BBCN BANCORP INC Form 10-Q

August 09, 2013

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

x Quarterly report pursuant to section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013

or

o Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from the Commission File Number: 000-50245

BBCN BANCORP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 95-4849715
(State or other jurisdiction of (IRS Employer

incorporation or organization) Identification Number)

3731 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 1000, Los Angeles,

California

90010

(Address of Principal executive offices)

(ZIP Code)

(213) 639-1700

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o Smaller Reporting Company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

As of August 2, 2013, there were 79,197,982 outstanding shares of the issuer's Common Stock, \$0.001 par value.

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Forward-Looking Information

Certain matters discussed in this report may constitute forward-looking statements under Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. There can be no assurance that the results described or implied in such forward-looking statements will, in fact, be achieved and actual results, performance, and achievements could differ materially because our business involves inherent risks and uncertainties. The risks and uncertainties include: possible deterioration in economic conditions in our areas of operation; interest rate risk associated with volatile interest rates and related asset-liability matching risk; liquidity risks; risk of significant non-earning assets, and net credit losses that could occur, particularly in times of weak economic conditions or times of rising interest rates; and regulatory risks associated with current and future regulations. For additional information concerning these and other risk factors, see "Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors" contained herein and "Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors" contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

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PART I

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

BBCN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

	(Unaudited)	
	6/30/2013	December 31, 2012
ASSETS	(In thousands, ex	cept share data)
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash and due from banks	\$81,003	\$88,506
Interest-earning deposit at the Federal Reserve Bank (the "FRB")	215,327	224,410
Total cash and cash equivalents	296,330	312,916
Securities available for sale, at fair value	725,239	704,403
Loans held for sale, at the lower of cost or fair value	43,111	51,635
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses (June 30, 2013 - \$71,675; December 31, 2012 - \$66,941)	4,446,447	4,229,311
Other real estate owned ("OREO"), net	9,596	2,698
Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") stock, at cost	26,261	22,495
Premises and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization (June 30, 2013 - \$24,089; December 31, 2012 - \$22,201)	23,226	22,609
Accrued interest receivable	13,054	12,117
Deferred tax assets, net	73,899	60,240
Customers' liabilities on acceptances	9,533	10,493
Bank owned life insurance	44,400	43,767
Investments in affordable housing partnerships	12,487	13,164
Goodwill	92,288	89,878
Other intangible assets, net	3,125	3,033
Prepaid FDIC insurance	_	7,574
FDIC loss share receivable	3,455	5,797
Other assets	40,563	48,531
Total assets	\$5,863,014	\$5,640,661

(Continued)

BBCN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

(Unaudited)	
6/30/2013 Decem 2012	ber 31,
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (In thousands, except sha	re data)
LIABILITIES:	
Deposits:	
Non-interest bearing \$1,210,563 \$1,184	,285
Interest bearing:	
Money market and NOW accounts 1,261,905 1,248,3	04
Savings deposits 181,672 180,686	6
Time deposits of \$100,000 or more 1,276,147 1,088,6	511
Other time deposits 646,512 682,149	9
Total deposits 4,576,799 4,384,0	35
FHLB advances 421,539 420,722	2
Subordinated debentures 41,920 41,846	
Accrued interest payable 4,499 4,355	
Acceptances outstanding 9,533 10,493	
Other liabilities 27,699 28,106	
Total liabilities 5,081,989 4,889,5	557
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:	
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; authorized 150,000,000 shares at June 30, 2013	
and December 31, 2012; issued and outstanding, 79,205,840 and 78,041,511 shares 79 78	
at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	
Additional paid-in capital 537,085 525,354	4
Retained earnings 248,866 216,596	0
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net (5,005) 9,082	
Total stockholders' equity 781,025 751,104	4
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$5,863,014 \$5,640	,661

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

BBCN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)				
	Three Months 30,	Ended June	Six Months I	Ended June 30,
	2013	2012	2013	2012
		except share da		2012
INTEREST INCOME:	(III tilousalius,	except share ua	iia)	
Interest and fees on loans	\$65,473	\$62,504	\$128,502	\$125,923
Interest on securities	3,526	4,249	6,953	9,158
Interest on federal funds sold and other investments	380	190	667	417
Total interest income	69,379	66,943	136,122	
INTEREST EXPENSE:	09,379	00,943	130,122	135,498
	5,647	5 245	11,055	10,648
Interest on deposits Interest on FHLB advances	•	5,245		•
	1,218 411	1,603	2,442 806	3,229
Interest on other borrowings		593		1,260
Total interest expense	7,276	7,441	14,303	15,137
NET INTEREST INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR	62,103	59,502	121,819	120,361
LOAN LOSSES PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	800	7,182	0.206	0.792
	800	7,102	8,306	9,782
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR	61,303	52,320	113,513	110,579
LOAN LOSSES				
NON-INTEREST INCOME:	2.022	2.260	5 707	C 420
Service fees on deposit accounts	2,922	3,269	5,797	6,429
International service fees	1,266	1,403	2,504	2,627
Loan servicing fees, net	1,036	810	2,005	2,147
Wire transfer fees	887	775	1,703	1,516
Other income and fees	1,204	1,354	2,453	2,694
Net gains on sales of SBA loans	3,295	2,463	5,989	5,426
Net gains on sales of other loans	19	146	62	146
Net gains on sales of securities available for sale	_		54	816
Net valuation gains on interest rate swaps and caps		10		13
Net (loss) gain on sales of OREO	(11)	,	(9)	
Total non-interest income	10,618	10,222	20,558	21,867
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE:	16010	4.4.670	22 771	20 525
Salaries and employee benefits	16,219	14,658	32,551	28,737
Occupancy	4,835	4,232	8,846	7,878
Furniture and equipment	1,613	1,468	3,186	2,686
Advertising and marketing	1,190	1,525	2,463	2,983
Data processing and communications	1,861	1,573	3,505	3,184
Professional fees	1,443	1,069	2,744	1,682
FDIC assessments	858	51	1,552	1,088
Credit related expenses	2,203	2,290	3,918	4,470
Merger and integration expense	385	1,348	1,690	3,121
Other	3,822	2,863	7,249	5,683
Total non-interest expense	34,429	31,077	67,704	61,512
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION	37,492	31,465	66,367	70,934
INCOME TAX PROVISION	14,821	12,101	26,235	27,636
NET INCOME	\$22,671	\$19,364	40,132	\$43,298

DIVIDENDS AND DISCOUNT ACCRETION ON	\$—	\$(3,771)	\$0	\$(5,640	`
PREFERRED STOCK	y —	\$(3,771)	\$ 0	\$(3,040)
NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO COMMON	\$22,671	¢ 15 502	\$40.132	¢27.650	
STOCKHOLDERS	\$22,071	\$15,593	\$40,132	\$37,658	
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE					
Basic	\$0.29	\$0.20	\$0.51	\$0.48	
Diluted	\$0.29	\$0.20	\$0.51	\$0.48	
See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Fina	ancial Statemen	ts (Unaudited).			

BBCN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Month	is l	Ended June 30,	,	Six Months 1	End	led June 30,	
	2013		2012		2013		2012	
	(In thousand	s)						
Net income	\$22,671		\$19,364		\$40,132		\$43,298	
Other comprehensive income (loss):								
Unrealized (loss) gain on securities available for sale and interest only strips	(19,699)	809		(23,353)	493	
Reclassification adjustments for gains realized in income (1)	_		_		(54)	(816)
Tax expense (benefit)	(7,738)	269		(9,320)	(209)
Change in unrealized gain on securities available for sale and interest only strips	(11,961)	540		(14,087)	(114)
Reclassification adjustment for the deferred gain on early settlement of interest-rate caps (2)	_		(11)	-	_		(22)
Tax benefit	_		(5)				(9)
Change in unrealized gain on interest-rate caps, net o tax (3)	f		(6)				(13)
Total other comprehensive income (loss) Total comprehensive income	(11,961 \$10,710)	534 \$19,898		(14,087 \$26,045)	(127 \$43,171)

⁽¹⁾ Reclassification adjustments were recognized in net gains on sales of securities available for sale in the consolidated statements of income.

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

⁽²⁾ Reclassification adjustments were recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income in the consolidated statements of financial position.

⁽³⁾ Reclassification adjustments were recognized in other income in the consolidated statements of income.

BBCN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

(**************************************		Common sto	ock				_
	Preferred stock	Shares	Amount	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensing income (loss)	ve
	(In thousand	ds, except sha	re data)			(,,
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2012 Redemption of 122,000 shares of TARP preferred stock	\$119,350 (122,000)	77,984,252	\$78	\$524,644	\$142,909	\$ 8,958	
Issuance of additional shares pursuant to various stock plans	t	29,855		200			
Stock-based compensation				1,141			
Preferred stock cash dividends accrued (5%)					(2,990)		
Accretion of preferred stock discount	2,650				(2,650)		
Comprehensive income: Net income Other comprehensive loss					43,298	(127)
BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2012	\$ —	78,014,107	\$78	\$525,985	\$180,567	\$ 8,831	,
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2013	\$ —	78,041,511	\$78	\$525,354	\$216,590	\$ 9,082	
Acquisition of Pacific International Bank		632,050	1	8,640			
Issuance of additional shares pursuant	t	532,279		1,849			
to various stock plans Tax effect of stock plans				234			
Stock-based compensation				1,008			
Cash dividends declared on common stock					(7,856)		
Comprehensive income: Net income					40,132		
Other comprehensive loss					40,134	(14,087)
BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2013	\$ —	79,205,840	\$79	\$537,085	\$248,866	\$ (5,005)

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

BBCN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)				
	Six Months Er 2013 (In thousands)		ed June 30, 2012	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income	\$40,132		\$43,298	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:				
Depreciation, amortization, net of discount accretion	(7,328)	(14,353)
Stock-based compensation expense	1,008		1,141	
Provision for loan losses	8,306		9,782	
Valuation adjustment of loans held for sale	_		668	
Valuation adjustment of OREO	762		1,067	
Proceeds from sales of loans	67,732		88,822	
Originations of loans held for sale	(53,176)	(73,003)
Net gains on sales of SBA and other loans	(6,051)	(6,014)
Net change in bank owned life insurance	(633)	(605)
Net gains on sales of securities available for sale	(54)	(816)
Net gains on sales of OREO	9		(53)
Net valuation gains on interest rate swaps and caps	_		(13)
Change in accrued interest receivable	(513)	1,377	
Change in deferred income taxes	2,976		7,604	
Change in prepaid FDIC insurance	7,771		938	
Change in investments in affordable housing partnership	677		1,206	
Change in FDIC loss share receivable	2,342		1,781	
Change in other assets	8,376		(10,384)
Change in accrued interest payable	70		(595)
Change in other liabilities	(4,832)	6,421	
Net cash provided by operating activities	67,574		58,269	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Net change in loans receivable	(84,982)	(128,519)
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	6,636		1,883	
Proceeds from sales of OREO	1,425		3,160	
Proceeds from matured term federal funds	_		100,000	
Proceeds from sales of equipment			3	
Purchase of premises and equipment	(3,348)	(3,494)
Purchase of securities available for sale	(147,995		(15,457)
Purchase of FHLB stock	(1,969)	_	
Redemption of FHLB stock	32		2,595	
Purchase of term federal funds			(60,000)
Proceeds from matured or paid-down securities available for sale	101,604		84,735	
Net cash received from acquisition	25,968		_	
Redemption of preferred stock upon the acquisition	(7,475)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(110,104)	(15,094)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	,		,	
Net change in deposits	49,537		(56,693)
Redemption of preferred stock			(122,000)
Cash dividends paid on Preferred Stock	_		(3,647)
1			` '	,

(4,124) (10,400)
140,000	125,000	
(153,697) (96,124)
(7,855) —	
2,083	200	
25,944	(163,664)
(16,586) (120,489)
312,916	300,110	
\$296,330	\$179,621	
\$14,159	\$15,732	
\$19,516	\$19,022	
\$4,396	\$3,262	
\$(1,116) \$591	
	140,000 (153,697 (7,855 2,083 25,944 (16,586 312,916 \$296,330 \$14,159 \$19,516	140,000 125,000 (153,697) (96,124 (7,855) — 2,083 200 25,944 (163,664 (16,586) (120,489 312,916 300,110 \$296,330 \$179,621 \$14,159 \$15,732 \$19,516 \$19,022 \$4,396 \$3,262

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BBCN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

Assets acquired \$181,048 \$— Liabilities assumed \$(167,028) \$—

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

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BBCN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. BBCN Bancorp, Inc.

BBCN Bancorp, Inc. ("BBCN Bancorp", on a parent-only basis, and the "Company" on a consolidated basis), headquartered in Los Angeles, California, is the holding company for BBCN Bank ("BBCN Bank" or the "Bank"). The Bank has branches in California, New York, New Jersey, Washington and Illinois, as well as loan production offices in the Atlanta, Dallas, Denver, Northern California, Seattle and metropolitan Washington, D.C. markets. The Company is a corporation organized under the laws of Delaware and a financial holding company and bank holding company registered under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended.

2. Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared without an audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), except for the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2012 which was derived from audited financial statements included in the Company's 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such SEC rules and regulations. The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of BBCN Bancorp and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, principally BBCN Bank. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Company has made all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, that in the opinion of management, are necessary to fairly present the Company's financial position at June 30, 2013 and the results of operations for the three and six months then ended. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be anticipated for the full year.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates that are susceptible to change in the near term relate to the determination of the allowance and provision for loan losses, the evaluation of other than temporary impairment of investment securities, accounting for derivatives and hedging activities, the determination of the carrying value for cash surrender value of life insurance, the determination of the carrying value of goodwill and other intangible assets, accounting for deferred tax assets and related valuation allowances, the determination of the fair values of investment securities and other financial instruments, accounting for lease arrangements, accounting for incentive compensation, profit sharing and bonus payments, the valuation of servicing assets, and the determination of the fair values of acquired assets and liabilities including the fair value of loans acquired with credit deterioration.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read along with the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the Company's 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

FASB has issued ASU No. 2013-07, Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205): Liquidation Basis of Accounting. The amendments in this ASU clarify when an entity should apply the liquidation basis of accounting. In addition, the guidance provides principles for the recognition and measurement of assets and liabilities and requirements for financial statements prepared using the liquidation basis of accounting. Liquidation is the process by which a company converts its assets to cash or other assets and settles its obligations with creditors in anticipation of ceasing all of its activities. An organization in liquidation must prepare its financial statements using a basis of accounting that communicates information to users of those financial statements to enable those users to develop

expectations about how much the organization will have available for distribution to investors after disposing of its assets and settling its obligations.

FASB ASU No. 2013-02, "Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income" - ASU 2013-02 requires an entity to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component and to present either on the face of the statement where net income is presented, or in the notes, significant amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by the respective line items of net income, but only if the amount reclassified is required to be reclassified to net income in its entirety in the same reporting period. The Company adopted ASU 2013-02 for the reporting period ending March 31, 2013, and its adoption did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

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3. Business Combinations

The Company applies the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations under ASC 805 - Business Combinations. Under the acquisition method, the acquiring entity in a business combination recognizes 100 percent of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their acquisition date fair values. Management utilizes valuation techniques appropriate for the asset or liability being measured in determining these fair values. Any excess of the purchase price over amounts allocated to assets acquired, including identifiable intangible assets, and liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill. Where amounts allocated to assets acquired and liabilities assumed is greater than the purchase price, a bargain purchase gain is recognized. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred as merger and integration expenses.

Foster Bankshares, Inc.

On April 15, 2013, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger with Foster Bankshares, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a Chicago-based company, ("Foster") dated April 15, 2013. At June 30, 2013, Foster had total assets of approximately \$381.0 million, including \$302.1 million of gross loans and \$333.2 million in deposits. The transaction is valued at approximately \$4.6 million, valuing each outstanding share of Foster common stock at \$34.67. Foster shareholders will have a choice between electing to receive the cash value per share or, for shareholders who qualify as accredited investors, 2.62771 shares of BBCN common stock for each share of Foster common stock or a combination thereof, with no limitations on the consideration mix. The consideration for the transaction is subject to reduction in certain events. Foster has no outstanding options or warrants. The transaction is expected to be completed in the third quarter of 2013.

Pacific International Bancorp, Inc.

On February 15, 2013, the Company completed the acquisition of Pacific International Bancorp, Inc. ("PIB"), a Seattle based company, pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated October 22, 2012. The Company acquired PIB in order to increase the Company's presence in terms of branch offices and deposit market share in the Seattle market. PIB's primary subsidiary, Pacific International Bank, a Washington state-chartered bank, operated four bank branches in the Seattle metropolitan area.

In connection with the acquisition, the consideration paid, the assets acquired, and the liabilities assumed are summarized in the following table:

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	(In thousand	ds)
Consideration paid:		
BBCN common stock issued	\$8,437	
Cash in lieu of fractional shares paid to PIB stockholders	1	
Redemption of Preferred Stock	7,475	
Total consideration paid	\$15,913	
Assets Acquired:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$25,968	
Investment securities available for sale	7,810	
Loans, net	131,589	
FRB and FHLB stock	1,829	
OREO	3,418	
Deferred tax assets, net	7,316	
Other assets	3,118	
Liabilities Assumed:		
Deposits	(143,665)
Borrowings	(14,698)
Subordinated debentures	(4,108)
Other liabilities	(5,074)
Total identifiable net assets	\$13,503	
Excess of consideration paid over fair value of net assets acquired (goodwill)	\$2,410	

The Company estimated the fair value for most loans acquired from PIB by utilizing a methodology wherein loans with comparable characteristics were aggregated by type of collateral, remaining maturity, and repricing terms. Cash flows for each pool were determined by estimating future credit losses and the rate of prepayments. Projected monthly cash flows were then discounted to present value using a risk-adjusted market rate for similar loans. To estimate the fair value of the remaining loans, management analyzed the value of the underlying collateral of the loans, assuming the fair values of the loans were derived from the eventual sale of the collateral. The value of the collateral was based on recently completed appraisals adjusted to the valuation date based on recognized industry indices. We discounted those values using market derived rates of return, with consideration given to the period of time and costs associated with the foreclosure and disposition of the collateral. There was no carryover of PIB's allowance for loan losses associated with the loans we acquired as the loans were initially recorded at fair value. The loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality from PIB as of February 15, 2013 were as follows:

	(In thousands)
Contractually required principal and interest at acquisition	\$54,462
Contractual cash flows not expected to be collected (nonaccretable discount)	9,687
Expected cash flows at acquisition	44,775
Interest component of expected cash flows (accretable discount)	4.945
Fair value of acquired loans	\$39,830

The fair value of savings and transactional deposit accounts acquired from PIB was assumed to approximate the carrying value as these accounts have no stated maturity and are payable on demand. Certificates of deposit were valued by comparing the contractual cost of the the portfolio to an identical portfolio bearing current market rates. The projected cash flows from maturing certificates were calculated based on contractual rates. The fair value of the certificates of deposit was calculated by discounting their contractual cash flows at a market rate for a certificate of deposit with a corresponding maturity

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The fair value of borrowings assumed was determined by estimating projected future cash outflows and discounting them at a market rate of interest.

The fair value of the net deferred tax assets acquired from PIB was provisional and adjustments to the provisional amount may occur during the measurement period as the Company obtains additional information about the facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date.

The \$2.4 million of goodwill recognized in the PIB acquisition represents the future economic benefit arising from the acquisition including: the creation of a platform that can support future operations and strengthening the Company's existing presence in the Pacific Northwest market. Goodwill is not amortized for book purposes and is not deductible for tax purposes.

The goodwill arising from the PIB acquisition was reduced by a net \$1.1 million down to \$92.3 million due to adjustments to the deferred tax asset, which was provisional as of March 31, 2013, and other adjustments of certain acquisition date fair value asset and liability estimates during the second quarter of 2013.

ended June 30, 2013
(In thousands)

Balance, beginning of period \$93,404

Acquired goodwill —

Adjustment (1,116)

Impairment —

Balance, end of period \$92,288

The operating results of PIB from the date of acquisition through June 30, 2013 are included in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income for 2013 and are not material to the total consolidated operating results for the three and six month period ended June 30, 2013 and, consequently, no pro forma information is presented. Direct costs related to the acquisition were expensed as incurred as merger related expenses. The Company incurred \$81 thousand and \$1.3 million in PIB acquisition related expenses during three months and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. These expenses were comprised of salaries and benefits, occupancy expenses, professional services, and other non-interest expense.

4. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has a stock-based incentive plan, the 2007 BBCN Bancorp Equity Incentive Plan (the "2007 Plan"). The 2007 Plan, approved by our stockholders on May 31, 2007, was amended and restated on July 25, 2007 and again on December 1, 2011. The 2007 Plan provides for grants of stock options, stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), restricted stock, performance shares and performance units (sometimes referred to individually or collectively as "awards") to non-employee directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company. Stock options may be either incentive stock options ("ISOs"), as defined in Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), or nonqualified stock options ("NQSOs").

