Melrose Bancorp, Inc. Form 10-Q	
August 10, 2018	
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMI	SSION
Washington, D.C. 20549	
FORM 10-Q	
Quarterly Report Pursuant To Section	13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013	8
OR	
Transition Report Pursuant to Section	13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the transition period from	to
Commission File No. 001-36702	
Melrose Bancorp, Inc.	
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its	charter)
Maryland (State or other jurisdiction of	47-0967316 (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification Number)

638 Main Street, Melrose, Massachusetts 02176

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) Zip Code

(781) 665-2500

(Registrant's telephone number)

N/A

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such requirements for the past 90 days.

YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller Reporting Company

(Do not check if

smaller reporting Emerging Growth Company

company)

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

YES NO

As of August 10, 2018, 2,598,624 shares of the Registrant's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, were issued and outstanding-

Melrose Bancorp, Inc.

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Part I. – Financial Information

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

MELROSE BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In Thousands, Except Share Data)

	June 30, 2018 (unaudited)	December 31, 2017
ASSETS	φ 10. <i>53.6</i>	Φ 0 002
Cash and due from banks	\$ 10,536	\$ 8,903
Money market funds	3,072	3,963
Federal funds sold	3,865	4,737
Cash and cash equivalents	17,473	17,603
Investments in available-for-sale securities, at fair value	26,953	26,496
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	2,285	1,800
Loans, net of allowance for loan losses of \$1,307 at June 30, 2018 and \$1,134 at December 31, 2017	262,115	251,317
Premises and equipment, net	2,664	1,993
Co-operative Central Bank deposit	891	886
Bank-owned life insurance	6,169	6,090
Accrued interest receivable	803	702
Deferred tax asset, net	496	364
Other assets	265	275
Total assets	\$ 320,114	\$ 307,526
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Deposits:		
Noninterest-bearing	\$ 20,782	\$ 16,180
Interest-bearing	215,190	216,741
Total deposits	235,972	232,921
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	39,000	29,000
Other liabilities	419	612
Total liabilities	275,391	262,533
	-	•

Stockholders' equity:

Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, authorized 15,000,000 shares; issued 2,598,624 shares at June 30, 2018 and 2,600,743 shares at December 31, 2017	26		26	
Additional paid-in-capital	23,535		23,496	
Retained earnings	23,649		23,674	
Unearned compensation - ESOP (192,412 shares unallocated at June 30, 2018 and	(1,924)	(1.961)
196,184 shares unallocated at December 31, 2017)	(1,724	,	(1,701	,
Unearned compensation - restricted stock	(384)	(451)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss)/income	(179)	209	
Total stockholders' equity	44,723		44,993	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 320,114	9	307,526	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

MELROSE BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Data)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June S0 x Months Ended June 2018 2017 2018 2017				
	2010	2017	2010	2017	
Interest and dividend income:					
Interest and fees on loans	\$2,422	\$2,010	\$4,735	\$3,886	
Interest and dividends on securities:					
Taxable	137	140	259	269	
Tax-exempt	16	16	32	33	
Other interest	71	29	124	50	
Total interest and dividend income	2,646	2,195	5,150	4,238	
Interest expense:					
Interest on deposits	599	437	1,110	860	
Interest on Federal Home Loan Bank advances	201	62	335	105	
Total interest expense	800	499	1,445	965	
Net interest and dividend income	1,846	1,696	3,705	3,273	
Provision for loan losses	132	111	173	91	
Net interest and dividend income after provision for loan	1,714	1 505	2 522	2 102	
losses	1,/14	1,585	3,532	3,182	
Noninterest income:					
Fees and service charges	23	20	47	40	
Gain on sales and calls of available-for-sale securities, net	133	343	239	807	
Income on bank-owned life insurance	23	28	53	50	
Other income	3	2	10	4	
Total noninterest income	182	393	349	901	
Noninterest expense:					
Salaries and employee benefits	870	814	1,681	1,621	
Occupancy expense	81	82	159	152	
Equipment expense	19	10	34	21	
Data processing expense	96	101	202	197	
Advertising expense	58	56	107	101	
Printing and supplies	17	12	33	29	
FDIC assessment	22	15	44	40	
Audits and examinations	57	50	114	100	

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Other professional services	80	75	159	150
Other expense	97	62	186	106
Total noninterest expense	1,397	1,277	2,719	2,517
Income before income tax expense	499	701	1,162	1,566
Income tax expense	123	280	303	618
Net income	\$376	\$421	\$859	\$948
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	2,386,769	2,366,230	2,386,528	2,364,195
Diluted	2,419,466	2,370,127	2,417,415	2,368,164
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$0.16	\$0.18	\$0.36	\$0.40
Diluted	\$0.16	\$0.18	\$0.36	\$0.40
Dividends per share	\$0.34	\$-	\$0.34	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

MELROSE BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30six Months Ended June					e 30,					
	201	8		20)17	2	018		20)17	
Net income	\$ 3	576		\$	421	\$	859		\$	948	
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:											
Net unrealized holding (loss) gain on available-for-sale securities	(4	46)		200		(282)		497	
Reclassification adjustment for net realized gains included in net income	(133)		(343)	(239)		(807)
Other comprehensive loss before income tax effect	(179)		(143)	(521)		(310)
Income tax benefit	5	8			75		133			152	
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(121)		(68)	(388)		(158)
Comprehensive income	\$ 2	255		\$	353	\$	471		\$	790	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

MELROSE BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

(In Thousands, Except Share Data)

(Unaudited)

	Common St	tock	Additiona Paid-in-	¹ Retained	Unearned Compens		Accumuld Other sationmpreh		
	Shares	Amou	ın C apital	Earnings	- ESOP	- RSA	Income	Total	
Balance, December 31, 2016	2,602,079	\$ 26	\$23,292	\$21,912	\$ (2,037) \$ (585) \$ 696	\$ 43,30	04
Net income	-	-	-	948	-	-	-	948	
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(158) (158)
Shares repurchased for tax withholdings on stock-based compensation	-	-	(22) -	-	-	-	(22)
Restricted stock award expense	-	-	-	-	-	67	-	67	
Stock option expense Common stock held by	-	-	83	-	-	-	-	83	
ESOP committed to be allocated (7,546 shares annually)	-	-	27	-	37	-	-	64	
Balance, June 30, 2017	2,602,079	\$ 26	\$23,380	\$22,860	\$ (2,000) \$ (518) \$ 538	\$44,286)
Balance, December 31, 2017	2,600,743	\$ 26	\$23,496	\$23,674	\$ (1,961) \$ (451) \$ 209	\$44,993)
Net income	-	-	-	859	-	-	-	859	
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(388) (388)
Dividends paid	-	- -	-	(884) -	-	- 67	-	(884 67)

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Restricted stock award											
expense											
Stock option expense	-		-	83		-	-	-	-	83	
Repurchase of common stock	(10,000)	-	(193)	-	-	-	-	(193)
Common stock held by											
ESOP committed to be allocated (7,546 shares annually)	-		-	36		-	37	-	-	73	
Shares repurchased for											
tax withholdings on stock-based	(1,219)	-	(24)	-	-	-	-	(24)
compensation	0.100			127						127	
Stock options exercise	9,100		_	137					_	137	
Balance, June 30, 2018	2,598,624	4	\$ 26	\$23,535		\$23,649	\$ (1,924) \$ (384) \$ (179) \$44,723	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

MELROSE BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Six Mon June 30,		ns Ended		
	2018		2017		
Cook flows from an autimic activities.					
Cash flows from operating activities:	¢050		¢040		
Net income	\$859		\$948		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	107		7.4		
Amortization of securities, net of accretion	127		74		
Gain on sales and calls of available-for-sale securities, net	(239)	(807)	
Provision for loan losses	173		91		
Change in net deferred loan fees/costs	40		20		
Change in unamortized premiums	28		(60)	
Depreciation	66		48		
Increase in accrued interest receivable	(101)	(65)	
Decrease/(increase) in other assets	10		(61)	
Decrease in other liabilities	(193)	(2)	
Income on bank-owned life insurance	(53)	(50)	
ESOP expense	73		64		
Stock-based compensation expense	150		150		
Net cash provided by operating activities	940		350		
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchases of available-for-sale securities	(6,982)	(2,952)	
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	428		1,544		
Proceeds from maturities and calls of available-for-sale securities	5,689		2,436		
Purchases of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	(485)	(716)	
Increase in Cooperative Central Bank deposit	(5)	(5)	
Loan originations and principal collections, net	(11,039	9)	(9,421)	
Loans purchased	_		(9,894		
Capital expenditures	(737))	
Premiums paid on bank-owned life insurance	(26)	(27)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(13,15)		(19,325		

Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net increase in demand deposits, NOW and savings accounts	1,272	4,283
Net increase in time deposits	1,779	4,223
Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances	10,000	16,000
Dividends paid	(884)	-
Repurchase of Melrose Bancorp, Inc. common stock	(193)	(22)
Shares repurchased for tax withholdings on stock-based compensation	(24)	-
Stock options exercised	137	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	12,087	24,484
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(130)	5,509
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	17,603	13,792
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	\$17,473	\$19,301
Supplemental disclosures:		
Interest paid	\$1,445	\$970
Income taxes paid	64	575

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Melrose Bancorp, Inc. and Subsidiary

Form 10-Q

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Melrose Bancorp, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in February 2014 under the laws of the State of Maryland. The Company's activity consists of owning and supervising its subsidiary, Melrose Bank (the "Bank"). The Bank provides financial services to individuals, families and businesses through our full-service banking office. Our primary business activity consists of taking deposits from the general public in our market area and investing those deposits, together with funds generated from operations, in one- to- four family residential real estate loans, home equity loans and lines of credit, commercial real estate loans, construction loans and to a much lesser extent consumer loans. The Bank is a Massachusetts-chartered cooperative bank headquartered in Melrose, Massachusetts. The Bank is subject to the regulations of, and periodic examination by, the Massachusetts Division of Banks ("DOB") and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The Bank's deposits are insured by the FDIC subject to limitations.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying unaudited interim, consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Information included herein as of June 30, 2018 and for the interim periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 is unaudited; however, in the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included and were of a normal recurring nature. These statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 16, 2018. The results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for future periods, including the year ending December 31, 2018.

