SUMMIT BANCSHARES INC /TX/ Form 10-Q/A August 09, 2005

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A

Mark	s One	
X	Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13	or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
	For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005	
	or	
o	Transition report pursuant to Section 13	or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
	For the transition period fromto _ Commissi	ion File Number 0-11986
	SUMMIT BA	ANCSHARES, INC.
	(Exact name of re	gistrant as specified in its charter)
	Texas	75-1694807
	(State of Incorporation)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	3880 Hulen S	t., Fort Worth, Texas 76107
	(Address of	f principal executive offices)
		(817) 336-6817
	(Registrant s telep	phone number, including area code)
		No Change
of 193	ate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all re	nd former fiscal year if changed since last report) ports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act od that the registrant was authorized to file such reports), and (2) has been No o
Indica	ate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated fi	iler (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes x No o
The n	umber of shares of common stock, \$1.25 par value, outstand	ding at June 30, 2005 was 12,420,616 shares.

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC.

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	(consisting statement headed December	a 30, 2005 and 2004 financial statements included herein are unaudited; however, such information reflects all adjustments and solely of normal recurring adjustments), which are, in the opinion of management of the registrant, necessary to a fat to fit the results for the interim periods. The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2004 included herein unaudited. These financial statements were reported as audited in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year error 31, 2004 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission but are required to be reflected herein as unaudited because of an independent auditor s report.	ir are nded
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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 - Financial Statements

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

Page		(Unaudited) June 30,					naudited)
ASSETS		2005		2004			
CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS NOTE \$ 29,205 \$ 3,2899 \$ 27,219 EDERAL FUNDS SOLD & DUE FROM TIME 9,750 17,551 5,020 INVESTMENT SECURITIES NOTE 3 Securities Available-for-Sale, at fair value 214,750 214,991 223,351 LOANS NOTES 4, 14 AND 20 Loans, Net of Unearned Discount 721,161 672,686 702,619 Allowance for Loan Losses (10,798 0,844 (10,187 10,187		(In Thousands)					
FEDERAL FUNDS SOLD & DUE FROM TIME 9,750							
NVESTMENT SECURITIES NOTE 3 Eccurities Available-for-Sale, at fair value 214,750 214,991 223,351 LOANS NOTES 4, 14 AND 20 721,161 672,686 702,619 Allowance for Loan Losses (10,798) (9,844) (10,187) Allowance for Loan Losses (10,798) (15,545) (15,454) Allowance for Loan Losses (10,798) (15,545) (15,454) Allowance for Loan Losses (10,798) (15,545) (15,454) Allowance for Loan Losses (10,798) (10,798) (10,798) Allowance Loan Losses (10,798) (10,798) (10,798) Allowance Loan Losses (10,798) (10,798) (10,798) Allowance Loan Losses (10,798) (10,798) (10,798) (10,798) Allowance Loan Losses (10,798) (\$		\$		\$	
Securities Available-for-Sale, at fair value			9,750		17,551		5,020
LOANS NOTES 4, 14 AND 20 Loans, Net of Unearned Discount 721,161 672,686 702,619 (10,788) (10,78			214.750		214001		222 251
Loans, Net of Uneamed Discount 721,161 672,686 702,619 Allowance for Loan Losses (10,798) (9,844) (10,187) Allowance for Loan Losses (10,798) (9,844) (10,187) Loans, Net of Uneamed Discount (10,798) (10,798) (9,844) (10,187) Loans, Net of Loan Losses (10,798) (9,844) (10,187) Loans, Net of Loan Losses (10,798) (9,844) (10,187) Loans, Net of Uneamed Losses (10,798) (10,798) (10,187) Loans, Net of Uneamed Loss on Available for Loan Losses (10,798) (10,798) Loans, Net of Uneamed Loss on Available for Loan Losses (10,798) (10,798) Loans, Net of Uneamed Loss on Available for Loan Losses (10,798) (10,798) Loans, Net of Uneamed Losses (1,798) (1,798) Loans, Net of Uneamed Losses (1,798) (1,798			214,750		214,991		223,351
Allowance for Loan Losses			701 161		(72.696		702 (10
Total Deposits Society	•		,		,		
PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT NOTE 5 15,563 15,145 15,749 GOODWILL NOTE 6 8,997 7,752 8,042 OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET NOTE 6 2,338 2,642 2,478 ACCRUED INCOME RECEIVABLE 5,129 4,360 4,814 OTHER REAL ESTATE NOTE 7 -0 - 366 -0 - 0 OTHER ASSETS 12,380 11,160 10,012 TOTAL ASSETS 1,008,475 9,69,708 989,117 ILABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY DEPOSITS NOTE 8	Allowance for Loan Losses		(10,798)		(9,844)		(10,187)
SOODWILL NOTE 6 8,997 7,752 8,042							
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET NOTE 6 2,338 2,642 2,478 ACCRUED INCOME RECEIVABLE 5,129 4,360 4,814 OTHER RASETATE NOTE 7 -0 366 -0 OTHER ASSETS 12,380 11,160 10,012 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 1,008,475 \$ 969,708 \$ 989,117 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY DEPOSITS NOTE 8 Noninterest-Bearing Demand \$ 241,643 \$ 218,343 \$ 235,399 Interest-Bearing 562,846 557,347 556,865 TOTAL DEPOSITS SOMEN TERM BORROWINGS NOTE 9 108,581 106,663 103,972 NOTES PAYABLE NOTE 10 1,250 2,750 1,750 JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEFERRABLE DEBENTURES NOTE 11 12,372 12,372 12,372 ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE 800 493 601 OTHER LIABILITIES 930,891 901,009 914,627 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES NOTES 15, 17, 19 AND 21 SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY NOTES 16, 18 AND 22 Comm	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
ACCRUED INCOME RECEIVABLE OTHER REAL ESTATE NOTE 7 OTHER ASSETS 12,380 11,160 10,012 TOTAL ASSETS 12,380 11,160 10,012 TOTAL ASSETS 1,008,475 1,							
OTHER REAL ESTATE NOTE 7 .0- 366 .0- OTHER ASSETS 12,380 11,160 10,012 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 1,008,475 \$ 969,708 \$ 989,117 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY DEPOSITS NOTE 8 S 241,643 \$ 218,343 \$ 235,399 Interest-Bearing Demand \$ 241,643 \$ 218,343 \$ 235,399 Interest-Bearing Demand \$ 804,489 775,690 792,264 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS NOTE 9 108,581 106,663 103,972 NOTES PAYABLE NOTE 10 1,250 2,750 1,750 JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEFERRABLE DEBENTURES NOTE 11 12,372 12,372 12,372 ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE 800 493 601 OTHER LIABILITIES 930,891 901,009 914,627 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES NOTES 15, 17, 19 AND 21 SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY NOTES 16, 18 AND 22 15,250 7,733 15,449 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES NOTES 15, 17, 19 AND 21 15,526 7,733 15,449 Capital Surplus 8,036							
TOTAL ASSETS 12,380							
TOTAL ASSETS \$ 1,008,475 \$ 969,708 \$ 989,117							
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	OTHER ASSETS		12,380		11,160		10,012
DEPOSITS NOTE 8 Noninterest-Bearing Demand \$ 241,643 \$ 218,343 \$ 235,399 Interest-Bearing \$ 562,846 \$ 557,347 \$ 556,865 TOTAL DEPOSITS \$ 804,489 \$ 775,690 \$ 792,264 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS NOTE 9 \$ 108,581 \$ 106,663 \$ 103,972 NOTES PAYABLE NOTE 10 \$ 1,250 \$ 2,750 \$ 1,750 JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEFERRABLE DEBENTURES NOTE 11 \$ 12,372 \$ 12,372 \$ 12,372 \$ ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE \$ 800 \$ 493 \$ 601 OTHER LIABILITIES \$ 3,399 \$ 3,041 \$ 3,668 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 930,891 \$ 901,009 \$ 914,627 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES NOTES 15, 17, 19 AND 21 SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY NOTES 16, 18 AND 22 Common Stock - \$1.25 Par Value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,420,616, 12,372,498 and 12,359,232 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and 2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively \$ 8,036 \$ 7,563 \$ 7,705 Retained Earnings \$ 55,775 \$ 56,211 \$ 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit \$ (1,753) \$ (2,227) \$ (474)	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,008,475	\$	969,708	\$	989,117
DEPOSITS NOTE 8 Noninterest-Bearing Demand \$ 241,643 \$ 218,343 \$ 235,399 Interest-Bearing \$ 562,846 \$ 557,347 \$ 556,865 TOTAL DEPOSITS \$ 804,489 \$ 775,690 \$ 792,264 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS NOTE 9 \$ 108,581 \$ 106,663 \$ 103,972 NOTES PAYABLE NOTE 10 \$ 1,250 \$ 2,750 \$ 1,750 JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEFERRABLE DEBENTURES NOTE 11 \$ 12,372 \$ 12,372 \$ 12,372 \$ ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE \$ 800 \$ 493 \$ 601 OTHER LIABILITIES \$ 3,399 \$ 3,041 \$ 3,668 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 930,891 \$ 901,009 \$ 914,627 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES NOTES 15, 17, 19 AND 21 SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY NOTES 16, 18 AND 22 Common Stock - \$1.25 Par Value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,420,616, 12,372,498 and 12,359,232 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and 2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively \$ 8,036 \$ 7,563 \$ 7,705 Retained Earnings \$ 55,775 \$ 56,211 \$ 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit \$ (1,753) \$ (2,227) \$ (474)							
DEPOSITS NOTE 8 Noninterest-Bearing Demand \$ 241,643 \$ 218,343 \$ 235,399 Interest-Bearing \$ 562,846 \$ 557,347 \$ 556,865 TOTAL DEPOSITS \$ 804,489 \$ 775,690 \$ 792,264 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS NOTE 9 \$ 108,581 \$ 106,663 \$ 103,972 NOTES PAYABLE NOTE 10 \$ 1,250 \$ 2,750 \$ 1,750 JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEFERRABLE DEBENTURES NOTE 11 \$ 12,372 \$ 12,372 \$ 12,372 \$ ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE \$ 800 \$ 493 \$ 601 OTHER LIABILITIES \$ 3,399 \$ 3,041 \$ 3,668 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 930,891 \$ 901,009 \$ 914,627 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES NOTES 15, 17, 19 AND 21 SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY NOTES 16, 18 AND 22 Common Stock - \$1.25 Par Value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,420,616, 12,372,498 and 12,359,232 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and 2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively \$ 8,036 \$ 7,563 \$ 7,705 Retained Earnings \$ 55,775 \$ 56,211 \$ 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit \$ (1,753) \$ (2,227) \$ (474)	LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY						
Interest-Bearing	~						
TOTAL DEPOSITS	Noninterest-Bearing Demand	\$	241,643	\$	218,343	\$	235,399
SHORT TERM BORROWINGS NOTE 9 108,581 106,663 103,972	Interest-Bearing		562,846		557,347		556,865
SHORT TERM BORROWINGS NOTE 9 108,581 106,663 103,972							
SHORT TERM BORROWINGS NOTE 9 108,581 106,663 103,972	TOTAL DEPOSITS		804,489		775,690		792,264
NOTES PAYABLE NOTE 10 1,250 2,750 1,750 JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEFERRABLE DEBENTURES NOTE 11 12,372 12,372 12,372 ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE 800 493 601 OTHER LIABILITIES 3,399 3,041 3,668 TOTAL LIABILITIES 930,891 901,009 914,627 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES NOTES 15, 17, 19 AND 21 SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY NOTES 16, 18 AND 22 Common Stock - \$1.25 Par Value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,420,616, 12,372,498 and 12,359,232 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and 2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively 15,526 7,733 15,449 Capital Surplus 8,036 7,563 7,705 Retained Earnings 55,775 56,211 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit (1,753) (2,227) (474)							
JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEFERRABLE DEBENTURES NOTE 11 12,372 12,372 12,372 ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE 800 493 601 OTHER LIABILITIES 3,399 3,041 3,668 TOTAL LIABILITIES 930,891 901,009 914,627 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES NOTES 15, 17, 19 AND 21 SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY NOTES 16, 18 AND 22 Common Stock - \$1.25 Par Value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,420,616, 12,372,498 and 12,359,232 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and 2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively 15,526 7,733 15,449 Capital Surplus 8,036 7,563 7,705 Retained Earnings 55,775 56,211 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on 40,2277 (474)	NOTES PAYABLE NOTE 10						
OTHER LIABILITIES 3,399 3,041 3,668 TOTAL LIABILITIES 930,891 901,009 914,627 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES NOTES 15, 17, 19 AND 21 SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY NOTES 16, 18 AND 22 Common Stock - \$1.25 Par Value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,420,616, 12,372,498 and 12,359,232 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and 2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively 15,526 7,733 15,449 Capital Surplus 8,036 7,563 7,705 Retained Earnings 55,775 56,211 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit (1,753) (2,227) (474)	JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEFERRABLE DEBENTURES NOTE 11						
TOTAL LIABILITIES 930,891 901,009 914,627 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES NOTES 15, 17, 19 AND 21 SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY NOTES 16, 18 AND 22 Common Stock - \$1.25 Par Value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,420,616, 12,372,498 and 12,359,232 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and 2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively 15,526 7,733 15,449 Capital Surplus 8,036 7,563 7,705 Retained Earnings 55,775 56,211 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit (1,753) (2,227) (474)	ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE		800		493		601
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES NOTES 15, 17, 19 AND 21 SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY NOTES 16, 18 AND 22 Common Stock - \$1.25 Par Value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,420,616, 12,372,498 and 12,359,232 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and 2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively 15,526 7,733 15,449 Capital Surplus 8,036 7,563 7,705 Retained Earnings 55,775 56,211 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit (1,753) (2,227) (474)	OTHER LIABILITIES		3,399		3,041		3,668
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY NOTES 16, 18 AND 22 Common Stock - \$1.25 Par Value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,420,616, 12,372,498 and 12,359,232 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and 2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively 15,526 7,733 15,449 Capital Surplus 8,036 7,563 7,705 Retained Earnings 55,775 56,211 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit (1,753) (2,227) (474)	TOTAL LIABILITIES		930,891		901,009		914,627
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY NOTES 16, 18 AND 22 Common Stock - \$1.25 Par Value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,420,616, 12,372,498 and 12,359,232 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and 2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively 15,526 7,733 15,449 Capital Surplus 8,036 7,563 7,705 Retained Earnings 55,775 56,211 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit (1,753) (2,227) (474)					<u> </u>		<u> </u>
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY NOTES 16, 18 AND 22 Common Stock - \$1.25 Par Value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,420,616, 12,372,498 and 12,359,232 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and 2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively 15,526 7,733 15,449 Capital Surplus 8,036 7,563 7,705 Retained Earnings 55,775 56,211 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit (1,753) (2,227) (474)	COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES NOTES 15, 17, 19 AND 21						
Common Stock - \$1.25 Par Value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,420,616, 12,372,498 and 12,359,232 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and 2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively 15,526 7,733 15,449 Capital Surplus 8,036 7,563 7,705 Retained Earnings 55,775 56,211 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit (1,753) (2,227) (474)							
12,372,498 and 12,359,232 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and 2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively 15,526 7,733 15,449 Capital Surplus 8,036 7,563 7,705 Retained Earnings 55,775 56,211 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit (1,753) (2,227) (474)							
2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively 15,526 7,733 15,449 Capital Surplus 8,036 7,563 7,705 Retained Earnings 55,775 56,211 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit (1,753) (2,227) (474)							
Capital Surplus8,0367,5637,705Retained Earnings55,77556,21151,810Accumulated Other Comprehensive IncomeUnrealized Loss onAvailable-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit(1,753)(2,227)(474)			15,526		7,733		15,449
Retained Earnings 55,775 56,211 51,810 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit (1,753) (2,227) (474)							7,705
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit (1,753) (2,227) (474)							
Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax Benefit (1,753) (2,227) (474)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Loss on						
Treasury Stock at Cost (41,000 shares at June 30, 2004) -0- (581)			(1,753)		(2,227)		(474)
	Treasury Stock at Cost (41,000 shares at June 30, 2004)		-0-		(581)		-0-

TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	77,584	68,699	74,490
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	\$ 1,008,475	\$ 969,708	\$ 989,117

The accompanying Notes should be read with these financial statements.

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	(Unaudited) For the Six Months Ended June 30,				(Unaudited) Year Ended December 31,		
		2005		2004		2004	
		(In Tho	Share Data)				
INTEREST INCOME	Φ.	22.702	Φ.	17.000	Φ.	20.010	
Interest and Fees on Loans	\$	23,702	\$	17,800	\$	39,018	
Interest and Dividends on Investment Securities: Taxable		2 940		2 406		7.400	
Exempt from Federal Income Taxes		3,840 142		3,496 117		7,409 260	
Interest on Federal Funds Sold and Due From Time		67		88		170	
interest on rederar rands sold and Due From Time						170	
TOTAL INTEREST INCOME		27,751		21,501		46,857	
INTEREST EXPENSE							
Interest on Deposits		4,984		3,478		7,677	
Interest on Short Term Borrowings		1,435		620		1,423	
Interest on Notes Payable		43		16		62	
Interest on Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures		334		76		344	
TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE		6,796		4,190		9,506	
NET INTEREST INCOME		20,955		17,311		37,351	
LESS: PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES NOTE 4		450		1,005		1,790	
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES		20,505		16,306		35,561	
NON-INTEREST INCOME							
Service Charges and Fees on Deposits		1,972		1,984		4,248	
Gain on Sale of Investment Securities		-0-		-0-		32	
Other Income		1,943		1,306		2,962	
TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOME		3,915		3,290		7,242	
NOV DIFFERENCE							
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE Solories and Employee Panelite, NOTE 17		8,717		7,140		15,329	
Salaries and Employee Benefits - NOTE 17 Occupancy Expense - Net		1,264		990		2,206	
Furniture and Equipment Expense		1,169		1,060		2,261	
Other Real Estate Owned Expense - Net		(11)		15		44	
Core Deposit Intangible Amortization		164		55		219	
Other Expense NOTE 12		3,507		2,620		6,131	
TOTAL NON-INTEREST EXPENSE		14,810		11,880		26,190	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		9,610		7,716		16,613	
APPLICABLE INCOME TAXES NOTE 13		3,406		2,669		5,851	
NET INCOME	\$	6,204	\$	5,047	\$	10,762	
NET INCOME PER SHARE NOTE 18							

Basic	\$ 0.50 \$	0.41 \$	0.87
Diluted	0.49	0.40	0.85

The accompanying Notes should be read with these financial statements.

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited) For the Three Months Ended June 30,

		2005 2004 (In Thousands, Except Per Share 1,914 72		
	2005		2004	
	(In T	ept Per S	hare Data)	
INTEREST INCOME				
Interest and Fees on Loans	\$	12,356	\$	9,391
Interest and Dividends on Investment Securities:				
Taxable				1,778
Exempt from Federal Income Taxes				58
Interest on Federal Funds Sold and Due From Time		36		75
TOTAL INTEREST INCOME		14,378		11,302
INTERPORT EVENUE				
INTEREST EXPENSE		2.652		1.027
Interest on Deposits		2,652		1,837
Interest on Short Term Borrowings		811		345
Interest on Notes Payable		20		16
Interest on Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures		173		76
TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE		3,656		2,274
NET INTEREST INCOME		10,722		9,028
LESS: PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES NOTE 4		225		
LESS: PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES NOTE 4				400
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES		10,497		8,628
NON-INTEREST INCOME				
Service Charges and Fees on Deposits		990		1,078
Other Income		1,045		645
Other meonie		1,043		043
TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOME		2,035		1,723
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE				
Salaries and Employee Benefits - NOTE 17		4,448		3,772
Occupancy Expense - Net		660		552
Furniture and Equipment Expense		571		565
Other Real Estate Owned Expense - Net		(14)		15
Core Deposit Intangible Amortization		82		55
Other Expense NOTE 12		1,811		1,391
TOTAL NON-INTEREST EXPENSE		7,558		6,350
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		4,974		4,001
APPLICABLE INCOME TAXES NOTE 13		1,783		1,405
NET INCOME	\$	3,191	\$	2,596
	_			
NET INCOME PER SHARE - NOTE 18	¢	0.26	¢	0.21
Basic	\$	0.26	\$	0.21
Diluted		0.25		0.21

The accompanying Notes should be read with these financial statements.

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 AND 2004 AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

	Common	a Stock Amount	Capital Surplus	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income - Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investment Securities	Treasury Stock	Total Share- Holders Equity
Balance at January 1, 2004 Stock Options Exercised	6,152,329 37,620	\$ 7,690 48	(Dollars in Thou \$ 7,421 142	sands, Except P \$ 52,988		\$ (103) 5	68,684 190
Purchases of Stock Held in Treasury						(581)	(581)
Retirement of Stock Held in							
Treasury	(3,700)	(5)		(98)		103	-0-
Cash Dividend - \$.28 Per Share				(1,726)			(1,726)
Net Income for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2004				5,047			5,047
Securities Available- for-Sale Adjustment					(2,915)		(2,915)
rajustment					(2,513)	-	(2,713)
Total Comprehensive Income NOTE 25							2,132
Balance at June 30, 2004	6,186,249	7,733	7,563	56,211	(2,227)	(581)	68,699
Stock Options Exercised	17,650	21	142				163
Purchases of Stock Held in						(113)	(113)
Treasury Retirement of Stock Held in						(113)	(113)
Treasury	(23,883)	(29)		(665)		694	-0-
Two-for-One Stock Split	6,179,216	7,724		(7,724)		0,1	-0-
Cash Dividend - \$.28 Per Share	-,, -	.,,		(1,727)			(1,727)
Net Income for the Six Months							
Ended December 31, 2004				5,715			5,715
Securities Available- for-Sale							
Adjustment					1,753	_	1,753
Total Comprehensive Income							
NOTE 25							7,468
Balance at December 31, 2004	12,359,232	15,449	7,705	51,810	(474)	-0-	74,490
Stock Options Exercised	90,684	114	331				445
Purchases of Stock Held in							
Treasury						(542)	(542)
Retirement of Stock Held in	(20.200)	(27)		(505)		540	0
Treasury Cash Dividend - \$.14 Per Share	(29,300)	(37)		(505) (1,734)		542	-0- (1,734)
Net Income for the Six Months				(1,734)			(1,/34)
Ended June 30, 2005				6,204			6,204
Securities Available- for-Sale				0,201			3,20 1
Adjustment					(1,279)		(1,279)

Total Comprehensive Income NOTE 25							4,925
Balance at June 30, 2005	12,420,616	\$ 15,526	\$ 8,036	\$ 55,775	\$ (1,753)	-0-	\$ 77,584

The accompanying Notes should be read with these financial statements.

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 AND 2004 AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	(Unau For the Six M Jun	(Unaudited) Year Ended		
	2005	2004	December 31, 2004	
	(In Tho	ousands)		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net Income	\$ 6,204	\$ 5,047	\$ 10,762	
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net				
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation and Amortization	958	770	1,669	
Net Premium Amortization of Investment Securities	755	638	1,429	
Amortization of Core Deposit Intangible	164	55	219	
Provision for Loan Losses	450	1,005	1,790	
Deferred Income Taxes Benefit	(173)	(440)	(434)	
Net Gain on Sale of Investment Securites	-0-	-0-	(32)	
Net Gain From Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets	-0-	(69)	(70)	
Net Gain From Sale of Premises and Equipment	-0-	(1)	(37)	
Net Increase in Accrued Income and Other Assets	(2,007)	(1,724)	(809)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities	(70)	(544)	397	
Total Adjustments	77	(310)	4,122	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	6,281	4,737	14,884	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Net (Increase) Decrease in Federal Funds Sold and Due From Time	(4,730)	7,207	19,738	
Proceeds from Matured and Prepaid Investment Securities	(1,700)	.,_0.	15,700	
Available-for-Sale	92,156	27,621	120,254	
Proceeds from Sales of Investment Securities	-0-	80,000	23,233	
Purchase of Investment Securities		,	ĺ	
Available-for-Sale	(86,090)	(131,342)	(173,730)	
Premium Paid for ANB Financial Corporation	, ,			
(Net of Aquired Cash of \$3,871)	-0-	(10,394)	(10,520)	
Net Assets Acquired in the Purchase of ANB Financial Corporation	-0-	(2,039)	(2,039)	
Net Assets Acquired in the Purchase of Dignum Financial	(976)	-0-	-0-	
Loans Originated and Principal Repayments, Net	(18,773)	(59,423)	(89,427)	
Recoveries of Loans Previously Charged-Off	392	134	400	
Proceeds from Sale of Premises and Equipment	-0-	12	48	
Proceeds from Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets	-0-	124	892	
Purchases of Premises and Equipment	(777)	(546)	(4,509)	
NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(18,798)	(88,646)	(115,660)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Net Increase (Decrease) in Demand Deposits, Savings Accounts and				
Interest-Bearing Transaction Accounts	(11,938)	41,709	52,506	
Net Increase in Certificates of Deposit	24,163	9,045	14,803	
Net Increase in Short Term Borrowings	4,609	24,429	21,738	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Note Payable	(500)		1,750	

Proceeds from Issuance of Junior Subordinated Debentures		-0-	12,372		12,372
Payments of Cash Dividends		(1,734)	(1,726)		(3,453)
Proceeds from Stock Options Exercised		445	190		353
Purchases of Treasury Stock		(542)	(581)		(694)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		14,503	88,188		99,375
	-		 		
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS		1,986	4,279		(1,401)
CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD		27,219	28,620		28,620
CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS AT END OF PERIOD	\$	29,205	\$ 32,899	\$	27,219
				_	
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND INVESTING					
ACTIVITIES:					
Interest Paid	\$	6,597	\$ 4,167	\$	9,199
Income Taxes Paid		3,600	3,240		6,377
Other Real Estate and Other Assets Acquired in Settlement of Loans		-0-	55		321
The accompanying Notes should be read with these financial statements.					

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 AND 2004 (UNAUDITED) AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies

The accounting and reporting policies of Summit Bancshares, Inc. are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the prevailing practices within the banking industry. A summary of the more significant policies follows:

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of Summit Bancshares, Inc. (hereinafter, collectively with its subsidiaries, the Corporation), include its accounts and its direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, Summit Delaware Financial Corporation, Summit Bank, National Association (the Bank) and SIA Insurance Agency, Inc. (SIA). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

Cash and Due From Banks

The Bank is required to maintain certain noninterest-bearing cash balances at the Federal Reserve Bank based on its level of deposits. During the first six months of 2005, the average cash balance maintained at the Federal Reserve Bank was \$2,633,000. Compensating balances held at correspondent banks, to minimize service charges, averaged approximately \$23,004,000 during the same period.

Investment Securities

The Corporation has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115, Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities (SFAS 115). At the date of purchase, the Corporation is required to classify debt and equity securities into one of three categories: held-to-maturity, trading or available-for-sale. At each reporting date, the appropriateness of the classification is reassessed. Investments in debt securities are classified as held-to-maturity and measured at amortized cost in the financial statements only if management has the positive intent and ability to hold those securities to maturity. Securities that are bought and held principally for the purpose of selling them in the near term are classified as trading and measured at fair value in the financial statements with unrealized gains and losses included in earnings. Investments not classified as either held-to-maturity or trading are classified as available-for-sale and measured at fair value in the financial statements with unrealized gains and losses reported, net of tax, in a separate component of shareholders—equity until realized.

The Corporation has the ability and intent to hold to maturity its investment securities classified as held-to-maturity; accordingly, no adjustment has been made for the excess, if any, of amortized cost over market. In determining the investment category classifications at the time of purchase of securities, management considers its asset/liability strategy, changes in interest rates and prepayment risk, the need to increase capital and other factors. Under certain circumstances (including the deterioration of the issuer s creditworthiness, a change in tax law, or statutory or regulatory requirements), the Corporation may change the investment security classification. In the periods reported for 2005 and 2004, the Corporation held no securities that would have been classified as trading securities.

All investment securities are adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts. Amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts are recorded to income over the contractual maturity or estimated life of the individual investment on the level yield method. Gain or loss on sale of investments is based upon the specific identification method and the gain or loss is recorded in non-interest income. Income earned on the Corporation s investments in state and political subdivisions is not taxable.

Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

Loans are stated at the principal amount outstanding less unearned discount, deferred fees and the allowance for loan losses. Unearned discount on installment loans is recognized as income over the terms of the loans by a method approximating the interest method. Interest income on all other loans is recognized based upon the principal amounts outstanding, the simple interest method. Loan origination fee income,

net of direct loan origination costs, is deferred and amortized over the life of the related loan. The accrual of interest on a loan is discontinued when, in the opinion of management, there is doubt about the ability of the borrower to pay interest or principal. Interest previously earned, but uncollected on such loans, is written off. After loans are placed on non-accrual all payments received are applied to principal and no interest income is recorded until the loan is returned to accrual status or the principal has been reduced to zero.

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies (cont d.)

The Corporation has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 114, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan, as amended by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 118, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan - Income Recognition and Disclosure. Under this standard, the allowance for loan losses related to loans that are identified for evaluation in accordance with Statement No. 114 (impaired loans) is based on discounted cash flows using the loan s initial effective rate or the fair value of the collateral for certain collateral dependent loans.

The allowance for loan losses is comprised of amounts charged against income in the form of a provision for loan losses for certain loans when it is probable that all amounts due pursuant to the contractual terms of the loan will not be collected. In these situations, a reserve is recorded when the carrying amount of the loan exceeds the discounted cash flows using the loan s initial effective interest rate or the fair value of the collateral for certain collateral dependent loans. Income on impaired loans is recognized based on the collectibility of the principal amount. Adjustments to the allowance for loan losses will be reported in the period such adjustments become known or are reasonably estimable.

The amount maintained in the allowance reflects management s continuing assessment of the potential losses inherent in its loan portfolio based on its evaluation of a number of factors, including the Bank s loss experience in relation to outstanding loans and the existing level of the allowance, prevailing and prospective economic conditions, and management s continuing review of the discounted cash flow values of impaired loans and its evaluation of the quality of the loan portfolio. Loans are charged against the allowance for loan losses when management believes that the collectibility of the principal is unlikely.

The evaluation of the adequacy of loan collateral is often based upon estimates and appraisals. Because of changing economic conditions, the valuations determined from such estimates and appraisals may also change. Accordingly, the Corporation may ultimately incur losses which vary materially from management scurrent estimates.

Premises and Equipment

Land is carried at cost. Premises and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation expense is computed on the straight-line method based upon the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from three to forty years. Maintenance and repairs are charged to non-interest expense. Renewals and betterments are added to the asset accounts and depreciated over the periods benefited. Depreciable assets sold or retired are removed from the asset and related accumulated depreciation accounts and any gain or loss is reflected in the income and expense accounts.

Other Real Estate

Other real estate is foreclosed property held pending disposition and is valued at the lower of its fair value or the recorded investment in the related loan. At foreclosure, if the fair value, less estimated costs to sell, of the real estate acquired is less than the Corporation s recorded investment in the related loan, a write-down is recognized through a charge to the allowance for loan losses. Any subsequent reduction in value is recognized by a charge to income. Operating expenses of such properties, net of related income, and gains and losses on their disposition are included in non-interest expense.

Federal Income Taxes

The Corporation joins with its subsidiaries in filing a consolidated federal income tax return. The subsidiaries pay to the parent a charge equivalent to their current federal income tax based on the separate taxable income of the subsidiaries.

The Corporation and the subsidiaries maintain their records for financial reporting and income tax reporting purposes on the accrual basis of accounting. Deferred income taxes are provided in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. Deferred income taxes are provided for accumulated temporary differences due to basic differences for assets and liabilities for financial reporting and income tax purposes.

Realization of net deferred tax assets is dependent on generating sufficient future taxable income. Although realization is not assured, management believes it is more likely than not that all of the net deferred tax assets will be realized. The amount of the net deferred tax asset considered realizable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income are reduced.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the Statements of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, clearings and exchanges, and balances due from correspondent banks.

Reclassification

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2004 financial statements to conform to the 2005 presentation.

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NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont d.)

Earnings Per Common and Common Equivalent Shares

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128 (SFAS 128), Earnings Per Share, requires presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share. Basic earnings per share has been computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the reporting period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock. Net income per common share for all periods presented has been calculated in accordance with SFAS 128. Outstanding stock options issued by the Corporation represent the only dilutive effect reflected in diluted weighted average shares.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Corporation accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with the intrinsic value based method recommended by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees. Under the intrinsic value based method, compensation cost is the excess, if any, of the quoted market price of the stock at grant date over the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock. The impact on the financial statements of using this method is disclosed below.

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, as amended by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 148 (SFAS 123), requires pro forma disclosures of net income and earnings per share for companies not adopting its fair value accounting method for stock-based compensation. The pro forma disclosures presented below use the fair value method of SFAS 123 to measure compensation expense for stock-based compensation plans.

The Corporation accounts for its stock-based compensation plans under the recognition and measurement principles of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, under which no compensation cost has been recognized for options granted. The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the Corporation had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 to stock-based compensation.

10 = 10
10,762
(171)
10,591
0.87
0.86
0.85
0.84

SFAS No. 123(R), Share-Based Payment (Revised 2004), among other things, eliminates the ability to account for stock-based compensation using APB 25 and requires that such transactions be recognized as compensation cost in the income statement based on their fair values on the date of the grant. The Corporation will adopt the provisions of this statement on January 1, 2006. The methodology has not yet been determined.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred.

Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income includes all changes in shareholders—equity during a period, except those resulting from investments by and distributions to owners and treasury stock transactions. Besides net income, the other component of the Corporation—s comprehensive income is the after tax effect of changes in the fair value of securities available-for-sale. Comprehensive income for the periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 and for the year ended December 31, 2004 is reported in Note 25, Comprehensive Income.

Audited Financial Statements

The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2004, and the consolidated statements of income, changes in shareholders equity and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2004 are headed unaudited in these financial statements. These statements were reported as audited in our Annual Report of Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission but are required to be reflected in these statements as unaudited because of the absence of an independent auditor s report.

NOTE 2 Acquisitions

On May 3, 2004, the Corporation completed its merger with ANB Financial Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Arlington National Bank of Arlington, Texas (collectively, ANB). Under the terms of the merger agreement with ANB, the Corporation acquired ANB for approximately \$16.0 million in cash. ANB was privately held and operated four (4) banking offices in Arlington, Texas. On May 1, 2004, ANB had total assets of \$89.0 million, loans of \$59.4 million, deposits of \$83.6 million and shareholders equity of \$3.1 million. This acquisition was partially funded through the formation of SBI Trust and its subsequent issuance of \$12.0 million of its floating rate Capital Securities and \$372.000 of trust common securities.

NOTE 3 - Investment Securities

A summary of amortized cost and estimated fair values of investment securities as of June 30, 2005 is as follows (in thousands):

T---- 20 2005

	June 30, 2005								
	Amortized Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses			Fair Value	
Investment Securities - Available-for-Sale									
U.S. Government Agencies and Corporations	\$	160,185	\$	148	\$	(1,904)	\$	158,429	
U.S. Government Agency Mortgage Backed Securities		40,128		43		(947)		39,224	
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions		8,801		69		(54)		8,816	
Community Reinvestment Act Investment Fund		3,000		-0-		(11)		2,989	
Other Securities		5,292		-0-		-0-		5,292	
Total Available-for-Sale Securities	\$	217,406	\$	260	\$	(2,916)	\$	214,750	

All investment securities are carried on the consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2005 at fair value. The net unrealized loss of \$2,656,000 is included in the Available-for-Sale Investment Securities balance. The unrealized loss, net of tax benefit, is included in Shareholders Equity.

Included in the Other Securities category at June 30, 2005 is \$4,413,000 of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock and \$800,000 of Federal Reserve Stock which are classified as restricted investment securities, carried at cost, and evaluated for impairment. No impairment losses were recorded as of June 30, 2005. The Corporation is required to have stock holdings of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock equal to .14% of the Corporation s total assets as of the previous year end plus 4.25% of its outstanding advancements from the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB). The Corporation is also required to have stock holdings of Federal Reserve Stock equal to 6% of its Capital Stock and Surplus.

NOTE 3 - Investment Securities (cont d.)

A summary of amortized cost and estimated fair values of investment securities as of June 30, 2004 is as follows (in thousands):

June 30, 2004

				Gross		Gross	
	Amortized Cost		Unrealized Gains				Fair Value
Investment Securities - Available-for-Sale							
U.S. Government Agencies and Corporations	\$	146,369	\$	585	\$	(2,066)	\$ 144,888
U.S. Government Agency Mortgage Backed Securities		55,558		57		(1,881)	53,734
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions		7,016		62		(80)	6,998
Community Reinvestment Act Investment Fund		3,000		-0-		(51)	2,949
Other Securities		6,422		-0-		-0-	6,422
Total Available-for-Sale Securities	\$	218,365	\$	704	\$	(4,078)	\$ 214,991

All investment securities were carried on the consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2004 at fair value. The net unrealized loss of \$3,374,000 was included in the Available-for-Sale Investment Securities balance. The unrealized loss, net of tax benefit, was included in Shareholders Equity.

Included in the Other Securities category at June 30, 2004 was \$5,444,000 of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock and \$800,000 of Federal Reserve Stock which were classified as restricted investment securities, carried at cost, and evaluated for impairment. No impairment losses were recorded as of June 30, 2004. The Corporation was required at June 30, 2004 to have stock holdings of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock equal to .20% of the Corporation s total assets as of the previous year end plus 4.25% of its outstanding advancements from the FHLB. The Corporation was also required to have stock holdings of Federal Reserve Stock equal to 6% of its Capital Stock and Surplus.

NOTE 4 - Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

The book values of loans by major type follow (in thousands):

	Jun				
	2005	2004		De	cember 31, 2004
Commercial and Industrial	\$ 257,362	\$	249,230	\$	261,571
Real Estate Mortgage - Commercial	236,142		192,956		224,720
Real Estate Mortgage - Residential	86,558		83,398		82,839
Real Estate - Construction	105,256		104,237		93,558
Loans to Individuals	35,843		42,865		39,931
	 			_	
	721,161		672,686		702,619
Allowance for Loan Losses	(10,798)		(9,844)		(10,187)
	 			_	
Loans - Net	\$ 710,363	\$	662,842	\$	692,432

Loans are net of unearned income of \$922,000 and \$833,000 at June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively, and \$893,000 at December 31, 2004.

NOTE 4 - Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses (cont d.)

Transactions in the allowance for loan losses are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	 Six Months Ended June,				
	 2005		2004		2004
Balance, Beginning of Period	\$ 10,187	\$	7,784	\$	7,784
Balance Acquired in the Arlington National Bank Acquisition	-0-		1,254		1,254
Provisions, Charged to Income	450		1,005		1,790
Loans Charged-Off	(231)		(333)		(1,041)
Recoveries of Loans Previously Charged-Off	392		134		400
Net Loans (Charged-Off) Recovered	161		(199)		(641)
	 			_	
Balance, End of Period	\$ 10,798	\$	9,844	\$	10,187

The provisions for loan losses charged to operating expenses during the six months ended June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2004 of \$450,000 and \$1,005,000, respectively, were considered adequate to maintain the allowance in accordance with the policy discussed in Note 1. For the year ended December 31, 2004, a provision of \$1,790,000 was recorded.

At June 30, 2005, the recorded investment in loans that are considered to be impaired under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 114 was \$2,623,000 (of which \$2,623,000 were on non-accrual status). The related allowance for loan losses for these loans was \$186,000. The average recorded investment in impaired loans during the six months ended June 30, 2005 was approximately \$2,701,000. For this period, the Corporation recognized no interest income on these impaired loans.

NOTE 5 - Premises and Equipment

The investment in premises and equipment stated at cost and net of accumulated amortization and depreciation is as follows (in thousands):

		June 30,						
	2005	2005 2004			cember 31, 2004			
Land	\$ 3,)38 \$	3,047	\$	3,038			
Buildings and Improvements	12,	356	11,578		12,427			
Furniture & Equipment	11,	177	11,276		11,864			
Total Cost	26,	571	25,901		27,329			
Less: Accumulated Amortization and Depreciation	11,	800	10,756		11,580			
				_				
Net Book Value	\$ 15,	563 \$	15,145	\$	15,749			

NOTE 6 Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations under the purchase method of accounting. The Corporation has adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 142 (FAS 142), Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. FAS 142 eliminates amortization of goodwill associated with business combinations completed after June 30, 2001. Goodwill is periodically assessed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the asset may not be recoverable. The Corporation bases its evaluation on such impairment factors as the nature of the assets, the future economic benefit of the assets, any historical or future profitability measurements, as well as other external market conditions or factors that may be present. On May 3, 2004, the Corporation completed its acquisition of ANB. A premium of \$10.7 million was paid in connection with the acquisition of ANB, \$2.7

million of which was identified as core deposit intangibles. The remaining \$8.0 million has been recorded as goodwill. In accordance with FAS 142, the goodwill will not be amortized. The core deposit intangibles are being amortized using a straight line method over their estimated useful life of 8 years. Amortization expense of \$219,000 and \$164,000 has been recorded on the core deposit intangibles for the year ended December 31, 2004 and for the six months ended June 30, 2005, respectively.

On March 21, 2005, the Corporation completed the acquisition of Dignum Financial Services (DFS), a proprietorship engaged in financial planning and management services. Goodwill of \$955,000 was recorded in connection with the acquisition.

NOTE 7 - Other Real Estate

The carrying value of other real estate is as follows (in thousands):

		Jun	e 30,				
	_	2005		2004	December : 2004		
Other Real Estate	\$	-0-	\$	366	\$	-0-	

There was no Other Real Estate at June 30, 2005. There were no direct write-downs of other real estate charged to income for the six months ended June 30, 2005 or June 30, 2004. There were also no direct write-downs of other real estate charged to income for the year ended December 31, 2004.

Included in Other Assets at June 30, 2004 was \$4,000 of Other Foreclosed Assets. The 2004 assets were comprised of motor vehicles. There were no direct write-downs of these assets for any period during 2004.

NOTE 8 Deposits

The book values of deposits by major type follow (in thousands):

		2005 2004		2004	Dec	cember 31, 2004
Noninterest-Bearing Demand Deposits	\$	241,643	\$	218,343	\$	235,399
Interest-Bearing Deposits:						
Interest-Bearing Transaction Accounts and Money Market Funds		228,041		263,039		239,773
Savings		157,913		147,355		164,363
Certificates of Deposits under \$100,000 and IRA s		80,357		71,550		72,825
Certificates of Deposits \$100,000 or more		96,385		75,087		79,754
Other		150		316		150
Total		562,846		557,347		556,865
					_	
Total Deposits	\$	804,489	\$	775,690	\$	792,264

NOTE 9 - Short Term Borrowings

Securities sold under repurchase agreements generally represent borrowings with maturities ranging from one to thirty days. Information relating to these and other borrowings are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,					ear Ended
		2005 2004			De	2004
Securities Sold Under Repurchase Agreements:						
Average Balance	\$	43,330	\$	30,995	\$	33,068
Period-End Balance		38,581		36,663		43,972
Maximum Month-End Balance During Period		49,885		36,663		43,972
Interest Rate:						
Average		2.10% 0.52%			ว	0.68%
Period-End		2.43 0.6				1.64
Federal Home Loan Bank Advances:						
Average Balance	\$	64,669	\$	72,225	\$	67,732
Period-End Balance		70,000		70,000		60,000
Maximum Month-End Balance During Period		70,000		100,000		100,000
Interest Rate:						
Average		2.80%)	1.45%	ว	1.65%
Period-End		3.37		1.68		2.11
Federal Funds Purchased:						
Average Balance	\$	559	\$	3,051	\$	1,878
Period-End Balance		-0-		-0-		-0-
Maximum Month-End Balance During Period		-0-		21,525		21,525
Interest Rate:						
Average		2.78%)	1.28%	,	1.45%
Period-End		-0-		-0-		-0-

The Corporation has available a line of credit with the FHLB of Dallas which allows it to borrow on a collateralized basis at a fixed term. The borrowings are collateralized by a blanket floating lien on all first mortgage loans, the FHLB capital stock owned by the Corporation and any funds on deposit with FHLB. At June 30, 2005, the Corporation had \$70.0 million of borrowings outstanding under the line of credit at a rate of 2.50%, \$15.0 million of which matures in 2005, 40.0 million of which matures in 2006 and the remaining \$15.0 million of which matures in 2007. For the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Corporation had average borrowings under the line of credit of \$64.7 million. At June 30, 2004, the Corporation had \$70.0 million of borrowings outstanding under the line of credit at a rate of 1.65%, \$30.0 million of which matured in 2004, \$30.0 million of which matures in 2005 and the remaining \$10.0 million of which matures in April 2006. At December 31, 2004, \$60.0 million of borrowings were outstanding at an average rate of 2.11%, \$40.0 million of which matures during 2005 and \$20.0 million of which matures during 2006. For the year ended December 31, 2004, the Corporation had average borrowings of \$67.7 million.

NOTE 10 Notes Payable

On September 15, 2004, the Corporation obtained a line of credit from a bank under which the Corporation may borrow \$10,000,000 at a floating rate (three month LIBOR plus margin of 2.00%). The line of credit is secured by stock of the Bank and matures on September 15, 2005, whereupon, if balances are outstanding, the line converts to a term note having a five year term. The Corporation will not pay a fee for any unused portion of the line. As of June 30, 2005, \$1.25 million had been borrowed under this line. The rate on this line at June 30, 2005 was 5.190%.

NOTE 11 - Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures

On May 3, 2004, the Corporation formed SBI Trust and SBI Trust subsequently issued \$12.0 million of floating rate (three month LIBOR plus a margin of 2.65%) Capital Securities (the Trust Capital Securities). Concurrent with the issuance of the Trust Capital Securities, SBI Trust issued trust common securities to the Corporation in the aggregate liquidation value of \$372,000. The proceeds of the issuance of the Trust Capital Securities and trust common securities were invested in the Corporation s Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures (the Deferrable Debentures), which mature on July 7, 2034 and have a call feature that permits the Corporation to redeem any or all of the securities after July 7, 2009. The interest rate on the Deferrable Debentures at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 was 5.79% and 4.72%, respectively. The Deferrable Debentures, which are the only assets of SBI Trust, are subordinated and junior in right of payment to all present and future

senior indebtedness (as defined in the Indenture dated May 3, 2004) of the Corporation.

NOTE 12 - Other Non-Interest Expense

The significant components of other non-interest expense are as follows (in thousands):

	Si	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	200	5		2004	Dec	2004
Business Development	\$	559	\$	420	\$	810
Legal and Professional Fees		693		398		1,267
Item Processing		300		271		895
Printing and Supplies		218		183		440
Regulatory Fees and Assessments		165		143		302
Other		1,572		1,205		2,417
Total	\$	3,507	\$	2,620	\$	6,131

NOTE 13 - Income Taxes

Federal income taxes included in the consolidated balance sheets were as follows (in thousands):

		Jun				
	2	2005		2004		cember 31, 2004
Current Tax Asset	\$	38	\$	727	\$	807
Net Deferred Tax Asset		4,078		4,155		3,006
		_				
Total Included in Other Assets	\$	4,116	\$	4,882	\$	3,813

The net deferred tax asset at June 30, 2005 of \$4,078,000 included \$903,000 related to unrealized losses on Available-for-Sale Securities.

The components of income tax expense were as follows (in thousands):

		Six Montl June	Year Ended			
	2	005	2004		Dec	2004
Federal Income Tax Expense:						
Current	\$	3,579	\$	3,109	\$	6,285
Deferred (Benefit)		(173)		(440)		(434)
			_			
Total Federal Income Tax Expense	\$	3,406	\$	2,669	\$	5,851
			_			
Effective Tax Rates		35.40%		34.60%		35.00%

NOTE 13 - Income Taxes (cont d.)

The reasons for the difference between income tax expense and the amount computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to operating earnings are as follows (in thousands):

	 Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2005 2004		December 31, 2004		
Federal Income Taxes at Statutory Rate of 35.4%	\$ 3,364	\$	2,662	\$	5,783
Effect of Tax Exempt Interest Income	(49)		(42)		(88)
Non-deductible Expenses	113		66		166
Other	(22)		(17)		(10)
Income Taxes Per Income Statement	\$ 3,406	\$	2,669	\$	5,851
		_			

Deferred income tax expense (benefit) results from differences between amounts of assets and liabilities as measured for income tax return and financial reporting purposes. The significant components of federal deferred tax assets and liabilities are in the following table (in thousands):

		Six Months Ended June 30,				Year Ended	
	200	2005		2004		2004	
Federal Deferred Tax Assets:							
Allowance for Loan Losses	\$	3,827	\$	3,396	\$	3,546	
Interest on Non-accrual Loans		119		148		79	
Valuation Reserves- Other Real Estate		-0-		15		-0-	
Unrealized Losses on Available-for-Sale Securities		903		1,147		244	
Deferred Compensation		717		594		596	
Net Operating Loss Carryover		129		183		149	
Gross Federal Deferred Tax Assets		5,695		5,483		4,614	
Federal Deferred Tax Liabilities:							
Depreciation and Amortization		1,450		1,188		1,466	
Accretion		61		29		34	
Other		106		111		108	
Gross Federal Deferred Tax Liabilities		1,617		1,328		1,608	
Net Deferred Tax Asset	\$	4,078	\$	4,155	\$	3,006	

NOTE 14 - Related Party Transactions

The Bank has made transactions in the ordinary course of business with certain of its and the Corporation s officers, directors and their affiliates. All loans included in such transactions are made on substantially the same terms, including interest rate and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with other persons and all loans are current as to principal and interest payments. Total loans outstanding to such parties amounted to approximately \$11,254,000 at June 30, 2005 and \$8,537,000 at December 31, 2004.

NOTE 15 - Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

In the normal course of business, there are various outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities, such as guarantees and commitments to extend credit, which are not reflected in the financial statements. No losses are anticipated as a result of these transactions. Commitments are most frequently extended for real estate, commercial and industrial loans.

At June 30, 2005, outstanding documentary and standby letters of credit totaled \$6,411,000 and commitments to extend credit totaled \$195,308,000.

NOTE 15 - Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (cont d.)

In addition, the Corporation leases certain office facilities under operating leases. Rent expense for all operating leases totaled \$606,000 and \$496,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively, and \$1,128,000 for the year ended December 31, 2004.

NOTE 16 - Stock Option Plans

The Corporation has two Incentive Stock Option Plans, the 1993 Plan and the 1997 Plan, (each, a Plan, and, collectively, the Plans). Each Plan has reserved 1,200,000 shares (adjusted for two-for-one stock splits in 1995, 1997 and 2004) of common stock for grants thereunder. The Plans provide for the granting to executive management and other key employees of the Corporation and its subsidiaries incentive stock options, as defined under the current tax law. The options granted under the Plans will be exercisable for ten years from the date of grant and generally vest ratably over a five year period. Options will be and have been granted at prices which will not be less than 100-110% of the fair market value of the underlying common stock at the date of grant.

The following is a summary of transactions during the periods presented:

	Shares Under	Option Plans
	Six Months Ended June 30, 2005	Year Ended December 31, 2004
Outstanding, Beginning of Period	679,578	759,318
Additional Options Granted During the Period	10,000	68,000
Forfeited During the Period	(2,400)	(38,000)
Exercised During the Period	(90,684)	(109,740)
Outstanding, End of Period	596,494	679,578

Options outstanding at June 30, 2005 have exercise prices between \$2.78 to \$18.75 per share with a weighted average exercise price of \$8.63 and 493,754 shares exercisable. At June 30, 2005, there remained 536,796 shares reserved for future grants of options under the 1997 Plan. See Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Stock Based Compensation for information regarding the dilutive impact of these stock options.

NOTE 17 - Employee Benefit Plans

401(k) Plan

The Corporation implemented a 401(k) plan in December 1997 covering substantially all employees. The Corporation made no contribution to this plan in 1998 or 1999. In 2000 through 2004, the Corporation made matching contributions, not to exceed 6% of the employee s annual compensation, to the participant s deferrals of compensation up to 100% of the employee contributions. The Corporation s Board of Directors has approved matching contributions for 2005, not to exceed 6% of the employee s annual compensation.

The amount expensed in support of the plan was \$294,000 and \$267,000 during the first six months of 2005 and 2004, respectively, and \$490,000 for the year 2004.

Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan

In 2002, the Corporation established a Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (the Retirement Plan) to provide key employees with retirement, death or disability benefits. For currently employed employees, the Retirement Plan replaces the previous Management Security Plan. The Retirement Plan is a defined contribution plan and the expense charged to earnings relating to the Retirement Plan was \$227,000 and \$85,000 for the first six months of 2005 and 2004, respectively, and \$175,000 for the year 2004.

Employment Contracts

The Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation has entered into a severance agreement providing for salary and fringe benefits in the event of termination for other than cause and under certain changes in control.

Other Post Retirement Benefits

The Corporation provides certain health care benefits for certain retired employees who bear all costs of these benefits. These benefits are covered under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act.

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NOTE 17 - Employee Benefit Plans (cont d.)

Compensated Absences

Employees of the Corporation are entitled to paid vacation, paid sick days and other personal days off, depending on job classification, length of service and other factors. It is impracticable to estimate the amount of compensation for future absences, and accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. The Corporation s policy is to recognize the costs of compensated absences when actually paid to employees.

NOTE 18 - Earnings per Share

The following data shows the amounts used in computing earnings per share (EPS) and the weighted average number of shares of dilutive potential common stock (dollars in thousands), as adjusted to reflect the two-for-one stock split effected on December 31, 2004:

	Six Months Ended June 30,				Year Ended		
	2005 2004			December 31, 2004			
Net income	\$	6,204	\$	5,047	\$	10,762	
Weighted average number of common shares used in Basic EPS Effect of dilutive stock options		12,397,580 328,431	_	12,312,354 352,264		12,326,477 352,048	
Weighted number of common shares and dilutive potential common stock used in Diluted EPS		12,726,011		12,664,618		12,678,525	

The incremental shares for the assumed exercise of the outstanding options were determined by application of the treasury stock method.

NOTE 19 - Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk

The Corporation is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include loan commitments, standby letters of credit and documentary letters of credit. The instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the financial statements.

The Corporation s exposure to credit loss in the event of non-performance by the other party of these loan commitments and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments. The Corporation uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet instruments.

The total contractual amounts of financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk are as follows (in thousands):

		June 30,			
	2005		2004		
Financial Instruments Whose Contract Amounts Represent Credit Risk:					
Loan Commitments Including Unfunded Lines of Credit	\$	195,308	\$	170,148	
Standby Letters of Credit		6,411		5,327	

Loan commitments are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no customer violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments by the Corporation to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers.

Since many of the loan commitments and letters of credit may expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amount does not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Corporation evaluates each customer s credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The

amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Corporation upon extension of credit, is based on management s credit evaluation of the counterparty. Collateral held varies but may include accounts receivable, inventory, property, plant and equipment, owner-occupied real estate and income-producing commercial properties.

NOTE 19 - Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk (cont d.)

The Corporation originates real estate, commercial and consumer loans primarily to customers in the Tarrant County area. Although the Corporation has a diversified loan portfolio, a substantial portion of its customers—ability to honor their contracts is dependent upon the local economy and the real estate market.

The Corporation maintains funds on deposit at correspondent banks which at times exceed the federally insured limits. Management of the Corporation monitors the balance in these accounts and periodically assesses the financial condition of correspondent banks.

NOTE 20 - Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Bank makes commercial, consumer and real estate loans in its direct market which is defined as Fort Worth and its surrounding area. The Board of Directors of the Bank monitors concentrations of credit by purpose, collateral and industry at least quarterly. Certain limitations for concentration are set by the Board of Directors of the Bank. Additional loans in excess of these limits must have prior approval of the Bank s directors loan committee. Although the Bank has a diversified loan portfolio, a substantial portion of its debtors abilities to honor their contracts is dependent upon the strength of the local and state economy.

NOTE 21 - Litigation

The Corporation is involved in legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. It is the opinion of management, after reviewing such actions with outside legal counsel, that the settlement of these matters will not materially affect the Corporation s financial position.

NOTE 22 - Stock Repurchase Plan

On April 19, 2005, the Board of Directors of the Corporation approved a stock repurchase plan. The plan authorized management to purchase up to 620,467 shares of the Corporation s common stock over the next twelve months through the open market or in privately negotiated transactions in accordance with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations.

In the six months ended June 30, 2005, 29,300 shares were purchased and retired by the Corporation pursuant to the stock repurchase plan.

NOTE 23 - Subsequent Events

On July 19, 2005, the Board of Directors of the Corporation approved a quarterly dividend of \$.07 per share to be paid on August 15, 2005 to shareholders of record on August 1, 2005.

NOTE 24 - Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Corporation in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

Cash and cash equivalents: The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for cash and due from banks and federal funds sold approximate those assets fair values.

Investment securities (including mortgage backed securities): Fair values for investment securities are based on quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on quoted market prices of comparable instruments.

Loans: For variable rate loans, fair values are based on carrying values. The fair values for fixed rate loans such as mortgage loans (e.g., one-to-four family residential) and installment loans are estimated using discounted cash flow analysis. The carrying amount of accrued interest receivable approximates its fair value.

Deposit liabilities: The fair value disclosed for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits, passbook savings, and certain types of money market accounts are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting date or their carrying amounts. Fair values for fixed rate certificates of deposit are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on certificates to a schedule of aggregated expected monthly maturities on time deposits.

Short term borrowings: The carrying amounts of borrowings under repurchase agreements approximate their fair values.

NOTE 24 - Fair Values of Financial Instruments (cont d.)

The estimated fair values of the Corporation s financial instruments are as follows (in thousands):

June 30,

	 2005				2004			
	Carrying Fair Carrying Amount Value Amount				Fair Value			
Financial Assets:								
Cash and due from banks	\$ 29,205	\$	29,205	\$	32,899	\$	32,899	
Federal funds sold and due from time	9,750		9,750		17,551		17,551	
Securities	214,750		214,750		214,991		214,991	
Loans	721,161		710,260		672,686		677,903	
Allowance for loan losses	(10,798)		(10,798)		(9,844)		(9,844)	
Financial Liabilities:								
Deposits	804,489		804,800		775,690		777,158	
Short term borrowings	122,203		122,345		121,785		122,019	
Off-balance Sheet Financial Instruments:								
Loan commitments			195,308				170,148	
Letters of credit			6,411				5,327	

NOTE 25 - Comprehensive Income

The Corporation has adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130 Reporting Comprehensive Income . This standard requires an entity to report and display comprehensive income and its components. Comprehensive income is as follows (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,				Year Ended		
		2005		2004	_	December 31, 2004	
Net Income Other Comprehensive Income:	\$	6,204	\$	5,047	\$	10,762	
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on securities available-for-sale, net of tax (benefit)		(1,279)		(2,915)		(1,162)	
Comprehensive Income	\$	4,925	\$	2,132	\$	9,600	

Item 2 - Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements, accompanying notes and selected financial data appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and may contain certain forward-looking statements that are based on current management expectations. Generally, verbs in the future tense and the opinion, potential and similar expressions identify forward-looking words believe, expect, anticipate, estimate, intends, statements. Examples of this forward-looking information can be found in, but are not limited to, the expected effects of accounting pronouncements and government regulation applicable to our operations, the discussion of allowance for loan losses, and quantitative and qualitative disclosure about market risk. Our actual results could differ materially from those management expectations. Further information concerning our business, including additional risk factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, is set forth below under the heading Factors That May Affect Future Results. These risk factors and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. The forward-looking statements contained herein speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and, except as may be required by applicable law and regulation, we do not undertake, and specifically disclaim any obligation to, publicly update or revise such statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events. Except as the context otherwise requires, references herein to the Corporation, we, or our refer to the business of Summit Bancshares, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Overview

Our business has been conducted primarily through our wholly-owned subsidiaries, Summit Bank, National Association (the Bank), SBI Trust, Summit Delaware Financial Corporation and SIA Insurance Agency, Inc. (SIA). The Bank currently operates its branch offices in twelve locations in Tarrant County, Texas.

At December 31, 2003, the Bank had seven branch offices. Five branch offices were added in 2004 with the May 2004 acquisition of the four branches of Arlington National Bank and the October 2004 opening of a branch in Euless, Texas. In May 2004, the Corporation completed its acquisition of ANB Financial Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Arlington National Bank (collectively, ANB), and ANB s results of operations have been included in the Corporation s results of operations since the acquisition date. On December 31, 2004, the Corporation effected a two-for-one stock split on its common stock payable in the form of a 100% stock dividend, and all share and per share data included herein has been adjusted to reflect the stock split.

Our results of operations are primarily dependent on net interest income, which is the difference between the income earned on our loans and investment portfolios and our cost of funds, consisting of the interest paid on deposits and borrowings. Results of operations are also affected by our allowance for loan losses, investment activities, loan servicing fees and other fees. Our non-interest expense principally consists of salary and benefits, occupancy and equipment expense, business development costs, professional fees, data processing expense and other expenses.

Net income for the second quarter of 2005 was \$3,191,000, an increase of \$595,000, or 22.9%, compared to \$2,596,000 recorded for the second quarter of 2004. On a weighted average share basis, net income for the second quarter of 2005 was \$0.25 per diluted share as compared to \$0.21 per diluted share for the second quarter of 2004, an increase of 19.0%. Net income for the first six months of 2005 was \$6,204,000, an increase of \$1,157,000, or 22.9%, compared to net income of \$5,047,000 for the first six months of 2004. On a weighted average share basis, net income for the first six months of 2005 was \$.49 per diluted share compared to \$.40 per diluted share for the first six months of 2004. The increase in earnings during the second quarter of 2005 and for the first six months of 2005 was largely due to an increase in net interest income (tax equivalent) of \$1,702,000, or 18.8%, for the second quarter of 2005 over the second quarter of 2004 and \$3,652,000, or 21.0%, for the first six months of 2005 over the first six months of 2004. The increase in net interest income was primarily due to the growth in loans and an increase in the yield on loans.

Based on continuing economic growth in our market area, total loans at June 30, 2005 were \$721.2 million, which represented an increase of \$18.5 million, or 2.6%, over total loans at December 31, 2004 and an increase of \$48.5 million, or 7.2%, over total loans at June 30, 2004. Average total loans for the second quarter of 2005 were 12.5% higher compared with the second quarter last year. Excluding the impact of the ANB acquisition, average total loans for the second quarter of 2005 were 9.4% more than the second quarter of 2004. Average total loans for the six months ended June 30, 2005 were 17.6% higher than for the six months ended June 30, 2004. Excluding the impact of the ANB acquisition, average total loans for the six months ended June 30, 2005 were 10.6% higher than for the same period in 2004.

Total deposits were \$804.5 million at June 30, 2005, an increase of \$12.2 million, or 1.5%, from December 31, 2004 and an increase of \$28.8 million, or 3.7%, from \$775.7 million at June 30, 2004. Average total deposits for the second quarter of 2005 were 9.4% higher compared with the second quarter last year. Excluding the impact of the ANB acquisition, average total deposits for the second quarter of 2005 were 9.4% more than the second quarter of 2004. Average total deposits for the six months ended June 30, 2005 were 16.1% higher than for the six months ended June 30, 2004. Excluding the impact of the ANB acquisition, average total deposits for the six months ended June 30, 2005 were 7.5% higher than for the same period in 2004. Compared to the second quarter of 2004, we experienced growth in every category of deposits, for the second quarter of 2005, except for interest-bearing transaction accounts and money market funds. The most significant growth was in demand deposits and certificates of deposit.

Shareholders equity was \$77.6 million at June 30, 2005, an increase of \$3.1 million, or 4.2%, from December 31, 2004 and an increase of \$8.9 million, or 12.9%, from June 30, 2004. See the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders Equity on page 6 for a detail of the changes.

The following table shows selected performance ratios for the first six months of 2005 and 2004 that management believes to be key indicators of the Corporation s overall financial performance:

	Six Months Ended			
	2005	2004		
Annualized Return on Average Assets (ROAA)	1.25%	1.17%		
Annualized Return on Average Shareholders Equity (ROAE)	16.44	14.43		
Shareholders Equity to Assets - Average	7.61	8.11		
Dividend Payout Ratio	27.95	34.20		
Net Interest Margin (tax equivalent)	4.52	4.27		
Efficiency Ratio	59.37	57.48		

The return on average assets ratio is calculated by dividing net income by average total assets for the period. Management believes our return on average assets ratio of 1.25% for the first six months of 2005 compares favorably to the return on average assets ratio of other financial institutions in our selected peer group, which averaged 1.34% for the first six months of 2005. Our selected peer group is comprised of seven other publicly traded bank holding companies headquartered in Texas with assets ranging from \$10 billion to \$2.4 billion and was selected by our management.

The return on average shareholders equity ratio is calculated by dividing net income by average shareholders equity for the period. Management believes our return on average shareholders equity ratio of 16.44% in the first six months of 2005 compares favorably to the return on average shareholders equity ratio of other financial institutions in our peer group, which averaged 14.62% for the first six months of 2005.

The shareholders equity to assets ratio is calculated by dividing average shareholders equity by average total assets for the period. Management believes our average shareholders equity to average assets ratio of 7.61% for the first six months of 2005 compares favorably to the average shareholders equity to average asset ratio of other financial institutions in our peer group, which averaged 9.20% in the first six months of 2005.

The dividend payout ratio is determined by dividing the total dividends paid by net income for the period. For the first six months of 2005, our dividend payout ratio resulted in a yield-to-market price return that compared favorably to our peer group.

Net interest margin is calculated by dividing net interest income on a tax equivalent basis by average total earning assets. Management believes our net interest margin of 4.52% in the first six months of 2005 compares favorably to the net interest margin ratio of other financial institutions in our peer group, which averaged 4.20% in the first six months of 2005.

The efficiency ratio is calculated by dividing non-interest expenses by the sum of total non-interest income and net interest income on a tax equivalent basis for the period. The efficiency ratio provides a measure of the extent to which our revenues are absorbed by our non-interest expenses. Management believes our efficiency ratio of 59.37% in the first six months of 2005 compares favorably to the average efficiency ratio of other financial institutions in our peer group, which was 58.6% in the first six months of 2005.

Civ. Months Ended

Summary of Earning Assets and Interest-Bearing Liabilities

The following schedule presents average balance sheets that highlight earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and their related rates earned and paid for the second quarter of 2005 and 2004 (rates on tax equivalent basis):

Three Months Ended June 30,

							- /					
				2005		2004						
		Average Balances]	Interest	Average Yield/Rate		Average Balances		Interest	Average Yield/Rate		
					(Dollars in	The	ousands)					
Earning Assets:												
Federal Funds Sold & Due From Time	\$	4,891	\$	36	2.95%	\$	31,177	\$	75	0.96%		
Investment Securities (Taxable)		208,367		1,914	3.67%		190,212		1,778	3.76%		
Investment Securities (Tax-exempt)		8,458		110	5.20%		6,760		88	5.26%		
Loans, Net of Unearned Discount (1)	_	723,535		12,356	6.85%		642,935		9,391	5.87%		
Total Earning Assets		945,251		14,416	6.12%		871,084		11,332	5.23%		
Non-interest Earning Assets:												
Cash and Due From Banks		30,139					28,813					
Other Assets		42,973					35,256					
Allowance for Loan Losses	_	(10,683)					(9,323)					
Total Assets	\$	1,007,680				\$	925,830					
Interest-Bearing Liabilities:												
Interest-Bearing Transaction												
Accounts and Money Market Funds	\$	231,313		797	1.38%	\$	238,697		637	1.07%		
Savings		162,065		704	1.74%		143,322		408	1.15%		
Certificates of Deposit under \$100,000												
and IRA s		78,105		522	2.68%		68,459		366	2.15%		
Certificates of Deposit \$100,000 or more		87,272		628	2.89%		71,019		424	2.40%		
Other Time		150		1	2.67%		316		2	2.87%		
Other Borrowings	_	128,684		1,004	3.13%		121,193		437	1.45%		
Total Interest-Bearing Liabilities		687,589		3,656	2.13%		643,006		2,274	1.42%		
Non-interest Bearing Liabilities:												
Demand Deposits		239,127					207,815					
Other Liabilities		4,389					4,426					
Shareholders Equity		76,575					70,583					
Total Liabilities and Shareholders Equity	\$	1,007,680				\$	925,830					
Net Interest Income and Margin												
(Tax-equivalent Basis)(2)			\$	10,760	4.57%			\$	9,058	4.18%		

⁽¹⁾ Loan interest income includes fees and loan volumes include loans on non-accrual. The loan fees include loan origination fees which are considered adjustments to interest income. These fees aggregated \$446,000 and \$400,000 at June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Related loan origination costs are not separately allocated to loans, but are charged to non-interest expense. For the purpose of calculating loan yields,

average loan balances include non-accrual loans with no related interest income.

(2) Presented on tax equivalent basis using a federal income tax rate of 34% both years.

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Summary of Earning Assets and Interest-Bearing Liabilities (cont d.)

The net interest margin was 4.57% for the second quarter of 2005, which represented an increase of 39 basis points from the second quarter of 2004. This increase in net interest margin reflected an 89 basis point increase in yield on earning assets from the second quarter of 2004 to the second quarter of 2005, which was partially offset by a 71 basis point increase in rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities from the second quarter of 2004 to the second quarter of 2005. The increase in net interest margin also reflected an increase in the volume of loans, up \$80.6 million, or 12.5%, over the second quarter of 2004 and increases in non-interest bearing funding sources, such as demand deposits and shareholders equity. Average demand deposits were \$239.1 million in the second quarter of 2005, an increase of \$31.3 million, or 15.1%, over the second quarter of 2004.

The following schedule presents average balance sheets that highlight earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and their related rates earned and paid for the first six months of 2005 and 2004 (rates on tax equivalent basis):

Siv	M	onthe	Ended	d Inne	30

			2005		2004						
	Average Balances		Interest	Average Yield/Rate		Average Salances	Interest		Average Yield/Rate		
				(Dollars	in Tl	nousands)					
Earning Assets:											
Federal Funds Sold & Due From Time	\$ 5,042	\$	67	2.68%	\$	18,300	\$	88	0.96%		
Investment Securities (Taxable)	210,249		3,840	3.65%		185,701		3,496	3.77%		
Investment Securities (Tax-exempt)	8,235		216	5.25%		6,779		178	5.27%		
Loans, Net of Unearned Discount ⁽¹⁾	715,265	_	23,702	6.68%		608,398	_	17,805	5.89%		
Total Earning Assets	938,791		27,825	5.98%		819,178		21,567	5.29%		
Non-interest Earning Assets:											
Cash and Due From Banks	30,099					26,975					
Other Assets	42,073					29,417					
Allowance for Loan Losses	(10,506)					(8,651)					
Total Assets	\$ 1,000,457				\$	866,919					
Interest-Bearing Liabilities:											
Interest-Bearing Transaction											
Accounts and Money Market Funds	\$ 233,490		1.514	1.31%	\$	217,810		1,155	1.07%		
Savings	165,188		1,340	1.64%	-	137,301		793	1.16%		
Certificates of Deposit under \$100,000 and			-,	2101,1		,		,,,,			
IRA s	76,082		971	2.57%		65,254		711	2.19%		
Certificates of Deposit \$100,000 or more	84,466		1,157	2.76%		67,402		815	2.43%		
Other Time	150		2	2.69%		316		4	2.84%		
Other Borrowings	128,430		1,812	2.85%		111,271		712	1.29%		
Total Interest-Bearing Liabilities	687,806		6,796	1.99%		599,354		4,190	1.41%		
Non-interest Bearing Liabilities:											
Demand Deposits	232,361					193,605					
Other Liabilities	4,199					3,610					
Shareholders Equity	76,091					70,350					
Total Liabilities and Shareholders Equity	\$ 1,000,457				\$	866,919					
		\$	21,029	4.52%			\$	17,377	4.27%		

Net Interest Income and Margin (Tax-equivalent Basis)⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Loan interest income includes fees and loan volumes include loans on non-accrual. The loan fees include loan origination fees which are considered adjustments to interest income. These fees aggregated \$836,000 and \$734,000 at June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Related loan origination costs are not separately allocated to loans, but are charged to non-interest expense. For the purpose of calculating loan yields, average loan balances include non-accrual loans with no related interest income.

⁽²⁾ Presented on tax equivalent basis using a federal income tax rate of 34% both years.

The net interest margin was 4.52% for the six months ended June 30, 2005 which represented a 25 basis point increase over the net interest margin of 4.27% for the six months ended June 30, 2004. The increase in net interest margin reflected a 69 basis point increase in yield on earning assets from the first six months of 2004 to the first six months of 2005, which was partially offset by a 58 basis point increase in rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities from the first six months of 2004 to the first six months of 2005. The increase in net interest margin also reflected an increase in the volume of loans, up \$106.9 million, or 17.6%, over the first six months of 2004 and increases in non-interest bearing funding sources, such as, demand deposits and shareholders equity. Average demand deposits were \$232.4 million in the first half of 2005, an increase of \$38.8 million, or 20.0%, over the first half of 2004.

In the event that our average loans continue to grow during the second half of 2005 and we are unable to fund such growth solely through the generation of additional deposits, we may be required to obtain funding from secondary sources, such as the Federal Home Loan Bank or brokered deposits, which could have a material negative impact on our net interest margin. In this event, we may experience a slower growth in net interest margin during the second half of 2005 as a result of any such borrowings, but expect to benefit as our investment portfolio and maturing fixed rate loans reprice at higher rates. Because of the composition of our balance sheet and our emphasis on commercial lending, we are market interest rate sensitive and expect to benefit from any market interest rate increases, assuming deposit interest rates do not increase significantly faster than interest rates on earning assets.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income (tax equivalent) for the second quarter of 2005 was \$10,760,000, which represented an increase of \$1,702,000, or 18.8%, compared to the second quarter of 2004. In the second quarter of 2005, tax equivalent interest income increased \$3,084,000, or 27.2%, while interest expense increased \$1,382,000, or 60.8%, compared to the second quarter of 2004. The increase in net interest income resulted from a 8.5% increase in average earning assets for the second quarter of 2005 compared to the second quarter of 2004, along with a 225 basis point increase in market interest rates (as measured by average market rates published in the *Wall Street Journal*) from June 2004 through June 2005.

Net interest income (tax equivalent) for the first six months of 2005 was \$21,029,000, which represented an increase of \$3,652,000, or 21.0%, compared to the first six months of 2004. In the first half of 2005, tax equivalent interest income increased \$6,258,000, or 29.0%, while interest expense increased \$2,606,000, or 62.2% compared to the first half of 2004. The increase in net interest income reflected a 14.6% increase in average earning assets for the first six months of 2005 compared to the first six months of 2004.

The table below summarizes the effects of changes in interest rates and average volumes of earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities on net interest income (tax equivalent) for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004. Non-accruing loans have been included in assets for these computations, thereby reducing yields on total loans. For purposes of this table, changes attributable to both rate and volume which cannot be segregated have been allocated to rate.

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET INTEREST INCOME (Dollars in Thousands)

2nd Qtr. 2005 vs. 2nd Qtr. 2004
Increase (Decrease)
Due to Changes in:

Six Months 2005 vs. Six Months 2004 Increase (Decrease) Due to Changes in:

							_					
	Volu	ıme		Rate	_	Total	_	Volume		Rate		Total
Interest Earning Assets:												
Federal Funds Sold	\$	(63)	\$	24	\$	(39)	\$	(64)	\$	43	\$	(21)
Investment Securities (Taxable)		170		(34)		136		462		(118)		344
Investment Securities (Tax-exempt)		23		(1)		22		38		-0-		38
Loans, Net of Unearned Discount		1,181		1,784		2,965		3,119		2,778		5,897
									_		_	
Total Interest Income		1,311		1,773		3,084		3,555		2,703		6,258
			_		_		_		_		_	
Interest-Bearing Liabilities:												
Deposits		180		635		815		562		944		1,506
Other Borrowings		27		540		567		109		991		1,100
									_		_	
Total Interest Expense		207		1,175		1,382		671		1,935		2,606

Net Interest Income	\$ 1,104	\$ 598	\$ 1,702	\$ 2,884	\$	768	\$ 3,652
					_		

Non-Interest Income

The following table reflects the changes in non-interest income during the periods presented (dollars in thousands):

	Three	Mon	ths Ended Jur	ne 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,							
	 2005		2004	% Change		2005	2004		% Change			
Service Charges on Deposit Accounts	\$ 990	\$	1,078	(8.2)%	\$	1,972	\$	1,984	(0.6)%			
Non-recurring Income	-0-		-0-	-0-		134		167	(19.8)			
Other Non-interest Income	1,045		645	62.0		1,809		1,139	58.8			
Total Non-interest Income	\$ 2,035	\$	1,723	18.1%	\$	3,915	\$	3,290	19.0%			

Non-interest income for the second quarter of 2005 was \$2,035,000, which represented an increase of \$312,000, or 18.1%, over the second quarter of 2004. Non-interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2005 was \$3,915,000, which represented an increase of \$625,000, or 19.0%, over the six months ended June 30, 2004. The most significant component of non-interest income is the various charges and fees that we earn on deposit accounts and related services.

Service charges and fees on deposits were \$990,000 for the second quarter of 2005, a decrease of \$88,000, or 8.2%, from the second quarter of 2004. The decrease was largely the result of a reduction in fees earned on commercial accounts that are on account analysis. Service charges and fees on deposits were \$1,972,000 for the first six months of 2005, a slight decrease (0.6%) from the first six months of 2004. For the first six months of 2005, the decrease in revenue from commercial deposit accounts that are on account analysis was largely offset by fees from overdraft privilege services. The decrease in commercial deposit account analysis income for the second quarter of 2005 and the first half of 2005 was driven by the higher interest rate environment for the first half of 2005 compared to first half of 2004 which provided commercial customers higher credits for funds on deposit.

The non-recurring non-interest income for the first six months of 2005 resulted from an extraordinary payment from PULSE EFT as a participant in that ATM network. The non-recurring income for the same period of the prior year resulted from the gain on the sale of assets previously carried in Other Assets.

The increase in other non-interest income for the second quarter of 2005 and the first six months of 2005 as compared to the same periods last year is primarily due to increases in investment services fees, gains on the sale of student loans and trust income. There were also increases for both periods in merchant card processing income and check card fees. The increases in various components of other non-interest income were partially offset by lower levels of ATM fees.

Investment services fees were \$225,000 for the second quarter of 2005, an increase of \$144,000, or 177.8%, over the second quarter of 2004. For the first six months of 2005, investment services fees were \$332,000, an increase of \$166,000, or 100.0%, over the same period in 2004. Gains on the sale of student loans were \$183,000 and \$239,000 for the second quarter of 2005 and the first six months of 2005, respectively. There were no gains on the sale of student loans recorded in the first six months of 2004. Trust income was \$85,000 and \$155,000 for the second quarter of 2005 and the first six months of 2005, respectively. Trust income was \$35,000 for the second quarter and first six months of 2004. Trust services, a product previously offered by ANB, are now provided by the Corporation.

Non-interest Expense

The following table summarizes the changes in non-interest expense during the periods presented (dollars in thousands):

	 Tì	Months Ende June 30,	d	Six Months Ended June 30,						
	 2005	2004	% Change	2005		2004	% Change			
Salaries & Employee Benefits	\$ 4,448	\$ 3,772	17.9%	\$ 8,717	\$	7,140	22.1%			
Occupancy Expense - Net	660	552	19.6	1,264		990	27.7			
Furniture and Equipment Expense	571	565	1.1	1,169		1,060	10.3			
Other Real Estate and Foreclosed Asset										
Expense - Net	(14)	15	(193.3)	(11))	15	(173.3)			
Core Deposit Intangible Amortization	82	55	49.1	164		55	198.2			
Other Expenses:										
Business Development	311	227	37.0	559		420	33.1			
Insurance - Other	53	71	(25.4)	95		134	(29.1)			
Legal & Professional Fees	311	219	42.0	693		398	74.1			
Item Processing	100	124	(19.4)	300		271	10.7			
Taxes - Other	31	15	106.7	44		33	33.3			
Postage & Courier	111	116	(4.3)	234		217	7.8			
Printing & Supplies	111	88	26.1	218		183	19.1			
Regulatory Fees & Assessments	78	76	2.6	165		143	15.4			
Other Operating Expenses	705	455	54.9	1,199		821	46.0			
					_					
Total Other Expenses	1,811	1,391	30.2	3,507		2,620	33.9			
	 				_					
Total Non-interest Expense	\$ 7,558	\$ 6,350	19.0%	\$ 14,810	\$	11,880	24.7%			
Total Non-interest Expense	\$ 7,558	\$ 6,350	19.0%	\$ 14,810	\$	11,880	24.7			

Non-interest expenses include all expenses other than interest expense, the provision for loan losses and income tax expense. Total non-interest expense increased 19.0% in the second quarter of 2005 over the second quarter of 2004. As a percent of average assets, non-interest expenses were 3.01% in the second quarter of 2005 (annualized) and 2.76% in the same period of 2004. Total non-interest expenses for the first six months of 2005 were 24.7% higher than the first six months of 2004. The higher levels of non-interest expense were largely the result of increases in salaries and benefits, occupancy and equipment, business development expenses, and legal and professional fees.

The efficiency ratio (non-interest expenses divided by the sum of total non-interest income plus net interest income on a tax equivalent basis) was 59.07% for the second quarter of 2005 compared to 58.90% for the second quarter of 2004.

The increases in salaries and benefits during the second quarter of 2005 and the first six months of 2005 compared to the same periods in the prior year were due to salary merit increases, increases in the cost of employee benefits and costs associated with the ANB personnel. Salaries and benefits expenses attributable to the ANB personnel were \$458,000 and \$987,000 for the second quarter of 2005 and for the first six months of 2005, respectively.

Net occupancy expense increased \$108,000 and \$274,000 for the second quarter of 2005 and the first six months of 2005, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2004. The increase in occupancy expense was largely the result of opening new facilities (the Euless branch and the Hulen motor bank) in late 2004 and the addition of the ANB locations. Net occupancy expense attributable to the ANB locations was \$109,000 and \$215,000 for the second quarter of 2005 and the first six months of 2005, respectively. Net occupancy expense related to the ANB locations was \$80,000 in both the second quarter of 2004 and the first six months of 2004.

Business development expenses increased \$84,000 and \$139,000 for the second quarter of 2005 and the first six months of 2005, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2004. The increases result from higher levels of advertising and charitable contributions.

Legal and professional fees increased \$92,000 and \$295,000 for the second quarter of 2005 and the first six months of 2005, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2004. The increases primarily reflected expenses incurred in relation to compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and other corporate governance initiatives.

Allowance for Loan Losses and Non-Performing Assets

Transactions in the provision for loan losses are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	 Three Mor June	Ended		nded		
	 2005	 2004		2005		2004
Balance, Beginning of Period	\$ 10,519	\$ 8,320	\$	10,187	\$	7,784
Balance Acquired in the Arlington National Bank Acquisition	-0-	1,254		-0-		1,254
Provisions, Charged to Income	225	400		450		1,005
Loans Charged-Off	(147)	(196)		(231)		(333)
Recoveries of Loans Previously Charged-Off	201	66		392		134
· · ·	 	 			_	
Net Loans (Charged-Off) Recovered	54	(130)		161		(199)
Balance, End of Period	\$ 10,798	\$ 9,844	\$	10,798	\$	9,844

Our allowance for loan losses was \$10,798,000, or 1.50% of total loans, as of June 30, 2005 compared to \$9,844,000, or 1.46% of total loans, as of June 30, 2004. For the six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, net charge-offs (recoveries) were (0.02)% and 0.03% of loans, respectively, not annualized.

The following table summarizes the non-performing assets as of the end of the last five quarters (in thousands):

	June 30, 2005		March 31, 2005		December 31, 2004		September 30, 2004		_	June 30, 2004
Non-Accrual Loans	\$	3,372	\$	3,294	\$	2,587	\$	2,545	\$	2,832
Renegotiated Loans		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-
Other Real Estate Owned and Other Foreclosed Assets		-0-		-0-		-0-		4		369
			_		_		_		_	
Total Non-Performing Assets	\$	3,372	\$	3,294	\$	2,587	\$	2,549	\$	3,201
			_		_		_		_	
As a Percent of:										
Total Assets		0.34%)	0.33%		0.26%	,	0.25%	,	0.33%
Total Loans and Other Real Estate/ Foreclosed Assets		0.47%)	0.46%		0.37%	,	0.37%	,	0.48%
Loans Past Due 90 days or More and Still Accruing	\$	36	\$	-0-	\$	18	\$	2,300	\$	111

At June 30, 2005, the ratio of non-accrual loans to total loans was .47% and non-performing assets represented .47% of loans and other real estate owned/foreclosed assets at the same date.

As of June 30, 2005, non-accrual loans were comprised of \$1,981,000 in commercial loans, \$960,000 in real estate mortgage loans, \$337,000 in interim construction loans and \$94,000 in consumer loans.

As of June 30, 2005, there was no other real estate owned or other foreclosed assets.

The following table summarizes the relationship between non-performing loans, criticized loans and the allowance for loan losses (dollars in thousands):

	 June 30, 2005		March 31, 2005		December 31, 2004		September 30, 2004		June 30, 2004
Non-Performing Loans	\$ 3,372	\$	3,294	\$	2,587	\$	2,545	\$	2,832
Criticized Loans	35,580		38,110		35,375		40,289		34,218
Allowance for Loan Losses	10,798		10,519		10,187		10,079		9,844
Allowance for Loan Losses as a Percent of:									
Non-Performing Loans	320%	,	319%	,	394%)	396%)	348%
Criticized Loans	30%	'n	28%	,	29%)	25%	,	29%

Loans are graded on a system similar to that used by the banking industry regulators. The first level of criticized loans is Other Assets Especially Mentioned (OAEM). These loans are fundamentally sound but have potential weaknesses which may, if not corrected, weaken the asset or inadequately protect the bank s credit position at some future date. The second level is Substandard, which are loans inadequately protected by current sound net worth, paying capacity or pledged collateral of the borrower. The last level of criticized loans, before they are charged-off, is Doubtful. Doubtful loans are considered to have inherent weaknesses because collection or liquidation in full is highly questionable. In addition to the above grading system, the Corporation maintains a separate watch list which further aids the Corporation in monitoring loan quality. Watch list loans show warning elements where the present status portrays one or more deficiencies that require attention in the short run or where pertinent ratios of the account have weakened to a point where more frequent monitoring is warranted.

Total criticized loans at June 30, 2005, loans classified as OAEM, Substandard or Doubtful as noted above, have increased compared to June 30, 2004. However as a percentage of total loans, criticized loans have decreased from 5.1% as of June 30, 2004 to 4.9% as of June 30, 2005. The allowance for possible loan losses as a percentage of criticized loans has increased from 28.8% as of June 30, 2004 to 30.3% as of June 30, 2005. The Corporation remains diligent in its efforts to identify any loan that might reflect weakness of the borrower as soon as practicable. Management is not aware of any potential loan problems that have not been disclosed to which serious doubt exists as to the ability of the borrower to substantially comply with the present repayment terms and the Corporation does not anticipate any significant losses from these criticized loans.

Interest Rate Sensitivity

Interest rate sensitivity is the relationship between changes in market interest rates and net interest income due to the repricing characteristics of assets and liabilities.

The following table, commonly referred to as a static GAP report, indicates the interest rate sensitivity position at June 30, 2005 and may not be reflective of positions in subsequent periods (dollars in thousands):

		Mat	r Reprices wi			Total Rate		Repriced After				
		30 Days or Less		31-180 Days	_	181 to One Year	(Sensitive One Year or Less	No	Year or on -interest Sensitive		Total
Earning Assets:												
Loans	\$	369,182	\$	49,341	\$	50,985	\$	469,508	\$	251,653	\$	721,161
Investment Securities		11,369		9,210		18,237		38,816		175,934		214,750
Federal Funds Sold and Due From												
Time		9,750		-0-		-0-		9,750		-0-		9,750
Total Earning Assets		390,301		58,551		69,222		518,074		427,587		945,661
	_		_		_		_		_		_	
Interest Bearing Liabilities:												
Interest-Bearing Transaction Accounts												
and Savings		385,954		-0-		-0-		385,954		-0-		385,954
Certificates of Deposit under \$100,000												
and IRA s		4,001		17,529		22,637		44,167		36,190		80,357
Certificates of Deposit \$100,000 or												
More		3,437		17,786		29,649		50,872		45,663		96,535
Short Term Borrowings		48,581		5,000	<u></u>	30,000		83,581		25,000		108,581
Total Interest Bearing Liabilities		441,973		40,315		82,286		564,574		106,853		671,427
						<u> </u>			_		_	
Interest Sensitivity Gap	\$	(51,672)	\$	18,236	\$	(13,064)	\$	(46,500)	\$	320,734	\$	274,234
Cumulativa Can	\$	(51 672)	¢	(22.426)	\$	(46 500)						
Cumulative Gap	Ф	(51,672)	\$	(33,436)	Ф	(46,500)						
Periodic Gap to Total Assets		(5.12)%		1.81%		(1.30)%	,					
Cumulative Gap to Total Assets	CT.	(5.12)%		(3.32)%		(4.61)%		, .				

The preceding static GAP report reflects a cumulative liability sensitive position during the one year horizon. An inherent weakness of this report is that it ignores the relative volatility any one category may have in relation to other categories or market rates in general. For instance, the rate paid on NOW accounts typically moves slower than the three month T-Bill. Management attempts to capture this relative volatility by utilizing a simulation model with a beta factor adjustment which estimates the volatility of rate sensitive assets and/or liabilities in relation to other market rates.

Beta factors are an estimation of the long term, multiple interest rate environment relation between an individual account and market rates in general. For instance, NOW, savings and money market accounts, which are repriceable within 30 days, will have considerably lower beta factors than variable rate loans and most investment categories. Taking this into consideration, it is quite possible for a bank with a negative cumulative GAP to total asset ratio to have a positive beta adjusted GAP risk position. As a result of applying the beta factors established by management to the earning assets and interest bearing liabilities in the static gap report via a simulation model, the negative cumulative GAP to total assets ratio at one year of (4.61%) was reversed to a positive 28.26% beta adjusted GAP position. Management feels that the beta adjusted GAP risk technique more accurately reflects the Corporation s GAP position.

Capital

At June 30, 2005, shareholders equity totaled \$77.6 million, an increase of \$3.1 million, or 4.2%, compared to December 31, 2004, and an increase of \$8.9 million, or 12.9%, compared to June 30, 2004. These increases are primarily due to net income exceeding the amount of dividends paid, the change in the unrealized loss on available for sale securities and the repurchases of outstanding shares of our Common Stock. On April 19, 2005, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to 620,467 shares of our Common Stock over the twelve-month period beginning April 19, 2005. During the first six months of 2005, we repurchased and retired 29,300 shares of our Common Stock. Our ability to repurchase shares of Common Stock is subject to various banking laws, regulations and policies as well as rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Corporation anticipates repurchasing additional shares of its outstanding Common Stock as conditions permit.

The consolidated Corporation and the Bank are subject to capital adequacy guidelines established by the Federal Reserve Board and other regulatory authorities. The table below illustrates the consolidated Corporation s and the Bank s compliance with the capital adequacy guidelines as of June 30, 2005 and 2004 (dollars in thousands):

	June 30, 2005			June 30, 2004				
		Consolidated Corporation		Summit Bank, N.A.		e Consolidated Corporation		Summit Bank, N.A
Total Assets	\$	1,008,475	\$	1,008,057	\$	969,708	\$	969,280
Risk Weighted Assets		773,286		773,248		723,022		722,596
Equity Capital (Tier 1)		79,991		80,672		72,430		74,512
Qualifying Allowance for Loan Losses		9,680		9,680		9,048		9,042
Total Capital	\$	89,671	\$	90,352	\$	81,478	\$	89,671
Leverage Ratio Risk Capital Ratio:		7.93%)	8.10%	,	7.91%)	8.17%
Tier I Capital		10.34%)	10.43%	,	10.02%)	10.31%
Total Capital		11.60		11.68		11.27		11.56

As of June 30, 2005, the consolidated Corporation and the Bank each exceeded the risk-based capital and leverage requirements set by regulatory authorities, as applicable, and satisfied the criteria for classification as a well capitalized institution under the rules of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act of 1991.

Liquidity

Our primary internal sources of liquidity consist of the federal funds that we sell and our portfolio of marketable investment securities, particularly those with shorter maturities. Federal funds sold and investment securities maturing within 30 days represented \$11.5 million, or 1.1%, of total assets as of June 30, 2005. Additionally, our ability to sell loan participations, purchase federal funds and obtain advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank serve as secondary sources of liquidity. The Bank also has funds available to the Bank under approved federal funds lines at other banks.

Our liquidity is enhanced by the fact that 88.0% of our total deposits at June 30, 2005 were core deposits. For this purpose, core deposits are defined as total deposits less public funds, certificates of deposit greater than \$100,000 and brokered deposits. As of June 30, 2005, brokered deposits were \$198,000 or less than .1% of total deposits. Our loan to deposit ratio averaged 90.3% for the six month period ended June 30, 2005.

In the event that our average loans continue to grow during the second half of 2005 and we are unable to fund any such growth solely through the generation of additional deposits, we may be required to obtain funding from secondary sources, including purchasing federal funds, obtaining advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank or other secondary sources. In such event, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be materially negatively impacted.

Our income, which provides funds for the payment of dividends to our shareholders and for other corporate purposes, is derived from our investment in the Bank.

On May 3, 2004, the Corporation formed SBI Trust and SBI Trust subsequently issued \$12.0 million of floating rate (three month LIBOR plus a margin of 2.65%) Capital Securities (the Trust Capital Securities). Concurrent with the issuance of the Trust Capital Securities, SBI Trust issued trust common securities to the Corporation with an aggregate liquidation value of \$372,000. The proceeds of the issuance of the Trust Capital Securities and trust common securities were invested in the Corporation s Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures (the Deferrable Debentures), which mature on July 7, 2034 and have a call feature that permits the Corporation to redeem any or all of the securities after July 7, 2009. The interest rate on the Deferrable Debentures at June 30, 2005 was 5.79%. The Deferrable Debentures, which are the only asset of SBI Trust, are subordinated and junior in right of payment to all present and future senior indebtedness (as defined in the Indenture dated May 3, 2004) of the Corporation.

On September 15, 2004, we obtained a line of credit from a bank under which we may borrow \$10,000,000 at a floating rate (three month LIBOR plus a margin of 2.00%). The line of credit is secured by stock of the Bank owned by the Corporation and matures on September 15, 2005, whereupon, if balances are outstanding, the line converts to a term note with a five year term. The Corporation is not required to pay a fee for any unused portion of this line. At June 30, 2005, \$1,250,000 had been borrowed under the line. The rate on this line at June 30, 2005 was 5.19%. The purpose of the line is to provide an additional liquidity source and the current amount outstanding was used to help fund the acquisition of ANB.

Off-Balance-Sheet Arrangements, Commitments, Guarantees and Contractual Obligations

Except as set forth herein, there have been no material changes outside the ordinary course of business in our contractual obligations as set forth in Item 7: Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Off-Balance-Sheet Arrangements, Commitments, Guarantees and Contractual Obligations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004.

At June 30, 2005, outstanding documentary and standby letters of credit totaled \$6,411,000 and commitments to extend credit totaled \$195,308,000. Documentary and standby letters of credit and commitments to extend credit totaled \$6,175,000 and \$175,074,000, respectively, at December 31, 2004. The increase in commitments to extend credit reflects the continued demand for credit facilities in our market.

Related Party Transactions

The Bank has made transactions in the ordinary course of business with certain of its and the Corporation s officers, directors and their affiliates. All loans included in such transactions were made on substantially the same terms, including interest rate and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with unrelated parties and all loans are current as to principal and interest payments. Total loans outstanding to such related parties amounted to approximately \$11,254,000 at June 30, 2005 and \$8,537,000 at December 31, 2004.

Subsequent Events

On July 20, 2005, the Board of Directors of the Corporation approved a quarterly dividend of \$.07 per share to be paid on August 15, 2005 to shareholders of record on August 1, 2005.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our accounting policies are fundamental to understanding management s discussion and analysis of results of operations and financial condition. We have identified our policy with respect to allowance for loan losses as critical because it requires management to make particularly difficult, subjective or complex judgments about matters that are inherently uncertain and because of the likelihood that materially different amounts would be reported under different conditions or using different assumptions. There have been no material changes in our application of this critical accounting policy since December 31, 2004. We, in consultation with our Audit Committee of the Board of Directors, have reviewed and approved this critical accounting policy, which is further described under the caption Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses in Note 1 (Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies) to the Financial Statements.

Evaluations of this critical accounting policy are inherently subjective because, even though they are based on objective data, management s interpretation of the data determines the amount of the appropriate allowance. Therefore, from time to time (but at least quarterly), management reviews the actual performance and write-off history of the loan portfolio and compares that to previously determined allowance coverage percentages. In this manner, management evaluates the impact the previously mentioned variables may have had on the loan portfolio to determine what changes, if any, should be made to the assumptions and analyses. Recent analysis has indicated that projections of estimated losses inherent in the loan portfolio have approximated actual write-off experience.

Actual results could differ materially from estimates as a result of changes in economic or market conditions and other factors. Changes in our evaluations and the assumptions underlying these evaluations could result in a material change in the allowance. While we believe that the allowance for loan losses has been established and maintained at levels adequate to reflect the risks inherent in the loan portfolio, future increases may be necessary if economic or market conditions and other factors differ substantially from the conditions that existed at the time of the initial determination.

Factors That May Affect Future Results

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements concerning the business, results of operations and financial condition of the Corporation and our subsidiaries. The forward-looking statements are based upon management s current expectations and assumptions about future events. Such expectations and assumptions have been expressed in good faith, and management believes that there is a

reasonable basis for them.

A number of risks and uncertainties could cause our actual results to differ materially from the results described in the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. These risks and uncertainties include, without limitation:

Changes in, or the effects of, competition for our products and services;

Our ability to effectively manage interest rate risk and other market, credit and operation risks;

Changes in the financial condition of the Corporation s borrowers;

Our ability to develop competitive new products and services in a timely manner and the acceptance of such products and services by our customers and potential customers;

The costs and effects of litigation involving us and of unexpected or adverse outcomes in such litigation;

Our ability to successfully integrate, and to achieve anticipated cost savings and revenue enhancements with respect to, acquired businesses and operations;

Our ability to attract and retain key employees;

Changes in general local, regional and international economic conditions;

Changes in, or the effects of, trade, monetary and fiscal policies, laws and regulations, including interest rate policies, of the Federal Reserve Board and other regulatory authorities;

Changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted by regulatory agencies, the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board or the Financial Accounting Standards Board;

Changes in consumer and business spending, borrowing and saving habits;

Changes in laws, regulations and policies applicable to us;

Technological changes; and

Political instability and acts of war or terrorism.

Item 3 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure about Market Risk

There have been no material changes in market risks faced by the Corporation since December 31, 2004. For more information regarding quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk, please refer to the Corporation s Annual Report on Form 10-K as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, and in particular, Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity of that Form 10-K.

Item 4 Controls and Procedures

The Corporation s management, including the Corporation s principal executive officer and principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Corporation s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the Corporation s fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2005. Based on that evaluation, the Corporation s principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Corporation s disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the Corporation s fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2005.

There were no changes in the Corporation s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Corporation s fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2005 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation s internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Not applicable

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On April 19, 2005, the Board of Directors of the Corporation approved a stock repurchase plan (the 2005 Repurchase Plan) authorizing the Corporation to purchase up to 620,467 shares of our Common Stock over the twelve-month period beginning April 19, 2005 through open market purchases or in privately negotiated transactions in accordance with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations. During the first six months of 2005, we repurchased and retired 29,300 shares of our Common Stock. The Corporation did not purchase any shares of its common stock pursuant to the 2005 Repurchase Plan during the second quarter of 2005. Our ability to repurchase shares of Common Stock is subject to various banking laws, regulations and policies as well as rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Corporation anticipates repurchasing additional shares of its outstanding Common Stock as conditions permit.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

At the Corporation s 2005 Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on April 19, 2005, the shareholders of the Corporation elected the following directors, constituting the entire Board of Directors of the Corporation, to serve terms expiring at the Corporation s 2006 Annual Meeting of Shareholders:

	For	Withheld	Abstain
Robert P. Evans	9,734,338	342,611	
Elliot S. Garsek	8,313,395	1,763,554	
Ronald J. Goldman	9,732,038	344,911	
F.S. Gunn	9,571,170	505,779	
Robert L. Herchert	9,732,038	344,911	
Jay J. Lesok	9,738,738	338,211	
William W. Meadows	7,786,375	2,290,574	
James Murray	9,571,170	505,779	
Phillip E. Norwood	9,728,838	348,111	
Byron B. Searcy	9,696,612	380,337	
Roderick D. Stepp	9,738,738	338,211	

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable

Item 6. Exhibits

- 3.1 Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation (incorporated herein by Reference to Exhibit 3(a) to the Corporation s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998)
- 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Corporation (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(b) to the Corporation s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002)
- 3.3 Amendment to the Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Corporation adopted by resolution of the Board of Directors of the Corporation (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Corporation s Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 22, 2005)

- 4.1 Rights Agreement, dated April 17, 1990, by and between the Corporation and Summit Bancservices, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 1 to the Corporation s Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 18, 1990 filed on April 24, 1990)
- 4.2 Amendment No. 1 to Rights Agreement, effective as of April 16, 2000, by and between the Corporation and Summit Bancservices, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(b) to the Corporation s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2000)
- 4.3 Junior Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture Agreement dated May 3, 2004 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(a) to the Corporation s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2004)
- 4.4 Junior Subordinated Debt Securities Due 2034 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(b) to the Corporation s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2004)
- 11 Computation of Earnings Per Common Share
- 31.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer of Summit Bancshares, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer of Summit Bancshares, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- 32.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer of Summit Bancshares, Inc. pursuant to Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer of Summit Bancshares, Inc. pursuant to Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 9, 2005

By: /s/ Philip E. Norwood

Philip E. Norwood, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Bob G. Scott

Bob G. SCOTT, Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

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(Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit	Description
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Net Deferred Tax Benefit (Expense)

\$- \$-

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CALIBRUS, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10 Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases

The Company leased office space in Tempe, Arizona, under a five (5) year operating lease agreement which expired in 2010, at a rate of approximately \$30,000 per month. During the year ended December 31, 2010 the Company signed a five year extension on its leased facility and reduced the rentable square feet from 13,295 to 7,767. As a result of this extension the Company decreased the monthly rent from approximately \$30,000 per month to \$12,000 per month.

The Company leased office equipment under an operating lease agreement expiring through June 2011, at the rate of approximately \$754 per month. In August 2011, the Company signed another operating lease agreement for office equipment at the rate of approximately \$411 per month, expiring in July of 2016.

The Company also leases, on a month to month basis, other various office equipment.

Total rent expense under the aforementioned operating leases was approximately \$156,847 and \$155,061 for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

A schedule of future minimum lease payments is as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31,	Amount	
2013	147,337	
2014	149,159	
2015	126,387	
2016	2,880	
	\$ 425,763	

Employment Agreements

Calibrus has agreements with all officers and those employees identified herein as key employees. All of our agreements contain language assigning all inventions over to Calibrus, and also contain non-compete agreements. Additionally, on termination, if not for cause and Calibrus is cash flow and earnings positive, our officers and key employees will receive up to three months salary as severance. On a change of control of Calibrus, which results in termination of the officer or key employee and Calibrus is cash flow positive and has positive earnings per share at the time of the change of control, the officer or key employee will receive three months salary as severance based on the officers or employees' current salary. Employment contracts are entered into for two, three or four year periods with automatic two, three or four one year extensions depending on the officer or key employee. Except for terms and salary, all of our employment contracts contain the same material terms. A summary of the officers' employment contracts are below:

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CALIBRUS, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10 Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

During the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, each of the employees listed above took salary decreases due to limited cash flow in the Company. Each of the employees has agreed to waive the unpaid amounts per their respective employment agreements. In September of 2012, the Company reinstated a portion of the salary decreases of the above individuals.

Indemnification Agreements

The Company has agreed to indemnify its officers and directors for certain events or occurrences arising as a result of the officer or director serving in such capacity. The term of the indemnification period is for the officer's or director's lifetime. The maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make under these indemnification agreements is unlimited. As a result of no current or expected litigation, the Company believes the estimated fair value of these indemnification agreements is minimal and has no liabilities recorded for these agreements as of December 31, 2012 and 2011.

Note 11 Stockholders' Equity

Warrants

At December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company had 959,088 and 1,026,588, respectively, warrants to purchase common stock. The warrants are convertible into one share of common stock at a prices ranging between \$.325 and \$1.95 per share. As of December 31, 2012, 951,588 of the 959,088 were exercisable. As of December 31, 2011, 1,014,088 of the 1,026,588 were exercisable.

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company extended the maturity dates of 125,000 warrants, which were set to expire on November 12, 2012, to May 31, 2013, and 42,500 warrants, which were set to expire on December 31, 2012, to June 30, 2013. The Company recognized a total of \$10 of expense related to the extension.

On June 25, 2012, a former convertible debenture holder exercised 50,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$.325 per share.

On September 26, 2012, a former convertible debenture holder exercised 12,500 warrants at an exercise price of \$.325 per share.

Weighted
Average Aggregate
Number of Weighted Remaining Intrinsic

Average

			Contractual	
	Warrants E	Exercise Price	Term	Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	514,500 \$	0.40		
Granted	517,088	0.39		
Exercised	-	-		
Forfeited	(5,000)	1.95		
Outstanding at December 31, 2011	1,026,588	0.39		
Granted	167,500	0.33		
Exercised	(62,500)	0.33		
Forfeited	(172,500)	0.37		
Outstanding at December 31, 2012	959,088 \$	0.39	0.95 \$	-
Exercisable at December 31, 2012	951,588 \$	0.38	0.94 \$	-

CALIBRUS, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 11 Stockholders' Equity (Continued)

The fair value of each warrant valued during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 is estimated on the grant date by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	2012	2011
	12.11% -	24.85% -
Expected Volatility	14.74%	24.90%
	0.11% -	0.89% -
Risk-free interest rate	0.13%	0.25%
Expected dividends	-	-
Expected life	6 months	2 - 3 Years
	0.00 -	0.00 -
Fair value	\$\$0.00	\$\$0.15

A summary of the status of the Company's non-exercisable warrants as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 and changes during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 is presented below:

	We	ighted-Averaş Grant-Date	Weighted Average ge Remaining Contractual Term (in	Aggregate Intrinsic
Warrants		Fair Value	years)	Value
505,000	\$	0.05		
517,088		0.01		
(1,004,588)	0.03		
(5,000)	0.05		
12,500		0.05		
-		-		
-		-		
(5,000)	0.05		
7,500	\$	0.05	0.94	\$ -
	505,000 517,088 (1,004,588 (5,000 12,500 - (5,000	Warrants 505,000 \$ 517,088 (1,004,588) (5,000)	Grant-Date Warrants Fair Value 505,000 \$ 0.05 517,088 0.01 (1,004,588) 0.03 (5,000) 0.05 12,500 0.05 (5,000) 0.05	Weighted-Average Remaining Grant-Date Warrants 505,000 \$ 0.05 517,088 0.01 (1,004,588) 0.03 (5,000) 0.05 (5,000) 0.05

On October 31, 2011 the Company revalued a total of 770,000 warrants related to its convertible debenture which became exercisable upon conversion. The weighted average fair value of the warrants at the time of valuation was \$.14.

Options

The Company had adopted two Stock Option Plans, the 2001 Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan and the 2001 Incentive Stock Option Plan. During the year ended December 31, 2010 the Company increased the number of options available for grant under the 2001 Incentive Stock Option Plan by 550,000 options. Under the 2001 Non-Qualified Plan, the Company may have granted options for up to 2,850,000 shares of common stock. The maximum term of the options is five years, and they vested at various times according to the Option Agreements. Under the 2001 Incentive Stock Option Plan, the Company may have granted options for up to 2,000,000 shares of common stock. The maximum term of the options is five years and they vested at various times according to the Option Agreements. Both of the above mentioned plans have expired and no further options are available for grant.

In July 2012 the Board of Directors adopted the 2012 Stock Option and Restricted Stock Plan and the shareholders approved it in August 2012. Under such Plan, the Company has 3,000,000 shares available for future grants. The Company has made no grants under the Plan.

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CALIBRUS, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 11 Stockholders' Equity (Continued)

The following is a table of activity for all options granted under these Plans during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011:

			Weighted Average	
		Weighted	Remaining	Aggregate
	Number of	Average	Contractual Term (in	Intrinsic
	Options	Exercise Price	years)	Value
Options outstanding at December 31,				
2010	2,512,499	1.08		
Granted	500,000	0.25		
Exercised	500,000	-		
Forfeited	(268,332)	1.52		
Options outstanding at December 31, 2011	2,744,167	0.89		
2011	2,744,107	0.07		
Granted	-	-		
Exercised	-	-		
Forfeited	(145,833)	1.41		
Options outstanding at December 31,				
2012	2,598,334	\$ 0.86	2.15	\$ -
Options exercisable at December 31, 2012	2,598,334	\$ 0.86	2.15	\$ -

During the year ended December 31, 2011 the Company issued 500,000 options to members of its Advisory Board. The total fair value of options vested during the year ended December 31, 2011 was \$20,816 and included \$4,319 of expense related to 50,000 options granted in 2010 that vested during 2011.

The fair value of each option granted is estimated on the grant date by using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions during the year ended December 31, 2012 and 2011:

	2012	2011
Expected Volatility	-	26.65%
Risk-free interest rate	-	0.36%
Expected dividends	-	-
Expected life	-	3 years

Value per option - \$0.03

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CALIBRUS, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 12 Litigation

On September 13, 2010, a former employee filed a lawsuit in the Superior Court of the State of Arizona, in and for the County of Maricopa (Case No. CV2010-027027) against the Company. The complaint was hand-written and did not itemize the specific legal claims, but could include (1) discrimination (no statute identified), (2) failure to pay minimum wage or overtime (no statute identified), (3) retaliation, (4) assault, and (5) intentional infliction of emotional distress. On May 22, 2011 the suit was dismissed with prejudice.

On October 26, 2012 the Company received notice of a complaint filed in the Superior Court of Maricopa County, Case No. CV2012-015263 by CHBS for breach of contract of the CHBS Note. The complaint seeks repayment of the \$150,000 principal balance, interest in the amount of \$6,879 calculated at the rate of 18% from April 26, 2012 through September 15, 2012, and default interest calculated at the rate of 30% from September 16, 2012 through the date of payment and all costs and attorneys fees CHBS incurs as a result of failure to pay by the maturity date and event of default. The suit has been suspended by the plaintiff while the Company seeks an alternative buyer for its TPV Business.

On October 26, 2012 the Company received notice of a complaint filed in the Superior Court of Maricopa County, Case No. CV2012-015308 by the individual for breach of contract of Individual Note. The complaint seeks repayment of the \$250,000 principal balance, interest in the amount of \$11,343 calculated at the rate of 18% from April 26, 2012 through September 15, 2012, and default interest calculated at the rate of 30% from September 16, 2012 through the date of payment and all costs and attorneys fees the individual incurs as a result of failure to pay by the maturity date and event of default. The suit has been suspended by the plaintiff while the Company seeks an alternative buyer for its TPV Business.

Note 13 Held-for-Sale Disclosures and Financial Statement Presentation

The Company classifies operations as held for sale when the sale is probable within one year and the operation is available for sale in its present condition. In connection with the signing of the Asset Purchase Agreement between Calibrus, Inc. and Calibrus Hosted Business Solutions, LLC on June 15, 2012, which was scheduled to close on August 31, 2012 and would have resulted in the disposition of all of its assets related to the Third Party Verification ("TPV") Business, the Company has classified those assets as held-for-sale and has made the following disclosures and classifications in the presentation of its financial statements. On September 7, 2012 the Company received notice that Calibrus Hosted Business Solutions terminated the asset purchase agreement and the sale transaction did not close. The Company is in the process of seeking alternative buyers for the TPV Business. The Company is currently in discussions with an interested party and believes that a sale of the TPV Business will occur within one year.

The assets classified as held-for-sale are as follows:

	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Property and equipment, net	\$15,241	\$30,762
Deposits	-	27,599
Total assets held-for-sale	\$15,241	\$58,361

CALIBRUS, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 13 Held-for-Sale Disclosures and Financial Statement Presentation

The Company has presented the TPV business statements of operations as discontinued operations. The results of discontinued operations related to the TPV business included in the accompanying statement of operations for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

	For the	For the
	Year	Year
	Ended	Ended
	December	December
	31, 2012	31, 2011
Revenue	\$3,415,147	\$3,563,265
Cost of revenue	1,315,683	1,293,801
Gross profit	2,099,464	2,269,464
Operating expenses	660,834	616,532
Income from discontinued operations	\$1,438,630	\$1,652,932

Note 14 Related Parties

As of December 31, 2012 the Company owed a total of approximately \$15,900 to officers of the company related to unpaid Company expenses. These are in addition to the amounts owed at December 31, 2012 and 2011 discussed in Notes 5 and 6.

Note 15 Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events from the balance sheet date through the date the financial statements were issued, and determined there are no additional events that require disclosure other than listed below.

Effective April 22, 2013, Christian J. Hoffmann III resigned as a member of the Board of Directors of the Company.