CENTRAL VALLEY COMMUNITY BANCORP

Form 10-Q

November 04, 2015

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**UNITED STATES** 

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

ý QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED September 30, 2015

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 000—31977

CENTRAL VALLEY COMMUNITY BANCORP

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

California 77-0539125

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or

organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

7100 N. Financial Dr., Suite 101, Fresno, California

(Address of principal executive offices)

93720 (Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number (559) 298-1775

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ý No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ý No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer ý

Non-accelerated filer o

Small reporting company o

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No  $\circ$ 

As of November 2, 2015 there were 10,993,463 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

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#### CENTRAL VALLEY COMMUNITY BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

## 2015 QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q

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#### PART 1: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## CENTRAL VALLEY COMMUNITY BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share amounts)	September 30, 2015 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2014
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	\$27,148	\$21,316
Interest-earning deposits in other banks	47,872	55,646
Federal funds sold	266	366
Total cash and cash equivalents	75,286	77,328
Available-for-sale investment securities (Amortized cost of \$444,728 at	452,842	432,535
September 30, 2015 and \$423,639 at December 31, 2014)	752,072	732,333
Held-to-maturity investment securities (Fair value of \$35,256 at September 30, 2015 and \$35,096 at December 31, 2014)	32,367	31,964
Loans, less allowance for credit losses of \$9,093 at September 30, 2015 and	500 107	564 200
\$8,308 at December 31, 2014	590,197	564,280
Bank premises and equipment, net	9,494	9,949
Bank owned life insurance	20,557	20,957
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	4,823	4,791
Goodwill	29,917	29,917
Core deposit intangibles	1,091	1,344
Accrued interest receivable and other assets	17,421	19,118
Total assets	\$1,233,995	\$1,192,183
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits:		
Non-interest bearing	\$386,408	\$376,402
Interest bearing	688,446	662,750
Total deposits	1,074,854	1,039,152
Junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures	5,155	5,155
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	16,533	16,831
Total liabilities	1,096,542	1,061,138
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)		
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, no par value, \$1,000 per share liquidation preference;		
10,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding		
Common stock, no par value; 80,000,000 shares authorized; issued and		
outstanding: 10,993,463 at September 30, 2015 and 10,980,440 at December 31,	54,345	54,216
2014		
Retained earnings	78,195	71,452
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax	4,913	5,377
Total shareholders' equity	137,453	131,045
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,233,995	\$1,192,183

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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# CENTRAL VALLEY COMMUNITY BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

	For the Thre Ended Septe		For the Nine Ended Septe	
(In thousands, except share and per share amounts) INTEREST INCOME:	2015	2014	2015	2014
Interest and fees on loans	\$7,747	\$7,301	\$22,677	\$22,197
Interest on deposits in other banks	49	37	147	134
Interest on Federal funds sold	_	_	_	1
Interest and dividends on investment securities:				
Taxable	1,234	1,341	3,477	4,127
Exempt from Federal income taxes	1,593	1,469	4,627	4,305
Total interest income	10,623	10,148	30,928	30,764
INTEREST EXPENSE:	,	,	,	,
Interest on deposits	246	249	718	813
Interest on junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures	25	23	73	72
Total interest expense	271	272	791	885
Net interest income before provision for credit losses	10,352	9,876	30,137	29,879
PROVISION FOR CREDIT LOSSES	100		600	(400)
Net interest income after provision for credit losses	10,252	9,876	29,537	30,279
NON-INTEREST INCOME:	,	•	,	,
Service charges	700	811	2,321	2,441
Appreciation in cash surrender value of bank owned life	1.42	150	451	450
insurance	142	156	451	459
Interchange fees	297	295	881	924
Net gain on disposal of other real estate owned		_	11	63
Net realized gains on sales of investment securities		240	1,459	573
Federal Home Loan Bank dividends	120	86	474	237
Loan placement fees	241	212	794	401
Other income	222	261	1,117	983
Total non-interest income	1,722	2,061	7,508	6,081
NON-INTEREST EXPENSES:				
Salaries and employee benefits	5,254	5,076	15,472	14,833
Occupancy and equipment	1,204	1,222	3,522	3,671
Professional services	395	375	1,212	886
Data processing	287	448	862	1,362
Regulatory assessments	223	177	821	569
ATM/Debit card expenses	145	166	411	476
License and maintenance contracts	123	128	392	384
Advertising	157	155	474	462
Internet banking expense	167	134	541	359
Amortization of core deposit intangibles	85	84	253	252
Other	988	1,086	3,053	3,266
Total non-interest expenses	9,028	9,051	27,013	26,520
Income before provision for income taxes	2,946	2,886	10,032	9,840
Provision for income taxes	429	535	1,971	2,180

Net income available to common shareholders	\$2,517	\$2,351	\$8,061	\$7,660
Earnings per common share:				
Basic earnings per share	\$0.23	\$0.22	\$0.74	\$0.70
Weighted average common shares used in basic computation	10,938,160	10,919,630	10,928,780	10,917,892
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.23	\$0.21	\$0.73	\$0.70
Weighted average common shares used in diluted computation	11,024,954	11,014,907	11,012,024	11,005,553
Cash dividend per common share	\$0.06	\$0.05	\$0.12	\$0.15

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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# CENTRAL VALLEY COMMUNITY BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,			For the Nine Mor Ended September			
(In thousands)	2015	2014		2015	-	2014	
Net income	\$2,517	\$2,351		\$8,061		\$7,660	
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss):							
Unrealized gains on securities:							
Unrealized holdings gains arising and transferred during the period	3,946	619		677		12,060	
Less: reclassification for net gains included in net income	_	240		1,459		573	
Amortization of net unrealized gains transferred	(2	) (2	)	(4	)	(20	)
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax	3,944	377		(786	)	11,467	
Tax (expense) benefit related to items of other comprehensive income	(1,624	) (156	)	322		(4,660	)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	2,320	221		(464	)	6,807	
Comprehensive income	\$4,837	\$2,572		\$7,597		\$14,467	

