MOHAWK INDUSTRIES INC Form 424B5 June 02, 2015 Table of Contents

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The information in this preliminary prospectus supplement is not complete and may be changed. This preliminary prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are not an offer to sell these securities, nor a solicitation of an offer to buy these securities, in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion

Preliminary Prospectus Supplement dated June 2, 2015

Prospectus Supplement

(To prospectus dated February 27, 2015)

% Senior Notes due 20

We are offering principal amount of % notes due 20 , which we refer to in this prospectus supplement as the notes.

The notes will bear interest at % per year. Interest on the notes is payable on mature on , 20 . Interest on the notes will accrue from , 2015.

At our option, we may redeem the notes, in whole or in part, before the maturity date on at least 30 but not more than 60 days notice at the applicable redemption price and on the other terms described in this prospectus supplement under the caption Description of the Notes Optional Redemption. If we do not consummate our acquisition of International Flooring Systems S.A., which, together with its subsidiaries, we refer to as the IVC Group, on or before December 31, 2015 or if the acquisition agreement is terminated on or before December 31, 2015, we will redeem all of the notes at the redemption price and on the other terms described in this prospectus supplement under the caption Description of the Notes Special Mandatory Redemption. If a change of control triggering event as described in this prospectus supplement occurs, unless we have exercised our option to redeem the notes, we will offer to repurchase the outstanding notes at the price and on the other terms described in this prospectus supplement under the caption Description of the Notes Offer to Purchase Upon Change of Control Triggering Event. In addition, in the event of certain developments affecting United States taxation, we may redeem the notes at our option, in whole but not in part, at the redemption price and on the other terms described in this prospectus supplement under the caption Description of the Notes Redemption for Tax Reasons.

The notes will be unsecured and will rank equally with all of our other existing and future unsecured indebtedness. The notes will be issued only in denominations of 100,000 and integral multiples of 1,000 in excess thereof. The notes will not be convertible or exchangeable.

Currently there is no public market for the notes. We intend to apply to list the notes on the New York Stock Exchange, or the NYSE. The listing
application will be subject to approval by the NYSE. If such a listing is obtained, we have no obligation to maintain such listing, and we may
delist the notes at any time. We expect trading of the notes on the NYSE to begin within 30 days after the initial issuance of the notes.

Investing in the notes involves risks that are described in the <u>Risk Factors</u> section beginning on page S-11 of this prospectus supplement, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and in other documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per Note	Total
Public Offering Price ⁽¹⁾	%	
Underwriting Discount	%	
Proceeds, Before Expenses, to Mohawk Industries, Inc.	%	

(1) Plus accrued interest, if any, from , 2015 if settlement occurs after that date.

We expect that delivery of the notes will be made to investors in book-entry form through the facilities of Clearstream Banking, *société* anonyme, and Euroclear Bank, S.A./N.V., on or about , 2015, which is the London business day following the date of this prospectus supplement.

Joint Book-Running Managers

Barclays BofA Merrill Lynch J.P. Morgan

The date of this prospectus supplement is , 2015.

We and the underwriters have not authorized any other person to provide you with information different than what is contained in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and any information incorporated by reference herein, and we take no responsibility for, and can provide no assurance as to the reliability of, any other information that others may give you. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We and the underwriters are not making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus, any related free writing prospectus prepared by us, or the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front cover of this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus, any free writing prospectus prepared by us or the documents incorporated by reference.

Validity of the Securities

Experts

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References herein to \$ and dollars are to the lawful currency of the United States. References to and euro are to the lawful currency of the member states of the European Monetary Union that have adopted the euro as their currency. Financial information of Mohawk presented or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus has been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States, or U.S. GAAP. Financial information of the IVC Group presented herein has been prepared in accordance with Luxembourg Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, or Luxembourg GAAP. Unless otherwise specified, the euro/U.S. dollar rate of exchange used in this prospectus supplement is 1.00=\$1.0994, which is the noon buying rate in New York City for cable transfers as announced by the United States Federal Reserve Board for euros as of May 29, 2015. See Exchange Rates for discussion of recent rates of exchange between the U.S. dollar and the euro.

IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING, J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES PLC AS STABILIZING MANAGER (OR PERSONS ACTING ON ITS BEHALF) MAY OVER-ALLOT THE NOTES OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WITH A VIEW TO SUPPORTING THE MARKET PRICE OF THE NOTES AT A LEVEL HIGHER THAN THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL. THIS STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME. THERE IS NO ASSURANCE THAT THE STABILIZING MANAGER (OR PERSONS ACTING ON BEHALF OF THE STABILIZING MANAGER) WILL UNDERTAKE ANY STABILIZATION ACTION. ANY STABILIZATION ACTION MAY BEGIN ON OR AFTER THE DATE ON WHICH ADEQUATE PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF THE TERMS OF THE OFFER OF THE NOTES IS MADE AND, IF BEGUN, MAY BE ENDED AT ANY TIME, BUT IT MUST END NO LATER THAN THE EARLIER OF 30 CALENDAR DAYS AFTER THE ISSUE DATE OF THE NOTES AND NO LATER THAN 60 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF THE ALLOTMENT OF THE NOTES.

ANY STABILIZATION ACTION OR OVER-ALLOTMENT MUST BE CONDUCTED BY THE STABILIZING MANAGER (OR PERSONS ACTING ON BEHALF OF THE STABILIZING MANAGER) IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS AND RULES.

Notice to Prospective Investors in the European Economic Area

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus have been prepared on the basis that any offer of the notes in any Member State of the European Economic Area, or the EEA, that has implemented the Prospectus Directive, each of which we refer to as a Relevant Member State, will be made pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive, as implemented in that Relevant Member State, from the requirement to produce a prospectus for offers of notes. Accordingly, any person making or intending to make any offer in that Relevant Member State of the notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may only do so in circumstances in which no obligation arises for us or any of the underwriters to produce a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive in relation to such offer. Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized, nor do we or they authorize, the making of any offer of notes in circumstances in which an obligation arises for us or the underwriters to publish a prospectus for such offer. Prospectus Directive means Directive 2003/71/EC, as amended (including by Directive 2010/73/EU) and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State.

Notice to Prospective Investors in the United Kingdom

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are only being distributed to, and are only directed at, persons in the United Kingdom that are qualified investors within the meaning of Article 2(1)(e) of the Prospectus Directive and that are also (1) investment professionals falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005, which we refer to as the Order, or (2) high net worth entities, and other persons to whom it may lawfully be communicated, falling within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order. We refer to each such person as a Relevant Person. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and their contents are confidential and should

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not be distributed, published or reproduced (in whole or in part) or disclosed by recipients to any other persons in the United Kingdom. Any person in the United Kingdom that is not a Relevant Person should not act or rely on this prospectus supplement and/or the accompanying prospectus or any of their contents.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus have not been approved for the purposes of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, or FSMA, by a person authorized under FSMA. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are being distributed and communicated to persons in the United Kingdom only in circumstances in which section 21(1) of FSMA does not apply to us.

The notes are not being offered or sold to any person in the United Kingdom except in circumstances which will not result in an offer of securities to the public in the United Kingdom within the meaning of Part VI of FSMA.

The notes are offered globally for sale only in those jurisdictions in the United States, Europe, Asia and elsewhere where it is lawful to make such offers. The distribution of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and the offering or sale of the notes in some jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons outside the United States who receive this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus should inform themselves about and observe any applicable restrictions. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may not be used for or in connection with an offer or solicitation by any person in any jurisdiction in which that offer or solicitation is not authorized or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make that offer or solicitation. See Underwriting Selling Restrictions.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

These offering materials consist of two documents and the information incorporated by reference in these two documents: this prospectus supplement, which describes the terms of the notes that we are currently offering, and the accompanying prospectus, which provides general information about us and our debt securities, some of which may not apply to the notes that we are currently offering. If information in this prospectus supplement, or the information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, is inconsistent with, updates or changes the information in the accompanying prospectus or the information incorporated by reference in the accompanying prospectus, this prospectus supplement, or the information incorporated by reference in the accompanying prospectus or the information incorporated by reference in the accompanying prospectus. In addition, the information in this prospectus supplement may add to, update or change the information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and accordingly will supersede that information.

It is important for you to read and consider all information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus in making your investment decision. You should also read and consider the information in the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, referred to in Incorporation of Certain Information by Reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

Some financial information in this prospectus supplement has been rounded and, as a result, the numerical figures shown as totals in the tables in this prospectus supplement may vary slightly from the exact arithmetic aggregation of the figures that precede them.

Unless otherwise specified, all references in this prospectus supplement to:

Mohawk, the Company, we, us and our are to Mohawk Industries, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires; and

underwriters are to the firms listed in Underwriting in this prospectus supplement.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING NON-U.S. GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

The body of generally accepted accounting principles in the United States is commonly referred to as U.S. GAAP. A non-U.S. GAAP financial measure is generally defined by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, as one that purports to measure historical or future financial performance, financial position or cash flows but excludes or includes amounts that could not be so excluded or included in the most comparable U.S. GAAP measure. Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted EBITDA, Free Cash Flow and Net Debt, as presented in this prospectus supplement, are supplemental measures of our performance and financial position that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, U.S. GAAP. They are not measurements of our financial performance or position under U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as alternatives to net income, cash flow or total debt or any other performance or financial position measures derived in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

We define Adjusted Operating Income as operating income, excluding certain charges relating to business restructurings and integration costs and the establishment of a reserve for legal expenses related to our Carpet segment. We define Adjusted EBITDA as operating income, plus other income (expense), less net earnings attributable to non-controlling interest, plus depreciation and amortization, plus the pro forma effect of our 2013 acquisitions, and further adjusted to exclude the establishment of certain reserves for legal expenses related to the Carpet segment and charges related to certain business restructuring and integration costs as well as the disposal of a subsidiary. We define Free Cash Flow as net cash provided by operating activities less capital expenditures. We define Net Debt as short-term debt and long-term debt less cash and cash equivalents.

We caution investors that amounts presented in accordance with our definitions of Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted EBITDA, Free Cash Flow and Net Debt may not be comparable to similar measures disclosed by other companies (including the IVC Group) because not all companies, and not all analysts, calculate Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted EBITDA, Free Cash Flow and Net Debt in the same manner. We present Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted EBITDA, Free Cash Flow and Net Debt and the ratios derived therefrom because we consider them to be important supplemental measures of our performance and financial position and believe they are frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of companies. In the Summary section of this prospectus supplement, we include a quantitative reconciliation of Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted EBITDA, Free Cash Flow and Net Debt to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain of the statements in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus, the documents incorporated by reference herein and any free writing prospectus that we authorize for use in connection with this offering, particularly statements anticipating future performance, business prospects, growth and operating strategies and similar matters and those that include the words could, should, believes, anticipates, forecast, expects and estimates or similar expressions, constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securiti Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. For those statements, Mohawk claims the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

There can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements will be accurate because they are based on many assumptions, which involve risks and uncertainties. The following important factors affecting our business, the business that we intend to acquire and risks associated with the acquisition transaction could cause our actual results to differ materially from our current expectations as expressed or implied in our forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to: our ability to successfully complete this offering or otherwise obtain financing for our acquisition of the IVC Group; our ability to satisfy all conditions to closing, including regulatory approvals, and to successfully consummate the acquisition of the IVC Group; our ability to integrate the acquired IVC Group business and achieve the anticipated synergies and other benefits of the acquisition; other restructuring or strategic initiatives (including capital investments or mergers, acquisitions or dispositions); changes in economic or industry conditions; competition; inflation and deflation in raw material prices and other input costs; inflation and deflation in consumer markets; energy costs and supply; timing and level of capital expenditures; timing and implementation of price increases for the Company s products; impairment charges; integration of acquisitions; international operations; introduction of new products; rationalization of operations; tax, product and other claims; litigation; and other risks discussed under the caption Risk Factors and elsewhere herein and in our filings with the SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, which is available from the SEC. There may also be other risks that we are unable to predict at this time.

We disclaim any obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect new information, future events or risks or the eventual outcome of the facts underlying the forward-looking statements except as required by law. New information or future events or risks may cause the forward-looking events we discuss in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference not to occur or to occur in a manner different from what we expect.

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INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN INFORMATION BY REFERENCE

We file annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy any document that we file at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, DC 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. In addition, the SEC maintains an Internet site at http://www.sec.gov, from which interested persons can electronically access, among other things, the registration statement (File No. 333-202351) containing this prospectus supplement (including the exhibits and schedules thereto).

The SEC rules allow us to incorporate by reference information into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. This means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to another document. Any information referred to in this way is considered part of this prospectus supplement from the date we file that document. Any reports filed by us with the SEC after the date of this prospectus supplement will automatically update and, where applicable, supersede any information contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus or incorporated by reference.

We incorporate by reference into this prospectus supplement the following documents or information filed with the SEC (other than, in each case, documents or information deemed to have been furnished and not filed in accordance with SEC rules):

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014;

Our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended April 4, 2015;

Our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on January 16, 2015, March 27, 2015 and May 22, 2015; and

All documents we file under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act between the date of this prospectus supplement and the completion or termination of this offering.

We will provide without charge to each person to whom this prospectus supplement is delivered, upon his or her written or oral request, a copy of any or all of the information that has been incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement, excluding exhibits to those documents, unless they are specifically incorporated by reference into those documents. These documents are available on our website at http://www.mohawkind.com. You can also request those documents from our Corporate Secretary at the following address and telephone number:

Mohawk Industries, Inc.

160 South Industrial Boulevard

Calhoun, Georgia 30701

(706) 629-7721

Except as expressly provided above, no other information, including information on our website, is incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement.

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SUMMARY

This summary highlights information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and does not contain all of the information that you should consider in making your investment decision. You should read this summary together with the more detailed information appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and the information in the documents incorporated by reference herein. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters discussed in the sections titled Risk Factors below and in our SEC reports that are incorporated by reference herein.

Mohawk Industries, Inc.

Mohawk Industries, Inc. is a leading global flooring manufacturer that creates products to enhance residential and commercial spaces around the world. The Company s vertically integrated manufacturing and distribution processes provide competitive advantages in carpet, rugs, ceramic tile, laminate, wood, stone and vinyl flooring. The Company s industry-leading innovation has yielded products and technologies that differentiate its brands in the marketplace and satisfy all flooring related remodeling and new construction requirements. The Company s brands are among the most recognized in the industry and include American Olean®, Bigelow®, Daltile®, Durkan®, Karastan®, Kerama Marazzi®, Lees®, Marazzi®, Mohawk®, Pergo®, Quick-Step® and Unilin®. During the past decade, the Company has transformed its business from an American carpet manufacturer into the world s largest flooring company with operations in Australia, Brazil, Canada, China, Europe, India, Malaysia, Mexico, Russia and the United States. The Company had annual net sales in 2014 of \$7.8 billion. Approximately 71% of this amount was generated by sales in North America and approximately 29% was generated by sales outside North America. The Company has three reporting segments: the Carpet segment, the Ceramic segment and the Laminate and Wood segment with a net sales distribution of approximately 40%, 40% and 20%, respectively.

The Carpet segment designs, manufactures, sources, distributes and markets its carpet and rug product lines in a broad range of colors, textures and patterns for residential and commercial applications in both remodeling and new construction. In addition, the Carpet segment markets and distributes ceramic tile, laminate, hardwood, resilient floor covering, carpet pad and flooring accessories. The Carpet segment markets and distributes its flooring products under various brands, including the following brand names: Aladdin®, Bigelow®, Durkan®, Horizon®, Karastan®, Lees®, Mohawk, Mohawk ColorCenters®, Mohawk Floorscapes®, Mohawk Home®, Portico® and SmartStrand®, which it sells through independent floor covering retailers, home centers, mass merchandisers, department stores, shop at home, buying groups, commercial dealers and commercial end users. Some products are also marketed through private labeling programs. The Carpet segment soft surface operations are vertically integrated from the extrusion of resin and recycled post-consumer plastics to the manufacturing and distribution of finished carpets and rugs.

