American Lithium Minerals, Inc. Form S-8 December 03, 2009

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM S-8

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

AMERICAN LITHIUM MINERALS INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) **71-1049972** (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

130 King St. West, Suite 3650 Toronto, Ontario, Canada

M5X 1A9

(Address of Principal Executive Offices and Zip Code)

2009 Stock Plan

(Full title of the plan)

EMPIRE STOCK TRANSFER INC. 1859 WHITNEY MESA DR HENDERSON, NV 89014

(Name and address of agent for service)

416.214.5640

(Telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Copies of all communications, including all communications sent to the agent for service, should be sent to:

William L. Macdonald Macdonald Tuskey Corporate & Securities Lawyers Suite #1210, 777 Hornby Street, Vancouver, B.C., V6Z 1S4, Canada Telephone: (604) 648-1670 <u>Facsimile: (604) 681-4760</u>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a small reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer , accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act

Large accelerated [] filer

Accelerated filer []

 Non-accelerated filer []
 (Do not check if a smaller reporting company [X] reporting company)

- 2 -

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Share ⁽¹⁾	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee
Common Stock ^{(2) (3)}	4,000,000	\$1.32	\$5,280,000	\$294.62
Total	4,000,000			\$294.62

(1)

The price is estimated in accordance with Rule 457(h)(1) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee. Our estimate is based on the average of the high and low prices for our common stock as reported on the National Association of Securities Dealers Inc. s OTC Bulletin Board on November 16, 2009.

(2)

An indeterminate number of additional shares of common stock shall be issuable pursuant to Rule 416 to prevent dilution resulting from stock splits, stock dividends or similar transactions and in such an event the number of shares registered shall automatically be increased to cover the additional shares in accordance with Rule 416 under the Securities Act.

(3)

We are registering up to 4,000,000 shares of our common stock that we may issue upon the exercise of stock options issued or to be issued pursuant to our 2009 Stock Plan. Our 2009 Stock Plan authorizes the issuance of a maximum of 4,000,000 shares of our common stock to eligible employees, directors, officers, advisors and consultants of our company or any of our subsidiaries. All of the shares issuable under the 2009 Stock Plan are being registered under this registration statement on Form S-8.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

We prepared this registration statement in accordance with the requirements of Form S-8 under the Securities Act of 1933, to register an aggregate of 4,000,000 shares of our common stock which may be issued pursuant to the 2009 Stock Plan.

The purpose of the 2009 Stock Plan is to reward employees, directors, officers, advisors and consultants for their contributions toward the long term goals of our company and to enable and encourage such employees, directors, officers, advisors and consultants to acquire shares as long term investments.

Under cover of this registration statement on Form S-8 is our reoffer prospectus prepared in accordance with Part I of Form S-3 under the Securities Act of 1933. Our reoffer prospectus has been prepared pursuant to Instruction C of Form S-8, in accordance with the requirements of Part I of Form S-3, and may be used for reofferings and resales on a continuous or delayed basis in the future of up to an aggregate of 3,000,000 control securities and/or restricted securities which have been issued pursuant to the 2009 Stock Plan.

PART I

INFORMATION REQUIRED IN THE SECTION 10(a) PROSPECTUS

Item 1. Plan Information

We will send or make available the documents containing the information specified in Part I of Form S-8 to individuals who participate in our 2009 Stock Plan.

- 3 -

This registration statement relates to a maximum of 4,000,000 common shares in the capital of American Lithium Minerals Inc. issuable upon the exercise of stock options issued or to be issued the under the 2009 Stock Plan.

Item 2. Registrant Information and Employee Plan Annual Information

We will provide, without charge, to each person to whom a copy of the Section 10(a) prospectus is delivered, upon oral or written request, a copy of any or all documents incorporated by reference in Item 3 of Part II of this registration statement (which documents are incorporated by reference in the Section 10(a) prospectus). Requests should be directed to Hugh Aird, President and Chief Executive Officer, American Lithium Minerals Inc., 130 King St. West, Suite 3650 Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5X 1A9. Our telephone number is 416.214.5640.

- 4 -

REOFFER PROSPECTUS

The date of this prospectus is November 19, 2009

American Lithium Minerals Inc.

130 King St. West, Suite 3650 Toronto, Ontario, Canada M5X 1A9

3,000,000 Shares of Common Stock

This reoffer prospectus relates to a maximum of 3,000,000 shares of our common stock which may be offered and resold from time to time by the selling security holders identified in this reoffer prospectus. We anticipate that the selling security holders will offer shares for sale at prevailing prices on the OTC Bulletin Board on the date of sale. We will not receive any part of the proceeds from sales made under this reoffer prospectus, although we will receive the exercise price at the time of the exercise of any options by the selling security holders. The selling security holders will bear all sales commissions and similar expenses. We will, however, pay all of the costs associated with the filing of this registration statement.

