold to make electronic devices.

Veeco categorizes its sales into the following four end-markets:

*Advanced Packaging, MEMS & RF Filters*

Advanced Packaging includes a portfolio of wafer-level assembly technologies that enable the miniaturization and performance improvement of electronic products, such as smartphones, smartwatches, tablets, and laptops. Micro-Electro Mechanical Systems ( MEMS ) includes tiny mechanical devices such as sensors, switches, mirrors, and actuators embedded in semiconductor chips used in vehicles, smartphones, tablets, and games. RF Filters refers to RF filters used in smartphones, tablets, and mobile devices.

*LED Lighting, Display & Compound Semiconductor*

LED Lighting refers to Light Emitting Diode ( LED ) and semiconductor illumination sources used in various applications including, but not limited to, displays such as backlights, general lighting, automotive running lights, and headlamps. Display refers to LEDs used for displays and



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Organic Light Emitting Diode ( OLED ) displays found in outdoor display/signage applications, TVs, smartphones, wearable devices, and tablets. Compound Semiconductor includes Photonics, Power Electronics, and Radio Frequency ( RF ) Devices. Photonics refers to laser diodes, Vertical Cavity Surface Emitting Lasers ( VCSEL ) in 3D sensing and communications, and various other optical devices. Power Electronics refers to semiconductor devices such as rectifiers, inverters, and converters for the control and conversion of electric power. RF devices refers to radio frequency emitting and receiving devices that enable wireless communications. Such devices include power amplifiers, switches, and transceivers for applications such as mobile (including handsets and base stations), defense, automobile, and the Internet of Things.

### *Front-End Semiconductor*

Front-End Semiconductor refers to the early steps in the process of integrated circuit fabrication where the microchips are created but still remain on the silicon wafer. This category includes Laser Spike Anneal, Ion Beam etch for front-end semiconductor applications, and Ion Beam deposition for EUV mask blanks.

### *Scientific & Industrial*

Scientific refers to advanced materials research at university research institutions, industry research institutions, industry consortiums, and government research agencies. Industrial refers to large-scale product manufacturing applications

Table of Contents

## Veeco Instruments Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

(unaudited)

including data storage and optical coatings: thin layers of material deposited on a lens or mirror that alters how light reflects and transmits.

Sales by end-market and geographic region for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 were as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
	(in thousands)	
<b>Sales by end-market</b>		
Advanced Packaging, MEMS & RF Filters	\$ 27,153	\$ 10,912
LED Lighting, Display & Compound Semiconductor	89,916	55,148
Front-End Semiconductor	9,457	1,158
Scientific & Industrial	32,048	27,281
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 158,574</b>	<b>\$ 94,499</b>
<b>Sales by geographic region</b>		
United States	\$ 23,754	\$ 17,046
China	75,395	40,521
EMEA(1)	15,745	22,440
Rest of World	43,680	14,492
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 158,574</b>	<b>\$ 94,499</b>

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(1) EMEA consists of Europe, the Middle East, and Africa

For geographic reporting, sales are attributed to the location in which the customer facility is located.

Table of Contents

**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

**Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Statements**

Our discussion below constitutes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. When used in this Report, the words believes, anticipates, expects, estimates, targets, plans, intends, will, and similar expressions related to the future are intended to identify forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from projected results. You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the dates they are made.

**Executive Summary**

We are a technology company that develops, manufactures, sells, and supports semiconductor/compound semiconductor process equipment aligned to meet the demands of key global trends such as enhanced mobility, increased connectivity, and energy efficiency. Our primary technologies include metal organic chemical vapor deposition ( MOCVD ), advanced packaging lithography, wet etch and clean, laser annealing, ion beam deposition and etch, molecular beam epitaxy, 3D wafer inspection, and atomic layer deposition. These technologies play an integral role in producing LEDs for solid-state lighting and displays and in the fabrication and packaging of advanced semiconductor devices. With equipment designed to optimize performance, yield, and cost of ownership, we hold technology leadership positions in many of these served markets.

We categorize our revenue by the key markets into which we sell. Our four key markets are: Advanced Packaging, MEMS & RF Filters; LED Lighting, Display & Compound Semiconductor; Front-End Semiconductor; and Scientific & Industrial.

