

ATLAS PIPELINE PARTNERS LP
Form 10-Q
May 07, 2010
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2010

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 1-4998

ATLAS PIPELINE PARTNERS, L.P.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

23-3011077
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

1550 Coraopolis Heights Road

Moon Township, Pennsylvania
(Address of principal executive office)

15108
(Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (412) 262-2830

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

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Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer x
Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No x

The number of common units of the registrant outstanding on May 4, 2010 was 53,211,498.

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ATLAS PIPELINE PARTNERS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 159	\$ 1,021
Accounts receivable	69,853	100,721
Current portion of derivative asset	635	998
Prepaid expenses and other	15,586	15,404
Total current assets	86,233	118,144
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,679,472	1,684,384
Intangible assets, net	161,702	168,091
Investment in joint venture	130,461	132,990
Long-term portion of derivative asset		361
Other assets, net	32,689	33,993
	\$ 2,090,557	\$ 2,137,963
LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS CAPITAL		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 590	\$
Accounts payable affiliates	5,012	2,043
Accounts payable	12,080	22,928
Accrued liabilities	16,431	14,348
Accrued interest payable	16,556	9,652
Current portion of derivative liability	13,311	33,547
Accrued producer liabilities	65,621	66,211
Total current liabilities	129,601	148,729
Long-term portion of derivative liability	7,893	11,126
Long-term debt, less current portion	1,202,808	1,254,183
Other long-term liability	355	398
Commitments and contingencies		
Partners capital:		
Class B preferred limited partner s interest	14,955	14,955
Common limited partners interests	803,839	787,834

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Investment in Class B cumulative preferred member units of Atlas Pipeline Holdings II, LLC (reported as treasury units)	(15,000)	(15,000)
General partner's interest	15,864	15,853
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(38,472)	(49,190)
	781,186	754,452
Non-controlling interest	(31,286)	(30,925)
Total partners' capital	749,900	723,527
	\$ 2,090,557	\$ 2,137,963

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**ATLAS PIPELINE PARTNERS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

(in thousands, except per unit data)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Revenue:		
Natural gas and liquids	\$ 260,949	\$ 144,133
Transportation, compression, processing and other fees affiliates	176	10,068
Transportation, compression, processing and other fees third parties	14,079	14,891
Equity income in joint venture	1,462	
Other income, net	6,569	5,149
Total revenue and other income, net	283,235	174,241
Costs and expenses:		
Natural gas and liquids	206,663	134,745
Plant operating	15,534	13,823
Transportation and compression	189	3,331
General and administrative	9,419	10,303
Compensation reimbursement affiliates	375	375
Depreciation and amortization	22,746	22,668
Interest	26,431	21,108
Total costs and expenses	281,357	206,353
Income (loss) from continuing operations	1,878	(32,112)
Income from discontinued operations		8,876
Net income (loss)	1,878	(23,236)
Income attributable to non-controlling interests	(1,317)	(469)
Preferred unit dividends		(900)
Net income (loss) attributable to common limited partners and the general partner	\$ 561	\$ (24,605)

Table of Contents**Allocation of net income (loss) attributable to common limited partners and the general partner:****Common limited partners' interest:**

Continuing operations	\$ 550	\$ (32,808)
Discontinued operations		8,698
	550	(24,110)

General Partner's interest:

Continuing operations	11	(673)
Discontinued operations		178
	11	(495)

Net income (loss) attributable to common limited partners and the General Partner:

Continuing operations	561	(33,481)
Discontinued operations		8,876
	561	\$ (24,605)

Net income (loss) attributable to common limited partners per unit:**Basic:**

Continuing operations	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.71)
Discontinued operations		0.19
	0.01	\$ (0.52)

Diluted:

Continuing operations	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.71)
Discontinued operations		0.19
	0.01	\$ (0.52)

Weighted average common limited partner units outstanding:

Basic	52,849	45,971
Diluted	52,950	45,971

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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ATLAS PIPELINE PARTNERS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PARTNERS' CAPITAL
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010

(in thousands, except unit data)

(Unaudited)

	Number of Limited Partner Units		Class B Preferred Limited Partner			Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)	Class B Preferred Units of Atlas Pipeline Holdings II, LLC	Non-controlling Interest	Partners Capital
	Class B Preferred	Common	Class B Preferred Limited Partner	Common Limited Partners	General Partner				
Balance at January 1, 2010	15,000	50,517,103	\$ 14,955	\$ 787,834	\$ 15,853	\$ (49,190)	\$ (15,000)	\$ (30,925)	\$ 723,527
Issuance of common units		2,689,765		15,332					15,332
Distributions to non-controlling interests								(1,678)	(1,678)
Issuance of units under incentive plans		2,866		123					123
Other comprehensive income						10,718			10,718
Net income				550	11			1,317	1,878
Balance at March 31, 2010	15,000	53,209,734	\$ 14,955	\$ 803,839	\$ 15,864	\$ (38,472)	\$ (15,000)	\$ (31,286)	\$ 749,900

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**ATLAS PIPELINE PARTNERS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(in thousands)****(Unaudited)**

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,878	\$ (23,236)
Less: Income from discontinued operations		8,876
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	1,878	(32,112)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	22,746	22,668
Equity income in joint venture	(1,462)	
Distributions received from joint venture	3,991	
Non-cash compensation expense (income)	123	(93)
Amortization of deferred finance costs	1,623	1,017
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and other	30,686	26,228
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(3,025)	(23,210)
Derivative accounts payable and receivable	(12,027)	43,885
Accounts payable and accounts receivable affiliates	2,969	12,937
Net cash provided by continuing operations	47,502	51,320
Net cash provided by discontinued operations		12,411
Net cash provided by operations	47,502	63,731
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital expenditures	(10,914)	(72,196)
Other	(319)	(159)
Net cash used in continuing investing activities	(11,233)	(72,355)
Net cash used in discontinued investing activities		(651)
Net cash used in investing activities	(11,233)	(73,006)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Borrowings under credit facility	137,000	158,000
Repayments under credit facility	(183,000)	(136,000)
Repayment of debt	(7,661)	
Principal payments on capital lease	(94)	
Net proceeds from issuance of common limited partner units	15,332	
Net proceeds from issuance of Class B preferred limited partner units		4,961
General partner capital contributions		308
Distributions paid to common limited partners, the general partner and preferred limited partners		(18,153)
Net distributions to non-controlling interest holders	(1,678)	710
Other	2,970	(159)

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Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(37,131)	9,667
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(862)	392
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,021	1,445
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 159	\$ 1,837

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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ATLAS PIPELINE PARTNERS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Atlas Pipeline Partners, L.P. (the Partnership) is a publicly-traded (NYSE: APL) Delaware limited partnership engaged in the gathering and processing of natural gas. The Partnership's operations are conducted through subsidiary entities whose equity interests are owned by Atlas Pipeline Operating Partnership, L.P. (the Operating Partnership), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Partnership. Atlas Pipeline Partners GP, LLC (the General Partner), through its general partner interests in the Partnership and the Operating Partnership, owns a 1.9% general partner interest in the consolidated pipeline operations, through which it manages and effectively controls both the Partnership and the Operating Partnership. The remaining 98.1% ownership interest in the consolidated pipeline operations consists of limited partner interests. The General Partner also owns 5,754,253 common limited partner units in the Partnership and 15,000 \$1,000 par value Class B preferred limited partner units. At March 31, 2010, the Partnership had 53,209,734 common limited partnership units outstanding, including the 5,754,253 common units held by the General Partner, plus the 15,000 \$1,000 par value Class B preferred units held by the General Partner.

On March 31, 2010, the Partnership's partnership agreement was amended to provide a temporary waiver of a capital contribution required for the General Partner to maintain its 2.0% general partner interest in the Partnership, relative to the January 2010 issuance of common units for warrants exercised. The General Partner will not be required to make such capital contribution until it has received aggregate distributions from the Partnership, beginning with the first quarter of 2010, sufficient to fund the required capital contribution. During this waiver period the General Partner's general partner interest will be reduced by approximately 0.1% (see Note 5).

The General Partner is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Atlas Pipeline Holdings, L.P. (AHD), a publicly-traded partnership (NYSE: AHD). Atlas Energy, Inc. and its affiliates (Atlas Energy), a publicly-traded company (NASDAQ: ATLS), at March 31, 2010, owned a 64.3% ownership interest in AHD's common units and 1,112,000 of the Partnership's common limited partnership units, representing a 2.1% ownership interest in the Partnership.

The majority of the natural gas that the Partnership and its affiliates, including Laurel Mountain Midstream, LLC (Laurel Mountain), gather in Appalachia is derived from wells operated by Atlas Energy. Laurel Mountain, which was formed in May 2009, is a joint venture between the Partnership and The Williams Companies, Inc. (NYSE: WMB) (Williams) in which the Partnership has a 49% ownership interest and Williams holds the remaining 51% ownership interest.

The Partnership has adjusted its consolidated financial statements and related footnote disclosures presented within this Form 10-Q from the amounts previously presented to reflect the following items:

In May 2009, the Partnership completed the sale of its NOARK gas gathering and interstate pipeline system (NOARK) (see Note 4). The Partnership has retrospectively adjusted its prior period consolidated financial statements to reflect the amounts related to the operations of NOARK as discontinued operations; and

On January 1, 2010, the Partnership reclassified a portion of its income, within its consolidated statements of operations, to Transportation, Compression, Processing and Other Fees for fee-based revenues which were previously reported within Natural Gas and Liquids. This reclassification was made in order to provide clarity between the revenue that is commodity based and the revenue that is fee-based.

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements, which are unaudited except that the balance sheet at December 31, 2009 is derived from audited financial statements, are presented in accordance with the requirements of Form 10-Q and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim reporting. They do not include all disclosures normally made in financial statements contained in Form 10-K. In management's opinion, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the Partnership's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods disclosed have been made. These interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto presented in the Partnership's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. The results of operations for the three month period ended March 31, 2010 may not necessarily be indicative of the results of operations for the full year ending December 31, 2010. Certain amounts in the prior year's consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In addition to matters discussed further within this note, a more thorough discussion of the Partnership's significant accounting policies is included in its audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Principles of Consolidation and Non-Controlling Interest

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Partnership, the Operating Partnership and the Operating Partnership's wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries. The General Partner's interest in the Operating Partnership is reported as part of its overall 1.9% general partner interest in the Partnership. All material intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

The Partnership's consolidated financial statements also include its 95% ownership interest in joint ventures which individually own a 100% ownership interest in the Chaney Dell natural gas gathering system and processing plants and a 72.8% undivided interest in the Midkiff/Benedum natural gas gathering system and processing plants. The Partnership consolidates 100% of these joint ventures and reflects the non-controlling 5% ownership interest in the joint ventures as non-controlling interests on its statements of operations. The Partnership also reflects the 5% ownership interest in the net assets of the joint ventures as non-controlling interests and as a component of partners' capital on its consolidated balance sheets. The joint ventures have a \$1.9 billion note receivable from the holder of the 5% ownership interest in the joint ventures, which is reflected within non-controlling interests on the Partnership's consolidated balance sheets.

The Midkiff/Benedum joint venture has a 72.8% undivided joint venture interest in the Midkiff/Benedum system, of which the remaining 27.2% interest is owned by Pioneer Natural Resources Company (NYSE: PXD) (Pioneer). Due to the Midkiff/Benedum system's status as an undivided joint venture, the Midkiff/Benedum joint venture proportionally consolidates its 72.8% ownership interest in the assets and liabilities and operating results of the Midkiff/Benedum system.

Equity Method Investments

The Partnership's consolidated financial statements include its 49% ownership interest in Laurel Mountain, a joint venture which owns and operates the Partnership's former Appalachia Basin natural gas gathering systems, excluding the Partnership's northeastern Tennessee operations. The Partnership accounts for its investment in the joint venture under the equity method of accounting. Under this method, the Partnership records its proportionate share of the joint venture's net income (loss) as equity income on its consolidated statements of operations.

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The preparation of the Partnership's consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities that exist at the date of the Partnership's consolidated financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting periods. The Partnership's consolidated financial statements are based on a number of significant estimates, including revenue and expense accruals, depreciation and amortization, asset impairment, the fair value of derivative instruments, the probability of forecasted transactions, the allocation of purchase price to the fair value of assets acquired and other items. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The natural gas industry principally conducts its business by processing actual transactions at the end of the month following the month of delivery. Consequently, the most current month's financial results were recorded using estimated volumes and commodity market prices. Differences between estimated and actual amounts are recorded in the following month's financial results. Management believes that the operating results presented represent actual results in all material respects (see "Revenue Recognition" accounting policy for further description).

Receivables

In evaluating the realizability of its accounts receivable, the Partnership performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and adjusts credit limits based upon payment history and the customer's current creditworthiness, as determined by the Partnership's review of its customers' credit information. The Partnership extends credit on an unsecured basis to many of its customers. At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Partnership recorded no allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable on its consolidated balance sheets.

Capitalized Interest

The Partnership capitalizes interest on borrowed funds related to capital projects only for periods that activities are in progress to bring these projects to their intended use. The weighted average rate used to capitalize interest on borrowed funds was 7.4% and 4.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The amount of interest capitalized was \$0.2 million and \$1.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Intangible Assets

The Partnership has recorded intangible assets with finite lives in connection with certain consummated acquisitions. The following table reflects the components of intangible assets being amortized at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 (in thousands):

	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009	Estimated Useful Lives In Years
Gross Carrying Amount:			
Customer contracts	\$ 12,810	\$ 12,810	8
Customer relationships	222,572	222,572	7-20
	\$ 235,382	\$ 235,382	
Accumulated Amortization:			
Customer contracts	\$ (7,794)	\$ (7,397)	
Customer relationships	(65,886)	(59,894)	
	\$ (73,680)	\$ (67,291)	
Net Carrying Amount:			
Customer contracts	\$ 5,016	\$ 5,413	
Customer relationships	156,686	162,678	

\$ 161,702 \$ 168,091

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The Partnership amortizes intangible assets with finite useful lives over their estimated useful lives. If an intangible asset has a finite useful life, but the precise length of that life is not known, that intangible asset must be amortized over the best estimate of its useful life. At a minimum, the Partnership will assess the useful lives of all intangible assets on an annual basis to determine if adjustments are required. The estimated useful life for the Partnership's customer contract intangible assets is based upon the approximate average length of customer contracts in existence and expected renewals at the date of acquisition. The estimated useful life for the Partnership's customer relationship intangible assets is based upon the estimated average length of non-contracted customer relationships in existence at the date of acquisition, adjusted for management's estimate of whether these individual relationships will continue in excess or less than the average length. Amortization expense on intangible assets was \$6.4 million for both the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009. Amortization expense related to intangible assets is estimated to be as follows for each of the next five calendar years: 2010 to 2012 - \$25.6 million; 2013 - \$24.5 million; 2014 - \$20.4 million.

Net Income (Loss) Per Common Unit

Basic net income (loss) attributable to common limited partners per unit is computed by dividing net income (loss) attributable to common limited partners, which is determined after the deduction of net income attributable to participating securities, if applicable, and net income (loss) attributable to the General Partner's and the preferred unitholder's interests, by the weighted average number of common limited partner units outstanding during the period. The General Partner's interest in net income (loss) is calculated on a quarterly basis based upon its 1.9% interest and incentive distributions to be distributed for the quarter (see Note 6), with a priority allocation of net income to the General Partner's incentive distributions, if any, in accordance with the partnership agreement, and the remaining net income (loss) allocated with respect to the General Partner's and limited partners' ownership interests.

The Partnership presents net income (loss) per unit under the two-class method for master limited partnerships, which considers whether the incentive distributions of a master limited partnership represent a participating security when considered in the calculation of earnings per unit under the two-class method. The two-class method considers whether the partnership agreement contains any contractual limitations concerning distributions to the incentive distribution rights that would impact the amount of earnings to allocate to the incentive distribution rights for each reporting period. If distributions are contractually limited to the incentive distribution rights' share of currently designated available cash for distributions as defined under the partnership agreement, undistributed earnings in excess of available cash should not be allocated to the incentive distribution rights. Under the two-class method,

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management of the Partnership believes that the partnership agreement contractually limits cash distributions to available cash and, therefore, undistributed earnings are not allocated to the incentive distribution rights.

Unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) are participating securities and are included in the computation of Earnings per Unit pursuant to the two-class method. The Partnership's phantom unit awards, which consist of common units issuable under the terms of its long-term incentive plan and incentive compensation agreements (see Note 13), contain non-forfeitable rights to distribution equivalents of the Partnership. The participation rights result in a non-contingent transfer of value each time the Partnership declares a distribution or distribution equivalent right during the award's vesting period. However, unless the contractual terms of the participating securities require the holders to share in the losses of the entity, net loss is not allocated to the participating securities. As such, the net income (loss) utilized in the calculation of net income (loss) per unit must be after the allocation of only net income to the phantom units on a pro-rata basis.

The following is a reconciliation of net income (loss) from continuing operations and net income from discontinued operations allocated to the general partner and common limited partners for purposes of calculating net income (loss) attributable to common limited partners per unit (in thousands, except per unit data):

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009⁽¹⁾
Continuing operations:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,878	\$ (32,112)
Income attributable to non-controlling interest	(1,317)	(469)
Preferred unit dividends		(900)
Net income (loss) attributable to common limited partners and the general partner	561	(33,481)
General partner's actual 1.9% ownership interest	11	(673)
Net income (loss) attributable to common limited partners	550	(32,808)
Less: net income attributable to participating securities – phantom units ⁽²⁾	1	
Net income (loss) utilized in the calculation of net loss attributable to common limited partners per unit	\$ 549	\$ (32,808)
Discontinued operations:		
Net income	\$	\$ 8,698
Net income attributable to the general partner's ownership interests (1.9% ownership interest)		178
Net income utilized in the calculation of net income from discontinued operations attributable to common limited partners per unit	\$	\$ 8,876

- (1) Restated to reflect amounts reclassified to discontinued operations due to the Partnership's sale of the NOARK gas gathering and intrastate pipeline system (see Note 4).
- (2) Net income attributable to common limited partners' ownership interest is allocated to the phantom units on a pro-rata basis (weighted average phantom units outstanding as a percentage of the sum of the weighted average phantom units and common limited partner units outstanding). For the three months ended March 31, 2009, net loss attributable to common limited partners' ownership interest is not allocated to approximately 118,000 phantom units because the contractual terms of the phantom units as participating securities do not require the holders to share in the losses of the entity.

Diluted net income (loss) attributable to common limited partners per unit is calculated by dividing net income (loss) attributable to common limited partners, less income allocable to participating securities, by the sum of the weighted average number of common limited partner units outstanding and the dilutive effect of unit option awards, as calculated by the treasury stock method. Unit options consist

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of common units issuable upon payment of an exercise price by the participant under the terms of the Partnership's long-term incentive plan (see Note 13). The following table sets forth the reconciliation of the Partnership's weighted average number of common limited partner units used to compute basic net income (loss) attributable to common limited partners per unit with those used to compute diluted net income (loss) attributable to common limited partners per unit (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Weighted average common limited partners per unit - basic	52,849	45,971
Add effect of participating securities - phantom units ⁽¹⁾	51	
Add effect of dilutive option incentive awards ⁽²⁾	50	
Add effect of dilutive convertible preferred limited partner units ⁽³⁾		
Weighted average common limited partners per unit - diluted	52,950	45,971

- (1) For the three months ended March 31, 2009, approximately 118,000 phantom units were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings attributable to common limited partners per unit because the inclusion of such phantom units would have been anti-dilutive.
- (2) For the three months ended March 31, 2009, 100,000 unit options were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings attributable to common limited partners per unit because the inclusion of such unit options would have been anti-dilutive.
- (3) For the three months ended March 31, 2009, potential common limited partner units issuable upon conversion of the Partnership's Class A cumulative convertible preferred limited partner units were excluded from the computation of diluted net loss attributable to common limited partners as the impact of the conversion would have been anti-dilutive. The Class B preferred limited partner units outstanding at March 31, 2010 were not convertible.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) includes net income (loss) and all other changes in the equity of a business during a period from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owner sources. These changes, other than net income (loss), are referred to as other comprehensive income (loss) or OCI and for the Partnership only include changes in the fair value of unsettled derivative contracts which were accounted for as cash flow hedges (see Note 9). The following table sets forth the calculation of the Partnership's comprehensive income (loss) (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,878	\$ (23,236)
Income attributable to non-controlling interests	(1,317)	(469)
Preferred unit dividends		(900)
Net loss attributable to common limited partners and the general partner	561	(24,605)
Other comprehensive income:		
Changes in fair value of derivative instruments accounted for as hedges		(1,292)
Add: adjustment for realized losses reclassified to net loss	10,718	18,863
Total other comprehensive income	10,718	17,571
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 11,279	\$ (7,034)

Revenue Recognition

The Partnership's revenue primarily consists of the fees earned from its gathering and processing operations. Under certain agreements, the Partnership purchases natural gas from producers and moves it into receipt points on its pipeline systems, and then sells the natural gas, or

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produced natural gas liquids (NGLs), if any, off of delivery points on its systems. Under other agreements, the Partnership gathers natural gas across its systems, from receipt to delivery point, without taking title to the natural gas. Revenue associated with the physical sale of natural gas is recognized upon physical delivery of the natural gas. In connection with the Partnership's gathering and processing operations, it enters into the following types of contractual relationships with its producers and shippers:

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Fee-Based Contracts. These contracts provide a set fee for gathering and/or processing raw natural gas. Revenue is a function of the volume of natural gas that the Partnership gathers and processes and is not directly dependent on the value of the natural gas. The Partnership is also paid a separate compression fee on many of its systems. The fee is dependent upon the volume of gas flowing through its compressors and the quantity of compression stages utilized to gather the gas.

Percentage of Proceeds (POP) Contracts. These contracts provide for the Partnership to retain a negotiated percentage of the sale proceeds from residue natural gas and NGLs it gathers and processes, with the remainder being remitted to the producer. In this contract-type, the Partnership and the producer are directly dependent on the volume of the commodity and its value; the Partnership effectively owns a percentage of the commodity and revenues are directly correlated to its market value. POP Contracts may include a fee component which is charged to the producer.

Keep-Whole Contracts. These contracts require the Partnership, as the processor and gatherer, to gather or purchase raw natural gas at current market rates. The volume of gas gathered or purchased is based on the measured volume at an agreed upon location (generally at the wellhead). The volume of gas redelivered or sold at the tailgate of the Partnership's processing facility will be lower than the volume purchased at the wellhead primarily due to British Thermal Units (BTUs) extracted when processed through a plant. The Partnership must make up or keep the producer whole for this loss in volume. To offset the make-up obligation, the Partnership retains the NGLs which are extracted and sells them for its own account. Therefore, the Partnership bears the economic risk (the processing margin risk) that (i) the volume of residue gas available for redelivery to the producer may be less than received from the producer; or (ii) the aggregate proceeds from the sale of the processed natural gas and NGLs could be less than the amount that the Partnership paid for the unprocessed natural gas. In order to help mitigate the risk associated with Keep-Whole contracts the Partnership generally imposes a fee to gather the gas that is settled under this arrangement. Also, because the natural gas volumes contracted under Keep-Whole agreements is often lower in BTU content and thus, can meet downstream pipeline specifications without being processed, the natural gas can be bypassed around the processing plants on these systems and delivered directly into downstream pipelines during periods of margin risk.

The Partnership accrues unbilled revenue due to timing differences between the delivery of natural gas, NGLs, and condensate and the receipt of a delivery statement. This revenue is recorded based upon volumetric data from the Partnership's records and management estimates of the related gathering and compression fees which are, in turn, based upon applicable product prices (see "Use of Estimates" accounting policy for further description). The Partnership had unbilled revenues at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 of \$35.0 million and \$65.4 million, respectively, which are included in accounts receivable and accounts receivable-affiliates within its consolidated balance sheets.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures - Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements, which provides enhanced disclosure requirements for activity in Levels 1, 2 and 3 fair value measurements. The update requires significant transfers in and out of Levels 1 and 2 fair value measurements to be reported separately and the reasons for such transfers to be disclosed. The update also requires information regarding purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements to be disclosed separately on a gross basis in the reconciliation of fair value measurements using unobservable inputs for all activity in Level 3 fair value measurements. Additionally, the update clarifies that fair value measurement for each class of assets and liabilities must be disclosed as well as disclosures pertaining to the inputs and valuation techniques for both recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements in Levels 2 and 3. These requirements are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the roll forward of

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activity in Level 3 fair value measurements. Those requirements will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The Partnership adopted these requirements on January 1, 2010 and it did not have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or related disclosures.

NOTE 3 INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

On May 31, 2009, the Partnership and subsidiaries of Williams completed the formation of Laurel Mountain, a joint venture which owns and operates the Partnership's previously owned Appalachia natural gas gathering system, excluding the Partnership's northeastern Tennessee operations. Williams contributed cash and a note receivable of \$25.5 million to the joint venture and owns 51% interest in Laurel Mountain. The Partnership contributed the Appalachia natural gas gathering system and owns a 49% interest in Laurel Mountain. The Partnership is also entitled to preferred distribution rights relating to all payments on the note receivable. Williams performs the day to day operations of the joint venture.

The Partnership recognizes its 49% ownership interest in Laurel Mountain as an investment in joint venture on its consolidated balance sheet at fair value. The Partnership accounts for its ownership interest in Laurel Mountain under the equity method of accounting, with recognition of its ownership interest in the income of Laurel Mountain as equity income on its consolidated statements of operations. As of March 31, 2010, the Partnership has utilized \$8.5 million of the \$25.5 million note receivable to make capital contributions to Laurel Mountain.

The following table provides the joint venture's summarized statement of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and balance sheet data as of March 31, 2010 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2010	
Statement of Operations data:		
Total revenue	\$	11,084
Net income		2,645
	March 31, 2010	
Balance Sheet data:		
Current assets	\$	14,009
Long-term assets		256,198
Current liabilities		13,551
Long-term liabilities		9,437
Net equity		247,219

NOTE 4 DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On May 4, 2009, the Partnership completed the sale of its NOARK gas gathering and interstate pipeline system to Spectra Energy Partners OLP, LP (NYSE:SEP) (Spectra). The Partnership accounted for the earnings of the NOARK system assets as discontinued operations within its consolidated financial statements. The following table summarizes the components included within income from discontinued operations on the Partnership's consolidated statements of operations (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Total revenue and other income, net	\$	\$ 16,005
Total costs and expenses		(7,129)
Earnings of discontinued operations	\$	\$ 8,876

Table of Contents**NOTE 5 COMMON UNIT EQUITY OFFERINGS**

In August 2009, the Partnership sold 2,689,765 common units in a private placement at an offering price of \$6.35 per unit, yielding net proceeds of approximately \$16.1 million. The Partnership also received a capital contribution from the General Partner of \$0.4 million for the General Partner to maintain its 2% general partner interest in the Partnership. In addition, the Partnership issued warrants granting investors in its private placement the right to purchase an additional 2,689,765 common units at a price of \$6.35 per unit for a period of two years following the issuance of the original common units.

On January 7, 2010, the Partnership executed amendments to the warrants originally issued in August 2009. The amendments to the warrants provided that, for the period January 8 through January 12, 2010, the warrant exercise price was lowered to \$6.00 per unit from \$6.35 per unit. In connection with the amendments, the holders of the warrants exercised all of the warrants for cash, which resulted in net cash proceeds of approximately \$15.3 million to the Partnership. The Partnership utilized the net proceeds from the common unit offering to repay a portion of its indebtedness under its senior secured term loan (see Note 11) and to fund the early termination of certain derivative agreements (see Note 9).

The common units and warrants sold by the Partnership in the August 2009 private placement were subject to a registration rights agreement entered into in connection with the transaction. The registration rights agreement required the Partnership to (a) file a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the privately placed common units and those underlying the warrants by September 21, 2009 and (b) cause the registration statement to be declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission by November 18, 2009. The Partnership filed a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission in satisfaction of the registration requirements of the registration rights agreement on September 3, 2009, and the registration statement was declared effective on October 14, 2009.

On March 31, 2010, the Partnership and the Operating Partnership amended their respective partnership agreements to temporarily waive the requirement that the General Partner make aggregate cash contributions of approximately \$0.3 million, which was required in connection with the Partnership's issuance of 2,689,765 of its common units upon the exercise of certain warrants in January 2010. The waiver will remain in effect until the General Partner has received aggregate distributions from the Partnership sufficient to fund the required capital contribution. During the waiver period, the aggregate ownership percentage attributable to General Partner's general partner interest in the Partnership is reduced to 1.9%. Both amendments were approved by the Partnership's conflicts committee and managing board, and are effective as of January 11, 2010.

NOTE 6 CASH DISTRIBUTIONS

The Partnership is required to distribute, within 45 days after the end of each quarter, all of its available cash (as defined in its partnership agreement) for that quarter to its common unitholders and the General Partner. If common unit distributions in any quarter exceed specified target levels, the General Partner will receive between 15% and 50% of such distributions in excess of the specified target levels. Common unit and General Partner distributions declared by the Partnership for the period from January 1, 2009 through March 31, 2010 were as follows:

Date Cash Distribution Paid	For Quarter Ended	Cash Distribution Per Common Limited Partner Unit	Total Cash Distribution to Common Limited Partners (in thousands)	Total Cash Distribution to the General Partner (in thousands)
February 13, 2009	December 31, 2008	\$ 0.38	\$ 17,463	\$ 358
May 15, 2009	March 31, 2009	\$ 0.15	\$ 7,149	\$ 147

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The Partnership did not declare cash distributions for the quarters ended June 30, 2009 through March 31, 2010.

NOTE 7 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The following is a summary of property, plant and equipment (in thousands):

	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009	Estimated Useful Lives in Years
Pipelines, processing and compression facilities	\$ 1,668,645	\$ 1,658,282	2 40
Rights of way	167,545	167,048	20 40
Buildings	8,920	8,920	40
Furniture and equipment	9,792	9,538	3 7
Other	13,142	12,849	3 10
	1,868,044	1,856,637	
Less accumulated depreciation	(188,572)	(172,253)	
	\$ 1,679,472	\$ 1,684,384	

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost or, upon acquisition of a business, at the fair value of the assets acquired. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Major renewals and improvements that extend the useful lives of property are capitalized. Depreciation and amortization expense is based on cost less the estimated salvage value primarily using the straight-line method over the asset's estimated useful life. The Partnership follows the composite method of depreciation and has determined the composite groups to be the major asset classes of its gathering and processing systems. Under the composite depreciation method, any gain or loss upon disposition or retirement of pipeline, gas gathering and processing components, is recorded to accumulated depreciation. When entire pipeline systems, gas plants or other property and equipment are retired or sold, any gain or loss is included in the Partnership's results of operations.

Leased property and equipment meeting capital lease criteria are capitalized at the original cost of the equipment and are included within property plant and equipment. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line method based upon the estimated useful lives of the assets.

NOTE 8 OTHER ASSETS

The following is a summary of other assets (in thousands):

	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Deferred finance costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$26,937 and \$25,314 at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively	\$ 25,709	\$ 27,331
Long-term pipeline lease prepayment	3,731	3,168
Security deposits	3,249	3,494
	\$ 32,689	\$ 33,993

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Deferred finance costs are recorded at cost and amortized over the term of the respective debt agreement (see Note 11). Total amortization expense of deferred finance costs was \$1.6 million and \$1.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, which is recorded within interest expense on the Partnership's consolidated statements of operations. Amortization expense related to deferred finance costs is estimated to be as follows for each of the next five calendar years: 2010 to 2012 - \$6.2 million; 2013 - \$4.4 million; 2014 - \$1.7 million.

NOTE 9 DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Partnership uses a number of different derivative instruments, principally swaps and options, in connection with its commodity price and interest rate risk management activities. The Partnership enters into financial swap and option instruments to hedge its forecasted natural gas, NGLs and condensate sales against the variability in expected future cash flows attributable to changes in market prices. It also enters into financial swap instruments to hedge certain portions of its floating interest rate debt against the variability in market interest rates. Swap instruments are contractual agreements between counterparties to exchange obligations of money as the underlying natural gas, NGLs and condensate are sold or interest payments on the underlying debt instrument are due. Under its swap agreements, the Partnership receives or pays a fixed price and receives or remits a floating price based on certain indices for the relevant contract period. Commodity-based option instruments are contractual agreements that grant the right, but not the obligation, to receive or pay a fixed price and receive or remit a floating price based on certain indices for the relevant contract period.

On July 1, 2008, the Partnership discontinued hedge accounting for all of its existing commodity derivatives which were previously qualified as hedges. As such, subsequent changes in fair value of these derivatives are recognized immediately within other income, net in its consolidated statements of operations. The fair value of these commodity derivative instruments at June 30, 2008, which was recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss within Partners' capital on the Partnership's consolidated balance sheet, will be reclassified to the Partnership's consolidated statements of operations in the future at the time the originally hedged physical transactions affect earnings.

At March 31, 2010, the Partnership had interest rate derivative contracts having aggregate notional principal amounts of \$250.0 million. Under the terms of these agreements, the Partnership will pay weighted average interest rates of 3.14%, plus the applicable margin as defined under the terms of its credit facility (see Note 11), and will receive LIBOR, plus the applicable margin, on the notional principal amounts. The interest rate swap agreements expire April 30, 2010. Beginning May 29, 2009, the Partnership discontinued hedge accounting for its interest rate derivatives which were previously qualified as hedges. As such, subsequent changes in the fair value of these derivatives will be recognized immediately within other income, net in its consolidated statements of operations. The fair value of these derivative instruments at May 29, 2009, which was recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss within Partners' capital on the Partnership's consolidated balance sheet, will be reclassified to the Partnership's consolidated statements of operations in the future at the time the originally hedged interest rates affect earnings.

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Derivatives are recorded on the Partnership's consolidated balance sheet as assets or liabilities at fair value. Premium costs for purchased options are recorded on the Partnership's consolidated balance sheet as the initial value of the options. Changes in the fair value of the options are recognized within other income, net as unrealized gain (loss) on the Partnership's consolidated statements of operations. Premium costs are reclassified to realized gain (loss) within other income, net at the time the option expires or is exercised. At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Partnership reflected net derivative liabilities on its consolidated balance sheets of \$20.6 million and \$43.3 million, respectively. Of the \$38.5 million of net loss in accumulated other comprehensive loss within Partners' Capital on the Partnership's consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2010, the Partnership will reclassify \$20.8 million of losses to the Partnership's consolidated statements of operations over the next twelve month period, consisting of \$20.3 million of losses to natural gas and liquids revenue and \$0.5 million of losses to interest expense. Aggregate losses of \$17.7 million will be reclassified to the Partnership's consolidated statements of operations in later periods, consisting of losses to natural gas and liquids revenue. At March 31, 2010, no derivative instruments are designated as hedges for hedge accounting purposes.

The fair value of the Partnership's derivative instruments was included in its consolidated balance sheets as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Current portion of derivative asset	\$ 635	\$ 998
Long-term derivative asset		361
Current portion of derivative liability	(13,311)	(33,547)
Long-term derivative liability	(7,893)	(11,126)
	\$ (20,569)	\$ (43,314)

The following table summarizes the Partnership's gross fair values of derivative instruments for the period indicated (in thousands):

	Asset Derivatives			Liability Derivatives		
	Balance Sheet Location	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009	Balance Sheet Location	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Interest rate contracts	N/A	\$	\$	Current portion of derivative liability	\$ (485)	\$ (2,247)
Interest rate contracts	N/A			Current portion of derivative asset	(118)	(593)
Commodity contracts	Current portion of derivative asset	753	1,591	N/A		
Commodity contracts	Long-term derivative asset		361	N/A		
Commodity contracts	Current portion of derivative liability	3,718	6,562	Current portion of derivative liability	(16,544)	(37,862)
Commodity contracts	Long-term derivative liability	2,385	3,435	Long-term derivative liability	(10,278)	(14,561)
		\$ 6,856	\$ 11,949		\$ (27,425)	\$ (55,263)

As of March 31, 2010, the Partnership had the following interest rate and commodity derivatives, which are not designated for hedge accounting:

Interest Fixed-Rate Swaps

Term	Amount	Type	Fair Value ⁽¹⁾ Liability (in thousands)
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April 2008-April 2010	\$ 250,000,000	Pay 3.14%	Receive LIBOR	\$ (603)
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Table of Contents**Fixed Price Swaps**

Production Period	Purchased/ Sold	Commodity	Volumes ⁽²⁾	Average Fixed Price	Fair Value ⁽¹⁾ Asset/(Liability) (in thousands)
Natural Gas					
2010	Sold	Natural Gas Basis	3,390,000	(0.659)	\$ (1,775)
2010	Purchased	Natural Gas Basis	5,580,000	(0.619)	2,523
2011	Sold	Natural Gas Basis	1,920,000	(0.728)	(988)
2011	Purchased	Natural Gas Basis	1,920,000	(0.758)	1,045
2012	Sold	Natural Gas Basis	720,000	(0.685)	(321)
2012	Purchased	Natural Gas Basis	720,000	(0.685)	321
Natural Gas Liquids					
2010	Sold	Propane	17,640,000	1.108	(423)
Total Fixed Price Swaps					\$ 382

Options

Production Period	Purchased/ Sold	Type	Commodity	Volumes ⁽²⁾	Average Strike Price	Fair Value ⁽¹⁾ Asset/(Liability) (in thousands)
Natural Gas						
2010	Purchased	Call	Natural Gas	6,390,000	\$ 5.829	\$ (672)
Natural Gas Liquids						
2010	Purchased	Put	Propane	23,688,000	\$ 1.073	84
2010	Purchased	Put	Normal Butane	2,772,000	1.440	(187)
Crude Oil						
2010	Purchased	Put	Crude Oil	627,000	74.31	1,045
2010	Sold	Call	Crude Oil	1,961,250	83.83	(12,184)
2010	Purchased ⁽³⁾	Call	Crude Oil	444,000	120.00	107
2011	Sold	Call	Crude Oil	678,000	94.68	(4,996)
2011	Purchased ⁽³⁾	Call	Crude Oil	252,000	120.00	548
2012	Sold	Call	Crude Oil	498,000	95.83	(4,871)
2012	Purchased ⁽³⁾	Call	Crude Oil	180,000	120.00	778
Total Options						\$ (20,348)
Total Fair Value						\$ (20,569)

(1) See Note 10 for discussion on fair value methodology.

(2) Volumes for Natural Gas are stated in MMBTU s. Volumes for NGLs are stated in gallons. Volumes for Crude Oil are stated in barrels.

(3)

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Calls purchased for 2010 through 2012 represent offsetting positions for calls sold. These offsetting positions were entered into to limit the loss which could be incurred if crude oil prices continued to rise.

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During the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, the Partnership made net payments of \$13.4 million and \$5.0 million, respectively, related to the early termination of derivative contracts. Terminated derivative contracts were to expire at various times through the fourth quarter of 2012. During the three months ended March 31, 2010, and 2009, the Partnership recognized the following derivative activity related to the early termination of these derivative instruments within its consolidated statements of operations (in thousands):

Early termination of derivative contracts	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Cash paid for early termination	\$ (13,370)	\$ (5,000)
Less: Deferred recognition of gain on early termination ⁽¹⁾	(5,615)	
Total realized loss at early termination⁽³⁾	(18,985)	(5,000)
Net cash derivative expense included within natural gas and liquids revenue	5,197	
Net cash derivative expense included within other income, net	(24,182)	(5,000)
Recognition of deferred hedge loss from prior periods included within natural gas and liquids revenue ⁽²⁾	(15,532)	(21,944)
Recognition of deferred hedge gain from prior periods included within other income, net ⁽²⁾	22,084	12,103
Total realized loss from early termination recognized in current period⁽³⁾	\$ (12,433)	\$ (14,841)

(1) Deferred recognition is based upon effective portion of hedges deferred to OCI.

(2) Non-Cash recognition of deferred hedge gain (loss) includes (i) theoretical premiums related to calls sold in conjunction with puts purchased in costless collars in which the puts were sold as part of the equity unwinds in 2008 and (ii) the effective portion of hedges deferred to OCI.

(3) Realized gain (loss) represents the gain/loss recognized when the derivative contract is settled. A portion of realized gain (loss) recognized in other income, net is a reclassification of unrealized gain (loss) previously recognized as a factor of recording the changes in the fair value of the derivatives prior to settlement.

In addition, the Partnership will recognize \$13.7 million in the period beginning April 1, 2010 and ending on December 31, 2010 and \$2.3 million and \$2.0 million of income in years 2011 and 2012, respectively, the remaining period for which the hedged physical transactions are scheduled to be settled, in the Partnership's consolidated statements of operations. This \$18.0 million includes \$16.1 million of income related to the theoretical premiums for unwound options which had previously been purchased or sold as part of costless collars, plus \$1.9 million which will be reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss within Partners' capital on the Partnership's consolidated balance sheet.

The following tables summarize the gross effect of all derivative instruments, including the transactions referenced above, on the Partnership's consolidated statements of operations for the period indicated (in thousands):

	Gain (Loss) Recognized in Accumulated OCI Three Months ended March 31,		Location	Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion) Three Months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009		2010	2009
	Interest rate contracts ⁽¹⁾	\$		\$ (1,292)	Interest expense
Commodity contracts ⁽¹⁾			Natural gas and liquids revenue	(8,933)	(15,970)
	\$	\$ (1,292)		\$ (10,718)	\$ (18,863)

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		Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income	
		(Derivatives not designated as hedges)	
Location		Three Months ended March 31,	
		2010	2009
Interest rate contracts ⁽¹⁾	Other income, net	\$ (6)	\$
Commodity contracts ⁽¹⁾	Natural gas and liquids revenue		(4,203)
Commodity contracts ⁽²⁾	Other income, net	4,139	316
		\$ 4,133	\$ (3,887)

(1) Hedges previously designated as cash flow hedges

(2) Dedesignated cash flow hedges and non-designated hedges

NOTE 10 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS*Derivative Instruments*

The Partnership uses a valuation framework based upon inputs that market participants use in pricing an asset or liability, which are classified into two categories: observable inputs and unobservable inputs. Observable inputs represent market data obtained from independent sources, whereas unobservable inputs reflect the Partnership's own market assumptions, which are used if observable inputs are not reasonably available without undue cost and effort. These two types of inputs are further prioritized into the following hierarchy:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical, unrestricted assets and liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset and liability or can be corroborated with observable market data for substantially the entire contractual term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in the pricing of the asset or liability and are consequently not based on market activity but rather through particular valuation techniques.

The Partnership uses a fair value methodology to value the assets and liabilities for its outstanding derivative contracts (see Note 9). At March 31, 2010, all of the Partnership's derivative contracts are defined as Level 2, with the exception of the Partnership's NGL fixed price swaps and NGL options. The Partnership's Level 2 commodity derivatives include natural gas and crude oil swaps and options which are calculated based upon observable market data related to the change in price of the underlying commodity. These swaps and options are calculated by utilizing the New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) quoted price for futures and option contracts traded on NYMEX that coincide with the underlying commodity, expiration period, strike price (if applicable) and pricing formula. The Partnership's interest rate derivative contracts are valued using a LIBOR rate-based forward price curve model, and are therefore defined as Level 2. Valuations for the Partnership's NGL fixed price swaps are based on a forward price curve modeled on a regression analysis of quoted price curves for NGL's for similar locations, and therefore are defined as Level 3. Valuations for the Partnership's NGL options are based on forward price curves developed by the related financial institutions, and therefore are defined as Level 3.

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The following table represents the Partnership's assets and liabilities recorded at fair value as of March 31, 2010 (in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Commodity swaps	\$	\$ 3,889	\$	\$ 3,889
Commodity options		2,531	435	2,966
Total assets	\$	\$ 6,420	\$ 435	\$ 6,855
Liabilities				
Commodity swaps	\$	\$ (3,084)	\$ (423)	\$ (3,507)
Commodity options		(22,776)	(538)	(23,314)
Interest rate swaps		(603)		(603)
Total liabilities	\$	\$ (26,463)	\$ (961)	\$ (27,424)
Total derivatives	\$	\$ (20,043)	\$ (526)	\$ (20,569)

The Partnership's Level 3 fair value amount relates to its derivative contracts on NGL fixed price swaps and NGL options. The following table provides a summary of changes in fair value of the Partnership's Level 3 derivative instruments for the three months ended March 31, 2010 (in thousands):

	NGL Fixed Price Swaps		NGL Put Options		Total
	Volume ⁽¹⁾	Amount	Volume ⁽¹⁾	Amount	Amount
Balance December 31, 2009		\$	43,470	\$ 1,268	\$ 1,268
New contracts	17,640		8,820		
Cash settlements from unrealized loss ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾			(25,830)	3,951	3,951
Net change in unrealized loss ⁽²⁾		(423)		(1,371)	(1,794)
Deferred option premium recognition ⁽³⁾				(3,951)	(3,951)
Balance March 31, 2010	17,640	\$ (423)	26,460	\$ (103)	\$ (526)

(1) Volumes for NGLs are stated in gallons.

(2) Included within other income, net on the Partnership's consolidated statements of operations.

(3) Includes option premium cost reclassified from unrealized gain (loss) to realized gain (loss) at time of option expiration.

Other Financial Instruments

The estimated fair value of the Partnership's other financial instruments has been determined based upon its assessment of available market information and valuation methodologies. However, these estimates may not necessarily be indicative of the amounts that the Partnership could realize upon the sale or refinancing of such financial instruments.

The Partnership's current assets and liabilities on its consolidated balance sheets, other than the derivatives discussed above, are considered to be financial instruments for which the estimated fair values of these instruments approximate their carrying amounts due to their short-term nature. The estimated fair values of the Partnership's total debt at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, which consists principally of the term loan, the Senior Notes and borrowings under the credit facility, were \$1,187.1 million and \$1,194.2 million, respectively, compared with the carrying amounts of \$1,203.4 million and \$1,254.2 million, respectively. The term loan and Senior Notes were valued based upon available market data for similar issues. The carrying value of outstanding borrowings under the credit facility, which bear interest at a variable interest rate, approximates their estimated fair value.

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Total debt consists of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Revolving credit facility	\$ 280,000	\$ 326,000
Term loan	425,845	433,505
8.125% Senior notes due 2015	271,762	271,628
8.75% Senior notes due 2018	223,050	223,050
Capital lease obligations	2,741	
Total debt	1,203,398	1,254,183
Less current maturities	590	
Total long term debt	\$ 1,202,808	\$ 1,254,183

Term Loan and Credit Facility

At March 31, 2010, the Partnership had a senior secured credit facility with a syndicate of banks which consisted of a \$425.8 million term loan which matures in July 2014 and a \$380.0 million revolving credit facility which matures in July 2013. Borrowings under the credit facility bear interest, at the Partnership's option, at either (i) adjusted LIBOR, subject to a floor of 2.0% per annum, plus the applicable margin, as defined, or (ii) the higher of the federal funds rate plus 0.5% or the Wachovia Bank prime rate (each plus the applicable margin). The weighted average interest rate on the outstanding revolving credit facility borrowings at March 31, 2010 was 6.8%, and the weighted average interest rate on the outstanding term loan borrowings at March 31, 2010 was 6.8%. Up to \$50.0 million of the credit facility may be utilized for letters of credit, of which \$9.8 million was outstanding at March 31, 2010. These outstanding letter of credit amounts were not reflected as borrowings on the Partnership's consolidated balance sheet. At March 31, 2010, the Partnership had \$90.2 million of remaining committed capacity under its credit facility, subject to covenant limitations.

The Partnership's senior secured credit facility restricts it from paying cash distributions unless its senior secured leverage ratio meets certain thresholds and it has minimum liquidity (both as defined in the credit agreement) of at least \$50.0 million. The senior secured leverage ratio requirement was not met for the quarter ending March 31, 2010. Borrowings under the credit facility are secured by a lien on and security interest in all of the Partnership's property and that of its subsidiaries, except for the assets owned by Chaney Dell and Midkiff/Benedum joint ventures and Laurel Mountain; and by the guaranty of each of the Partnership's consolidated subsidiaries other than the joint venture companies. The credit facility contains customary covenants, including restrictions on the Partnership's ability to incur additional indebtedness; make certain acquisitions, loans or investments; make distribution payments to its unitholders if an event of default exists; or enter into a merger or sale of assets, including the sale or transfer of interests in its subsidiaries. The Partnership is also unable to borrow under its credit facility to pay distributions of available cash to unitholders because such borrowings would not constitute working capital borrowings pursuant to its partnership agreement. The Partnership is in compliance with these covenants as of March 31, 2010.

The events which constitute an event of default for the credit facility are also customary for loans of this size, including payment defaults, breaches of representations or covenants contained in the credit agreement, adverse judgments against the Partnership in excess of a specified amount, and a change of control of the Partnership's General Partner. The credit facility requires the Partnership to maintain the following ratios:

Fiscal quarter ending:	Maximum Leverage Ratio	Maximum Senior Secured Leverage Ratio	Minimum Interest Coverage Ratio
March 31, 2010	9.25x	5.75x	1.40x
June 30, 2010	8.00x	5.00x	1.65x
September 30, 2010	7.00x	4.25x	1.90x
December 31, 2010	6.00x	3.75x	2.20x

Thereafter	5.00x	3.00x	2.75x
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Fiscal quarter ending:	Maximum Leverage Ratio	Maximum Senior Secured Leverage Ratio	Minimum Interest Coverage Ratio
March 31, 2010	9.25x	5.75x	1.40x
June 30, 2010	8.00x	5.00x	1.65x
September 30, 2010	7.00x	4.25x	1.90x
December 31, 2010	6.00x	3.75x	2.20x
Thereafter	5.00x	3.00x	2.75x

As of March 31, 2010, the Partnership's leverage ratio was 5.5 to 1.0, its senior secured leverage ratio was 3.3 to 1.0, and its interest coverage ratio was 2.2 to 1.0.

Senior Notes

At March 31, 2010, the Partnership had \$223.1 million principal amount outstanding of 8.75% senior unsecured notes due on June 15, 2018 (8.75% Senior Notes) and \$275.5 million principal amount outstanding of 8.125% senior unsecured notes due on December 15, 2015 (8.125% Senior Notes ; collectively, the Senior Notes). The Partnership's 8.125% Senior Notes are presented combined with a net \$3.7 million of unamortized discount as of March 31, 2010. Interest on the Senior Notes in the aggregate is payable semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15. The 8.75% Senior Notes are redeemable at any time after June 15, 2013, and the 8.125% Senior Notes are redeemable at any time after December 31, 2010, at certain redemption prices, together with accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption. Prior to June 15, 2011, the Partnership may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the 8.75% Senior Notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a stated redemption price. The Senior Notes in the aggregate are also subject to repurchase by the Partnership at a price equal to 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, upon a change of control or upon certain asset sales if the Partnership does not reinvest the net proceeds within 360 days. The Senior Notes are junior in right of payment to the Partnership's secured debt, including the Partnership's obligations under its credit facility.

Indentures governing the Senior Notes in the aggregate contain covenants, including limitations of the Partnership's ability to: incur certain liens; engage in sale/leaseback transactions; incur additional indebtedness; declare or pay distributions if an event of default has occurred; redeem, repurchase or retire equity interests or subordinated indebtedness; make certain investments; or merge, consolidate or sell substantially all of its assets. The Partnership is in compliance with these covenants as of March 31, 2010.

NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Partnership is a party to various routine legal proceedings arising out of the ordinary course of its business. Management of the Partnership believes that the ultimate resolution of these actions, individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or results of operations.

The Partnership's predecessor with respect to the Chaney Dell assets was named as a defendant in a set of lawsuits filed in 1999 named *Will Price, et al. v. Gas Pipelines and Pipelines and Their Predecessors, et al.*, in the District Court of Stevens County, Kansas. The lawsuits allege various claims related to industry-wide under reporting of volumes and heating value of natural gas. The plaintiffs currently seek certification of a class of royalty owners on non-federal and non-Native American lands in

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Kansas, Wyoming and Colorado. The Partnership conducts limited operations in Kansas. Motions for class certification were argued in March 2005. In September 2009, the motions were denied. Plaintiffs have filed a motion for reconsideration that was argued in February 2010. The motion for reconsideration was denied in March 2010. The plaintiffs seek unspecified monetary damages (along with interest, expenses and punitive damages) and injunctive relief with regard to future gas measurement practices. At this stage, discovery has not been conducted with respect to the merits of these lawsuits and the Partnership's liability, if any, will arise under the indemnity provisions of agreements with its predecessor. Therefore, it is not currently possible to evaluate the likelihood or extent of an unfavorable outcome.

On February 26, 2010, the Partnership received notice from Williams, its partner in Laurel Mountain, alleging that certain title defects exist with respect to the real property contributed by the Partnership to Laurel Mountain. Under the Formation and Exchange Agreement with Williams: (i) Williams had nine months after closing (the Claim Date) to assert any alleged title defects, and (ii) the Partnership has 30 days following the Claim Date to contest the title defects asserted by Williams and 180 days following the Claim Date to cure those title defects. On March 26, 2010, the Partnership delivered notice, disputing Williams alleged title defects as well as the amounts claimed. The Partnership is currently conducting a review with respect to the title defects that have been alleged. At the end of the cure period with respect to any remaining title defects, the Partnership may elect, at its option, to pay Williams for the cost of such defects, up to a total of \$3.5 million, or indemnify Williams with respect to such title defects. Although an adverse outcome is reasonably possible, it is not currently possible to evaluate the amount that the Partnership may be required to pay with respect to such alleged title defects.

NOTE 13 BENEFIT PLANS

Generally, all share-based payments to employees, which are not cash settled, including grants of employee stock options, are recognized in the financial statements based on their fair values on the date of the grant.

The Partnership has a Long-Term Incentive Plan (LTIP), in which officers, employees, non-employee managing board members of the General Partner, employees of the General Partner's affiliates, and consultants are eligible to participate. The Plan is administered by a committee (the Committee) appointed by the General Partner's managing board. The Committee may make awards of either phantom units or unit options for an aggregate of 435,000 common units.

Partnership Phantom Units. A phantom unit entitles a grantee to receive a common unit upon vesting of the phantom unit. Non-employee directors receive an annual grant of a maximum of 500 phantom units which, upon vesting, entitle the grantee to receive the equivalent number of common units or the cash equivalent to the then fair market value of the common limited partner units of the Partnership. In addition, the Committee may grant a participant a distribution equivalent right (DER), which is the right to receive cash per phantom unit in an amount equal to, and at the same time as, the cash distributions the Partnership makes on a common unit during the period the phantom unit is outstanding. Except for phantom units awarded to non-employee managing board members of the General Partner, the Committee determines the vesting period for phantom units. Through March 31, 2010, phantom units granted under the LTIP generally had vesting periods of four years. Phantom units awarded to non-employee managing board members will vest over a four year period. Awards will automatically vest upon a change of control, as defined in the LTIP. Of the units outstanding under the LTIP at March 31, 2010, 28,153 units will vest within the following twelve months. All phantom units outstanding under the LTIP at March 31, 2010 include DERs granted to the participants by the Committee. The amount paid with respect to LTIP DERs was \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. This amount was recorded as a reduction of Partners' capital on the Partnership's consolidated balance sheet. No LTIP DERs were paid for the three months ended March 31, 2010.

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The following table sets forth the LTIP phantom unit activity for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Outstanding, beginning of year	52,233	126,565
Granted ⁽¹⁾	1,000	1,500
Matured ⁽²⁾	(2,695)	(9,886)
Forfeited	(1,375)	(16,250)
Outstanding, end of year ⁽³⁾	49,163	101,929
Non-cash compensation expense recognized (in thousands)	\$ 122	\$ (95)

(1) The weighted average prices for phantom unit awards on the date of grant, which is utilized in the calculation of compensation expense and does not represent an exercise price to be paid by the recipient, were \$5.58 and \$4.60 for awards granted for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

(2) The intrinsic values for phantom unit awards exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 were \$0.04 million and \$0.1 million, respectively.

(3) The aggregate intrinsic value for phantom unit awards outstanding at March 31, 2010 was \$0.7 million.

At March 31, 2010, the Partnership had approximately \$0.5 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested phantom units outstanding under the LTIP based upon the fair value of the awards.

Partnership Unit Options. A unit option entitles a grantee to purchase the Partnership's common limited partner units upon payment of the exercise price for the option after completion of vesting of the unit option. The exercise price of the unit option is equal to the fair market value of the Partnership's common unit on the date of grant of the option. The Committee also shall determine how the exercise price may be paid by the Participant. The Committee will determine the vesting and exercise period for unit options. Unit option awards expire 10 years from the date of grant. Through March 31, 2010, unit options granted under the Partnership's LTIP generally will vest 25% on each of the next four anniversaries of the date of grant. Awards will automatically vest upon a change of control of the Partnership, as defined in the Partnership's LTIP. There are 25,000 unit options outstanding under the Partnership's LTIP at March 31, 2010 that will vest within the following twelve months.

The following table sets forth the LTIP unit option activity for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Number of Unit Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
	2010	2009		
Outstanding, beginning of period			100,000	\$ 6.24
Granted				6.24
Matured			100,000	
Forfeited				
Outstanding, end of period ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾			100,000	\$ 6.24
Options exercisable, end of period ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾			25,000	\$ 6.24

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Weighted average fair value of unit options per unit granted during the period				
Weighted average fair value of unit		\$	100,000	\$ 0.14

Non-cash compensation expense recognized (in thousands)	\$	1	\$	2
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- (1) The weighted average remaining contractual life for outstanding and exercisable options at March 31, 2010 was 8.8 years.
- (2) The aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding at March 31, 2010 was \$0.8 million.
- (3) There were no options exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009.

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At March 31, 2010, the Partnership had approximately \$6,000 of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested unit options outstanding under the Partnership's LTIP based upon the fair value of the awards.

The Partnership used the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the weighted average fair value of options granted. The following weighted average assumptions were used for the period indicated:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2009
Expected dividend yield	11.0%
Expected stock price volatility	20.0%
Risk-free interest rate	2.2%
Expected term (in years)	6.3

Employee Incentive Compensation Plan and Agreement

A wholly-owned subsidiary of the Partnership has an incentive plan (the Plan) which allows for equity-indexed cash incentive awards to employees of the Partnership (the Participants), but expressly excludes as an eligible Participant any person that, at the time of the grant, is a Named Executive Officer of the Partnership (as such term is defined under the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission). The Plan is administered by a committee appointed by the chief executive officer of the Partnership. Under the Plan, cash bonus units may be awarded to Participants at the discretion of the committee and 325,000 bonus units were outstanding as of March 31, 2010. In addition, the subsidiary granted an award of 50,000 bonus units to an executive officer on substantially the same terms as the bonus units available under the Plan (the bonus units issued under the Plan and under the separate agreement are, for purposes hereof, referred to as Bonus Units). A Bonus Unit entitles the employee to receive the cash equivalent of the then-fair market value of a common limited partner unit, without payment of an exercise price, upon vesting of the Bonus Unit. Bonus Units vest ratably over a three year period from the date of grant and will automatically vest upon a change of control, death, or termination without cause, each as defined in the governing document. Vesting will terminate upon termination of employment with cause. Of the 375,000 Bonus Units outstanding at March 31, 2010, 123,750 Bonus Units will vest within the following twelve months. The Partnership recognized compensation expense related to these awards based upon the fair value, which is remeasured each reporting period based upon the current fair value of the underlying common units. The Partnership recognized \$1.3 million of compensation expense within general and administrative expense on its consolidated statements of operations with respect to the vesting of these awards for the three months ended March 31, 2010. At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Partnership has recognized \$2.5 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, within accrued liabilities on its consolidated balance sheet with regard to the awards, which represents their fair value.

NOTE 14 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Partnership does not directly employ any persons to manage or operate its business. These functions are provided by the General Partner and employees of Atlas Energy. The General Partner does not receive a management fee in connection with its management of the Partnership apart from its interest as general partner and its right to receive incentive distributions. The Partnership reimburses the General Partner and its affiliates for compensation and benefits related to its employees who perform services for the Partnership based upon an estimate of the time spent by such persons on activities for the Partnership. Other indirect costs, such as rent for offices, are allocated to the Partnership by Atlas Energy based on the number of its employees who devote their time to activities on the Partnership's behalf.

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The partnership agreement provides that the General Partner will determine the costs and expenses that are allocable to the Partnership in any reasonable manner determined by the General Partner at its sole discretion. The Partnership reimbursed the General Partner and its affiliates \$0.4 million for both the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 for compensation and benefits related to its employees. There were no reimbursements for direct expenses incurred by the General Partner and its affiliates for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009. The General Partner believes that the method utilized in allocating costs to the Partnership is reasonable.

NOTE 15 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Partnership has two reportable segments which reflect the way the Partnership manages its operations.

The Mid-Continent segment consists of the Chaney Dell, Elk City/Sweetwater, Velma and Midkiff/Benedum operations, which are comprised of natural gas gathering and processing assets servicing drilling activity in the Anadarko and Permian Basins. Mid-Continent revenues are primarily derived from the sale of residue gas and NGLs and gathering of natural gas.

The Appalachia segment is comprised of natural gas transportation, gathering and processing assets located in the Appalachian Basin area of the northeastern United States and services drilling activity in the Marcellus Shale area in southwestern Pennsylvania. Effective May 31, 2009, the Appalachia operations were principally conducted through its Tennessee operations and the Partnership's 49% ownership interest in Laurel Mountain, a joint venture to which the Partnership contributed its natural gas transportation, gathering and processing assets located in northeastern Appalachia. The Partnership recognizes its ownership interest in Laurel Mountain under the equity method of accounting. Appalachia revenues are principally based on contractual arrangements with Atlas Energy and its affiliates.

The following summarizes the Partnership's reportable segment data for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Appalachia	Mid-Continent	Corporate and Other	Consolidated
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010:				
Revenue:				
Revenues - third party ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 24	\$ 286,373	\$ (4,800)	\$ 281,597
Revenues - affiliates	176			176
Equity income	1,462			1,462
Total revenue and other income (loss), net	\$ 1,662	\$ 286,373	\$ (4,800)	\$ 283,235
Costs and Expenses:				
Operating costs and expenses	\$ 189	\$ 222,197	\$	\$ 222,386
General and administrative ⁽²⁾			9,794	9,794
Depreciation and amortization	151	22,595		22,746
Interest expense ⁽²⁾			26,431	26,431
Total costs and expenses	\$ 340	\$ 244,792	\$ 36,225	\$ 281,357
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,322	\$ 41,581	\$ (41,025)	\$ 1,878

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Revenues	third party ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 444	\$ 183,205	\$ (19,857)	\$ 163,792
Revenues	affiliates	10,449			10,449

Total revenue and other income (loss), net		\$ 10,893	\$ 183,205	\$ (19,857)	\$ 174,241
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Costs and expenses:

Operating costs and expenses		\$ 3,520	\$ 148,379	\$	\$ 151,899
General and administrative ⁽²⁾				10,678	10,678
Depreciation and amortization		1,919	20,749		22,668
Interest expense ⁽²⁾				21,108	21,108

Total costs and expenses		\$ 5,439	\$ 169,128	\$ 31,786	\$ 206,353
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Net income (loss) from continuing operation		5,454	14,077	(51,643)	\$ (32,112)
Income from discontinued operations				8,876	8,876

Net income (loss)		\$ 5,454	\$ 14,077	\$ (42,767)	\$ (23,236)
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	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009 ⁽³⁾
Capital Expenditures:		
Mid-Continent	\$ 10,914	\$ 66,949
Appalachia		5,246
	\$ 10,914	\$ 72,195

	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Balance Sheet		
Total assets:		
Mid-Continent	\$ 1,923,107	\$ 1,965,219
Appalachia	141,154	170,905
Corporate other	26,296	1,839
	\$ 2,090,557	\$ 2,137,963

The following tables summarize the Partnership's natural gas and liquids revenues by product for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009 ⁽³⁾
Natural gas and liquids:		
Natural gas	\$ 90,670	\$ 76,576
NGLs	160,702	66,294
Condensate	9,755	794
Other	(178)	469
Total natural gas and liquids	\$ 260,949	\$ 144,133

- (1) Derivative contracts are held at the corporate level and are reported accordingly.
- (2) The Partnership notes that interest and general and administrative expenses have not been allocated to its reportable segments as it would be unfeasible to reasonably do so for the periods presented.
- (3) Restated to reflect amount reclassified to discontinued operations due to the Partnership's sale of its NOARK gas gathering and interstate pipeline system (see Note 4) and to reflect amount reclassified from Natural Gas and Liquids to Transportation, Compression and other fees (see Note 1).

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The Partnership's term loan and revolving credit facility is guaranteed by its wholly-owned subsidiaries. The guarantees are full, unconditional, joint and several. The Partnership's consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 and for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 include the financial statements of Atlas Pipeline Mid-Continent WestOk, LLC (Chaney Dell LLC) and Atlas Pipeline Mid-Continent WestTex, LLC (Midkiff/Benedum LLC), entities in which the Partnership has 95% interests and were acquired in July 2007. Under the terms of the term loan and revolving credit facility, Chaney Dell LLC and Midkiff/Benedum LLC are non-guarantor subsidiaries as they are not wholly-owned by the Partnership. The following supplemental condensed consolidating financial information reflects the Partnership's stand-alone accounts, the combined accounts of the guarantor subsidiaries, the combined accounts of the non-guarantor subsidiaries, the consolidating adjustments and eliminations and the Partnership's consolidated accounts as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 and for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009. For the purpose of the following financial information, the Partnership's investments in its subsidiaries and the guarantor subsidiaries' investments in their subsidiaries are presented in accordance with the equity method of accounting (in thousands):

Balance Sheet	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	March 31, 2010		Consolidated
			Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$ 159	\$	\$	\$ 159
Accounts receivable - affiliates	1,397,688			(1,397,688)	
Current portion of derivative asset		635			635
Other current assets	12	25,447	59,980		85,439
Total current assets	1,397,700	26,241	59,980	(1,397,688)	86,233
Property, plant and equipment, net		586,452	1,093,020		1,679,472
Notes receivable			1,852,928	(1,852,928)	
Equity investments	539,435	86,305		(625,740)	
Investment in joint venture		130,461			130,461
Intangible assets, net		17,996	143,706		161,702
Other assets, net	25,710	6,088	891		32,689
	\$ 1,962,845	\$ 853,543	\$ 3,150,525	\$ (3,876,356)	\$ 2,090,557
Liabilities and Partners' Capital (Deficit)					
Accounts payable - affiliates	\$	\$ 1,288,079	\$ 114,621	\$ (1,397,688)	\$ 5,012
Current portion of derivative liability		13,311			13,311
Other current liabilities	12,288	25,370	73,620		111,278
Total current liabilities	12,288	1,326,760	188,241	(1,397,688)	129,601
Long-term derivative liability		7,893			7,893
Long-term debt, less current portion	1,200,657	1,460	691		1,202,808
Other long-term liability		355			355
Partners' Capital (deficit)	749,900	(482,925)	2,961,593	(2,478,668)	749,900
	\$ 1,962,845	\$ 853,543	\$ 3,150,525	\$ (3,876,356)	\$ 2,090,557

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Balance Sheet	Assets	December 31, 2009				Consolidated
		Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	\$ 1,021	\$	\$	\$ 1,021
Accounts receivable affiliates		1,383,871			(1,383,871)	
Current portion of derivative asset			998			998
Other current assets			42,457	73,668		116,125
Total current assets		1,383,871	44,476	73,668	(1,383,871)	118,144
Property, plant and equipment, net			588,648	1,095,736		1,684,384
Notes receivable				1,852,928	(1,852,928)	
Equity investments		568,320	237,991		(806,311)	
Investment in joint venture			132,990			132,990
Intangible assets, net			18,610	149,481		168,091