The 2007 Plan gives the Company flexibility to (i) attract and retain qualified non-employee directors, executives and other key employees and consultants with appropriate equity-based awards, (ii) motivate high levels of performance, (iii) recognize employee contributions to the Company's success, and (iv) align the interests of the 2007 Plan participants with those of the Company's stockholders. The exercise price for shares under an ISO may not be less than 100% of fair market value ("FMV") on the date the award is granted under Code Section 422. Similarly, under the terms of the 2007 Plan the exercise price for SARs and NQSOs may not be less than 100% of FMV on the date of grant. Performance units are awarded to a participant at the market price of the Company's common stock on the date of award (after the lapse of the restriction period and the attainment of the performance criteria). No minimum exercise price is prescribed for performance shares and restricted stock awarded under the 2007 Plan.

ISOs, SARs and NQSOs have vesting periods of three to five years and have 10-year contractual terms. Restricted stock, performance shares, and performance units will be granted with a restriction period of not less than one year from the grant date for performance-based awards and not more than three years from the grant date for time-based

For the three months

vesting of grants. Compensation expense for awards is recognized over the vesting period.

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The Company has another stock-based incentive plan, the Center Financial Corporation 2006 Stock Incentive Plan, adopted April 12, 2006, as amended and restated June 13, 2007 (the "2006 Plan"), which was assumed by the Company during the merger with Center Bank.

The 2006 Plan provides for the granting of incentive stock options to officers and employees, and non-qualified stock options and restricted stock awards to employees (including officers) and non-employee directors. The option prices of all options granted under the 2006 Plan must be not less than 100% of the fair market value at the date of grant. All options granted generally vest at the rate of 20% per year except that the options granted to the non-employee directors vest at the rate of 33% per year. All options not exercised generally expire ten years after the date of grant. Under the 2007 and 2006 Plans 2,659,119 shares were available for future grants as of June 30, 2013.

The total shares reserved for issuance will serve as the underlying value for all equity awards under the 2007 and 2006 Plans. With the exception of the shares underlying stock options and restricted stock awards, the board of directors may choose to settle the awards by paying the equivalent cash value or by delivering the appropriate number of shares.

The following is a summary of stock option activity under the 2007 and 2006 Plans for the six months ended June 30, 2013:

	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding - January 1, 2013	797,805	\$16.70		
Granted	_			
Exercised	(214,100)	8.64		
Forfeited	(43,844)	26.99		
Outstanding - June 30, 2013	539,861	\$19.06	3.14	\$120,000
Vested or expected to be vested - June 30, 2013	539,861	\$19.06	3.14	\$120,000
Options exercisable - June 30, 2013	531,861	\$19.22	3.10	\$75,000

The following is a summary of restricted and performance unit activity under the 2007 and 2006 Plans for the six months ended June 30, 2013:

	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding - January 1, 2013	512,183	\$9.78
Granted	48,000	12.83
Vested	(306,140) 10.16
Forfeited	(29,550) 10.42
Outstanding - June 30, 2013	224,493	\$10.75

The total fair value of performance units vested for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$3.9 million and \$22 thousand, respectively.

The amount charged against income related to stock-based payment arrangements was \$299 thousand and \$743 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, \$1.0 million and \$1.1 million was charged against income related to stock-based payment arrangements.

The income tax benefit recognized was \$1.3 million and \$308 thousand, for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and the amount recognized was \$1.2 million and \$477 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

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At June 30, 2013, total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock option grants and restricted and performance units aggregated \$2.0 million, and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average vesting period of 2.84 years.

5. Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

Basic EPS does not reflect the possibility of dilution that could result from the issuance of additional shares of common stock upon exercise or conversion of outstanding securities, and is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if stock options or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted to common stock that would then share in our earnings. For the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, stock options and restricted shares awards for approximately 192,000 shares and 564,000 shares of common stock, respectively, were excluded in computing diluted earnings per common share because they were antidilutive. For the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, stock options and restricted shares awards for approximately 199,000 shares and 564,000 shares of common stock, respectively, were excluded in computing diluted earnings per common share because they were antidilutive. Additionally, warrants to purchase 19,000 shares and 15,000 shares of common stock (related to the TARP Capital Purchase Plan) were antidilutive and excluded for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. Warrants to purchase 337,000 shares common stock (related to the TARP Capital Purchase Plan) were antidilutive and excluded for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013

The following table shows the computation of basic and diluted EPS for the three ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

	For the three m 2013 Net income available to common stockholders (Numerator)	onths ended Jur Shares (Denominator)	Per Share	2012 Net income available to common stockholders (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per Share (Amount)
N		except share and	•			
Net income as reported Less: preferred stock dividends	\$22,671			\$19,364		
and accretion of preferred stock discount	_			(3,771)		
Basic EPS - common stock	\$22,671	79,062,233	\$0.29	\$15,593	78,007,270	\$0.20
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Stock Options and Performance Units		155,890			79,063	
Common stock warrants		18,609			55,194	
Diluted EPS - common stock	\$22,671	79,236,732	\$0.29	\$15,593	78,141,527	\$0.20
Net income as reported Less: preferred stock dividends accretion of preferred stock discount	2013 Net income available to common stockholders (Numerator) (In thousand \$40,132		Per Share r) (Amount	\$43,298	Shares (Denominator)	Per Share (Amount)
Basic EPS - common stock	\$40,132	78,746,444	\$0.51	\$37,658	77,997,305	\$0.48

Effect of Dilutive Securities:

Stock Options and Performance Units		238,957			75,621	
Common stock warrants		15,410			48,333	
Diluted EPS - common stock	\$40,132	79,000,811	\$0.51	\$37.658	78,121,259	\$0.48

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6. Securities Available for Sale

The following is a summary of securities available for sale as of the dates indicated:

	At June 30, 2013					
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value		
	(In thousands))				
Debt securities:						
U.S. Government agency and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises						
Collateralized mortgage obligations	\$307,186	\$2,154	\$(7,598) \$301,742		
Mortgage-backed securities	401,159	3,901	(5,953) 399,107		
Trust preferred securities	4,509		(738) 3,771		
Municipal bonds	5,698	394	(36) 6,056		
Total debt securities	718,552	6,449	(14,325) 710,676		
Mutual funds	14,710		(147) 14,563		
	\$733,262	\$6,449	\$(14,472	\$725,239		
	At December	31, 2012				
	At December Amortized Cost	31, 2012 Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value		
	Amortized	Gross Unrealized Gains	Unrealized			
Debt securities: U.S. Government agency and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Unrealized			
U.S. Government agency and U.S. Government	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Unrealized			
U.S. Government agency and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises	Amortized Cost (In thousands)	Gross Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value		
U.S. Government agency and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises Collateralized mortgage obligations Mortgage-backed securities Trust preferred securities	Amortized Cost (In thousands) \$249,373 415,925 4,502	Gross Unrealized Gains \$5,649 10,277	Unrealized Losses \$(110	Fair Value) \$254,912		
U.S. Government agency and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises Collateralized mortgage obligations Mortgage-backed securities Trust preferred securities Municipal bonds	Amortized Cost (In thousands) \$249,373 415,925 4,502 4,506	Gross Unrealized Gains \$5,649 10,277 — 612	Unrealized Losses \$(110) (662) (665)	Fair Value) \$254,912) 425,540) 3,837 5,118		
U.S. Government agency and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises Collateralized mortgage obligations Mortgage-backed securities Trust preferred securities Municipal bonds Total debt securities	Amortized Cost (In thousands) \$249,373 415,925 4,502 4,506 674,306	Gross Unrealized Gains \$5,649 10,277 — 612 16,538	Unrealized Losses \$(110 (662	Fair Value) \$254,912) 425,540) 3,837 5,118) 689,407		
U.S. Government agency and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises Collateralized mortgage obligations Mortgage-backed securities Trust preferred securities Municipal bonds	Amortized Cost (In thousands) \$249,373 415,925 4,502 4,506	Gross Unrealized Gains \$5,649 10,277 — 612	Unrealized Losses \$(110) (662) (665)	Fair Value) \$254,912) 425,540) 3,837 5,118		

As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, there were no holdings of securities of any one issuer, other than the U.S. Government and its agencies, in an amount greater than 10% of stockholders' equity.

For the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, \$19.7 million of gross unrealized losses and \$809 thousand of gross unrealized gains, respectively, were included in accumulated other comprehensive income during the period. For the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, \$23.4 million of gross unrealized losses and \$493 thousand of gross unrealized gains, respectively, were included in accumulated other comprehensive income during the period. A total of \$54 thousand and \$816 thousand were reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income into earnings for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, as a result of securities being sold. There were no securities sold during the three month period ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

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The proceeds from sales of securities and the associated gross gains and losses recorded in earnings are listed below:

	For the through June 30,	ee months ended	For the six months ended Ju 30,				
	2013	2012	2013	2012			
	(In thousar	nds)					
Proceeds	\$ —	\$ —	\$6,636	\$1,883			
Gross gains		_	54	816			
Gross losses							

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of debt securities at June 30, 2013, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Securities not due at a single maturity date are shown separately.

	Amortized	Estimated
	Cost	Fair Value
	(In thousands	s)
Available for sale:		
Due within one year	\$ —	\$ —
Due after one year through five years	340	354
Due after five years through ten years	3,883	4,235
Due after ten years	5,984	5,238
U.S. Government agency and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises		
Collateralized mortgage obligations	307,186	301,742
Mortgage-backed securities	401,159	399,107
Mutual funds	14,710	14,563
	\$733,262	\$725,239

Securities with carrying values of approximately \$366.6 million and \$338.6 million at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, were pledged to secure public deposits, various borrowings and for other purposes as required or permitted by law.

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The following table shows our investments' gross unrealized losses and estimated fair value, aggregated by investment category and the length of time that the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position as of the dates indicated.

	At June 3 Less than	30, 2013 12 months			12 month	s or longer			Total			
Description of Securities	Number of Securities	of Fair Value	Gross Unrealize Losses	ed	Number of Securities	Fair Value	Gross Unrealize Losses	ed	Number of Securities	f Fair Value	Gross Unrealize Losses	:d
	(In thous	sands)										
Collateralized mortgage obligations*	18	\$175,605	\$(7,597)	_	\$—	\$—		18	\$175,605	\$(7,597)
Mortgage-backed securities*	^d 32	197,082	(5,839)	4	8,305	(114)	36	205,387	(5,953)
Trust preferred securities		_	_		1	3,771	(738)	1	3,771	(738)
Municipal bonds	s 1	1,156	(37)	_	_	_		1	1,156	(37)
Mutual funds	1	10,563	(147)					1	10,563	(147)
	52	\$384,406	\$(13,620)	5	\$12,076	\$(852)	57	\$396,482	\$(14,472)

^{*} Investments in U.S. Government agency and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises

	At Decem	nber 31, 201	2									
	Less than	12 months		12 month	s or longer		Total	Total				
Description of Securities	Number of Securities	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Number of Securities	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Number of Securities	Fair Value	Gross Unrealize Losses	ed		
	(In thous	ands)										
Collateralized mortgage obligations*	3	\$18,009	\$(110)	_	\$—	\$—	3	\$18,009	\$(110)		
Mortgage-backed securities*	¹ 7	32,406	(597)	3	8,251	(65)	10	40,657	(662)		
Trust Preferred securities	_	_	_	1	3,837	(665)	1	3,837	(665)		
	10	\$50,415	\$(707)	4	\$12,088	\$(730)	14	\$62,503	\$(1,437)		

^{*} Investments in U.S. Government agency and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises

The Company evaluates securities for other-than-temporary-impairment ("OTTI") on at least a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. Consideration is given to the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, the length of time and the extent to which the fair values of the securities have been less than the cost of the securities, and management's intention to sell, or whether it is more likely than not that management will be required to sell, a security in an unrealized loss position before recovery of its amortized cost basis. In analyzing an issuer's financial condition, the Company considers whether the securities are issued by the federal government or its agencies, whether downgrades by bond rating agencies have occurred, and the results of reviews of the issuer's financial condition.

The trust preferred securities at June 30, 2013 had an amortized cost of \$4.5 million and an unrealized loss of \$738 thousand at June 30, 2013. The trust preferred securities are scheduled to mature in May 2047. These securities are rated investment grade and there are no credit quality concerns with the obligor. Certain of the Company's U.S.

Government agency and U.S. Government sponsored enterprise investments were in an unrealized loss position at June 30, 2013. All of the Company's U.S. Government agency and U.S. Government sponsored enterprise investments have high credit ratings ("AA" grade). Interest on the trust preferred securities and the U.S. Government agency and U.S. Government sponsored enterprise investments have been paid as agreed, and management believes this will continue in the future and that the securities will be repaid in full as scheduled. The market value declines for these securities are deemed to be due to the current market volatility

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and are not reflective of management's expectations of its ability to fully recover these investments, which may be at maturity. For these reasons, no OTTI was recognized on the trust preferred securities and the U.S. Government agency and U.S. Government sponsored collateralized mortgage obligations and mortgage-backed securities that are in an unrealized loss position at June 30, 2013.

The Company considers the losses on the investments in unrealized loss positions at June 30, 2013 to be temporary based on: 1) the likelihood of recovery; 2) the information relative to the extent and duration of the decline in market value; and 3) the Company's intention not to sell, and management's determination that it is more likely than not that management will not be required to sell a security in an unrealized loss position before recovery of its amortized cost basis.

7. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Loan Losses
The following is a summary of loans receivable by major category:

	June 30, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	(In thousands)			
Loan portfolio composition				
Real estate loans:				
Residential	\$9,849		\$9,247	
Commercial & industrial	3,328,606		3,100,466	
Construction	74,165		65,045	
Total real estate loans	3,412,620		3,174,758	
Commercial business	942,369		921,556	
Trade finance	117,827		152,070	
Consumer and other	47,088		49,954	
Total loans outstanding	4,519,904		4,298,338	
Less: deferred loan fees	(1,782)	(2,086)
Gross loans receivable	4,518,122		4,296,252	
Less: allowance for loan losses	(71,675)	(66,941)
Loans receivable, net	\$4,446,447		\$4,229,311	

Our loan portfolio is made up of four segments: real estate loans, commercial business, trade finance and consumer and other. These segments are further segregated between loans accounted for under the amortized cost method ("Legacy Loans") and acquired loans that were originally recorded at fair value with no carryover of the related pre-acquisition allowance for loan losses ("Acquired Loans"). The Acquired Loans are further segregated between Acquired Credit Impaired Loans (loans with credit deterioration on the acquisition date and accounted for under ASC 310-30) and Acquired Performing Loans (loans that were pass graded on the acquisition date and the fair value adjustment is amortized over the contractual life under ASC 310-20). The outstanding principal balance and the related carrying amount of the acquired PIB loans included in the statement of financial condition as of June 30, 2013 was \$143.0 million and \$121.6 million, respectively.

The following table presents changes in the accretable discount on the Acquired Credit Impaired Loans for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

	Three Mont	hs Er	nded June 30,	,	Six Months	onths Ended June 30		
	2013		2012		2013		2012	
	(In thousand	ds)						
Balance at beginning of period	\$23,410		\$29,788		\$18,651		\$31,999	
Additions due to acquisitions during the period					4,945			
Accretion	(3,586)	(3,890)	(7,032)	(7,451)
Changes in expected cash flows	17,266		(2,932)	20,526		(1,582)
Balance at end of period	\$37,090		\$22,966		\$37,090		\$22,966	

On the acquisition date, the amount by which the undiscounted expected cash flows exceed the estimated fair value of the Acquired Credit Impaired Loans is the "accretable yield". The accretable yield is then measured at each financial reporting date and represents the difference between the remaining undiscounted expected cash flows and the current carrying value of the loans. The accretable yield will change from period to period due to the following: 1) estimates of the remaining life of acquired loans will affect the amount of future interest income, 2) indices for variable rates of interest on Acquired Credit Impaired Loans may change; and 3) estimates of the amount of the contractual principal and interest that will not be collected (nonaccretable difference) may change.

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Balance, end of

period

\$37,237 \$20,880

The following tables detail the activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

Three Months Ende	Legacy Real Estate (In thousa	*	l Trade Finance	Consumer and Other		d Commercia Business		Consumer and Other	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$43,709	\$ 16,522	\$1,698	\$538	\$9,889	\$ 809	\$ <i>—</i>	\$103	\$73,268
Provision (credit) for loan losses	r(1,057)	1,043	637	(20)	(233)	484	_	(54)	800
Loans charged off	(777)	(1,413)		(2)	(24)	(684)		_	(2,900)
Recoveries of charged offs	57	368	_	12	_	45	_	25	507
Balance, end of period	\$41,932	\$ 16,520	\$2,335	\$528	\$9,632	\$ 654	\$ <i>—</i>	\$74	\$71,675
Six Months Ended June 30, 2013									
Balance, beginning of period	\$41,505	\$ 16,490	\$2,349	\$658	\$4,718	\$ 1,115	\$3	\$103	\$66,941
Provision (credit) for loan losses	r ² ,012	1,082	12	(149)	5,087	295	(3)	(30)	8,306
Loans charged off	(1,682)	(1,596)	(26)	(9)	(175)	(808)		(33)	(4,329)
Recoveries of charged offs	97	544	0	28	2	52	_	34	757
Balance, end of period	\$41,932	\$ 16,520	\$2,335	\$528	\$9,632	\$ 654	\$ <i>-</i>	\$74	\$71,675
	Legacy				Acquire	d		C	
	Real Estate	Commercia Business	l Trade Finance	Consumer and Other		Commercia Business	alTrade Finance	Consumer and Other	Total
Three Months Ende	(In thousa							3	
Balance, beginning of period	\$35,809	\$ 21,591	\$1,823	\$1,010	\$1,543	\$ 517	\$ 16	\$ —	\$62,309
Provision (credit) for loan losses	^{or} 2,650	588	1,341	569	895	440	624	75	7,182
	(2,330)	(1,534)		(482)	(155)	(590)	(300)	(218)	(5,609)
Recoveries of	1,108	235		18		30		232	1,623

\$3,164 \$1,115

\$2,283 \$397

\$ 340

\$89

\$65,505

Six Months Ended June 30, 2012												
Balance, beginning of period	\$39,040	\$ 20,681	\$1,786	\$445		\$—	\$ <i>—</i>		\$ <i>—</i>	\$—		\$61,952
Provision (credit) for loan losses	r _{1,333}	2,215	1,318	1,118		2,149	917		640	92		9,782
Loans charged off	(4,264)	(2,896)		(483)	(169)	(637)	(300)	(243)	(8,992)
Recoveries of charged offs	1,128	880	60	35		303	117		_	240		2,763
Balance, end of period	\$37,237	\$ 20,880	\$3,164	\$1,115		\$2,283	\$ 397		\$ 340	\$89		\$65,505
24												

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The following tables disaggregate the allowance for loan losses and the loans receivables by impairment methodology at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

	June 30, 20 Legacy	13			Acquired					
	Real Estate	Commerce Business	ialTrade Finance	Consum and Other	er Real Estate	Commerce Business		Consume and oce Other	Total	
	(In thousand	ds)								
Allowance for loa	an losses:									
Individually evaluated for	\$5,993	\$ 2,890	\$481	\$7	\$5,096	\$ 654	\$ —	\$ —	\$15,121	
impairment	Ψυ,ννυ	Ψ 2,000	ΨΙΟΙ	Ψ /	Ψ2,070	Ψ 0.5 1	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ13,121	
Collectively										
evaluated for	35,939	13,630	1,854	521	1	_		74	52,019	
impairment Acquired Credit										
Impaired Loans		_	_	_	4,535	_		_	4,535	
Total	\$41,932	\$ 16,520	\$2,335	\$528	\$9,632	\$654	\$ —	\$74	\$71,675	
I come outstandin	~-									
Loans outstanding Individually	g:									
evaluated for	\$42,796	\$ 24,455	\$940	\$1,032	\$24,948	\$ 3,228	\$ —	\$773	\$98,172	
impairment										
Collectively	2 (27 010	760.020	116 007	20.200	500.246	102 500		10.004	4.066.670	
evaluated for impairment	2,637,818	768,830	116,887	29,298	599,246	103,599		10,994	4,266,672	
Acquired Credit					107.012	40.057		4.001	155.000	
Impaired Loans		_			107,812	42,257		4,991	155,060	
Total	\$2,680,614	\$ 793,285	\$117,827	\$30,330	\$732,000	5 \$ 149,084	4 \$—	\$16,758	\$4,519,904	
	December 31	2012								
	Legacy	1, 2012			Acquired					
		Commercia	Trade	Consumer	Real	Commercia	Trade	Consume	er Total	
	Real Estate		Finance	anu	Estate	Business	Finance	and	Total	
	(In thousands	(2		Other				Other		
Allowance for loa	•	3)								
Individually										
evaluated for	\$4,723	\$3,084	\$96	\$ —	\$183	\$ 1,074	\$—	\$ —	\$9,160	
impairment Collectively										
evaluated for	36,782	13,406	2,253	658	_	41	3	103	53,246	
impairment	,	, -	,						, -	
Acquired Credit	_	_	_		4,535	_	_		4,535	
Impaired Loans Total	\$41,505	\$ 16,490	\$2,349			\$1,115	\$3	\$103	\$66,941	
	, - 00	, ., .	,/	,	,	,		+ ·		

Loans outstanding: Individually									
evaluated for	\$37,394	\$23,951	\$6,199	\$536	\$17,951	\$3,323	\$ —	\$802	\$90,156
impairment									
Collectively									
evaluated for	2,387,080	729,904	144,173	27,284	628,449	114,621	242	18,257	4,050,010
impairment									
Acquired Credit					102 004	40.757	1 450	2.075	150 170
Impaired Loans	_		_		103,884	49,757	1,456	3,075	158,172
Total	\$2,424,474	\$753,855	\$150,372	\$27,820	\$750,284	\$167,701	\$1,698	\$22,134	\$4,298,338
As of June 30, 20)13 and Dece	mber 31, 20	12, the liab	ility for ur	nfunded cor	nmitments v	was \$802	thousand	for both
periods. For the t		-	•	•					
unfunded commi			-		_				
the recognized pr									
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The recorded investment in individually impaired loans was as follows:

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
	(In thousands)	
With Allocated Allowance		
Without charge-off	\$69,993	\$65,526
With charge-off	894	2,599
With No Allocated Allowance		
Without charge-off	21,906	17,536
With charge-off	5,379	4,495
Allowance on Impaired Loans	(15,121	(9,160)
Impaired Loans, net of allowance	\$83,051	\$80,996
•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

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The following tables detail impaired loans (Legacy and Acquired) as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and for the year ended December 31, 2012. Loans with no related allowance for loan losses are believed by management to have adequate collateral securing their carrying value.

