FOOT LOCKER, INC. Form 10-Q June 08, 2016 UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: April 30, 2016

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission File Number: 1-10299

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New York (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

13-3513936 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

330 West 34th Street, New York, New York 10001

(Address of principal executive offices, Zip Code)

(212-720-3700)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

112 West 34th Street, New York, New York 10120

(Former address, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Number of shares of Common Stock outstanding as of May 27, 2016: 135,309,044

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

FOOT LOCKER, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(\$ in millions, except shares)

ASSETS	20	pril 30,)16 Jnaudited)	20	ay 2,)15 Jnaudited)	January 30, 2016 *
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Merchandise inventories	\$	1,062 1,260	\$	986 1,234	\$ 1,021 1,285
Other current assets		270 2,592		259 2,479	300 2,606
Property and equipment, net Deferred taxes		706 182 157		639 226	661 234 156
Goodwill Other intangible assets, net Other assets		46 75		156 48 83	45 73
	\$	3,758	\$		\$ 3,775
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Current portion of capital lease obligations	\$	230 347 1 578	\$	303 387 2 692	\$ 279 420 1 700
Long-term debt and obligations under capital leases Other liabilities Total liabilities Shareholders' equity		128 377 1,083		131 253 1,076	129 393 1,222

Common stock and paid-in capital: 173,885,868; 171,833,686 and 173,397,913 shares, respectively 1,127 1,025 1,108 Retained earnings 2,929 3,182 3,336 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (323)(318)(366) Less: Treasury stock at cost: 37,896,771; 32,094,240 and 36,421,104 shares, respectively (1,465)(1,081)(1,371)Total shareholders' equity 2,675 2,555 2,553 \$ 3,631 \$ 3,758 \$ 3,775

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

* The balance sheet at January 30, 2016 has been derived from the previously reported audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in Foot Locker, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 30, 2016.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

(in millions, except per share amounts)

	er	hirteen v nded pril	we	eks
),	Μ	lay 2,
)16)15
Sales	\$	1,987	\$	1,916
Cost of sales		1,291		1,246
Selling, general and administrative expenses		361		345
Depreciation and amortization		39		35
Interest expense, net				1
Other income		(2)		(1)
		1,689		1,626
Income before income taxes		298		290
Income tax expense		107		106
Net income	\$	191	\$	184
Basic earnings per share	\$	1.40	\$	1.31
Weighted-average shares outstanding	ψ	136.5		1.51
weighted-average shares outstanding		150.5		170.1
Diluted earnings per share	\$	1.39	\$	1.29
Weighted-average shares outstanding, assuming dilution	Ŧ	137.8	÷	142.1

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

(\$ in millions)

	Thirtee weeks	
Nat income	April 30, 2016 \$ 191	May 2, 2015 \$ 184
Net income	\$ 191	ֆ 104
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax		
Foreign currency translation adjustment: Translation adjustment arising during the period, net of income tax	44	1
Cash flow hedges: Change in fair value of derivatives, net of income tax	_	(1)
Pension and postretirement adjustments: Amortization of net actuarial gain/loss and prior service cost included in net periodic benefit costs, net of income tax expense of \$1 million and \$1 million, respectively, and foreign currency fluctuations	(1)	1
Comprehensive income	\$ 234	1 \$ 185

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(\$ in millions)

	Thirteen ended April 30, 2016	May 2,
	2016	2015
From Operating Activities		
Net income	\$ 191	\$ 184
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	39	35
Share-based compensation expense	5	6
Excess tax benefits on share-based compensation	(6)	(14)
Qualified pension plan contributions	(25)	
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Merchandise inventories	39	17
Accounts payable	(54)	2
Accrued and other liabilities	(14)	(10)
Other, net	37	(7)
Net cash provided by operating activities	212	213
From Investing Activities		
Capital expenditures	(65)	(60)
Net cash used in investing activities	(65)	(60)
From Financing Activities		
Purchase of treasury shares	(88)	(129)
Dividends paid on common stock	(37)	(35)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	7	23
Excess tax benefits on share-based compensation	6	14
L		