The significant accounting policies are summarized below to assist the reader in better understanding the condensed
consolidated financial statements and other data contained herein.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, the Bank, and the Bank's wholly-owned subsidiary, MCBSC, Inc., which is used to hold investment securities. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidation.

USE OF ESTIMATES:

In preparing consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the consolidated balance sheet and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term relate to the determination of the allowance for loan losses.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash, amounts due from banks, money market funds and federal funds sold.

SECURITIES:

Investments in debt securities are adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts computed so as to approximate the interest method. Gains or losses on sales of investment securities are computed on a specific identification basis.

The Company classifies all debt and equity securities as available-for-sale. Available-for-sale securities are carried at fair value in the consolidated balance sheets. Unrealized holding gains and losses are not included in earnings, but are reported as a net amount (less expected tax) in a separate component of stockholders' equity until realized. The security classification may be modified after acquisition only under certain specified conditions.

For any debt security with a fair value less than its amortized cost basis, the Company will determine whether it has the intent to sell the debt security or whether it is more likely than not it will be required to sell the debt security before the recovery of its amortized cost basis. If either condition is met, the Company will recognize a full impairment charge to earnings. For all other debt securities that are considered other-than-temporarily impaired and do not meet either condition, the credit loss portion of impairment will be recognized in earnings as realized losses. The other-than-temporary impairment related to all other factors will be recorded in other comprehensive loss.

Declines in marketable equity securities below their cost that are deemed other-than-temporary are reflected in earnings as realized losses.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK STOCK:

As a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Boston (FHLB), the Company is required to invest in \$100 par value stock of the FHLB. The FHLB capital structure mandates that members must own stock as determined by their Total Stock Investment Requirement which is the sum of a member's Membership Stock Investment Requirement and Activity-Based Stock Investment Requirement, as defined. Management evaluates the Company's investment in FHLB stock for other-than-temporary impairment at least on a quarterly basis and more frequently when economic or market conditions warrant such evaluation. Based on its most recent analysis of the FHLB as of June 30, 2018, management deems its investment in FHLB stock to be not other-than-temporarily impaired.

CO-OPERATIVE CENTRAL BANK AND SHARE INSURANCE FUND:

All Massachusetts-chartered co-operative banks are required to be members of the Co-operative Central Bank, which maintains the Share Insurance Fund that insures co-operative bank deposits in excess of federal deposit insurance coverage. The Co-operative Central Bank is authorized to charge co-operative banks an annual assessment fee on deposit balances in excess of amounts insured by the FDIC. Assessment rates are based on the institution's risk category, similar to the method currently used to determine assessments by the FDIC.

LOANS:

Loans receivable that management has the intent and ability to hold until maturity or payoff are reported at their outstanding principal balances adjusted for amounts due to borrowers on outstanding home equity lines of credit, commercial lines of credit and construction loans, any charge-offs, the allowance for loan losses and any deferred fees or costs on originated loans, or unamortized premiums or discounts on purchased loans.

Loan origination and commitment fees and certain direct origination costs are deferred, and the net amount amortized as an adjustment of the related loan's yield. The Company is amortizing these amounts over the expected lives of the related loans.

Residential real estate loans are generally placed on nonaccrual when reaching 90 days past due or are in the process of foreclosure. All closed-end consumer loans 90 days or more past due and any equity line in the process of foreclosure are placed on nonaccrual status. Secured consumer loans are written down to realizable value and unsecured consumer loans are charged off upon reaching 120 or 180 days past due depending on the type of loan. Commercial real estate loans and commercial business loans which are 90 days or more past due are generally placed on nonaccrual status, unless secured by sufficient cash or other assets immediately convertible to cash. When a loan has been placed on nonaccrual status, previously accrued and uncollected interest is reversed against interest on loans. A loan can be returned to accrual status when collectability of principal is reasonably assured and the loan has performed for a period of time, generally six months.

Cash receipts of interest income on impaired loans are credited to principal to the extent necessary to eliminate doubt as to the collectability of the net carrying amount of the loan. Some or all of the cash receipts of interest income on impaired loans are recognized as interest income if the remaining net carrying amount of the loan is deemed to be fully collectible. When recognition of interest income on an impaired loan on a cash basis is appropriate, the amount of income that is recognized is limited to that which would have been accrued on the net carrying amount of the loan at the contractual interest rate. Any cash interest payments received in excess of the limit and not applied to reduce the net carrying amount of the loan are recorded as recoveries of charge-offs until the charge-offs are fully recovered.

ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES:

The allowance for loan losses is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for loan losses charged to earnings. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectability of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The allowance for loan losses is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based upon management's periodic review of the collectability of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available.

PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT:

Land is carried at cost. Buildings and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Cost and related allowances for depreciation and amortization of premises and equipment retired or otherwise disposed of are removed from the respective accounts with any gain or loss included in income or expense.

Depreciation and amortization are calculated principally on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated lives are 15 to 40 years for buildings and 3 to 10 years for furniture and equipment.

Premises and equipment are periodically evaluated for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

BANK-OWNED LIFE INSURANCE:

The Company has purchased insurance policies on the lives of certain directors, executive officers and employees. Bank-owned life insurance policies are reflected on the consolidated balance sheets at cash surrender value. Changes in net cash surrender value of the policies, as well as insurance proceeds received, are reflected in non-interest income on the consolidated statements of income and are not subject to income taxes.

ADVERTISING:

The Company directly expenses costs associated with advertising as they are incurred.

INCOME TAXES:

The Company recognizes income taxes under the asset and liability method. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are established for the temporary differences between the accounting basis and the tax basis of the Company's assets and liabilities at enacted tax rates expected to be in effect when the amounts related to such temporary differences are realized or settled.

EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLAN:

Compensation expense for the Employee Stock Ownership Plan ("ESOP") is recorded at an amount equal to the shares allocated by the ESOP multiplied by the average fair value of the shares during the period. Unearned compensation applicable to the ESOP is reflected as a reduction of stockholders' equity in the consolidated balance sheets. The difference between the average fair value and the cost of shares allocated by the ESOP is recorded as an adjustment to additional paid-in-capital.

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION:

The Company recognizes stock-based compensation based on the grant-date fair value of the award. Forfeitures will be recognized when they occur. The Company values share-based stock option awards granted using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The Company recognizes compensation expense for its awards on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for the entire award (straight-line attribution method), ensuring that the amount of compensation cost recognized at any date at least equals the portion of the grant-date fair value of the award that is vested at that time.

EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS):

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding adjusted to exclude the weighted average number of unallocated shares held by the ESOP and weighted average shares of unearned restricted stock. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that would occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in earnings of the entity. For the purposes of computing diluted EPS, the treasury stock method is used.

The calculation of basic and diluted EPS (unaudited) is presented below.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2018	Three Months Ended June 30, 2017	Six Months Ended June 30, 2018	Six Months Ended June 30, 2017
	(In thousands	s, except share	e data)	
Net income	\$376	\$421	\$859	\$948
Basic Common Shares: Weighted average common shares outstanding Weighted average shares - unearned restricted stock Weighted average unallocated ESOP shares Basic weighted average shares outstanding	2,600,389 (26,093) (193,355) 2,380,941	2,602,079 (34,950) (200,899) 2,366,230	2,600,565 (27,194) (194,298) 2,379,073	2,602,079 (36,042) (201,842) 2,364,195
Dilutive effect of unvested restricted stock awards	5,780	3,897	5,934	3,969
Dilutive effect stock options	26,917	-	24,953	-
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	2,411,523	2,370,127	2,407,877	2,368,164

Basic earnings per share	\$0.16	\$0.18	\$0.36	\$0.40
Diluted earnings per share (1)	\$0.16	\$0.18	\$0.36	\$0.40

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, all options to purchase and restricted stock awards were included in the computation of dilutive earnings per share, because the effect is dilutive. Options to purchase (1)224,200 shares, representing all outstanding options during the six months ended June 30, 2017, were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, because the effect is anti-dilutive.

FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 825, "Financial Instruments," requires that the Company disclose the estimated fair value for its financial instruments. Fair value methods and assumptions used by the Company in estimating its fair value disclosures are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents: The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheets for cash and cash equivalents approximate fair value.

Securities: Fair values for securities are based on quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on quoted market prices of comparable instruments.

Loans receivable: For variable-rate loans that reprice frequently and with no significant change in credit risk, fair values are based on carrying values. The fair values for other loans are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, using interest rates currently being offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality.

Cooperative Central Bank deposits: The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheets for Cooperative Central Bank deposits approximate fair value.

Federal Home Loan Bank stock: The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheets for Federal Home Loan Bank stock approximate fair value.

Accrued interest receivable: The carrying amount of accrued interest receivable approximates fair value.

Deposit liabilities: The fair values for demand deposits (e.g., interest and non-interest checking, passbook savings and money market accounts) are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting date (i.e., their carrying amounts). Fair values for fixed-rate certificate accounts are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on similar certificates to a schedule of aggregated expected monthly maturities on certificate accounts.

Federal Home Loan Bank advances: Fair values for Federal Home Loan Bank advances are estimated using a discounted cash flow technique that applies interest rates currently being offered on advances to a schedule of aggregate expected monthly maturities on Federal Home Loan Bank advances.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

As an "emerging growth company," as defined in Title 1 of Jumpstart Our Business Startups (JOBS) Act, the Company has elected to use the extended transition period to delay adoption of new or reissued accounting pronouncements applicable to public companies until such pronouncements are made applicable to private companies. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements may not be comparable to the financial statements of public companies that comply with such new or revised accounting standards. As of June 30, 2018, there is no significant difference in the comparability of the financial statements as a result of this extended transition period. The extended transition period for an emerging growth company is five years, and the Company's emerging growth status will end on December 31, 2019.