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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## CENTRAL VALLEY COMMUNITY BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(Onaudited)			
	For the Nine		
	Ended Septe		
(In thousands)	2015	2014	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net income	\$8,061	\$7,660	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Net decrease in deferred loan fees	(111	) (336	)
Depreciation	1,043	1,019	
Accretion	(881	) (730	)
Amortization	5,995	5,841	
Stock-based compensation	184	93	
Tax benefit from exercise of stock options	(4	) (6	)
Provision for credit losses	600	(400	)
Net realized gains on sales of available-for-sale investment securities	(1,459	) (573	)
Net loss on disposal of premises and equipment	6	191	
Net gain on sale of other real estate owned	(11	) (63	)
Increase in bank owned life insurance, net of expenses	(451	) (459	)
Net gain on bank owned life insurance	(345	) —	
Net decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable and other assets	2,079	(505	)
Net decrease in accrued interest payable and other liabilities	(421	) (409	)
Provision for deferred income taxes	6	1,201	
Net cash provided by operating activities	14,291	12,524	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchases of available-for-sale investment securities	(156,905	) (137,360	)
Proceeds from sales or calls of available-for-sale investment securities	92,647	73,982	
Proceeds from maturity and principal repayments of available-for-sale investment	20.250	26.122	
securities	39,359	36,133	
Net increase in loans	(26,633	) (43,598	)
Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned	359	488	
Purchases of premises and equipment	(594	) (1,112	)
Purchases of bank owned life insurance	(325	) (900	)
FHLB stock purchased	(32	) (292	)
Proceeds from bank owned life insurance	1,365	<u> </u>	
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment		1	
Net cash used in investing activities	(50,759	) (72,658	)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	,	, , ,	,
Net increase in demand, interest bearing and savings deposits	40,301	12,745	
Net decrease in time deposits	(4,599	) (8,025	)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	38	45	
Excess tax benefit from exercise of stock options	4	6	
Cash dividend payments on common stock	(1,318	) (1,641	)
Net cash provided by financing activities	34,426	3,130	,
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,042	) (57,004	)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	77,328	112,052	,
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$75,286	\$55,048	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF LEMOD	Ψ13,400	Ψ55,040	

	For the Ni	ne Months
	Ended Sep	tember 30,
(In thousands)	2015	2014
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$798	\$904
Income taxes	\$845	\$1,030
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Foreclosure of loan collateral and recognition of other real estate owned	\$227	\$235
Assumption of other real estate owned liabilities	\$121	\$—
Transfer of securities from available-for-sale to held-to-maturity	<b>\$</b> —	\$31,346
Unrealized gain on transfer of securities from available-for-sale to held-to-maturity	<b>\$</b> —	\$163
Purchases of available-for-sale investment securities, not yet settled	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,203
See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.		

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#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Central Valley Community Bancorp and subsidiary have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). These interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Central Valley Community Bancorp and its wholly owned subsidiary Central Valley Community Bank (the Bank) (collectively, the Company). All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) have been omitted. The Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's 2014 Annual Report to Shareholders on Form 10-K. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position at September 30, 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the three and nine month interim periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 have been included. Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year amounts to conform to the 2015 presentation. Reclassifications had no effect on prior period net income or shareholders' equity. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year.

The preparation of these interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Management has determined that since all of the banking products and services offered by the Company are available in each branch of the Bank, all branches are located within the same economic environment, and management does not allocate resources based on the performance of different lending or transaction activities, it is appropriate to aggregate the Bank branches and report them as a single operating segment. No customer accounts for more than 10 percent of revenues for the Company or the Bank.

The Company terminated its interest in Central Valley Community Insurance Service, LLC (CVCIS) at the beginning of the third quarter of 2015. The Bank's interest in CVCIS was originally established in 2006 for the purpose of providing health, commercial property and casualty insurance products and services primarily to business customers. The termination of this entity did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

#### Note 2. Fair Value Measurements

#### Fair Value Hierarchy

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. In accordance with applicable guidance, the Company groups its assets and liabilities measured at fair value in three levels, based on the markets in which the assets and liabilities are traded and the reliability of the assumptions used to determine fair value. Valuations within these levels are based upon:

Level 1 — Quoted market prices (unadjusted) for identical instruments traded in active exchange markets that the Company has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2 — Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 — Model-based techniques that use at least one significant assumption not observable in the market. These unobservable assumptions reflect the Company's estimates of assumptions that market participants would use on pricing the asset or liability. Valuation techniques include management judgment and estimation which may be significant.

Management monitors the availability of observable market data to assess the appropriate classification of financial instruments within the fair value hierarchy. Changes in economic conditions or model-based valuation techniques may require the transfer of financial instruments from one fair value level to another. In such instances, we report the transfer at the beginning of the reporting period. The estimated carrying and fair values of the Company's financial instruments are as follows (in thousands):

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	September 3 Carrying	0, 2015 Fair Value			
(In thousands)	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:	Amount	LCVCI I	LCVCI 2	Level 3	Total
Cash and due from banks	\$27,148	\$27,148	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$27,148
Interest-earning deposits in other banks	47,872	47,872	Ψ—	Ψ—	47,872
Federal funds sold	266	266			266
Available-for-sale investment securities	452,842	7,641	445,201		452,842
Held-to-maturity investment securities	32,367	7,0 <del>4</del> 1	35,256	_	35,256
Loans, net	590,197	_	55,250	587,752	587,752
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	4,823	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Accrued interest receivable	5,592	24	2,968	2,600	5,592
Financial liabilities:	3,392	24	2,900	2,000	3,392
Deposits	1,074,854	925,902	148,783		1,074,685
Junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures	5,155	923,902	140,763	3,019	3,019
Accrued interest payable	108	<u> </u>	83	25	108
Accruca interest payable	100		0.5	23	100
	Decembe	r 31, 2014			
	Carrying	Fair Value	e		
(In thousands)	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:					
Cash and due from banks	\$21,316	\$21,316	\$ <i>-</i>	\$—	\$21,316
Interest-earning deposits in other banks	55,646	55,646	<u>.</u>	<u></u>	55,646
Federal funds sold	366	366			366
Available-for-sale investment securities	432,535	7,585	424,950		432,535
Held-to-maturity investment securities	31,964		35,096		35,096
Loans, net	564,280			564,667	564,667
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	4,791	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Accrued interest receivable	5,793	25	3,212	2,556	5,793
Financial liabilities:	- ,	-	- ,	,	- ,
Deposits	1,039,152	2 885,704	153,475		1,039,179
Junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures	5,155			3,119	3,119
Accrued interest payable	114		90	24	114

These estimates do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering the Company's entire holdings of a particular financial instrument for sale at one time, nor do they attempt to estimate the value of anticipated future business related to the instruments. In addition, the tax ramifications related to the realization of unrealized gains and losses can have a significant effect on fair value estimates and have not been considered in any of these estimates. These estimates are made at a specific point in time based on relevant market data and information about the financial instruments. Because no market exists for a significant portion of the Company's financial instruments, fair value estimates are based on judgments regarding current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the fair values presented.

The methods and assumptions used to estimate fair values are described as follows:

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents — The carrying amounts of cash and due from banks, interest-earning deposits in other banks, and Federal funds sold approximate fair values and are classified as Level 1.

(b) Investment Securities — Investment securities in Level 1 are mutual funds and fair values are based on quoted market prices for identical instruments traded in active markets. Fair values for investment securities classified in Level 2 are based on

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quoted market prices for similar securities in active markets. For securities where quoted prices or market prices of similar securities are not available, fair values are calculated using discounted cash flows or other market indicators.