	Ac of June 30 2013		For the six ended June		For the three months ended June 30, 2013		
Total Impaired Loans	Recorded Investmen	Unpaid Contractual t*Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment	_	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized *during Impairment
	(In thousa	nds)			r		F
With Related Allowance: Real Estate—Residential	\$—	\$ —	\$	\$—	\$ <i>—</i>	\$—	\$—
Real Estate—Commercial	0.421	0.500	1 204	7.500	116	0.556	72
Retail	9,431	9,590	1,394	7,529	116	8,556	73
Hotel & Motel	12,102	12,926	2,930	11,077	275	12,120	138
Gas Station & Car Wash	1,862	1,937	107	1,711	53	1,621	27
Mixed Use	1,818	1,880	276	1,223	23	1,385	10
Industrial & Warehouse	13,438	14,128	5,082	8,880	127	12,283	62
Other	5,780	6,798	1,300	11,041	110	8,469	55
Real Estate—Construction		_		_	_		
Commercial Business	24,964	26,582	3,544	24,529	550	23,617	270
Trade Finance	940	967	481	4,675		3,913	
Consumer and Other	552	552	7	221	11	303	6
	\$70,887	\$ 75,360	\$15,121	\$70,886	\$ 1,265	\$72,267	\$641
With No Related Allowance:							
Real Estate—Residential	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Real Estate—Commercial							
Retail	5,362	7,692		3,063	_	3,336	_
Hotel & Motel	6,004	9,196		6,114	_	6,065	_
Gas Station & Car Wash	3,291	6,864		3,085		3,762	
Mixed Use				593		441	
Industrial & Warehouse	4,815	7,795		4,684	5	4,830	3
Other	2,165	4,597	_	3,531	16	4,111	8
Real Estate—Construction	1,676	1,676	_	1,690	45	1,680	22
Commercial Business	2,719	4,505		1,877	_	2,356	_
Trade Finance		_		_	_		_
Consumer and Other	1,253	1,311		1,266	10	1,259	5
	\$27,285	\$ 43,636	\$	\$25,903	\$ 76	\$27,840	\$38
Total	\$98,172	\$ 118,996	\$15,121	\$96,789	\$ 1,341	\$100,107	\$679

^{*}Unpaid contractual principal balance less charge-offs, interest applied to principal and purchase discounts.

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	For the six months		For the three months	
	ended June	•	ended June 30, 2012	
	A	Interest	A	Interest
T . 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Average	Income	Average	Income
Total Impaired Loans	Recorded	•		-
	Investmen	•	Investmen	-
		Impairment		Impairment
With Related Allowance:				
Real Estate—Residential	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>
Real Estate—Commercial				
Retail	2,543	53	2,910	21
Hotel & Motel	21,037	433	22,835	211
Gas Station & Car Wash	3,653	46	4,346	23
Mixed Use	4,391	103	5,175	46
Industrial & Warehouse	3,646	27	3,348	13
Other	13,150	179	12,235	87
Real Estate—Construction	43	_	_	
Commercial Business	23,874	426	25,975	209
Trade Finance	1,646	14	220	7
Consumer and Other	160		240	
	\$74,143	\$1,281	\$77,284	\$617
With No Related Allowance:				
Real Estate—Residential	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ —	\$ <i>-</i>
Real Estate—Commercial				
Retail	1,530	_	1,261	
Hotel & Motel	94		141	
Gas Station & Car Wash	1,323	_	1,841	
Mixed Use	_	_		
Industrial & Warehouse	5,526	18	6,547	9
Other	3,016	17	3,221	8
Real Estate—Construction	1,710	56	1,710	28
Commercial Business	12,597	10	11,057	5
Trade Finance	1,576	57	2,131	42
Consumer and Other	144		141	
	\$27,516	\$ 158	\$28,050	\$92
Total	\$101,659	\$1,439	\$105,334	\$ 709

^{*}Unpaid contractual principal balance less charge-offs, interest applied to principal and purchase discounts.

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	As of June	30, 2013		For the six ended June	2013	For the three ended June	
Impaired Acquired Loans	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Contractual t*Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized *during Impairment	Average Recorded Investment	-
	(In thousar	nds)			•		1
With Related Allowance: Real Estate—Residential Real Estate—Communication	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Real Estate—Commercial Retail	1,271	1,271	18	1,546	27	1,676	13
Hotel & Motel							
Gas Station & Car Wash	810	885	95	270	30	405	16
Mixed Use							
Industrial & Warehouse	10,180	10,870	4,964	7,095	_	10,227	_
Other	159	166	19	2,525	5	1,652	2
Real Estate—Construction	_	_					_
Commercial Business	3,208	3,423	654	3,112	3	3,181	2
Trade Finance	_	_		_	_	_	
Consumer and Other							
	\$15,628	\$ 16,615	\$5,750	\$14,548	\$65	\$17,141	\$33
With No Related Allowance:							
Real Estate—Residential	\$—	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ —	\$ —	\$—	\$ —	\$ —
Real Estate—Commercial							
Retail	872	957		577	_	466	
Hotel & Motel	5,869	7,375		5,929	_	5,899	
Gas Station & Car Wash	765	2,136	_	1,132	_	1,311	_
Mixed Use	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Industrial & Warehouse	3,383	3,658		3,324	5	3,391	3
Other	1,639	2,339	_	1,397	16	1,692	8
Real Estate—Construction	_	_			_		
Commercial Business	20	20	_	189	_	109	_
Trade Finance			_		_		_
Consumer and Other	773	831		786		779	
	\$13,321	\$ 17,316	\$— • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$13,334	\$21	\$13,647	\$11
Total	\$28,949	\$ 33,931	\$5,750	\$27,882	\$86	\$30,788	\$44

^{*}Unpaid contractual principal balance less charge-offs, interest applied to principal and purchase discounts.

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	ended June	For the six months ended June 30, 2012 Interest		ree months e 30, 2012 Interest	
Impaired Acquired Loans	Recorded	Investment*during		Income Recognized t*during	
		Impairment		Impairment	
With Related Allowance:					
Real Estate—Residential	\$—	\$ —	\$	\$ —	
Real Estate—Commercial					
Retail	390	27	585	8	
Hotel & Motel	4,109	120	6,163	(12)	
Gas Station & Car Wash	95	_	142		
Mixed Use		_			
Industrial & Warehouse		_			
Other	12	_	17		
Real Estate—Construction		_	_		
Commercial Business	681	39	1,021	16	
Trade Finance		_	_		
Consumer and Other		_	_		
	\$5,287	\$186	\$7,928	\$12	
With No Related Allowance:					
Real Estate—Residential	\$ —	\$—	\$ —	\$—	
Real Estate—Commercial					
Retail					
Hotel & Motel			_		
Gas Station & Car Wash	489	11	734	1	
Mixed Use		_	_	_	
Industrial & Warehouse	2,278		3,417	9	
Other	1,108	26	1,662	12	
Real Estate—Construction					
Commercial Business	875	21	1,313	13	
Trade Finance	_	_	_	_	
Consumer and Other	_	_	_	_	
Total	\$4,750 \$10,037	\$57 \$243	\$7,126 \$15,054	\$35 \$47	

^{*}Unpaid contractual principal balance less charge-offs, interest applied to principal and purchase discounts.

The table above includes only Acquired Loans that became impaired.

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	As of Decem	aber 31, 2012	For the year ended December 31, 2012		
Total Impaired Loans	Recorded Investment*	Unpaid Contractual Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment*	Interest Income Recognized during Impairment
	(In thousands	s)			•
With Related Allowance: Real Estate—Residential Real Estate—Commercial	\$	\$ —	\$—	\$—	\$—
Retail	5,477	5,610	1,167	3,512	255
Hotel & Motel	8,990	8,995	1,860	17,536	426
Gas Station & Car Wash	1,892	2,440	73	2,908	_
Mixed Use	900	976	250	3,182	
Industrial & Warehouse	2,074	2,153	567	3,052	66
Other	16,184	16,389	989	14,322	805
Real Estate—Construction	_	_		26	
Commercial Business	26,354	29,073	4,158	25,227	1,252
Trade Finance	6,199	7,173	96	3,510	248
Consumer and Other	55	56		119	4
	\$68,125	\$72,865	\$9,160	\$73,394	\$3,056
With No Related Allowance:					
Real Estate—Residential	\$—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Real Estate—Commercial					
Retail	2,516	5,404		1,602	48
Hotel & Motel	6,212	8,202		1,365	
Gas Station & Car Wash	1,731	4,359		1,775	
Mixed Use	899	923		180	
Industrial & Warehouse	4,392	6,450		4,408	160
Other	2,371	6,283	_	2,598	_
Real Estate—Construction	1,710	1,710		1,710	111
Commercial Business	920	1,368		8,028	18
Trade Finance		_	_	946	_
Consumer and Other	1,280	1,316	_	357	20
	\$22,031	\$36,015	\$ —	\$22,969	\$357
Total	\$90,156	\$108,880	\$9,160	\$96,363	\$3,413

^{*}Unpaid contractual principal balance less charge-offs, interest applied to principal and purchase discounts.

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	As of Decem	aber 31, 2012	For the year ended December 31, 2012				
Impaired Acquired Loans	Recorded Investment*	Unpaid Contractual Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment*	Interest Income Recognized during Impairment		
	(In thousands)						
With Related Allowance: Real Estate—Residential Real Estate—Commercial	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$—		
Retail	1,286	1,286	9	920	64		
Hotel & Motel	_	_		3,676			
Gas Station & Car Wash	_	_	_	57			
Mixed Use	_	_	_				
Industrial & Warehouse	832	887	2	331	36		
Other	4,272	4,461	172	1,711	288		
Real Estate—Construction		_					
Commercial Business	2,974	3,072	1,074	1,625	26		
Trade Finance	_	_	_	_	_		
Consumer and Other	_	_	_				
	\$9,364	\$9,706	\$1,257	\$8,320	\$414		
With No Related Allowance:							
Real Estate—Residential	\$ —	\$—	\$ —	\$—	\$ —		
Real Estate—Commercial							
Retail	800	840	_	161	48		
Hotel & Motel	5,990	7,375	_	1,198	_		
Gas Station & Car Wash	774	1,865	_	608			
Mixed Use			_				
Industrial & Warehouse	3,190	3,302		2,005	160		
Other	807	3,156		993	_		
Real Estate—Construction							
Commercial Business	349	681		680	15		
Trade Finance					_		
Consumer and Other	802 \$12.712	836	<u> </u>	160	— ¢222		
Total	\$12,712	\$18,055	\$— \$1.257	\$5,805 \$14,125	\$223		
Total	\$22,076	\$27,761	\$1,257	\$14,125	\$637		

^{*}Unpaid contractual principal balance less charge-offs, interest applied to principal and purchase discounts.

Generally, loans are placed on nonaccrual status if principal or interest payments become 90 days past due and/or management deems the collectability of the principal and/or interest to be in question, as well as when required by regulatory requirements. Loans to a customer whose financial condition has deteriorated are considered for nonaccrual status whether or not the loan is 90 days or more past due. Generally, payments received on nonaccrual loans are recorded as principal reductions. Loans are returned to accrual status when all the principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and future payments are reasonably assured.

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The following tables present the aging of past due loans as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 by class of loans:

As of June 30, 2013

Past Due and Accruing

	r ast Bac t					
	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due	Total	Nonaccrual Loans (3)	Total Delinquent Loans
	(In thousa	nds)				
Legacy Loans:	(
Real estate—Residential	\$ —	\$ —	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$ <i>-</i>
Real estate—Commercial						
Retail	56			56	6,539	6,595
Hotel & Motel	311			311	196	507
Gas Station & Car Wash					2,525	2,525
Mixed Use			_	_	1,007	1,007
Industrial & Warehouse	122		_	122	1,432	1,554
Other	364		_	364	1,284	1,648
Real estate—Construction	_		_	_		_
Commercial business	1,182	85	_	1,267	5,578	6,845
Trade finance			_		940	940
Consumer and other	21	_		21		21
Subtotal	\$2,056	\$85	\$	\$2,141	\$ 19,501	\$ 21,642
Acquired Loans: (1)						
Real estate—Residential	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$	\$	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ <i>-</i>
Real estate—Commercial						
Retail	1,361	773	1,843	3,977	860	4,837
Hotel & Motel	3,200		5,064	8,264	5,869	14,133
Gas Station & Car Wash	637	2,043	5,992	8,672	765	9,437
Mixed Use	56		239	295		295
Industrial & Warehouse	458	121	265	844	13,441	14,285
Other	2,262	522	969	3,753	659	4,412
Real estate—Construction	_		_	_		
Commercial business	359	2,102	3,887	6,348	3,111	9,459
Trade finance			_	_		
Consumer and other	257	13	528	798	781	1,579
Subtotal ⁽²⁾	\$8,590	\$5,574	\$18,787	\$32,951	\$ 25,486	\$ 58,437
TOTAL	\$10,646	\$5,659	\$18,787	\$35,092	\$44,987	\$ 80,079

⁽¹⁾ The Acquired Loans include Acquired Credit Impaired Loans (ASC 310-30 loans) and Acquired Performing Loans (loans that were pass graded at the time of acquisition).

The past due and accruing Acquired Loans include Acquired Credit Impaired Loans accounted for under ASC

^{(2) 310-30} of \$6.8 million, \$3.5 million and \$18.8 million that were 30-59 days, 60-89 days and 90 or more days past due, respectively.

⁽³⁾ Nonaccrual loans exclude the guaranteed portion of delinquent SBA loans that are in liquidation totaling \$21.0 million.

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	As of December 31, 2012 Past Due and Accruing						
	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due	Total	Nonaccrual Loans (3)	Total Delinquent Loans	
	(In Thous	ands)					
Legacy Loans:							
Real estate—Residential	\$ —	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ —	\$ —	\$—	\$—	
Real estate—Commercial							
Retail	87		_	87	3,316	3,403	
Hotel & Motel	_		_		437	437	
Gas Station & Car Wash	359	_	_	359	2,848	3,207	
Mixed Use	34	_	_	34	1,799	1,833	
Industrial & Warehouse	_	_	_	_	1,950	1,950	
Other	_	115	_	115	2,379	2,494	
Real estate—Construction	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Commercial business	298	234	_	532	4,942	5,474	
Trade finance	_	_	_	_	869	869	
Consumer and other	190		_	190		190	
Subtotal	\$968	\$ 349	\$ —	\$1,317	\$ 18,540	\$ 19,857	
Acquired Loans: (1)							
Real estate—Residential	\$ —	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ —	\$ —	\$—	\$—	
Real estate—Commercial							
Retail	1,126	6,604	1,190	8,920		8,920	
Hotel & Motel	1,522	2,668	944	5,134	5,990	11,124	
Gas Station & Car Wash	2,218	1,109	875	4,202	774	4,976	
Mixed Use	985	1,918	1,507	4,410		4,410	
Industrial & Warehouse	53	3,320	61	3,434		3,434	
Other	50	25	5,542	5,617	937	6,554	
Real estate—Construction			5,972	5,972		5,972	
Commercial business	1,359	1,174	1,236	3,769	2,442	6,211	
Trade finance			_				
Consumer and other	98	17	415	530	970	1,500	
Subtotal ⁽²⁾	\$7,411	\$ 16,835	\$17,742	\$41,988	\$11,113	\$ 53,101	
TOTAL	\$8,379	\$17,184	\$17,742	\$43,305	\$29,653	\$ 72,958	

⁽¹⁾ The Acquired Loans include Acquired Credit Impaired Loans (ASC 310-30 loans) and Acquired Performing Loans (loans that were pass graded at the time of the acquisition).

Loans accounted for under ASC 310-30 are generally considered accruing and performing loans and the accretable discount is accreted to interest income over the estimated life of the loan when cash flows are reasonably estimable. Accordingly, Acquired Credit Impaired Loans that are contractually past due are still considered to be accruing and performing loans. The loans may be classified as nonaccrual if the timing and amount of future cash flows is not reasonably estimable.

The past due and accruing Acquired Loans include Acquired Credit Impaired Loans accounted for under ASC

^{(2) 310-30} of \$7.0 million, \$12.1 million and \$17.7 million that were 30-59 days, 60-89 days and 90 or more days past due, respectively.

⁽³⁾ Nonaccrual loans exclude guaranteed portion of delinquent SBA loans that are in liquidation totaling \$17.6 million.

We categorize loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt, including, but not limited to, current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends. We analyze loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. This analysis includes all non-homogeneous loans. This analysis is performed at least on a quarterly basis. We use the following definitions for risk ratings:

Pass: Loans that meet a preponderance or more of the Company's underwriting criteria and evidence an acceptable level of risk.

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Special Mention: Loans classified as special mention have a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position at some future date.

Substandard: Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the repayment of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful/Loss: Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as

• substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or repayment in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

The following tables present the risk rating for Legacy Loans and Acquired Loans as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 by class of loans:

•	As of June 30, 2013					
	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful/Loss	Total	
	(In thousands					
Legacy Loans:						
Real estate—Residential	\$9,058	\$ —	\$19	\$ —	\$9,077	
Real estate—Commercial						
Retail	672,250	953	16,945	_	690,148	
Hotel & Motel	490,162	1,869	13,790	_	505,821	
Gas Station & Car Wash	415,386	1,010	9,233	_	425,629	
Mixed Use	235,803	2,104	3,411	_	241,318	
Industrial & Warehouse	212,188	14,296	7,357	_	233,841	
Other	489,457	2,195	10,137	_	501,789	
Real estate—Construction	71,315		1,676	_	72,991	
Commercial business	737,365	30,328	25,440	152	793,285	
Trade finance	95,637	14,008	8,182	_	117,827	
Consumer and other	28,817	11	1,502	_	30,330	
Subtotal	\$3,457,438	\$66,774	\$97,692	\$ 152	\$3,622,056	
Acquired Loans:						
Real estate—Residential	\$232	\$292	\$247	\$ —	\$771	
Real estate—Commercial						
Retail	210,311	4,894	13,265	113	228,583	
Hotel & Motel	126,010	8,851	18,063	_	152,924	
Gas Station & Car Wash	37,965	5,562	13,227	_	56,754	
Mixed Use	29,641	2,413	4,600	_	36,654	
Industrial & Warehouse	92,193	3,618	19,216	_	115,027	
Other	117,130	5,407	17,582	_	140,119	
Real estate—Construction	1,174			_	1,174	
Commercial business	105,850	10,577	31,788	869	149,084	
Trade finance	_		_	_	_	
Consumer and other	12,495	400	3,770	93	16,758	
Subtotal	\$733,001	\$42,014	\$121,758	\$ 1,075	\$897,848	
Total	\$4,190,439	\$108,788	\$219,450	\$ 1,227	\$4,519,904	

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	As of Decem	ber 31, 2012			
	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful/Loss	Total
	(In thousands	s)			
Legacy Loans:					
Real estate—Residential	\$9,223	\$—	\$24	\$ —	\$9,247
Real estate—Commercial					
Retail	589,720	3,584	12,303	_	605,607
Hotel & Motel	453,908	1,894	16,795	_	472,597
Gas Station & Car Wash	370,803	1,288	9,982	_	382,073
Mixed Use	233,687	2,131	3,423	_	239,241
Industrial & Warehouse	202,066	1,010	4,295	370	207,741
Other	431,685	1,219	17,084	_	449,988
Real estate—Construction	56,270		1,710	_	57,980
Commercial business	726,073	6,164	21,514	104	753,855
Trade finance	136,197	7,976	6,199	_	150,372
Consumer and other	26,801	13	1,006	_	27,820
Subtotal	\$3,236,433	\$25,279	\$94,335	\$ 474	\$3,356,521
Acquired Loans:					
Real estate—Residential	\$—	\$ —	\$—	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ —
Real estate—Commercial					
Retail	225,982	6,469	17,331	_	249,782
Hotel & Motel	105,032	16,150	13,215	_	134,397
Gas Station & Car Wash	33,360	7,192	4,119	_	44,671
Mixed Use	34,927	3,826	6,526	_	45,279
Industrial & Warehouse	114,616	1,385	9,470	_	125,471
Other	121,667	4,473	17,479	_	143,619
Real estate—Construction	1,093		5,972	_	7,065
Commercial business	119,026	14,057	34,047	571	167,701
Trade finance	242	334	1,122	_	1,698
Consumer and other	17,292	424	4,329	89	22,134
Subtotal	\$773,237	\$54,310	\$113,610	\$ 660	\$941,817
Total	\$4,009,670	\$79,589	\$207,945	\$ 1,134	\$4,298,338

The adequacy of the allowance for loan losses is determined by management based upon an evaluation and review of the credit quality of the loan portfolio, consideration of historical loan loss experience, relevant internal and external factors that affect the collection of a loan, and other pertinent factors.