In May 2014 and August 2015, respectively, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update ASU 2014-09 and ASU 2015-14, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)." The objective of ASU 2014-09 is to clarify principles for recognizing revenue and to develop a common revenue standard for Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and International Financial Reporting Standards. The guidance in ASU 2014-09 affects any entity that either enters into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services or enters into contracts for the transfer of nonfinancial assets unless those contracts are within the scope of other standards. The core principal of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Under the extended transition period for an emerging growth company, the amendments in ASU 2015-14 defer the effective date of ASU 2014-09 to annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and interim periods within that period. Earlier application is permitted only as of an annual reporting period beginning after December 31, 2016, include interim reporting periods with that reporting period. The Company's revenue is comprised of net interest income on financial assets and financial liabilities, which is explicitly excluded from the scope of ASU 2014-09, and non-interest income. Based on the Company's preliminary

analysis of the effect of the new standard on its recurring revenue streams, the net quantitative impact of these presentation changes to noninterest income and noninterest expense is expected to be immaterial and will not affect net income. The Company is in the process of completing a full evaluation of the impact of the new standard, however, anticipates the adoption of this ASU will not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, "Financial Instruments – Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." The amendments in this ASU address certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial instruments and makes targeted improvements to GAAP as follows:

Require equity investments (except those accounted for under the equity method of accounting or those that result in consolidation of the investee) to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income.

- 1. However, the entity may choose to measure equity investments that do not have readily determinable fair values at cost minus impairment, if any, plus or minus changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for the identical or a similar investment of the same manner.
- Simplify the impairment assessment of equity investments without determinable fair values by requiring a
- 2. qualitative assessment to identify impairment. When a qualitative assessment indicates that impairment exists, an entity is required to measure the investment at fair value.
 - Eliminate the requirement for public business entities to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to
- 3. estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet.
- 4. Require public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes.

Require an entity to present separately in other comprehensive loss the portion of the total change in fair value of a

- 5. liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments.
 - Require separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of
- 6. financial assets (that is, securities or loans and receivables) on the balance sheet or the accompanying notes to the financial statements.
- 7. Clarify that an entity should evaluate the need for a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to available-for-sale securities in combination with the entity's other deferred tax assets.

Under the extended transition period for an emerging growth company, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption of item 5 above is permitted as of the beginning of fiscal years or interim periods for which financial statements have not been issued. Early adoption of all other amendments in this ASU is not permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the amendments of ASU No. 2016-01 to determine the potential impact the new standard will have on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)." This ASU was issued to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by requiring reporting entities to recognize all leases, including operating, as lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. The amendments in this ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2018, and interim periods therein. The Company anticipates that the adoption of this ASU will not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments." The ASU requires an organization to measure all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Financial institutions and other organizations will now use forward-looking information to better inform their credit loss estimates. Many of the loss estimation techniques applied today will still be permitted, although the inputs to those techniques will change to reflect the full amount of expected credit losses. Organizations will continue to use judgment to determine which loss estimation method is appropriate for their circumstances. Additionally, the ASU amends the accounting for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities and purchased financial assets with credit deterioration. This update will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted in interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the amendments of ASU No. 2016-13 to determine the potential impact the new standard will have on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-08, "Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities." This ASU shortens the amortization period for the premium on certain purchased callable debt securities to the earliest call date. Today, entities generally amortize the premium over the contractual life of the security. The new guidance does

not change the accounting for purchased callable debt securities held at a discount; the discount continues to be amortized to maturity. ASU No. 2017-08 is effective for annual reporting beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods therein; early adoption is permitted. The guidance calls for a modified retrospective transition approach under which a cumulative-effect adjustment will be made to retained earnings as of the beginning of the first reporting period in which the guidance is adopted. The Company anticipates the adoption of ASU No. 2017-08 will not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 3 - INVESTMENTS IN AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES

Debt and equity securities have been classified in the consolidated balance sheets according to management's intent. The amortized cost basis of securities and their approximate fair values are as follows as of June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017:

I 00 0010	Amortize Cost Basis (In Thou	U G	nrealized ains	U	ross nrealized osses	Fair Value	
June 30, 2018 U.S. Government and federal agency obligations	\$4,792	\$	_	\$	101	\$4,691	
Debt securities issued by states of the United States and political subdivisions of the states	2,635	Ф	-	Ф	42	2,593	
Corporate bonds and notes	13,289		4		204	13,089	
Preferred stock	2,000		8		5	2,003	
Asset-backed securities	1,232		-		60	1,172	
Mortgage-backed securities	1,343		-		52	1,291	
Marketable equity securities	1,879		242		7	2,114	
	\$27,170	\$	254	\$	471	\$26,953	
December 31, 2017:							
U.S. Government and federal agency obligations	\$5,390	\$	-	\$	65	\$5,325	
Debt securities issued by states of the United States and political subdivisions of the states	2,898		12		29	2,881	
Corporate bonds and notes	11,364		7		77	11,294	
Preferred stock	3,000		13		-	3,013	
Mortgage-backed securities	1,495		-		47	1,448	
Marketable equity securities	2,046		490		1	2,535	
	\$26,193	\$	522	\$	219	\$26,496	

The scheduled maturities of debt securities were as follows as of June 30, 2018 (unaudited):

	Fair
	Value
	(In Thousands)
Due within one year	\$ 1,988
Due after one year through five years	16,306
Due after five years through ten years	1,619
Due after ten years	1,468

Asset-backed securities 1,172
Mortgage-backed securities 1,291
\$ 23,844

Not included in the maturity table above is preferred stock with no stated maturity of \$995,000 at June 30, 2018 (unaudited).

There were no securities of issuers whose aggregate carrying amount exceeded 10% of stockholders' equity as of June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 (unaudited) proceeds from the sales of available-for-sale securities were \$234,000 and \$428,000, respectively, and gross realized gains on these sales amounted to \$133,000 and \$254,000, respectively. The tax expense on the realized gains during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 was \$35,000 and \$62,000, respectively. There were no realized losses on available for sale securities for the three months ended June 30, 2018. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, there was one security called prior to full amortization of the premium being taken and the Company recognized a loss of \$15,000 as a result. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 (unaudited) proceeds from the sales of available-for-sale securities were \$650,000 and \$1,544,000, respectively, and gross realized gains on these sales amounted to \$343,000 and \$807,000, respectively. The tax expense on the realized gains during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$133,000 and \$315,000, respectively. There were no realized losses on available for sale securities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

The Company had no pledged securities as of June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017.

The aggregate fair value and unrealized losses of securities that have been in a continuous unrealized loss position for less than twelve months and for twelve months or more, and are not other-than-temporarily impaired, are as follows as of June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017:

	Less than 12 months			12 mont longer	ths	or	Total		
	Fair	U	nrealize	d Fair	Unrealiz		l Fair	U	nrealized
	Value	L	osses	Value	L	osses	Value	L	osses
	(In Thou	san	ds)						
June 30, 2018									
U.S. Government and federal agency obligations	\$1,343	\$	34	\$3,348	\$	67	\$4,691	\$	101
Debt securities issued by states of the United States	2,305		28	288		14	2,593		42
and political subdivisions of the states	2,303		20	200		14	2,393		42
Corporate bonds and notes	9,695		132	2,429		72	12,124		204
Preferred stock	995		5	-		-	995		5
Asset-backed securities	1,172		60	-		-	1,172		60
Mortgage-backed securities	438		15	853		37	1,291		52
Marketable equity securities	1,695		7	-		-	1,695		7
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$17,643	\$	281	\$6,918	\$	190	\$24,561	\$	471
December 31, 2017									
U.S. Government and federal agency obligations	\$2,855	\$	20	\$2,470	\$	45	\$5,325	\$	65
Debt securities issued by states of the United States	991		6	535		23	1,526		29
and political subdivisions of the states	771		O	333		23	1,520		2)
Corporate bonds and notes	4,467		24	3,946		53	8,413		77
Mortgage-backed securities	453		6	995		41	1,448		47
Marketable equity securities	485		1	-		-	485		1
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$9,251	\$	57	\$7,946	\$	162	\$17,197	\$	219

The Company conducts periodic reviews of investment securities with unrealized losses to evaluate whether the impairment is other-than-temporary. The Company's review for impairment generally includes a determination of the cause, severity and duration of the impairment; and an analysis of both positive and negative evidence available. The Company also determines if it has the ability and intent to hold the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for anticipated recovery to cost basis. In regard to corporate debt, the Company also considers the issuer's current financial condition and its ability to make future scheduled interest and principal payments on a timely basis in assessing other-than-temporary impairment. A summary of the Company's reviews of investment securities deemed to be temporarily impaired is as follows:

Unrealized losses on U.S. Government and federal agency obligations amounted to \$101,000 and consisted of ten securities. The unrealized losses on nine of these debt securities were individually less than 3.5% of amortized cost basis, with one of these U.S. government and federal agency obligations at 6.1% of amortized cost basis. Unrealized losses on municipal bonds amounted to \$42,000 and consisted of seven securities. The unrealized losses on six of these debt securities were individually less than 3.5% of amortized cost basis, with one of these municipal bonds at 4.6% of amortized cost basis. Unrealized losses on corporate bonds amounted to \$204,000 and consisted of twenty securities. The unrealized losses on fifteen of these debt securities were individually less than 2.5% of amortized cost basis, with five of these corporate bonds between 3.5% and 4.5% of amortized cost basis. Unrealized losses on preferred stock amounted to \$5,000 and consisted of one security, the unrealized loss on this one security was 0.5% of amortized cost basis. Unrealized losses on asset-backed securities amounted to \$60,000 and consisted of four securities. Unrealized losses on one of these asset-backed securities was less than 1% of amortized cost basis, with three of these securities having unrealized losses between 4.8% and 6.5% of amortized cost basis. Unrealized losses on mortgage-backed securities amounted to \$52,000 and consisted of five securities. The unrealized losses on these debt securities range from 1.8% to 6.5% of amortized cost basis. These unrealized losses relate principally to the effect of interest rate changes on the fair value of debt securities and not to an increase in credit risk of the issuers. As the Company does not intend to sell the securities and it is more likely than not that the Company will not be required to sell the securities before recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may be at maturity, the Company does not consider these securities to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2018.