Net cash used in financing activities	(112)	(127)
Effect of Exchange Rate Fluctuations on Cash and Cash Equivalents Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	6 41 1,021 \$ 1,062	(7) 19 967 \$ 986
Cash Paid During the Period: Interest Income taxes	\$ — \$ 115	\$ — \$ 126

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements contained in this report are unaudited. In the opinion of management, the condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, which are of a normal recurring nature, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods of the fiscal year ending January 28, 2017 and of the fiscal year ended January 30, 2016. Certain items included in these statements are based on management's estimates. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the year. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Foot Locker, Inc.'s (the "Company") Form 10-K for the year ended January 30, 2016, as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 24, 2016.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-17, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes. ASU 2015-17 requires all deferred tax liabilities and assets to be presented in the balance sheet as noncurrent. The Company early adopted this standard on a prospective basis as of the quarter ended April 30, 2016. As a result, the Company reclassified deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities classified as current to noncurrent. No prior periods were retrospectively adjusted.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases. This ASU revises the existing guidance related to leases by requiring lessees to recognize a lease liability and a right-of-use asset for all leases, as well as additional disclosure regarding leasing arrangements. This standard will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years, and requires a modified retrospective adoption, with earlier adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the effects of the adoption of this ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. ASU 2016-09 simplifies certain aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including tax consequences, classification of awards, the option to recognize stock compensation expense with actual forfeitures as they occur, and the classifications on the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-09 is effective for annual reporting beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within that reporting period, with early adoption permitted. The manner of adoption varies, with certain provisions applied on a retrospective or modified retrospective approach, while others are applied prospectively. The Company is currently evaluating the effects of the adoption of this ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing. ASU 2016-10 clarifies the implementation guidance on identifying performance obligations and licensing on the previously issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-11, Revenue Recognition (Topic 605) and Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Rescission of SEC Guidance Because of Accounting Standards Updates 2014-09 and 2014-16 Pursuant to Staff Announcements at the March 3, 2016 EITF Meeting. ASU 2016-11 rescinds several SEC Staff Announcements that are codified in Topic 605, including, among other items, guidance relating to accounting for shipping and handling fees and freight services. ASU 2016-10 and ASU 2016-11 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption is permitted only as of annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016-11 can be adopted either retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the effects of the adoption of these ASUs on its consolidated financial statements.

Other recently issued accounting pronouncements did not, or are not believed by management to, have a material effect on the Company's present or future consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. Segment Information

The Company has determined that its reportable segments are those that are based on its method of internal reporting. The Company has two reportable segments, Athletic Stores and Direct-to-Customers. The Company evaluates performance based on several factors, of which the primary financial measure is division results. Division profit reflects income before income taxes, corporate expense, non-operating income, and net interest expense.

	er	hirteen v 1ded pril	we	eks
	3(),	М	lay 2,
	20)16	20)15
	(\$	in milli	ior	ns)
Sales				
Athletic Stores	\$	1,735	\$	1,681
Direct-to-Customers		252		235
Total sales	\$	1,987	\$	1,916
Operating Results				
Athletic Stores	\$	277	\$	267
Direct-to-Customers		38		40
Division profit		315		307
Less: Corporate expense		19		17
Operating profit		296		290
Interest expense, net				1
Other income (1)		2		1
Income before income taxes	\$	298	\$	290

(1) Other income includes non-operating items, such as lease termination gains, royalty income, insurance recoveries, and the changes in fair value, premiums paid, and realized gains associated with foreign currency option contracts.

3. Goodwill

Annually during the first quarter, or more frequently if impairment indicators arise, the Company reviews goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives for impairment. The annual review of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives performed during the first quarter of 2016 did not result in the recognition of impairment. The following table provides a summary of goodwill by reportable segment. The change in the balance primarily represents foreign currency exchange fluctuations.

	April	May	January
	30,	2,	30,
	2016	2015	2016
	(\$ in mill	ions)	
Athletic Stores	\$ 17	\$ 17	\$ 17
Direct-to-Customers	140	139	139
	\$ 157	\$ 156	\$ 156

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Other Intangible Assets, net

The components of finite-lived intangible assets and intangible assets not subject to amortization are as follows:

	April 3	0, 2016		May 2,	2015		January	30, 2016	
	Gross	Accum.	Net	Gross	Accum.	Net	Gross	Accum.	Net
(\$ in millions)	value	amort.	Value	Value	amort.	Value	value	amort.	Value
Amortized intangible assets:									
(1)									
Lease acquisition costs	\$ 12	8 \$ (111)	\$ 12	\$ 126	\$ (115)	\$ 11	\$ 119	\$ (107)	\$ 12
Trademarks / trade names	21	(13)	8	21	(12)	9	20	(12)	8
Favorable leases	7	(5)	2	7	(4)	3	7	(5)	2
	\$ 15	\$ (129)	\$ 22	\$ 154	\$ (131)	\$ 23	\$ 146	\$ (124)	\$ 22

			January 30,
	April 30, 2016	May 2, 2015	2016
	Net	Net	Net
	Value	Value	Value
Indefinite life intangible assets: (1)			
Runners Point Group trademarks / trade names	\$ 24	\$ 25	\$ 23
Other intangible assets, net	\$ 46	\$ 48	\$ 45

(1) The change in the ending balances also reflects the effect of foreign currency fluctuations due primarily to the movements of the euro in relation to the U.S. dollar.

For the thirteen-week period ended April 30, 2016, activity included a \$1 million increase related to foreign currency fluctuations and \$1 million of lease acquisition additions primarily related to our European businesses, which are being amortized over a weighted-average life of 10 years. This was partially offset by amortization of \$1 million.

	Thirteen weeks ended					
(\$ in millions)	April 30, 2016	May 2, 2015				
Amortization expense	\$ 1	\$ 1				

Estimated future amortization expense for finite life intangible assets is as follows:

	(\$ in millions)
Remainder of 2016	\$ 3
2017	4
2018	3
2019	3
2020	3
2021	2

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Accumulated other comprehensive loss ("AOCL"), net of tax, is comprised the following:

			January
	April 30,	May 2,	30,
	2016	2015	2016
	(\$ in milli	ons)	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ (75)	\$ (74)	\$ (119)
Cash flow hedges	2	(4)	2
Unrecognized pension cost and postretirement benefit	(249)	(239)	(248)
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale security	(1)	(1)	(1)
	\$ (323)	\$ (318)	\$ (366)

The changes in AOCL for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Foreign		Items Related	Unrealized	
	Currency		to Pension and	Loss on	
		Cash			
	Translation	Flow	Postretirement	Available-For-	
(\$ in millions)	Adjustments	Hedges	Benefits	Sale Security	Total
Balance as of January 30, 2016	\$ (119)	\$ 2	\$ (248)	\$ (1)	\$ (366)
OCI before reclassification	44		(3)		41
Reclassified from AOCI	_		2		2

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Other comprehensive income/ (loss) Balance as of April 30, 2016	\$	44 (75)	\$	2	\$	(1) (249)	\$	(1)	43 \$ (323)

Reclassifications from AOCL for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2016 were as follows:

	(\$ in millions)
Amortization of actuarial (gain) loss:	
Pension benefits- amortization of actuarial loss	\$ 4
Postretirement benefits- amortization of actuarial gain	(1)
Net periodic benefit cost (see Note 9)	3
Income tax benefit	(1)
Net of tax	\$ 2

6. Financial Instruments

The Company operates internationally and utilizes certain derivative financial instruments to mitigate its foreign currency exposures, primarily related to third-party and intercompany forecasted transactions. As a result of the use of derivative instruments, the Company is exposed to the risk that counterparties will fail to meet their contractual obligations. To mitigate this counterparty credit risk, the Company has a practice of entering into contracts only with major financial institutions selected based upon their credit ratings and other financial factors. The Company monitors the creditworthiness of counterparties throughout the duration of the derivative instrument. Additional information is contained within Note 7, Fair Value Measurements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Derivative Holdings Designated as Hedges

For a derivative to qualify as a hedge at inception and throughout the hedged period, the Company formally documents the nature of the hedged items and the relationships between the hedging instruments and the hedged items, as well as its risk-management objectives, strategies for undertaking the various hedge transactions, and the methods of assessing hedge effectiveness and ineffectiveness. In addition, for hedges of forecasted transactions, the significant characteristics and expected terms of a forecasted transaction must be specifically identified, and it must be probable that each forecasted transaction would occur. If it were deemed probable that the forecasted transaction would not occur, the gain or loss on the derivative instrument would be recognized in earnings immediately. No such gains or losses were recognized in earnings for any of the periods presented. Derivative financial instruments qualifying for hedge accounting must maintain a specified level of effectiveness between the hedging instrument and the item being hedged, both at inception and throughout the hedged period, which management evaluates periodically.

The primary currencies to which the Company is exposed are the euro, British pound, Canadian dollar, and Australian dollar. For the most part, merchandise inventories are purchased by each geographic area in their respective local currency. The exception to this is the United Kingdom, whose merchandise inventory purchases are denominated in euros. For option and foreign exchange forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges of the purchase of inventory, the effective portion of gains and losses is deferred as a component of AOCL and is recognized as a component of cost of sales when the related inventory is sold. The amount reclassified to cost of sales related to such contracts was not significant for any of the periods presented. The effective portion of gains and losses related to cash flow hedges recorded to earnings was also not significant for any of the periods forward contract as a hedging instrument, the Company excludes the time value of the contract from the assessment of effectiveness. At each quarter-end, substantially all derivative-related amounts reported in AOCL to be reclassified to earnings within twelve months.

The net change in the fair value of the foreign exchange derivative financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges of the purchase of inventory was not significant for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2016, and therefore AOCL remained unchanged. At April 30, 2016, there was a \$2 million gain included in AOCL. For the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015, the net change resulted in a loss of \$1 million. The notional value of the foreign exchange contracts designed as hedges outstanding at April 30, 2016 was \$97 million, and these contracts mature at various dates through July 2017.

The Company enters into foreign exchange forward contracts that are not designated as hedges in order to manage the costs of foreign-currency denominated merchandise purchases and intercompany transactions. Changes in the fair value of these foreign exchange forward contracts are recorded in earnings immediately within selling, general and administrative expenses. The net change in fair value resulted in expense of \$1 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2016. The net change in fair value resulted in income of \$1 million for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015. The notional value of the foreign exchange contracts not designed as hedges outstanding at April 30, 2016 was \$12 million, and these contracts mature at various dates through October 2016.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company mitigates the effect of fluctuating foreign exchange rates on the reporting of foreign-currency denominated earnings by entering into currency option contracts. Changes in the fair value of these foreign currency option contracts, which are not designated as hedges, are recorded in earnings immediately within other income. The realized gains, premiums paid, and changes in the fair market value recorded were not significant for any of the periods presented. No such contracts were outstanding at April 30, 2016.

Additionally, the Company enters into diesel fuel forward and option contracts to mitigate a portion of the Company's freight expense due to the variability caused by fuel surcharges imposed by our third-party freight carriers. Changes in the fair value of these contracts are recorded in earnings immediately. The effect was not significant for any of the periods presented. The notional value of the diesel fuel forward contracts outstanding was not significant at April 30, 2016 and these contracts mature in May 2016.

Fair Value of Derivative Contracts

The following represents the fair value of the Company's derivative contracts. Many of the Company's agreements allow for a netting arrangement. The following is presented on a gross basis, by type of contract:

'1)*1*

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		Ap	rıl	Μ	ay	Jai	nuary
	Balance Sheet	30,		2,		30	,
(\$ in millions)	Caption	201	16	20	15	20	16
Hedging Instruments:							
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Current assets	\$	3	\$		\$	3
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Current liabilities	\$		\$	5	\$	
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Non-current liabilities	\$	1				

7. Fair Value Measurements

The Company's financial assets recorded at fair value are categorized as follows:

Level 1 –Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

- Level 2 –Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs or significant value-drivers are observable in active markets.
- Level 3 –Model-derived valuations in which one or more significant inputs or significant value-drivers are unobservable.

The following tables provide a summary of the Company's recognized assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	As of April 30, 2016 (\$ in millions)		As of May 2, 2	2015	As of January 30, 2016			
	Level Level	Level	Level Level	Level	Level Level	Level		
	1 2	3	1 2	3	1 2	3		
Assets Available-for-sale securities Foreign exchange forward contracts Total Assets	\$ \$ 6 2 \$ \$ 8		\$ \$ 6 \$ \$ \$ 6		— 3	\$ \$		
Liabilities Foreign exchange forward contracts Total Liabilities	\$\$	\$ —	5 \$\$ 5	\$	\$ — \$ —	\$ —		

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Securities classified as available-for-sale are recorded at fair value with unrealized gains and losses reported, net of tax, in other comprehensive income, unless unrealized losses are determined to be other than temporary. The fair value of the auction rate security is determined by using quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets and accordingly is classified as a Level 2 instrument.

The Company's derivative financial instruments are valued using market-based inputs to valuation models. These valuation models require a variety of inputs, including contractual terms, market prices, yield curves, and measures of volatility and, therefore, are classified as Level 2 instruments.

There were no transfers into or out of Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 assets and liabilities for any of the periods presented.

The carrying value and estimated fair value of long-term debt and obligations under capital leases were as follows:

	April May		January				
	30, 2,		30,				
	2016	2015	2016				
	(\$ in millions)						
Carrying value	\$ 129	\$ 133	\$ 130				
Fair value	\$ 149	\$ 158	\$ 156				

The fair value of long-term debt is determined by using model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs or significant value drivers are observable in active markets and, therefore, are classified as Level 2. The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents and other current receivables and payables approximate their fair value.

8. Earnings Per Share

The Company accounts for and discloses earnings per share using the treasury stock method. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income for the period by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding.

Restricted stock awards, which contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends, are considered participating securities and are included in the calculation of basic earnings per share. Diluted earnings per share reflects the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period used in the basic earnings per share computation plus dilutive common stock equivalents.

The computation of basic and diluted earnings per share is as follows:

	Thirteen v ended	veeks
	April 30,	May 2,
	2016	2015
	(in millio	ons,
	except p	er share
	data)	
Net Income	\$ 191	\$ 184
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	136.5	140.1
Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.40	\$ 1.31
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	136.5	140.1
Dilutive effect of potential common shares	1.3	2.0
Weighted-average common shares outstanding assuming dilution	137.8	142.1
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.39	\$ 1.29

Options to purchase 0.2 million and 0.4 million shares of common stock were not included in the computation for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2016 and May 2, 2015, respectively. These options were not included because the effect would have been antidilutive. Contingently issuable shares of 0.3 million have not been included as the vesting conditions have not been satisfied as of April 30, 2016 and May 2, 2015.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. Pension and Postretirement Plans

The Company has defined benefit pension plans covering certain of its North American employees, which are funded in accordance with the provisions of the laws where the plans are in effect. In addition, the Company has a defined benefit pension plan covering certain employees of the Runners Point Group.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Company sponsors postretirement medical and life insurance plans, which are available to most of its retired U.S. employees. These medical and life insurance plans are contributory and are not funded.

The following are the components of net periodic pension benefit cost and net periodic postretirement benefit income, which is recognized as part of SG&A expense:

	Pension	Postretirement
	Benefits	Benefits
	Thirteen	Thirteen
	weeks ended	weeks ended
	April May	April May
	30, 2,	30, 2,
(\$ in millions)	2016 2015	2016 2015
Service cost	\$4 \$4	\$ _ \$ _
Interest cost	6 6	
Expected return on plan assets	(9) (9)	
Amortization of net loss (gain)	4 3	(1) —
Net benefit expense (income)	\$5 \$4	\$ (1) \$ —

On February 24, 2016, the Company made a contribution of \$25 million to the U.S. qualified plan. The Company continually evaluates the amount and timing of any future contributions. The Company currently does not expect to make any further pension plan contributions during the current year. Actual contributions are dependent on several factors, including the outcome of the ongoing pension litigation. See Note 11, Legal Proceedings, for further information.

10. Share-Based Compensation

Total compensation expense included in SG&A, and the associated tax benefits recognized related to the Company's share-based compensation plans were as follows:

	T	hirt	een	
	W	eek	S	
	er	ndeo	ł	
	A	M	ay	
	3(),	2,	
	20)16	20	15
	(\$	5 in		
	m	illio	ons)
Options and shares purchased under the employee stock purchase plan	\$	3	\$	3
Restricted stock and restricted stock units		2		3
Total share-based compensation expense	\$	5	\$	6
Tax benefit recognized		1	\$	2
Excess income tax benefit from settled equity-classified share-based awards reported as a cash flow from financing activities		6	\$	14

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Valuation Model and Assumptions

The Company uses a Black-Scholes option-pricing model to estimate the fair value of share-based awards. The Black-Scholes option-pricing model incorporates various and highly subjective assumptions, including expected term and expected volatility. The following table shows the Company's assumptions used to compute the share-based compensation expense:

	Stock O	Stock P	e Plan May					
	April 30,		May 2,		April 30,		2,	
	2016		2015		2016		2015	
Weighted-average risk free rate of interest	1.4	%	1.5	%	0.3	%	0.1	%
Expected volatility	30	%	30	%	25	%	23	%
Weighted-average expected award life (in years)	5.7		6.0		1.0		1.0	
Dividend yield	1.7	%	1.6	%	1.6	%	1.8	%
Weighted-average fair value	\$ 15.78	\$	6 16.01	\$	11.12	5	8.03	

The information in the following table covers options granted under the Company's stock option plans for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2016:

	Number	Weighted- Average	Weighted- Average
	of	Remaining	Exercise
		Contractual	
	Shares	Life	Price
	(in thousands)	(in years)	(per share)
Options outstanding at the beginning of the year	3,694		\$ 32.62
Granted	465		63.79
Exercised	(324)		22.16
Expired or cancelled	(18)		52.96
Options outstanding at April 30, 2016	3,817	5.9	\$ 37.21
Options exercisable at April 30, 2016	2,713	4.6	\$ 27.86

Options vested and expected to vest at April 30, 2016	3,767	5.9	\$ 36.89
Options available for future grant at April 30, 2016	12,050		

The total fair value of options vested as of April 30, 2016 and May 2, 2015 was \$8 million and \$11 million, respectively. The cash received from option exercises for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2016 and May 2, 2015 was \$7 million and \$23 million, respectively. The total intrinsic value of options exercised (the difference between the market price of the Company's common stock on the exercise date and the price paid by the optionee to exercise the option) is presented below:

Thirteen weeks ended April May 30, 2, 2016 2015 (\$ in millions) Exercised \$ 14 \$ 36

The total tax benefit realized from option exercises was \$5 million and \$14 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2016 and May 2, 2015, respectively.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The aggregate intrinsic value for stock options outstanding, outstanding and exercisable, and vested and expected to vest (the difference between the Company's closing stock price on the last trading day of the period and the exercise price of the options, multiplied by the number of in-the-money stock options) is presented below:

	Thirteen		
	weeks ended		
	April May		
	30,	2,	
	2016 2015		
	(\$ in		
	millions)		
Outstanding	\$ 94	\$ 153	
Outstanding and exercisable	\$91	\$ 137	
Vested and expected to vest	\$94	\$ 153	

As of April 30, 2016 there was \$12 million of total unrecognized compensation cost, net of estimated forfeitures, related to nonvested stock options, which is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average period of 1.7 years. The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at April 30, 2016:

Options Outstanding E Weighted-

Options Exercisable