The Migration Analysis is a formula methodology based on the Bank's actual historical net charge-off experience for each loan class (type) pool, and risk grade. The migration analysis is centered on the Bank's internal credit risk rating system. Our internal loan review and external contracted credit review examinations are used to determine and validate loan risk grades. This credit review system takes into consideration factors such as: borrower's background and experience; historical and current financial condition; credit history and payment performance; economic conditions and their impact on various industries; type, fair value and volatility of the fair value of collateral; lien position; and the financial strength of any guarantors.

A general loan loss allowance is provided on loans not specifically identified as impaired ("non-impaired loans"). The Bank's general loan loss allowance has two components: quantitative and qualitative risk factors. The quantitative risk factors are based on a historical loss migration methodology. The loans are classified by class and risk grade and the historical loss migration is tracked for the various classes. Loss experience is quantified for a specified period and then weighted to place more significance to the most recent loss history. That loss experience is then applied to the

stratified portfolio at each quarter end. For the Acquired Performing Loans, a general loan loss allowance is provided to the extent that there has been credit deterioration since the date of acquisition.

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Additionally, in order to systematically quantify the credit risk impact of other trends and changes within the loan portfolio, the Bank utilizes qualitative adjustments to the Migration Analysis within established parameters. The parameters for making adjustments are established under a Credit Risk Matrix that provides seven possible scenarios for each of the factors below. The matrix allows for up to three positive (Major, Moderate, and Minor), three negative (Major, Moderate, and Minor), and one neutral credit risk scenarios within each factor for each loan type pool. Generally, the factors are considered to have no significant impact (neutral) to our historical migration ratios. However, if information exists to warrant adjustment to the Migration Analysis, changes are made in accordance with the established parameters supported by narrative and/or statistical analysis. The Credit Risk Matrix and the nine possible scenarios enable the Bank to qualitatively adjust the Loss Migration Ratio by as much as 50 basis points in either direction (positive or negative) for each loan type pool. This matrix considers the following nine factors, which are patterned after the guidelines provided under the FFIEC Interagency Policy Statement on the Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses:

Changes in lending policies and procedures, including underwriting standards and collection, charge-off, and recovery practices;

Changes in national and local economic and business conditions and developments, including the condition of various market segments;

Changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio;

Changes in the experience, ability and depth of lending management and staff;

Changes in the trends of the volume and severity of past due loans, Classified Loans, nonaccrual loans, troubled debt restructurings and other loan modifications;

Changes in the quality of our loan review system and the degree of oversight by the Directors;

Changes in the value of underlying collateral for collateral-dependent loans;

The existence and effect of any concentrations of credit and changes in the level of such concentrations; and The effect of external factors, such as competition and legal and regulatory requirements, on the level of estimated losses in our loan portfolio.

We also establish specific loss allowances for loans where we have identified potential credit risk conditions or circumstances related to a specific individual credit. The specific allowance amounts are determined by a method prescribed by FASB ASC 310-10-35-22, Measurement of Impairment. The loans identified as impaired will be accounted for in accordance with one of the three acceptable valuation methods: 1) the present value of future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate; 2) the loan's observable market price; or 3) the fair value of the collateral, if the loan is collateral dependent. For the collateral dependent impaired loans, we obtain a new appraisal to determine the amount of impairment as of the date that the loan became impaired. The appraisals are based on an "as is" valuation. To ensure that appraised values remain current, we either obtain updated appraisals every twelve months from a qualified independent appraiser or an internal evaluation of the collateral is performed by qualified personnel. If the third party market data indicates that the value of our collateral property has declined since the most recent valuation date, we adjust the value of the property downward to reflect current market conditions. If the fair value of the collateral, less cost to sell, is less than the recorded amount of the loan, we then recognize impairment by creating or adjusting an existing valuation allowance with a corresponding charge to the provision for loan losses. If an impaired loan is expected to be collected through liquidation of the underlying collateral, the loan is deemed to be collateral dependent and the amount of impairment is charged off against the allowance for loan losses. The Bank considers a loan to be impaired when it is probable that not all amounts due (principal and interest) will be collectible in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. The significance of payment delays and payment shortfalls is determined on a case-by-case basis by taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including the length of the delay, the reasons for the delay, the borrower's prior payment record and the amount of the shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed.

For commercial business loans, real estate loans and certain consumer loans, we base the measurement of loan impairment on the present value of the expected future cash flows, discounted at the loan's effective interest rate or on the fair value of the loan's collateral, less estimated costs to sell, if the loan is collateral dependent. We evaluate most consumer loans for impairment on a collective basis because these loans generally have smaller balances and are homogeneous in the underwriting of terms and conditions and in the type of collateral.

For our Acquired Credit Impaired Loans, the allowance for loan losses is based upon expected cash flows for these loans. To the extent that a deterioration in borrower credit quality results in a decrease in expected cash flows subsequent to the

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acquisition of the loans, an allowance for loan losses would be established based on our estimate of future credit losses over the remaining life of the loans.

The following table presents loans by portfolio segment and impairment method at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

Turnsing d	As of June 3 Real estate 4 Residential (In thousand	- Real estat Commerc		Real estat Construct		Commerci business	al	Trade finance		Consumer and other		Total	
Impaired loans (Gross carrying value)	\$—	\$66,068		\$1,676		\$27,683		\$940		\$1,805		\$98,172	
Specific allowance	\$—	\$11,089		\$—		\$3,544		\$481		\$7		\$15,121	
Loss coverage ratio	0.0	6 16.8	%	0.0	%	12.8	%	51.2	%	0.4	%	15.4	%
Non-impaired loans	d\$9,849	\$3,262,53	8	\$72,489		\$914,686		\$116,887		\$45,283		\$4,421,732	
General allowance	\$71	\$39,463		\$941		\$13,630		\$1,854		\$595		\$56,554	
Loss coverage ratio	0.7	6 1.2	%	1.3	%	1.5	%	1.6	%	1.3	%	1.3	%
Total loans	\$9,849	\$3,328,60	06	\$74,165		\$942,369		\$117,827		\$47,088		\$4,519,904	
Total allowance for loan losses	r\$71	\$50,552		\$941		\$17,174		\$2,335		\$602		\$71,675	
Loss coverage ratio	0.7	% 1.5	%	1.3	%	1.8	%	2.0	%	1.3	%	1.6	%
Impaired		nber 31, 201 Real estat Commerc ds)	e -	Real estat Construct		Commerci business	al	Trade finance		Consumer and other		Total	
loans (Gross carrying value)	\$—	\$53,634		\$1,710		\$27,274		\$6,199		\$1,338		\$90,155	
Specific allowance	\$—	\$4,906		\$—		\$4,158		\$96		\$—		\$9,160	
Loss coverage ratio		% 9.1	%	0.0	%	15.2	%	1.5	%	0.0	%	10.2	%
Non-impaired loans	^d \$9,247	\$3,046,83	32	\$63,335		\$894,282		\$145,871		\$48,616		\$4,208,183	
Touris	\$74	\$40,256		\$986		\$13,448		\$2,256		\$761		\$57,781	

General allowance														
Loss														
coverage	0.8	%	1.3	%	1.6	%	1.5	%	1.5	%	1.6	%	1.4	%
ratio														
Total loans	\$9,247		\$3,100,466		\$65,045		\$921,556		\$152,070		\$49,954		\$4,298,338	
Total														
allowance fo	r\$74		\$45,162		\$986		\$17,606		\$2,352		\$761		\$66,941	
loan losses														
Loss														
coverage	0.8	%	1.5	%	1.5	%	1.9	%	1.5	%	1.5	%	1.6	%
ratio														

Under certain circumstances, we provide borrowers relief through loan modifications. These modifications are either temporary in nature ("temporary modifications") or are more substantive. At June 30, 2013, total modified loans were \$67.2 million, compared to \$51.5 million at December 31, 2012. The temporary modifications generally consist of interest only payments for a three to six month period, whereby principal payments are deferred. At the end of the modification period, the remaining principal balance is re-amortized based on the original maturity date. Loans subject to temporary modifications are generally downgraded to Special Mention or Substandard. At the end of the modification period, the loan either 1) returns to the original contractual terms; 2) is further modified and accounted for as a troubled debt restructuring in accordance with ASC 310-10-35; or 3) is disposed of through foreclosure or liquidation.

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Troubled Debt Restructurings ("TDRs") of loans are defined by ASC 310-40, "Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors" and ASC 470-60, "Troubled Debt Restructurings by Debtors" and evaluated for impairment in accordance with ASC 310-10-35. The concessions may be granted in various forms, including reduction in the stated interest rate, reduction in the amount of principal amortization, forgiveness of a portion of a loan balance or accrued interest, or extension of the maturity date. In order to determine whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulty, an evaluation is performed on the probability that the borrower will be in payment default on any of its debt in the foreseeable future without the modification. This evaluation is performed under our internal underwriting policy. A summary of TDRs on accrual and nonaccrual by type of concession as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 is presented below:

-	Ac of Iuma 2	0.2012							
	As of June 3 TDRs on Ac	•			TDRs on N				
	Real estate - Commercial	Commercial Business	Other	Total	Real estate - Commercia	Commercial Business	Other	Total	Total
	(In thousand	s)							
Payment concession Maturity /	\$7,273	\$5,400	\$	\$12,673	\$14,760	\$2,779	\$773	\$18,312	\$30,985
Amortization concession	777	6,564	532	7,873	1,482	2,328	940	4,750	12,623
Rate concession	14,689	990	_	15,679	7,822	_	_	7,822	23,501
Principal forgiveness					_	56	_	56	56
Torgiveness	\$22,739	\$12,954	\$532	\$36,225	\$24,064	\$5,163	\$1,713	\$30,940	\$67,165
	As of Decem TDRs on Ac	nber 31, 2012 ecrual			TDRs on No	onaccrual			
	TDRs on Ac	crual Commercial	Other	Total	Real estate	Commercial	Other	Total	Total
	TDRs on Ac Real estate -	Commercial Business	Other	Total		Commercial	Other	Total	Total
Payment concession	TDRs on Ac Real estate - Commercial	Commercial Business	Other	Total \$10,295	Real estate	Commercial	Other \$802	Total \$10,155	Total \$20,450
•	TDRs on Ac Real estate - Commercial (In thousand	Commercial Business s)			Real estate - Commercia	Commercial Business	Other		
concession Maturity / Amortization concession Rate concession	TDRs on Ac Real estate - Commercial (In thousand \$9,608	Commercial Business s) \$687	\$	\$10,295	Real estate - Commercia \$4,735	Commercial Business \$4,618	\$802	\$10,155	\$20,450
concession Maturity / Amortization concession Rate	TDRs on Ac Real estate - Commercial (In thousand \$9,608	Commercial Business s) \$687 3,847	\$	\$10,295 4,731	Real estate Commercial \$4,735	Commercial Business \$4,618	\$802	\$10,155 3,462	\$20,450 8,193

TDRs on accrual status are comprised of loans that were accruing at the time of restructuring and for which the Bank anticipates full repayment of both principal and interest under the restructured terms. TDRs that are on nonaccrual can be returned to accrual status after a period of sustained performance, generally determined to be six months of timely payments as modified. Sustained performance includes the periods prior to the modification if the prior performance met or exceeded the modified terms. TDRs on accrual status at June 30, 2013 were comprised of 15 commercial real estate loans totaling \$22.7 million and 27 commercial business loans totaling \$13.0 million, and 2 consumer loans totaling \$532 thousand. TDRs on accrual status at December 31, 2012 were comprised of 12 commercial real estate

loans totaling \$23.6 million and 20 commercial business loans totaling \$5.8 million, and 2 consumer loans totaling \$536 thousand. The Company expects that the TDRs on accrual status as of June 30, 2013, which were all performing in accordance with their restructured terms, to continue to comply with the restructured terms because of the reduced principal or interest payments on these loans. TDRs that were restructured at market interest rates and had sustained performance as agreed under the modified loan terms may be reclassified as non-TDRs after each year end but are still monitored for potential impairment.

We have allocated \$12.6 million and \$6.3 million of specific reserves to TDRs as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we did not have any outstanding commitments to extend additional funds to these borrowers.

The following table presents loans by class modified as TDRs that occurred during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013:

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	Three Montl	ns Ended June 3	0, 2013	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013			
	Number of	Pre-	Post-	Number of	Pre-	Post-	
	Loans	Modification	Modification	Loans	Modification	Modification	
	(Dollars in t	housand)					
Legacy Loans:							
Real estate - Commercial							
Retail	2	\$4,132	\$4,272	4	\$4,871	\$4,979	
Hotel & Motel							
Gas Station & Car Wash				1	1,371	938	
Mixed Use							
Industrial & Warehouse				1	370	354	
Other							
Real estate - Construction							
Commercial business	7	6,256	6,242	9	7,270	7,247	
Trade Finance							
Subtotal	9	\$10,388	\$10,514	15	\$13,882	\$13,518	
Acquired Loans:							
Real estate - Commercial							
Retail		\$ —	\$ —		\$—	\$ <i>-</i>	
Hotel & Motel							
Gas Station & Car Wash				1	165	170	
Mixed Use							
Industrial & Warehouse	1	87	84	2	10,336	10,264	
Other	1	158	158	2	1,137	1,138	
Real estate - Construction							
Commercial business	3	203	198	5	1,055	380	
Trade Finance							
Subtotal	5	\$448	\$440	10	\$12,693	\$11,952	
Total	14	\$10,836	\$10,954	25	\$26,575	\$ 25,470	

The specific reserves for the TDRs that occurred during the three months and six months period ended June 30, 2013 totaled \$1.0 million and \$6.2 million, respectively, and there were \$0.0 million charge offs for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2013.

The following table presents loans by class for TDRs that have been modified within the previous twelve months and have subsequently had a payment default during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013:

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	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013			Ended 3	
	Number of Loans	Balance	Number of Loans	Balance	
	(Dollars In tho	usands)			
Legacy Loans:					
Real estate - Commercial					
Retail	1	\$748	1	\$748	
Gas Station & Car Wash	_			_	
Industrial & Warehouse					
Other	_			_	
Commercial Business	4	88	4	88	
Subtotal	5	\$836	5	\$836	
Acquired Loans:					
Real estate - Commercial					
Retail		\$ —		\$—	
Gas Station & Car Wash	1	170	1	170	
Hotel & Motel					
Industrial & Warehouse			1	10,180	
Other					
Commercial Business	3	1,083	3	1,083	
Subtotal	4	\$1,253	5	\$11,433	
	9	\$2,089	10	\$12,269	

A loan is considered to be in payment default once it is 30 days contractually past due under the modified terms. As of June 30, 2013, the specific reserves totaled \$238 thousand and \$5.2 million for the TDRs that had payment defaults during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. The total charge offs for the TDRs that had payment defaults during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 were \$387 thousand.

There were five Legacy Loans that subsequently defaulted during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2013 that were modified as follows: two Commercial Business loans totaling \$50 thousand were modified through maturity/amortization concessions, one Commercial Business loan totaling \$38 thousand was modified through a payment concession, and two Real Estate Commercial - Retail loan totaling \$748 thousand was modified through a rate concession.

The four Acquired Loans that subsequently defaulted during the three months ended June 30, 2013 were modified as follows: three Commercial Business loans totaling \$1.1 million were modified through payment concessions and one Real Estate Commercial - Gas Station & Car Wash loan totaling \$170 thousand was modified through payment concession.

The five Acquired Loans that subsequently defaulted during the six months ended June 30, 2013 were modified as follows: three Commercial Business loans totaling \$1.1 million were modified through payment concessions, one Real Estate Commercial - Gas Station & Car Wash loan totaling \$170 thousand was modified through payment concession, and one Real Estate Commercial - Industrial & Warehouse loan totaling \$10.2 million was modified through payment concession.

Covered Assets

On April 16, 2010, the Department of Financial Institutions closed Innovative Bank, California, and appointed the FDIC as its receiver. On the same date, the Bank assumed the banking operations of Innovative Bank from the FDIC under a purchase and assumption agreement and two related loss sharing agreements with the FDIC. Covered nonperforming assets totaled \$2.9 million and \$882 thousand at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. These covered nonperforming assets are subject to the loss sharing agreements with the FDIC. The

covered nonperforming assets at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were as follows:

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	June 30, 2013 (In thousands)	December 31, 2012
Covered loans on nonaccrual status	\$434	\$489
Covered OREO	2,417	393
Total covered nonperforming assets	\$2,851	\$882
Acquired covered loans	\$65,653	\$72,528

Related Party Loans

In the ordinary course of business, the Company entered into loan transactions with certain of its directors or associates of such directors ("Related Parties"). The loans to Related Parties are on substantially the same terms and conditions, including interest rates and collateral, as those prevailing at the same time for comparable transactions with unrelated parties. In management's opinion, these transactions did not involve more than normal credit risk or present other unfavorable features. All loans to Related Parties were current as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, and the outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 was \$8.2 million and \$11.1 million, respectively.

8. Borrowings

We maintain a secured credit facility with the FHLB against which the Bank may take advances. The borrowing capacity is limited to the lower of 30% of the Bank's total assets or the Bank's collateral capacity, which was \$1.59 billion at June 30, 2013 and \$1.35 billion at December 31, 2012. The terms of this credit facility require the Company to pledge eligible collateral with the FHLB equal to at least 100% of outstanding advances.

At June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, real estate secured loans with a carrying amount of approximately \$2.08 billion and \$2.04 billion, respectively, were pledged as collateral for borrowings from the FHLB. At June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, other than FHLB stock, no securities were pledged as collateral for borrowings from the FHLB.

At June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, FHLB advances were \$421.5 million and \$420.7 million, had a weighted average interest rate of 1.17% and 1.24%, respectively, and had various maturities through May 2018. At June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, \$66.5 million and \$66.7 million, respectively, of the advances were putable advances with various putable dates and strike prices. The cost of FHLB advances as of June 30, 2013 ranged between 0.47% and 3.89%. At June 30, 2013, the Company had a remaining borrowing capacity of \$1.17 billion. At June 30, 2013, the contractual maturities for FHLB advances were as follows:

	Contractual	Maturity/
	Maturities	Put Date
	(In thousands)	
Due within one year	\$40,000	\$91,540
Due after one year through five years	381,539	329,999
	\$421,539	\$421,539

In addition, as a member of the FRB system, we may also borrow from the FRB of San Francisco. The maximum amount that we may borrow from the FRB's discount window is up to 95% of the outstanding principal balance of the qualifying loans and the fair value of the securities that we pledge. At June 30, 2013, the outstanding principal balance of the qualifying loans was \$470.2 million, and no borrowings were outstanding against this line.

9. Subordinated Debentures

At June 30, 2013, four wholly-owned subsidiary grantor trusts established by former Nara Bancorp had issued \$28 million of pooled Trust Preferred Securities ("trust preferred securities") and one wholly-owned subsidiary grantor trust established by former Center Financial Corporation had issued \$18 million of trust preferred securities. Upon the acquisition of PIB, the Company assumed one grantor trust established by former PIB which issued \$4.0 million of

trust preferred securities, which the Company redeemed on June 17, 2013. Trust preferred securities accrue and pay distributions periodically at specified annual rates as provided in the indentures. The trusts used the net proceeds from the offering to purchase a like amount of subordinated debentures (the "Debentures") of BBCN Bancorp. The Debentures are the sole assets of the trusts. BBCN Bancorp's obligations under the subordinated debentures and related documents, taken together, constitute a full and unconditional guarantee by BBCN Bancorp of the obligations of the trusts. The trust preferred securities are mandatorily redeemable upon the maturity of the Debentures, or upon earlier redemption as provided in the indentures. BBCN Bancorp has

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the right to redeem the Debentures in whole (but not in part) on or after specific dates, at a redemption price specified in the indentures plus any accrued but unpaid interest to the redemption date. BBCN Bancorp also has a right to defer consecutive payments of interest on the debentures for up to five years.