The selling security holders and any brokers selling orders on their behalf may be deemed to be underwriters within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in which event commissions received by such brokers may be deemed to be underwriting commissions under the Securities Act of 1933.

Our shares of common stock are quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the trading symbol AMLM . On November 18, 2009, the last reported closing price for our common stock was \$1.32 on the OTC Bulletin Board.

Our principal executive offices are located at American Lithium Minerals Inc., 130 King St. West, Suite 3650 Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5X 1A9. Our telephone number is 416.214.5640.

The shares of common stock offered pursuant to this registration statement involve a high degree of risk. For more information, please see the section of this Reoffer Prospectus titled Risk Factors beginning on page 7.

NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE SECURITIES OR PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENCE. - 5 -

REOFFER PROSPECTUS TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page Number
PROSPECTUS SUMMARY	8
FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS	9
RISK FACTORS	9
INFORMATION ABOUT THE OFFERING	17
USE OF PROCEEDS	27
SELLING SECURITY HOLDERS	27
PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION	29
EXPERTS	30
MATERIAL CHANGES	31
AVAILABLE INFORMATION	31
DISCLOSURE OF COMMISSION POSITION FOR SECURITIES ACT LIABILITIES	31

- 6 -

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following summary is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information appearing elsewhere in this reoffer prospectus. Consequently, this summary does not contain all of the information that you should consider before investing in our common stock. You should carefully read the entire reoffer prospectus, including the "Risk Factors" section appearing at page 7, and the documents and information incorporated by reference into this reoffer prospectus.

This reoffer prospectus relates to a maximum of 3,000,000 shares of our common stock which may be offered and resold from time to time by the selling security holders identified in this reoffer prospectus. It is anticipated that the selling security holders will offer shares for sale at prevailing prices on the OTC Bulletin Board on the date of sale. We will not receive any proceeds from the sales of common stock by the selling security holders under this reoffer prospectus, although we will receive the exercise price at the time of the exercise of any options by the selling security holders. The selling security holders will pay for the cost of all sales commissions and similar expenses. We will pay for all of the costs associated with the filing of this registration statement.

A Brief History of our Company

We were incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on March 10, 2005 under the name Nugget Resources Inc. . On March 20, 2009, we changed our name from Nugget Resources Inc. to American Lithium Minerals Inc. .

On August 17, 2005, we acquired a 100% undivided right, title and interest in a 524.728 hectare mineral claim, located in the Similkameen Mining Division of British Columbia, Canada, known as the Raven property, for a cash payment of \$4,000. During our year ended September 30, 2006, we paid \$5,000 for exploration work on the Raven property.

During our year ended September 30, 2006, we were unable to keep the mineral claim representing the Raven property in good standing due to lack of funding and our interest in the property lapsed. As a result, we investigated several other business opportunities to enhance shareholder value, and continued to focus on the resource sector.

Effective March 20, 2009, we have changed our name from Nugget Resources Inc. to American Lithium Minerals Inc. We changed the name of our company to better reflect the direction and business of our company.

In addition, effective March 20, 2009 we effected a four (4) for one (1) forward stock split of our issued and outstanding common stock. As a result, our issued and outstanding share capital has increased from 12,000,000 shares of common stock to 48,000,000 shares of common stock.

On June 12, 2009, we entered into a definitive property purchase agreement with GeoXplor Corp. for the acquisition of the Esmeralda Property. The closing of the transaction occurred on June 15, 2009.

On July 14, 2009, we issued 1,250,000 units in a private placement, raising gross proceeds of \$450,000, or \$0.36 per unit. Each unit consists of one common share in the capital of our company and one common share purchase warrant. Each common share purchase warrant is non-transferable and shall entitle the holder thereof to purchase one share of common stock in the capital of our company, for a period of twenty four months commencing from closing, at a purchase price of \$0.50. We issued all of the securities to one (1) non-U.S. persons (as that term is defined in Regulation S of the Securities Act of 1933), in an offshore transaction relying on Regulation S of the Securities Act of 1933.

Effective July 15, 2009, Peter Sorel resigned as a director of our company.

On August 20, 2009, our directors approved the adoption of the 2009 Stock Plan which permits our company to issue up to 4,000,000 shares of our common stock to directors, officers, employees and consultants of our company.

On August 30, 2009, we appointed Keith Evans as a member of our company s advisory board.

On October 7, 2009, we issued 740,740 units in a private placement, raising gross proceeds of \$999,999, or \$1.35 per unit. Each unit consists of one common share in the capital of our company and one and one-half non-transferable common share purchase warrant. Each whole common share purchase warrant non-transferable shall entitle the holder thereof to purchase one share of common stock in the capital of our company, for a period of twenty four months commencing from closing, at a purchase price of \$1.50 per warrant share. We issued all of the securities to three (3) non-U.S. persons (as that term is defined in Regulation S of the Securities Act of 1933), in an offshore transaction relying on Regulation S of the Securities Act of 1933.

Effective October 8, 2009, Matthew Markin resigned as president and chief executive officer and Judy Baker was appointed president and chief executive officer. In addition, Ms. Baker was also appointed as a director of our company. Effective November 3, 2009, we appointed Mr. Chris Hobbs, CA to the position of chief financial officer and as a member of our board of directors.

Effective November 4, 2009, Judy Baker resigned as our President, Chief Executive Officer and as a director. We appointed Mr. Hugh Aird to the positions of President and Chief Executive Officer. Ms. Baker remained as a consultant to our company.

Our board of directors now consists of Matthew Markin, Dave Clarke and Chris Hobbs.

We are an exploration stage mining company engaged in the exploration of minerals, with a focus on lithium projects, on a property located in Nevada.

Our current operational focus is to conduct exploration activity on our Esmeralda Property and to complete the terms of the mineral property purchase agreement.

Our principal executive offices are located at 130 King St. West, Suite 3650 Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5X 1A9. Our telephone number is 416.214.5640.

RISK FACTORS

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Registration Statement contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements which relate to future events or our future performance, including our future financial performance. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may, should, expects, plans, anticipates, believes estimates, predicts, or potential or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, including the risks enumerated in this section entitled Risk Factors, that may cause our company s or our industry s actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements.

While these forward-looking statements, and any assumptions upon which they are based, are made in good faith and reflect our current judgment regarding the direction of our business, actual results will almost always vary, sometimes materially, from any estimates, predictions, projections, assumptions or other future performance suggested in this Registration Statement. Except as required by applicable law, including the securities laws of the United States, we do not intend to update any of the forward-looking statements to conform these statements to actual results.

As used in this prospectus, the terms we, us, our, and American Lithium mean American Lithium Minerals Inc., a Nevada corporation, unless otherwise indicated.

GENERAL STATEMENT ABOUT RISKS

An investment in our common stock involves a number of very significant risks. You should carefully consider the following risks and uncertainties in addition to other information in this prospectus in evaluating our company and our business before purchasing shares of our company s common stock. Our business, operating results and financial condition could be seriously harmed due to any of the following risks. The risks described below are not the only ones facing our company. Additional risks not presently known to us may also impair our business operations. You could lose all or part of your investment due to any of these risks.

- 8 -

Risks Associated With Mining

Our property is in the exploration stage. There is no assurance that we can establish the existence of any mineral resource on our property in commercially exploitable quantities. Until we can do so, we cannot earn any revenues from operations and if we do not do so we will lose all of the funds that we expend on exploration. If we do not discover any mineral resource in a commercially exploitable quantity, our business could fail.

Despite exploration work on our mineral property, we have not established that it contains any mineral reserve, nor can there be any assurance that we will be able to do so. If we do not, our business could fail.

A mineral reserve is defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission in its Industry Guide 7 (which can be viewed over the Internet at <u>http://www.sec.gov/divisions/corpfin/forms/industry.htm#secguide7</u>) as that part of a mineral deposit which could be economically and legally extracted or produced at the time of the reserve determination. The probability of an individual prospect ever having a "reserve" that meets the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission's Industry Guide 7 is extremely remote; in all probability our mineral resource property does not contain any 'reserve' and any funds that we spend on exploration will probably be lost.

Even if we do eventually discover a mineral reserve on our property, there can be no assurance that we will be able to develop our property into a producing mine and extract those resources. Both mineral exploration and development involve a high degree of risk and few properties which are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines.

The commercial viability of an established mineral deposit will depend on a number of factors including, by way of example, the size, grade and other attributes of the mineral deposit, the proximity of the resource to infrastructure such as a smelter, roads and a point for shipping, government regulation and market prices. Most of these factors will be beyond our control, and any of them could increase costs and make extraction of any identified mineral resource unprofitable.

Mineral operations are subject to applicable law and government regulation. Even if we discover a mineral resource in a commercially exploitable quantity, these laws and regulations could restrict or prohibit the exploitation of that mineral resource. If we cannot exploit any mineral resource that we might discover on our properties, our business may fail.

Both mineral exploration and extraction require permits from various foreign, federal, state, provincial and local governmental authorities and are governed by laws and regulations, including those with respect to prospecting, mine development, mineral production, transport, export, taxation, labour standards, occupational health, waste disposal, toxic substances, land use, environmental protection, mine safety and other matters. There can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain or maintain any of the permits required for the continued exploration of our mineral property or for the construction and operation of a mine on our property at economically viable costs. If we cannot accomplish these objectives, our business could fail.

We believe that we are in compliance with all material laws and regulations that currently apply to our activities but there can be no assurance that we can continue to remain in compliance. Current laws and regulations could be amended and we might not be able to comply with them, as amended. Further, there can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain or maintain all permits necessary for our future operations, or that we will be able to obtain them on reasonable terms. To the extent such approvals are required and are not obtained, we may be delayed or prohibited from proceeding with planned exploration or development of our mineral property.

If we establish the existence of a mineral resource on our property in a commercially exploitable quantity, we will require additional capital in order to develop the property into a producing mine. If we cannot raise this additional capital, we will not be able to exploit the resource, and our business could fail.

If we do discover mineral resources in commercially exploitable quantities on our property, we will be required to expend substantial sums of money to establish the extent of the resource, develop processes to extract it and develop extraction and processing facilities and infrastructure. Although we may derive substantial benefits from the discovery of a major deposit, there can be no assurance that such a resource will be large enough to justify commercial operations, nor can there be any assurance that we will be able to raise the funds required for development on a timely basis. If we cannot raise the necessary capital or complete the necessary facilities and infrastructure, our business may fail.

Mineral exploration and development is subject to extraordinary operating risks. We do not currently insure against these risks. In the event of a cave-in or similar occurrence, our liability may exceed our resources, which would have an adverse impact on our company.

Mineral exploration, development and production involves many risks which even a combination of experience, knowledge and careful evaluation may not be able to overcome. Our operations will be subject to all the hazards and risks inherent in the exploration for mineral resources and, if we discover a mineral resource in commercially exploitable quantity, our operations could be subject to all of the hazards and risks inherent in the development and production of resources, including liability for pollution, cave-ins or similar hazards against which we cannot insure or against which we may elect not to insure. Any such event could result in work stoppages and damage to property, including damage to the environment. We do not currently maintain any insurance coverage against these operating hazards. The payment of any liabilities that arise from any such occurrence would have a material adverse impact on our company.

Mineral prices are subject to dramatic and unpredictable fluctuations.

We expect to derive revenues, if any, either from the sale of our mineral resource property or from the extraction and sale of metals such as lithium. The price of those commodities has fluctuated widely in recent years, and is affected by numerous factors beyond our control, including international, economic and political trends, expectations of inflation, currency exchange fluctuations, interest rates, global or regional consumptive patterns, speculative activities and increased production due to new extraction developments and improved extraction and production methods. The effect of these factors on the price of metals, and therefore the economic viability of any of our exploration properties and projects, cannot accurately be predicted.

The mining industry is highly competitive and there is no assurance that we will continue to be successful in acquiring mineral claims. If we cannot continue to acquire properties to explore for mineral resources, we may be required to reduce or cease operations.

The mineral exploration, development, and production industry is largely un-integrated. We compete with other exploration companies looking for mineral resource properties. While we compete with other exploration companies in the effort to locate and acquire mineral resource properties, we will not compete with them for the removal or sales of mineral products from our property if we should eventually discover the presence of them in quantities sufficient to make production economically feasible. Readily available markets exist worldwide for the sale of mineral products. Therefore, we will likely be able to sell any mineral products that we identify and produce.

In identifying and acquiring mineral resource properties, we compete with many companies possessing greater financial resources and technical facilities. This competition could adversely affect our ability to acquire suitable prospects for exploration in the future. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that we will acquire any interest in additional mineral resource properties that might yield reserves or result in commercial mining operations.

Risks Related To Our Company

We have a limited operating history on which to base an evaluation of our business and prospects.

- 10 -

We have been in the business of exploring mineral resource properties since August 2005 and we have not yet located any mineral reserve. As a result, we have never had any revenues from our operations. In addition, our operating history has been restricted to the acquisition and exploration of our mineral property, to search for additional business opportunities and this does not provide a meaningful basis for an evaluation of our prospects if we ever determine that we have a mineral reserve and commence the construction and operation of a mine. We have no way to evaluate the likelihood of whether our mineral property contains any mineral reserve or, if it does that we will be able to build or operate a mine successfully. We anticipate that we will continue to incur operating costs without realizing any revenues during the period when we are exploring our property. We therefore expect to continue to incur significant losses into the foreseeable future. We recognize that if we are unable to generate significant revenues from mining operations and any dispositions of our property, we will not be able to earn profits or continue operations. At this early stage of our operation, we also expect to face the risks, uncertainties, expenses and difficulties frequently encountered by companies at the start up stage of their business development. We cannot be sure that we will be successful in addressing these risks and uncertainties and our failure to do so could have a materially adverse effect on our financial condition. There is no history upon which to base any assumption as to the likelihood that we will prove successful and we can provide investors with no assurance that we will generate any operating revenues or ever achieve profitable operations.

The fact that we have not earned any operating revenues since our incorporation raises substantial doubt about our ability to continue to explore our mineral properties as a going concern.

We have not generated any revenue from operations since our incorporation and we anticipate that we will continue to incur operating expenses without revenues unless and until we are able to identify a mineral resource in a commercially exploitable quantity on one or more of our mineral properties and we build and operate a mine. We had cash in the amount of \$373 as of June 30, 2009. At June 30, 2009, we had working capital deficit of \$161,455. We incurred a net loss of \$48,991 for the nine month period ended June 30, 2009 and \$164,355 since inception. We estimate our average monthly operating expenses to be approximately \$5000 to \$10000, including mineral property costs, management services and administrative costs. Should the results of our planned exploration require us to increase our current operating budget, we may have to raise additional funds to meet our currently budgeted operating requirements for the next 12 months. As we cannot assure a lender that we will be able to successfully explore and develop our mineral property, we will probably find it difficult to raise debt financing from traditional lending sources. We have traditionally raised our operating capital from sales of equity and debt securities, but there can be no assurance that we will continue to be able to do so. If we cannot raise the money that we need to continue exploration of our mineral property, we may be forced to delay, scale back, or eliminate our exploration activities. If any of these were to occur, there is a substantial risk that our business would fail.

These circumstances lead our independent registered public accounting firm, in their report dated December 12, 2008, to comment about our company s ability to continue as a going concern. Management has plans to seek additional capital through a private placement and public offering of its capital stock. These conditions raise substantial doubt about our company s ability to continue as a going concern. Although there are no assurances that management s plans will be realized, management believes that our company will be able to continue operations in the future. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or the amounts of and classification of liabilities that might be necessary in the event our company cannot continue in existence. We continue to experience net operating losses.

Risks Associated with Our Common Stock

Trading on the OTC Bulletin Board may be volatile and sporadic, which could depress the market price of our common stock and make it difficult for our stockholders to resell their shares.

Our common stock is quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board service of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. Trading in stock quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board is often thin and characterized by wide fluctuations in trading prices, due to many factors that may have little to do with our operations or business prospects. This volatility could depress the market price of our common stock for reasons unrelated to operating performance. Moreover, the OTC Bulletin Board is not a stock exchange, and trading of securities on the OTC Bulletin Board is often more sporadic than the trading of securities listed on a quotation system like NASDAQ or a stock exchange like Amex. Accordingly, shareholders may have difficulty reselling any of their shares.

- 11 -

Our stock is a penny stock. Trading of our stock may be restricted by the SEC s penny stock regulations and FINRA s sales practice requirements, which may limit a stockholder s ability to buy and sell our stock.

Our stock is a penny stock. The Securities and Exchange Commission has adopted Rule 15g-9 which generally defines penny stock to be any equity security that has a market price (as defined) less than \$5.00 per share or an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. Our securities are covered by the penny stock rules, which impose additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell to persons other than established customers and accredited investors. The term accredited investor refers generally to institutions with assets in excess of \$5,000,000 or individuals with a net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual income exceeding \$200,000 or \$300,000 jointly with their spouse. The penny stock rules require a broker-dealer, prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from the rules, to deliver a standardized risk disclosure document in a form prepared by the SEC which provides information about penny stocks and the nature and level of risks in the penny stock market. The broker-dealer also must provide the customer with current bid and offer quotations for the penny stock, the compensation of the broker-dealer and its salesperson in the transaction and monthly account statements showing the market value of each penny stock held in the customer s account. The bid and offer quotations, and the broker-dealer and salesperson compensation information, must be given to the customer orally or in writing prior to effecting the transaction and must be given to the customer in writing before or with the customer s confirmation. In addition, the penny stock rules require that prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from these rules, the broker-dealer must make a special written determination that the penny stock is a suitable investment for the purchaser and receive the purchaser s written agreement to the transaction. These disclosure requirements may have the effect of reducing the level of trading activity in the secondary market for the stock that is subject to these penny stock rules. Consequently, these penny stock rules may affect the ability of broker-dealers to trade our securities. We believe that the penny stock rules discourage investor interest in, and limit the marketability of, our common stock.

In addition to the penny stock rules promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority has adopted rules that require that in recommending an investment to a customer, a broker-dealer must have reasonable grounds for believing that the investment is suitable for that customer. Prior to recommending speculative low priced securities to their non-institutional customers, broker-dealers must make reasonable efforts to obtain information about the customer s financial status, tax status, investment objectives and other information. Under interpretations of these rules, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority believes that there is a high probability that speculative low-priced securities will not be suitable for at least some customers. The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority requirements make it more difficult for broker-dealers to recommend that their customers buy our common stock, which may limit your ability to buy and sell our stock.

Other Risks

Trends, Risks and Uncertainties

We have sought to identify what we believe to be the most significant risks to our business, but we cannot predict whether, or to what extent, any of such risks may be realized nor can we guarantee that we have identified all possible risks that might arise. Investors should carefully consider all of such risk factors before making an investment decision with respect to our common stock.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of the up to 3,000,000 shares of common stock by the selling security holders which may be issued upon exercise of options issued under our 2009 Stock Plan. However, we will

receive the exercise price at the time of the exercise of any options by the selling security holders.

DETERMINATION OF OFFERING PRICE

The selling security holders may sell the shares of common stock issued to them from time to time at prices and at terms then prevailing or at prices related to the then current market price, or in negotiated transactions.

- 12 -

DILUTION

Because any selling security holders who offer and sell shares of common stock covered by this reoffer prospectus may do so at various times, at prices and at terms then prevailing or at prices related to the then-current market price, or in negotiated transactions, we have not included in this reoffer prospectus information about the dilution, if any, to the public arising out of these sales.

SELLING SECURITY HOLDERS

The following table identifies the selling security holders and indicates (i) the nature of any material relationship that such selling security holder has had with us for the past three years, (ii) the number of shares held by the selling security holders, (iii) the amount to be offered for each selling security holder's account, and (iv) the number of shares and percentage of outstanding shares of the shares of common stock in our capital to be owned by each selling security holder after the sale of the shares offered by them pursuant to this offering. The selling security holders are not obligated to sell the shares offered in this reoffer prospectus and may choose not to sell any of the shares or only a part of the shares that they receive. Securities and Exchange Commission rules require that we assume that the selling security holders exercise all of their options and sell all of the shares offered with this reoffer prospectus.

Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, any person engaged in a distribution of the shares offered by this reoffer prospectus may not simultaneously engage in market making activities with respect to our shares of common stock during the applicable "cooling off" periods prior to the commencement of such distribution. In addition, and without limiting the foregoing, the selling security holders will be subject to applicable provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations thereunder, which provisions may limit the timing of purchases and sales of the shares by the selling security holders.

Selling Security Holder	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned ⁽¹⁾	Number of Shares Subject to Options ⁽²⁾	Shares Being Registered	Percentage of Shares Beneficially Owned ⁽³⁾	
				Before Offering ⁽⁴⁾	After Offering ⁽⁵⁾
Hugh Aird	Nil	800,000	800,000	1.56%	Nil
Judy Baker	Nil	750,000	750,000	1.46%	Nil
Stephen Cook	Nil	500,000	500,000	1.00%	Nil
Keith Evans	Nil	50,000	50,000	*	Nil

* Less than 1%

(1) Represents shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the named selling stockholder. This figure includes shares underlying the options held by the named selling stockholder that may be exercisable as of, or within 60 days after the date of, this reoffer prospectus, but does not include any shares underlying those options that cannot be exercised within that period.

⁽²⁾ Represents shares of our common stock underlying options granted to the named selling stockholder under the 2009 Stock Plan, whether or not exercisable as of, or within 60 days of, the date of this reoffer prospectus.

- ⁽³⁾ Based on 50,490,740 shares of our common stock outstanding as of November 16, 2009.
- (4) Represents shares of our common stock held by the named selling stockholder and shares of our common stock underlying options granted to the named selling stockholder that may be exercisable as of, or within 60 days of, the date of this reoffer prospectus.
- ⁽⁵⁾ Represents shares of our common stock held by the selling stockholder assuming all of the shares underlying the options granted to the named selling stockholder are sold.

- 13 -

The information provided in the table above with respect to the selling security holders has been obtained from each of the selling security holders. Because the selling security holders may sell all or some portion of the shares of common stock beneficially owned by them, only an estimate (assuming the selling security holders sell all of the shares offered hereby) can be given as to the number of shares of common stock that will be beneficially owned by each selling security holder after this offering. In addition, the selling security holders may have sold, transferred or otherwise disposed of, or may sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of, at any time or from time to time since the date on which he provided the information regarding the shares of common stock beneficially owned by them, all or a portion of the shares of common stock beneficially owned by them in transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

The selling security holders may, from time to time, sell all or a portion of their shares of our common stock on any market upon which the common stock may be quoted (currently the OTC Bulletin Board), in privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such sales may be at fixed prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to the market prices or at negotiated prices. The shares of common stock being offered by this reoffer prospectus may be sold by the selling security holders by one or more of the following methods, without limitation:

(a)

block trades in which the broker or dealer so engaged will attempt to sell the shares of common stock as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;

(b)

purchases by broker or dealer as principal and resale by the broker or dealer for its account pursuant to this reoffer prospectus;

(c)

an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;

(d)

ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker solicits purchasers;

(e)

privately negotiated transactions;

(f)

market sales (both long and short to the extent permitted under the federal securities laws);

(g)

at the market to or through market makers or into an existing market for the shares;

(h)

through transactions in options, swaps or other derivatives (whether exchange listed or otherwise); and

(i)

a combination of any of the aforementioned methods of sale.

In effecting sales, brokers and dealers engaged by the selling security holders may arrange for other brokers or dealers to participate. Brokers or dealers may receive commissions or discounts from a selling security holder or, if any of the broker-dealers act as an agent for the purchaser of such shares, from the purchaser in amounts to be negotiated which are not expected to exceed those customary in the types of transactions involved. Broker-dealers may agree with a selling security holder to sell a specified number of the shares of common stock at a stipulated price per share. Such an agreement may also require the broker-dealer to purchase as principal any unsold shares of common stock at the price required to fulfill the broker-dealer commitment to the selling security holders if such broker-dealer is unable to sell the shares of common stock from time to time in transactions which may involve block transactions and sales to and through other broker-dealers, including transactions of the nature described above. Such sales by a broker-dealer could be at prices and on terms then prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to the then-current market price or in negotiated transactions. In connection with such resales, the broker-dealer may pay to or receive from the purchasers of the shares commissions as described above.

- 14 -

The selling security holders and any broker-dealers or agents that participate with the selling security holders in the sale of the shares of common stock may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933 in connection with these sales. In that event, any commissions received by the broker-dealers or agents and any profit on the resale of the shares of common stock purchased by them may be deemed to be underwriting commissions or discounts under the Securities Act of 1933.

From time to time, the selling security holders may pledge their shares of common stock pursuant to the margin provisions of their customer agreements with their respective brokers. Upon a default by a selling security holder, the broker may offer and sell the pledged shares of common stock from time to time. Upon a sale of the shares of common stock, the selling security holder intends to comply with the prospectus delivery requirements under the Securities Act of 1933 by delivering a prospectus to each purchaser in the transaction. We intend to file any amendments or other necessary documents in compliance with the Securities Act of 1933 which may be required in the event the selling security holder defaults under any customer agreement with brokers.

To the extent required under the Securities Act of 1933, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement will be filed, disclosing the name of any broker-dealers, the number of shares of common stock involved, the price at which the common stock is to be sold, the commission paid or discounts or concessions allowed to such broker-dealers, where applicable.

We and the selling security holders will be subject to applicable provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations under it, including, without limitation, Rule 10b-5 and, insofar as the selling security holders are a distribution participant and we, under certain circumstances, may be a distribution participant, under Regulation M. All of the foregoing may affect the marketability of the common stock.

All expenses of the registration statement including, but not limited to, legal, accounting, printing and mailing fees are and will be borne by us. Any commissions, discounts or other fees payable to brokers or dealers in connection with any sale of the shares of common stock will be borne by the selling security holder, the purchasers participating in such transaction, or both.

Any shares of common stock covered by this reoffer prospectus which qualify for sale pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933 may be sold under Rule 144 rather than pursuant to this reoffer prospectus.

INTERESTS OF NAMED EXPERTS AND COUNSEL

The financial statements for the years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 incorporated by reference in this re-offer prospectus have been audited by De Joya Griffith & Company, LLC, to the extent and for the period set forth in their report, incorporated herein by reference, and is incorporated herein in reliance upon such report given upon the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the common shares offered by this reoffer prospectus will be passed upon for us and the selling stockholders by Macdonald Tuskey, Corporate & Securities Lawyers of Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

MATERIAL CHANGES

There have been no material changes to the affairs of our company since the filing of our Form 10-Q on August 4, 2009, which have not previously been described in a report on Form 8-K.

INCORPORATION OF DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE

See Part II, Item 3 on page 19 hereof for a list of documents filed by our company with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, which are incorporated herein by this reference.

- 15 -

You should only rely on the information incorporated by reference or provided in this reoffer prospectus or any supplement. We have not authorized anyone else to provide you with different information. The common stock is not being offered in any state where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information in this reoffer prospectus or any supplement is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of this reoffer prospectus.

We file Form 8-K reports and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission as is required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. You may read and copy any reports, statements or other information we have filed at the Securities and Exchange Commission's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the Securities and Exchange Commission at 1-800-732-0330 or 202-551-8090 for further information on the Public Reference Rooms. Our filings are also available on the Internet at the Securities and Exchange Commission's website at http://www.sec.gov.

DISCLOSURE OF COMMISSION POSITION ON INDEMNIFICATION

FOR SECURITIES ACT LIABILITIES

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling our business pursuant to the foregoing provisions, we have been informed that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is therefore unenforceable.

- 16 -

PART II INFORMATION REQUIRED IN THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT

Item 3. Incorporation of Documents by Reference.

The SEC allows us to "incorporate by reference" information into this registration statement, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to another document filed separately with the SEC. The information incorporated by reference is deemed to be part of this registration statement, except for any information superseded by information in this registration statement.

The following documents filed by our company with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") are incorporated herein by reference:

1.

The description of our company's common stock contained in our registration statement on Form SB-2 (SEC file number 333-132648), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 23, 2006, including all amendments and reports for the purpose of updating such description;

2.

Our latest Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on January 5, 2009 and our Amended Annual Report on Form 10-K/A filed on March 12, 2009;

3.

Our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on February 5, 2009;

4.

Our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on April 28, 2009;

5.

Our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 4, 2009;

6.

Our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on March 20, 2009, May 9, 2009, May 14, 2009, June 16, 2009, June 18, 2009, July 22, 2009, July 23, 2009, August 10, 2009, August 26, 2009, September 23, 2009, October 7, 2009, October 13, 2009 and November 16, 2009.

In addition to the foregoing, all documents that we subsequently file pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, prior to the filing of a post-effective amendment indicating that all of the securities offered pursuant to this registration statement have been sold or deregistering all securities then remaining unsold, shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference in this registration statement and to be part hereof from the date of filing of such documents. Any statement contained in a document incorporated by reference in this

registration statement shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this registration statement to the extent that a statement contained in this registration statement or in any subsequently filed document that is also incorporated by reference in this registration statement modifies or supersedes such statement. Any statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this registration statement.

You may read and copy any reports, statements or other information we have filed at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street North East, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the Public Reference Rooms. Our filings are also available on the Internet at the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.

Item 4. Description of Securities.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Interests of Named Experts and Counsel.

Not applicable.

- 17 -

Item 6. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

Nevada corporation law provides that:

a corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, except an action by or in the right of the corporation, by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses, including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with the action, suit or proceeding if he acted in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful;

a corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against expenses, including amounts paid in settlement and attorneys' fees actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with the defense or settlement of the action or suit if he acted in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation. Indemnification may not be made for any claim, issue or matter as to which such a person has been adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction, after exhaustion of all appeals therefrom, to be liable to the corporation or for amounts paid in settlement to the corporation, unless and only to the extent that the court in which the action or suit was brought or other court of competent jurisdiction determines upon application that in view of all the circumstances of the case, the person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses as the court deems proper; and

to the extent that a director, officer, employee or agent of a corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding, or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, the corporation shall indemnify him against expenses, including attorneys' fees, actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with the defense.

We may make any discretionary indemnification only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the director, officer, employee or agent is proper in the circumstances. The determination must be made:

by our board of directors by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of directors who are not parties to such action, suit or proceeding;

if such a quorum is not obtainable, by a majority vote of the directors who were not parties to such action, suit or proceeding;

by independent legal counsel (selected by one or more of our directors, whether or not a quorum and whether or not disinterested) in a written opinion; or

by our shareholders.

- 18 -

Item 7. Exemption from Registration Claimed.

Not Applicable.

Item 8. Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Description
<u>4.1</u>	2009 Stock Plan
<u>4.2</u>	Form of Stock Option Agreement
<u>5.1</u>	Opinion of Macdonald Tuskey
23.1	Consent of Macdonald Tuskey (included in Exhibit 5)
23.2	Consent of De Joya Griffith & Company, LLC
24	Power of Attorney (included in signature page)

Item 9. Undertakings.

(a)

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

(1)

To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:

(i)

to include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended;

(ii)

to reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than 20 percent change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the Calculation of Registration Fee table in the effective registration statement; and

(iii)

to include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement.

PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that paragraphs (a)(1)(i) and (a)(1)(ii) do not apply if the registration statement is on Form S-8, and the information required to be included in a post-effective amendment by those paragraphs is contained in reports filed with or furnished to the Commission by the registrant pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that are incorporated by reference in the registration statement.

(2)

That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at the time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

(3)

To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.

- 19 -

(b)

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each filing of the registrant's annual report pursuant to section 13(a) or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (and, where applicable, each filing of an employee benefit plan's annual report pursuant to section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that is incorporated by reference in the registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

(h)

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

- 20 -

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form S-8 and has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Toronto, Province of Ontario, on November 23, 2009

AMERICAN LITHIUM MINERALS INC.

/s/ Hugh Aird

By: Hugh Aird President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person who signature appears below constitutes and appoints Hugh Aird as his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and re-substitution, for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments (including post-effective amendments) to this registration statement, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in connection therewith, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent or any of them, or of their substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates stated.

SIGNATURES

/s/ Hugh Aird

By: Hugh Aird President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) November 23, 2009

/s/ Dave Clarke

/s/ Chris Hobbs

By: Chris Hobbs Chief Financial Officer and Director (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer) November 23, 2009

/s/ Matthew Markin

Dave Clarke Director

November 23, 2009

Matthew Markin Director

November 23, 2009