Unrealized losses on marketable equity securities amounted to \$7,000 and consisted of two securities. The unrealized losses on these marketable equity securities were less than 2.0% of amortized cost basis. These unrealized losses relate principally to the effect of fluctuations in market value and not to an increase in credit risk of the issuers.

NOTE 4 - LOANS

Loans consisted of the following at:

	*	,	
Real estate loans:			
One-to four-family residential	\$187,804	\$ 189,763	
Home equity loans and lines of credit	11,385	11,585	
Commercial	47,289	34,686	
Construction	16,438	15,853	
Consumer loans	54	44	
Total loans	262,970	251,931	
Allowance for loan losses	(1,307)	(1,134)
Deferred loan (fees)/costs, net	(5)	35	
Unamortized premiums	457	485	
Net loans	\$262,115	\$ 251,317	

The following tables set forth information on loans and the allowance for loan losses at and for the periods ending June 30, 2018 and 2017 (unaudited) and as of December 31, 2017:

```
Real Estate:

Home
One- Equity
to Loans
four- and Commercial Construction
family Lines
Residential
Credit
(In Thousands)
```

Three Months Ended June 30, 2018 (unaudited) Allowance for loan losses: Beginning balance Charge offs Recoveries Provision/(benefit) Ending balance	\$474 - - 2 \$476	\$	- - -	\$	510 - - 168 678	\$	109 - - (38 71)	\$	1 1	\$ - - -	30 30	\$1,175 - - 132 \$1,307
	Real Estate: Home One- Equity to Loans four- and Commercial Construction family Lines Residential Credit (In Thousands)									ted Total			
Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 (unaudited) Allowance for loan losses:	*												.
Beginning balance	\$442	\$	50	\$	260	\$	98		\$	1	\$)	19	\$870
Charge offs Recoveries	-		_		_		_			-		_	_
Provision/(benefit)	9		2		- 57		33			_		10	111
Ending balance	\$451	\$		\$		\$			\$	1	\$ 6	29	\$981

Six Months Ended June 30, 2018	Real E One- to four- family Reside	He Ed Lo an Li Li entif	ome quity pans ad nes al		ommercial	l Co	Onstruction	Co Lo	nsui ans	ner	Una	allocate	d Total
(unaudited)													
Allowance for loan losses:													
Beginning balance	\$481	\$	52	\$	472	\$	107	\$	1		\$	21	\$1,134
Charge offs	-		-		-		-					-	-
Recoveries (Benefit)/provision	(5)		- (1)		206		(26		-			9	173
Ending balance	(5) \$476		(1)	\$	678	\$	(36) 71	\$	1		\$	30	\$1,307
Six Months Ended June 20, 2017	Real Estate: Home One- Equity to Loans four- and Commercial Construction family Lines Residential Credit (In Thousands)										ed Total		
Six Months Ended June 30, 2017													
(unaudited) Allowance for loan losses:													
Beginning balance	\$418	\$	49	\$	276	\$	117	\$	1		\$	29	\$890
Charge offs	-	Τ'	_	7	_	7	-	Τ'	_		7	-	-
Recoveries	-		-		-		-		-			-	-
Provision	33		3		41		14		-			-	91
Ending balance	\$451	\$	52	\$	317	\$	131	\$	1		\$	29	\$981

At June 30, 2018 (unaudited)	One- to four- fami Residentia	Home Equity Loans ly and Lines of Credit	Commercial Construction Consumer Unallocated Γο								
Allowance for loan losses: Ending Balance: Individually evaluated for impairment Ending balance: Collectively evaluated for	\$8	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$8		
impairment	468	51	678	71		1		30	1,299		
Total allowance for loan losses ending balance	\$476	\$51	\$ 678	\$ 71	\$	1	\$	30	\$1,307		
Impairment Ending balance: Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$98 187,706 \$187,804	\$- 11,385 \$11,385	\$ - 47,289 \$ 47,289	\$ - 16,438 \$ 16,438	\$	- 54 54	\$	-	\$98 262,872 \$262,970		
At December 31, 2017 Allowance for loan losses: Ending Balance: Individually evaluated for impairment Ending balance: Collectively evaluated for impairment Total allowance for loan losses ending balance Loans:	\$8 473 \$481	\$- 52 \$52	\$ - 472 \$ 472	\$ - 107 \$ 107		- 1 1	\$	- 21 21	\$8 1,126 \$1,134		
Ending balance: Individually evaluated for impairment Ending balance: Collectively evaluated for impairment Total loans ending balance	\$100 189,663 \$189,763	\$- 11,585 \$11,585	\$ - 34,686 \$ 34,686	\$ - 15,853 \$ 15,853		- 44 44	\$	-	\$100 251,831 \$251,931		

The following tables set forth information regarding nonaccrual loans and past-due loans as of June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017:

	30 - 59 Days Past Due	60 - 89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Total Current	Total	or M Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due and Accruing		on- ccrual			
	(In Thousands)												
At June 30, 2018 (unaudited)													
Real estate loans:													
One-to four-family residential	\$421	\$186	\$ 100	\$707	\$187,097	\$187,804	\$	-	\$	286			
Home equity loans and lines of credit	-	-	-	-	11,385	11,385		-		-			
Commercial	-	-	-	-	47,289	47,289		-		-			
Construction	-	-	-	-	16,438	16,438		-		-			
Consumer loans	-	-	-	-	54	54		-		-			
Total	\$421	\$186	\$ 100	\$707	\$262,263	\$262,970	\$	-	\$	286			
At December 31, 2017													
Real estate loans:													
One-to four-family residential	\$295	\$177	\$ -	\$472	\$189,291	\$189,763	\$	-	\$	189			
Home equity loans and lines of credit	189	-	-	189	11,396	11,585		-		-			
Commercial	_	-	-	_	34,686	34,686		-		_			
Construction	_	_	_	_	15,853	15,853		-		_			
Consumer loans	_	_	_	_	44	44		-		_			
Total	\$484	\$177	\$ -	\$661	\$251,270	\$251,931	\$	-	\$	189			

As of and during the six months ended June 30, 2018 (unaudited) there was one, one- to four-family residential loan, with an outstanding balance of \$98,000, meeting the definition of an impaired loan in ASC 310-10-35. As of and during the six months ended June 30, 2017 there were no loans meeting the definition of an impaired loan.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018 (unaudited) there was one, one- to four-family residential real estate loan with a recorded balance of \$98,000, modified that met the definition of a troubled debt restructured loan in ASC 310-40. The loan has had no defaults on payment, and no commitments to lend additional funds have been approved subsequent to the modification. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, there were no loans modified that met the definition of a troubled debt restructured loan.

As of June 30, 2018 (unaudited) there were no loans in the process of foreclosure. At December 31, 2017, there were no consumer mortgage loans collateralized by residential real estate property in the process of foreclosure.

Credit Quality Information

The Company has established an 11 point internal loan rating system for commercial real estate, construction and commercial loans. For residential real estate and consumer loans, the Company initially assesses credit quality based upon the borrower's ability to pay and subsequently monitors these loans based on the borrower's ability to pay. The risk rating system will assist the Company in better understanding the risk inherent in each loan. The loan ratings are as follows:

Loans rated 1: Secured by cash collateral or highly liquid diversified marketable securities.

Loans rated 2-3: Strongest quality loans in the portfolio not secured by cash. Defined by consistent, solid profits, strong cash flow and are well secured. Very little vulnerability to changing economic conditions and compare favorably to their industry.

Loans rated 4 – 5: These loans are pass rated. Borrower will show average to strong cash flow, strong to adequate collateral coverage, and will have a generally sound balance sheet. Inclusive in the 5 rating are all open and closed – end residential and retail loans which are paying as agreed.

Loans rated 6: Loans with above average risk but still considered pass. Generally this rating is reserved for projects currently under construction or borrowers with modest cash flow, although still meeting all loan covenants.

Loans rated 6W: Contain all the risks of a 6 rated credit but have an inherent weakness that requires close monitoring. This rating also generally includes open and closed-end residential and retail loans which are greater than 30 days past due but display no other inherent weakness.

Loans rated 7: Potential weaknesses which warrant management's close attention. If weaknesses are uncorrected, repayment prospects may be weakened. This is typically a transitional rating.

Loans rated 8: Considered substandard. There is a likelihood of loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. Generally, open and closed – end retail loans, as well as automotive and other consumer loans past 90 cumulative days from the contractual due date should be classified as an 8.

Loans rated 9: Borrower has a pronounced weakness and all current information indicates collection or liquidation of all debts in full is improbable and highly questionable.

Loans rated 10: Uncollectable and a loss will be taken. Open and closed – end loans secured by residential real estate that are beyond 180 days past due will be assessed for value and any outstanding loan balance in excess of said value, less cost to sell, will be classified as a 10.

On an annual basis, or more often if needed, the Company formally reviews the ratings on all commercial real estate and construction loans over \$350,000.

As of June 30, 2018 (unaudited), there was one one- to four- family residential real estate loan with a total balance of \$98,000 with a risk rating of "7 – special mention." There were three, one- to four- family residential real estate loans with a total balance of \$465,000 with a risk rating of "6W – Pass Watch," and all other loans outstanding had a risk rating of "1 to 6 - pass."

As of December 31, 2017, there were no one- to four- family residential real estate loans that had a risk rating of "8 – substandard." There were three, one- to four- family residential real estate loans with a total balance of \$472,000 with a risk rating of "6W – Pass Watch," and one special mention one- to four- family residential real estate loan with a total balance of \$99,000. All other outstanding loans had a risk rating of "1 to 6 – pass."

NOTE 5 - PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT

The following is a summary of premises and equipment:

	June	December				
	30,	31,				
	2018	2017				
	(In Thousands)					
	(unaudite	d)				
Land	\$393	\$ 393				
Building	3,275	2,070				
Construction in process	-	641				
Furniture and equipment	640	553				
Data processing equipment	446	360				
	4,754	4,017				
Accumulated depreciation	(2,090)	(2,024)				
_	\$2,664	\$ 1,993				

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS

The aggregate amount of time deposit amounts in denominations that meet or exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance limit of \$250,000 as of June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017 amounted to \$29,103,000 and \$27,781,000, respectively.