- (c) Loans Fair values of loans are estimated as follows: For variable rate loans that reprice frequently and with no significant change in credit risk, fair values are based on carrying values resulting in a Level 3 classification. Purchased credit impaired (PCI) loans are measured at estimated fair value on the date of acquisition. Carrying value is calculated as the present value of expected cash flows and approximates fair value. Fair values for other loans are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, using interest rates currently being offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality resulting in a Level 3 classification. Impaired loans are initially valued at the lower of cost or fair value. Impaired loans carried at fair value generally receive specific allocations of the allowance for credit losses. For collateral dependent loans, fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are usually significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. Non-real estate collateral may be valued using an appraisal, net book value per the borrower's financial statements, or aging reports, adjusted or discounted based on management's historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of the valuation, and management's expertise and knowledge of the client and client's business, resulting in a Level 3 fair value classification. Impaired loans are evaluated on a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted accordingly. The methods utilized to estimate the fair value of loans do not necessarily represent an exit price.
- (d) FHLB Stock It is not practicable to determine the fair value of FHLB stock due to restrictions placed on its transferability.
- (e) Other real estate owned OREO is measured at fair value less estimated costs to sell when acquired, establishing a new cost basis. Fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. The Company records OREO as non-recurring with level 3 measurement inputs.
- (f) Deposits Fair value of demand deposit, savings, and money market accounts are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting date (i.e., their carrying amount), resulting in a Level 1 classification. Fair value for fixed and variable rate certificates of deposit are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses using interest rates offered at each reporting date by the Company for certificates with similar remaining maturities resulting in a Level 2 classification.
- (g) Short-Term Borrowings The fair values of the Company's federal funds purchased, borrowings under repurchase agreements, and other short-term borrowings, generally maturing within ninety days, are based on the market rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements resulting in a Level 2 classification.
- (h) Other Borrowings The fair values of the Company's long-term borrowings are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements resulting in a Level 2 classification.

The fair values of the Company's Subordinated Debentures are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements resulting in a Level 3 classification.

(i) Accrued Interest Receivable/Payable — The fair value of accrued interest receivable and payable is based on the fair value hierarchy of the related asset or liability.

(j) Off-Balance Sheet Instruments — Fair values for off-balance sheet, credit-related financial instruments are based on fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the counterparties' credit standing. The fair value of commitments is not considered significant for financial reporting purposes.

#### Assets Recorded at Fair Value

The following tables present information about the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring and non-recurring basis as of September 30, 2015:

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#### **Recurring Basis**

The Company is required or permitted to record the following assets at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2015 (in thousands).

Description	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Available-for-sale securities				
Debt Securities:				
U.S. Government agencies	\$51,914	<b>\$</b> —	\$51,914	<b>\$</b> —
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	178,999		178,999	_
U.S. Government sponsored entities and agencies collateralized by residential mortgage obligations	210,543		210,543	_
Private label residential mortgage backed securities	3,745	_	3,745	_
Other equity securities	7,641	7,641	_	_
Total assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	\$452,842	\$7,641	\$445,201	<b>\$</b> —

Securities in Level 1 are mutual funds and fair values are based on quoted market prices for identical instruments traded in active markets. Fair values for available-for-sale investment securities in Level 2 are based on quoted market prices for similar securities in active markets. For securities where quoted prices or market prices of similar securities are not available, fair values are calculated using discounted cash flows or other market indicators. Management evaluates the significance of transfers between levels based upon the nature of the financial instrument and size of the transfer relative to total assets, total liabilities or total earnings. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, no transfers between levels occurred.

There were no Level 3 assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at or during the nine month period ended September 30, 2015. Also there were no liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2015.

#### Non-recurring Basis

The Company may be required, from time to time, to measure certain assets and liabilities at fair value on a non-recurring basis. These include assets and liabilities that are measured at the lower of cost or fair value that were recognized at fair value which was below cost at September 30, 2015 (in thousands).

Description	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets:				
Impaired loans:				
Commercial:				
Commercial and industrial	\$9	\$	\$—	\$9
Total commercial	9		_	9
Consumer:				
Equity loans and lines of credit	\$142	\$	<b>\$</b> —	\$142
Total impaired loans	151			151
Other real estate owned				_
Total assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis	\$151	\$—	\$—	\$151

At the time a loan is considered impaired, it is valued at the lower of cost or fair value. Impaired loans carried at fair value generally receive specific allocations of the allowance for credit losses. For collateral dependent loans, fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are usually significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. Non-real estate collateral may be valued using an appraisal, net book value per the borrower's

financial statements, or aging reports, adjusted or discounted based on management's historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of the valuation, and management's expertise and knowledge of the client and client's business, resulting in a Level 3 fair value classification. The fair value of impaired loans is based on the fair value of the collateral. Impaired loans were determined to be collateral dependent and categorized as Level 3 due to ongoing real estate market conditions resulting in inactive market data, which in turn required the use of unobservable inputs and assumptions in fair value measurements. Impaired loans evaluated under the

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discounted cash flow method are excluded from the table above. The discounted cash flow methods as prescribed by ASC Topic 310 is not a fair value measurement since the discount rate utilized is the loan's effective interest rate which is not a market rate. There were no changes in valuation techniques used during the nine month period ended September 30, 2015.

Appraisals for collateral-dependent impaired loans are performed by certified general appraisers (for commercial properties) or certified residential appraisers (for residential properties) whose qualifications and licenses have been reviewed and verified by the Company. Once received, the assumptions and approaches utilized in the appraisal as well as the overall resulting fair value is compared with independent data sources such as recent market data or industry-wide statistics.

Impaired loans that are measured for impairment using the fair value of the collateral for collateral dependent loans, had a principal balance of \$184,000 with a valuation allowance of \$33,000 at September 30, 2015, resulting in fair value of \$151,000. The valuation allowance represents specific allocations for the allowance for credit losses for impaired loans.

When present, certain residential real estate properties classified as other real estate owned (OREO) are measured at fair value, less costs to sell. Fair values are based on recent real estate appraisals and/or evaluations. These appraisals and/or evaluations may use a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. As of September 30, 2015, the adjustments made by appraisers or management in arriving at the fair value of financial instruments measured on a non-recurring basis were not considered significant for financial reporting purposes.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, provisions for credit losses and charge-offs related to loans carried at fair value were not considered significant for financial reporting purposes.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 there was no provision for credit losses related to loans carried at fair value. During the three months ended September 30, 2014 there was a net recovery of \$131,000, and for the nine months then ended, there were net charge-offs of \$177,000 related to loans carried at fair value.

There were no liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at September 30, 2015.

The following tables present information about the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis as of December 31, 2014:

#### **Recurring Basis**

The Company is required or permitted to record the following assets at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2014 (in thousands).

Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
\$33,090	\$	\$33,090	<b>\$</b> —
149,295		149,295	_
237 872		237 872	
237,672		237,672	
4,693		4,693	
7,585	7,585		
\$432,535	\$7,585	\$424,950	<b>\$</b> —
	\$33,090 149,295 237,872 4,693 7,585	\$33,090 \$— 149,295 — 237,872 — 4,693 — 7,585 7,585	\$33,090 \$— \$33,090 149,295 — 149,295 237,872 — 237,872 4,693 — 4,693 7,585 7,585 —

Securities in Level 1 are mutual funds and fair values are based on quoted market prices for identical instruments traded in active markets. Fair values for available-for-sale investment securities in Level 2 are based on quoted market prices for similar securities in active markets. For securities where quoted prices or market prices of similar securities are not available, fair values are calculated using discounted cash flows or other market indicators.

Management evaluates the significance of transfers between levels based upon the nature of the financial instrument and size of the transfer relative to total assets, total liabilities or total earnings. During the year ended December 31, 2014, no transfers between levels occurred.

There were no Level 3 assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at or during the year ended December 31, 2014. Also there were no liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2014.

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#### Non-recurring Basis

The Company may be required, from time to time, to measure certain assets and liabilities at fair value on a non-recurring basis. These include assets and liabilities that are measured at the lower of cost or fair value that were recognized at fair value which was below cost at December 31, 2014 (in thousands).

recognized at rain value which was below cost at December 51, 2011	(III tilousuii	45).		
Description	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Impaired loans:				
Commercial:				
Commercial and industrial	\$7,019	\$	<b>\$</b> —	\$7,019
Total commercial	7,019			7,019
Consumer:				
Equity loans and lines of credit	\$777	\$	\$	\$777
Total consumer	777			777
Total impaired loans	7,796			7,796
Total assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis	\$7,796	\$	<b>\$</b> —	\$7,796

The following table presents quantitative information about level 3 fair value measurements for financial instruments measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at December 31, 2014 (dollars in thousands):

Description	Fair Value	Valuation Technique(s)	Significant Unobservable Input(s)	Range (Weighted Average)
Commercial and industrial	\$7,019	Sales comparison	Appraiser adjustments on sales comparable data	0.00%-6.00%
		Management estimates	Management adjustments for depreciation in values depending on property types	8.00%-25.00%
Equity loans and lines of credit	\$777	Sales comparison	Appraiser adjustments on sales comparable data	0.00%-3.50%
		Management estimates	Management adjustments for depreciation in values depending on property types	11.00%

At the time a loan is considered impaired, it is valued at the lower of cost or fair value. Impaired loans carried at fair value generally receive specific allocations of the allowance for credit losses. For collateral dependent loans, fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are usually significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. Non-real estate collateral may be valued using an appraisal, net book value per the borrower's financial statements, or aging reports, adjusted or discounted based on management's historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of the valuation, and management's expertise and knowledge of the client and client's business, resulting in a Level 3 fair value classification. The fair value of impaired loans is based on the fair value of the collateral. Impaired loans were determined to be collateral dependent and categorized as Level 3 due to ongoing real estate market conditions resulting in inactive market data, which in turn required the use of unobservable inputs and assumptions in fair value measurements. Impaired loans evaluated under the discounted cash flow method are excluded from the table above. The discounted cash flow method as prescribed by ASC Topic 310 is not a fair value measurement since the discount rate utilized is the loan's effective interest rate which is not a market rate. There were no changes in valuation techniques used during the year ended December 31, 2014.

Appraisals for collateral-dependent impaired loans are performed by certified general appraisers (for commercial properties) or certified residential appraisers (for residential properties) whose qualifications and licenses have been reviewed and verified by the Company. Once received, the assumptions and approaches utilized in the appraisal as well as the overall resulting fair value is compared with independent data sources such as recent market data or industry-wide statistics.

Impaired loans that are measured for impairment using the fair value of the collateral for collateral dependent loans, had a principal balance of \$8,239,000 with a valuation allowance of \$443,000 at December 31, 2014, resulting in fair value of \$7,796,000. The valuation allowance represents specific allocations for the allowance for credit losses for impaired loans.

During the year ended December 31, 2014, there was \$3,921,000 provision for credit losses related to loans carried at fair value. During the year ended December 31, 2014, there was \$3,539,000 net charge-offs related to loans carried at fair value.

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There were no liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at December 31, 2014. Note 3. Investments

The investment portfolio consists primarily of U.S. Government sponsored entity and agency securities collateralized by residential mortgage obligations, private label residential mortgage backed securities (PLRMBS), and obligations of states and political subdivisions securities. As of September 30, 2015, \$126,238,000 of these securities were held as collateral for borrowing arrangements, public funds, and for other purposes.

The fair value of the available-for-sale investment portfolio reflected a net unrealized gain of \$8,114,000 at September 30, 2015 compared to an unrealized gain of \$8,896,000 at December 31, 2014. The unrealized gain recorded is net of \$3,339,000 and \$3,661,000 in tax liabilities as accumulated other comprehensive income within shareholders' equity at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

The following table sets forth the carrying values and estimated fair values of our investment securities portfolio at the dates indicated (in thousands):

(	September 30	, 2015		
		Gross	Gross	Estimated
Available-for-Sale Securities	Amortized Co		Unrealized	Fair Value
D.1.		Gains	Losses	
Debt securities:	¢ 51 670	¢ 277	¢(142 )	¢ 5 1 0 1 4
U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions	\$51,679 174,758	\$377 5,358	\$(142 ) (1,117 )	\$51,914 178,999
U.S. Government sponsored entities and agencies	174,736	3,336		170,999
collateralized by residential mortgage obligations	208,318	2,633	(408)	210,543
Private label residential mortgage backed securities	2,473	1,272	_	3,745
Other equity securities	7,500	141	_	7,641
Total available-for-sale	\$444,728	\$9,781	\$(1,667)	\$452,842
	September 30.	, 2015		
		Gross	Gross	Estimated
Held-to-Maturity Securities	Amortized Co	stUnrecognized	•	Fair Value
		Gains	Losses	Tun vurue
Debt securities:	<b></b>	4.2.000	<b>.</b>	<b>***</b>
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	\$32,367	\$2,900	\$(11)	\$35,256
	December 31,	2014		
	December 31,	2014 Gross	Gross	E.C. (1
Available-for-Sale Securities	December 31, Amortized Co	Gross	Gross Unrealized	Estimated
Available-for-Sale Securities		Gross		Estimated Fair Value
Available-for-Sale Securities  Debt securities:		Gross stUnrealized	Unrealized	
Debt securities: U.S. Government agencies	Amortized Co \$33,088	Gross sstUnrealized Gains \$245	Unrealized Losses \$(243)	Fair Value \$33,090
Debt securities: U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions	Amortized Co	Gross ostUnrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value \$33,090
Debt securities: U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions U.S. Government sponsored entities and agencies	Amortized Co \$33,088	Gross sstUnrealized Gains \$245	Unrealized Losses \$(243)	\$33,090 149,295
Debt securities: U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions U.S. Government sponsored entities and agencies collateralized by residential mortgage obligations	Amortized Co \$33,088 143,343	Gross sstUnrealized Gains \$245 6,266	Unrealized Losses \$(243 ) (314 )	Fair Value \$33,090 149,295
Debt securities: U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions U.S. Government sponsored entities and agencies	Amortized Co \$33,088 143,343 236,629	Gross sstUnrealized Gains \$245 6,266 2,033	Unrealized Losses \$(243 ) (314 )	\$33,090 149,295 237,872
Debt securities: U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions U.S. Government sponsored entities and agencies collateralized by residential mortgage obligations Private label residential mortgage backed securities	\$33,088 143,343 236,629 3,079	Gross stUnrealized Gains  \$245 6,266 2,033 1,614	Unrealized Losses \$(243 ) (314 )	\$33,090 149,295 237,872 4,693 7,585
Debt securities: U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions U.S. Government sponsored entities and agencies collateralized by residential mortgage obligations Private label residential mortgage backed securities Other equity securities	\$33,088 143,343 236,629 3,079 7,500 \$423,639	Gross stUnrealized Gains \$245 6,266 2,033 1,614 85 \$10,243	Unrealized Losses \$(243	\$33,090 149,295 237,872 4,693 7,585
Debt securities: U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions U.S. Government sponsored entities and agencies collateralized by residential mortgage obligations Private label residential mortgage backed securities Other equity securities	\$33,088 143,343 236,629 3,079 7,500	Gross stUnrealized Gains \$245 6,266 2,033 1,614 85 \$10,243 , 2014	Unrealized Losses \$(243	\$33,090 149,295 237,872 4,693 7,585
Debt securities: U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions U.S. Government sponsored entities and agencies collateralized by residential mortgage obligations Private label residential mortgage backed securities Other equity securities Total available-for-sale	\$33,088 143,343 236,629 3,079 7,500 \$423,639 December 31	Gross stUnrealized Gains \$245 6,266 2,033 1,614 85 \$10,243 , 2014 Gross	Unrealized Losses \$(243	\$33,090 149,295 237,872 4,693 7,585 \$432,535
Debt securities: U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions U.S. Government sponsored entities and agencies collateralized by residential mortgage obligations Private label residential mortgage backed securities Other equity securities	\$33,088 143,343 236,629 3,079 7,500 \$423,639 December 31	Gross stUnrealized Gains \$245 6,266 2,033 1,614 85 \$10,243 , 2014	Unrealized Losses \$(243	\$33,090 149,295 237,872 4,693 7,585 \$432,535

Debt securities:

Obligations of states and political subdivisions 31,964 3,138 (6 ) \$35,096

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Proceeds and gross realized gains (losses) from the sales or calls of investment securities for the periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 are shown below (in thousands):

	For the Three Months			For the Nine Months		
	Ended So	eptember 30,	Ended Se	ptember 30,		
Available-for-Sale Securities	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Proceeds from sales or calls	<b>\$</b> —	\$21,741	\$92,647	\$73,982		
Gross realized gains from sales or calls	_	271	1,692	1,423		
Gross realized losses from sales or calls	_	(31	) (233	) (850	)	

Losses recognized in 2015 and 2014 were incurred in order to reposition the investment securities portfolio based on the current rate environment. The securities which were sold at a loss were acquired when the rate environment was not as volatile. The securities which were sold were primarily purchased several years ago to serve a purpose in the rate environment in which the securities were purchased. The Company is addressing risks in the security portfolio by selling these securities and using proceeds to purchase securities that fit with the Company's current risk profile. The provision for income taxes includes \$601,000 and \$236,000 income tax impact from the reclassification of unrealized net gains on available-for-sale securities for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The provision for income taxes includes \$0 and \$99,000 income tax impact from the reclassification of unrealized net gains on available-for-sale securities to realized net gains on available-for-sale securities for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Investment securities, aggregated by investment category, with unrealized losses as of the dates indicated are summarized and classified according to the duration of the loss period as follows (in thousands):

	September 3	30, 2015							
	Less than 12	2 Months		12 Months o	or More		Total		
	Fair	Unrealized		Fair	Unrealized		Fair	Unrealize	d
Available-for-Sale Securities	Value	Losses		Value	Losses		Value	Losses	
Debt securities:									
U.S. Government agencies	\$14,470	\$(27	)	\$4,797	\$(115	)	\$19,267	\$(142	)
Obligations of states and	67,406	(1,117	)	_	_		67,406	(1,117	)
political subdivisions									ĺ
U.S. Government sponsored entities and agencies									
collateralized by residential	24,951	(139	)	18,440	(269	)	43,391	(408	)
mortgage obligations									
Total available-for-sale	\$106,827	\$(1,283	)	\$23,237	\$(384	)	\$130,064	\$(1,667	)
	September 3	0, 2015							
	Less than 12	Months		12 Months o	or More		Total		
	Fair	Unrecogniz	ed	Fair	Unrecognize	ed	Fair	Unrecogn	ized
Held-to-Maturity Securities	Value	Losses		Value	Losses		Value	Losses	
Debt securities:									
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	\$1,048	\$(11	)	\$—	\$ <i>—</i>		\$1,048	\$ (11	)
•									
	December 3	1 2014							
	December 5	71, 2017							
	Less than 12	*		12 Months o	or More		Total		
		*		12 Months of Fair	or More Unrealized		Total Fair	Unrealize	d
Available-for-Sale Securities	Less than 12	2 Months						Unrealize Losses	d
Debt securities:	Less than 12 Fair Value	2 Months Unrealized Losses		Fair Value	Unrealized Losses		Fair Value	Losses	d
	Less than 12 Fair	2 Months Unrealized	)	Fair	Unrealized	)	Fair		d )

Obligations of states and political subdivisions U.S. Government sponsored							
entities and agencies collateralized by residential mortgage obligations	52,905	(420	) 31,000	(370	) 83,905	(790	)
Total available-for-sale	\$80,631	\$(702	) \$48,027	\$(645	) \$128,658	\$(1,347	)
14							

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	December	31, 2014					
	Less than	Less than 12 Months 1		12 Months or More			
	Fair	Unrecogni	zed Fair	Unrecogni	zed Fair	Unrecog	gnized
Held-to-Maturity Securities	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	
Debt securities:							
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	\$1,067	\$ (6	) \$—	\$ <i>-</i>	\$1,067	\$ (6	)

We periodically evaluate each investment security for other-than-temporary impairment, relying primarily on industry analyst reports, observation of market conditions and interest rate fluctuations. The portion of the impairment that is attributable to a shortage in the present value of expected future cash flows relative to the amortized cost should be recorded as a current period charge to earnings. The discount rate in this analysis is the original yield expected at time of purchase.

As of September 30, 2015, the Company performed an analysis of the investment portfolio to determine whether any of the investments held in the portfolio had an other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI). Management evaluated all individual available-for-sale investment securities with an unrealized loss at September 30, 2015 and identified those that had an unrealized loss for at least a consecutive 12 month period, which had an unrealized loss at September 30, 2015 greater than 10% of the recorded book value on that date, or which had an unrealized loss of more than \$10,000. Management also analyzed any securities that may have been downgraded by credit rating agencies. For those bonds that met the evaluation criteria, management obtained and reviewed the most recently published national credit ratings for those bonds. For those bonds that were municipal debt securities with an investment grade rating by the rating agencies, management also evaluated the financial condition of the municipality and any applicable municipal bond insurance provider and concluded that no credit related impairment existed.

#### U.S. Government Agencies

At September 30, 2015, the Company held 15 U.S. Government agency securities, of which four were in a loss position for less than 12 months and one was in a loss position or had been in a loss position for 12 months or more. The unrealized losses on the Company's investments in direct obligations of U.S. government agencies were caused by interest rate changes. The contractual terms of those investments do not permit the issuer to settle the securities at a price less than the amortized costs of the investment. Because the decline in market value is attributable to changes in interest rates and not credit quality, and because the Company has the ability and intent to hold, and it is more likely than not that it will not be required to sell, those investments until a recovery of fair value, which may be maturity, the Company does not consider those investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2015.

#### Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions

At September 30, 2015, the Company held 150 obligations of states and political subdivision securities of which 25 were in a loss position for less than 12 months and none were in a loss position or had been in a loss position for 12 months or more. The unrealized losses on the Company's investments in obligations of states and political subdivision securities were caused by interest rate changes. Because the decline in market value is attributable to changes in interest rates and not credit quality, and because the Company has the ability to hold and does not intend to sell, and it is more likely than not that it will not be required to sell those investments until a recovery of fair value, which may be maturity, the Company does not consider those investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2015.

U.S. Government Sponsored Entities and Agencies Collateralized by Residential Mortgage Obligations

At September 30, 2015, the Company held 180 U.S. Government sponsored entity and agency securities collateralized by residential mortgage obligations of which 15 were in a loss position for less than 12 months and 11 have been in a loss position for more than 12 months. The unrealized losses on the Company's investments in U.S. Government sponsored entities and agencies collateralized by residential mortgage obligations were caused by interest rate changes. The contractual cash flows of those investments are guaranteed by an agency or sponsored entity of the U.S. Government. Accordingly, it is expected that the securities would not be settled at a price less than the amortized cost of the Company's investment. Because the decline in market value is attributable to changes in interest rates and not credit quality, and because the Company has the ability to hold and does not intend to sell, and it is more likely than not that it will not be required to sell those investments until a recovery of fair value, which may be maturity, the Company does not consider those investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2015.

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#### Private Label Residential Mortgage Backed Securities

At September 30, 2015, the Company had a total of 17 PLRMBS with a remaining principal balance of \$2,473,000 and a net unrealized gain of approximately \$1,272,000. None of these securities was recorded with an unrealized loss at September 30, 2015. Nine of these PLRMBS with a remaining principal balance of \$2,155,000 had credit ratings below investment grade. The Company continues to monitor these securities for indications that declines in value, if any, may be other-than-temporary.

#### Other Equity Securities

At September 30, 2015, the Company had one mutual fund equity investment. The equity investment was not recorded with an unrealized loss at September 30, 2015.

The following tables provide a roll forward for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 of investment securities credit losses recorded in earnings. The beginning balance represents the credit loss component for which OTTI occurred on debt securities in prior periods. Additions represent the first time a debt security was credit impaired or when subsequent credit impairments have occurred on securities for which OTTI credit losses have been previously recognized.

For the Three Months		For the Nine Mon	
Ended September 30,		Ended Septem	iber 30,
2015	2014	2015	2014
\$747	\$800	\$747	\$800
	_	_	_
_	_	_	_
_	_	_	
\$747	\$800	\$747	\$800
	Ended Septe 2015 \$747 —	2015 2014 \$747 \$800 — — — — — —	Ended September 30,

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of available-for-sale and held-to-maturity investment securities at September 30, 2015 by contractual maturity is shown below (in thousands). Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because the issuers of the securities may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

I I I	September 30, 201	5
Available-for-Sale Securities	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
Within one year	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —
After one year through five years	11,621	12,010
After five years through ten years	30,472	31,322
After ten years	132,665	135,667
	174,758	178,999
Investment securities not due at a single maturity date:		
U.S. Government agencies	51,679	51,914
U.S. Government sponsored entities and agencies collateralized by residential mortgage obligations	208,318	210,543
Private label residential mortgage backed securities	2,473	3,745
Other equity securities	7,500	7,641
Total available-for-sale	\$444,728	\$452,842

September 30, 2015

Held-to-Maturity Securities

Amortized Cost

Estimated Fair Value

After ten years \$32,367 \$35,256

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During 2014, to better manage our interest rate risk, the Company transferred from available-for-sale to held-to-maturity selected municipal securities in our portfolio having a book value of approximately \$31 million, a market value of approximately \$32 million, and a net unrecognized gain of approximately \$163,000. This transfer was completed after careful consideration of our intent and ability to hold these securities to maturity. There were no transfers or reclassifications of securities in or out of held-to-maturity during the three or nine months ended September 30, 2015. At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 the remaining unaccreted balance of these securities included in accumulated other comprehensive income was \$138,000 and \$142,000, respectively.

Note 4. Loans and Allowance for Credit Losses

Outstanding loans are summarized as follows:

Loan Type (Dollars in thousands)	September 30, 2015	% of Total Loans		December 31, 2014	% of Total Loans	
Commercial:	2010	204113			Zouns	
Commercial and industrial	\$104,567	17.5	%	\$89,007	15.5	%
Agricultural land and production	41,544	6.9	%	39,140	6.8	%
Total commercial	146,111	24.4	%	128,147	22.3	%
Real estate:						
Owner occupied	170,377	28.5	%	176,804	30.9	%
Real estate construction and other land	26.210	6.0	01	29.022	6.8	%
loans	36,210	6.0	%	38,923	0.8	%
Commercial real estate	116,931	19.5	%	106,788	18.7	%
Agricultural real estate	70,485	11.8	%	57,501	10.0	%
Other real estate	7,732	1.3	%	6,611	1.2	%
Total real estate	401,735	67.1	%	386,627	67.6	%
Consumer:						
Equity loans and lines of credit	41,398	6.9	%	47,575	8.3	%
Consumer and installment	9,789	1.6	%	10,093	1.8	%
Total consumer	51,187	8.5	%	57,668	10.1	%
Net deferred origination costs	257			146		
Total gross loans	599,290	100.0	%	572,588	100.0	%
Allowance for credit losses	(9,093	)		(8,308	)	
Total loans	\$590,197			\$564,280		

The table above includes loans acquired at fair value on July 1, 2013 when the Company acquired Visalia Community Bank (VCB), in a combined cash and stock transaction. The acquired VCB assets and liabilities were recorded at fair value at the date of acquisition. Loans acquired in the VCB acquisition had outstanding balances of \$66,572,000 and \$77,882,000 as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, loans originated under Small Business Administration (SBA) programs totaling \$11,516,000 and \$8,782,000, respectively, were included in the real estate and commercial categories.

#### Purchased Credit Impaired Loans

At December 31, 2013, the Company had loans that were acquired in an acquisition, for which there was, at acquisition, evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination and for which it was probable, at acquisition, that all contractually required payments would not be collected. There were no such loans outstanding at September 30, 2015 or December 31, 2014.

These purchased credit impaired loans are recorded at the amount paid, such that there is no carryover of the seller's allowance for loan losses. After acquisition, losses are recognized by an increase in the allowance for loan losses. The Company estimates the amount and timing of expected cash flows for each loan and the expected cash flows in excess of amount paid is recorded as interest income over the remaining life of the loan (accretable yield). The excess of the loan's contractual principal and interest over expected cash flows is not recorded (nonaccretable difference). Over the life of the loan, expected cash flows continue to be estimated. If the present value of expected cash flows is less than the carrying amount, a loss is recorded. If the present value of expected cash flows is greater than the carrying amount, it is recognized as part of future interest income.

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Accretable yield, or income expected to be collected for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 is as follows (in thousands):

	For the Nine Mont			
	Ended September			
	2015	2014		
Balance at beginning of period	\$	\$94		
Additions	_			
Accretion		(907	)	
Reclassification from non-accretable difference		813		
Disposals				
Balance at end of period	\$	<b>\$</b> —		

The allowance for credit losses (the "Allowance") is a valuation allowance for probable incurred credit losses in the Company's loan portfolio. The Allowance is established through a provision for credit losses which is charged to expense. Additions to the Allowance are expected to maintain the adequacy of the total Allowance after credit losses and loan growth. Credit exposures determined to be uncollectible are charged against the Allowance. Cash received on previously charged off credits is recorded as a recovery to the Allowance. The overall Allowance consists of two primary components, specific reserves related to impaired loans and general reserves for probable incurred losses related to loans that are not impaired.

For all portfolio segments, the determination of the general reserve for loans that are not impaired is based on estimates made by management, including but not limited to, consideration of historical losses by portfolio segment (and in certain cases peer data) over the most recent 20 quarters, and qualitative factors including economic trends in the Company's service areas, industry experience and trends, geographic concentrations, estimated collateral values, the Company's underwriting policies, the character of the loan portfolio, and probable losses inherent in the portfolio taken as a whole.

The following table shows the summary of activities for the Allowance as of and for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 by portfolio segment (in thousands):

	Commerc	ial Real Esta	te Consumer	Unallocated	Total	
Allowance for credit losses:						
Beginning balance, July 1, 2015	\$ 3,553	\$4,429	\$732	\$ <i>-</i>	\$8,714	
Provision charged to operations	(186	) 154	27	105	100	
Losses charged to allowance	(11	) —	(22	) —	(33	)
Recoveries	267	8	37	_	312	
Ending balance, September 30, 2015	\$ 3,623	\$4,591	\$774	\$ 105	\$9,093	
Allowance for credit losses:						
Beginning balance, July 1, 2014	\$ 1,874	\$4,157	\$981	\$ 295	\$7,307	
Provision charged to operations	243	(121	) (85	) (37		
Losses charged to allowance	(1	) —	(57	) —	(58	)
Recoveries	41	159	40	_	240	
Ending balance, September 30, 2014	\$ 2,157	\$4,195	\$879	\$ 258	\$7,489	
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The following table shows the summary of activities for the allowance for loan losses as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 by portfolio segment of loans (in thousands):

	Commercial	Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total	
Allowance for credit losses:						
Beginning balance, January 1, 2015	\$3,130	\$4,058	\$1,078	\$42	\$8,308	
Provision charged to operations	731	509	(703	) 63	600	
Losses charged to allowance	(708)		(95	) —	(803	)
Recoveries	470	24	494		988	
Ending balance, September 30, 2015	\$3,623	\$4,591	\$774	\$105	\$9,093	
Allowance for credit losses:						
Beginning balance, January 1, 2014	\$2,444	\$5,174	\$1,168	\$422	\$9,208	
Provision charged to operations	768	(970	(34	) (164	(400	)
Losses charged to allowance	(1,195)	(183)	(467	) —	(1,845	)
Recoveries	140	174	212		526	
Ending balance, September 30, 2014	\$2,157	\$4,195	\$879	\$258	\$7,489	

The following is a summary of the Allowance by impairment methodology and portfolio segment as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (in thousands):

	Commercial	Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total
Allowance for credit losses:					
Ending balance, September 30, 2015	\$3,623	\$4,591	774	\$105	\$9,093
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$10	\$145	36	\$—	\$191
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$3,613	\$4,446	738	\$105	\$8,902
Ending balance, December 31, 2014	\$3,130	\$4,058	\$1,078	\$42	\$8,308
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$230	\$162	\$220	\$—	\$612
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$2,900	\$3,896	\$858	\$42	\$7,696

The following table shows the ending balances of loans as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 by portfolio segment and by impairment methodology (in thousands):

	Commercial	Real Estate	Consumer	Total
Loans:				
Ending balance, September 30, 2015	\$ 146,111	\$401,735	\$51,187	\$599,033
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 55	\$5,294	\$1,498	\$6,847
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 146,056	\$396,441	\$49,689	\$592,186
Loans:				
Ending balance, December 31, 2014	\$ 128,147	\$386,627	\$57,668	\$572,442
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 7,268	\$8,512	\$3,046	\$18,826
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 120,879	\$378,115	\$54,622	\$553,616

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The following table shows the loan portfolio by class allocated by management's internal risk ratings at September 30, 2015 (in thousands):

	Pass	Special Mention	Sub-Standar	d Doubtful	Total
Commercial:					
Commercial and industrial	\$93,454	\$9,343	\$ 1,770	\$—	\$104,567
Agricultural land and production	29,794	11,750	_	_	41,544
Real Estate:					
Owner occupied	164,316	4,481	1,580	_	170,377
Real estate construction and other land loans	30,829	2,202	3,179	_	36,210
Commercial real estate	108,437	3,720	4,774	_	116,931
Agricultural real estate	58,253	12,232	_	_	70,485
Other real estate	7,732		_	_	7,732
Consumer:					
Equity loans and lines of credit	38,947	459	1,992	_	41,398
Consumer and installment	9,772	_	17	_	9,789
Total	\$541,534	\$44,187	\$ 13,312	\$	\$599,033

The following table shows the loan portfolio by class allocated by management's internally assigned risk grade ratings at December 31, 2014 (in thousands):

	Pass	Special Mention	Sub-Standard	l Doubtful	Total
Commercial:					
Commercial and industrial	\$78,333	\$2,345	\$ 8,329	\$	\$89,007
Agricultural land and production	39,140		_	_	39,140
Real Estate:					
Owner occupied	170,568	2,778	3,458		176,804
Real estate construction and other land loans	32,114	1,130	5,679	_	38,923
Commercial real estate	95,831	215	10,742	_	106,788
Agricultural real estate	55,018	2,123	360	_	57,501
Other real estate	6,611		_	_	6,611
Consumer:					
Equity loans and lines of credit	42,334	72	5,169		47,575
Consumer and installment	10,072		21		10,093
Total	\$530,021	\$8,663	\$ 33,758	<b>\$</b> —	\$572,442