Sales in the Advanced Packaging, MEMS & RF Filters market were driven by shipments of lithography systems to Outsourced Semiconductor Assembly & Test companies ( OSATs ) in support of advanced packaging processes such as Fan-Out Wafer Level Packaging ( FOWLP ), Copper Pillar, and Chip on Wafer on Substrate ( CoWoS ). Additionally, we continue to ship Wet Etch and Clean systems to foundry customers in support of advanced packaging and MEMS applications. We anticipate OSATs will continue to add capacity in the future driven by broader technology trends such as artificial intelligence ( AI ), mobile connectivity, autonomous vehicles, big data processing, and 5G infrastructure deployment.

Sales in the LED Lighting, Display & Compound Semiconductor market were driven by the shipment of MOCVD systems into China for general lighting. We also sell MOCVD systems for other applications, including Photonics and RF device applications. We expect growth in this market to be driven by fine-pitch digital signage, automotive lighting, 3D sensing Vertical Cavity Surface Emitting Lasers ( VCSELs ) and laser diodes, 5G RF devices, and power electronics, and have focused our R&D efforts accordingly, where our technology differentiation can provide a significant advantage for our customers. Our broad portfolio of MOCVD and Wet Etch and Clean technologies has been developed to support these applications. We expect margins in the second half of 2018 to be higher than the first half as a result of a shift in our product mix in the LED market.

We continue to build momentum in the Front-End Semiconductor market with sales and orders for our 3D inspection systems and Ion Beam Etch systems for Spin Torque Transfer Magnetic Random Access Memory ( STT-MRAM ). We have received follow-on orders for our 3D inspection system in a 3D NAND application and are in various stages of evaluation with several other NAND, DRAM, and Logic customers. We have partnered with a large semiconductor capital equipment manufacturer to bring our STT-MRAM solution to market to initially enable applications where non-volatility and low power consumption are required, such as Internet of Things ( IoT ).

Sales in the Scientific & Industrial market were supported by shipments of Ion Beam deposition systems for optical coatings and data storage applications, as well as MBE shipments to universities and government laboratories. While equipment demand from each individual market may fluctuate quarter to quarter, the diverse customer base has historically provided a relatively stable revenue stream for the Company.

Table of Contents**Results of Operations****For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017**

The following table presents revenue and expense line items reported in our Consolidated Statements of Operations for 2018 and 2017 and the period-over-period dollar and percentage changes for those line items. Our results of operations are reported as one business segment, represented by our single operating segment.

	Three months ended March 31,				Change				
	2018		2017		Period to Period				
	(dollars in thousands)								
Net sales	\$	158,574	100%	\$	94,499	100%	\$	64,075	68%
Cost of sales		101,894	64%		59,999	63%		41,895	70%
Gross profit		56,680	36%		34,500	37%		22,180	64%
Operating expenses, net:									
Research and development		24,320	15%		14,989	16%		9,331	62%
Selling, general, and administrative		26,383	17%		19,105	20%		7,278	38%
Amortization of intangible assets		13,532	9%		2,867	3%		10,665	372%
Restructuring		2,695	2%		1,338	1%		1,357	101%
Acquisition costs		1,342	1%		1,361	1%		(19)	(1)%
Asset impairment					463			(463)	*
Other, net		(157)			(78)			(79)	*
Total operating expenses, net		68,115	43%		40,045	42%		28,070	70%
Operating income (loss)		(11,435)	(7)%		(5,545)	(6)%		(5,890)	*
Interest income (expense), net		(4,622)	(3)%		(3,342)	(4)%		(1,280)	*
Income (loss) before income taxes		(16,057)	(10)%		(8,887)	(9)%		(7,170)	*
Income tax expense (benefit)		(230)			(10,527)	(11)%		10,297	*
Net income (loss)	\$	(15,827)	(10)%	\$	1,640	2%	\$	(17,467)	*

\* Not meaningful

Table of Contents*Net Sales*

The following is an analysis of sales by market and by region:

	Three months ended March 31,				Change				
	2018		2017		Period to Period				
	(dollars in thousands)								
<b>Sales by market</b>									
Advanced Packaging, MEMS & RF Filters	\$	27,153	17%	\$	10,912	12%	\$	16,241	149%
LED Lighting, Display & Compound Semiconductor		89,916	57%		55,148	58%		34,768	63%
Front-End Semiconductor		9,457	6%		1,158	1%		8,299	717%
Scientific & Industrial		32,048	20%		27,281	29%		4,767	17%
<b>Total</b>	\$	158,574	100%	\$	94,499	100%	\$	64,075	68%
<b>Sales by geographic region</b>									
United States	\$	23,754	15%	\$	17,046	18%	\$	6,708	39%
China		75,395	47%		40,521	43%		34,874	86%
EMEA		15,745	10%		22,440	24%		(6,695)	(30)%
Rest of World		43,680	28%		14,492	15%		29,188	201%
<b>Total</b>	\$	158,574	100%	\$	94,499	100%	\$	64,075	68%

Total sales increased across all market categories for the three months ended March 31, 2018 against the comparable prior year period, driven by increased sales to LED manufacturers, as well as additional sales from the Ultratech business acquired in May 2017, primarily in the Advanced Packaging, MEMS & RF Filters and Front-End Semiconductor markets. Pricing was not a significant driver of the change in total sales. By geography, sales increased in the China, Rest of World, and United States regions, offset by a decrease in the EMEA region. The most significant increases occurred in the China and Rest of World regions, which was largely attributable to the increased sales in the LED Lighting, Display & Compound Semiconductor market, as well as additional sales from the Ultratech business acquired. We expect there will continue to be year-to-year variations in our future sales distribution across markets and geographies.

Orders increased to \$154.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 from \$107.3 million for the comparable prior year period. The increase in orders was primarily attributable to an increase in orders in the Front-End Semiconductor and Advanced Packaging, MEMS, and RF Filters markets of \$30.9 million and \$17.1 million, respectively, including additional bookings from the Ultratech business.

One of the performance measures we use as a leading indicator of the business is the book-to-bill ratio. The ratio is defined as orders recorded in a given period divided by revenue recognized in the same period. A ratio greater than one indicates we are adding orders faster than we are recognizing revenue. For the three months ended March 31, 2018, the ratio was 1.0, compared to 1.1 for the comparable prior period. Our backlog at March 31, 2018 was \$331.1 million, compared to \$334.3 million at December 31, 2017. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we increased backlog by approximately \$2.9 million relating to the adoption of ASC Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, while adjusting for a decrease in backlog of approximately \$2.0 million relating to orders that no longer met our bookings criteria.

*Gross Profit*

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In the first quarter of 2018, gross profit increased compared to the first quarter of 2017 due to an increase in sales volume, including the acquisition of Ultratech, partially offset by decreased gross margins as a result of a shift in our product mix in the LED market. We expect gross margins in the second half of 2018 to be higher than the first half.

### *Research and Development*

The markets we serve are characterized by continuous technological development and product innovation, and we invest in various research and development initiatives to maintain our competitive advantage and achieve our growth objectives.

Table of Contents

Research and development expenses increased for the three months ended March 31, 2018 against the comparable prior period, primarily as a result of the addition of the acquired Ultratech research and development related projects, as well as increased consulting fees.

*Selling, General, and Administrative*

Selling, general, and administrative expenses increased primarily due to the addition of the acquired Ultratech related selling, general, and administrative costs, as well as increased professional and legal fees.

*Amortization Expense*

The increase in amortization expense is a result of the additional intangibles acquired as part of the acquisition of Ultratech.

*Acquisition Costs*

Acquisition costs are non-recurring charges incurred in connection with the acquisition of the Ultratech business, as well as legal and professional fees incurred in connection with certain integration activities.

*Restructuring Expense*

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, additional accruals were recognized and payments made related to previous years' restructuring initiatives. Restructuring expense for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 included non-cash charges of \$0.2 million related to accelerated share-based compensation for employee terminations. During 2017, we substantially completed restructuring activities as part of our initiative to streamline operations, enhance efficiencies, and reduce costs, as well as reducing future investments in certain technology development. In addition, during 2017, we began the Ultratech acquisition integration process to enhance efficiencies, resulting in additional employee terminations and other facility costs.

*Interest Income (Expense)*

We recorded net interest expense of \$4.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to \$3.3 million for the comparable prior period. The increase in net interest expense is primarily attributable to the Convertible Senior Notes issued in January 2017 that were outstanding for the full period in 2018, compared to a partial period in 2017. Included in interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 were non-cash charges of \$2.9 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, related to the Convertible Senior Notes.



*Income Taxes*

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. government enacted comprehensive tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ( 2017 Tax Act ), which makes broad and complex changes to the U.S. tax code. Certain income tax effects of the 2017 Tax Act are reflected in our financial results in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118 ( SAB 118 ). SAB 118 provides SEC staff guidance regarding the application of ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes* ( ASC 740 ), and the disclosures required due to the enactment of the 2017 Tax Act. Refer to Note 10, *Income Taxes*, in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information on the financial statement impact of the 2017 Tax Act.

