Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc. Form 10-Q June 15, 2010

#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

#### FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended April 30, 2010

oTRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File No. 000-50956

#### PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware 20-0653570
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

Zero 20-0653570
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

Pharma-Bio Serv Building,
# 6 Road 696
Dorado, Puerto Rico
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

00646 (Zip Code)

787-278-2709

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes "No"

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer "

Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes "No x

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding as of June 11, 2010 was 20,751,215.

# PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC. FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

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#### PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited)

	April 30,	October 31,
	2010 *	2009 **
ASSETS:		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,549,282	\$ 2,051,874
Accounts receivable	1.847,796	2,034,963
Other	213,973	298,830
Total current assets	4,611,051	4,385,667
Property and equipment	1,444,810	1,567,145
Other assets	54,340	69,469
Total assets	\$ 6,110,201	\$ 6,022,281
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Current portion-obligations under capital leases	\$ 25,023	\$ 43,737
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,100,730	1,112,739
Income taxes payable	193,817	140,443
Total current liabilities	1,319,570	1,296,919
Obligations under capital leases, less current portion	63,130	62,385
Total liabilities	1,382,700	1,359,304
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 par value; authorized		
10,000,000 shares; none outstanding	-	-
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value; authorized 50,000,000		
shares; issued and outstanding 20,751,215 shares	2,075	2,075
Additional paid-in capital	631,226	602,508
Retained earnings	4,136,156	4,068,817
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(41,956)	(10,423)
Total stockholders' equity	4,727,501	4,662,977
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 6,110,201	\$ 6,022,281

Unaudited.

\* Condensed from audited financial statements.

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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### PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)

	Three months ended April 30, 2010 2009				Six months ended April 30, 2010 2009			
REVENUES	\$	2,773,604	\$	3,139,897	\$	5,330,343	\$	6,033,413
COST OF SERVICES		2,016,862		1,944,190		3,822,425		3,978,972
GROSS PROFIT		756,742		1,195,707		1,507,918		2,054,441
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		678,428		789,732		1,380,289		1,498,648
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		78,314		405,975		127,629		555,793
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):								
Interest expense		(939)		(1,711)		(2,697)		(46,327)
Interest income		4,300		4,888		8,964		15,983
Gain (loss) on disposition of property and equipment		-		(1,869)		1,920		6,081
		3,361		1,308		8,187		(24,263)
INCOME BEFORE TAXES		81,675		407,283		135,816		531,530
INCOME TAXES		34,795		139,332		68,477		244,133
NET INCOME	\$	46,880	\$	267,951	\$	67,339	\$	287,397
BASIC EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE	\$	0.002	\$	0.013	\$	0.003	\$	0.014
DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE	\$	0.002	\$	0.012	\$	0.003	\$	0.013
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING – BASIC	į	20,751,215		20,751,215		20,751,215	,	20,751,215
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING – DILUTED	,	22,307,369		22,209,699		22,371,489	,	22,262,305