The Ceramic segment designs, manufactures, sources, distributes and markets a broad line of ceramic tile, porcelain tile and natural stone products used in the residential and commercial markets for both remodeling and new construction. In addition, the Ceramic segment sources, markets and distributes other tile related products. The Ceramic segment markets and distributes its products under various brands, including the following brand names: American Olean, Daltile, Kerama Marazzi, Marazzi and Ragno, which it sells through independent distributors, home center retailers, individual floor covering retailers, ceramic specialists, commercial dealers and commercial end users. The Ceramic segment operations are vertically integrated from the production of raw material for body and glaze preparation to the manufacturing and distribution of ceramic and porcelain tile.

The Laminate and Wood segment designs, manufactures, sources, distributes and markets laminate and hardwood flooring used primarily in the residential market for both remodeling and new construction. In

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addition, the Laminate and Wood segment licenses certain patents related to laminate flooring installation. The Laminate and Wood segment markets and distributes its flooring products under various brands, including the following brand names: Columbia Flooring®, Century Flooring®, Mohawk®, Pergo®, Quick-Step® and Unilin®, which it sells through retailers, independent distributors and home centers. In Europe, the Laminate and Wood segment also produces roofing elements, insulation boards, medium-density fiberboard, chipboards and other wood products.

Our principal executive offices are located at 160 South Industrial Boulevard, Calhoun, Georgia 30701, and our telephone number is (706) 629-7721. Our website can be accessed at www.mohawkind.com. The contents of our website are not part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

International Flooring Systems Acquisition

On January 13, 2015, the Company and its wholly owned Belgian subsidiary Unilin BVBA, or Unilin, entered into a definitive share purchase agreement, which we refer to as the Share Purchase Agreement, with International Flooring Systems S.A. and Enterhold S.A., or Enterhold, for Unilin to acquire all of the capital stock of the IVC Group from Enterhold. The purchase price is approximately 1.008 billion, or approximately \$1.108 billion, subject to certain adjustments. Approximately 908 million, or \$998 million, of the purchase price is expected to be paid in cash, with the remaining 100 million, or approximately \$110 million, to be paid with 805,811 shares of Mohawk common stock. We refer to this transaction as the Acquisition.

The Acquisition is the next step in our strategy to expand Mohawk s global business. The IVC Group is a major manufacturer of sheet vinyl, luxury vinyl tile, or LVT, and laminate, with operations in Europe, Russia and the United States. Over the past two decades, the IVC Group has grown rapidly based on a business model that focused on low cost, state-of-the-art manufacturing combined with a broad product offering which is customized to meet individual channel and customer needs. The IVC Group primarily distributes its products through large retailers, home centers and regional distributors and is focused on the residential sector. The IVC Group employs approximately 1,300 people around the globe.

We expect to achieve several synergies from the Acquisition, particularly in the fast growing LVT market. The IVC Group is the fastest growing manufacturer of LVT in Europe, and the IVC Group s manufacturing expertise will benefit Mohawk as we open LVT factories in Belgium and the United States to meet the rapidly growing demand for LVT. Additionally, we expect the IVC Group s fiberglass sheet vinyl product is expected to complement Mohawk s sheet vinyl product. As a result, the Acquisition is expected to position Mohawk as a major participant in both the fast growing LVT market and the expanding fiberglass sheet vinyl business.

We expect the Acquisition to close by June 30, 2015, subject to the satisfaction of customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals. The Share Purchase Agreement contains termination rights for all parties if certain conditions are not satisfied by June 30, 2015, subject to the right of any party to extend the termination date until September 30, 2015 if any applicable antitrust approvals have not yet been obtained or if there exists any governmental action that restrains or prohibits the consummation of the Acquisition.

The Share Purchase Agreement does not contain any financing contingencies. We intend to fund the Acquisition and related expenses using the net proceeds of this offering, borrowings under our \$1.8 billion five year senior unsecured revolving credit facility, which we refer to as our Senior Credit Facility, and available cash. The purchase price is subject to adjustment after closing for the actual amount of working capital that we acquire and other specified matters. This description of the Share Purchase Agreement does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Share Purchase Agreement, a copy of which is filed as an exhibit to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 16, 2015. See Incorporation of Certain Information by Reference.

The Acquisition is not conditioned upon the closing of this offering, and this offering is not conditioned upon, and is likely to be settled before, the closing of the Acquisition. We can provide no assurances that the Acquisition will occur in the anticipated timeframe, or at all, or on the terms set forth in the Share Purchase Agreement, or that the anticipated benefits of the Acquisition will be realized. See Risk Factors Risks Related to the Acquisition. In the event that we do not consummate the Acquisition on or before December 31, 2015 or the Share Purchase Agreement is terminated at any time on or before such date, we will redeem all of the notes on a special mandatory redemption date at a redemption price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the special mandatory redemption date. See Description of the Notes Special Mandatory Redemption of 20 Notes.

Recent Developments

On March 23, 2015, we entered into an agreement to settle, subject to court approval, all claims brought by a class of direct purchasers of polyurethane foam products. The plaintiffs alleged that certain manufacturers of polyurethane foam products and competitors of our carpet underlay division had engaged in price fixing in violation of U.S. antitrust laws. The Company continues to deny all allegations of wrongdoing but is settling to avoid the uncertainty, risk, expense and distraction of protracted litigation. Court approval of the settlement agreement is expected. We remain a defendant in a related indirect purchaser class case, as well as a number of cases involving other purchasers of polyurethane foam products not sold by us. As a result of the foregoing, the Company recorded a \$125 million charge for the settlement and further defense of the direct purchaser class case and the remaining cases. We believe that adequate provisions for resolution of all of these cases have been made. These cases are subject to significant contingencies and uncertainties, and we are unable to estimate the amount or range of loss, if any, in excess of amounts accrued. We do not believe that the ultimate outcome of the remaining cases will have a material adverse effect on the Company s financial condition, but the resolution of such cases could have a material adverse effect on the Company s results of operations, cash flows or liquidity in a given quarter or year.

On March 26, 2015, we modified the terms of our previously existing \$1.0 billion five year senior unsecured revolving credit facility, resulting in the current terms of our Senior Credit Facility. These modifications included (1) increasing the amount of the credit facility from \$1.0 billion to \$1.8 billion, (2) reducing pricing, (3) extending the maturity from September 25, 2018 to March 26, 2020, (4) eliminating the provision providing for acceleration of the maturity date to the date 90 days prior to the maturity of our senior notes due in January 2016 absent our satisfaction of specified liquidity levels, (5) eliminating the requirement that subsidiaries that are not borrowers under the credit facility provide guaranties if our credit ratings fall below certain specified levels and (6) modifying certain of the negative covenants to provide us with additional flexibility, including additional flexibility to make acquisitions and incur indebtedness.

On May 12, 2015, we purchased a 90% ownership interest in an eastern European ceramic tile floor manufacturer. The purchase price was approximately 175.5 million, or approximately \$192.9 million, subject to certain adjustments set forth in the share purchase agreement. The manufacturer has a low cost position in the Bulgarian and Romanian markets. The combination with Mohawk will present opportunities to enhance the product offering, upgrade technology and expand exports to other countries.

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Summary Consolidated Historical Financial Data of Mohawk

The summary historical financial data of Mohawk presented below as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2013 and 2014 have been derived from Mohawk s audited consolidated financial statements incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement. The summary historical financial data presented below as of and for the three months ended March 29, 2014 and April 4, 2015 have been derived from Mohawk s unaudited consolidated financial statements incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and include, in the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal and recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of such data. This information is only a summary and should be read in conjunction with the Company s consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations sections contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended April 4, 2015.

	•,	Three months ended, or				
	Years end 2012	led, or as of, Dece 2013	2014	as March 29, 2014	of,	ril 4, 2015
	2012		2014 millions, except	,	Ap	rii 4, 2015
Statement of Operations Data:		(III)	illinoiis, except	Tatios)		
Net sales:						
Carpet	\$ 2,912.1	\$ 2,986.1	\$ 3,013.9	\$ 674.9	\$	739.3
Ceramic	1,616.4	2,677.1	3,015.3	695.1	-	719.8
Laminate and Wood	1,350.3	1,792.3	1,890.6	468.0		448.4
Intersegment sales	(90.8)	(106.7)	(116.3)	(24.9)		(26.3)
Consolidated	\$ 5,788.0	\$ 7,348.8	\$ 7,803.4	\$ 1,813.1	\$	1,881.2
Companie	φ 2,7 σσισ	ψ 1,5 1010	φ 7,00011	Ψ 1,010.1	Ψ	1,001.2
Gross profit	\$ 1,490.1	\$ 1,920.8	\$ 2,154.2	\$ 481.4	\$	511.9
Operating income	379.5	546.9	772.8	130.7		43.8
Net earnings attributable to Mohawk Industries, Inc.	250.3	348.8	532.0	81.1		22.3
Balance Sheet Data:						
Long-term debt (including current portion)	\$ 1,382.9	\$ 2,260.0	\$ 2,253.4	\$ 2,466.7	\$	2,412.3
Total stockholders equity	3,719.6	4,470.3	4,422.8	4,493.4		4,223.8
Cash Flows Data:						
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 587.6	\$ 525.2	\$ 662.2	\$ (71.0)	\$	(49.6)
Net cash used in investing activities	(215.3)	(810.0)	(565.7)	(122.1)		(109.1)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(216.8)	(106.8)	(25.6)	213.0		175.3
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	10.3	(32.0)	(27.2)	(1.4)		(7.4)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 165.7	\$ (423.6)	\$ 43.8	\$ 18.6	\$	9.2
Other Fire and Market and						
Other Financial Information: Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	¢ 677.4	¢ 1 022 7	¢ 1 171 O	¢ 210.6	ø	262.5
	\$ 677.4	\$ 1,033.7	\$ 1,171.9	\$ 218.6	\$	263.5
Adjusted Operating Income: ⁽²⁾	168.7	222.6	267.0	34.3		41.0
Carpet Ceramic	168.7	222.6 283.7	267.9 360.4	62.6		41.0 85.7
	127.1	213.6	233.5	53.7		63.9
Laminate and Wood Net Debt ⁽³⁾	905.3	2,205.9	2,155.6	2,394.0		2,305.3
Free Cash Flow ⁽⁴⁾	100.4	158.6	379.3	(193.1)		(155.4)
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges	3.7	4.1	5.5	4.1		1.9
rado of carmings to fixed charges	3.1	7.1	5.5	7.1		1.9

(1) The table below sets forth a reconciliation of operating income to Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as operating income, plus other income (expense), less net earnings attributable to non-controlling interest, plus depreciation and amortization, plus the pro forma effect of our 2013 acquisitions, and further adjusted to exclude the establishment of certain reserves for legal expenses related to the Carpet segment and charges related to certain business restructuring and integration costs as well as the disposal of a subsidiary. We present Adjusted EBITDA because we consider it to be an important supplemental measure of our leverage capacity, liquidity and financial performance and because we believe Adjusted EBITDA is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties. We caution investors that amounts presented in accordance with our definition of Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similar measures utilized by other companies because not all companies, and not all analysts, calculate Adjusted EBITDA in the same manner. Adjusted EBITDA is not defined under U.S. GAAP and is not a measure of net income, operating income or any other performance measure derived in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

	Yea	rs ended December	Three months ended		
	2012	2013	2014 (in millions)	March 29, 2014	April 4, 2015
Consolidated					
Operating income	\$ 379.5	\$546.9	\$772.8	\$130.7	\$43.8
Add:					
Other (expense) income	(0.3)	(9.1)	(10.7)	(4.9)	1.1
Net earnings (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest	(0.6)	(0.5)	(0.3)	0.0	(0.2)
Depreciation and amortization	280.3	308.9	345.6	81.0	85.7
Business restructurings	18.6	113.4	54.6	11.7	8.2
Acquisition purchase accounting					
(inventory step-up)		31.0			
Reserve for legal expenses			10.0		125.0
Acquisitions EBITDA		43.1			
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 677.4	\$ 1,033.7	\$ 1,171.9	\$ 218.6	\$ 263.5

(2) The table below sets forth a reconciliation of operating income to Adjusted Operating Income for each of our reporting segments. Adjusted Operating Income is defined as operating income, excluding certain charges relating to business restructurings and integration costs and the establishment of a reserve for legal expenses related to our Carpet segment. We present Adjusted Operating Income because we consider it to be an important supplemental measure of our performance by excluding certain matters that are not related to the performance of our core business and because Adjusted Operating Income is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties. We caution investors that amounts presented in accordance with our definition of Adjusted Operating Income may not be comparable to similar measures utilized by other companies because not all companies, and not all analysts, calculate Adjusted Operating Income in the same manner. Adjusted Operating Income is not defined under U.S. GAAP and is not a measure of operating income or any other performance measure derived in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

	2012	Years ended December 31, 2013	2014 (in millio	Three mo March 29, 2014 ns)	 ended il 4, 2015
Carpet Adjusted Operating Income					
Operating income	\$ 158.2	\$ 209.0	\$ 255.9	\$ 34.3	\$ (90.0)
Add:					
Legal settlement and reserve					125.0
Restructuring, acquisition and integration-related costs	10.5	13.6	12.0		5.9
Adjusted Operating Income	\$ 168.7	\$ 222.6	\$ 267.9	\$ 34.3	\$ 41.0
Ceramic Adjusted Operating Income					
Operating income	\$ 121.0	\$ 209.8	\$ 351.1	\$ 60.7	\$ 85.3
Add:					
Restructuring, acquisition and integration-related costs	6.1	73.9	9.3	2.0	0.4
Adjusted Operating Income	\$ 127.1	\$ 283.7	\$ 360.4	\$ 62.6	\$ 85.7
Wood and Laminate Adjusted Operating Income	·	·	·	·	
Operating income	\$ 126.4	\$ 159.4	\$ 194.7	\$ 44.1	\$ 58.9
Add:					
Restructuring, acquisition and integration-related costs	2.0	54.2	38.8	9.6	5.0
Adjusted Operating Income	\$ 128.4	\$ 213.6	\$ 233.5	\$ 53.7	\$ 63.9

(3) The table below sets forth a reconciliation of long-term debt and short-term debt to Net Debt. Net Debt is defined as long-term debt and short-term debt less cash and cash equivalents. We present Net Debt because it is an important supplemental measure that management uses in assessing the Company s financial position and because Net Debt is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties. We caution investors that amounts presented in accordance with our definition of Net Debt may not be comparable to similar measures utilized by other companies because not all companies, and not all analysts, calculate Net Debt in the same manner. Net Debt is not defined under U.S. GAAP, and is not a measure of short-term debt, long-term debt or any other measure of financial condition derived in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

	December 31,					March	
	2012		2013	(in m	2014 illions)	29, 2014	April 4, 2015
Long-term debt (including current portion of long-term debt) Less:	\$ 1,382.9	\$	2,260.0	\$	2,253.4	\$ 2,466.6	\$ 2,412.2
Cash and cash equivalents	477.7		54.1		97.9	72.6	107.0
Net Debt	\$ 905.3	\$	2,205.9	\$	2,155.6	\$ 2,394.0	\$ 2,305.3

⁽⁴⁾ The table below sets forth a reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to Free Cash Flow. Free Cash Flow is defined as net cash provided by operating activities less capital expenditures. We present Free Cash Flow because we consider it to be an important supplemental measure of our ability to fund acquisition and development activities and meet our debt service requirements and because we believe Free Cash Flow is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties. We caution investors that amounts presented in accordance with our definition of Free Cash Flow may not be comparable to similar measures utilized by other companies because not all companies, and not all analysts, calculate Free Cash Flow in the same manner. Free Cash Flow is not defined under U.S. GAAP and is not a measure of cash flows from operating, investing or financing activities, liquidity or any other measure derived in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

	Years ended December 31,					Three months ended			
	2012	•	2013	2014 (in millions)		March 29, 2014	Apr	il 5, 2015	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Less:	\$ 587.6	\$	525.2	\$	662.2	\$ (71.0)	\$	(49.6)	
Capital expenditures	208.3		366.6		561.8	122.1		105.8	
Free Cash Flow	\$ 379.3	\$	158.6	\$	100.4	\$ (193.1)	\$	(155.4)	

Issuer

The Offering

Mohawk Industries, Inc.

Notes Offered % Senior Notes due 20 . principal amount of % Senior Notes principal amount of due 20 Interest Rate % per year, payable annually in arrears. Maturity Date , 20 . Interest Payment Date of each year, commencing on , 2016. , 20 (90 days prior to the scheduled maturity of the notes), we may Optional Redemption Prior to redeem the notes, in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time, at the make whole redemption price described in Description of the Notes Optional Redemption in this prospectus supplement plus accrued and unpaid interest on the principal amount being redeemed to, but excluding, the redemption date. , 20 (90 days prior to the scheduled maturity of the notes), we may On or after redeem the notes, in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes being redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the redemption date. See Description of the Notes Optional Redemption in this prospectus supplement. Special Mandatory Redemption In the event that we do not complete the Acquisition on or prior to December 31, 2015 or that the Share Purchase Agreement is terminated on or prior to such date, we will redeem all of the notes on a special mandatory redemption date at a redemption price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest

Offer to Repurchase upon Change of Control

Upon a Change of Control Triggering Event, holders of the notes will have the right to require us to repurchase all or a portion of their notes at the purchase price described in Description of the Notes Offer to Repurchase Upon Change of Control Triggering Event in this prospectus supplement.

thereon to, but excluding, the special mandatory redemption date. See Description of the

Notes Special Mandatory Redemption in this prospectus supplement.

Redemption for Tax Reasons

We may redeem all, but not part, of the notes in the event of certain changes in the tax laws of the United States or certain other jurisdictions. This redemption would be at 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed, together with accrued and unpaid interest on the notes to be redeemed to the date fixed for redemption. See

Description of the Notes Redemption for Tax Reasons.

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Ranking

The notes will be our general unsecured obligations and will:

rank equal in right of payment to all of our existing and future unsecured indebtedness and other obligations that are not, by their terms, expressly subordinated in right of payment to the notes;

rank senior in right of payment to any of our future indebtedness and other obligations that are, by their terms, expressly subordinated in right of payment to the notes;

to the extent we incur secured indebtedness in the future, be effectively subordinated to all of our secured indebtedness and other secured obligations to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and other obligations; and

be structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities (including trade payables) of our subsidiaries.

As of April 4, 2015, after giving effect to this offering and the use of proceeds therefrom, we would have had consolidated total indebtedness of \$ million. This includes borrowings of \$663.7 million under our Senior Credit Facility (including \$657.1 million supporting commercial paper), which is unsecured, and borrowings of \$492.9 million under our \$500 million three year on-balance sheet U.S. trade accounts receivable securitization facility, which we refer to as our Securitization Facility, which is secured. As of April 4, 2015, all of our indebtedness, other than our indebtedness under the Securitization Facility, was unsecured. As of April 4, 2015, our subsidiaries had outstanding \$1,352.6 million of total liabilities, including \$503.1 million of debt (excluding in each case intercompany liabilities), to which the notes will be structurally subordinated. See Risk Factors Risks Related to the Notes The notes are our unsecured obligations effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness of ours and Use of Proceeds in this prospectus supplement.

The indenture and the supplemental indenture governing the notes will contain covenants that, subject to exceptions and qualifications, limit our ability and the ability of our subsidiaries to create liens, enter into sale and leaseback transactions and limit our ability to consolidate, merge or transfer all or substantially all of our assets.

We intend to use the net proceeds of this offering, along with borrowings under our Senior Credit Facility and available cash, to retire substantially all of the IVC Group s outstanding debt and, together with shares of Mohawk common stock, to pay the purchase price for the IVC Group and related transaction expenses. See Use of Proceeds in this prospectus supplement. This offering is not conditioned upon the completion of our acquisition of the IVC Group.

Covenants

Use of Proceeds

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Currency of Payment

All payments of principal and interest, including payments made upon any redemption of the notes, will be made in euro. If the euro is unavailable to us due to the imposition of exchange controls or other circumstances beyond our control or if the euro is no longer being used by the then member states of the European Monetary Union that have adopted the euro as their currency or for the settlement of transactions by public institutions of or within the international banking community, then all payments in respect of the notes will be made in United States dollars until the euro is again available to us or so used. See Description of the Notes Issuance in Euro and Exchange Rates.

Additional Amounts

Subject to certain exceptions and limitations set forth herein, we will pay additional amounts as may be necessary to ensure that every net payment on a note to a beneficial owner, after deduction or withholding by us or any of our paying agents for or on account of any present or future tax, assessment or other governmental charge imposed upon or as a result of such payment by the United States and certain other jurisdictions, will not be less than the amount provided in such note to be then due and payable. See Description of the Notes Payment of Additional Amounts.

Further Issues

We may, at any time, without notice to or the consent of the holders of the notes, create and issue additional notes ranking equally with the notes in all respects (or in all respects other than the payment of interest accruing prior to the issue date of such additional notes or except for, in some cases, the first payment of interest following the issue date of such additional notes). Such additional notes may be consolidated and form a single series with the previously outstanding notes. If the additional notes are not fungible with the notes offered hereby for U.S. federal income tax purposes, such additional notes will have a separate CUSIP, ISIN and/or any other identifying number.

Book-Entry; Form and Denominations

The notes will be issued only in registered, book-entry form. One or more global notes will be deposited with a common depositary on behalf of Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme* and Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. and registered in the name of the common depositary or its nominee. Except in the limited circumstances described under

Book-Entry System Certificated Notes, owners of beneficial interests in the notes will not be entitled to have notes registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive notes in definitive form and will not be considered to be holders of notes under the indenture. The notes will be issued in minimum denominations of 100,000 and in integral multiples of 1,000 in excess thereof.

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Listing We intend to apply to list the notes on the NYSE. The listing application will be subject

to approval by the NYSE. We currently expect trading in the notes on the NYSE to begin within 30 days after the original issue date. If such a listing is obtained, we have no

obligation to maintain such listing, and we may delist the notes at any time.

Marketing and Selling Restrictions The notes may be offered for sale in those jurisdictions in the United States, Europe and

Asia where it is lawful to make such offers. See Underwriting Selling Restrictions.

Tax Considerations You should consult your tax adviser with respect to the U.S. federal income tax

consequences of owning the notes in light of your own particular situation and with respect to any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local, non-U.S. or

other taxing jurisdiction. See Material United States Federal Tax Considerations.

Governing Law The indenture and the notes will be governed by the laws of the State of New York.

Trustee U.S. Bank National Association

Paying Agent Elavon Financial Services Limited, UK Branch

Transfer Agent and Registrar Elavon Financial Services Limited

CUSIP

ISIN

Common Code

Risk Factors See Risk Factors beginning on page S-11 of this prospectus supplement and on page 8 of

our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the other information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement for a discussion of certain risks you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in the

notes.

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RISK FACTORS

Investing in the notes involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks described below and other information contained in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement before investing in the notes. The risks described below are not the only ones facing our company. Additional risks not presently known to us or that we currently consider less significant may also impair our business operations. Our business could be materially adversely affected by any of these risks.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus also contain or incorporate by reference forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including the risks faced by us described below and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. See Forward-Looking Statements.

RISKS RELATED TO OUR BUSINESS

For a discussion of risks related to our business and operations, please see Item 1A. Risk Factors and Item 7. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, and Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Part I of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for our fiscal quarter ended April 4, 2015, as well as similar disclosures contained in our other filings with the SEC that are incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. See Incorporation of Certain Information by Reference.

RISKS RELATED TO THE ACQUISITION

The completion of the Acquisition is subject to a number of closing conditions, and we can provide no assurances that it will be completed.

While we expect to complete the Acquisition by June 30, 2015, the Acquisition is subject to a number of closing conditions. The Share Purchase Agreement contains termination rights for all parties if certain conditions are not satisfied by June 30, 2015, subject to the right of any party to extend the termination date until September 30, 2015 if any applicable antitrust approvals have not yet been obtained or if there exists any governmental action that restrains or prohibits the consummation of the Acquisition. We can provide no assurance that the Acquisition will occur in the anticipated timeframe, or at all. If we are unable to satisfy (or obtain waivers of) the various conditions to closing, we will not be able to consummate the Acquisition. If we are not able to consummate the Acquisition by December 31, 2015 as specified under Description of the Notes Special Mandatory Redemption, we will redeem all of the notes at a redemption price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest from the date of initial issuance to, but not including, the special mandatory redemption date. See Description of the Notes Special Mandatory Redemption.

We will incur significant additional indebtedness as a result of the Acquisition.

We intend to finance the approximately 908 million, or approximately \$998 million, cash portion of the purchase price of the Acquisition with the proceeds of this offering, borrowings under our Senior Credit Facility and cash on hand. We will pay the remaining 100 million, or approximately \$110 million, of the purchase price with 805,811 shares of Mohawk common stock. We expect that upon completion of this offering and the Acquisition, our consolidated total indebtedness will increase to approximately \$ million.

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We may encounter difficulties in fully integrating the acquired IVC Group business into our business and may not fully achieve, or achieve within a reasonable time frame, the expected strategic objectives and other expected benefits of the Acquisition.

We expect to realize strategic and other benefits as a result of our acquisition of the IVC Group, including, among other things, the opportunity to extend our reach in the flooring industry and provide our customers with an even wider range of products and services. However, it is impossible to predict with certainty whether, or to what extent, these benefits will be realized or whether we will be able to integrate the IVC Group in a timely and effective matter. Complete integration of the acquired IVC Group operations with that of our own will be a time-consuming process. There may be substantial difficulties, costs and delays involved in the integration of the acquired IVC Group business. These may include:

distraction of management from day-to-day operations;

higher-than-expected costs and delays in implementing common systems and procedures; and

potential incompatibility of corporate cultures.

Any one or all of these factors may increase our operating costs or lower our anticipated financial performance. Also, some of these factors are outside of our control. Achieving the anticipated synergies and the potential benefits of the Acquisition will depend on the successful integration of the businesses.

Other factors that may impact our achievement of the expected synergies and benefits of the Acquisition include, but are not limited to, our ability to maintain and enhance our relationships with existing IVC Group customers, our ability to provide additional opportunities for the IVC Group through our existing customer relationships and product channels, and fluctuating economic and competitive conditions. We may be unable to achieve the same growth, sales levels and profitability that the IVC Group has achieved in the past.

Our ability to address these issues will determine the extent to which we are able to successfully integrate, develop and grow the acquired IVC Group business and to realize the expected synergies and other benefits of the Acquisition. Our failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on our business following the Acquisition.

RISKS RELATED TO THE NOTES

The notes will be effectively subordinated to all liabilities of our subsidiaries.

The notes will be issued by Mohawk Industries, Inc., which operates as a holding company, and will not be guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries. The notes therefore will be structurally subordinated to the existing and future claims of our subsidiaries creditors, including trade payables and lease obligations. Holders of the notes will not be creditors of our subsidiaries. Any claims of holders of the notes to the assets of our subsidiaries derive from our own equity interests in those subsidiaries. Claims of our subsidiaries creditors will generally have priority as to the assets of our subsidiaries over our own equity interest claims and will therefore have priority over claims of the holders of the notes. Consequently, the notes will be effectively subordinated to all liabilities, whether or not secured, of any of our subsidiaries and any subsidiaries that we may in the future acquire or establish. As of April 4, 2015, our subsidiaries had outstanding \$1,352.6 million of total liabilities, including \$503.1 million of debt (excluding, in each case, intercompany liabilities). The indenture governing the notes permits our subsidiaries to incur certain additional debt, including secured debt, and will not limit their ability to incur other liabilities that are not considered indebtedness under the indenture.

The notes are our unsecured obligations effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness of ours.

The notes will not be secured by any of our assets and will be effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness of ours to the extent of the value of the assets securing that indebtedness. Accordingly, in the event of a default in payment on, or the acceleration of, any secured indebtedness of ours or in the event of our bankruptcy, liquidation or any similar proceeding, holders of the notes will be entitled to payment only after the holders of any of our secured indebtedness have been paid, to the extent of the value of the assets securing that indebtedness. To the extent that such assets cannot satisfy in full any secured indebtedness of ours, the holders of such secured indebtedness would have a claim for any shortfall that would rank equally in right of payment with the notes. In any of the foregoing events, we cannot assure you that there will be sufficient assets to pay amounts due on the notes. As a result, holders of the notes may receive less, ratably, than holders of any secured indebtedness of ours. Holders of any secured indebtedness of ours will have claims that are prior to the claims of holders of the notes, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. Further, the indentures governing our existing notes and the notes being offered hereby do not prohibit us from incurring additional indebtedness, including secured indebtedness.

Pursuant to our Securitization Facility, a wholly owned, bankruptcy-remote special purpose subsidiary of the Company may borrow up to \$500 million. As of April 4, 2015, we had \$492.9 million of indebtedness outstanding under our Securitization Facility. Borrowings under the Securitization Facility are secured by accounts receivable purchased by such special purpose subsidiary and, as such, are structurally senior to the notes. Because such special purpose subsidiary is a separate legal entity, its assets are available to satisfy the claims of the creditors of that subsidiary only and not the creditors of Mohawk or Mohawk s other subsidiaries. Neither we nor any of our other subsidiaries have guaranteed the repayment of the indebtedness owing by such special purpose subsidiary under the Securitization Facility. Accordingly, if the amounts payable in respect of the accounts receivable purchased by that subsidiary are not sufficient to repay the indebtedness owing by such special purpose subsidiary under the Securitization Facility, the lenders under the Securitization Facility will not be able to seek payment of their deficiency from us or any of our other subsidiaries.

A breach of a covenant in our debt instruments could cause an acceleration of a significant portion of our outstanding indebtedness, and we may not be able to make payments on the notes.

The various agreements governing our outstanding indebtedness contain covenants that limit, among other things, our ability to:

incur additional indebtedness;	
create liens or other encumbrances;	
enter into sale and leaseback transactions;	
pay dividends or make distributions or certain other restricted payments;	
create restrictions on the payment of dividends or other amounts to us by our restricted subsidiaries;	
make certain investments;	
sell assets, including, but not limited to capital stock of restricted subsidiaries;	
enter into certain mergers and consolidations; and	

enter into transactions with shareholders or affiliates.

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Additionally, our Senior Credit Facility requires us to meet certain financial ratios and tests. As of April 4, 2015, after taking into account these ratios and tests (and prior to the issuance of notes offered hereby), we had the ability to incur additional indebtedness of up to \$1,135 million under such ratios, all of which is available under the Senior Credit Facility. Agreements we enter into in the future governing indebtedness could also contain significant financial and operating restrictions.

A breach of a covenant or other provision in any debt instrument governing our current or future indebtedness could result in a default under such debt instrument. In addition, such an event may trigger an event of default under one or more of our other debt instruments, including the notes. Our ability to comply with the covenants and other provisions in our various debt instruments may be affected by events beyond our control, and we cannot assure you that we will be able to comply with these covenants and other provisions. Upon the occurrence of an event of default under any debt instrument, the lenders could elect to declare all amounts outstanding to be immediately due and payable and terminate all commitments to extend further credit. If we were unable to repay those amounts, the lenders could proceed against collateral granted to them, if any, to secure the indebtedness. If our current or future lenders accelerate the payment of the indebtedness owed to them, we cannot assure you that our assets would be sufficient to repay in full our outstanding indebtedness, including the notes.

Our existing and future levels of indebtedness could adversely affect our financial health, our ability to obtain financing in the future, our ability to react to changes in our business and our ability to fulfill our obligations under the notes.

As of April 4, 2015, after giving effect to the use of the proceeds from this offering, we would have had outstanding consolidated total indebtedness of \$ million and availability of \$1,135 million under the Senior Credit Facility but no further availability under the Securitization Facility.

Our level of indebtedness could have important consequences for holders of the notes. For example, it could:

make it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the notes and our other indebtedness, resulting in possible defaults on and acceleration of such indebtedness;

require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to the payment of principal and interest on our indebtedness, thereby reducing the availability of such cash flows to fund working capital, acquisitions, new plant openings, capital expenditures and other general corporate purposes;

limit our ability to obtain additional financing for working capital, acquisitions, new plant openings, capital expenditures, debt service requirements and other general corporate purposes;

limit our ability to refinance indebtedness or cause the associated costs of such refinancing to increase;

restrict the ability of our subsidiaries to pay dividends or otherwise transfer assets to us, which could limit our ability to, among other things, make required payments on our debt;

increase our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions, including interest rate fluctuations (because a portion of our borrowings are at variable rates of interest); and

place us at a competitive disadvantage compared to other companies with proportionately less debt or comparable debt at more favorable interest rates who, as a result, may be better positioned to withstand economic downturns.

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Any of the foregoing impacts of our level of indebtedness could have a material adverse effect on our business.

To service our indebtedness, we will require a significant amount of cash. Our ability to generate cash depends on many factors beyond our control. We also depend on the business of our subsidiaries to satisfy our cash needs. If we cannot generate the required cash, we may not be able to make the necessary payments under the notes.

Our ability to make payments on our indebtedness, including the notes, and to fund planned capital expenditures will depend on our ability to generate cash in the future. Our ability to generate cash, to a certain extent, is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative, regulatory and other factors that are beyond our control.

We conduct our operations primarily through our subsidiaries. As a result, our ability to service our debts, including our obligations under the notes and other obligations, depends largely on the earnings of our subsidiaries and the payment of those earnings to us in the form of dividends, loans or advances and through repayment of loans or advances from us. Our subsidiaries are separate and distinct legal entities. Our subsidiaries have no obligation to pay any amounts due on the notes or to provide us with funds to meet our payment obligations on the notes, whether in the form of dividends, distributions, loans or other payments. In addition, any payment of dividends, loans or advances by our subsidiaries could be subject to statutory or contractual restrictions. Payments to us by our subsidiaries will also be contingent upon our subsidiaries earnings and business considerations. Additionally, changes in the laws of foreign jurisdictions in which we operate may adversely affect the ability of some of our foreign subsidiaries to repatriate funds to us.

Additionally, our historical financial results have been, and we anticipate that our future financial results will be, subject to fluctuations. We cannot assure you that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from our operations or that future borrowings will be available to us in an amount sufficient to enable us to pay our indebtedness, including the notes, or to fund our other liquidity needs and make necessary capital expenditures.

If our cash flow and capital resources are insufficient to allow us to make scheduled payments on our debt, we may have to sell assets, seek additional capital or restructure or refinance our debt. We cannot assure you that the terms of our debt will allow for these alternative measures or that such measures would satisfy our scheduled debt service obligations.

If we cannot make scheduled payments on our debt:

the holders of our debt could declare all outstanding principal and interest to be due and payable;

the holders of our secured debt could commence foreclosure proceedings against our assets;

we could be forced into bankruptcy or liquidation; and

you could lose all or part of your investment in the notes.

The indenture does not restrict our ability to incur additional debt or to take other actions that could negatively impact our ability to pay our obligations under the notes, and the limited covenants in the indenture do not provide protection against some types of important corporate events.

The indenture for the notes does not:

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limit our ability to incur indebtedness;

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limit our subsidiaries ability to incur indebtedness, which would effectively rank senior to the notes;

restrict our subsidiaries ability to issue securities that would be senior to the equity interests of our subsidiaries that we hold;

restrict our ability to purchase or prepay our securities;

restrict our ability to make investments or to repurchase or pay dividends or make other payments in respect of our common stock or other securities ranking junior to the notes; or

require us to maintain any financial ratios or specific levels of net worth, revenues, income, cash flows or liquidity which might protect holders of the notes in the event that we experience significant adverse changes in our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Furthermore, the indenture for the notes contains only limited protections in the event of a change in control. We could engage in many types of transactions, such as certain acquisitions, refinancings or recapitalizations, that could substantially affect our capital structure and the value of the notes but would not constitute a change of control triggering event that permits holders to require us to repurchase their notes. For these reasons, you should not consider the covenants in the indenture or the change of control repurchase feature of the notes as a significant factor in evaluating whether to invest in the notes. See Description of the Notes Offer to Repurchase Upon Change of Control Triggering Event.

If we do not complete the Acquisition on or prior to December 31, 2015 or if the Share Purchase Agreement is terminated at any time prior to such date, then we will be required to redeem all of the notes and, as a result, holders of the notes may not obtain their expected return on the notes.

We may not be able to complete the Acquisition on or prior to December 31, 2015 as specified under Description of the Notes Special Mandatory Redemption or the Share Purchase Agreement may be terminated prior to such time. Our ability to consummate the Acquisition is subject to various closing conditions. If we are not able to consummate the Acquisition by December 31, 2015 or if the Share Purchase Agreement is terminated on or before such date, we will be required to redeem all of the notes at a redemption price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of the redeemed notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest from the date of initial issuance to, but excluding, the special mandatory redemption date. As a result, holders of the notes may not obtain their expected return on the notes. If we complete the Acquisition within the specified timeframe, holders of the notes will have no right to require us to redeem the notes pursuant to the special mandatory redemption provision, nor will holders have any right to require us to redeem their notes if, between the closing of the notes offering and the closing of the Acquisition, the terms of the Acquisition change. See Description of the Notes Special Mandatory Redemption.

We may be unable to raise the funds necessary to redeem or repurchase your notes upon a special mandatory redemption event or a change of control triggering event.

In addition to our obligation to redeem all of the notes if we do not complete the Acquisition within the time period specified under Description of the Notes Special Mandatory Redemption, holders of the notes will have the right, at their option, to require us to repurchase all or a portion of their notes upon the occurrence of a change of control triggering event, which is a triggering event involving both a change of control of the Company and the notes being rated below investment grade following a downgrade by at least two of Standard & Poor s Rating Services, Moody s Investor Services, Inc. and Fitch Inc. In either case, we must redeem or offer to repurchase the notes at a price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount outstanding on the date of such special mandatory redemption or change of control triggering event, plus accrued and unpaid interest from the date of initial issuance to, but excluding, the redemption or repurchase date. See Description of the Notes Special Mandatory Redemption and Description of the Notes Offer to Repurchase Upon Change of Control Triggering Event.

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If we do not have sufficient funds to pay the redemption or repurchase price for all of the notes to be redeemed or repurchased, an event of default under the indenture governing the notes would occur. We would need to seek third-party financing to the extent we do not have available funds to meet our redemption or repurchase obligation. However, there can be no assurance that we would be able to obtain any such financing on acceptable terms or at all. In addition, cash payments in respect of notes to be redeemed or repurchased may be subject to limits and might be prohibited, or create an event of default, under our indebtedness or other agreements relating to borrowings that we may enter into from time to time. Our failure to make cash payments in respect of notes to be redeemed or repurchased also could result in an event of default under the notes, under the Senior Credit Facility or under other credit-related agreements. Our inability to pay for notes that are to be redeemed or repurchased also could result in holders receiving substantially less than the principal amount of the notes.

In addition, as noted previously, the change of control repurchase obligation in the indenture may not protect you from certain important corporate events, such as a leveraged recapitalization (which would increase the level of our indebtedness or otherwise adversely affect our capital structure, credit ratings or the value of the notes), reorganization, restructuring, merger or other similar transaction. Such a transaction may not involve a change in voting power or beneficial ownership or, even if it does, may not involve a change of control of the Company as defined in the indenture that would trigger our obligation to offer to repurchase the notes. If an event occurs that does not constitute a change of control as defined in the indenture, we will not be required to make an offer to repurchase the notes and you may be required to continue to hold your notes despite the event. See Description of the Notes Offer to Repurchase Upon Change of Control Triggering Event.

In addition, the change of control repurchase obligation may not be enforceable. In a recent decision, the Chancery Court of Delaware raised the possibility that a change of control repurchase obligation occurring as a result of a failure to have continuing directors comprising a majority of a board of directors may be unenforceable on public policy grounds. Therefore, in certain circumstances involving a significant change in the composition of our Board of Directors, holders of the notes may not be entitled to require us to repurchase the notes upon a change of control of the Company. See Description of the Notes Offer to Repurchase Upon Change of Control Triggering Event.

We will need to repay or refinance the Securitization Facility and the Senior Credit Facility prior to the maturity of the notes. Failure to do so could have a material adverse effect upon us.

The Securitization Facility is scheduled to mature on December 19, 2015, and the Senior Credit Facility is scheduled to mature on March 26, 2020. Prior to the maturity of the notes, we will need to repay, refinance, replace or otherwise extend the maturity of the Securitization Facility and the Senior Credit Facility. Our ability to repay, refinance, replace or extend will depend on, among other things, business conditions, our financial performance and the general condition of the financial markets. If a financial disruption were to occur at the time we are required to repay indebtedness outstanding under the Securitization Facility or the Senior Credit Facility, we could be forced to undertake alternate financings, negotiate for an extension of the maturity dates or sell assets and delay capital expenditures in order to generate proceeds that could be used to repay the indebtedness. We cannot assure you that we will be able to consummate any such transaction on terms that are commercially reasonable, or on terms acceptable to us or at all.

Our credit ratings may not reflect all risks of your investment in the notes.

The credit ratings assigned to the notes are limited in scope and do not address all material risks relating to an investment in the notes but rather reflect only the view of each rating agency at the time the rating is issued. An explanation of the significance of a rating may be obtained from the relevant rating agency. The credit rating agencies also evaluate our industry and may change their credit rating for us based on their overall view of our industry. There can be no assurance that the credit ratings assigned to the notes will remain in effect for any given period of time or that a rating will not be lowered, suspended or withdrawn entirely by the applicable rating

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agency if, in such rating agency s judgment, circumstances so warrant. Credit ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security. Each agency s rating should be evaluated independently of any other agency s rating. Actual or anticipated changes or downgrades in our credit ratings, including any announcement that our ratings are under further review for a downgrade, could affect the market value of the notes and increase our corporate borrowing costs.

An increase in interest rates would increase the cost of servicing our debt and could reduce our profitability.

A significant portion of our outstanding debt, including under the Senior Credit Facility, bears interest at variable rates. As a result, an increase in interest rates, whether because of an increase in market interest rates or a decrease in our creditworthiness, would increase the cost of servicing our debt and could materially reduce our profitability and cash flows. The impact of such an increase would be more significant for us than it would be for competitors that have less variable rate debt.

We may be unable to repay or repurchase the notes at maturity.

At maturity, the entire principal amount of the notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, will become due and payable. We may not have the ability to repay or refinance these obligations. If the maturity date occurs at a time when other arrangements prohibit us from repaying the notes, we could try to obtain waivers of such prohibitions from the lenders and holders under those arrangements, or we could attempt to refinance the borrowings that contain the restrictions. If we could not obtain the waivers or refinance these borrowings, we would be unable to repay the notes.

An active trading market for the notes may not develop.

There has not been an established trading market for the notes. Although we intend to apply for listing of the notes for trading on the NYSE, no assurance can be given that the notes will become or will remain listed or that an active trading market for the notes will develop or, if developed, that it will continue. If an NYSE listing of the notes is obtained, we have no obligation to maintain such listing, and we may delist the notes at any time. Certain of the underwriters have informed us that they currently intend to make a market in the notes, but they have no obligation to do so and may discontinue making a market at any time without notice. If an active trading market does not develop or is not sustained, the market price and liquidity of the notes may be adversely affected and you may be unable to resell your notes at a particular time, at their fair market value or at all.

If a trading market does develop, the market price of the notes will depend on many factors, including:

the prospects for companies in our industry generally; and

ratings on our debt securities assigned by the credit rating agencies;
the market demand for securities similar to the notes and the interest of securities dealers in making a market for the notes;
the number of holders of the notes;
the prevailing interest rates being paid by other companies similar to us;
our financial condition, financial performance and future prospects;
the market price of our common stock;

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the overall condition of the financial markets.

Historically, the market for investment grade debt has been subject to disruptions that have caused volatility in prices of securities similar to the notes. It is possible that the market for the notes will be subject to disruptions. Any disruptions may have a negative effect on holders of the notes, regardless of our financial condition and performance and our prospects.

The European Commission has proposed a financial transactions tax in certain member states of the European Union which, if adopted, could apply in certain circumstances to secondary market trades of the notes both within and outside of those participating member states.

The European Commission has published a proposal for a directive for a common financial transactions tax, or FTT, in Belgium, Germany, Estonia, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia and Slovakia, to which we refer as the participating Member States. The proposed FTT has very broad scope and could, if implemented in the form proposed by the European Commission, apply to certain dealings in the notes (including secondary market transactions) in certain circumstances.

Under the European Commission proposal, the FTT could apply in certain circumstances to persons both within and outside of the participating Member States. Generally, it would apply to certain dealings in notes where at least one party is a financial institution and at least one party is established in a participating Member State. A financial institution may be, or be deemed to be, established in a participating Member State in a broad range of circumstances, including by transacting with a person established in a participating Member State.

Joint statements issued by participating Member States indicate an intention to implement the FTT by January 1, 2016. However, the FTT proposal remains subject to negotiation among the participating Member States. It may therefore be materially altered prior to any implementation (if at all), the timing of which remains unclear, and the extent to which it may ultimately apply (if at all) to dealings in the notes is uncertain. Additional Member States may decide to participate. Prospective holders of, and investors in, the notes are advised to seek their own professional advice regarding the FTT.

Under EC Council Directive 2003/48/EC issued on June 3, 2003, or any other directive amending, supplementing or replacing such directive, to which we refer collectively as the EU Savings Directive, a paying agent may be obligated to withhold taxes on payments made or collected through a member state of the EU, referred to as a Member State, that has opted for a withholding system.

Under the EU Savings Directive, the competent authority of a Member State is required to provide to the competent authority of another Member State details of payments of interest and other similar income paid by a person within its jurisdiction to, or for the benefit of, an individual, or certain other persons, resident in that other Member State. However, for a transitional period, Austria is instead required (unless during such period it elects otherwise) to levy withholding tax at a rate of 35% in relation to such payments (the ending of such transitional period being dependent upon the conclusion of certain other agreements relating to information exchange with certain other countries). A number of non-EU countries and territories have adopted similar measures.

On March 24, 2014, the EU Savings Directive was amended to, among other things, expand the range of payments covered by the EU Savings Directive to include certain additional types of income, widen the range of recipients payments to whom are covered by the EU Savings Directive, and include certain other types of entity and legal arrangements. Member States are required to implement national legislation giving effect to these changes by January 1, 2016 (which national legislation must apply from January 1, 2017). Prospective holders of, and investors in, the notes are advised to seek their own professional advice regarding the EU Savings Directive.

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If a payment under a note were to be made by a person in or collected through an EU Member State which has opted for a withholding system and an amount of, or in respect of, tax were to be withheld from that payment pursuant to the EU Savings Directive, neither we nor any paying agent nor any other person would be obliged to pay additional amounts with respect to any note as a result of the imposition of such withholding tax. Investors should inform themselves of, and where appropriate take advice on, the impact of the EU Savings Directive on their investment.

An investment in the notes by a beneficial owner whose home currency is not euro entails significant risks.

All payments of interest on and the principal of the notes and any redemption price for the notes will be made in euros. An investment in the notes by a beneficial owner whose home currency is not euro entails significant risks. These risks include the possibility of significant changes in rates of exchange between the beneficial owner s home currency and euro and the possibility of the imposition or subsequent modification of foreign exchange controls. These risks generally depend on factors over which we have no control, such as economic, financial and political events and the supply of and demand for the relevant currencies. In the past, rates of exchange between euro and certain currencies have been highly volatile, and each beneficial owner should be aware that volatility may occur in the future. Fluctuations in any particular exchange rate that have occurred in the past, however, are not necessarily indicative of fluctuations in the rate that may occur during the term of the notes. Depreciation of the euro against a beneficial owner s home currency would result in a decrease in the effective yield of the notes below its coupon rate and, in certain circumstances, could result in a loss to the beneficial owner. See Exchange Rates. If you are a United States beneficial owner, see Material United States Federal Tax Considerations for certain U.S. federal income tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of the notes related to the notes being denominated in euros.

The notes permit us to make payments in dollars if we are unable to obtain euros.

If the euro is unavailable to us due to the imposition of exchange controls or other circumstances beyond our control or if the euro is no longer being used by the then member states of the European Union that have adopted the euro as their currency or for the settlement of transactions by public institutions of or within the international banking community, then all payments in respect of the notes will be made in dollars until the euro is again available to us or so used. The amount payable on any date in euros will be converted into dollars on the basis of the then most recently available market exchange rate for euro. Any payment in respect of the notes so made in dollars will not constitute an event of default under the notes or the indenture governing the notes. Neither the trustee nor the paying agent shall have any responsibility for effecting such currency conversions.

In a lawsuit for payment on the notes, an investor may bear currency exchange risk.

The indenture is, and the notes will be, governed by the laws of the State of New York. Under New York law, a New York state court rendering a judgment on the notes would be required to render the judgment in euros. However, the judgment would be converted into dollars at the market exchange rate prevailing on the date of entry of the judgment. Consequently, in a lawsuit for payment on the notes, investors would bear currency exchange risk until a New York state court judgment is entered, which could be a significant amount of time. A federal court sitting in New York with diversity jurisdiction over a dispute arising in connection with the notes would apply New York law.

In courts outside of New York, investors may not be able to obtain a judgment in a currency other than dollars. For example, a judgment for money in an action based on the notes in many other U.S. federal or state courts ordinarily would be enforced in the United States only in dollars. The date used to determine the rate of conversion of euro into dollars would depend upon various factors, including which court renders the judgment and when the judgment is rendered.

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The notes have minimum specified denominations of 100,000.

The notes have minimum denominations of 100,000 and integral multiples of 1,000 in excess thereof. The notes may be traded in amounts in excess of 100,000 that are not integral multiples of 100,000. In such a case, a holder of notes who, as a result of trading such amounts, holds a principal amount of less than 100,000 may not receive a definitive certificate in respect of such holding (should definitive certificates be printed) and would need to purchase a principal amount of notes such that its holding amounts to at least 100,000.

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EXCHANGE RATES

The table below sets forth, for the periods indicated, information concerning the noon buying rate in New York City for cable transfers as announced by the United States Federal Reserve Board for euros (expressed in dollars per 1.00). The rates in this table are provided for your reference only. Unless otherwise specified, the euro/U.S. dollar rate of exchange used in this prospectus supplement is 1.00=\$1.0994, as of May 29, 2015.

	High	Low	Period Average ⁽¹⁾	Period end
Period	Ö		G	
2010	1.4536	1.1959	1.3261	1.3269
2011	1.4875	1.2926	1.3931	1.2973
2012	1.3463	1.2062	1.2859	1.3186
2013	1.3816	1.2774	1.3279	1.3816
2014	1.3927	1.2101	1.3210	1.2101
January 2015	1.2015	1.1279	1.1615	1.1290
February 2015	1.1481	1.1196	1.1354	1.1196
March 2015	1.1184	1.0496	1.0829	1.0731
April 2015	1.1224	1.0567	1.0818	1.1224
May 2015	1.1428	1.0876	1.1164	1.0994

(1) The average of the noon buying rates on each day of the relevant year or period.

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RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

Our consolidated ratio of earnings to fixed charges for the periods indicated is set forth in the table below. You should read this table in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes to financial statements incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. See Incorporation of Certain Information by Reference.

						For the three
						months
						ended April
		For the ye	ears ended Decen	nber 31,		4,
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges ⁽¹⁾	2.1x	2.4x	3.7x	4.1x	5.5x	$1.9x^{(2)}$

⁽¹⁾ For the purposes of determining the ratio of earnings to fixed charges, earnings consists of the aggregate of earnings from continuing operations before income taxes plus fixed charges and amortization of capitalized interest, less total capitalized interest. Fixed charges are defined as interest expensed and capitalized plus an estimate of interest included within rental expense.

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⁽²⁾ Earnings (as defined above) for the three months ended April 4, 2015 reflect a \$125.0 million charge related to the settlement and further defense of the polyurethane foam litigation. Excluding this litigation-related charge, earnings for the three months ended April 4, 2015 would have been \$153.0 million and the ratio of earnings to fixed charges would have been 6.4x.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth the historical unaudited cash and cash equivalents and capitalization of Mohawk as of April 4, 2015:

on an actual basis; and

on an as adjusted basis to reflect the issuance and sale of the notes and the use of the estimated net proceeds thereof, along with borrowings under our Senior Credit Facility and available cash, together with the issuance of 805,811 shares of Mohawk common stock, to complete our acquisition of the IVC Group as described under Summary International Flooring Systems Acquisition.

	Apri	April 4, 2015	
	Actual (in n	As Adjusted nillions)	
Cash and cash equivalents ⁽¹⁾	\$ 107.0	\$	
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	\$ 1,806.2	\$	
Long-term debt, including current portion:			
Senior credit facility ⁽²⁾	\$ 6.6	\$	
Commercial paper	657.1		
Securitization facility	492.9		
6.125% senior notes due 2016	645.6		
3.85% senior notes due 2023	600.0		
Notes offered hereby ⁽¹⁾			
Other long-term debt ⁽³⁾	10.1		
Total debt	2,412.3		
Total stockholders equity	4,223.8		
Total capitalization	\$ 6,636.1	\$	

- (1) The amount in the As Adjusted column reflects the dollar equivalent of the aggregate net proceeds received in cash and the aggregate principal amount of the notes being offered (giving effect to the discount to the public of % with respect to the notes) using the exchange rate of 1.00=\$1.0994 on May 29, 2015.
- (2) As of April 4, 2015, \$1.4 million of standby letters of credit were issued and \$1,135 million of additional borrowings were available under our Senior Credit Facility.
- (3) Other long-term debt includes capital leases and other liabilities.

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USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds to us from the sale of the notes will be approximately million, or \$ million (after deducting the underwriters discount and estimated offering expenses payable to us). We intend to use the net proceeds of this offering, along with borrowings under our Senior Credit Facility and available cash, to retire substantially all of the IVC Group s outstanding debt and, together with shares of Mohawk common stock, to pay the purchase price and transaction expenses incurred in connection with our acquisition of the IVC Group. See Summary International Flooring Systems Acquisition in this prospectus supplement. We currently expect that the aggregate cash required, including the net proceeds from this offering, to retire substantially all of the IVC Group s outstanding debt and to pay the cash portion of the purchase price and transaction expenses will be approximately 908 million, or approximately \$998 million, with the remainder of the purchase price to be paid with 805,811 shares of Mohawk common stock.

This offering is not conditioned upon the completion of the Acquisition, and there can be no assurance that we will consummate the Acquisition. See Risk Factors Risks Related to the Acquisition. In the event that the Acquisition is not consummated on or before December 31, 2015 or the Share Purchase Agreement is terminated any time on or before such date, we will use the net proceeds of this offering, borrowings under our Senior Credit Facility and the available cash described above to fund the special mandatory redemption of all of the notes at a redemption price equal to 101% of the principal amount of the notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the special mandatory redemption date. See Description of the Notes Special Mandatory Redemption in this prospectus supplement.

Pending use of the net offering proceeds as described above, we intend to invest the net proceeds in short-term interest-bearing accounts, securities or similar investments.

While we currently anticipate that we will use the net proceeds of the offering as described above, we may reallocate the net proceeds depending upon market and other conditions in effect at the time to repay outstanding indebtedness or for general corporate purposes.

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DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

The following description of the general terms of the notes should be read in conjunction with the statements under Description of Debt Securities in the accompanying prospectus. If this summary differs in any way from the Description of Debt Securities in the accompanying prospectus, you should rely on this summary.

General

Mohawk Industries, Inc. will issue aggregate principal amount of % notes due , 20 under an indenture dated as of January 31, 2013, as supplemented by a supplemental indenture dated as of , 2015, by and among Mohawk Industries, Inc., U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, and the paying agent named below, as paying agent. We refer to this indenture and supplemental indenture together as the indenture.

The indenture will be subject to and governed by the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. The following description of the provisions of the indenture and the notes is only a summary. You should read the entire indenture carefully before investing in the notes. You can obtain a copy of the indenture by following the directions under the caption Incorporation of Certain Information By Reference in this prospectus supplement.

Unless otherwise indicated, capitalized terms used in the following summary that are defined in the indenture have the meanings used in the indenture. As used in this Description of the Notes, references to Mohawk refer to Mohawk Industries, Inc. and do not, unless the context otherwise indicates, include Mohawk s subsidiaries.

We have initially appointed Elavon Financial Services Limited, UK Branch, or Elavon UK, to act as principal paying agent in connection with the notes, and we have appointed Elavon Financial Services Limited, or Elavon, to act as transfer agent and registrar. Elavon UK and Elavon are affiliates of the trustee. The terms principal paying agent and paying agent shall include Elavon and any successors appointed from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the indenture. To the extent the paying agent is obliged to withhold or deduct tax on payments of interest or other similar income pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC on the taxation of savings income, or any other Directive amending, supplementing or replacing such Directive, or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such Directive or Directives, we will, to the extent permitted by law, maintain an additional paying agent outside the European Union or in a Member State of the European Union that is not obliged to make such withholding or deduction.

The notes:

will be an aggregate initial amount of subject to our ability to issue additional notes which may be of the same series as the notes as described below under Further Issues;
will mature on , 20 ;
will bear interest at a rate of % per annum;
will be our senior unsecured debt, ranking equally with all our other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness;
will be issued in minimum denominations of 100,000 and in integral multiples of 1,000 in excess thereof;
will be repaid at par at maturity:

will be redeemable by us at our option at any time prior to maturity at the price and on the other terms described below under Optional Redemption;

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will be redeemable by us in whole but not in part on the special mandatory redemption date (as defined below) at a price equal to 101% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption and on the other terms described below under

Special Mandatory Redemption;

may be repurchased by us at the option of the holder upon a change of control triggering event (as described below) at a price equal to 101% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of repurchase and on the other terms described below under

Offer to Repurchase Upon Change of Control Triggering Event;

will be redeemable by us in whole but not in part at our option in the event of certain developments affecting United States taxation (as described below) at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption and on the other terms described below under Redemption for Tax Reasons; and

will not be subject to any sinking fund.

The indenture and the notes do not limit the amount of unsecured indebtedness that may be incurred or the amount of securities that may be issued by us. We may issue debt securities under the indenture in one or more series, each with different terms, up to the aggregate principal amount which we may authorize from time to time.

Listing

We intend to apply to list the notes on the NYSE to begin trading within 30 days after the original issue date of the notes. The listing application is subject to approval by the NYSE. If such a listing is obtained, we have no obligation to maintain such listing, and we may delist the notes at any time.

Payments in Euros

Initial holders of notes will be required to pay for the notes in euros, and all payments of interest and principal, including payments made upon any redemption of the notes, will be payable in euros. If, on or after the date of this prospectus supplement, the euro is unavailable to us due to the imposition of exchange controls or other circumstances beyond our control or if the euro is no longer being used by the then-member states of the European Monetary Union that have adopted the euro as their currency or for the settlement of transactions by public institutions of or within the international banking community, then all payments in respect of the notes will be made in dollars until the euro is again available to us or so used. In such circumstances, the amount payable on any date in euros will be converted into dollars on the basis of the most recently available market exchange rate for euros. Any payment in respect of the notes so made in dollars will not constitute an event of default under the notes or the indenture governing the notes. Neither the trustee nor the paying agent shall have any responsibility for any calculation or conversion in connection with the foregoing.

Investors will be subject to foreign exchange risks as to payments of principal and interest that may have important economic and tax consequences to them. See Risk Factors Risks Related to the Notes.

Principal, Maturity and Interest

The notes will mature on of each year, beginning on , 20 will bear interest at the rate of % per annum. We will pay interest on the notes annually in arrears on , 2016, to persons in whose names the notes are registered at the close of business on the preceding . Interest payable at maturity on the notes will be paid to the persons to whom principal shall be payable.

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Interest on the notes will accrue from and including the most recent date to which interest has been paid or, if no interest has been paid, from and including the date of issuance of the notes. We will compute the amount of interest payable on the notes on the basis of (i) the actual number of days in the period for which interest is being calculated and (ii) the actual number of days from (and including) the last date on which interest was paid on the notes (or , 2015, if no interest has been paid on the notes) to (but excluding) the next scheduled interest payment date. This payment convention is referred to as ACTUAL/ACTUAL (ICMA) as defined in the rulebook of the International Capital Market Association.

Principal of and any premium or interest on the notes will be payable at the office of the paying agent at Fifth Floor, 125 Old Broad Street, London EC2N 1AR, United Kingdom, and any other location we designate. The notes may be registered for transfer or exchanged without payment of any charge (other than any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection therewith) at the office of the registrar at Block E, Cherrywood Business Park, Loughlinstown, Dublin, Ireland. Initially, the paying agent s office in London and the registrar s office in Dublin will serve as our office and agency for these respective purposes. We may elect that payment of interest on notes be made by wire transfer or by check mailed to the address of the appropriate person as it appears on the security register. So long as the registered owner of the notes is a common depositary of Euroclear and Clearstream or their nominee, payment of principal and interest shall be made in accordance with the requirements of Euroclear and Clearstream.

A business day means any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, (1) which is not a day on which banking institutions in the City of New York or London are authorized or required by law or executive order to close and (2) on which the Trans-European Automated Real-time Gross Settlement Express Transfer system, or the TARGET2 system, or any successor thereto, operates. If any interest payment date, maturity date or redemption date is not a business day, then the related payment for such interest payment date, maturity date or redemption date shall be paid on the next succeeding business day with the same force and effect as if made on such interest payment date, maturity date or redemption date, as the case may be, and no further interest shall accrue as a result of such delay.

Ranking

The notes will be Mohawk s senior unsecured obligations. Payment of the principal and interest on the notes will rank equally in right of payment with all of Mohawk s existing and future unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and, to the extent Mohawk incurs subordinated indebtedness in the future, rank senior in right of payment to its subordinated indebtedness. To the extent Mohawk incurs secured indebtedness in the future, the notes will be effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness of Mohawk, to the extent of the value of any assets securing such indebtedness.

Nearly all of Mohawk s operations are conducted through its subsidiaries. Accordingly, Mohawk s cash flow and its ability to service debt, including the notes, are entirely dependent upon the earnings of Mohawk s subsidiaries and the distribution of those earnings to, or upon other payments of funds by those subsidiaries to, Mohawk. The subsidiaries are separate and distinct legal entities and have no obligation, contingent or otherwise, to pay any amounts due on the notes or to make funds available for such payments, whether by dividends, distributions, loans or other payments. In addition, the payment of dividends and the making of loans and advances to Mohawk by its subsidiaries may be subject to statutory or contractual restrictions, are contingent upon the earnings of those subsidiaries, and are subject to various business considerations.

Any right of Mohawk to receive assets of any of its subsidiaries upon their liquidation or reorganization, and the resulting right of the holders of the notes to participate in those assets, will be structurally subordinated to the claims of that subsidiary s creditors (including trade creditors), except to the extent that Mohawk is itself recognized as a creditor of such subsidiary, in which case Mohawk s claims would be effectively subordinated to claims of that subsidiary s creditors having security interests in the assets of such subsidiary and subordinated to any indebtedness of such subsidiary senior to that held by Mohawk.

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Optional Redemption

Prior to , 20 (90 days prior to the scheduled maturity of the notes), Mohawk may, at its option, redeem the notes, either in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time at a redemption price equal to the greater of the following amounts, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest on the principal amount being redeemed to, but excluding, the applicable redemption date:

100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed; and

the sum of the present values of the Remaining Scheduled Payments (as defined below) of principal and interest on the notes to be redeemed (not including any portion of such payments of interest accrued as of the date of redemption) discounted to the date of redemption on an annual basis (ACTUAL/ACTUAL (ICMA)) at the applicable Comparable Government Bond Rate (as defined below) plus basis points, plus accrued and unpaid interest on the principal amount being redeemed to, but excluding, the redemption date.

On or after , 20 (90 days prior to the scheduled maturity of the notes), Mohawk may, at its option, redeem the notes, either in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time at a redemption price equal to 100% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest on the principal amount being redeemed to, but excluding, the applicable redemption date.

Comparable Government Bond Rate means, with respect to any redemption date, the price, expressed as a percentage (rounded to three decimal places, with 0.0005 being rounded upwards), at which the gross redemption yield on the notes to be redeemed, if they were to be purchased at such price on the third business day prior to the date fixed for redemption, would be equal to the gross redemption yield on such business day of the Comparable Government Bond (as defined below) on the basis of the middle market price of the Comparable Government Bond prevailing at 11:00 a.m. (London time) on such business day as determined by an independent investment bank selected by us.

Comparable Government Bond means, in relation to any Comparable Government Bond Rate calculation, at the discretion of an independent investment bank selected by us, a German government bond whose maturity is closest to the maturity of the notes to be redeemed, or if such independent investment bank in its discretion determines that such similar bond is not in issue, such other German government bond as such independent investment bank may, with the advice of three brokers of, and/or market makers in, German government bonds selected by us, determine to be appropriate for determining the Comparable Government Bond Rate.

Remaining Scheduled Payments means, with respect to each note to be redeemed, the remaining scheduled payments of the principal thereof and interest thereon that would be due after the related redemption date but for such redemption; provided, however, that, if such redemption date is not an interest payment date with respect to such note, the amount of the next succeeding scheduled interest payment thereon will be deemed to be reduced by the amount of interest accrued thereon to such redemption date.

We will, or will cause the trustee on our behalf to, mail notice of a redemption to holders of the applicable notes to be redeemed by first-class mail (or otherwise transmit in accordance with applicable procedures of Euroclear/Clearstream) at least 30 and not more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption. Unless we default in payment of the redemption price, on and after the redemption date, interest will cease to accrue on the notes or portions thereof called for redemption. On or before the redemption date, we will deposit with the paying agent or set aside, segregate and hold in trust (if we are acting as paying agent), funds sufficient to pay the redemption price of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, such notes to be redeemed on that redemption date. If fewer than all of the notes are to be redeemed, the trustee will select, not more than 60 days prior to the redemption date, the particular notes or portions thereof for redemption from the outstanding notes not previously called by such method as the trustee deems fair and appropriate in its sole judgment and in

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accordance with the applicable procedures of the depositary; provided, however, that no notes of a principal amount of 100,000 or less shall be redeemed in part.

Special Mandatory Redemption

We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering to pay a portion of the purchase price for the IVC Group as described under the heading Use of Proceeds. The closing of this offering is expected to occur before the completion of the Acquisition.

In the event that we do not complete the Acquisition on or prior to December 31, 2015 or if, prior to that date, the Share Purchase Agreement with respect to the Acquisition is terminated, we will be required to redeem all of the notes on the special mandatory redemption date (as defined below) at a redemption price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon to, but excluding, the special mandatory redemption date. The special mandatory redemption date means the 30th calendar day (or if such day is not a business day, the first business day thereafter) following the earlier of (1) December 31, 2015 and (2) the date the Share Purchase Agreement is terminated.

We will cause the notice of special mandatory redemption to be transmitted to each holder of the notes no later than five business days after the occurrence of the event triggering redemption. On or prior to the special mandatory redemption date, we will deposit with the trustee under the indenture an amount of money sufficient to pay the special mandatory redemption price, plus accrued and unpaid interest on all of the notes, and from and after that date the notes will cease to bear interest and all rights under the notes (other than the right to receive the special mandatory redemption price plus accrued and unpaid interest) shall terminate.

Offer to Repurchase upon Change of Control Triggering Event

Upon the occurrence of a Change of Control Triggering Event (as defined below), unless we have exercised our right to redeem the notes as described above under Optional Redemption, the indenture provides that each holder of notes will have the right to require us to repurchase all or a portion (equal to 100,000 or an integral multiple of 1,000 in excess thereof) of such holder s notes pursuant to the offer described below, which we refer to as the Change of Control Offer, at a purchase price, which we refer to as the Change of Control Payment, equal to 101% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of repurchase, subject to the rights of holders of the notes on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date.

Within 30 days following the date upon which a Change of Control Triggering Event occurs, or at our option, prior to any Change of Control but after the public announcement of the pending Change of Control, we will be required to send, by first-class mail, a notice to each holder of notes at its registered address, with a copy to the trustee, which notice will govern the terms of the Change of Control Offer. Such notice will state, among other things, the repurchase date, which must be no earlier than 30 days nor later than 60 days from the date such notice is mailed, other than as may be required by law. We refer to this date as the Change of Control Payment Date. The notice, if mailed prior to the date of consummation of the Change of Control, will state that the Change of Control Offer is conditioned on the Change of Control Triggering Event occurring on or prior to the Change of Control Payment Date. Holders of notes electing to have notes repurchased pursuant to a Change of Control Offer will be required to surrender their notes, with the form entitled Option of Holder to Elect Repurchase on the reverse of the note completed, to the paying agent at the address specified in the notice, or transfer their notes to the paying agent by book-entry transfer pursuant to the applicable procedures of the paying agent, prior to the close of business on the third business day prior to the Change of Control Payment Date.

Our ability to pay cash to the holders of notes following the occurrence of a Change of Control Triggering Event with respect to the notes may be limited by our then existing financial resources. Therefore, sufficient funds may not be available when necessary to make any required repurchases. See Risk Factors We

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may be unable to raise the funds necessary to redeem or repurchase your notes upon a special mandatory redemption event or a change of control triggering event.

The definition of Change of Control under the indenture includes a phrase relating to the direct or indirect sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of all or substantially all of our and our subsidiaries assets taken as a whole. Although there is a limited body of case law interpreting the phrase substantially all, there is no precise established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, the ability of a holder of notes to require us to repurchase such holder s notes as a result of a sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of less than all of our and our subsidiaries assets taken as a whole to another person or group may be uncertain.

We will not be required to make a Change of Control Offer with respect to the notes if a third party makes such an offer in the manner, at the times and otherwise in compliance with the requirements for such an offer if it had been made by us, and such third party purchases all notes properly tendered and not withdrawn under its offer. In addition, we will not repurchase any notes if there has occurred and is continuing on the Change of Control Payment Date an event of default under the indenture, other than an event of default resulting from failure to pay the Change of Control Payment.

We will comply with the requirements of Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act and any other securities laws and regulations thereunder to the extent those laws and regulations are applicable in connection with the repurchase of notes as a result of a Change of Control Triggering Event. To the extent that the provisions of any such securities laws or regulations conflict with the Change of Control Offer provisions of the notes, we will comply with those securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached our obligations under the Change of Control Offer provisions of the notes by virtue of any such conflict.

For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

Change of Control means the occurrence of any one of the following: (1) the direct or indirect sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition (other than by way of merger or consolidation), in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of our assets and the assets of our subsidiaries taken as a whole to any person other than to our company or one of our subsidiaries; (2) the consummation of any transaction (including without limitation, any merger or consolidation) the result of which is that any person (other than our company or one of our subsidiaries) becomes the beneficial owner (as such terms are defined in Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of our outstanding Voting Stock or the Voting Stock of any parent company (as defined below) or other Voting Stock into which our Voting Stock or the Voting Stock of any parent company is reclassified, consolidated, exchanged or changed, measured by voting power rather than number of shares; (3) we or any parent company consolidates with, or merges with or into, any person, or any person consolidates with, or merges with or into, us or any parent company, in any such event pursuant to a transaction in which any of our outstanding Voting Stock, the Voting Stock of such parent company or the Voting Stock of such other person is converted into or exchanged for cash, securities or other property, other than any such transaction where the shares of our Voting Stock or the Voting Stock of such parent company outstanding immediately prior to such transaction constitute, or are converted into or exchanged for, a majority of the Voting Stock of the surviving person or any direct or indirect parent company of the surviving person immediately after giving effect to such transaction; (4) the first day on which the majority of the members of our board of directors or the board of directors of any parent company cease to be Continuing Directors; or (5) the adoption of a plan relating to our liquidation or dissolution. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a transaction will not be deemed to involve a Change of Control under clause (2) above if (i) we become a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of a holding company (a parent company) and (ii) the holders of our Voting Stock or the Voting Stock of any parent company immediately prior to that transaction hold at least a majority of the Voting Stock of such parent company immediately following that transaction; provided that any series of related transactions shall be treated as a single transaction. The term person, as used in this definition, has the meaning given thereto in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act.

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Change of Control Triggering Event means the occurrence of both a Change of Control and a related Rating Event.

Continuing Director means, as of any date of determination:

- (1) with respect to any member of the board of directors of Mohawk, any member who
 - (i) was a member of such board of directors on the date of the initial issuance of the notes; or
 - (ii) was nominated for election, elected or appointed to such board of directors with the approval of a majority of the Continuing Directors who were members of such board of directors at the time of such nomination, election or appointment; and
- (2) with respect to any member of the board of directors of any parent company, any member who
 - (i) was a member of our board of directors on the date such parent company became our parent company; or
 - (ii) was nominated for election, elected or appointed to such board of directors with the approval of a majority of the Continuing Directors who were members of such board of directors at the time of such nomination, election or appointment.

Fitch means Fitch Inc., and its successors.

Investment Grade means a rating of Baa3 or better by Moody s (or its equivalent under any successor rating category), a rating of BBB- or better by Standard & Poor s (or its equivalent under any successor rating category) and a rating of BBB- or better by Fitch (or its equivalent under any successor rating category).

Moody s means Moody s Investors Service, Inc., and its successors.

Rating Agency means:

- (1) each of Moody s, S&P and Fitch, and
- (2) if any of Moody s, S&P or Fitch ceases to rate a series of notes or fails to make a rating of such series of notes publicly available for reasons outside of our control, a Substitute Rating Agency in lieu thereof.

Rating Event with respect to a series of notes means (i) the rating of that series of notes is lowered by at least two of the three Rating Agencies during the period, which we refer to as the Trigger Period, commencing on the earlier of the first public notice of (a) the occurrence of a Change of Control or (b) our intention to effect a Change of Control and ending 60 days following consummation of such Change of Control (which period shall be extended so long as the rating of that series of notes is under publicly announced consideration for a possible downgrade by any of the Rating Agencies) and (ii) the notes are rated below an Investment Grade rating by at least two of the three Rating Agencies on any day during the Trigger Period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Rating Event will not be deemed to have occurred in respect of a particular Change of Control (and thus will not be deemed a Rating Event for purposes of the definition of Change of Control Triggering Event) if the Rating Agencies making the reduction in rating to which this definition would otherwise apply do not publicly announce or confirm or inform the trustee in writing at our request that the reduction was the result, in whole or in part, of any event or circumstance comprised of or arising as a result of, or in respect of, such Change of Control (whether or not the applicable Change of Control has occurred at the time of the Rating Event). Unless at least two of the three Rating Agencies are providing a rating for a series of notes at the commencement of any Trigger Period, there will be deemed to have been a Rating Event with respect to that series of notes during that Trigger Period.

S&P means Standard & Poor s Financial Services LLC, and its successors.

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Substitute Rating Agency means a nationally recognized statistical rating organization within the meaning of Section 3(a)(62) under the Exchange Act, selected by us (as certified by a resolution of our board of directors and reasonably acceptable to the trustee) as a replacement agency for any or all of Moody s, S&P or Fitch, as the case may be.

Voting Stock solely as used in the definition of the term Change of Control , means, with respect to any person as of any date, the capital stock of such person that is at the time entitled to vote generally in the election of the board of directors (or other analogous managing body) of such person.

Redemption for Tax Reasons

We may redeem the notes as a whole but not in part, at our option at any time prior to maturity, upon the giving of a notice of tax redemption to the holders, if we determine that, as a result of:

any change in or amendment to the laws, or any regulations or rulings promulgated under the laws of the Relevant Jurisdiction, as defined below, affecting taxation, or

any change in official position regarding the application or interpretation of the laws, regulations or rulings referred to above, which change or amendment becomes effective or, in the case of a change in official position, is announced on or after the original issue date of the notes, we are or will become obligated to pay Additional Amounts with respect to the notes, as described below under Payment of Additional Amounts; provided that we, in our reasonable business judgment, reasonably determine that such obligation cannot be avoided by us taking reasonable measures available to us.

The redemption price will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date fixed for redemption. The date and the applicable redemption price will be specified in the notice of tax redemption, which will be given by first-class mail, to each holder of notes to be redeemed at its registered address, with a copy to the trustee, not earlier than 90 days prior to, and not later than 90 days after, the earliest date on which we would be obligated to pay such Additional Amounts if a payment in respect of the notes were actually due on such date and, at the time such notification of redemption is given, such obligation to pay such Additional Amounts remains in effect. Prior to giving the notice of a tax redemption, we will deliver to the trustee, with a copy to the paying agent, a certificate signed by a duly authorized officer, which the trustee and paying agent shall rely upon conclusively, stating that:

we are entitled to effect the redemption and setting forth a statement of facts showing that the conditions precedent to our right to so redeem have occurred; and

we have received an opinion of independent legal counsel of recognized standing to the same effect based on the statement of facts. The term Relevant Jurisdiction as used herein means the United States or any jurisdiction in which we are organized or otherwise resident for tax purposes or through which payments are made or deemed made in respect of the notes to be redeemed or, in the event that we appoint additional paying agents, the jurisdiction of any such additional paying agents or, in each case, any political subdivision thereof or any authority or agency therein or thereof having power to tax.

Payment of Additional Amounts

We will, subject to the exceptions and limitations set forth below, pay to a beneficial owner of any note, as additional interest, such additional amounts, which we refer to as Additional Amounts, as may be necessary so that every net payment by us or a paying agent of the principal of and interest on the note and any other amounts

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payable on the note after withholding or deduction for or on account of any present or future tax, assessment or governmental charge imposed or levied by the Relevant Jurisdiction will not be less than the amount provided for in the note to be then due and payable under the notes.

However, the obligation to pay Additional Amounts shall not apply

1. to any present or future tax, assessment or other governmental charge that would not have been so imposed but for

the existence of any present or former connection between the holder or the beneficial owner for whose benefit such holder holds such notes (or between a fiduciary, settlor, beneficiary, member or shareholder of the holder, if the holder is an estate, a trust, a partnership, a limited liability company or a corporation) and the Relevant Jurisdiction and its possessions, including, without limitation, the beneficial owner (or such fiduciary, settlor, beneficiary, member or shareholder) being or having been a citizen or resident of the Relevant Jurisdiction or being or having been engaged in a trade or business or present in the Relevant Jurisdiction or having, or having had, a permanent establishment in the Relevant Jurisdiction, or

the presentation by the beneficial owner of any note, where presentation is required, for payment on a date more than 30 days after the date on which payment became due and payable or the date on which payment thereof is duly provided for, whichever occurs later:

- 2. to any estate, inheritance, gift, sales, transfer, capital gains, excise or personal property tax or any similar tax, assessment or governmental charge;
- 3. to any tax, assessment or other governmental charge that is payable otherwise than by withholding or deduction from payments on or in respect of any note;
- 4. to any tax, assessment or other governmental charge that would not have been imposed but for the failure to comply with certification, information or other reporting requirements concerning the nationality, residence or identity of the beneficial owner of any notes, if compliance is required by statute or by regulation of the Relevant Jurisdiction as a precondition to relief or exemption from the tax, assessment or other governmental charge;
- 5. to any tax, assessment or other governmental charge imposed by reason of the beneficial owner s past or present status as the actual or constructive owner of 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote or as our direct or indirect subsidiary;
- 6. to any withholding or deduction that is imposed on a payment to an individual and that is required to be made pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC on the taxation of savings income or any other Directive amending, supplementing or replacing such Directive, or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to such Directive or Directives.
- 7. to any tax, assessment or other governmental charge imposed under sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code as of the original issue date of the notes (or any amended or successor provisions), any current or future regulations or official interpretations thereof, any agreement entered into pursuant to section 1471(b) of the Code or any fiscal or regulatory legislation, rules or practices adopted pursuant to any intergovernmental agreement entered into in connection with the implementation of such sections of the Code:

8. to any tax, assessment or other governmental charge that would not have been imposed or withheld but for the beneficial owner being a bank purchasing the notes in the ordinary course of its lending business;

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- 9. to any tax, assessment or other governmental charge imposed on a personal holding company, a passive foreign investment company or a controlled foreign corporation, each as defined under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that has accumulated earnings to avoid United States federal income tax;
- 10. to any tax, assessment or other governmental charge that would not have been imposed but for a change in law, regulation or administrative or judicial interpretation that becomes effective more than 30 days after the payment becomes due or is duly provided for, whichever occurs later; or
- 11. in the case of any combination of items (1) through (10) above.

Additional Amounts also will not be paid with respect to any payment on a note to a beneficial owner who is a fiduciary, a partnership, a limited liability company, or anyone other than the sole beneficial owner of that payment to the extent that payment would be required by the laws of the Relevant Jurisdiction to be included in the income, for tax purposes, of a beneficiary or settlor with respect to the fiduciary, a member of that partnership, an interest holder of that limited liability company, or a beneficial owner who would not have been entitled to the Additional Amounts had that beneficiary, settlor, member or interest holder been the beneficial owner.

We undertake that, to the extent permitted by law, we will maintain a paying agent that will not be obliged to deduct or withhold tax pursuant to the EU Savings Directive.

Restrictive Covenants

Some of the defined terms used in the following subsections are defined below under Definitions for Restrictive Covenants.

Limitations on Liens

If, after the date of the indenture, Mohawk or any Consolidated Subsidiary shall incur any Debt secured by a Lien on any Principal Property or on any shares of capital stock of any Consolidated Subsidiary (in each case, whether now owned or hereafter acquired), Mohawk must secure the notes equally and ratably with (or prior to) such secured Debt, unless, after giving effect to the incurrence of such Debt and any simultaneous permanent repayment of any secured Debt, the aggregate amount of all Debt secured by a Lien on any Principal Property or on any shares of capital stock of any Consolidated Subsidiary, together with all Attributable Debt of Mohawk and its Consolidated Subsidiaries in respect of Sale and Leaseback Transactions involving Principal Properties, would not exceed 10% of the Consolidated Net Tangible Assets of Mohawk and the Consolidated Subsidiaries. The aggregate amount of all secured Debt referred to in the preceding sentence excludes any then existing secured Debt that has been secured equally and ratably with the notes. See Limitations on Sale and Leaseback Transactions below.

This restriction does not apply to, and there will be excluded from secured Debt in any computation under such restriction or under the covenant Limitations on Sale and Leaseback Transactions below, Debt secured by any of the following:

Liens on any property existing at the time of acquisition thereof (including by way of merger or consolidation); provided that any such Lien was in existence prior to the date of such acquisition, was not incurred in anticipation thereof and does not extend to any other property, and that the principal amount of Debt secured by each such Lien does not exceed the cost to Mohawk or such Consolidated Subsidiary of the property subject to the Lien, as determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

Liens in favor of Mohawk or a Consolidated Subsidiary;

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Liens in favor of governmental bodies to secure progress or advance payments pursuant to any contract or provision of any statute;

Liens created or incurred in connection with an industrial revenue bond, industrial development bond, pollution control bond or similar financing arrangement between Mohawk or a Consolidated Subsidiary and any federal, state or municipal government or other governmental body or quasi- governmental agency;

Liens on property to secure all or part of the cost of acquiring, substantially repairing or altering, constructing, developing or substantially improving the property, or to secure Debt incurred for any such purpose; provided that any such Lien relates solely to the property subject to the Lien and that the principal amount of Debt secured by each such Lien was incurred concurrently with, or within 18 months of, such acquisition, repair, alteration, construction, development or improvement and does not exceed the cost to Mohawk or such Consolidated Subsidiary of the property subject to the Lien, as determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and

any extension, renewal or replacement of any Lien referred to above; provided that such extension, renewal or replacement Lien will be limited to the same property that secured the Lien so extended, renewed or replaced and will not exceed the principal amount of Debt so secured at the time of such extension, renewal or replacement and that such principal amount of Debt so secured shall continue to be included in the computation in the first paragraph of this covenant and under the covenant Limitations on Sale and Leaseback Transactions below to the extent so included at the time of such extension, renewal or replacement.

Limitations on Sale and Leaseback Transactions

Neither Mohawk nor any Consolidated Subsidiary may enter into any Sale and Leaseback Transaction involving any Principal Property unless either of the following conditions are met

after giving effect thereto, the aggregate amount of all Attributable Debt with respect to Sale and Leaseback Transactions plus the aggregate amount of Debt secured by Liens incurred without equally and ratably securing the notes pursuant to the covenant Limitations on Liens above would not exceed 10% of the Consolidated Net Tangible Assets of Mohawk and the Consolidated Subsidiaries; or

within 180 days of such Sale and Leaseback Transaction, Mohawk or such Consolidated Subsidiary applies to (a) the retirement or prepayment, and in either case, the permanent reduction, of Funded Debt of Mohawk or any Consolidated Subsidiary (including that in the case of a revolver or similar arrangement that makes credit available, such commitment is so permanently reduced by such amount) or (b) the purchase of other property that will constitute Principal Property, subject to certain limitations, an amount not less than the greater of

the Net Proceeds of the Sale and Leaseback Transaction; and

the fair market value of the Principal Property so leased at the time of such transaction.

This restriction will not apply to any Sale and Leaseback Transaction, and there will be excluded from Attributable Debt in any computation described in this covenant or above under the covenant

Limitations on Liens above with respect to any such transaction

solely between Mohawk and a Consolidated Subsidiary or solely between Consolidated Subsidiaries;

financed through an industrial revenue bond, industrial development bond, pollution control bond or similar financing arrangement between Mohawk or a Consolidated Subsidiary and any federal, state or municipal government or other governmental body or quasi-governmental agency; or

in which the applicable lease is for a period, including renewal rights, of three years or less.

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Definitions for Restrictive Covenants

Attributable Debt means, on the date of any determination, the present value of the obligation of the lessee for Net Rental Payments during the remaining term of the lease included in a Sale and Leaseback Transaction, including any period for which such lease has been extended or may, at the option of the lessor, be extended. Such present value shall be calculated using a discount rate equal to the interest rate set forth or implicit in the terms of such lease or, if not practicable to determine such rate, the weighted average interest rate per annum borne by the notes on such date of determination, in either case compounded semi-annually.

Net Rental Payments means the total amount of rent payable by the lessee after excluding amounts required to be paid on account of maintenance and repairs, insurance, taxes, assessments, water rates and similar charges.

Consolidated Net Tangible Assets means, on the date of any determination, the aggregate amount of assets, less applicable reserves and other properly deductible items, after deducting from that net amount

all current liabilities, and

goodwill, trademarks, trade names, patents, unamortized debt-discount and other like intangibles, in each case as set forth on the most recently available consolidated balance sheet of Mohawk and the Consolidated Subsidiaries, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Consolidated Subsidiary means a Subsidiary of Mohawk whose financial statements are consolidated with those of Mohawk in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Debt means, at any time, (1) all obligations of Mohawk and each Consolidated Subsidiary, to the extent such obligations would appear as a liability upon the consolidated balance sheet of Mohawk and the Consolidated Subsidiaries, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, (a) for borrowed money, (b) evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or other similar instruments, and (c) in respect of any letters of credit supporting any Debt of others, and (2) all guarantees by Mohawk or any Consolidated Subsidiary of Debt of others.

Funded Debt—means (1) all Debt for money borrowed having a maturity of more than 12 months from the date as of which the determination is made or having a maturity of 12 months or less but by its terms being renewable or extendible beyond 12 months from such date at the option of the borrower (excluding any amount thereof included in current liabilities) and (2) all rental obligations payable more than 12 months from such date under leases that would be required to be capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as in effect on the date of the indenture (such rental obligations to be included as Funded Debt at the amount so capitalized).

incur means to, directly or indirectly, issue, assume, guaranty, incur, become directly or indirectly liable with respect to (including as a result of an acquisition (by way of merger, consolidation or otherwise)), or otherwise become responsible for, contingently or otherwise.

Lien means any mortgage, pledge, hypothecation, encumbrance, security interest, statutory or other lien, or preference, priority or other security or similar agreement or preferential arrangement of any kind or nature whatsoever, including any conditional sale or other title retention agreement having substantially the same economic effect as any of these.

Net Proceeds means, with respect to a Sale and Leaseback Transaction, the aggregate amount of cash or cash equivalents received by Mohawk or a Consolidated Subsidiary, less the sum of all payments, fees, commissions and expenses incurred in connection with such transaction, and less the amount (estimated reasonably and in good faith by Mohawk) of income, franchise, sales and other applicable taxes required to be

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paid by Mohawk or any Consolidated Subsidiary in connection with such transaction in the taxable year that such transaction is consummated or in the immediately succeeding taxable year, the computation of which shall take into account the reduction in tax liability resulting from any available operating losses and net operating loss carryovers, tax credits and tax credit carryforwards, and similar tax attributes.

Principal Property means any mill, manufacturing plant, warehouse or other similar facility or any parcel of real estate or group of contiguous parcels of real estate owned or leased by Mohawk or any Consolidated Subsidiary and the gross book value, without deduction of any depreciation reserves, of which on the date as of which the determination is being made exceeds 1% of Consolidated Net Tangible Assets.

Sale and Leaseback Transaction means any arrangement whereby Mohawk or any of its Subsidiaries has sold or transferred, or will sell or transfer, property and has or will take back a lease pursuant to which the rental payments are calculated to amortize the purchase price of the property substantially over the useful life of such property.

Subsidiary means any person of which Mohawk, or Mohawk and one or more Subsidiaries, or any one or more Subsidiaries, directly or indirectly own more than 50% of the Voting Stock.

Events of Default

The events of default for the notes are as specified in the accompanying prospectus under the heading Description of Debt Securities Events of Default

If the euro is unavailable to us due to the imposition of exchange controls or other circumstances beyond our control or if the euro is no longer being used by the then member states of the European Monetary Union that have adopted the euro as their currency or for the settlement of transactions by public institutions of or within the international banking community, then all payments in respect of the notes will be made in dollars until the euro is again available to us or so used. The amount payable on any date in euros will be converted into dollars on the basis of the most recently available market exchange rate for euros. Any payment in respect of the notes so made in dollars will not constitute an event of default. Neither the trustee nor the paying agent shall have any responsibility for effecting such currency conversions.

Legal Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance

The notes will be subject to Legal Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance on the terms and conditions provided in the accompanying prospectus under the heading Description of Debt Securities Legal Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance.

With respect to the notes, the other obligations referred to in the third paragraph under Description of Debt Securities Legal Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance in the accompanying prospectus shall include (1) securities that are direct obligations of the Federal Republic of Germany for the payment of which its full faith and credit is pledged or (2) obligations of a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Republic of Germany, the payment of which is unconditionally guaranteed as a full faith and credit obligation by the Federal Republic of Germany, which, in either case under clauses (1) or (2) are not callable or redeemable at the option of the issuer thereof.

Further Issues

We may from time to time, without notice to or the consent of the holders of any series of notes, create and issue additional notes of that series ranking equally with such series of notes in all respects (or in all respects other than the public offering price of such additional notes, the payment of interest accruing prior to the issue date of such additional notes or except for, in some cases, the first payment of interest following the issue date of

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such additional notes). Such additional notes may be consolidated and form a single series with the previously issued notes and have the same terms as to status, redemption of otherwise as the notes.

Any additional notes that are not fungible for U.S. federal income tax purposes with the notes offered hereby will be issued under a separate CUSIP, ISIN and/or any other identifying number.

Notices

Notices to holders of the notes will be sent by mail to the registered holders, or otherwise in accordance with the procedures of the applicable depositary.

Governing Law

New York law governs the indenture and will govern the notes, without regard to its conflicts of law principles.

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BOOK-ENTRY SYSTEM

We have obtained the information in this section concerning Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme*, or Clearstream, and Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., or its successor, as operator of the Euroclear System, or Euroclear, and their book-entry systems and procedures from sources that we believe to be reliable. We take no responsibility for an accurate portrayal of this information. In addition, the description of the clearing systems in this section reflects our understanding of the rules and procedures of Clearstream and Euroclear as they are currently in effect. Those clearing systems could change their rules and procedures at any time.

Global Notes

The notes will initially be represented by one or more fully registered global notes. Each such global note will be deposited with, or on behalf of, a common depositary, and registered in the name of the nominee of the common depositary for the accounts of Clearstream and Euroclear. Except as set forth below, the global notes may be transferred, in whole and not in part, only to Euroclear or Clearstream or their respective nominees. You may hold your interests in the global notes in Europe through Clearstream or Euroclear, either as a participant in such systems or indirectly through organizations that are participants in such systems. Clearstream and Euroclear will hold interests in the global notes on behalf of their respective participating organizations or customers through customers securities accounts in Clearstream s or Euroclear s names on the books of their respective depositaries. Book-entry interests in the notes and all transfers relating to the notes will be reflected in the book-entry records of Clearstream and Euroclear. The address of Clearstream is 42 Avenue JF Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg, Luxembourg and the address of Euroclear is 1 Boulevard du Roi Albert II, B-1210 Brussels, Belgium.

The distribution of the notes will be cleared through Clearstream and Euroclear. Any secondary market trading of book-entry interests in the notes will take place through Clearstream and Euroclear participants and will settle in same-day funds. Owners of book-entry interests in the notes will receive payments relating to their notes in euros, except as described in this prospectus supplement under Description of Notes Payments in Euros.

Clearstream and Euroclear have established electronic securities and payment transfer, processing, depositary and custodial links among themselves and others, either directly or through custodians and depositaries. These links allow the notes to be issued, held and transferred among the clearing systems without the physical transfer of certificates. Special procedures to facilitate clearance and settlement have been established among these clearing systems to trade securities across borders in the secondary market.

The policies of Clearstream and Euroclear will govern payments, transfers, exchanges and other matters relating to the investor s interest in the notes held by them. We have no responsibility for any aspect of the records kept by Clearstream or Euroclear or any of their direct or indirect participants. We also do not supervise these systems in any way.

Clearstream and Euroclear and their participants perform these clearance and settlement functions under agreements they have made with one another or with their customers. You should be aware that they are not obligated to perform or continue to perform these procedures and may modify them or discontinue them at any time.

Except as provided below, owners of beneficial interests in the notes will not be entitled to have the notes registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of the notes in definitive form and will not be considered the owners or holders of the notes under the indenture, including for purposes of receiving any reports delivered by us or the trustee pursuant to the indenture. Accordingly, each person owning a beneficial interest in a note must rely on the procedures of the depositary and, if such person is

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not a participant, on the procedures of the participant through which such person owns its interest, in order to exercise any rights of a holder of notes.

We have been advised by Clearstream and Euroclear, respectively, as follows:

Clearstream

Clearstream advises that it is incorporated under the laws of Luxembourg as a professional depositary. Clearstream holds securities for its participating organizations, or Clearstream Participants, and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between Clearstream Participants through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of Clearstream Participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of certificates. Clearstream provides to Clearstream Participants, among other things, services for safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement of internationally traded securities and securities lending and borrowing. Clearstream interfaces with domestic markets in several countries. As a professional depositary, Clearstream is subject to regulation by the Luxembourg Commission for the Supervision of the Financial Sector (*Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier*). Clearstream Participants are recognized financial institutions around the world, including underwriters, securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations and may include the underwriters. Indirect access to Clearstream is also available to others, such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Clearstream Participant, either directly or indirectly.

Distributions with respect to interests in the notes held beneficially through Clearstream will be credited to cash accounts of Clearstream Participants in accordance with its rules and procedures.

Euroclear

Euroclear advises that it was created in 1968 to hold securities for participants of Euroclear, or Euroclear Participants, and to clear and settle transactions between Euroclear Participants through simultaneous electronic book-entry delivery against payment, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of certificates and any risk from lack of simultaneous transfers of securities and cash. Euroclear includes various other services, including securities lending and borrowing and interfaces with domestic markets in several countries. Euroclear is operated by Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., which we refer to as the Euroclear Operator. All operations are conducted by the Euroclear Operator, and all Euroclear securities clearance accounts and Euroclear cash accounts are accounts with the Euroclear Operator. Euroclear Participants include banks (including central banks), securities brokers and dealers and other professional financial intermediaries and may include the underwriters. Indirect access to Euroclear is also available to other firms that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Euroclear Participant, either directly or indirectly.

The Terms and Conditions Governing Use of Euroclear and the related Operating Procedures of the Euroclear System, or the Euroclear Terms and Conditions, and applicable Belgian law govern securities clearance accounts and cash accounts with the Euroclear Operator. Specifically, these terms and conditions govern:

transfers of securities and cash within Euroclear;

withdrawal of securities and cash from Euroclear; and

receipt of payments with respect to securities in Euroclear.

All securities in Euroclear are held on a fungible basis without attribution of specific certificates to specific securities clearance accounts. The Euroclear Operator acts under the terms and conditions only on behalf of Euroclear Participants and has no record of or relationship with persons holding securities through Euroclear Participants.

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Distributions with respect to interests in the notes held beneficially through Euroclear will be credited to the cash accounts of Euroclear Participants in accordance with the Euroclear Terms and Conditions.

Clearance and Settlement Procedures

We understand that investors that hold their notes through Clearstream or Euroclear accounts will follow the settlement procedures that are applicable to conventional eurobonds in registered form. Notes will be credited to the securities custody accounts of Clearstream and Euroclear participants on the business day following the settlement date, for value on the settlement date. They will be credited either free of payment or against payment for value on the settlement date.

We understand that secondary market trading between Clearstream and/or Euroclear participants will occur in the ordinary way following the applicable rules and operating procedures of Clearstream and Euroclear. Secondary market trading will be settled using procedures applicable to conventional eurobonds in registered form.

You should be aware that investors will only be able to make and receive deliveries, payments and other communications involving the notes through Clearstream and Euroclear on days when those systems are open for business. Those systems may not be open for business on days when banks, brokers and other institutions are open for business in the United States.

In addition, because of time-zone differences, there may be problems with completing transactions involving Clearstream and Euroclear on the same business day as in the United States. U.S. investors who wish to transfer their interests in the notes, or to make or receive a payment or delivery of the notes, on a particular day, may find that the transactions will not be performed until the next business day in Luxembourg or Brussels, depending on whether Clearstream or Euroclear is used.

Clearstream or Euroclear will credit payments to the cash accounts of Clearstream customers or Euroclear participants, as applicable, in accordance with the relevant system s rules and procedures, to the extent received by its depositary. Clearstream or the Euroclear Operator, as the case may be, will take any other action permitted to be taken by a holder under the indenture on behalf of a Clearstream customer or Euroclear participant only in accordance with its relevant rules and procedures.

Clearstream and Euroclear have agreed to the foregoing procedures in order to facilitate transfers of notes among participants of Clearstream and Euroclear. However, they are under no obligation to perform or continue to perform those procedures, and they may discontinue those procedures at any time.

Certificated Notes

If Euroclear or Clearstream at any time notifies us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as a clearing system with respect to a global note, or if Euroclear or Clearstream becomes ineligible to serve as such clearing system, and we do not appoint a successor clearing system (which could be either Euroclear or Clearstream alone) within 90 days, we will issue notes in definitive form in exchange for the global notes. In addition, we may at any time and in our sole discretion determine not to have any notes represented by one or more global notes and, in such event, we will issue notes in definitive form in exchange for the global note or notes. In any such instance, if we issue registered notes in exchange for global notes, we will register the definitive notes in such names and in such denominations authorized under the indenture as Euroclear or Clearstream, pursuant to instructions from its direct or indirect participants or otherwise, instructs the trustee. The trustee will deliver the registered definitive notes to or on the order of the persons in whose names they are registered.

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MATERIAL UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion describes the material United States federal income tax consequences and, in the case of a non-U.S. Holder (as defined below), the United States federal estate tax consequences, of owning and disposing of the notes. This discussion does not discuss all of the aspects of United States federal income and estate taxation that may be relevant to you in light of your particular investment or other circumstances. This discussion applies to you only if you are a beneficial owner of notes that holds the notes as a capital asset (generally, investment property), and you acquire the notes for cash in this offering at its issue price. In addition, this summary does not address special United States federal income or estate tax rules that may be applicable to certain categories of beneficial owners of the notes, such as:

dealers in securities or currencies;
traders in securities;
United States Holders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the United States dollar;
persons holding notes as part of a conversion transaction, a constructive sale, a wash sale, an integrated transaction or a straddle;
persons subject to the alternative minimum tax;
certain United States expatriates;
financial institutions;
insurance companies;
controlled foreign corporations;
regulated investment companies and real estate investment trusts, and shareholders of such entities; and
entities that are tax-exempt for United States federal income tax purposes, including retirement plans, individual retirement account and tax-deferred accounts

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If you are an entity or arrangement classified as a partnership for United States federal tax purposes considering purchasing the notes, or a partner in such a partnership, the United States federal income tax treatment of a partner in a partnership generally will depend on the status of the partner, the activities of the partnership and certain determinations made at the partner level. You should consult your own tax adviser regarding the United States federal income and estate tax consequences of owning and disposing of the notes.

This discussion is based on United States federal income and estate tax law, including the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Internal Revenue Code, United States Department of the Treasury, or Treasury, final, temporary and proposed regulations, administrative rulings and judicial authority, all as in effect or in existence as of the date of this prospectus supplement. Subsequent developments in United States federal income or estate tax law, including changes in law or differing interpretations, which may be applied retroactively, could have a material effect on the United States federal income or estate tax consequences of owning and disposing of notes as set forth in this discussion. We cannot

assure you that the Internal Revenue Service, or the IRS, will not challenge one or more of the tax consequences described in this discussion, and we have not obtained, nor do we intend to obtain, any ruling from the IRS or opinion of counsel with respect to the tax consequences of the ownership of the notes or the sale, exchange, retirement at maturity, redemption or other taxable disposition of a note, to which we refer collectively as a Disposition. In addition, this discussion does not describe any United States federal tax consequences other than United States federal income tax consequences (and, in the case of non-U.S. Holders, certain United States federal estate tax consequences), such as gift tax consequences, or any United States state or local income or non-United States income or other tax consequences.

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Before you purchase notes, you should consult your own tax adviser regarding the particular United States federal, state and local and non-United States income and other tax consequences of acquiring, owning and disposing of the notes that may be applicable to you.

Consequences to United States Holders

The following summary applies to you only if you are a United States Holder (as defined below). A United States Holder is a beneficial owner of notes that is for United States federal income tax purposes:

an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States;

a corporation (or other entity classified as a corporation for these purposes) created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any State thereof or the District of Columbia;

an estate the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of the source of that income; or

a trust, if (1) a United States court is able to exercise primary supervision over the trust s administration and one or more United States persons (within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code) have the authority to control all of the trust s substantial decisions or (2) the trust has a valid election in effect under applicable Treasury regulations to be treated as a United States person.

Additional Payments

Under certain circumstances, we may be obligated to pay amounts in excess of the stated principal of the notes. Although the matter is not free from doubt, we believe, and intend to take the position, that the possibility of such payments does not result in the notes being treated as contingent payment debt instruments—under the applicable Treasury regulations. Our position is not binding on the IRS. If the IRS successfully takes a contrary position, a United States Holder would be required to treat any gain recognized on a Disposition before the resolution of the contingencies as ordinary income rather than as capital gain and to accrue interest income on a constant-yield basis at an assumed yield determined at the time of issuance of the notes, with adjustments to such accruals when any contingent payments are made that differ from the payments calculated based on the assumed yield. A United States Holder should consult its own tax adviser regarding the potential treatment of the notes as contingent payment debt instruments. The remainder of this summary assumes that the notes are not treated as contingent payment debt instruments.

Payments of Stated Interest

A United States Holder that uses the cash method of tax accounting will be required to include in income, as ordinary income, the U.S. dollar value of each euro-denominated interest payment on a note based on the spot rate of exchange on the date of receipt, regardless of whether the payment is in fact converted into U.S. dollars. No foreign currency exchange gain or loss will be recognized with respect to the receipt of such payment (other than foreign currency exchange gain or loss realized on the disposition of the euros so received, see Transactions in Euros, below).

A United States Holder that uses the accrual method of tax accounting will accrue interest income, as ordinary income, on a note in euros and translate the amount accrued into U.S. dollars based on:

the average exchange rate in effect during the interest accrual period within such United States Holder s taxable year or, with respect to an accrual that spans two taxable years, at the average exchange rate for the partial period within the applicable taxable year; or

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at such United States Holder s election, at the spot rate of exchange on (1) the last day of the accrual period, or the last day of the taxable year within such accrual period, if the accrual period spans more than one taxable year, or (2) the date of receipt, if such date is within five business days of the last day of the accrual period. Such election must be applied consistently by the United States Holder to all debt instruments from year to year and can be changed only with the consent of the IRS.

A United States Holder that uses the accrual method of tax accounting will recognize foreign currency exchange gain or loss on the receipt of an interest payment (including, upon the Disposition, as defined above, of a note, amounts attributable to accrued but unpaid stated interest) equal to the difference between (1) the value of the euros received as interest, as translated into U.S. dollars using the spot rate of exchange on the date of receipt and (2) the U.S. dollar amount previously included in income with respect to such payment. Such foreign currency exchange gain or loss will be treated as ordinary income or loss but generally will not be treated as an adjustment to interest income received on the notes.

Sale or Other Taxable Disposition of Notes

Upon a Disposition, except as noted below with respect to foreign currency exchange gain or loss, a United States Holder generally will recognize capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized by such United States Holder (except to the extent such amount is attributable to accrued but unpaid interest, which will be treated as ordinary interest income, as discussed below) and such United States Holder s adjusted tax basis in the note. Subject to the discussion below, the adjusted tax basis of a note to a United States Holder will generally be the U.S. dollar value of the euro purchase price calculated at the spot rate of exchange on the date of purchase, and the amount realized by a United States Holder upon a Disposition will generally be the U.S. dollar value of the euros received calculated at the spot rate of exchange on the date of a Disposition.

If the notes are traded on an established securities market, a United States Holder that uses the cash method of tax accounting (and, if it so elects, a United States Holder that uses the accrual method of tax accounting) will determine the U.S. dollar values of its adjusted tax basis in a note and the amount realized on a Disposition by translating euro amounts at the spot rate of exchange on the settlement date of the purchase and the Disposition, respectively. The election available to an accrual-method United States Holder discussed above must be applied consistently by the United States Holder to all debt instruments from year to year and can be changed only with the consent of the IRS. Any capital gain or loss recognized upon a Disposition will be long-term capital gain or loss if the United States Holder is holding period for the notes exceeds one year on the date of the Disposition. Long-term capital gains recognized by non-corporate United States Holder are eligible for reduced rates of taxation. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Gain or loss recognized, with respect to the principal amount of a note (equal to a United States Holder s purchase price in euros), by a United States Holder on a Disposition generally will be treated as ordinary income or loss to the extent that the gain or loss is attributable to changes in the euro to U.S. dollar exchange rate during the period in which the United States Holder held such note. Such foreign currency exchange gain or loss will equal the difference between the U.S. dollar value of the principal amount calculated at the spot rate of exchange on the date (1) of the Disposition (or possibly, in the case of a cash-method or electing accrual-method United States Holder, on the settlement date of the Disposition) and (2) of the purchase (or possibly, in the case of a cash-method or electing accrual-method United States Holder, on the settlement date of the purchase). The recognition of such foreign currency exchange gain or loss will be limited to the amount of overall gain or loss realized on the Disposition.

Transaction in Euros

Euros received as interest on a note, or on a Disposition, will have a tax basis equal to their U.S. dollar value at the time received. The amount of gain or loss recognized on a sale or other disposition of such euros will be equal to the difference between (1) the amount of U.S. dollars, or the fair market value in U.S. dollars of the

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other property received in such sale or other disposition, and (2) the United States Holder s adjusted tax basis in such euros. As discussed above, if the notes are traded on an established securities market, a cash-method United States Holder (or an electing accrual-method United States Holder) will determine the U.S. dollar value of the euros by translating the euros received at the spot rate of exchange on the settlement date of the purchase or the Disposition. A United States Holder that purchases a note with previously owned euros will generally recognize gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference, if any, between such United States Holder s adjusted tax basis in such euros and the U.S. dollar fair market value of such note on the date of purchase.

Any such gain or loss generally will be ordinary income or loss and will not be treated as interest income or expense.

Reportable Transaction Reporting

Under applicable Treasury regulations, a United States Holder who participates in reportable transactions (as defined in the Treasury regulations) must attach to its United States federal income tax return a disclosure statement on IRS Form 8886. The Treasury regulations could be interpreted to cover transactions generally not regarded as tax shelters, including certain foreign currency transactions. Under the relevant rules, a United States Holder may be required to treat a foreign currency exchange loss from the notes as a reportable transaction if this loss exceeds the relevant threshold in the Treasury regulations. A United