The following table is a summary of trust preferred securities and debentures at June 30, 2013:

Issuance Trust	Issuance Date	Trust Preferred Security Amount (Dollars in th	Subordinated Debentures Amount ousands)	Rate Type	Initial Rate		Coupon Rate at June 30, 2013		Maturity Date
Nara Capital Trust III	6/5/2003	\$5,000	\$5,155	Variable	4.44	%	3.43	%	6/15/2033
Nara Statutory Trust IV	12/22/2003	5,000	5,155	Variable	4.02	%	3.15	%	1/7/2034
Nara Statutory Trust V	12/17/2003	10,000	10,310	Variable	4.12	%	3.23	%	12/17/2033
Nara Statutory Trust VI	3/22/2007	8,000	8,248	Variable	7.00	%	1.93	%	6/15/2037
Center Capital Trust I	12/30/2003	18,000	13,052	Variable	4.01	%	3.15	% ⁽¹⁾	1/7/2034
TOTAL ISSUANCE		\$46,000	\$41,920						

The Center Capital Trust I trust preferred security was assumed in the merger with Center Financial Corporation.

The remaining discount was \$5.5 million at June 30, 2013 and the effective rate of the security, including the effect of the discount accretion, was 6.03% at June 30, 2013.

The Company's investment in the common trust securities of the issuer trusts of \$1.6 million and \$1.6 million at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, is included in other assets. Although the subordinated debt issued by the trusts are not included as a component of stockholders' equity in the consolidated balance sheets, the debt is treated as capital for regulatory purposes. The trust preferred security debt issuances are includable in Tier I capital up to a maximum of 25% of capital on an aggregate basis. Any amount that exceeds 25% qualifies as Tier 2 capital. At June 30, 2013, \$40.5 million of the trusts' securities qualified as Tier 1 capital. In July 2010, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act") was signed into law which, among other things, limits the ability of bank holding companies with total assets of more than \$15 billion to treat trust preferred security debt issuances as Tier 1 capital. Since the Company had less than \$15 billion in assets at June 30, 2013, we will be able to continue to include its existing trust preferred securities in Tier 1 capital under the Dodd-Frank Act.

10. Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities

During the first quarter of 2010, the Company entered into a three-year interest rate cap agreement with an aggregate notional amount of \$50.0 million, which expired in February 2013. Under this cap agreement, the Company received quarterly payments from the counterparty when the quarterly resetting 3 Month London-Interbank Offered Rate exceeded the strike level of 2.00%. The upfront fee paid to the counterparty in entering into this interest rate cap agreement was \$890 thousand.

The interest rate cap agreement was considered "free-standing" due to the non-designation of a hedge relationship to any of the Company's financial assets or liabilities. Under FASB ASC 815, valuation gains or losses on interest rate caps not designated as hedging instruments are recognized in earnings.

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The effect of derivative instruments on the Consolidated Statement of Income for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months 30,	Ended June	une	
		2013	2012		2013	2012	
	Location of Gain or (Loss)	Amount of	Gain or		Amount of	Gain or (Loss	s)
	Recognized in Income on	(Loss) Reco	ognized in		Recognized	in Income or	n
	Derivatives	Income on I	Derivative	S	Derivatives		
		(In thousand	ds)				
Derivatives not designated as							
hedging instruments under FASB							
ASC 815:							
Interest rate contracts (1)	Other income	\$ —	\$(1)	\$ —	\$(9)

⁽¹⁾ Includes amounts representing the net interest payments as stated in the contractual agreements and the valuation gains or (losses) on interest rate contracts not designated as hedging instruments.

11. Income Taxes

The Company and its subsidiaries are subject to U.S. federal income tax as well as state income taxes. The Company had total unrecognized tax benefits of \$1.74 million and \$748 thousand at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, that relate primarily to uncertainties related to California enterprise zone loan interest deductions and anticipated adjustments from the 2010 Internal Revenue Service (IRS) examination.

We anticipate an increase of approximately \$220 thousand in the unrecognized tax benefit related to the California enterprise zone loan interest deduction and a decrease of approximately \$971 thousand in the unrecognized tax benefit related to an expected settlement with the IRS for the 2010 tax year within the next twelve months.

The statute of limitations related to the consolidated Federal income tax return is closed for all tax years up to and including 2008. The expiration of the statute of limitations related to the various state income and franchise tax returns varies by state. The Company is currently under examination by IRS for the 2010 and 2011 tax years and by the California Franchise Tax Board (FTB) for the 2009 and 2010 tax years. While the outcome of the examinations is unknown, the Company expects no material adjustments. Within the last twelve months, examinations by the City of New York for tax years 2007, 2008, and 2009, and the FTB for tax years 2007 and 2008, were concluded with no material adjustments.

We recognize interest and penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense. We had approximately \$85 thousand and \$52 thousand for accrued interest and penalties at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. Income tax expense is the total of the current year income tax due or refundable and the change in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion, or all, of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. In assessing the realization of deferred tax assets, management evaluates both positive and negative evidence, including the existence of any cumulative losses in the current year and the prior two years, the amount of taxes paid in available carry-back years, the forecasts of future income, applicable tax planning strategies, and assessments of current and future economic and business conditions. This analysis is updated quarterly and adjusted as necessary. Based on the analysis, the Company has determined that

a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets was not required as of June 30, 2013.

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12. Fair Value Measurements

FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be

corroborated by observable market data.

Level Significant unobservable inputs that reflect estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Securities Available for Sale

The fair values of securities available for sale are determined by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges (Level 1 inputs) or matrix pricing, which is a technique widely used in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities (Level 2 inputs).

The fair values of the Company's Level 3 securities available for sale were measured using an income approach valuation technique. The primary inputs and assumptions used in the fair value measurement were derived from the securities' underlying collateral which included discount rates, prepayment speeds, payment delays, and an assessment of the risk of default of the underlying collateral, among other factors. Significant increases or decreases in any of the inputs or assumptions would result in a significant increase or decrease in the fair value measurement.

Impaired Loans

The fair values of impaired loans are generally measured for impairment using the practical expedients permitted by FASB ASC 310-10-35 including impaired loans measured at an observable market price (if available), or at the fair value of the loan's collateral (if the loan is collateral dependent). Fair value of the loan's collateral, when the loan is dependent on collateral, is determined by appraisals or independent valuation, less costs to sell and result in a Level 2. Derivatives

The fair value of our derivative financial instruments, including interest rate swaps and caps, is based on derivative valuation models using market data inputs as of the valuation date that can generally be verified and do not typically involve significant management judgments (Level 2 inputs).

OREO

OREO is fair valued at the time the loan is foreclosed upon and the asset is transferred to OREO. The value is based primarily on third party appraisals, less costs to sell and result in a Level 2 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. OREO is reviewed and evaluated on at least an annual basis for additional impairment and adjusted to lower of cost or market accordingly, based on the same factors identified above.

Loans held for sale

Loans held for sale are carried at the lower of cost or fair value, as determined by outstanding commitments from investors, or based on recent comparable sales (Level 2 inputs), if available, and if not available, are based on discounted cash flows using current market rates applied to the estimated life and credit risk (Level 3 inputs) or may be assessed based upon the fair value of the collateral which is obtained from recent real estate appraisals (Level 3 inputs). These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are typically significant and result in Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value.

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Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

Securities available for sale: GSE collateralized mortgage obligations \$301,742 \$— \$301,742 \$— GSE mortgage-backed securities 399,107 — 399,107 — Trust preferred securities 3,771 — 3,771 — Municipal bonds 6,056 — 4,900 1,156 Mutual funds 14,563 14,563 — — Fair Value Measurements at the End of the Reporting Period Using Quoted Prices Significant in Active Other Other Other Other Unobservable Inputs (Level 1) Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) (In thousands) Assets: Securities available for sale: GSE collateralized mortgage obligations \$254,912 \$— \$254,912 \$— GSE mortgage-backed securities 425,540 — 425,540 — 425,540 —	Assets:	June 30, 2013 (In thousands)	Fair Value Me Reporting Per Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Asse (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable	he End of the Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
SSE collateralized mortgage obligations \$301,742					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	GSE collateralized mortgage obligations GSE mortgage-backed securities Trust preferred securities Municipal bonds	399,107 3,771 6,056	<u>-</u> -	399,107 3,771	
December 31, 2012 in Active Other Unobservable Identical AssetsInputs (Level 1) (Level 2) Assets: Securities available for sale: GSE collateralized mortgage obligations GSE mortgage-backed securities December 31, 2012 in Active Other Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) (In thousands) \$\frac{1}{1} \text{ (Level 1)} \text{ (Level 2)} \text{ (Level 3)} \text{ (Level 3)} \text{ (Level 3)}			Reporting Per	iod Using	
Assets: Securities available for sale: GSE collateralized mortgage obligations \$254,912 \$— \$254,912 \$— GSE mortgage-backed securities 425,540 — 425,540 —		December 31, 2012	in Active Markets for Identical Asse	Other Observable etsInputs	Unobservable Inputs
Securities available for sale: GSE collateralized mortgage obligations \$254,912 \$— \$254,912 \$— GSE mortgage-backed securities 425,540 — 425,540 —		(In thousands)			
GSE collateralized mortgage obligations \$254,912 \$— \$254,912 \$— GSE mortgage-backed securities 425,540 — 425,540 —					
GSE mortgage-backed securities 425,540 — 425,540 —		Φ274.012	Φ.	Φ254.012	Φ.
		•	5 —	•	5 —
Trust preferred securities 3 937 2 927	Trust preferred securities	425,540 3,837	_	425,540 3,837	_
Municipal bonds 5,118 — 5,118 —	-		_	•	_
Mutual funds 14,996 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	-	·	14,996		

There were no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 during the period ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. There were no gains or losses recognized in earnings

The table below presents a reconciliation and income statement classification of gains and losses for all assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the six months ended June 30, 2013:

	Securities Available for Sale
	Municipal Bonds
	(in thousands)
Beginning Balance, January 1, 2013	\$—
Purchases, issuances, and settlements	1,202
Amortization	(9)
Total gains or (losses) included in earnings	_

Total gains or (losses) included in other comprehensive income	(37)
Ending Balance, June 30, 2013	\$1,156	
46		

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Assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis are summarized below:

	June 30, 20 (In thousan	the Reportin Quoted Pric in Active 013 Markets for Identical As (Level 1)		
Assets:				
Impaired loans at fair value: Real estate loans Commercial business OREO	\$7,381 890 2,717	\$— — — Fair Value Mea	\$7,381 890 2,717	\$— — — e End of the
	December 31, 2012 (In thousands)	Reporting Period Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	od Using Significant Other Observable	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets:				
Impaired loans at fair value: Real estate loans Commercial business Loans held for sale, net OREO	\$4,443 1,164 803 2,636	\$— — —	\$4,443 1,164 803 2,636	\$— — —

For assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis, the total net (losses) gains, which include charge offs, recoveries, specific reserves, and gains and losses on sales recognized are summarized below:

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the sended Ju	six months ane 30,
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	(In thousands)			
Assets:				
Impaired loans at fair value:				
Real estate loans	\$(357) \$(183	\$(7,941)) \$1,420
Commercial business	(1,729) (224) (1,194) (2,408)
Loans held for sale, net	_	(156) —	(156)
OREO	(657) (560) (771) (1,014)

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Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Carrying amounts and estimated fair values of financial instruments, not previously presented, at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were as follows:

	June 30, 2013				
	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Fair Value Measurement Using		
	(In thousands))			
Financial Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$296,330	\$296,330	Level 1		
Loans held for sale	43,111	49,157	Level 2		
Loans receivable—net	4,446,447	4,867,329	Level 3		
FHLB stock	26,261	N/A	N/A		
FDIC loss share receivable	3,455	3,455	Level 3		
Customers' liabilities on acceptances	9,533	9,533	Level 2		
Financial Liabilities:					
Noninterest-bearing deposits	\$1,210,563	\$1,210,563	Level 2		
Saving and other interest bearing demand deposits	1,443,577	1,443,577	Level 2		
Time deposits	1,922,659	1,925,764	Level 2		
FHLB advances	421,539	421,232	Level 2		
Subordinated debentures	41,920	43,965	Level 2		
Bank's liabilities on acceptances outstanding	9,533	9,533	Level 2		
	December 31,	2012			
	December 31, Carrying Amount	2012 Estimated Fair Value	Fair Value Measurement		
	Carrying	Estimated Fair Value			
Financial Assets:	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Measurement		
Cash and cash equivalents	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Measurement		
	Carrying Amount (In thousands)	Estimated Fair Value \$312,916 57,856	Measurement Using		
Cash and cash equivalents	Carrying Amount (In thousands) \$312,916 51,635 4,229,311	Estimated Fair Value (1) \$312,916 57,856 4,591,685	Measurement Using Level 1 Level 2 Level 3		
Cash and cash equivalents Loans held for sale Loans receivable—net FHLB stock	Carrying Amount (In thousands) \$312,916 51,635 4,229,311 22,495	Estimated Fair Value \$312,916 57,856 4,591,685 N/A	Measurement Using Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 N/A		
Cash and cash equivalents Loans held for sale Loans receivable—net FHLB stock FDIC loss share receivable	Carrying Amount (In thousands) \$312,916 51,635 4,229,311 22,495 5,797	Estimated Fair Value \$312,916 57,856 4,591,685 N/A 5,797	Measurement Using Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 N/A Level 3		
Cash and cash equivalents Loans held for sale Loans receivable—net FHLB stock FDIC loss share receivable Customers' liabilities on acceptances	Carrying Amount (In thousands) \$312,916 51,635 4,229,311 22,495	Estimated Fair Value \$312,916 57,856 4,591,685 N/A	Measurement Using Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 N/A		
Cash and cash equivalents Loans held for sale Loans receivable—net FHLB stock FDIC loss share receivable Customers' liabilities on acceptances Financial Liabilities:	Carrying Amount (In thousands) \$312,916 51,635 4,229,311 22,495 5,797	Estimated Fair Value \$312,916 57,856 4,591,685 N/A 5,797	Measurement Using Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 N/A Level 3		
Cash and cash equivalents Loans held for sale Loans receivable—net FHLB stock FDIC loss share receivable Customers' liabilities on acceptances Financial Liabilities: Noninterest-bearing deposits	Carrying Amount (In thousands) \$312,916 51,635 4,229,311 22,495 5,797	Estimated Fair Value \$312,916 57,856 4,591,685 N/A 5,797	Measurement Using Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 N/A Level 3		
Cash and cash equivalents Loans held for sale Loans receivable—net FHLB stock FDIC loss share receivable Customers' liabilities on acceptances Financial Liabilities: Noninterest-bearing deposits Saving and other interest bearing demand deposits	Carrying Amount (In thousands) \$312,916 51,635 4,229,311 22,495 5,797 10,493 \$1,184,285 1,428,990	Estimated Fair Value \$312,916 57,856 4,591,685 N/A 5,797 10,493 \$1,184,285 1,428,990	Measurement Using Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 N/A Level 3 Level 2 Level 2 Level 2		
Cash and cash equivalents Loans held for sale Loans receivable—net FHLB stock FDIC loss share receivable Customers' liabilities on acceptances Financial Liabilities: Noninterest-bearing deposits Saving and other interest bearing demand deposits Time deposits	Carrying Amount (In thousands) \$312,916 51,635 4,229,311 22,495 5,797 10,493 \$1,184,285 1,428,990 1,770,760	Estimated Fair Value \$312,916 57,856 4,591,685 N/A 5,797 10,493 \$1,184,285 1,428,990 1,772,778	Measurement Using Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 N/A Level 3 Level 2 Level 2 Level 2 Level 2		
Cash and cash equivalents Loans held for sale Loans receivable—net FHLB stock FDIC loss share receivable Customers' liabilities on acceptances Financial Liabilities: Noninterest-bearing deposits Saving and other interest bearing demand deposits Time deposits FHLB advances	Carrying Amount (In thousands) \$312,916 51,635 4,229,311 22,495 5,797 10,493 \$1,184,285 1,428,990 1,770,760 420,722	Estimated Fair Value \$312,916 57,856 4,591,685 N/A 5,797 10,493 \$1,184,285 1,428,990 1,772,778 425,107	Measurement Using Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 N/A Level 3 Level 2 Level 2 Level 2 Level 2 Level 2 Level 2		
Cash and cash equivalents Loans held for sale Loans receivable—net FHLB stock FDIC loss share receivable Customers' liabilities on acceptances Financial Liabilities: Noninterest-bearing deposits Saving and other interest bearing demand deposits Time deposits	Carrying Amount (In thousands) \$312,916 51,635 4,229,311 22,495 5,797 10,493 \$1,184,285 1,428,990 1,770,760	Estimated Fair Value \$312,916 57,856 4,591,685 N/A 5,797 10,493 \$1,184,285 1,428,990 1,772,778	Measurement Using Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 N/A Level 3 Level 2 Level 2 Level 2 Level 2		

The methods and assumptions used to estimate fair value are described as follows:

The carrying amount is the estimated fair value for cash and cash equivalents, savings and other interest bearing demand deposits, accrued interest receivable and payable, customer's and Bank's liabilities on acceptances, non-interest-bearing deposits, short-term debt, secured borrowings, and variable rate loans or deposits that reprice frequently and fully. For fixed rate loans or deposits and for variable rate loans or deposits with infrequent repricing or

repricing limits, fair value is based on discounted cash flows using current market rates applied to the estimated life and credit risk. The allowance for loan losses is considered to be a reasonable estimate of discount for credit quality concerns. Fair value of SBA loans held for sale is based on market quotes. For fair value of non-SBA loans held for sale, see the measurement method discussed previously. Fair value of

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time deposits and debt is based on current rates for similar financing. It was not practicable to determine the fair value of FRB stock or FHLB stock due to restrictions placed on their transferability. The fair value of commitments to fund loans represents fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements with similar remaining maturities and is not presented herein. The fair value of these financial instruments is not material to the consolidated financial statements.

13. Stockholders' Equity and Regulatory Matters

The Company and the Bank are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the federal and state banking agencies. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Company's and the Bank's financial statements, such as restrictions on the growth, expansion or the payment of dividends or other capital distributions or management fees. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Company and the Bank must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of their assets, liabilities and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors.

Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Company and the Bank to maintain minimum ratios (set forth in the table below) of total and Tier I capital (as defined in the regulations) to risk-weighted assets (as defined) and of Tier I capital (as defined) to average assets (as defined). Management believes that, as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company and the Bank met all capital adequacy requirements to which they are subject.

As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the most recent regulatory notification categorized the Bank as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as well capitalized, the Bank must maintain minimum total risk-based, Tier I risk-based and Tier I leverage ratios as set forth in the table below. There are no conditions or events since the notification that management believes have changed the Bank's category.

In June 2012, the Company redeemed \$55 million of our Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B, issued by Center Financial under the Treasury Department's TARP Capital Purchase Program. A ten-year warrant to purchase Center Financial common stock issued in connection with Center Financial's sale of preferred stock to the Treasury Department was converted into a warrant to purchase BBCN Bancorp common stock upon our merger with Center. Reflecting the merger exchange ratio of 0.7805, the warrant now entitles the holder of the warrant to purchase, in one or more exercises of the warrant, up to 337,480 shares of BBCN Bancorp common stock at a price of \$12.22 per share. The Company has not reached an agreement with the Treasury Department regarding repurchase of this warrant.

In December 2008, PIB granted a ten-year warrant to purchase up to 127,785 shares of its common stock (in relation to the TARP Capital Purchase Plan) which were assumed by the Company upon the acquisition of PIB. On the acquisition date of February 15, 2013, these warrants were canceled and converted into a warrant to purchase BBCN Bancorp common stock. The warrant entitles the holder to purchase, on one or more exercises of the warrant, up to 18,045 shares of BBCN Bancorp common stock at a price of \$54.03 per share. The warrant expires on the December 12, 2018. The Company has not reached an agreement with the Treasury Department regarding repurchase of this warrant.

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The Company's and the Bank's actual capital amounts and ratios are presented in the table below:

	Actual			Required For Capital Adequacy Purposes			Required To Be Well Capitalized Prompt Corn Action Prov	rective	
	Amount	Ratio		Amount	Ratio		Amount	Ratio	
As of June 30, 2013	(Dollars in the	iousands)							
Total capital (to risk-weighted									
assets):									
Company	\$790,164	16.12	%	\$392,021	8.00	%	N/A	N/A	
Bank	\$780,843	15.95	%	\$391,740	8.00	%	\$489,676	10.00	%
Tier I capital (to risk-weighted									
assets):									
Company	\$728,773	14.87		\$196,010	4.00		N/A	N/A	
Bank	\$719,494	14.69	%	\$195,870	4.00	%	\$293,805	6.00	%
Tier I capital (to average assets)									
Company	\$728,773	12.60		\$231,325	4.00		N/A	N/A	
Bank	\$719,494	12.42	%	\$231,286	4.00	%	\$289,108	5.00	%
				Dagwinad			Required To Be Well		
	Actual			Required For Capital			Capitalized	undar	
	Actual			Adequacy Pi	irnoses		Prompt Corr		
				racquacy r	urposes	Action Provisions			
	Amount	Ratio		Amount	Ratio		Amount	Ratio	
	(Dollars in th								
As of December 31, 2012		,							
Total capital (to risk-weighted									
assets):									
Company	\$746,396	16.16	%	\$369,417	8.00	%	N/A	N/A	
Bank	\$725,655	15.73	%	\$369,134	8.00	%	\$461,417	10.00	%
Tier I capital (to risk-weighted									
assets):	4.500.444			* · · · · · · · · ·					
Company	\$688,422	14.91		\$184,708	4.00		N/A	N/A	~
Bank	\$667,725	14.47	%	\$184,567	4.00	%	\$276,850	6.00	%
Tier I capital (to average assets)		10.76	01	¢215 061	4.00	O7	NI/A	NT/A	
Company Bank	\$688,422 \$667,725	12.76 12.38		\$215,861	4.00 4.00		N/A \$260.767	N/A 5.00	%
Dalik	\$667,725	12.38	70	\$215,813	4.00	%	\$269,767	3.00	%0

The following table presents the components of accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
	(In thousands)	
Net unrealized (loss) gain on securities available for sale	\$(5,085)	\$9,004
Net unrealized gain on interest-only strips	80	78

Total accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income

\$(5,005

) \$9,082

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the
year ended December 31, 2012 and the unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes set forth elsewhere in
this report.