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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# PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Th	hree months 6	ende	ed April 30, 2009	Si	x months er 2010	nde	d April 30, 2009
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Net income	\$	46,880	\$	267,951	\$	67,339	\$	287,397
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash								
provided by operating activities:								
(Gain) loss on disposition of property and equipment		-		1,868		(1,920)		(6,081)
Stock-based compensation		12,826		18,190		28,718		35,966
Depreciation and amortization		81,001		72,865		162,789		165,530
Imputed interest expense		-		-		-		43,108
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		66,805		(485)		147,673		1,033,436
Decrease (increase) in other assets		(434)		76,730		92,599		36,397
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		84,068		23,622		63,548		(199,864)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING								
ACTIVITIES		291,146		460,741		560,746		1,395,889
CARLET ONG ED OM BUTEGERNG A CERTIFIER								
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		(0.005)		(27, (02)		(20.055)		(05.011)
Acquisition of property and equipment		(8,985)		(37,693)		(20,055)		(95,811)
Payments for business assets acquisition		-		-		-		(150,394)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		- (0.005)		- (27 (22)		(20.055)		12,400
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(8,985)		(37,693)		(20,055)		(233,805)
G L GYY EV OVYG ED OL ( ED Y L YGYY G L GEVY YEDYE)								
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		(5.460)		(0.050)		(26,627)		(20, 207)
Payments on obligations under capital lease		(5,460)		(9,253)		(26,627)		(20,287)
Payments to affiliate		-		- (0.0.70)		- (2.6.627)		(2,250,000)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(5,460)		(9,253)		(26,627)		(2,270,287)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON								
CASH		(10,691)		1,298		(16,656)		203
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH		266010		44 7 000		40= 400		(4.400.000)
EQUIVALENTS		266,010		415,093		497,408		(1,108,000)
GAGILAND GAGILEONWAY ENTER DEGINNING								
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING								
OF PERIOD		2,283,272		1,564,897		2,051,874		3,087,990
GAGILAND GAGILEONWAY ENERG. END OF								
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – END OF	ф	2.540.202	ф	1 070 000	Φ.	2.540.202	Ф	1 070 000
PERIOD	\$	2,549,282	\$	1,979,990	\$	2,549,282	\$	1,979,990
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOURES OF CASH FLOWS								
INFORMATION:								
Cash paid during the period for:	ф	0.005	ф		Φ.	15.460	Ф	100.007
Income taxes	\$	9,325	\$	- 1 711	\$	15,468	\$	190,007
Interest	\$	939	\$	1,711	\$	2,697	\$	3,218
CUDDI EMENITADY COHEDIN EC OF MONI CACU								
SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
IN VESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	\$	2 151	Φ	14.011	Φ	2 151	\$	10.024
	Ф	3,454	\$	14,911	Ф	3,454	Ф	18,924

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Income tax withheld by clients to be used as a credit in										
the Company's income tax return										
Obligations under capital lease incurred for the										
acquisition of a vehicle	\$	-	\$	58,970	\$	31,918	\$	58,970		
Property and equipment with accumulated depreciation										
of \$12,355 disposed during the six month period ended										
in April 30, 2010, and \$70,790 and \$98,334 disposed										
during the three and six month periods ended in April										
30, 2009, respectively.	\$	-	\$	106,185	\$	33,695	\$	138,180		

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.

Notes To Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements April 30, 2010 (Unaudited)

#### NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **ORGANIZATION**

Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc. ("Pharma-Bio") is a Delaware corporation organized on January 14, 2004. Pharma-Bio is the parent company of Pharma-Bio Serv PR, Inc. ("Pharma-PR"), Pharma Serv, Inc. ("Pharma-Serv"), both Puerto Rico corporations, Pharma-Bio Serv US, Inc. ("Pharma-US"), a Delaware corporation, and Pharma-Bio Serv Validation & Compliance Limited ("Pharma-IR"), a majority owned Irish corporation. Pharma-Bio, Pharma-PR, Pharma Serv, Pharma-US and Pharma-IR are collectively referred to as the "Company." The Company operates in Puerto Rico, the United States and in Ireland under the name of Pharma-Bio Serv and is engaged in providing technical compliance consulting service, and microbiological and chemical laboratory testing services primarily to the pharmaceutical, chemical, medical device and biotechnology industries.

Pharma-US and Pharma-Serv are wholly owned subsidiaries. As of April 30, 2010, both subsidiaries were in development stage and have not incurred significant revenues or expenses.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of October 31, 2009 is derived from audited consolidated financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles. The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements, include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods. The results of operations for the six months ended April 30, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of expected results for the full 2010 fiscal year.

The accompanying financial data as of April 30, 2010, and for the three-month and six-month periods ended April 30, 2010 and 2009 has been prepared by us, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally contained in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes contained in our audited Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2009.

#### Consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and all of its wholly owned and majority-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed

consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments (excluding obligations under capital leases): cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, are considered reasonable estimates of fair value due to their liquidity or short-term nature. Management believes, based on current rates, that the fair value of its obligations under capital leases approximates the carrying amount.

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#### **Revenues Recognition**

Revenues are primarily derived from: (1) time and materials contracts (representing over 80% of total revenues), which is recognized by applying the proportional performance model, whereby revenue is recognized as performance occurs, (2) short-term fixed-fee contracts or "not to exceed" contracts, which revenue is recognized similarly, except that certain milestones also have to be reached before revenue is recognized, and (3) laboratory testing which is mainly recognized as the testing is completed and certified (normally within days of sample receipt from customer). If the Company determines that a contract will result in a loss, the Company recognizes the estimated loss in the period in which such determination is made.

#### Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash equivalents include investments in a money market obligations trust that is registered under the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at their estimated realizable value. Accounts are deemed past due when payment has not been received within the stated time period. The Company's policy is to review individual past due amounts periodically and write off amounts for which all collection efforts are deemed to have been exhausted. Due to the nature of the Company's customers, bad debts are mainly accounted for using the direct write-off method whereby an expense is recognized only when a specific account is determined to be uncollectible. The effect of using this method approximates that of the allowance method.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Company follows an asset and liability approach method of accounting for income taxes. This method measures deferred income taxes by applying enacted statutory rates in effect at the balance sheet date to the differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts on the financial statements. The resulting deferred tax assets or liabilities are adjusted to reflect changes in tax laws as they occur. A valuation allowance is provided when it is more likely than not that a deferred tax asset will not be realized.

#### Property and equipment

Owned property and equipment, and leasehold improvements are stated at cost. Equipment and vehicles under capital leases are stated at the lower of fair market value or net present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the leases.

Depreciation and amortization of owned assets are provided for, when placed in service, in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives, using straight-line basis. Assets under capital leases and leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the assets or initial lease term. Major renewals and betterments that extend the life of the assets are capitalized, while expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed when incurred. As of April 30, 2010 and October 31, 2009, the accumulated depreciation and amortization amounted to \$801,183 and \$660,750, respectively.

The Company evaluates for impairment its long-lived assets to be held and used, and long-lived assets to be disposed of, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Based on management estimates, no impairment of the operating properties was present.

# Intangible assets

Definite-lived intangible assets, such as customer lists and covenants not to compete, are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The Company continually evaluates the reasonableness of the useful lives of these assets.

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#### **Stock-based Compensation**

Stock-based compensation expense is recognized in the consolidated financial statements based on the fair value of the awards granted. Stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as expense over the requisite service period, which generally represents the vesting period, and includes an estimate of awards that will be forfeited. The Company calculates the fair value of stock options using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model at grant date. Excess tax benefits related to stock-based compensation are reflected as cash flows from financing activities rather than cash flows from operating activities. The Company has not recognized such cash flow from financing activities since there has been no tax benefit related to the stock-based compensation.

#### Income Per Share of Common Stock

Basic income per share of common stock is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. Diluted income per share includes the dilution of common stock equivalents.

The diluted weighted average shares of common stock outstanding were calculated using the treasury stock method for the respective periods.

#### Foreign Operations

The functional currency of the Company's foreign subsidiary is its local currency. The assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign subsidiary are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates prevailing during the period. The cumulative translation effect for subsidiaries using a functional currency other than the U.S. dollar is included as a cumulative translation adjustment in stockholders' equity and as a component of comprehensive income or loss.

The Company's intercompany accounts are typically denominated in the functional currency of the foreign subsidiary. Gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of intercompany receivables that the Company considers to be of a long-term investment nature are recorded as a cumulative translation adjustment in stockholders' equity and as a component of comprehensive income or loss, while gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of intercompany receivables from those international subsidiaries for which the Company anticipates settlement in the foreseeable future are recorded in the consolidated statements of operations. The net gains and losses recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of income were not significant for the periods presented.

#### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the April 30, 2009 condensed consolidated financial statements to conform them to the April 30, 2010 condensed consolidated financial statements presentation. Such reclassifications do not affect net income as previously reported.

#### NOTE B - RECENTLY ISSUED AND ADOPTED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

1. In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") approved the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (the "Codification") as the single source of authoritative non-governmental generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). All existing accounting standard documents, such as FASB, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Emerging Issues Task Force and other related literature, excluding guidance from the SEC, have been superseded by the Codification. All other non-grandfathered, non-SEC accounting literature not included in the Codification has become nonauthoritative. The Codification did not change GAAP, but instead introduced a new

structure that combines all authoritative standards into a comprehensive, topically organized online database. The Codification is effective for interim or annual periods ending after September 15, 2009, and impacts the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements, as all future references to authoritative accounting literature will be referenced in accordance with the Codification. As a result of the Company's implementation of the Codification, previous references to new accounting standards and literature are no longer applicable.