At the end of each interim reporting period, we estimate the effective income tax rate expected to be applicable for the full year. This estimate is used to determine the income tax provision or benefit on a year-to-date basis and may change in subsequent interim periods.

Our tax benefit for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was \$0.2 million compared to \$10.5 million for the comparable prior period. The 2018 tax benefit included a \$0.1 million tax expense relating to our domestic operations and a \$0.3 million tax benefit relating to our non-U.S. operations, compared to 2017 when our benefit included \$4.3 million related to domestic operations and \$6.2 million related to our non-U.S. operations. The current period domestic tax expense is primarily attributable to the tax amortization of indefinite-lived intangible assets that is not available to offset U.S. deferred tax assets.

Table of Contents

The current period non-U.S. tax benefit is primarily attributable to the amortization of intangible assets, offset by tax expense on non-U.S. operation profits incurred during the period, as well as foreign withholding taxes on unremitted earnings as of March 31, 2018. The domestic tax benefit for the comparable period is primarily attributable to an income tax benefit for losses incurred during such period, as the deferred tax liability created by the issuance of the Convertible Senior Notes is treated as a source of income in fiscal 2017, offset by a deferred provision related to tax amortization on indefinite-lived intangible assets. The comparable period non-U.S. tax benefit is primarily attributable to the reversal of an uncertain tax position that was determined to be realizable in 2017.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, and restricted cash are as follows:

	<b>March 31, 2018</b>	<b>December 31, 2017</b>
	<b>(in thousands)</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 245,525	\$ 279,736
Restricted cash	841	847
Short-term investments	65,130	47,780
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 311,496</b>	<b>\$ 328,363</b>

At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, cash and cash equivalents of \$180.5 million and \$214.3 million, respectively, were held outside the United States. As of March 31, 2018, we had \$143.3 million of accumulated undistributed earnings generated by our non-U.S. subsidiaries for which the U.S. repatriation tax has been provided and did not require the use of cash due to the use of foreign tax and R&D credit carryforwards. Approximately \$38.1 million of undistributed earnings will be subject to foreign withholding taxes of approximately \$3.2 million if distributed back to the U.S. We believe that our projected cash flow from operations, combined with our cash and short term investments, will be sufficient to meet our projected working capital requirements, contractual obligations, and other cash flow needs for the next twelve months, including scheduled interest payments on our Convertible Senior Notes due 2023.

A summary of the cash flow activity for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

*Cash Flows from Operating Activities*

	<b>Three months ended March 31, 2018</b>		<b>2017</b>
	<b>(in thousands)</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$	(15,827)	\$ 1,640
Non-cash items:			
Depreciation and amortization		17,726	5,799
Non-cash interest expense		2,859	2,185
Deferred income taxes		(269)	(6,246)
Share-based compensation expense		4,537	4,186
Asset impairment			463

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Other				92
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		(20,833)		(1,787)
<b>Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities</b>	\$	(11,807)	\$	6,332

Net cash used in operating activities was \$11.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and was due to net loss of \$15.8 million plus adjustments for non-cash items of \$24.8 million, offset by a decrease in cash flow from operating activities due to changes in operating assets and liabilities of \$20.8 million. The changes in operating assets and liabilities were largely attributable to increases in accounts receivable and decreases in customer deposits and deferred revenue.

Table of Contents*Cash Flows from Investing Activities*

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
	(in thousands)	
Capital expenditures	\$ (2,259)	\$ (4,187)
Changes in investments, net	(20,300)	(191,730)
<b>Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities</b>	<b>\$ (22,559)</b>	<b>\$ (195,917)</b>

The cash used in investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2018 was attributable to net changes in investments as well as capital expenditures. In 2017, as part of our efforts to streamline operations, enhance efficiency, and reduce costs, we made certain investments in our facilities to support the consolidation activities. These activities were substantially completed in 2017.

*Cash Flows from Financing Activities*

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
	(in thousands)	
Net proceeds from employee equity programs	\$ 709	\$ 124
Purchases of common stock	(592)	
Proceeds from long-term debt borrowings		335,752
Repayments of long-term debt		(89)
<b>Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities</b>	<b>\$ 117</b>	<b>\$ 335,787</b>

The cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was related to the net proceeds from employee equity programs, partially offset by purchases of common stock. The cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was primarily related to the net cash proceeds received from the issuance of the Convertible Senior Notes in January 2017.

*Convertible Senior Notes*

On January 10, 2017, we issued \$345.0 million of 2.70% convertible senior unsecured notes (the "Convertible Senior Notes"). We received net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts and fees and expenses payable by the Company, of approximately \$335.8 million. The Convertible Senior Notes bear interest at a rate of 2.70% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on January 15 and July 15 of each year, commencing on July 15, 2017. The Convertible Senior Notes mature on January 15, 2023, unless earlier purchased by the Company, redeemed, or converted. We believe that we have sufficient capital resources and cash flows from operations to support scheduled interest payments on this debt.

*Contractual Obligations and Commitments*

We have commitments under certain contractual arrangements to make future payments for goods and services. These contractual arrangements secure the rights to various assets and services to be used in the future in the normal course of business. We expect to fund these contractual arrangements with cash generated from operations in the normal course of business.

*Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements*

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future material effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, expenses, and results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources other than operating leases, bank guarantees, and purchase commitments disclosed in the preceding footnotes.

Table of Contents

**Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

*Interest Rate Risk*

Our exposure to market rate risk for changes in interest rates primarily relates to our investment portfolio. We centrally manage our investment portfolios considering investment opportunities and risks, tax consequences, and overall financing strategies. Our investment portfolio includes fixed-income securities with a fair value of approximately \$65.1 million at March 31, 2018. These securities are subject to interest rate risk and, based on our investment portfolio at March 31, 2018, a 100 basis point increase in interest rates would result in a decrease in the fair value of the portfolio of \$0.4 million. While an increase in interest rates may reduce the fair value of the investment portfolio, we will not realize the losses in the Consolidated Statements of Operations unless the individual fixed-income securities are sold prior to recovery or the loss is determined to be other-than-temporary.

*Currency Exchange Risk*

We conduct business on a worldwide basis and, as such, a portion of our revenues, earnings, and net investments in foreign affiliates is exposed to changes in currency exchange rates. The economic impact of currency exchange rate movements is complex because such changes are often linked to variability in real growth, inflation, interest rates, governmental actions, and other factors. These changes, if material, could cause us to adjust our financing and operating strategies. Consequently, isolating the effect of changes in currency does not incorporate these other important economic factors.

Changes in currency exchange rates could affect our foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities and forecasted cash flows. We entered into monthly forward derivative contracts with the intent of mitigating a portion of this risk. We only used derivative financial instruments in the context of hedging and not for speculative purposes and had not designated our foreign exchange derivatives as hedges. Accordingly, changes in fair value from these contracts were recorded as Other, net in our Consolidated Statements of Operations. We executed derivative transactions with highly rated financial institutions to mitigate counterparty risk.

Our net sales to customers located outside of the United States represented approximately 85% and 82% of our total net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. We expect that net sales to customers outside the United States will continue to represent a large percentage of our total net sales. Our net sales denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar represented approximately 1% and 3% of total net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

A 10% change in foreign exchange rates would have an immaterial impact on the consolidated results of operations since most of our sales outside the United States are denominated in U.S. dollars.

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

*Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting*

Our principal executive and financial officers have evaluated and concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of March 31, 2018. The disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that the information required to be disclosed in this report filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to our principal executive and financial officers as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

*Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting*

On January 1, 2018, we adopted ASC 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. We implemented additional internal controls around the adoption of this new accounting standard to ensure we adequately evaluated our contracts and properly

Table of Contents

assessed the impact on our financial statements. There were no other changes in internal control that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect internal control over financial reporting for the quarter ended March 31, 2018.

**PART II OTHER INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

On September 21, 2017, Blueblade Capital Opportunities LLC et al., on behalf of purported beneficial owners of 440,100 shares of Ultratech common stock, filed an action against Ultratech in Delaware Court of Chancery requesting an appraisal of the value of their Ultratech stock pursuant to 8 Del. C. §262. The Company believes that the merger price, which was the product of arms-length negotiations, was fair and reasonable, and intends to contest the appraisal claim. Discovery in the matter has commenced and a trial on the action is scheduled to begin in December 2018.

On April 12, 2017, the Company filed a patent infringement complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York against SGL Carbon, LLC and SGL Carbon SE (collectively, "SGL"), alleging infringement of patents relating to wafer carrier technology used in MOCVD equipment. The complaint alleges that SGL infringes Veeco's patents by making and selling certain wafer carriers to Veeco's competitor, Advanced Micro-Fabrication Equipment, Inc. ("AMEC"). On November 2, 2017, the U.S. District Court granted the Company's motion for a preliminary injunction prohibiting SGL from shipping wafer carriers using the Company's patented technology without the Company's express authorization.

On July 13, 2017, AMEC filed a patent infringement complaint against Veeco Instruments Shanghai Co., Ltd. ("Veeco Shanghai") with the Fujian High Court in China, alleging that the Company's MOCVD products infringed a Chinese utility model patent relating to the synchronous movement engagement mechanism in a chemical vapor deposition reactor and seeking injunctive relief and monetary damages against Veeco Shanghai. On December 7, 2017, without providing notice to Veeco and without hearing Veeco's position on alleged infringement, the Fujian High Court issued a preliminary injunction, applicable in China, that requires Veeco Shanghai to stop importing, making, selling, and offering to sell Veeco EPIK 700 model MOCVD systems and to stop importing, selling, and offering to sell wafer carriers used as supplies for the EPIK 700 MOCVD system.

On February 8, 2018, Veeco, AMEC, and SGL announced that they had mutually agreed to settle the pending litigation among the parties and to amicably resolve all pending disputes, including AMEC's lawsuit against Veeco before the Fujian High Court in China and Veeco's lawsuit against SGL before the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York. As part of the settlement, all legal actions worldwide (in court, patent offices, and otherwise), between Veeco, AMEC, and SGL, and their affiliates, were dismissed and/or otherwise withdrawn. As a result, all business processes, including sales, service, and importation, were resumed promptly following the settlement.

The Company is involved in various other legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. The Company does not believe that the ultimate resolution of these matters will have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.



**Item 1A. Risk Factors**

Information regarding risk factors appears in the Safe Harbor Statement at the beginning of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q and in Part I Item 1A of our 2017 Form 10-K. There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our 2017 Form 10-K.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

Share repurchase activity during the first quarter of 2018 is as follows:

Table of Contents

<b>Period</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased</b>	<b>Average Price Paid Per Share (in thousands, except average price paid per share)</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs</b>	<b>Approximate Dollar Value of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs</b>
January 1, 2018 - January 28, 2018		\$		\$ 96,982
January 29, 2018 - March 4, 2018	30	14.69	30	96,539
March 5, 2018 - April 1, 2018				96,539

On December 11, 2017, Veeco's Board of Directors authorized a program to repurchase up to \$100 million of the Company's outstanding common stock to be completed through December 11, 2019. At March 31, 2018, \$3.5 million of the \$100 million had been utilized. Repurchases may be made from time to time on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions in accordance with applicable federal securities laws. The timing and amount of future repurchases, if any, will depend upon market conditions, SEC regulations, and other factors. The repurchases would be funded using available cash balances and cash generated from operations. The program does not obligate us to acquire any particular amount of common stock and may be modified or suspended at any time at our discretion.

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities**

None.

**Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not Applicable.

**Item 5. Other Information**

None.

Table of Contents**Item 6. Exhibits**

Unless otherwise indicated, each of the following exhibits has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by Veeco under File No. 0-16244.

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Incorporated by Reference			Filed or Furnished Herewith
		Form	Exhibit	Filing Date	
10.1	<u>Form of Notice of Performance Share Award and related terms and conditions pursuant to the Veeco 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, effective March 2018.</u>				*
10.2	<u>Form of Notice of Restricted Stock Award and related terms and conditions pursuant to the Veeco 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, effective March 2018.</u>				*
31.1	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934.</u>				*
31.2	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934.</u>				*
32.1	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002.</u>				*
32.2	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002.</u>				*
101.INS	XBRL Instance.				**
101.XSD	XBRL Schema.				**
101.PRE	XBRL Presentation.				**
101.CAL	XBRL Calculation.				**
101.DEF	XBRL Definition.				**
101.LAB	XBRL Label.				**

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\* Filed herewith

\*\* Filed herewith electronically

Table of Contents

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on May 7, 2018.

Veeco Instruments Inc.

By:

/S/ JOHN R. PEELER  
John R. Peeler  
*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*

By:

/s/ SHUBHAM MAHESHWARI  
Shubham Maheshwari  
*Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer*