# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION 

Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2012
or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$

## LaCrosse Footwear, Inc.

## (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

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| Wisconsin | 39-1446816 <br> (I.R.S. Employer |
| :---: | :---: |
| (State or other jurisdiction of | Identification No.) |

17634 NE Airport Way

Portland, Oregon 97230
(Address, zip code of principal executive offices)
(503) 262-0110
(Registrant $s$ telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ( $\$ 232.405$ of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No ${ }^{*}$

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large Accelerated Filer . $\quad$ Accelerated filer x $\quad$ Non-accelerated filer ${ }^{*} \quad$ Smaller Reporting Company *
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, $\$ .01$ par value, outstanding as of April 24, 2012: 6,509,562 shares

## LACROSSE FOOTWEAR, INC.

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## PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

LACROSSE FOOTWEAR, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

## (UNAUDITED)

| (in thousands, except share and per share data) | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2011 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 26, } \\ 2011, \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current Assets: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) | \$ 402 | \$ | 774 | \$ | 527 |
| Trade and other accounts receivable, less allowances of \$464, \$679, and \$426, respectively | 18,059 |  | 22,726 |  | 15,666 |
| Inventories, net (Note 3) | 43,070 |  | 48,648 |  | 46,869 |
| Prepaid expenses and other | 1,276 |  | 1,398 |  | 984 |
| Deferred tax assets | 1,711 |  | 1,771 |  | 1,675 |
| Total current assets | 64,518 |  | 75,317 |  | 65,721 |
| Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of $\$ 15,995, \$ 15,092$, and $\$ 12,675$, respectively | 16,353 |  | 16,143 |  | 16,000 |
| Goodwill | 10,753 |  | 10,753 |  | 10,753 |
| Other assets | 271 |  | 222 |  | 243 |
| Total assets | \$ 91,895 | \$ | 102,435 | \$ | 92,717 |
| Liabilities and Shareholders Equity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-term borrowings (Notes 2 and 6) | \$ 8,643 | \$ | 16,869 | \$ | 6,247 |
| Accounts payable | 6,593 |  | 7,463 |  | 10,553 |
| Accrued compensation | 1,977 |  | 1,789 |  | 1,301 |
| Product warranty and other accruals (Note 4) | 1,640 |  | 2,939 |  | 1,994 |
| Total current liabilities | 18,853 |  | 29,060 |  | 20,095 |
| Long-term debt | 107 |  | 138 |  | 225 |
| Deferred revenue | 565 |  | 550 |  | 548 |
| Deferred lease obligations | 923 |  | 895 |  | 813 |
| Compensation and benefits (Note 8) | 6,981 |  | 7,214 |  | 4,146 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 1,189 |  | 1,450 |  | 3,053 |
| Total liabilities | 28,618 |  | 39,307 |  | 28,880 |
| Shareholders Equity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common stock, par value $\$ .01$ per share; authorized $50,000,000$ shares; issued $6,717,627$ shares | 67 |  | 67 |  | 67 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 31,830 |  | 31,600 |  | 31,122 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss (Note 9) | $(5,906)$ |  | $(6,058)$ |  | $(3,640)$ |
| Retained earnings (Note 11) | 38,284 |  | 38,538 |  | 37,327 |
| Less cost of 208,065, 213,003 and 217,759 shares of treasury stock, respectively | (998) |  | $(1,019)$ |  | $(1,039)$ |
| Total shareholders equity | 63,277 |  | 63,128 |  | 63,837 |

See notes to interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.
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## LACROSSE FOOTWEAR, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

## (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except per share data)
$\left.\begin{array}{l|ccc} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Quarter Ended } \\ \text { March 26, }\end{array} \\ \text { March 31, } \\ \mathbf{2 0 1 2}\end{array}\right)$

See notes to interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## LACROSSE FOOTWEAR, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

## (UNAUDITED)



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## LACROSSE FOOTWEAR, INC.

Notes to Interim Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

## Note 1. Interim Financial Reporting

Basis of Presentation LaCrosse Footwear, Inc. (NASDAQ: BOOT) is referred to as we, us, or our in this report. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, we have condensed or omitted certain information and footnote disclosures that are included in our annual financial statements. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (which consist of normal, recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and comprehensive income, and cash flows for the periods presented.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of LaCrosse Footwear, Inc., and our wholly owned subsidiaries. All inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

We report our quarterly interim financial information based on 13-week periods. The nature of the 13 -week calendar requires that the first three quarters end on a Saturday and the year end on December 31. As a result, every first quarter and every fourth quarter have a different number of days than in the prior year s quarters. The results of the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year. Historically, our net sales and our operating income have been more heavily weighted to the second half of the year.

Use of Estimates We are required to make certain estimates and assumptions which affect the amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses we have reported, and our disclosure of any contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates and assumptions.

Net Income (Loss) per Common Share We present our net income (loss) on a per share basis for both basic and diluted common shares. Basic net income (loss) per common share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The diluted net income (loss) per common share calculation assumes all stock options were exercised and converted into common stock at the beginning of the period, unless their effect would be anti-dilutive. For the quarter ended March 26, 2011, common stock equivalents of 176,000 shares were excluded from the calculation of diluted weighted average shares outstanding as their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive given the net loss for the period. A reconciliation of the shares used in the basic and diluted net income (loss) per common share is as follows (in thousands):

|  | Quarter Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | March 31, 2012 | March 26, 2011 |
| Basic weighted average shares outstanding | 6,508 | 6,485 |
| Dilutive stock options | 100 |  |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding | 6,608 | 6,485 |

## Note 2. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Cash and cash equivalents at March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011, and March 26, 2011 were $\$ 0.4$ million, $\$ 0.8$ million, and $\$ 0.5$ million respectively. Short-term borrowings on the line of credit at March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011, and March 26, 2011 were $\$ 8.6$ million, $\$ 16.9$ and $\$ 6.2$ million; respectively. We have categorized our cash and cash equivalents and short-term borrowings as Level 1 financial instruments, measured at fair value based on quoted prices in active markets of identical assets. We did not have any transfers between the fair value hierarchy during the first quarter of 2012. We do not have any additional financial assets or liabilities that were measured at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2012.

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## Note 3. Inventories

A summary of inventories is presented below (in thousands):

|  | March 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | March 26, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Raw materials | $\$ 2,363$ | $\$$ | 4,893 | $\$ \mathbf{7 , 6 4 4}$ |
| Work in process | 550 | 650 | 567 |  |
| Finished goods | 39,678 | 43,714 | 39,165 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 43,591 | 49,257 | 47,376 |  |
| Less: provision for obsolete and slow-moving inventories | $(521)$ | $(609)$ | $(507)$ |  |
| Total | $\$ 43,070$ | $\$$ | 48,648 | $\$ 46,869$ |

## Note 4. Product Warranty

We provide a limited warranty for the replacement of defective products for a specified time period after sale. We estimate the costs that may be incurred under the limited warranty and record a liability in the amount of such anticipated costs at the time product revenue is recognized. Factors that affect our warranty liability include sales volumes along with historical and anticipated future rates of warranty claims.

Changes in the accrued product warranty costs during the quarters ended March 31, 2012 and March 26, 2011 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

|  | Quarter Ended <br> March 26, |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | March 31, | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ |
| Balance, beginning of period | $\$ 1,263$ | $\$$ |
| 2ccruals for products sold | 792 | 1,588 |
| Warranty claims | $(834)$ | $(756$ |
| Balance, end of period | $\$ 1,221$ | $\$$ |

## Note 5. Income Taxes

On a quarterly basis, we estimate what our effective tax rate will be for the full fiscal year and record a quarterly income tax provision (benefit) based on the anticipated rate. As the year progresses, we refine our estimate based on the facts and circumstances of each tax jurisdiction. The effective tax rates for the quarters ended March 31, 2012 and March 26, 2011 were $39.8 \%$ and $39.4 \%$, respectively. The net increase in our first quarter 2012 effective tax rate from the first quarter of 2011 is primarily due to the impact of the expiration of the federal research and experimentation tax credit as of December 31, 2011.

We file a consolidated U.S. federal income tax return as well as state tax returns on a consolidated, combined, or stand-alone basis, depending upon the jurisdiction. We have concluded tax examinations for U.S. federal and Oregon state filings through the tax years ended December 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively. Depending on the jurisdiction, we are no longer subject to state examinations by tax authorities other than Oregon for years prior to the 2006 and 2007 tax years. We are not subject to foreign tax examinations prior to the year ended December 31, 2008.

## Note 6. Financing Arrangements

On December 22, 2011, we entered into a 3-year extension of our previous line of credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A, which expires May 1, 2015, unless renewed. Amounts borrowed under the agreement are secured by substantially all of our assets. The maximum aggregate

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principal amount of borrowings allowed from January 1 to May 31 is $\$ 22.5$ million and from June 1 to December 31, the total available is $\$ 35$ million. The credit agreement provides for an interest rate of LIBOR plus $1.75 \%$ and an annual commitment fee of $0.2 \%$ on the unused balance. The line of credit agreement contains financial covenants as well as restrictions on annual dividends and capital expenditures. There are no borrowing base limitations under the credit agreement. We are in compliance with all covenants as of March 31, 2012. At March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 26, 2011 we had outstanding balances on the line of credit of $\$ 8.6$ million, $\$ 16.9$ million and $\$ 6.2$ million, respectively.

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## Note 7. Share-Based Compensation

We recognized $\$ 0.2$ million and $\$ 0.3$ million of share-based compensation expense in the quarters ended March 31, 2012 and March 26, 2011, respectively. We use the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to calculate the fair value of share-based awards. Our determination of fair value of share-based awards on the date of grant is affected by assumptions regarding certain variables. These variables include, but are not limited to, our expected dividend yield, our expected stock price volatility over the expected term of the awards, the risk-free interest rate, and the expected term of the options. The anticipated risk-free interest rate is based on treasury instruments whose terms are consistent with the expected term of the stock options granted. The expected volatility, term of options and dividend yield are based on historical experience.

The following table includes the assumptions we used in determining the fair value of stock options, the resulting weighted average fair value of options granted, and estimated forfeiture rates:

|  | Quarters Ended <br> March 26, 2011 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Expected dividend yield | March 31, 2012 | $3.2 \%$ |
| Expected stock price volatility | $3.9 \%$ | $51 \%$ |
| Risk-free interest rate | $52 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ |
| Expected term of options | $0.8 \%$ | 4.4 years |
| Estimated forfeiture rate | 4.4 years | $13 \%$ |
| Weighted average fair value of options granted <br> following table represents stock option activity for the quarter ended March 31, 2012: | $\$ 3.97$ | $\$ 5.57$ |

The following table represents stock option activity for the quarter ended March 31, 2012:

|  |  | Weighted <br> Average <br> Exercise <br> Price | Weighted <br> Average <br> Remaining <br> Contract Life |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outstanding options at beginning of period | Number of <br> Shares | 887,699 | $\$ 12.80$ |  |
| Granted | 177,300 | 12.79 |  |  |
| Exercised | $(4,938)$ | 10.13 |  |  |
| Canceled | $(28,348)$ | 14.17 |  |  |
| Outstanding options at end of period | $1,031,713$ | 12.77 | 4.0 years |  |
| Outstanding exercisable at end of period | 635,792 | 12.07 | 2.8 years |  |

At March 31, 2012, the aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding was $\$ 1.3$ million, and the aggregate intrinsic value of exercisable options was $\$ 1.2$ million. The intrinsic value of options exercised during the quarter ended March 31, 2012 was less than $\$ 0.1$ million.

## Note 8. Compensation and Benefit Plans

We have a defined benefit pension plan covering eligible past employees and less than $1 \%$ of current employees. We also sponsor an unfunded defined benefit post-retirement death benefit plan that covers eligible past employees. Information regarding these two plans is presented below (in thousands).

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|  | Pension Plan <br> Quarter Ended: <br> March 26, 2011 |  |  | March 31, 2012 | Other Plan <br> Quarter Ended: <br> March 26, 2011 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost (income) recognized during the quarter: | March 31, 2012 |  |  |  |  |

The following is a reconciliation to the compensation and benefits financial statement line item on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets (in thousands):

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2011 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 26, } \\ 2011 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pension Plan | \$ | 6,718 | \$ | 6,954 | \$ | 3,874 |
| Other Plan |  | 263 |  | 260 |  | 272 |
| Total compensation and benefits | \$ | 6,981 | \$ | 7,214 | \$ | 4,146 |

We contributed $\$ 0.3$ million to our defined benefit pension plan during the first quarter of 2012 and anticipate contributing an additional $\$ 0.8$ million during the remainder of 2012.

## Note 9. Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive Income (Loss): Comprehensive income (loss) represents net income (loss) plus revenue, expenses, gains and losses that are specifically excluded from net income (loss) and recognized directly as a component of shareholders equity. Comprehensive income (loss) is presented on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (unaudited).

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss: Accumulated other comprehensive loss reported on our condensed consolidated balance sheets consists of adjustments related to foreign currency translation and liabilities for pension benefits. The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss are as follows (in thousands):

|  | March 31, <br> 2012 | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | March 26, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pension actuarial loss, net of tax | $\$ \underset{(5,574)}{ }$ | $\$(5,574)$ | $\$(3,308)$ |  |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | $(332)$ | $(484)$ | $(332)$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | $\$(5,906)$ | $\$$ | $(6,058)$ | $\$(3,640)$ |

## Note 10. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2011, the FASB issued an Accounting Standards Update ( ASU ) that amends the presentation of comprehensive income in the financial statements. This ASU increases the prominence of comprehensive income in financial statements while eliminating the option in U.S. GAAP to present comprehensive income in the statement of changes in shareholders equity. This ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011 and requires full retrospective application. We have adopted this ASU in the current year by presenting the comparative components of comprehensive income within our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited).

In September 2011, the FASB issued an accounting update that gives companies the option to make a qualitative evaluation about the likelihood of goodwill impairment. Companies will be required to perform the two-step impairment test only if it concludes that the fair value of a reporting unit is more likely than not less than its carrying value. The accounting update is effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment

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tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011, with earlier adoption permitted. We do not expect that adoption of this accounting standard will have a material impact on our financial statements.

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## Note 11. Subsequent Event

On April 26, 2012, we announced a second quarter cash dividend of twelve and one-half cents ( $\$ 0.125$ ) per share of our common stock. This dividend will be paid on June 18, 2012 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on May 22, 2012. The total cash payment for this dividend will be approximately $\$ 0.8$ million.

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## ITEM 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including the following Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Forward-looking statements relate to future events and typically address our expected future business and financial performance. Words such as plan, expect, aim, believe, project, target, anticipate, intend, estimate, will, should, could and other terms of similar n identify such forward-looking statements. We assume no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect the occurrence or non-occurrence of future events or circumstances.

The forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q include, without limitation, statements of our expectations related to demand for our footwear products, our seasonal demand being stronger in the second half of the year, the impact of weather on our sales performance, future sales volumes with the U.S. government, future cash dividend policies, capital expenditure plans for the balance of 2012, and the adequacy of our existing resources and anticipated cash flows from operations to satisfy our future working capital needs. Forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions and expectations of future events and trends that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Actual future results and trends may differ materially from historical results or those reflected in any such forward-looking statements depending on a variety of factors, including without limitation, economic, competitive and governmental factors outside of our control. For more information concerning these factors and other risks and uncertainties that could materially affect our results of operations, please refer to Part I, Item 1A Risk Factors, of our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as may be supplemented or amended in our 2012 quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, which information is incorporated herein by reference.

## Overview

Our mission is to maximize the work and outdoor experience for our consumers. To achieve this, we design, develop, manufacture, and market premium-quality, high-performance footwear, supported by compelling marketing and superior customer service. Our trusted DANNER ${ }^{\circledR}$ and LACROSSE ${ }^{\circledR}$ brands are sold through four channels of distribution: (1) wholesale, (2) government, (3) direct, and (4) international. We focus on two types of consumers for our footwear lines: work and outdoor. Work consumers include people in military services, law enforcement, transportation, mining, oil and gas exploration and extraction, construction, and other occupations that require high-performance and protective footwear as a critical tool for the job. Outdoor consumers include people active in hunting, outdoor cross-training, hiking, and other outdoor recreational activities as well as urban consumers attracted to footwear reflecting an outdoor lifestyle.

Weather, especially in the fall and winter, has recently been, and will likely continue to be, a significant contributing factor impacting our financial performance. Also, our sales are typically higher in the second half of the year due to stronger demand for our cold and wet weather outdoor product offerings. We augment these offerings by infusing innovative technology into all product categories with the intent to create additional demand in all four quarters of the year. Our overall sales performance continues to be driven by the success of our new product lines, our ability to meet at-once demand, and our ability to diversify and strengthen our portfolio of sales channels.

We have experienced, and may continue to experience, significant fluctuations in our quarterly revenue performance due to the timing and volume of orders for U.S. government contract purchases. Future U.S. government sales are dependent upon a wide range of factors, some of which are outside our control, including the U.S. government s policies regarding troop deployments in global regions requiring our specialized footwear, our ability to meet aggressive delivery schedules and increased competition from other footwear suppliers.

## Results of Operations

The following table sets forth selected financial information derived from our interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. The discussion that follows the table should be read in conjunction with the interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. In addition, please see Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, our consolidated annual financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

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| (in thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Quarter Ended } \\ & \text { March 26, } \\ & 2011 \end{aligned}$ | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Sales | \$ 33,285 | \$ 25,188 | 32\% |
| Gross Profit | 12,631 | 10,437 | $21 \%$ |
| Gross Margin \% | 37.9\% | 41.4\% | (350 bps) |
| Selling and Administrative Expenses | 11,577 | 11,384 | 2\% |
| \% of Net Sales | 34.8\% | 45.2\% | (1040 bps) |
| Non-Operating Expense, net | (123) | (125) | (2\%) |
| Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes | 931 | $(1,072)$ | (187\%) |
| Income Tax Provision (Benefit) | 371 | (422) | (188\%) |
| Net Income (Loss) | 560 | (650) | (186\%) |
| Trade and other accounts receivable, net | 18,059 | 15,666 | 15\% |
| Inventories, net | 43,070 | 46,869 | (8\%) |

## Quarter Ended March 31, 2012 Compared to Quarter Ended March 26, 2011:

Net Sales: Net sales for the first quarter of 2012 increased $32 \%$, to $\$ 33.3$ million, from $\$ 25.2$ million in the same period of 2011. Our first quarter 2012 sales results benefitted from our fiscal calendar which provided four additional business days compared to the first quarter of 2011.

Sales to the work market were $\$ 24.0$ million for the first quarter of 2012 , up $50 \%$ from $\$ 16.1$ million for the same period of 2011 . The growth in work market sales was primarily due to an increase in military contract sales. Excluding the Company s contract military and discontinued work apparel sales, core work sales in the first quarter of 2012 increased $9 \%$ from the same period in 2011. Sales to the outdoor market were $\$ 9.3$ million for the first quarter of 2012 , up $2 \%$ from $\$ 9.1$ million for the same period in 2011 . The growth in the outdoor market reflects increased sales of our outdoor rubber products partially offset by lower sales of cold weather products.

Gross Margin: Gross margin for the first quarter of 2012 was $37.9 \%$ of net sales, compared to $41.4 \%$ in the same period of 2011. The decrease in gross margin of 350 basis points was attributable to an increase in military contract sales to the U.S. Government ( 220 bps ), increased volume of close out sales ( 50 bps ) and other items ( 80 bps ).

Selling and Administrative Expenses: Selling and administrative expenses in the first quarter of 2012 increased 2\%, to $\$ 11.6$ million from $\$ 11.4$ million in the same period of 2011. The increase in selling and administrative expenses primarily relates to investments in product development ( $\$ 0.3$ million) partially offset by reduced marketing expense and other items ( $\$ 0.1$ million).

Income Tax Provision: We recognized income tax expense at an effective rate of $39.8 \%$ for the first quarter of 2012 compared to an income tax benefit at rate of $39.4 \%$ in the same period of 2011. The increase in our first quarter 2012 effective tax rate from the first quarter of 2011 is primarily due to the impact of the expiration of the federal research and experimentation tax credit as of December 31, 2011.

Net Income (Loss): Net income for the first quarter of 2012 was $\$ 0.6$ million, or $\$ 0.08$ diluted net income per common share, compared to net loss of $\$ 0.7$ million, or $\$ 0.10$ diluted net loss per common share in the same period of 2011. The increase in net income of $\$ 1.2$ million was attributable to the net sales, gross profit, expense, and tax rate changes discussed above.

Trade and Other Accounts Receivable, Net: Trade and other accounts receivable were $\$ 18.1$ million at the end of the first quarter of 2012, up $\$ 2.4$ million, or $15 \%$, from $\$ 15.7$ million in the first quarter of 2011 primarily due to higher first quarter net sales in 2012.

Inventories, Net: Inventories decreased $\$ 3.8$ million from the first quarter of 2011 to $\$ 43.1$ million at the first quarter of 2012. The reduction in inventories was primarily due to a $\$ 4.4$ million reduction to raw materials related to the completion during the first quarter of 2012 of a previously announced large contract military order.

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## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

## Summary

We have historically funded working capital requirements, capital expenditures, and dividends principally with cash generated from operations. During 2011, we utilized our bank line of credit to fund working capital requirements, which were primarily directed to increased inventory levels. However, in the first quarter of 2012 , we generated $\$ 9.8$ million of working capital from operations as we reduced our inventory levels during the quarter by $\$ 5.6$ million.

Working capital requirements in our historical business cycles are generally the lowest in the first quarter and the highest during the third quarter. We believe that our anticipated future cash flows from operations and our existing line of credit will be sufficient to satisfy our working capital needs for the foreseeable future.

Operating Activities: Cash provided by operating activities was $\$ 9.8$ million for the first quarter of 2012 compared to cash used in operating activities of $\$ 8.9$ million during the same period of 2011. The cash provided by operations was primarily related to decreases in our inventories and accounts receivable. The decrease in inventories in the first quarter of 2012 is primarily attributable to our normal seasonal business cycle, sales of close-outs during the quarter and utilization of raw materials associated with the completion during the quarter of a previously announced large contract military order. The decrease in accounts receivable is also due to the normal business cycle.

Investing Activities: Cash used in investing activities, which relates exclusively to capital expenditures, was $\$ 1.2$ million and $\$ 0.8$ million in the first quarter of 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increase in capital expenditures includes capitalized costs associated with our project to upgrade our internal financial and operational business systems. We expect total 2012 capital expenditures to be approximately $\$ 5.5$ million.

Financing Activities: Cash used in financing activities was $\$ 9.0$ million for the first quarter of 2012 compared to $\$ 5.9$ million provided by financing activities during the same period of 2011. Cash used in financing activities for the first quarter of 2012 was primarily attributable to reductions in borrowings outstanding under our line of credit of $\$ 8.2$ million and payment of a $\$ 0.8$ million cash dividend. Cash provided by financing activities for the first quarter of 2011 was primarily attributable to $\$ 6.2$ million of borrowings on our line of credit, which was partially offset by a payment of a $\$ 0.8$ million cash dividend.

We are in compliance with all covenants as of March 31, 2012. At March 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and March 26, 2011 we had outstanding balances on the line of credit of $\$ 8.6$ million, $\$ 16.9$ million and $\$ 6.2$ million, respectively.

A summary of our contractual cash obligations at March 31, 2012 is as follows (in thousands):

| Contractual Obligations | Total | Payments due by year: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | aining in $2012$ | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | Thereafter |
| Operating leases (1) | \$ 15,250 | \$ | 1,977 | \$ 2,652 | \$ 2,713 | \$ 2,642 | \$ 1,795 | \$ 3,471 |
| Product purchase obligations (2) | 11,958 |  | 11,958 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pension contributions (3) | 795 |  | 795 |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) See Part I, Item 2 Properties in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 for a description of our leased facilities.
(2) From time to time, we enter into purchase commitments with our suppliers and third-party manufacturers under customary purchase order terms. Any significant losses implicit in these contracts are recognized at the time such losses are incurred.
(3) Pension obligations reflect only anticipated pension contributions for the remainder of 2012. Required contributions are calculated on an annual basis and required funding beyond 2012 has not yet been determined.

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At March 31, 2012 and March 26, 2011, our pension plan had accumulated benefit obligations in excess of the respective plan assets and accrued pension liabilities. These obligations in excess of plan assets and accrued pension liabilities have resulted in cumulative direct charges to shareholders equity (accumulated other comprehensive loss) net of tax of $\$ 5.6$ million and $\$ 3.3$ million as of March 31, 2012 and March 26, 2011, respectively. We contributed $\$ 0.3$ million to our defined benefit pension plan during the first quarter of 2012 and anticipate contributing an additional $\$ 0.8$ million during the remainder of 2012.

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## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Our significant accounting policies and estimates are summarized in Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011. There have been no significant changes in these critical accounting policies since December 31, 2011. Some of our accounting policies require us to exercise significant judgment in selecting the appropriate assumptions for calculating financial estimates. Such judgments are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. These judgments are based on our historical experience, terms of existing contracts and other information from outside sources, as appropriate. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

## ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes in our disclosures regarding market risk since December 31, 2011. See also Item 7A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 for further sensitivity analysis regarding our market risk related to interest rates, pension liability and foreign currencies.

## ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures. In accordance with Rule 13a-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act ), as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our management evaluated, with the participation of our President and Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based upon their evaluation of these disclosure controls and procedures, the President and Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer have concluded the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.
(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting. There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II

## ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we become involved in regulatory or legal proceedings incidental or routine to our business. When a loss is deemed probable to occur and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated, a liability is recorded in our financial statements.

## ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

There has been no material change to the risk factors as set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

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## ITEM 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed herewith and this list is intended to constitute the exhibit index:
(31.1) Certification of President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
(31.2) Certification of Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
(32.1) Certification of the President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
(32.2) Certification of the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
(101) The following financial statements from LaCrosse Footwear, Inc. s Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2012, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited), (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Unaudited), (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited), and (iv) Notes to Interim Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged as blocks of text. Information is furnished and not filed and is not incorporated by reference in any registration statement or prospectus for purposes of sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

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## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## LACROSSE FOOTWEAR, INC.

Date: April 26, 2012

Date: April 26, 2012

By: /s/Joseph P. Schneider
Joseph P. Schneider
President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

By: $\quad / s /$ David P. Carlson David P. Carlson

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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