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- 2. The FASB issued guidance related to the accounting for business combinations and related disclosures which is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. This new guidance addresses the recognition and accounting for identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and noncontrolling interests in business combinations. The guidance also establishes expanded disclosure requirements for business combinations. Accordingly, the Company will apply this new guidance prospectively to all business combinations subsequent to November 1, 2009. The nature and magnitude of the specific effects of this standard will depend upon the nature, terms and size of the acquisitions the Company completes after the effective date, if any.
- 3. The FASB issued guidance related to the accounting for noncontrolling interests in consolidated financial statements which is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. This guidance establishes accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. This guidance requires that noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries be reported in the equity section of the controlling company's balance sheet. It also changes the manner in which the net income of the subsidiary is reported and disclosed in the controlling company's income statement. Accordingly, the Company adopted this new standard effective November 1, 2009. The adoption of this guidance did not have a significant effect on the Company's financial statements.

#### NOTE C - INCOME TAXES

The Company adopted guidance from the FASB related to Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes which includes a two-step approach to recognizing, de-recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions. As of April 30, 2010, the Company had no significant uncertain tax positions that would be reduced as a result of a lapse of the applicable statute of limitations.

On July 2008, Pharma-Bio and Pharma-PR obtained a Grant of Industrial Tax Exemption ("the Grant") from the Puerto Rico Industrial Development Company pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in Act No. 135 of December 2, 1997, as amended. The Grant provides relief on various Puerto Rico taxes, including income tax, mostly for the Company's microbiological and chemical laboratory testing facility and service activities outside of Puerto Rico. The Grant is effective as of September 1, 2007 and covers a ten year period. Activities covered by the Grant are subject to a reduced income tax rate of 7%.

The operations carried out in the United States by the Company's subsidiary are taxed in the United States. With certain limitations, the Company receives a credit on its Puerto Rico tax for the federal income tax paid. Also, upon distribution of earnings by the Puerto Rican subsidiary to its parent those dividends are taxed at the federal level, however, the parent is able to receive a credit for the taxes paid by the subsidiary on its operations in Puerto Rico, to the extent of the federal taxes that result from those earnings (determined at rates which are normally lower than in Puerto Rico). As a result, the income tax expense of the Company, under its present corporate structure, would normally be the Puerto Rico taxes on operations in Puerto Rico, plus 10% withholding in Puerto Rico from dividends paid to the Puerto Rican subsidiary's parent, plus federal taxes on operations in the United States.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the consolidated financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future, based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income.

The Company has not recognized deferred income taxes on undistributed earnings of its Puerto Rican subsidiary, since such earnings are considered to be reinvested indefinitely. If the earnings were distributed in the form of dividends, the Company would be subject to a tollgate tax.

Pharma-Bio and Pharma-IR have unused operating losses which result in a potential deferred tax asset. However, an allowance has been provided covering the total amount of such balance since it is uncertain whether the net operating losses can be used to offset future taxable income before their expiration dates. Realization of future tax benefits related to a deferred tax asset is dependent on many factors, including the company's ability to generate taxable income. Accordingly, the income tax benefit will be recognized when realization is determined to be more probable than not. These net operating losses are available to offset future taxable income which expires for Pharma-Bio in 2027 while for Pharma-IR are available indefinitely.

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The statutory income tax rate differs from the effective rate mainly due to income tax permanent differences between financial and tax books income.

The Company files income tax returns in the United States (federal and various states jurisdictions), Puerto Rico and Ireland. The 2004 through 2009 tax years are open and may be subject to potential examination in one or more jurisdictions. The Company is not currently under income tax examination.

#### NOTE D - DUE TO AFFILIATE

Pursuant to a plan and agreement of merger dated January 25, 2006, the Company agreed to pay its then sole stockholder of Pharma-PR three installments of \$2,750,000 on January 25, 2007, 2008 and 2009, including imputed interest of 6.72%. The last installment was paid in full during fiscal year 2009.

#### NOTE E - WARRANTS

At April 30, 2010 and October 31, 2009 the Company had outstanding warrants to purchase 10,079,991 and 11,053,216 shares of the Company's common stock, respectively, at prices ranging from \$0.06 to \$1.65 per share. The warrants became exercisable at various dates commencing in 2004 and expire at various dates through 2014. An aggregate of 973,225 of Series C Common Stock Purchase Warrants of the Company with an exercise price of \$0.7344 expired on January 24, 2010.

#### NOTE F - EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following data shows the amounts used in the calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share.

	Three months ended April 30,				Six months ended April 30,			
		2010		2009		2010		2009
Net income available to common equity holders - used to								
compute basic and diluted earning per share	\$	46,880	\$	267,951	\$	67,339	\$	287,397
Weighted average number of common shares - used to								
compute basic earning per share	2	20,751,215	2	20,751,215	2	20,751,215	2	0,751,215
Effect of warrants to purchase common stock		1,556,154		1,458,484		1,620,274		1,511,090
Effect of options to purchase common stock		-		-		-		-
Weighted average number of shares - used to compute								
diluted earnings per share	2	22,307,369	2	2,209,699	2	2,371,489	2	2,262,305

Warrants for the purchase of 7,999,400 shares of common stock for the three-month and six-month periods ended in April 30, 2010, and 8,972,625 for the three-month and six-month periods ended in April 30, 2009, were not included in computing diluted earnings per share because their effects were antidilutive. In addition, options for the purchase of 1,379,413 shares of common stock for the three-month and six-month periods ended in April 30, 2010, and 1,436,944 for the three-month and six-month periods ended in April 30, 2009, were not included in computing diluted earnings per share because their effects were also antidilutive.

#### NOTE G - CONCENTRATIONS OF RISK

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The Company maintains cash deposits in an FDIC insured bank and in a money market obligations trust, registered under the US Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. The bank deposit balances frequently exceed federally insured limits. No losses have been experienced or are expected on these accounts.

#### Accounts receivable and revenues

Management deems all of its accounts receivable to be fully collectible, and, as such, does not maintain any allowances for uncollectible receivables.

The Company's revenues, and the related receivables, are concentrated in the pharmaceutical industry in Puerto Rico, the United States of America and Ireland. Although a few customers represent a significant source of revenue, the Company's functions are not a continuous process, accordingly, the client base for which the services are typically rendered, on a project-by-project basis, changes regularly.

The Company provided a substantial portion of its services to three customers, which accounted for 10% or more of its revenues in either of the three-month and six-month periods ended April 30, 2010 or 2009. During the three months ended April 30, 2010, revenues from these customers were 19%, 13% and 12%, or a total of 44%, as compared to the same period last year for 7%, 21% and 8%, or a total of 36%, respectively. For the six months ended April 30, 2010 revenues from these customers were 21%, 13% and 11%, or a total of 46%, as compared to the same period last year for 5%, 24% and 8%, or a total of 37%, respectively. At April 30, 2010 amounts due from these customers represented 40% of the Company's total accounts receivable balance.

#### **NOTE H - SEGMENT DISCLOSURES**

The Company's segments are based on the organizational structure for which financial results are regularly evaluated by the Company's chief operating decision maker to determine resource allocation and assess performance. Each reportable segment is managed by its own management team and reports to executive management. The Company has two reportable segments: (i) Puerto Rico and United States consulting, and (ii) Ireland consulting. Both reportable segments provide technical compliance consulting service primarily to the pharmaceutical, chemical, medical device and biotechnology industries in their respective markets. For periods before April 30, 2010, the Company had only one reportable segment.

The following table presents information about the reported revenue from services and earnings from operations of the Company for the three and six month periods ended in April 30, 2010 and 2009. There is no intersegment revenue for the mentioned periods. Corporate expenses that support the operating units have been allocated to the segments. Asset information by reportable segment is not presented, since the Company does not produce such information internally, nor does it use such data to manage its business.