For time deposits as of June 30, 2018 (unaudited) the scheduled maturities for each of the following periods ending June 30 are as follows:

```
(In
Thousands)
2019 $ 81,492
2020 34,179
2021 8,055
2022 2,941
2023 1,232
$ 127,899
```

Deposits from related parties held by the Bank as of June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017 amounted to \$6,040,000 and \$3,603,000, respectively.

NOTE 7 - BORROWED FUNDS

The Bank is a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Boston (FHLB). Borrowings from the FHLB are secured by a blanket lien on qualified collateral, consisting primarily of loans with first mortgages secured by one-to-four family properties, certain unencumbered investment securities and other qualified assets. The remaining maximum borrowing capacity with the FHLB at June 30, 2018 (unaudited) was approximately \$68.9 million subject to the purchase of additional FHLB stock. The Bank had outstanding FHLB borrowings of \$39.0 million at June 30, 2018, (unaudited) consisting of nine advances all with three year terms and interest rates ranging from 1.42% to 2.78%. Additionally, at June 30, 2018, (unaudited) the Bank had the ability to borrow up to \$5.0 million on a Federal Funds line of credit with the Co-Operative Central Bank.

Maturities of advances from the FHLB for the periods ending after June 30, 2018 (unaudited) are summarized as follows (in thousands):

2019 \$10,000 2020 19,000 2021 10,000 \$39,000

NOTE 8 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company is party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to originate loans and unadvanced funds on loans. The instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the consolidated balance sheets. The contract amounts of those instruments reflect the extent of involvement the Company has in particular classes of financial instruments.

The Company's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for loan commitments is represented by the contractual amounts of those instruments. The Company uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet instruments.

Commitments to originate loans are agreements to lend to a customer provided there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. The Company evaluates each customer's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Company upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the borrower. Collateral held varies, but may include secured interests in mortgages, accounts receivable, inventory, property, plant and equipment and income-producing properties.

Amounts of financial instrument liabilities with off-balance sheet credit risk are as follows as of June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017:

June 30, December 31, 2018 2017 (In Thousands)

Commitments to originate loans	\$5,101	\$ 2,401
Unused lines of credit	18,916	17,611
Due to borrowers on unadvanced construction loans	1,627	2,320
	\$25,644	\$ 22,332

NOTE 9 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

ASC 820-10, "Fair Value Measurement - Overall," provides a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles. This guidance also allows an entity the irrevocable option to elect fair value for the initial and subsequent measurement for certain financial assets and liabilities on a contract-by-contract basis.

In accordance with ASC 820-10, the Company groups its financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in three levels, based on the markets in which the assets and liabilities are traded and the reliability of the assumptions used to determine fair value.

Level 1 - Valuations for assets and liabilities traded in active exchange markets, such as the New York Stock Exchange. Valuations are obtained from readily available pricing sources for market transactions involving identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Valuations for assets and liabilities traded in less active dealer or broker markets. Valuations are obtained from third party pricing services for identical or comparable assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Valuations for assets and liabilities that are derived from other methodologies, including option pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques, are not based on market exchange, dealer, or broker traded transactions. Level 3 valuations incorporate certain assumptions and projections in determining the fair value assigned to such assets and liabilities.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

A description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy, is set forth below. These valuation methodologies were applied to all of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value for June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017. The Company did not have any significant transfers of assets between levels 1 and 2 of the fair value hierarchy during the six months ended June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and the year ended December 31, 2017.

The Company's investments in preferred stock and marketable equity securities are generally classified within level 1 of the fair value hierarchy because they are valued using quoted market prices.

The Company's investment in debt securities available-for-sale is generally classified within level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. For these securities, we obtain fair value measurements from independent pricing services. The fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, the U.S. treasury yield curve, trading levels, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information and the instrument's terms and conditions.

Level 3 is for positions that are not traded in active markets or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations are adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, and such adjustments are generally based on available market evidence. In the absence of such evidence, management's best estimate is used. Subsequent to inception, management only changes level 3 inputs and assumptions when corroborated by evidence such as transactions in similar instruments, completed or pending third-party transactions in the underlying investment or comparable entities, subsequent rounds of financing, recapitalization and other transactions across the capital structure, offerings in the equity or debt markets, and changes in financial ratios or cash flows.

The following summarizes assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017:

Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date

Using:

Total Quoted Significant Significant Prices in Other Unobservable

Active Observable Inputs

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		Markets for Identical Assets Level 1	Inputs Level 2	Level 3
	(In Thou	sands)		
June 30, 2018				
U.S. Government and federal agency obligations	\$4,691	\$ -	\$ 4,691	\$ -
Debt securities issued by states of the United States and political subdivisions of the states	2,593	-	2,593	-
Corporate bonds and notes	13,089	-	13,089	-
Preferred stock	2,003	2,003	-	-
Asset-backed securities	1,172	-	1,172	-
Mortgage-backed securities	1,291	-	1,291	-
Marketable equity securities	2,114	2,114	-	-
Totals	\$26,953	\$ 4,117	\$ 22,836	\$ -
December 31, 2017:				
U.S. Government and federal agency obligations	\$5,325	\$ -	\$ 5,325	\$ -
Debt securities issued by states of the United States and political subdivisions of the states	2,881	-	2,881	-
Corporate bonds and notes	11,294	-	11,294	-
Preferred stock	3,013	3,013	-	-
Mortgage-backed securities	1,448	-	1,448	-
Marketable equity securities	2,535	2,535	-	-
Totals	\$26,496	\$ 5,548	\$ 20,948	\$ -

Under certain circumstances the Company makes adjustments to fair value for its assets and liabilities although they are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis. At June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017, there were no assets or liabilities carried on the consolidated balance sheets for which a nonrecurring change in fair value has been recorded.

The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments, all of which are held or issued for purposes other than trading, are as follows:

	June 30, 2018 (unaudited)								
	Carrying	Fair Valu	ie						
	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
	(In Thousa	ınds)							
Financial assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$17,473	\$17,473	\$-	\$-	\$17,473				
Available-for-sale securities	26,953	4,117	22,836	-	26,953				
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	2,285	2,285	-	-	2,285				
Loans, net	262,115	-	-	263,467	263,467				
Co-operative Central Bank deposit	891	891	-	-	891				
Accrued interest receivable	803	803	-	-	803				
Financial liabilities:									
Deposits	235,972	-	236,604	-	236,604				
FHLB advances	39,000	-	38,161	-	38,161				
	December	-							
	Carrying								
	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
	(In Thousa	ınds)							
Financial assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$17,603	\$17,603	\$-	\$-	\$17,603				
Available-for-sale securities	26,496	5,548	20,948	-	26,496				
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	1,800	1,800	-	-	1,800				
Loans, net	251,317	-	-	252,792	252,792				
Co-operative Central Bank deposit	886	886	-	-	886				
Accrued interest receivable	702	702	-	-	702				
Financial liabilities:									
i manetai naomites.									
Deposits	232,921	-	232,899	-	232,899				

The carrying amounts of financial instruments shown in the above tables are included in the consolidated balance sheets under the indicated captions. Accounting policies related to financial instruments are described in Note 2.

NOTE 10 - OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

Accounting principles generally require that recognized revenue, expenses, gains and losses be included in net income. Although certain changes in assets and liabilities are reported as a separate component of the stockholders' equity section of the consolidated balance sheets, such items, along with net income, are components of comprehensive income.

The components of other comprehensive loss, included in stockholders' equity, are as follows:

	201	ree mon 18 thousan		ed June 201			201	months 8 thousan		June 30 201	-	
Net unrealized holding (loss)/gain on available-for-sale securities	\$	(46)	\$	200		\$	(282)	\$	497	
Reclassification adjustment for net realized gains included in net income ⁽¹⁾		(133)		(343)		(239)		(807)
Other comprehensive loss before income tax effect		(179)		(143)		(521)		(310)
Income tax benefit		58			75			133			152	
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	\$	(121)	\$	(68)	\$	(388)	\$	(158)

Reclassification adjustments include net realized securities gains. Realized gains have been reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive loss and affect certain captions in the consolidated statements of income as follows: pre-tax amount for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, is reflected as a gain on sales and calls of available-for-sale securities, net of \$133,000 and \$239,000, respectively. The tax effect, included in income tax (1) expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, was \$35,000 and \$62,000, respectively. Pre-tax amount for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 is reflected as a gain on sales and calls of available-for-sale securities, net of \$343,000 and \$807,000, respectively. The tax effect, included in income tax expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$133,000 and \$315,000, respectively. The after tax amounts are included in net income.

Accumulated other comprehensive (loss)/income as of June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017 consists of net unrealized holding (losses)/gains on available-for-sale securities, net of taxes.

NOTE 11 - REGULATORY MATTERS

The Bank is subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the federal banking agencies. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Bank's financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Bank must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of the Bank's assets, liabilities and certain off-balance sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The Bank's capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors.

Effective January 1, 2015, (with a phase-in period of two to four years for certain components), the Bank became subject to capital regulations adopted by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System ("FRB") and the FDIC, which implement the Basel III regulatory capital reforms and the changes required by the Dodd-Frank Act. The regulations require a common equity Tier 1 ("CET1") capital ratio of 4.5%, a minimum Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets ratio of 6.0%, a minimum total capital to risk-weighted assets ratio of 8.0% and a minimum Tier 1 leverage ratio of 4.0%. CET1 generally consists of common stock and retained earnings, subject to applicable adjustments and deductions. Under prompt corrective action regulations, in order to be considered "well capitalized," the Bank must maintain a CET1 capital ratio of 6.5%, a Tier 1 risk based capital ratio of 8.0%, a total risk based capital ratio of 10.0%, and a Tier 1 leverage ratio of 5.0%. In addition, the regulations establish a capital conservation buffer above the required capital ratios that began phasing in January 1, 2016 at 0.625% of risk-weighted assets and increases each year by 0.625% until it is fully phased in at 2.5% effective January 1, 2019. Failure to maintain the capital conservation buffer will limit the ability of the Bank and the Company to pay dividends, repurchase shares or pay discretionary bonuses. At June, 30, 2018, the Bank exceeded the fully phased in regulatory requirement for the capital conservation buffer.