GENERAL
Selected Financial Data
The following table sets forth certain selected financial data concerning the periods indicated:

	At or for the Thi June 30,	ree Months Ended	At or for the Six June 30,	Months Ended
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	(Dollars in thous	_		
	share and per sh	are data)		
Income Statement Data:				
Interest income	\$69,379	\$66,943	\$136,122	\$135,498
Interest expense	7,276	7,441	14,303	15,137
Net interest income	62,103	59,502	121,819	120,361
Provision for loan losses	800	7,182	8,306	9,782
Net interest income after provision for loan losse	s 61,303	52,320	113,513	110,579
Non-interest income	10,618	10,222	20,558	21,867
Non-interest expense	34,429	31,077	67,704	61,512
Income before income tax provision	37,492	31,465	66,367	70,934
Income tax provision	14,821	12,101	26,235	27,636
Net income	\$22,671	\$19,364	\$40,132	\$43,298
Dividends and discount accretion on preferred		(2.771		(5.640
stock	_	(3,771)	_	(5,640)
Net income available to common stockholders	\$22,671	\$15,593	\$40,132	\$37,658
Per Share Data:				
Earnings per common share - basic	\$0.29	\$0.20	\$0.51	\$0.48
Earnings per common share - diluted	\$0.29	\$0.20	\$0.51	\$0.48
Book value per common share (period end,	¢0.06	¢0.14	¢0.06	¢0.14
excluding preferred stock and warrants)	\$9.86	\$9.14	\$9.86	\$9.14
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$.05	\$ —	\$.10	\$ —
Tangible book value per common share (period	\$8.65	\$7.94	\$8.65	\$7.94
end, excluding preferred stock and warrants) (11)	\$6.03	Φ1.9 4	\$6.03	φ1.9 4
Number of common shares outstanding (period	79,205,840	78,014,107	79,205,840	78,014,107
end)	19,203,640	70,014,107	19,203,640	70,014,107
Weighted average shares - basic	79,062,233	78,007,270	78,746,444	77,997,305
Weighted average shares - diluted	79,236,732	78,141,527	79,000,811	78,121,259
Tangible common equity ratio (9)	11.88 %	12.49 %	11.88 %	12.49 %
Statement of Financial Condition Data - at Period	i			
End:				
Assets	\$5,863,014	\$5,049,405	\$5,863,014	\$5,049,405
Securities available for sale	725,239	666,852	725,239	666,852
Gross loans, net of deferred loan fees and costs	4.510.100	2.074.520	4.510.100	2.074.520
(excludes loans held for sale)	4,518,122	3,874,538	4,518,122	3,874,538
Deposits	4,576,799	3,882,680	4,576,799	3,882,680
FHLB advances	421,539	371,143	421,539	371,143

Subordinated debentures	41,920	41,772	41,920	41,772
Stockholders' equity	781,025	715,461	781,025	715,461

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	At or for the Three Months Ended A June 30, J				At or for the June 30,	e Six	Months Ended		
	2013 (Dollars in t	hous	2012 sands)		2013		2012		
Average Balance Sheet Data:	(Donars in t	nou	surius)						
Assets	\$5,878,377		\$5,102,769		\$5,802,413		\$5,121,082		
Securities available for sale	705,479		692,399		698,769		709,063		
Gross loans, including loans held for sale	4,546,461		3,847,921		4,495,673		3,812,708		
Deposits	4,592,036		3,854,756		4,520,401		3,879,207		
Stockholders' equity	783,181		823,839		774,257		815,111		
Selected Performance Ratios:	, .		,		, , , ,		,		
Return on average assets (1) (8)	1.54	%	1.52	%	1.38	%	1.69	%	
Return on average stockholders' equity ^{(1) (8)}	11.58	%	9.40	%	10.37	%	10.62	%	
Average stockholders' equity to average assets	13.32	%	16.14	%	13.34	%	15.92	%	
Return on average tangible equity (1) (8) (10)	13.21	%	10.61	%	11.83	%	12.01	%	
Dividend payout ratio (dividends per share /	17.04	~		~	10.61	~	0.0	~	
earnings per share)	17.24	%	0.0	%	19.61	%	0.0	%	
Pre-Tax Pre-Provision income to average	2.60	01	2.02	OH.	0.57	04	2.15	04	
assets (1)	2.60	%	3.03	%	2.57	%	3.15	%	
Efficiency ratio (2)	47.34	%	44.57	%	47.55	%	47.69	%	
Net interest spread	4.25	%	4.72	%	4.25	%	4.77	%	
Net interest margin (3)	4.49	%	5.02	%	4.49	%	5.07	%	
Regulatory Capital Ratios (4)									
Leverage capital ratio (5)	12.61	%	12.97	%	12.61	%	12.97	%	
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	14.89	%	15.54	%	14.89	%	15.54	%	
Total risk-based capital ratio	16.14	%	16.80	%	16.14	%	16.80	%	
Tier 1 common risk-based capital ratio (12)	14.05	%	14.58	%	14.05	%	14.58	%	
Asset Quality Ratios:									
Allowance for loan losses to gross loans,	1.59	01	1.69	%	1.59	%	1.69	%	
excluding loans held for sale	1.39	%	1.09	%	1.39	%	1.09	%	
Allowance for loan losses to nonaccrual loans	159.32	%	164.88	%	159.32	%	164.88	%	
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loan: (6)	⁸ 71.67	%	78.44	%	71.67	%	78.44	%	
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming assets (7)	65.40	%	72.60	%	65.40	%	72.60	%	
Nonaccrual loans to gross loans, excluding loans held for sale	1.00	%	1.03	%	1.00	%	1.03	%	
Nonperforming loans to gross loans, excluding loans held for sale ⁽⁶⁾	2.21	%	2.16	%	2.21	%	2.16	%	
Nonperforming assets to gross loans and OREO	2.42	%	2.32	%	2.42	%	2.32	%	
Nonperforming assets to total assets (7) (1) Annualized.	1.87	%	1.70	%	1.87	%	1.70	%	

⁽¹⁾ Annualized.

⁽²⁾ Efficiency ratio is defined as non-interest expense divided by the sum of net interest income before provision for loan losses and non-interest income.

⁽³⁾ Net interest margin is calculated by dividing annualized net interest income by average total interest-earning assets.

⁽⁴⁾ The ratios required to meet the definition of a "well-capitalized" institution under certain banking regulations are 5% leverage capital, 6% tier I risk-based capital and 10% total risk-based capital.

⁽⁵⁾ Calculations are based on average quarterly asset balances.

- Nonperforming loans include nonaccrual loans, loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest, and accruing restructured loans. Loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing consist of acquired loans that were originally recorded at fair value upon acquisitions. These loans are considered to be accruing as we can reasonably estimate future cash flows on acquired loans and we expect to fully collect the carrying value of these loans.
- (7) Nonperforming assets include nonaccrual loans, loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest, OREO, and accruing restructured loans.
- (8) Based on net income before effect of dividends and discount accretion on preferred stock.

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(9) Excludes TARP preferred stock, net of discount, of \$0 and \$119.7 million and stock warrants of \$378 thousand and \$2.8 million at June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Average tangible equity is calculated by subtracting average goodwill and average other intangibles from average stockholders' equity. This is a non-GAAP measure that we believe provides investors with information that is useful in understanding our financial performance and position.

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months	ed June 30,			
	2013		2012		2013		2012	
	(Dollars in	thou	sands)					
Net income	\$22,671		\$19,364		\$40,132		\$43,298	
Average stockholders' equity	\$783,181		\$823,839		\$774,257		\$815,111	
Less: Average goodwill and other intangible assets, net	(96,660)	(93,713)	(95,824)	(93,955)
Average tangible equity	\$686,521		\$730,126		\$678,433		\$721,156	
Net income (annualized) to average tangible equity	13.21	%	10.61	%	11.83	%	12.01	%

Tangible book value per share is calculated by subtracting goodwill and other intangible assets from total stockholders' equity and dividing the difference by the number of shares of common stock outstanding. This is a non-GAAP measure that we believe provides investors with information that is useful in understanding our financial performance and position.

	June 30, 2013 (In thousands)	June 30, 2012	ļ		
Total stockholders' equity	\$781,025		\$715,461		
Less: Preferred stock, net of discount					
Common stock warrant	(378)	(2,760)	
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net	(95,413)	(93,518)	
Tangible common equity	\$685,234		\$619,183		
Common shares outstanding	79,205,840		78,014,107		
Tangible common equity per share	\$8.65		\$7.94		

Tier 1 common risk-based capital is calculated as Tier 1 capital less non-common elements, including perpetual preferred stock and related surplus, minority interest in subsidiaries, trust preferred securities and mandatory convertible preferred securities.

Tion 1 aggins	June 30, 2013 (In thousands)		June 30, 2012	
Tier 1 capital Less: Preferred stock, net of discount	\$728,773 — (40,405	,	\$649,293 —	\
Trust preferred securities less unamortized acquisition discount Tier 1 common risk-based capital	(40,495 \$688,278)	(40,347 \$608,946)
Total risk weighted assets less disallowed allowance for loan losses	4,900,260		4,177,728	
Tier 1 common risk-based capital ratio	14.05	%	14.58	%

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Results of Operations

Overview

Total assets increased \$222.4 million from \$5.64 billion at December 31, 2012 to \$5.86 billion at June 30, 2013. The increase in total assets was primarily due to a \$217.1 million increase in loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses, from \$4.23 billion at December 31, 2012 to \$4.45 billion at June 30, 2013 and a \$20.8 million increase in securities available for sale from \$704.4 million at December 31, 2012 to \$725.2 million at June 30, 2013. These increases were partially offset by a \$16.6 million decrease in cash and cash equivalents from \$312.9 million at December 31, 2012 to \$296.3 million at June 30, 2013. The increase in total assets was funded by a \$192.8 million increase in deposits from \$4.38 billion at December 31, 2012 to \$4.58 billion at June 30, 2013, a \$817 thousand increase in FHLB advances from \$420.7 million at December 31, 2012 to \$421.5 million at June 30, 2013 and net income available to common stockholders of \$40.1 million.

The net income available to common stockholders for the second quarter of 2013 was \$22.7 million, or \$0.29 per diluted common share, compared to the net income available to common stockholders of \$15.6 million, or \$0.20 per diluted common share, for the same period of 2012, an increase of \$7.1 million, or 45.4%. The net income available to common stockholders for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was \$40.1 million, or \$0.51 per diluted common share, compared to the net income available to common stockholders of \$37.7 million, or \$0.48 per diluted common share, for the same period of 2012, an increase of \$2.5 million, or 6.6%. The acquisitions impact the comparability of the operating results for the second quarter and the six months period ending June 30 of 2013 and 2012 because the acquisitions resulted in increases in interest earning assets, interest bearing liabilities, employees and branch locations. In addition, the acquired assets and liabilities were recorded at fair value and certain acquisition premiums and discounts are being amortized or accreted into income or expense as adjustments to the yield/cost of the related asset or liability. The operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 and the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 include the following major pre-tax acquisition accounting adjustments and expenses related to acquisitions.

Accretion of discounts on acquired performing loans
Accretion of discounts on acquired credit impaired loans
Amortization of premiums on assumed FHLB advances
Accretion of discounts on assumed subordinated debt
Amortization of premiums on assumed time deposits
Increase to pre-tax income

Three Mont	Six Months Ended June							
June 30,			30,					
2013	2012		2013		2012			
(Dollars in t	housands)							
\$6,637	\$6,010		\$10,713		\$12,093			
1,032	1,686		2,554		5,247			
92	904		183		2,135			
(48)	(36)	(91)	(71)		
247	787		685		2,062			
\$7,960	\$9,351		\$14,044		\$21,466			

The annualized return on average assets, before the effect of dividends and discount accretion on preferred stock on average assets, was 1.54% for the second quarter of 2013, compared to 1.52% for the same period of 2012. The annualized return on average stockholders' equity, before the effect of dividends and discount accretion on preferred stock, was 11.58% for the second quarter of 2013, compared to 9.40% for the same period of 2012. The efficiency ratio was 47.34% for the second quarter of 2013 compared to 44.57% for the same period of 2012.

The annualized return on average assets, before the effect of dividends and discount accretion on preferred stock on average assets, was 1.38% for the for the six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to 1.69% for the same period of 2012. The annualized return on average stockholders' equity, before the effect of dividends and discount accretion on preferred stock, was 10.37% for the six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to 10.62% for the same period of 2012. The efficiency ratio was 47.55% for the six months ended 2013 compared to 47.69% for the same period of 2012.

Net Interest Income and Net Interest Margin

Net Interest Income

A principal component of the Company's earnings is net interest income, which is the difference between the interest and fees earned on loans and investments and the interest paid on deposits and borrowed funds. Net interest income expressed as a percentage of average interest-earning assets is referred to as the net interest margin. The net interest spread is the yield on average interest-earning assets less the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities. Net interest income is affected by changes in

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the balances of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and changes in the yields earned on interest-earning assets and the rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities.

Comparison of Three Months Ended June 30, 2013 with the Same Period of 2012

Net interest income before provision for loan losses was \$62.1 million for the second quarter of 2013, an increase of \$2.6 million, or 4.37%, compared to \$59.5 million for the same period of 2012. The increase was principally attributable to the increase in interest earnings assets, which was partially offset by the decline in the net interest margin.

Interest income for the second quarter of 2013 was \$69.4 million, a increase of \$2.4 million, or 3.64%, compared to \$66.9 million for the same period of 2012. The increase resulted from a a \$10.8 million increase in interest income due to an increase in average interest-earning assets and partially offset by a \$8.4 million decrease in interest income due to a decrease in the yield on average interest-earnings assets.

Comparison of Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 with the Same Period of 2012

Net interest income before provision for loan losses was \$121.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013, an increase of \$1.4 million, or 1.21%, compared to \$120.4 million for the same period of 2012. The increase was principally attributable to the increase in average interest earning assets, which was partially offset by the decline in the net interest margin.

Interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2013 was \$136.1 million, an increase of \$0.6 million, or 0.05%, compared to \$135.5 million for the same period of 2012. The increase resulted from a \$20.4 million increase in interest income due to an increase in average interest-earning assets and partially offset by a \$19.7 million decrease in interest income due to a decrease in the yield on average interest-earnings assets.

Net Interest Margin

The net interest margin for the second quarter of 2013 was 4.49%, a decrease of 53 basis points from 5.02% for the same period of 2012. The decrease in the net interest margin was principally due to the effect of acquisition accounting adjustments, as summarized in the following table.

	Three Months Ended June				Six Mon	ne		
	30,				30,			
	2013		2012		2013		2012	
Net interest margin, excluding the effect of acquisition accounting adjustments	3.86	%	4.15	%	3.91	%	4.10	%
Acquisition accounting adjustments ⁽¹⁾	0.63		0.87		0.58		0.97	
Reported net interest margin	4.49	%	5.02	%	4.49	%	5.07	%

⁽¹⁾ Acquisition accounting adjustments is calculated by subtracting net interest margin, excluding effect of acquisition accounting adjustments, from reported net interest margin.

Excluding the effect of acquisition accounting adjustments, the net interest margin for the second quarter of 2013 decreased 29 basis points to 3.86% compared to 4.15% for the same period of 2012. The net interest margin excluding the effect of acquisition accounting adjustments for the six months ended June 30, 2013, decreased 19 basis points to 3.91%, compared with the net interest margin for the same period of 2012. The decrease was largely attributable to the decrease in the weighted average yield on loans.

The weighted average yield on loans decreased to 5.78% for the second quarter of 2013 from 6.53% for the second quarter of 2012 and decreased to 5.76% for the six months period ended June 30, 2013 from 6.64% for the same period in 2012. The change in the yield was due to continued pricing pressure on loan interest rates and the decline in the effects of acquisition accounting adjustments, as summarized in the following table.

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	Three Months Ended June 30,			l	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2013	,	2012		2013		2012	
The weighted average yield on loans, excluding the effect of acquisition accounting adjustments	5.02	%	5.59	%	5.08	%	5.60	%
Acquisition accounting adjustments ⁽¹⁾	0.76		0.94		0.68		1.04	
Reported weighted average yield on loans	5.78	%	6.53	%	5.76	%	6.64	%

⁽¹⁾ Acquisition accounting adjustments is calculated by subtracting the weighted average yield on loans, excluding the effect of acquisition accounting adjustments, from the reported weighted average yield on loans.

Excluding the effects of acquisition accounting adjustments, the weighted average yield on loans for the second quarter of 2013 decreased 57 basis points to 5.02% compared to 5.59% for the same period of 2012. This decrease was primarily due to the lower yields on acquired loan portfolios and the reduction in market rates compared to a year ago due to continued pricing pressures. At June 30, 2013, fixed rate loans accounted for 40% of the loan portfolio, compared to 38% at June 30, 2012, reflecting the Company's focus on variable rate business loans. The weighted average yield on the variable rate and fixed rate loan portfolios (excluding loan discount accretion) at June 30, 2013 was 4.50% and 5.31%, respectively, compared with 4.60% and 6.25% at June 30, 2012.

The weighted average yield on securities available for sale for the second quarter of 2013 was 2.0%, compared to 2.45% for the same period of 2012. The weighted average yield on securities available for sale for the six months ended June 30, 2013 was 1.99%, compared to 2.58% for the same period of 2012. The decrease was primarily attributable to the replacement of maturing securities with lower yielding investments as market interest rates declined.

The weighted average cost of deposits for the second quarter of 2013 was 0.49%, a decrease of 6 basis points from 0.55% for the same period of 2012. The amortization of the premium on time deposits assumed in the acquisition positively affected the weighted average cost of deposits, as summarized in the following table.

	Three Months Ended June			Six Months Ended June			
	30,				30,		
	2013		2012		2013	2012	
The weighted average cost of deposits, excluding effect of acquisition accounting adjustments	0.51	%	0.63	%	0.52	% 0.66	%
Acquisition accounting adjustments ⁽¹⁾	(0.02))	(0.08))	(0.03)) (0.11)
Reported weighted average cost of deposits	0.49	%	0.55	%	0.49	% 0.55	%

⁽¹⁾ Acquisition accounting adjustments is calculated by subtracting the weighted average cost of deposits, excluding the effect of acquisition accounting adjustments, from the reported weighted average cost of deposits.

Excluding the amortization of premiums on time deposits assumed in acquisitions, the weighted average cost of deposits was 0.51% for the second quarter of 2013, compared to 0.63% for the same period of 2012 and 0.52% for the six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to 0.66 for the same period of 2012. The decrease was due to reductions in the cost of interest-bearing demand deposits and an increase in the proportion of non-interest bearing demand deposits to total deposits. Non-interest bearing demand deposits accounted for 26.0% of total deposits at June 30, 2013, compared with 25.8% at June 30, 2012.

The weighted average cost of FHLB advances for the second quarter of 2013 was 1.16%, a decrease of 79 basis points from 1.95% for the same period of 2012. The decrease was attributable to decreases in FHLB advance rates, which was partially offset by the decline in the amortization of premiums on FHLB advances assumed in acquisitions, as summarized in the following table.

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	Three Months Ended June			Six Months Ended June				
	30,				30,			
	2013		2012		2013		2012	
The weighted average cost on FHLB advances, excluding effect of acquisition accounting adjustments	1.25	%	3.08	%	1.26	%	3.25	%
Acquisition accounting adjustments	(0.09))	(1.13))	(0.09))	(1.31)
Reported weighted average cost on FHLB advances	1.16	%	1.95	%	1.17	%	1.94	%

⁽¹⁾ Acquisition accounting adjustments is calculated by subtracting the weighted average cost on FHLB advances, excluding the effect of acquisition accounting adjustments, from reported weighted average cost on FHLB advances.

Excluding amortization of premiums on FHLB advances assumed in acquisitions, the weighted average cost of FHLB advances decreased to 1.25% for the second quarter of 2013 from 3.08% for the same period of 2012, reflecting the addition of \$415.0 million in new FHLB advances at an average rate of 0.59%, which was substantially lower than the weighted average rate paid on matured borrowings. The weighted average original maturity of the new borrowings was 2.10 years. In addition, a total of \$364.1 million of FHLB advances, with weighted average rates of 1.13%, matured over the past twelve months.

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The following table presents our condensed consolidated average balance sheet information, together with interest rates earned and paid on the various sources and uses of funds for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013				Three Month	ns Ended June 30, 2012		
	Average Balance	Interest Income/	Average Yield/		Average Balance	Interest Income/	Average Yield/	
	(Dollars in th	Expense	Rate *			Expense	Rate *	
INTEREST EARNINGS	(Donais in ti	iousanus)						
ASSETS:								
Loans ⁽¹⁾ (2)	\$4,546,461	\$65,473	5.78	%	\$3,847,921	\$62,504	6.53	%
Securities available for sale ⁽³⁾	705,479	3,526	2.00	%	692,399	4,249	2.45	%
FRB and FHLB stock and other	296,788	380	0.51	0%	203,935	160	0.31	%
investments	270,700	300		70	·			
Federal funds sold			N/A		19,794	30	0.59	%
Total interest earning assets	\$5,548,728	\$69,379	5.01	%	\$4,764,049	\$66,943	5.65	%
INTEREST BEARING								
LIABILITIES:								
Deposits:	¢1.205.760	¢ 1 027	0.60	04	Ф1 104 220	¢1.040	0.62	01
Demand, interest-bearing	\$1,285,768	\$1,937	0.60		\$1,184,339	\$1,849	0.63	%
Savings Time denocites	185,584	721	1.56	%	187,872	830	1.78	%
Time deposits: \$100,000 or more	1,252,934	1,975	0.63	07-	807,803	1,498	0.75	%
Other	652,766	1,973	0.63		652,937	1,498	0.73	%
Total time deposits	1,905,700	2,988	0.63		1,460,740	2,566	0.71	%
Total interest bearing deposits	3,377,052	5,646	0.67		2,832,951	5,245	0.74	%
FHLB advances	421,595	1,218	1.16		329,066	1,603	1.95	%
Other borrowings	43,559	411	3.73		47,488	593	4.95	%
Total interest bearing liabilities	3,842,206	\$7,275	0.75		3,209,505	\$7,441	0.93	%
Non-interest bearing demand		, , , , , ,				, ,		
deposits	1,214,984				1,021,805			
Total funding liabilities / cost of	¢ 5 0 5 7 1 0 0		0.50	07	¢ 4 221 210		0.71	01
funds	\$5,057,190		0.58	%	\$4,231,310		0.71	%
Net interest income/net interest		\$62,104	4.25	%		\$59,502	4.72	%
spread		\$02,104	4.23			\$39,302	4.72	
Net interest margin			4.49	%			5.02	%
Net interest margin, excluding the	;							
effect of nonaccrual loan income			4.47	%			5.06	%
(expense) ⁽⁴⁾								
Net interest margin, excluding the	;							
effect of nonaccrual loan income			4.46	%			5.04	%
(expense) and prepayment fee income ^{(4) (5)}								
Cost of deposits:								
Non-interest bearing demand								
deposits	\$1,214,984	\$ —			\$1,021,805	\$ —		
Interest bearing deposits	3,377,052	5,646	0.67	0%	2,832,951	5,245	0.74	%
Total deposits	\$4,592,036	\$5,646	0.49		\$3,854,756	\$5,245	0.74	%
*Annualized	÷ .,e > 2 ,000	70,0.0	J	,.	, c,cc 1,700	÷ = ,= . =	0.00	,.
* Annualized								

- (1) Interest income on loans includes loan fees.
- (2) Average balances of loans are net of deferred loan fees and costs and include nonaccrual loans and loans held for sale.
- (3) Interest income and yields are not presented on a tax-equivalent basis.
- Nonaccrual interest income reversed was \$77 thousand and \$400 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.
- Loan prepayment fee income excluded was \$306 thousand and \$198 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

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				Six Months Ended June 30, 2012				
	Average	Interest	Average		Average	Interest	Average	
	Balance	Income/	Yield/		Balance	Income/	Yield/	
	(Dollars in the	Expense	Rate *			Expense	Rate *	
INTEREST EARNINGS ASSETS:	(Donars in t	nousanus)						
Loans ⁽¹⁾ (2)	\$4,495,673	\$128,502	5.76	0%	\$3,812,708	\$125,923	6.64	%
Securities available for sale ⁽³⁾	698,769	6,953	1.99		709,063	9,158	2.58	%
FRB and FHLB stock and other	090,709	0,933	1.77	70	709,003	9,136	2.36	70
investments	277,266	667	0.48	%	230,789	339	0.29	%
Federal funds sold			N/A		22,787	78	0.68	%
Total interest earning assets	\$5,471,708	\$136,122	5.01	0%	\$4,775,347	\$135,498	5.70	%
INTEREST BEARING LIABILITIES		φ130,122	3.01	70	ψ τ, 113,3τ1	ψ133,470	3.70	70
Deposits:								
Demand, interest-bearing	\$1,275,922	\$3,809	0.60	%	\$1,208,551	\$3,973	0.66	%
Savings	185,885	1,475	1.60		191,902	1,752	1.84	%
Time deposits:	105,005	1,475	1.00	70	171,702	1,732	1.01	70
\$100,000 or more	1,207,381	3,705	0.62	%	787,468	2,895	0.74	%
Other	674,165	2,065	0.62		687,979	2,029	0.59	%
Total time deposits	1,881,546	5,770	0.62		1,475,447	4,924	0.67	%
Total interest bearing deposits	3,343,353	11,054	0.67		2,875,900	10,649	0.74	%
FHLB advances	422,266	2,442	1.17		334,515	3,229	1.94	%
Other borrowings	42,915	806	3.74		48,798	1,260	5.11	%
Total interest bearing liabilities	3,808,534	\$14,302	0.76		3,259,213	\$15,138	0.93	%
Non-interest bearing demand deposits	1,177,048	, ,			1,003,307	, , , , ,		
Total funding liabilities / cost of funds			0.58	%	\$4,262,520		0.71	%
Net interest income/net interest spread	, , ,	\$121,820	4.25	%		\$120,360	4.77	%
Net interest margin		. ,	4.49	%		,	5.07	%
Net interest margin, excluding the								
effect of nonaccrual loan income			4.48	%			5.10	%
(expense) ⁽⁴⁾								
Net interest margin, excluding the								
effect of nonaccrual loan income			4 47	01			5.00	01
(expense) and prepayment fee			4.47	%			5.09	%
income ^{(4) (5)}								
Cost of deposits:								
Non-interest bearing demand deposits	\$1,177,048	\$ —			\$1,003,307	\$ —		
Interest bearing deposits	3,343,353	11,054	0.67	%	2,875,900	10,649	0.74	%
Total deposits	\$4,520,401	\$11,054	0.49	%	\$3,879,207	\$10,649	0.55	%
*Annualized								

⁽¹⁾ Interest income on loans includes loan fees.

Average balances of loans are net of deferred loan fees and costs and include nonaccrual loans and loans held for sale.

⁽³⁾ Interest income and yields are not presented on a tax-equivalent basis.

Nonaccrual interest income recognized (reversed) was \$160 thousand and (\$749) thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Loan prepayment fee income excluded was \$369 thousand and \$314 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

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Changes in net interest income are a function of changes in interest rates and volumes of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. The following table sets forth information regarding the changes in interest income and interest expense for the periods indicated. The total change for each category of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities is segmented into the change attributable to variations in volume (changes in volume multiplied by the old rate) and the change attributable to variations in interest rates (changes in rates multiplied by the old volume). Nonaccrual loans are included in average loans used to compute this table.

	Three months ended June 30, 2013 over June 30, 2012					
	Net Increase	Change due to				
	(Decrease)		Rate	Volume		
	(Dollars in th	ou				
INTEREST INCOME:	`		ŕ			
Interest and fees on loans	\$2,969		\$(7,701)	\$10,670	
Interest on securities	(723)	(792)	69	
Interest on FRB and FHLB stock and other investments	220		127		93	
Interest on federal funds sold	(30)	(15)	(15)
Total interest income	\$2,436		\$(8,381)	\$10,817	
INTEREST EXPENSE:						
Interest on demand, interest bearing	\$88		\$(80)	\$168	
Interest on savings	(109)	(97)	(12)
Interest on time deposits	423		(308)	731	
Interest on FHLB advances	(385)	(765)	380	
Interest on other borrowings	(182)	(135)	(47)
Total interest expense	\$(165)	\$(1,385)	\$1,220	
Net Interest Income	\$2,601		\$(6,996)	\$9,597	

	June 30, 2013 over June 30, 2012 Net						
	Increase	Change due	e to				
	(Decrease)	Rate	Volume				
	(Dollars in th	ousands)					
INTEREST INCOME:							
Interest and fees on loans	\$2,579	\$(17,941) \$20,520				
Interest on securities	328	245	83				
Interest on FRB and FHLB stock and other investments	(2,205) (2,050) (155)			
Interest on federal funds sold	(78) —	(78)			
Total interest income	\$624	\$(19,746) \$20,370				
INTEREST EXPENSE:							
Interest on demand, interest bearing	\$(164) \$(392) \$228				
Interest on savings	(277) (229) (48)			
Interest on time deposits	848	(392) 1,240				
Interest on FHLB advances	(787) (1,511) 724				
Interest on other borrowings	(454) (317) (137)			

Six months ended

Total interest expense	\$(834) \$(2,841) \$2,007
Net Interest Income	\$1.458	\$(16,905) \$18,363

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Provision for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses reflects our judgment of the current period cost associated with credit risk inherent in our loan portfolio. The loan loss provision for each period is dependent upon many factors, including loan growth, net charge-offs, changes in the composition of the loan portfolio, delinquencies, assessments by management, third parties' and regulators' examination of the loan portfolio, the value of the underlying collateral for problem loans and the general economic conditions in our market areas. Specifically, the provision for loan losses represents the amount charged against current period earnings to achieve an allowance for loan losses that, in our judgment, is adequate to absorb probable incurred losses inherent in our loan portfolio. Periodic fluctuations in the provision for loan losses result from management's assessment of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses; however, actual loan losses may vary in material respects from current estimates. If the allowance for loan losses is inadequate, it may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition.

The provision for loan losses for the second quarter of 2013 was \$800 thousand, a decrease of \$6.4 million, or 89.86%, from \$7.2 million for the same period last year. The decrease is primarily due an overall reduction in quantitative reserves as a result of decreasing historical loss rates. Net charge-offs decreased to \$2.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$4.0 million for the same period last year.

The provision for loan losses for the six months period ended June 30, 2013 was \$8.3 million, a decrease of \$1.5 million, or 15.09%, from \$9.8 million for the same period last year. The decrease is primarily due an overall reduction in quantitative reserves as a result of decreasing historical loss rates. This overall decrease was offset by the addition of a new specific reserve of \$5.1 million related to a TDR of an industrial warehouse loan in the six months period ended June 30, 2013. Net charge-offs decreased to \$3.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$6.2 million for the same period last year.

See Note 7 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) and Financial Condition-Loans Receivable and Allowance for Loan Losses for further discussion.

Non-interest Income

Non-interest income is primarily comprised of service fees on deposit accounts, fees received on trade finance letters of credit and net gains on sales of loans.

Non-interest income for the second quarter of 2013 was \$10.6 million, compared to \$10.2 million for the same quarter of 2012, an increase of \$0.4 million, or 3.9%. The increase was principally due to increases in loan servicing fees, net and net gains on sales of SBA loans. These increases were caused primarily by an increase in the volume of SBA loans sales, to \$33.8 million during three months ended June 30, 2013 from \$27.0 million during the same period last year. The increases in non-interest income were partially offset by decreases in service fees on deposit accounts and a decrease in international service fees.

Non-interest income for the six months ended 2013 was \$20.6 million, compared to \$21.9 million for the same period of 2012, a decrease of \$1.3 million, or 6.0 %. The decrease was principally due to a decrease in net gains on sales of securities available for sale and a decrease in service fees on deposit accounts. The Company posted a net gain of \$816 thousand from the sale a Trust Preferred security, which had been marked to market in a prior period, during the six months ended June 30, 2012. This compares with none in the same reporting period of 2013. Service fees on deposit accounts decreased primarily due to a decrease in non-sufficient funds charges of \$590 thousand. Non-interest income by category is summarized below:

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	Three Mon	ths Ended June 30,	Increase (Decrease)			
	2013	2012	Amount	9	6	
	(Dollars in	thousands)				
Service fees on deposit accounts	\$2,922	\$3,269	\$(347) (10.6)%
International service fees	1,266	1,403	(137) (9.8)%
Loan servicing fees, net	1,036	810	226	2	7.9	%
Wire transfer fees	887	775	112	1	4.5	%
Other income and fees	1,204	1,354	(150) (11.1)%
Net gains on sales of SBA loans	3,295	2,463	832	3	3.8	%
Net losses on sales of other loans	19	146	(127) -	_	%
Net valuation gains (losses) on interest rate contracts		10	(10) 1	0.00	%
Net gains on sales of OREO	(11) (8	(3) 3	7.5	%
Total non-interest income	\$10,618	\$10,222	\$396	3	.9	%

	Six months e	nded June 30,	Increase (Decrease)			
	2013	2012	Amount	Percent (9	%)	
	(Dollars in th	ousands)				
Service fees on deposit accounts	\$5,797	\$6,429	\$(632) (9.8	%)	
International service fees	2,504	2,627	(123) (4.7	%)	
Loan servicing fees, net	2,005	2,147	(142) (6.6	%)	
Wire transfer fees	1,703	1,516	187	12.3	%	
Other income and fees	2,453	2,694	(241) (8.9	%)	
Net gains on sales of SBA loans	5,989	5,426	563	10.4	%	
Net gains (losses) on sales of other loans	62	146	(84) 57.5	%	
Net gains on sales and calls of securities available for sale	54	816	(762) (93.4	%)	
Net valuation gains (losses) on interest rate contracts	_	13	(13) 100.0	%	
Net gains on sales of OREO	(9) 53	(62) (117.0	%)	
Total non-interest income	\$20,558	\$21.867	\$(1.309) (6.0	%)	

Non-interest Expense

Non-interest expense for the second quarter of 2013 was \$34.4 million, an increase of \$3.4 million, or 10.8%, from \$31.1 million for the same period of 2012. Salaries and employee benefits expense increased \$1.6 million due to an increase in the number of full-time equivalent employees, which increased to 742 at June 30, 2013 from 653 at June 30, 2012 partially as a result of the PIB acquisition completed in the first quarter of 2013. Occupancy expense and furniture and equipment increased by a total of \$603 thousand principally due to increased rental commitments during the period and due to increased depreciation expense for software and hardware resulting from recent equipment upgrades and purchases. The FDIC assessment for the second quarter of 2013 increased by \$807 thousand. Professional fees increased by \$374 thousand due to additional legal services during the quarter. Merger and integration expenses decreased by \$963 thousand, as the Company incurred greater salaries and benefits expenses and professional service fees related to the merger with Center Financial compared to the acquisition of PIB. Non-interest expense for the six months ended of 2013 was \$67.7 million, an increase of \$6.2 million, or 10.1%, from \$61.5 million for the same period of 2012. Salaries and employee benefits expense increased \$3.8 million due to one-time costs incurred as part of a management transition and an increase in the number of full-time equivalent employees. Occupancy expense and furniture and equipment increased by a total of \$968 thousand principally due to increased rental commitments during the period and due to increased depreciation expense for software and hard resulting recent equipment upgrades and purchases. Credit related expenses decreased by \$552 thousand primarily due

to a decrease of \$614 thousand in valuation expenses for loans held for sale. Professional fees increased by \$1.1 million due to additional accounting services and consulting services for the Company's information systems. Merger and integration expenses decreased by \$1.4 million, as the Company incurred greater salaries and benefits expenses and professional service fees related to the merger with Center Financial compared to the acquisition of PIB.

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The breakdown of changes in non-interest expense by category is shown below:

Three Months	Ended June 30,	Increase (De	crease)			
2013	2012	Amount	%			
(Dollars in thousands)						
\$16,219	\$14,658	\$1,561	10.6	%		
4,835	4,232	603	14.2	%		
1,613	1,468	145	9.9	%		
1,190	1,525	(335) (22.0)%		
1,861	1,573	288	18.3	%		
1,443	1,069	374	35.0	%		
858	51	807	1,582.4	%		
2,203	2,290	(87) (3.8)%		
385	1,348	(963) (71.4)%		
3,822	2,863	959	33.5	%		
\$34,429	\$31,077	\$3,352	10.8	%		
	2013 (Dollars in thot \$16,219 4,835 1,613 1,190 1,861 1,443 858 2,203 385 3,822	(Dollars in thousands) \$16,219 \$14,658 4,835 4,232 1,613 1,468 1,190 1,525 1,861 1,573 1,443 1,069 858 51 2,203 2,290 385 1,348 3,822 2,863	2013 2012 Amount (Dollars in thousands) \$16,219 \$14,658 \$1,561 4,835 4,232 603 1,613 1,468 145 1,190 1,525 (335 1,861 1,573 288 1,443 1,069 374 858 51 807 2,203 2,290 (87 385 1,348 (963 3,822 2,863 959	2013 2012 Amount % (Dollars in thousands) \$16,219 \$14,658 \$1,561 10.6 4,835 4,232 603 14.2 1,613 1,468 145 9.9 1,190 1,525 (335) (22.0 1,861 1,573 288 18.3 1,443 1,069 374 35.0 858 51 807 1,582.4 2,203 2,290 (87) (3.8 385 1,348 (963) (71.4 3,822 2,863 959 33.5		

	Six Months E	Ended June 30,	Increase (D	Decrease)	
	2013	2012	Amount	Percent (%)
	(Dollars in th	ousands)			
Salaries and employee benefits	\$32,551	\$28,737	\$3,814	13.3	%
Occupancy	8,846	7,878	968	12.3	%
Furniture and equipment	3,186	2,686	500	18.6	%
Advertising and marketing	2,463	2,983	(520) -17.4	%
Data processing and communications	3,505	3,184	321	10.1	%
Professional fees	2,744	1,682	1,062	63.1	%
FDIC assessment	1,552	1,088	464	42.6	%
Credit related expenses	3,918	4,470	(552) -12.3	%
Merge and integration expenses	1,690	3,121	(1,431) (45.9)%
Other	7,249	5,683	1,566	27.6	%
Total non-interest expense	\$67,704	\$61,512	\$6,192	10.1	%

Provision for Income Taxes

Income tax expense was \$14.8 million and \$12.1 million for the quarters ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The effective income tax rate for the quarters ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was 39.5% and 38.5%, respectively. Income tax expense was \$26.2 million and \$27.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The effective income tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was 39.5% and 39.0%, respectively.

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Financial Condition

At June 30, 2013, our total assets were \$5.86 billion, an increase of \$222.4 million from \$5.64 billion at December 31, 2012. As previously discussed, the increase was principally due to a \$221.9 million increase in loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses and a \$20.8 million increase in securities available for sale. The increases were partially offset by a decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$16.6 million. The increase in total assets was funded by a \$192.8 million increase in deposits, a \$817 thousand increase in FHLB advances and net income of \$40.1 million. Investment Securities Portfolio

As of June 30, 2013, we had \$725.2 million in available for sale securities, compared to \$704.4 million at December 31, 2012. The net unrealized loss on the available for sale securities at June 30, 2013 was \$8.0 million, compared to a net unrealized gain on such securities of \$15.4 million at December 31, 2012. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, \$148.0 million in securities were purchased, \$101.6 million in mortgage related securities were paid down, and \$6.6 million in securities were sold. We recognized net gains of \$54 thousand on the securities that were sold. We sold a \$1.0 million corporate trust preferred security and recognized a gain of \$816 thousand during the same period of last year. The weighted average duration (the weighted average of the times of the present values of all the cash flows) of the available for sale securities was 4.54 years and 3.26 years at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. The weighted average life (the weighted average of the times of the principal repayments) of the available for sale securities was 5.11 years and 3.5 years at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. Loan Portfolio

As of June 30, 2013, gross loans outstanding, net of deferred loan fees and costs and excluding loans held for sale, was \$4.52 billion, an increase of \$217.1 million from \$4.30 billion at December 31, 2012. Total loan originations during the three months ended June 30, 2013 were \$208.0 million, including SBA loan originations of \$42.7 million. Of the \$42.7 million in SBA loan originations, \$38.9 million was included as additions to loans held for sale during the period.

The following table summarizes our loan portfolio by amount and percentage of gross loans in each major loan category at the dates indicated:

	June 30, 2013		December 31	, 2012	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
		(Dollars in th	ousands)		
Loan portfolio composition					
Real estate loans:					
Residential	\$9,849	0	% \$9,247	0	%
Commercial & industrial	3,328,606	74	% 3,100,466	72	%
Construction	74,165	2	% 65,045	2	%
Total real estate loans	3,412,620	76	% 3,174,758	73	%
Commercial business	942,369	21	% 921,556	21	%
Trade finance	117,827	3	% 152,070	4	%
Consumer and other	47,088	1 9	% 49,954	1	%
Total loans outstanding	4,519,904	100	% 4,298,338	100	%
Less: deferred loan fees	(1,782)		(2,086)	
Gross loans receivable	4,518,122		4,296,252		
Less: allowance for loan losses	(71,675)		(66,941)	
Loans receivable, net	\$4,446,447		\$4,229,311		

SBA loans are included in commercial business loans and commercial and industrial real estate loans. SBA loans included in commercial business loans were \$52.7 million at June 30, 2013 and \$69.8 million at December 31, 2012. SBA loans included in commercial and industrial real estate loans were \$179.71million at June 30, 2013 and \$148.0 million at December 31, 2012.

We normally do not extend lines of credit or make loan commitments to business customers for periods in excess of one year. We use the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as we do for providing loan facilities to our customers. We perform annual reviews of such commitments prior to renewal.

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The following table shows our loan commitments and letters of credit outstanding at the dates indicated:

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	
	(Dollars in thousands)		
Loan commitments	\$669,764	\$690,917	
Standby letters of credit	30,272	39,176	
Other commercial letters of credit	71,031	51,257	
	\$771,067	\$781,350	

Nonperforming Assets

Nonperforming assets, which include nonaccrual loans, loans 90 days or more past due and on accrual status, restructured loans, and OREO, were \$104.6 million at June 30, 2013, compared to \$79.9 million at December 31, 2012. The ratio of nonperforming assets to gross loans plus OREO was 2.21% and 1.86% at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

The following table summarizes the composition of our nonperforming assets as of the dates indicated.

	June 30, 2013	December 31 2012	Ι,
	(Dollars in thou	sands)	
Nonaccrual loans (1)	\$44,987	\$29,653	
Loans 90 days or more days past due on accrual status (2)	18,786	17,742	
Accruing restructured loans	36,225	29,849	
Total Nonperforming Loans	99,998	77,244	
OREO	9,596	2,698	
Total Nonperforming Assets	\$109,594	\$79,942	
Nonperforming loans to total gross loans, excluding loans held for sale	2.21	% 1.80	%
Nonperforming assets to gross loans plus OREO	2.21	% 1.86	%
Nonperforming assets to total assets	1.87	% 1.42	%
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans (excludes delinquent loans 9 days or more on accrual status)	⁰ 88.26	% 112.50	%
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming assets	65.40	% 83.74	%

Nonaccrual loans exclude the guaranteed portion of delinquent SBA loans that are in liquidation totaling \$21.0 million and \$17.6 million as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

The allowance for loan losses was \$71.7 million at June 30, 2013, compared to \$66.9 million at December 31, 2012. We recorded a provision for loan losses of \$8.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$9.8 million for the same period of 2012. The allowance for loan losses was 1.59% of gross loans at June 30, 2013 and 1.56% of gross loans at December 31, 2012. Impaired loans as defined by FASB ASC 310-10-35, "Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan," totaled \$98.2 million and \$90.2 million as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, with specific allowances of \$15.1 million and \$9.2 million, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Loans 90 days or more past due on accrual status are acquired loans accounted for under ASC 310-30. Allowance for Loan Losses

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The following table reflects our allocation of the allowance for loan and lease losses ("ALLL") by loan type and the ratio of each loan category to total loans as of the dates indicated:

	Allocation of Allowance for Loan Losses				
	June 30, 2013 December 31, 2			2012	
	Amount of	Percent of	Amount of	Percent of	
	Allowance for ALLL to Total		Allowance for	ALLL to Total	
	Loan Losses	ALLL	Loan Losses	ALLL	
	(Dollars in thou				
Loan Type					
Real estate - Residential	\$71	0 %	\$74	0	%
Real estate - Commercial	50,552	71 %	45,162	67	%
Real estate - Construction	941	1 %	986	1	%
Commercial business	17,174	24 %	17,606	26	%
Trade finance	2,335	3	2,352	4	%
Consumer and other	602	1 %	761	1	%
Total	\$71,675	100	\$66,941	100	%

For a better understanding of the changes in the ALLL, the loan portfolio has been segmented for disclosures purposes between loans which are accounted for under the amortized cost method (Legacy Loans) and loans acquired from acquisitions (Acquired Loans). The Acquired Loans were further segregated between Credit Impaired Loans (loans with credit deterioration at the time they were acquired and accounted for under ASC 310-30) and performing loans (loans that were pass graded at the time they were acquired). The activity in the ALLL for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 is as follows:

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(2) Acquired loans were marked to fair value at the acquisition date and provisions for loan losses reflect credit deterioration since the acquisition date.

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The following table shows the provisions made for loan losses, the amount of loans charged off and the recoveries on loans previously charged off, together with the balance in the allowance for loan losses at the beginning and end of each period, the amount of average and gross loans outstanding, and certain other ratios as of the dates and for the periods indicated:

	At or for the Three Months End June 30,		ded	
	2013		2012	
	(Dollars in th	ous	ands)	
LOANS				
Average gross loans receivable, including loans held for sale (net of deferred fees)	\$4,546,461		\$3,847,921	
Total gross loans receivables, excluding loans held for sale (net of deferred fees)	\$4,518,122		\$3,874,538	
ALLOWANCE:				
Balance-beginning of period	\$73,268		\$62,309	
Less: Loan charge-offs:				
Commercial & industrial real estate	(801)	(2,485)
Commercial business loans	(2,097)	(2,124)
Trade finance			(300)
Consumer and other loans	(2)	(700)
Total loans charged off	(2,900)	(5,609)
Plus: Loan recoveries				
Commercial & industrial real estate	57		1,108	
Commercial business loans			265	
Consumer and other loans	37		250	
Total loans recoveries	507		1,623	
Net loan charge-offs	(2,393)	(3,986)
Provision for loan losses	800		2,600	
Balance-end of period	\$71,675		\$60,923	
Net loan charge-offs to average gross loans, including loans held for sale (net of	0.21	0%	0.41	%
deferred fees) *	0.21	70	0.41	70
Allowance for loan losses to gross loans at end of period	1.59	%	1.57	%
Net loan charge-offs to beginning allowance *	13.06	%	25.59	%
Net loan charge-offs to provision for loan losses	299.13	%	153.31	%
* Annualized				

We believe the allowance for loan losses as of June 30, 2013 is adequate to absorb probable incurred losses in the loan portfolio. However, no assurance can be given that actual losses will not exceed the estimated amounts. Deposits and Other Borrowings

Deposits. Deposits are our primary source of funds used in our lending and investment activities. At June 30, 2013, deposits increased \$192.8 million, or 4.40%, to \$4.58 billion from \$4.38 billion at December 31, 2012. The net increase in deposits is primarily due to the PIB acquisition during the first quarter of 2013 in which we assumed \$143.7 million in deposits. Interest-bearing demand deposits, including money market and Super Now accounts, totaled \$1.44 billion at June 30, 2013, an increase of \$14.6 million from \$1.43 billion at December 31, 2012. At June 30, 2013, 26% of total deposits were non-interest bearing demand deposits, 42% were time deposits and 32% were interest bearing demand and savings deposits. By comparison, at December 31, 2012, 27% of total deposits were non-interest bearing demand deposits, 40% were time deposits, and 33% were interest bearing demand and savings deposits.

At June 30, 2013, we had \$301.7 million in brokered deposits and \$300.0 million in California State Treasurer deposits, compared to \$307.2 million and \$300.0 million of such deposits at December 31, 2012, respectively. The California State Treasurer deposits had three-month maturities with a weighted average interest rate of 0.09% at June 30, 2013 and were

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collateralized with securities with a carrying value of \$366.6 million. The weighted average interest rate for wholesale deposits was 0.33% at June 30, 2013.

The following is a schedule of certificates of deposit maturities as of June 30, 2013:

	Balance	%		
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Three months or less	\$597,509	31	%	
Over three months through six months	512,953	27	%	
Over six months through nine months	246,624	13	%	
Over nine months through twelve months	324,920	17	%	
Over twelve months	240,653	13	%	
Total time deposits	\$1,922,659	100	%	

Other Borrowings. Advances may be obtained from the FHLB as an alternative source of funds. FHLB advances are typically secured by a pledge of commercial real estate loans and/or securities with a market value at least equal to the outstanding advances plus our investment in FHLB stock.

At June 30, 2013, we had \$421.5 million of FHLB advances with average remaining maturities of 2.9 years, compared to \$420.7 million with average remaining maturities of 2.6 years at December 31, 2012. The weighted average rate, including acquisition accounting adjustments, was 1.16% and 1.31% at June 30, 2013 and at December 31, 2012, respectively.

At June 30, 2013, five wholly-owned subsidiary grantor trusts ("Trusts") established by us had issued \$46 million of pooled trust preferred securities ("Trust Preferred Securities"). The Trust Preferred Securities accrue and pay distributions periodically at specified annual rates as provided in the related indentures for the securities. The Trusts used the net proceeds from their respective offerings to purchase a like amount of subordinated debentures (the "Debentures") issued by us. The Debentures are the sole assets of the trusts. Our obligations under the Debentures and related documents, taken together, constitute a full and unconditional guarantee by us of the obligations of the trusts. The Trust Preferred Securities are mandatorily redeemable upon the maturity of the Debentures, or upon earlier redemption as provided in the indentures. We have the right to redeem the Debentures in whole (but not in part) on or after specific dates, at redemption prices specified in the indentures plus any accrued but unpaid interest to the redemption date.

Off-Balance-Sheet Activities and Contractual Obligations

We routinely engage in activities that involve, to varying degrees, elements of risk that are not reflected, in whole or in part, in the consolidated financial statements. These activities are part of our normal course of business and include traditional off-balance-sheet credit-related financial instruments, interest rate swap contracts, operating leases and long-term debt.

Traditional off-balance-sheet credit-related financial instruments are primarily commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. These activities could require us to make cash payments to third parties if certain specified future events occur. The contractual amounts represent the extent of our exposure in these off-balance-sheet activities. However, since certain off-balance sheet commitments, particularly standby letters of credit, are expected to expire or be only partially used, the total amount of commitments does not necessarily represent future cash requirements. These activities are necessary to meet the financing needs of our customers.

We enter into interest rate swap contracts under which we are required to either receive cash from or pay cash to counterparties depending on changes in interest rates. We also purchase interest rate caps to protect against increases in market interest rates. We utilize interest rate swap contracts and interest rate caps to help manage the risk of changing interest rates.

We do not anticipate that our current off-balance-sheet activities will have a material impact on our future results of operations or our financial condition. Further information regarding our financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk can be found in Item 3 "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk".

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Our leased banking facilities and equipment are leased under non-cancelable operating leases under which we must make monthly payments over periods up to 15 years.

Stockholders' Equity and Regulatory Capital

Historically, our primary source of capital has been the retention of earnings, net of dividend payments to shareholders. We seek to maintain capital at a level sufficient to assure our stockholders, our customers, and our regulators that our company and our bank subsidiary are financially sound. For this purpose, we perform ongoing assessments of our components of capital, as well as projected sources and uses of capital in conjunction with projected increases in assets and levels of risks.

Total stockholders' equity was \$781.0 million at June 30, 2013 compared to \$751.1 million at December 31, 2012. The federal banking agencies require a minimum ratio of qualifying total capital to risk-weighted assets of 8% and a minimum ratio of Tier I capital to risk-weighted assets of 4%. In addition to the risk-based guidelines, federal banking regulators require banking organizations to maintain a minimum amount of Tier I capital to average total assets, referred to as the leverage ratio. Capital requirements apply to the Company and the Bank separately. In addition to these uniform risk-based capital guidelines and leverage ratios that apply across the industry, the regulators have the discretion to set individual minimum capital requirements for specific institutions at rates significantly above the minimum guidelines and ratios.

At June 30, 2013, our Tier I capital, defined as stockholders' equity less intangible assets, plus proceeds from the trust preferred securities (subject to limitations), was \$728.8 million, compared to \$688.4 million at December 31, 2012, representing an increase of \$40.4 million, or 5.54%. The increase was primarily due to the increase in additional paid-in capital from the net income during the six months period of \$40.1 million. At June 30, 2013, the total capital to risk-weighted assets ratio was 16.14% and the Tier I capital to risk-weighted assets ratio was 14.89%. The Tier I leverage capital ratio was 12.61%.

As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the most recent regulatory notification categorized the Bank as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as well capitalized, the Bank must maintain minimum total risk-based, Tier I risk-based and Tier I leverage capital ratios as set forth in the table below.

	As of June 3	30, 2013 (D	ollars	s in thousand	s)				
	Actual			To Be Well-	Capitalized		Excess		
	Amount	Ratio		Amount	Ratio		Amount	Ratio	
BBCN Bancorp, Inc									
Total risk-based capital ratio	\$790,164	16.12	%	N/A	N/A				
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	\$728,773	14.87	%	N/A	N/A				
Tier 1 capital to total assets	\$728,773	12.60	%	N/A	N/A				
BBCN Bank									
Total risk-based capital ratio	\$780,843	15.95	%	\$489,676	10.00	%	\$291,167	5.95	%
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	\$719,494	14.69	%	\$293,805	6.00	%	\$425,689	8.69	%
Tier I capital to total assets	\$719,494	12.42	%	\$289,108	5.00	%	\$430,386	7.42	%
	As of Decer	nber 31, 20	12 (I	Pollars in tho	usands)				
	Actual			To Be Well-	Capitalized		Excess		
	Amount	Ratio		Amount	Ratio		Amount	Ratio	
BBCN Bancorp, Inc									
Total risk-based capital ratio	\$746,396	16.16	%	N/A	N/A				
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	\$688,422	14.91	%	N/A	N/A				
Tier 1 capital to total assets	\$688,422	12.76	%	N/A	N/A				
BBCN Bank									
Total risk-based capital ratio	\$725,655	15.73	%	\$461,417	10.00	%	\$264,238	5.73	%
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	\$667,725	14.47	%	\$276,850	6.00	%	\$390,875	8.47	%
Tier I capital to total assets	\$667,725	12.38	%	\$269,767	5.00	%	\$397,958	7.38	%

Liquidity Management

Liquidity risk is the risk of reduction in our earnings or capital that would result if we were not able to meet our obligations when they come due without incurring unacceptable losses. Liquidity risk includes the risk of unplanned decreases or changes in funding sources and changes in market conditions that affect our ability to liquidate assets quickly and with minimum loss of value. Factors considered in liquidity risk management are the stability of the deposit base; the marketability, maturity, and

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pledging of our investments; the availability of alternative sources of funds; and our demand for credit. The objective of our liquidity management is to have funds available to meet cash flow requirements arising from fluctuations in deposit levels and the demands of daily operations, which include funding of securities purchases, providing for customers' credit needs, and ongoing repayment of borrowings.

Our primary sources of liquidity are derived from financing activities, which include customer and broker deposits, federal funds facilities, and borrowings from the FHLB and the FRB Discount Window. These funding sources are augmented by payments of principal and interest on loans and securities, proceeds from sale of loans and the liquidation or sale of securities from our available for sale portfolio. Primary uses of funds include withdrawal of and interest payments on deposits, originations of loans, purchases of investment securities, and payment of operating expenses.

A t June 30, 2013, our total borrowing capacity from the FHLB was \$1.59 billion, of which \$1.17 billion was unused and available to borrow. At June 30, 2013, our total borrowing capacity from the FRB was \$370.6 million, of which \$370.6 million was unused and available to borrow. In addition to these lines, our liquid assets, consisting of cash and cash equivalent, interest-bearing cash deposits with other banks, overnight federal funds sold to other banks, liquid investment securities available for sale, and loan repayments within 30 days, were \$683.2 million at June 30, 2013 compared to \$661.3 million at December 31, 2012. Cash and cash equivalents, including federal funds sold were \$296.3 million at June 30, 2013 compared to \$312.9 million at December 31, 2012. We believe our liquidity sources to be stable and adequate to meet our day-to-day cash flow requirements.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The objective of our asset and liability management activities is to improve our earnings by adjusting the type and mix of assets and liabilities to effectively address changing conditions and risks. Through overall management of our balance sheet and by controlling various risks, we seek to optimize our financial returns within safe and sound parameters. Our operating strategies for attaining this objective include managing net interest margin through appropriate risk/return pricing of assets and liabilities and emphasizing growth in retail deposits, as a percentage of interest-bearing liabilities, to reduce our cost of funds. We also seek to improve earnings by controlling non-interest expense, and enhancing non-interest income. We also use risk management instruments to modify interest rate characteristics of certain assets and liabilities to hedge against our exposure to interest rate fluctuations with the objective of, reducing the effects these fluctuations might have on associated cash flows or values. Finally, we perform internal analysis to measure, evaluate and monitor risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the most significant market risk impacting us. Interest rate risk occurs when interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities do not reprice simultaneously and in equal volume. A key objective of asset and liability management is to manage interest rate risk associated with changing asset and liability cash flows and values of our assets and liabilities and market interest rate movements. The management of interest rate risk is governed by policies reviewed and approved annually by the Board of Directors. Our Board delegates responsibility for interest rate risk management to the Asset Liability Committee of the Board ("ALCO") and to the Asset and Liability Management Committee ("ALM"), which is composed of the Bank's senior executives and other designated officers. Market risk is the risk of adverse impacts on our future earnings, the fair values of our assets and liabilities, or our future cash flows that may result from changes in the price of a financial instrument. The fundamental objective of our ALM is to manage our exposure to interest rate fluctuations while maintaining adequate levels of liquidity and capital. Our ALM meets regularly to monitor interest rate risk, the sensitivity of our assets and liabilities to interest rate changes, the book and market values of our assets and liabilities, and our investment activities. It also directs changes in the composition of our assets and liabilities. Our strategy has been to reduce the sensitivity of our earnings to interest rate fluctuations by more closely matching the effective maturities or repricing characteristics of our assets and liabilities. Certain assets and liabilities, however, may react in different degrees to changes in market interest rates. Furthermore, interest rates on certain types of assets and liabilities may fluctuate prior to changes in market interest rates, while interest rates on other types may lag behind. We consider the anticipated effects of these factors when implementing our interest rate risk management objectives.

Interest Rate Sensitivity

We monitor interest rate risk through the use of a simulation model that provides us with the ability to simulate our net interest income. In order to measure, at June 30, 2013, the sensitivity of our forecasted net interest income to changing interest rates, both rising and falling interest rate scenarios were projected and compared to base market interest rate forecasts. One application of our simulation model measures the impact of market interest rate changes on the net present value of estimated cash flows from our assets and liabilities, defined as our market value of equity. This analysis assesses the changes in market values of interest rate sensitive financial instruments that would occur in response to immediate and parallel changes in market interest rates.

The impacts on our net interest income and market value of equity exposed to immediate and parallel hypothetical changes in market interest rates as projected by the model we use for this purpose are illustrated in the following table.

	June 30, 2013		December 31, 201	2
Simulated	Estimated Net	Market Value	Estimated Net	Market Value
Pota Changas	Interest Income	Of Equity	Interest Income	Of Equity
Rate Changes	Sensitivity	Volatility	Sensitivity	Volatility
+ 200 basis points	6.53 %	(3.77)%	5.31 %	(2.24)%
+ 100 basis points	2.77 %	(1.47)%	2.51 %	1.01 %
- 100 basis points	(0.58)	1.06 %	(3.78)%	3.06 %
- 200 basis points	(1.20)%	0.84 %	(4.52)%	4.68 %

The results obtained from using the simulation model are somewhat uncertain as the model does not take into account other impacts or changes and the effect they could have on Company's business or changes in business strategy the Company might make in reaction to changes in the interest rate environment.

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Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We conducted an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) for the period ended June 30, 2013. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer determined that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2013 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are involved in routine litigation incidental to our business, none of which is expected to have a material adverse effect on us. There were no material developments in legal proceedings which were previously disclosed in our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There were no material changes from risk factors previously disclosed in our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds None

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities None

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None

Item 5. Other Information None

Item 6. Exhibits
See "Index to Exhibits".

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BBCN BANCORP, INC.

Date: August 9, 2013 /s/ Kevin S. Kim

Kevin S. Kim

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 9, 2013

/s/ Douglas J. Goddard Douglas J. Goddard

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, filed with the Delaware Secretary of State on June 5, 2000 (incorporated herein by reference to the Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on November 16, 2000)
3.2	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, filed with the Delaware Secretary of State on May 31, 2002 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.3 of the Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed with the SEC on February 5, 2003)
3.3	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, filed with the Delaware Secretary of State on June 1, 2004 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1.1 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on November 8, 2004)
3.4	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, filed with the Delaware Secretary of State on November 2, 2005 (incorporated herein by reference to Appendix B of the Proxy Statement on DEF14 A, filed with the SEC on September 6, 2005)
3.5	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, filed with the Delaware Secretary of State on July 20, 2007 (incorporated herein by reference to Appendix C of the Proxy Statement on DEF14 A, Appendix C filed with the SEC on April 19, 2007)
3.6	Certificate of Merger, filed with the Delaware Secretary of State on November 30, 2011 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.6 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with SEC on May 10, 2012)
3.7	Amended and Restated Bylaws of BBCN Bancorp, Inc. ((incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.7 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 8, 2013)
10.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of April 15, 2013, by and among BBCN Bancorp, Inc., Won Merger Sub Corp. and Foster Bankshares, Inc.*
10.2	CEO Employment Agreement between BBCN Bank and Kevin S. Kim, dated May 31, 2013*
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Public Company Accounting Reform and Investor Protection Act of $2002*$
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 906 of the Public Company Accounting Reform and Investor Protection Act of 2002*
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document**
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document**

101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document**
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document**
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document**
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document**

^{*}Filed herewith

^{**}Furnished herewith