	Thre	e months	ende	d April 30,	Six months e	nded April 30,
	,	2010		2009	2010	2009
REVENUES:						
Puerto Rico and United States consulting	\$ 2	,004,966	\$	2,514,904	\$ 3,786,191	\$ 5,134,495
Ireland consulting		540,621		177,256	1,122,572	326,718
Other segments <sup>1</sup>		228,017		447,737	421,580	572,200
Total consolidated revenues	\$ 2	,773,604	\$	3,139,897	\$ 5,330,343	\$ 6,033,413

INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAXES:				
Puerto Rico and United States consulting	\$ 238,605	\$ 396,556	\$ 382,190	\$ 694,884
Ireland consulting	(48,424)	(32,378)	(12,249)	(68,728)
Other segments <sup>1</sup>	(108,506)	43,105	(234,125)	(94,626)
Total consolidated income before taxes	\$ 81,675	\$ 407,283	\$ 135,816	\$ 531,530

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Other segments represent activities that fall below the reportable threshold and are carried out in Puerto and United States. These activities include a microbiological and chemical laboratory testing division, a technical seminars/training division, an information technology services and consulting division, and corporate headquarters, as applicable.

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The following discussion of our results of operations and financial condition should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the related notes included under Part I Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. See Note H "Segment Disclosures" in the financial statements included under Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for information regarding our two reportable segments. In addition, reference should be made to our audited Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto and related Management's Discussion and Analysis appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2009. The following discussion includes forward-looking statements. For a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ from results discussed in the forward-looking statements, see "Forward Looking Statements" below and the "Risk Factors" section in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2009.

#### Overview

We are a compliance and technology transfer services consulting firm with a laboratory testing facility with headquarters in Puerto Rico, servicing the Puerto Rico, United States and Europe markets. The compliance consulting service sector in those markets consists of local compliance and validation consulting firms, United States dedicated validation and compliance consulting firms and large publicly traded and private domestic and foreign engineering and consulting firms. We provide a broad range of compliance related consulting services. We also provide microbiological testing services and recently commenced providing chemical testing services through our laboratory testing facility ("Lab") in Puerto Rico. We also provide information technology consulting services and technical trainings/seminars, which services are not currently significant to our operating results. We market our services to pharmaceutical, chemical, biotechnology and medical devices, and allied products companies in Puerto Rico, the United States and Europe. Our staff includes more than 120 experienced engineering and life science professionals, and includes former quality assurance managers or directors, and experienced and trained professionals with bachelors, masters and doctorate degrees in health sciences and engineering.

During fiscal 2006 and 2008, respectively, we expanded the markets we serve from Puerto Rico to the United States and Ireland. Our Ireland operation, with an Ireland-based management team reporting to our headquarters, has established a network of potential key customers and contacts that serve as the base for our sales target and opportunities. We are also actively pursuing to further expand our US market.

We have plans to further penetrate the markets we currently serve. We market our services with an active presence in industry trade shows, professional conventions, industry publications and company provided seminars to the industry. Our senior management is also actively involved in the marketing process, especially in marketing to major accounts. Our senior management and staff also concentrate on developing new business opportunities and focus on the larger customer accounts (by number of professionals or dollar volume) and responding to prospective customers' requests for proposals.

While our core business is US Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") and international agencies regulatory compliance related services, we feel that our clients are in need of other services that we can provide and allow us to present the company as a global solution provider with a portfolio of integrated services that will bring value added solutions to our customers. Accordingly, we expanded our portfolio of services to include a laboratory testing facility, an information technology consulting practice and a training center that provides seminars/trainings to the industry.

Our Lab, located in Puerto Rico, with an investment of \$1.25 million for microbiology testing, commenced operations in early fiscal 2009. The Lab incorporates the latest technology and test methodologies meeting pharmacopoeia industry standards and regulations. It currently offers microbiological testing and related services to our core

industries already serviced, as well as the cosmetic and food industries. The Lab is expanding its services to include chemical and environmental testing at an approximate investment of \$280,000, which was partially incurred during fiscal year 2009 and will be further incurred in fiscal year 2010.

We identified the industry need for, and the opportunity to provide, technical seminars/trainings that will incorporate the latest regulatory trends and standards as well as other related areas. A network of leading industry professional experts in their field, which includes resources of our own, were identified and teamed to provide these seminars/training to the industry through our "Pharma Serv Academy" division. Our goal is to provide these services and market our company in the markets we currently serve, as well as others.

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In December 2008, we acquired the operations and assets of Integratek Corp. ("Integratek"), an information technology services and consulting firm based in Puerto Rico. Integratek provides a variety of information technology services such as web pages and portals development, digital art design, intranets, extranets, software development including database integration, Windows and web applications development, software technical training and learning management systems, technology project management, and compliance consulting services, among others. Integratek is a Microsoft Certified Partner and a reseller for technology products from leading vendors in the market. Although this operation is not currently significant to our operating results, our goal is to broaden the portfolio of services that we can provide to our customer base and also target other potential customers in other industries.

In line with the strategy to penetrate the US market, on July 1, 2009, we obtained the renewal of the certification as a "minority-controlled company" as defined by the National Minority Supplier Development Council and Growth Initiative ("NMSDC"). The certification allows us to participate in corporate diversity programs available from various potential customers in the United States and Puerto Rico. We expect that the certification will be renewed on July 1, 2010.

On July 2008, Pharma-Bio and Pharma-PR obtained a Grant of Industrial Tax Exemption ("the Grant") from the Puerto Rico Industrial Development Company pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in Act No. 135 of December 2, 1997, as amended. The Grant provides relief on various Puerto Rico taxes, including income tax, mostly for our new Lab and service activities outside of Puerto Rico. The Grant is effective as of September 1, 2007 and covers a ten year period. Activities covered by the Grant are subject to a reduced income tax rate of 7%.

Although we believe we have instituted the right strategies to be profitable and seek growth, we cannot control the fact that the industry and the local and global economies have undergone a recession and that has affected our operation and business growth.

The reduction in operations of some of our clients, mostly triggered by the global economic recession and the industry worldwide consolidation, continues to affect our revenues and our growth plans for fiscal 2010. For the six-month period ended April 30, 2010 our total net revenues decreased by approximately \$0.7 million or 11.6%, when compared to the same period last year. In order to maintain volume in the markets we serve and ensure we are price competitive, we continue to adjust our pricing and gross margin structure accordingly. In addition, since fiscal year 2009 we implemented cost containment measures and have refocused the overall operations strategy to reduce our overhead costs. These factors have led our six-month period ended April 30, 2010 net income to be approximately \$67,000, a decline of \$220,000 when compared with the same period last year.

The following table sets forth information as to our revenue for the three-month periods ended April 30, 2010 and 2009, by geographic regions (dollars in thousands).

	Three	months er	nded April 30,	Six months ended April 30,						
Revenues by			_				_			
Region:	2010		2009		2010		2009			
Puerto Rico	\$ 1,922	69.3%	\$ 2,312	73.6% \$	3,628	68.1% \$	4,454	73.8%		
United States	311	11.2%	651	20.7%	580	10.9%	1,252	20.8%		
Ireland	541	19.5%	177	5.7%	1,122	21.0%	327	5.4%		
	\$ 2,774		\$ 3,140	\$	5,330	\$	6,033			

Weak economies where we do business and worldwide industry consolidations continue to be unfavorable factors affecting fiscal year 2010. These factors and the impact over the industry, if any, of the recently enacted US health care reform (Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act) remain as industry uncertainties that might adversely affect our future performance. We believe that our future profitability and liquidity will be highly dependent on the effect the

global economy, changes in tax laws and worldwide industry consolidations will have over our operations, and our ability to seek service opportunities and adapt to the then current industry trends.

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# Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our statements of operations for the three-month and six-month periods ended April 30, 2010 and 2009, (dollars in thousands) and as a percentage of revenue:

	Three months ended April 30,					Six months ended April 30,					
		201	0	2009	)	201	0	200	)9		
Revenues	\$	2,774	100.0%	\$ 3,140	100.0% \$	5,330	100.0% \$	6,033	100.0%		
Cost of services		2,017	72.7%	1,944	61.9%	3,822	71.7%	3,979	66.0%		
Gross profit		757	27.3%	1,196	38.1%	1,508	28.3%	2,054	34.0%		
Selling, general and											
administrative costs		678	24.4%	790	25.2%	1,380	25.9%	1,499	24.8%		
Interest expense		1	0.0%								