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The following table shows an aging analysis of the loan portfolio by class and the time past due at September 30, 2015 (in thousands):

	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	Greater Than 90 Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total Loans	Recorded Investment > 90 Days Accruing	t Non-accrual
Commercial:								
Commercial and	\$ <i>—</i>	<b>\$</b> —	\$18	\$18	\$104,549	\$104,567	<b>\$</b> —	\$ 55
industrial						•		
Agricultural land and production	_	_	_	_	41,544	41,544	_	
Real estate:	_			_	_			
Owner occupied	_	_	_	_	170,377	170,377	_	358
Real estate					·			
construction and other					36,210	36,210		
land loans								
Commercial real	_				116,931	116,931		583
estate					,	,		
Agricultural real estate	_	_	_	_	70,485	70,485	_	_
Other real estate					7,732	7,732		
Consumer:				_				
Equity loans and			1 266	1 266	40 122	41 200		1 404
lines of credit			1,266	1,266	40,132	41,398		1,484
Consumer and	36	15		51	9,738	9,789		14
installment								
Total	\$ 36	\$15	\$1,284	\$1,335	\$597,698	\$599,033	\$—	\$ 2,494

The following table shows an aging analysis of the loan portfolio by class and the time past due at December 31, 2014 (in thousands):

	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	Greater Than 90 Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total Loans	Recorded Investment > 90 Days Accruing	
Commercial:								
Commercial and industrial	\$ 172	\$88	\$—	\$260	\$88,747	\$89,007	\$—	\$7,265
Agricultural land and production	_	_	_	_	39,140	39,140	_	_
Real estate:	_							
Owner occupied	164	_	249	413	176,391	176,804	_	1,363
Real estate								
construction and other	547	_	_	547	38,376	38,923	_	547
land loans								
Commercial real	_		_		106,788	106,788	_	1,468
estate					,	,		,
Agricultural real					57,501	57,501		360
estate					•	•		
Other real estate					6,611	6,611		

Equity loans and lines of credit	_	_	227	227	47,348	47,575	_	3,030
Consumer and installment	30	_	_	30	10,063	10,093	_	19
Total	\$913	\$88	\$476	\$1,477	\$570,965	\$572,442	<b>\$</b> —	\$14,052

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The following table shows information related to impaired loans by class at September 30, 2015 (in thousands):

	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance
With no related allowance recorded:			
Commercial:			
Commercial and industrial	\$3	\$5	\$—
Real estate:			
Owner occupied	173	246	_
Real estate construction and other land loans			_
Commercial real estate	1,174	1,314	_
Agricultural real estate			_
Total real estate	1,347	1,560	
Consumer:			
Equity loans and lines of credit	1,276	1,951	_
Total with no related allowance recorded	2,626	3,516	_
With an allowance recorded:			
Commercial:			
Commercial and industrial	52	55	10
Real estate:			
Owner occupied	185	214	21
Real estate construction and other land loans	3,179	3,179	5
Commercial real estate	583	598	119
Total real estate	3,947	3,991	145
Consumer:			
Equity loans and lines of credit	208	222	35
Consumer and installment	14	17	1
Total consumer	222	239	36
Total with an allowance recorded	4,221	4,285	191
Total	\$6,847	\$7,801	\$191

The recorded investment in loans excludes accrued interest receivable and net loan origination fees, due to immateriality.

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The following table shows information related to impaired loans by class at December 31, 2014 (in thousands):

	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance
With no related allowance recorded:			
Commercial:			
Commercial and industrial	\$6,440	\$9,991	<b>\$</b> —
Agricultural land and production	_	1,722	_
Total commercial	6,440	11,713	
Real estate:			
Owner occupied	1,188	1,255	_
Real estate construction and other land loans	547	799	
Commercial real estate	1,794	1,794	_
Agricultural real estate	360	360	_
Total real estate	3,889	4,208	
Consumer:			
Equity loans and lines of credit	2,019	2,707	
Consumer and installment	_	_	_
Total consumer	2,019	2,707	_
Total with no related allowance recorded	12,348	18,628	_
With an allowance recorded:			
Commercial:			
Commercial and industrial	828	835	230
Real estate:			
Owner occupied	199	219	30
Real estate construction and other land loans	3,542	3,542	72
Commercial real estate	882	1,022	60
Total real estate	4,623	4,783	162
Consumer:			
Equity loans and lines of credit	1,008	1,026	217
Consumer and installment	19	21	3
Total consumer	1,027	1,047	220
Total with an allowance recorded	6,478	6,665	612
Total	\$18,826	\$25,293	\$612

The recorded investment in loans excludes accrued interest receivable and net loan origination fees, due to immateriality.

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The following presents by class, information related to the average recorded investment and interest income recognized on impaired loans for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

	Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
	September		September	
	Average	Interest	Average	Interest
	Recorded		Recorded	
	Investmen	t Recognized	Investmen	t Recognized
With no related allowance recorded:				
Commercial:				
Commercial and industrial	\$143	\$ <i>-</i>	\$20	\$ <i>—</i>
Real estate:				
Owner occupied	556	_	1,227	14
Real estate construction and other land loans	1,064	57	1,335	18
Commercial real estate	2,020		377	
Agricultural real estate	72			
Total real estate	3,712	57	2,939	32
Consumer:				
Equity loans and lines of credit	1,595	_	1,652	
Consumer and installment		_	8	
Total consumer	1,595	_	1,660	
Total with no related allowance recorded	5,450	57	4,619	32
With an allowance recorded:				
Commercial:				
Commercial and industrial	55		8	
Real estate:				
Owner occupied	187		816	
Real estate construction and other land loans	2,123		3,687	66
Commercial real estate	660	20	43	
Total real estate	2,970	20	4,546	66
Consumer:				
Equity loans and lines of credit	209		314	_
Consumer and installment	14		14	
Total consumer	223		328	_
Total with an allowance recorded	3,248	20	4,882	66
Total	\$8,698	\$ 77	\$9,501	\$ 98
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The following presents by class, information related to the average recorded investment and interest income recognized on impaired loans for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

recognized on imparred loans for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2014.							
	Nine Mon	ths Ended	Nine Months Ended				
	September 30, 2015		September	30, 2014			
	Average Interest A		Average	Interest			
	Recorded	Income	Recorded	Income			
	Investment	t Recognized	Investment	t Recognized			
With no related allowance recorded:							
Commercial:							
Commercial and industrial	\$3,797	\$ <i>-</i>	\$184	\$ —			
Agricultural land and production		_	_				
Total commercial	3,797		184				
Real estate:							