Management believes, as of June 30, 2018, that the Bank meets all capital adequacy requirements to which it is subject.

As of June 30, 2018, the most recent notification from the FDIC categorized the Bank as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as well capitalized the Bank must maintain minimum Common Equity Tier 1 risk-based, total risk-based, Tier 1 risk-based and Tier 1 leverage capital ratios as set forth in the following table. There were no conditions or events since that notification that management believes have changed the Bank's category.

The Bank's actual capital amounts and ratios as of June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017 are presented in the following table.

	Actual		For Capi Adequac Purposes	y	Be Well Capitaliz Under Pr Correctiv Action Provision	rompt ve
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
	(Dollars I	n Thousai	nds)			
At June 30, 2018 (unaudited):						
Total Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	\$38,179	17.96%	\$17,006	8.0	% \$21,258	10.0 %
Tier 1 Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	36,767	17.30	12,755	6.0	17,006	8.0
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	36,767	17.30	9,566	4.5	13,818	6.5
Tier 1 Capital (to Average Assets)	36,767	12.04	12,216	4.0	15,271	5.0
As of December 31, 2017:						
Total Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	\$35,297	19.80%	\$15,007	8.0	% \$18,759	10.0 %
Tier 1 Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	36,314	19.08	11,255	6.0	15,007	8.0
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (to Risk Weighted Assets)	36,314	19.08	8,441	4.5	12,193	6.5
Tier 1 Capital (to Average Assets)	36,314	12.59	11,373	4.0	14,216	5.0

NOTE 12 - COMMON STOCK REPURCHASES

From time to time, our board of directors authorizes stock repurchase plans. In general, stock repurchase plans allow us to proactively manage our capital position and return excess capital to shareholders. Shares purchased under such plans also provide us with shares of common stock necessary to satisfy obligations related to stock compensation awards. On September 14, 2017, the board of directors of the Company authorized an increase in the number of shares that may be repurchased pursuant to the Company's stock repurchase plan that was previously announced on November 12, 2015. Under the expanded repurchase plan, the Company is authorized to repurchase an additional 130,037 shares, representing approximately 5.0% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares of common stock as of September 14, 2017. As of September 14, 2017, the Company had 11,200 shares remaining to be purchased under its previously announced share repurchase plan of 283,000. The actual amount and timing of future share repurchases, if any, will depend on market conditions, applicable SEC rules and various other factors. As of June 30, 2018, the Company had 131,237 shares remaining to be repurchased pursuant to its repurchase plans.

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2017, 1,336 shares of common stock were repurchased, as a result of net settlements in connection with the first annual installment of stock awards vesting. These net settlements were not part of the Company's repurchase plan; the Company was required to purchase these shares for the payment of incomes taxes withheld on unvested restricted stock awards.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018 (unaudited), the Company repurchased 10,000 shares of common stock at an average cost of \$19.30 per share.

NOTE 13 - STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

Melrose Bancorp, Inc. adopted the Melrose Bancorp, Inc. 2015 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2015 Equity Incentive Plan") to provide directors, officers, and employees of the Company and the Bank with additional incentives to promote growth and performance of the Company and the Bank. The 2015 Equity Incentive Plan authorizes the issuance or delivery to participants of up to 396,140 shares of Melrose Bancorp, Inc. common stock pursuant to grants of incentive and non-statutory stock options, restricted stock awards, and restricted stock units. Of this number, the maximum number of shares of Melrose Bancorp, Inc. common stock that may be issued under the 2015 Equity Incentive Plan pursuant to the exercise of stock options is 282,957 shares, and the maximum number of shares of Melrose Bancorp, Inc. common stock that may be issued as restricted stock awards or restricted stock units is 113,183 shares. The 2015 Equity Incentive Plan was effective upon approval by stockholders at the November 23, 2015 annual meeting.

On May 12, 2016, the Company issued 44,300 shares of common stock restricted stock awards. The restricted stock award expense is based on the grant date fair value \$15.13 per share, and shares vest over 5 years commencing one year from the grant date. The total expense recognized for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, in connection with the restricted stock awards was \$33,000 and \$67,000, respectively (unaudited), and the recognized tax benefit was \$9,000 and \$17,000, respectively (unaudited). There were no forfeitures during the three and six month period ending June 30, 2018. During the three and six month period ending June 30, 2017, the expense was \$33,000 and \$67,000, respectively (unaudited), and the recognized tax benefit was \$13,000 and \$26,000, respectively (unaudited). There were no forfeitures during the three and six month period ending June 30, 2017.

On May 12, 2016, the Company granted 224,200 stock options. The stock options have an exercise price of \$15.13 per share, and vest ratably over 5 years commencing one year from the date of the grant. The stock option expense is equal to the number of options expected to vest each year times the grant date fair value of the shares as determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The Company completed an analysis of seven peer banks to determine the expected volatility of 20.24%. The exercise price used in the pricing model was \$15.13, the closing price of the stock on the grant date. The expected life was estimated to be 6.5 years and the 7 year treasury rate of 1.54% was used as the annual risk free interest rate. The expected forfeiture rate is 0%. Using these variables, the estimated fair value is \$3.71 per share. The aggregate intrinsic value of outstanding stock options is \$1.0 million as of June 30, 2018. The total expense recognized for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, in connection with the stock options was \$41,000 and \$83,000, respectively (unaudited), and the recognized tax benefit was \$11,000 and \$22,000, respectively (unaudited). There were no forfeitures or during the three and six month period ending June 30, 2018. There were 9,100 options exercised during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018. During the three and six month period ending June 30, 2017 the stock option expense was \$41,000 and \$83,000, respectively (unaudited), and the recognized tax benefit was \$16,000 and \$32,000 (unaudited). There were no forfeitures or options exercised during the three and six month period ending June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2018 (unaudited), the unrecognized share based compensation expense related to the 26,580 unvested restricted stock awards amounted to \$384,000. The unrecognized expense will be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.8 years.

At June 30, 2018 (unaudited), 80,580 of the 215,100 stock options outstanding are exercisable, and the remaining contractual life is 7.8 years. The unrecognized expense related to the unvested options is \$476,000 and will be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.8 years.

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In July 2018, a total of 5,000 shares of common stock were repurchased at an average cost of \$19.50 per share.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

General

Management's discussion and analysis of the financial condition at June 30, 2018 and the results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 is intended to assist in understanding the financial condition and results of operations of the Company. The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto, appearing on Part I, Item 1 of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This quarterly report contains forward-looking statements, which can be identified by the use of words such as "estimate," "project," "believe," "intend," "anticipate," "plan," "seek," "expect" and words of similar meaning. These forward-statements include, but are not limited to:

statements of our goals, intentions and expectations;

statements regarding our business plans, prospects, growth and operating strategies;

statements regarding the quality of our loan and investment portfolios; and

estimates of our risks and future costs and benefits.

These forward-looking statements are based on current beliefs and expectations of our management and are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control. In addition, these forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions with respect to future business strategies and decisions that are subject to change.

The following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in the forward-looking statements:

general economic conditions, either nationally or in our market area, that are worse than expected;
our success in growing our commercial real estate loan portfolio;
increased competition among depository and other financial institutions;
inflation and changes in the interest rate environment that reduce our margins and yields, reduce the fair value of financial instruments or increase our funding costs;
changes in laws or government regulations or policies that adversely affect financial institutions, including changes in regulatory fees and capital requirements;
our ability to manage operations in the current economic conditions;
our ability to capitalize on growth opportunities;
changes in consumer spending, borrowing and savings habits;
changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted by the bank regulatory agencies, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Public Company Accounting Oversigh Board;
changes in our organization, compensation and benefit plans;
changes in the level of government support for housing finance;
significant increases in delinquencies and our loan losses; and
changes in our financial condition or results of operations that reduce capital.
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Comparison of Financial Condition at June 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017

Total assets increased \$12.6 million, or 4.1%, to \$320.1 million at June 30, 2018 from \$307.5 million at December 31, 2017. The increase was the result of an increase in FHLB stock, net loans, premises and equipment and bank owned life insurance.

Cash and cash equivalents decreased \$130,000, or 0.7%, to \$17.5 million at June 30, 2018 from \$17.6 million at December 31, 2017. This decrease was due primarily to net loan originations of \$11.0 million, purchases of available-for-sale securities of \$7.0 million, and fixed asset purchases of \$737,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2018, partly offset by an increase in deposit accounts of \$3.0 million, an increase in FHLB advances of \$10.0 million, and maturities and calls of available-for-sale securities of \$5.7 million.

Securities available-for-sale increased \$457,000, or 1.7%, to \$27.0 million at June 30, 2018 from \$26.5 million at December 31, 2017. The increase in securities available-for-sale during the period was primarily a result of purchases of \$7.0 million, offset by changes in fair value, sales, maturities, and calls of available-for-sale securities of \$6.1 million.

Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) stock increased \$485,000, or 26.9%, to \$2.3 million at June 30, 2018 from \$1.8 million at December 31, 2017. The increase in FHLB stock was the result of an increase in FHLB borrowings to \$39.0 million at June 30, 2018, from \$29.0 million at December 31, 2017. The borrowings are being used to fund new loan originations.

Net loans increased \$10.8 million, or 4.3%, to \$262.1 million at June 30, 2018 from \$251.3 million at December 31, 2017. The increase in net loans was due primarily to an increase of \$12.6 million, or 36.3%, in commercial real estate loans, and an increase of \$585,000, or 3.7%, in construction loans, offset by a decrease of \$2.0 million, or 1.0%, in one- to four- family residential loans.

At June 30, 2018 our premises and equipment was \$2.7 million, an increase of \$671,000, or 33.7%, from \$2.0 million at December 31, 2017. The increase was the result of the lobby renovation completed in April 2018.

At June 30, 2018 our investment in bank-owned life insurance was \$6.2 million, an increase of \$79,000, or 1.3%, from \$6.1 million at December 31, 2017. We invest in bank-owned life insurance to provide us with a funding offset for our benefit plan obligations. Bank-owned life insurance also generally provides us noninterest income that is

non-taxable.

Total deposits increased \$3.1 million, or 1.3%, to \$236.0 million at June 30, 2018 from \$232.9 million at December 31, 2017. The increase in deposits was due primarily to an increase of \$1.8 million, or 1.6%, in time deposits, an increase of \$4.6 million in demand deposit accounts, and an increase of \$2.3 million, or 13.2%, in NOW accounts, partially offset by a decrease of \$4.0 million, or 10.4%, in money market accounts, and a decrease of \$1.7 million, or 5.2%, in savings accounts.

Borrowings, all of which were FHLB advances, increased \$10.0 million, or 34.5%, to \$39.0 million at June 30, 2018 from \$29.0 million at December 31, 2017. At June 30, 2018, we had the ability to borrow an additional \$68.9 million from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Boston, subject to certain collateral requirements. The proceeds from the borrowings are used to fund new loan originations. Additionally at June 30, 2018, we had the ability to borrow up to \$5.0 million on a Federal Funds line of credit with the Co-operative Central Bank.

Total stockholders' equity decreased \$270,000, or 0.6%, to \$44.7 million at June 30, 2018 from \$45.0 million at December 31, 2017. The decrease was primarily due to a dividend payout of \$0.34 per share, totaling \$884,000, a decrease in accumulated other comprehensive income of \$388,000, or 185.6%, to a loss of \$179,000 at June 30, 2018 from income of \$209,000 at December 31, 2017, offset in part by net income of \$859,000 and a decrease in unearned compensation on restricted stock and the employee stock ownership plan of \$104,000, for the six months ended June 30, 2018.

Comparison of Operating Results for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (unaudited)

General. Net income decreased \$45,000, or 10.7%, to \$376,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$421,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2017. Net income decreased primarily due to a decrease in gains on sales of available-for-sale securities, and an increase in interest and non-interest expenses, and a decrease in noninterest income, partially offset by an increase in interest and dividend income.

Interest and Dividend Income. Interest and dividend income increased \$451,000, or 20.5%, to \$2.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$2.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 primarily due to an increase in interest and fees on loans of \$412,000, or 20.5%, to \$2.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$2.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in interest and fees on loans was primarily the result of an increase in new commercial loan originations.

Interest and dividends on securities decreased \$3,000, or 2.1%, to \$137,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$140,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 resulting primarily from a decrease in the average balance of available-for-sale securities of \$4.1 million, or 13.2%, to \$27.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$31.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017.

Other interest income increased \$42,000, or 144.8%, to \$71,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$29,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to higher average interest rates on balances held at correspondent banks. In addition, there was an increase of \$2.6 million, or 14.9%, in the average balance of other interest-earning assets quarter to quarter.

Interest Expense. Interest expense increased \$301,000, or 60.3%, to \$800,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$499,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase was primarily due to an increase of \$12.1 million, or 6.0%, in the average balance of interest-bearing deposits, in addition to a 25 basis point increase in yield on these accounts. There was an increase in interest expense on FHLB borrowings of \$139,000, or 224.2%, to \$201,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$62,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2017. This increase was primarily due to an increase of \$19.9 million, or 104.7%, in average balance on FHLB borrowings and a 76 basis point increase in yield on these borrowings.

Net Interest and Dividend Income. Net interest and dividend income increased \$150,000, or 8.8%, to \$1.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$1.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 primarily due to an increase in average balance on loans of \$31.0 million, or 13.7%, to \$256.4 million, for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$225.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017, in addition to a 21 basis point increase in

yield on those loans. The increase was partly offset by an increase in average balance on interest bearing deposits of \$12.1 million, or 6.0%, to \$213.5 million, an increase in average balance on FHLB borrowings of \$19.9 million, or 104.7%, in addition to 36 basis point increase point increase on average interest bearing deposits and 36 basis point increase on average FHLB advances.

Provision for Loan Losses. We recorded a provision for loan losses of \$132,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$21,000 from the provision of \$111,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increased provision was a result of an increase in our commercial loan originations, quarter to quarter.

There were no charge-offs for the quarters ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017. The allowance for loan losses was \$1,307,000, or 0.50%, of total loans, at June 30, 2018, an increase of \$326,000, or 33.0%, compared to \$981,000, or 0.42%, of total loans, at June 30, 2017. There was \$286,000 in nonperforming loans at June 30, 2018 and \$511,000 in nonperforming loans as of June 30, 2017.

Noninterest Income. Noninterest income decreased \$211,000, or 53.7%, to \$182,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$393,000, for the three months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to a decrease in the gain on sales and calls of available-for-sale securities of \$210,000, or 61.2%, to \$133,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018, from \$343,000, for the three months ended June 30, 2017.

Noninterest Expense. Noninterest expense increased \$120,000, or 9.4%, to \$1.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$1.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. Noninterest expense increased primarily due to an increase in salary and employee benefits, equipment expense, audits and examinations, and professional services, partially offset by a decrease in data processing.

Salaries and employee benefits expense increased \$56,000, or 6.9%, to \$870,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$814,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to new hires, normal salary increases and increases in payroll taxes. Equipment expenses increased \$9,000, or 90.0%, to \$19,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$10,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2017, as a result of increased depreciation expense. FDIC Assessment increased \$7,000, or 46.7%, to \$22,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018, from \$15,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2017. Audits and examination expense increased \$7,000, or 14.0%, to \$57,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018, from \$50,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2017. Other professional services expense increased \$5,000, or 6.7%, to \$80,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018, from \$75,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018, from \$62,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018, from \$62,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase was due to an increase in software amortization and the Bank's deposit products in which the Bank is rebating certain fees and service charges based on specific account parameters and activity. These increases were partially offset by decreases in data processing expense of \$5,000, or 5.0%, to \$96,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018, from \$101,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 which reduced the Company's federal tax rate from 34% to 21%.

Income Tax Expense. The amount of income tax expense is influenced by the amount of pre-tax income, the amount of tax-exempt income, and the effect of changes in valuation allowances maintained against deferred tax benefits. Income tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$123,000 compared to \$280,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 was 24.65% and 39.94%, respectively. The decrease in income tax expense and the effective tax rate during the 2018 period is a result of The Tax Act which was passed in December 2017.

Average Balances and Yields. The following tables set forth average balance sheets, average yields and costs, and certain other information for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (unaudited). All average balances are daily average balances based upon amortized cost. Non-accrual loans were included in the computation of average balances. The yields set forth below include the effect of deferred fees, discounts, and premiums that are amortized or accreted to interest income or interest expense. Yields/rates for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 are annualized.

	2018 Average Outstandin	Average			2018 2017 Average Average Outstanding Interest Yield/Rate Outstanding Interest				,	
(Dollars in Thousands)	Barance				Darance					
Interest-earning assets:										
Loans	\$256,374	\$2,422	3.78	%	\$225,424	\$2,010	3.57	%		
Securities (1)	27,097	153	2.26	%	31,234	156	2.00	%		
Other interest-earning assets	19,646	71	1.45	%	17,096	29	0.68	%		
Total interest-earning assets	303,117	2,646	3.49	%	273,754	2,195	3.21	%		

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Non-interest earning assets Total assets	11,459 \$314,576				9,327 \$283,081			
Interest-bearing liabilities:								
Deposits:								
Savings accounts	\$32,964	\$17	0.21	%	\$33,160	\$17	0.21	%
Certificates of deposit	125,994	524	1.66	%	116,944	380	1.30	%
Money market accounts	35,257	32	0.36	%	37,629	35	0.37	%
NOW accounts	19,331	26	0.54	%	13,705	5	0.15	%
Total interest-bearing deposits	213,546	599	1.12	%	201,438	437	0.87	%
Borrowings	39,000	201	2.06	%	19,055	62	1.30	%
Total interest-bearing liabilities	252,546	800	1.27	%	220,493	499	0.91	%
Demand deposit accounts	17,265				17,789			
Other noninterest-bearing liabilities	-				500			
Total liabilities	269,811				238,782			
Stockholders' equity	44,765				44,299			
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$314,576				\$283,081			
Net interest income		\$1,846				\$1,696		
Net interest rate spread (2)			2.22	%			2.30	%
Net interest-earning assets (3)	\$50,570				\$53,261			
Net interest margin (4)	,		2.44	%			2.48	%
Average of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities	120.02 %	ćo			124.16 %	ó		

No tax equivalent adjustment was applied to tax exempt income for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 as the amount is not significant.

- (2) Net interest rate spread represents the difference between the weighted average yield on interest-earning assets and the weighted average cost of interest-bearing liabilities.
 - (3) Net interest-earning assets represents total interest-earning assets less total interest-bearing liabilities.
 - (4) Net interest margin represents net interest income as a percentage of average interest-earning assets.

Rate/Volume Analysis. The following table presents the effects of changing interest rates and volumes on our net interest income for the time period indicated. The rate column shows the effects attributable to changes in rate (change in rate multiplied by prior volume). The volume column shows the effects attributable to changes in volume (change in volume multiplied by prior rate). The net column represents the sum of the prior columns. For purposes of this table, changes attributable to both rate and volume, which cannot be segregated, have been allocated proportionately, based on the changes due to rate and the changes due to volume.

	Three r 30, 201 three m 30, 201 Increas (Decrea	ed to	ne		
	Due to	D .			
Tutanat and a	Volum	eRate	(Decrease)		se)
Interest-earning assets:	\$207	Ф 105	ф	410	
Loans (1)	\$287	\$125	\$		\
Securities (2)	(204)			(3)
Other interest-earning assets (3)	5	37		42	
Total interest-earning assets	88	363		451	
Interest-bearing liabilities					
Deposits:					
Savings accounts	_	-		-	
Certificates of deposit	31	113		144	
Money market accounts	(2)	(1)		(3)
NOW accounts	3	18		21	
Total interest-bearing deposits	32	129		162	
Borrowings	89	50		139	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	121	179		301	
Change in net interest income	\$(33)	\$184	\$	150	

- Includes non-accrual loans and interest received on such loans.
 Includes short-term investments.
- (3) Includes Federal Home Loan Bank of Boston stock and deposits with Cooperative Central Bank.

Comparison of Operating Results for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (unaudited)

General. Net income decreased \$89,000, or 9.4%, to \$859,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$948,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Net income decreased primarily due to a decrease in gains on sales and calls of available-for-sale securities, and an increase in interest and non-interest expenses, and a decrease in noninterest income, partially offset by an increase in interest and dividend income.

Interest and Dividend Income. Interest and dividend income increased \$912,000, or 21.5%, to \$5.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$4.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 primarily due to an increase in interest and fees on loans of \$849,000, or 21.8%, to \$4.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$3.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in interest and fees on loans was primarily the result of an increase in new commercial loan originations.

Interest and dividends on securities decreased \$11,000, or 3.6%, to \$291,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$302,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2017 resulting primarily from a decrease in the average balance of available-for-sale securities of \$4.5 million, or 14.3%, to \$26.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$31.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

Other interest income increased \$74,000, or 148.0%, to \$124,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$50,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to higher average interest rates on balances held at correspondent banks. In addition, there was an increase of \$1.9 million, or 11.1%, in the average balance of other interest-earning assets quarter to quarter for the six months ended June 30, 2018, compared to six months ended June 30, 2017.

Interest Expense. Interest expense increased \$480,000, or 49.7%, to \$1.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$965,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase was primarily due to an increase of \$12.8 million, or 6.4%, in the average balance of interest-bearing deposits, in addition to a 19 basis point increase in yield on these accounts. There was an increase in interest expense on FHLB borrowings of \$230,000, or 219.0%, to \$335,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$105,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2017. This increase was primarily due to an increase of \$20.4 million, or 129.1%, in average balance on FHLB borrowings and a 52 basis point increase on average FHLB advances.

Net Interest and Dividend Income. Net interest and dividend income increased \$432,000, or 13.2%, to \$3.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$3.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 primarily due to an increase in average balance on loans of \$33.4 million, or 15.2%, to \$253.7 million, for the six months ended June 30,

2018 from \$220.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018, in addition to a 20 basis point increase in yield on those loans. This increase was partly offset by an increase in average balance on interest bearing deposits of \$12.8 million, or 6.4%, to \$212.4 million, an increase in average balance on FHLB borrowings of \$20.4 million, or 129.0%, in addition to a 19 basis point increase on average interest bearing deposits and a 52 basis point increase on average FHLB advances.

Provision for Loan Losses. We recorded a provision for loan losses of \$173,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$82,000 from the provision of \$91,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increased provision was a result of an increase in our commercial loan originations for the six months ended June 30, 2018.

Noninterest Income. Noninterest income decreased \$552,000, or 61.5%, to \$349,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$901,000, for the six months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to a decrease in the gain on sales and calls of available-for-sale securities of \$568,000, or 70.4%, to \$239,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018, from \$807,000, for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

Noninterest Expense. Noninterest expense increased \$202,000, or 8.0%, to \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$2.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Noninterest expense increased primarily due to an increase in salary and employee benefits, equipment expense, FDIC assessment, audits and examinations, professional services, and other expenses.

Salaries and employee benefits expense increased \$60,000, or 3.7%, to \$1.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$1.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to new hires, normal salary increases and increases in payroll taxes. Equipment expenses increased \$13,000, or 61.9%, to \$34,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$21,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2017, due to an increase in depreciation expense in connection with fixed asset additions during the six months ended June 30, 2018. FDIC Assessment increased \$4,000, or 10.0%, to \$44,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018, from \$40,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Audits and examination expense increased \$14,000, or 14.0%, to \$114,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018, from \$100,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Other professional services expense increased \$9,000, or 6.0%, to \$159,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018, from \$150,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Other expense increased \$80,000, or 75.5%, to \$186,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018, from \$106,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase was due to an increase in software amortization and a change to some of the Bank's deposit products in which the Bank is rebating certain fees and service charges based on specific account parameters and activity.

Income Tax Expense. The amount of income tax expense is influenced by the amount of pre-tax income, the amount of tax-exempt income, and the effect of changes in valuation allowances maintained against deferred tax benefits. Income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2018 was \$303,000 compared to \$618,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 was 26.1% and 39.5%, respectively. The decrease in income tax expense and the effective tax rate during the 2018 period is a result of The Tax Act which was passed in December 2017 which reduced the Company's federal tax rate from 34% to 21%.

Average Balances and Yields. The following tables set forth average balance sheets, average yields and costs, and certain other information for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (unaudited). All average balances are daily average balances based upon amortized cost. Non-accrual loans were included in the computation of average balances. The yields set forth below include the effect of deferred fees, discounts, and premiums that are amortized or accreted to interest income or interest expense. Yields/rates for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 are annualized.

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2018 Average Outstanding Interest Yield/Ra			ate	Six Months 2017 Average	nne 30, Yield/Rate		
	Balance	g interest	1 ICIG/IV	aic	Balance	g interest	Ticia, iv	laic
(Dollars in Thousands)								
Interest-earning assets:								
Loans	\$253,654	\$4,735	3.73	%	\$220,213	\$3,886	3.53	%
Securities (1)	26,823	291	2.17	%	31,311	302	1.93	%
Other interest-earning assets	18,976	124	1.31	%	17,086	50	0.59	%
Total interest-earning assets	299,453	5,150	3.44	%	286,610	4,238	2.96	%
Non-interest earning assets	10,671				9,105			

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Total assets	\$310,124				\$277,715			
Interest-bearing liabilities:								
Deposits:								
Savings accounts	\$33,232	\$35	0.21	%	\$32,976	\$35	0.21	%
Certificates of deposit	123,611	961	1.55	%	116,371	749	1.29	%
Money market accounts	36,650	67	0.37	%	37,154	68	0.37	%
NOW accounts	18,938	47	0.50	%	13,139	8	0.12	%
Total interest-bearing deposits	212,431	1,110	1.05	%	199,640	860	0.86	%
Borrowings	36,293	336	1.85	%	15,845	105	1.33	%
Total interest-bearing liabilities	248,724	1,446	1.16	%	215,485	965	0.90	%
Demand deposit accounts	16,485				17,678			
Other noninterest-bearing liabilities	129				504			
Total liabilities	265,338				233,667			
Stockholders' equity	44,786				44,048			
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$310,124				\$277,715			
Net interest income		\$3,704				\$3,273		
Net interest rate spread (2)		. ,	2.28	%		, ,	2.06	%
Net interest-earning assets (3)	\$50,729				\$71,125			
Net interest margin (4)			2.47	%	,		2.28	%
Average of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities	120.40 %	<i>o</i>			133.01 %	ó		

⁽¹⁾ No tax equivalent adjustment was applied to tax exempt income for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 as the amount is not significant.

- (2) Net interest rate spread represents the difference between the weighted average yield on interest-earning assets and the weighted average cost of interest-bearing liabilities.
 - (3) Net interest-earning assets represents total interest-earning assets less total interest-bearing liabilities.
 - (4) Net interest margin represents net interest income as a percentage of average interest-earning assets.

Rate/Volume Analysis. The following table presents the effects of changing interest rates and volumes on our net interest income for the time period indicated. The rate column shows the effects attributable to changes in rate (change in rate multiplied by prior volume). The volume column shows the effects attributable to changes in volume (change in volume multiplied by prior rate). The net column represents the sum of the prior columns. For purposes of this table, changes attributable to both rate and volume, which cannot be segregated, have been allocated proportionately, based on the changes due to rate and the changes due to volume.

	Six months ending June 30, 2018 compared to six months ending June 30, 2017				
	Increase T			Total ncrease	
	Volum&Rate		(Decrease)		
Interest-earning assets:					
Loans (1)	\$615	\$234	\$	849	
Securities (2)	(85)	74		(11)
Other interest-earning assets (3)	6	68		74	
Total interest-earning assets	536	376		912	
Interest-bearing liabilities					
Deposits:					
Savings accounts	_	-		-	
Certificates of deposit	49	163		212	
Money market accounts	(1)	-		(1)
NOW accounts	5	34		39	
Total interest-bearing deposits	53	197		250	
Borrowings	177	54		231	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	230	251		481	
Change in net interest income	\$306	\$125	\$	431	

- Includes non-accrual loans and interest received on such loans.
 Includes short-term investments.
- (3) Includes Federal Home Loan Bank of Boston stock and deposits with Cooperative Central Bank.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Not applicable, as the Registrant is a smaller reporting company.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of June 30, 2018. Based on that evaluation, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, concluded that the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2018, there have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Part II - Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are subject to various legal actions arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, the resolution of these legal actions is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Bank's or the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The presentation of Risk Factors is not required for smaller reporting companies such as Melrose Bancorp, Inc.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(a) Sales of Unregistered Securities. Not applicable.

(b) Use of Proceeds. Not applicable

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the company repurchased 10,000 shares of common stock at an (c) average cost of \$19.30 per share. An additional 5,000 shares of common stock were subsequently purchased in July 2018 at an average cost of \$19.50 per share.

			Total	Maximum
	Tital Assessed		Number of	Number of
		A *** a # a a a	Shares	Shares that
	Total	Average Price Paid Per Share	Purchased	May Yet
Period	Shares		as Part of	Be
	Purchased		Publicly	Purchased
	ruichaseu		Announced	Under the
			Plans or	Plans or
			Programs	Programs
April 1, 2018 through April 30, 2018	-	-	-	131,237
May 1, 2018 through May 31, 2018	10,000	19.30	10,000	121,237
June 1, 2018 through June 30, 2018	_	-	-	121,237

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities
None.
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures
Not applicable.
Item 5. Other Information
None.
Item 6. Exhibits
31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
33

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MELROSE BANCORP, INC.

Date: August 10, 2018 /s/ Jeffrey D. Jones

Jeffrey D. Jones

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 10, 2018 /s/ Diane Indorato

Diane Indorato

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer