American Lithium Minerals, Inc. Form 10-K December 23, 2009 UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549	
	_
FORM 10-K	
	_

x ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009

Commission File # 333-132648

AMERICAN LITHIUM MINERALS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

71-1049972

(IRS Employer Identification Number)

130 King Street West, Suite 3650

Toronto, Ontario, Canada M5X 1A9

(Address of principal executive offices)

416-214-5640

(Registrant s telephone number)

Securities registered pursuant to section 12(b) of the Act:

None.

Securities registered pursuant to section 12(g) of the Act:

None.

(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

[] Yes [X] No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act: [] Yes [X] No

Lugar i iling. American Litrium Mil	ilerais, ilic i offit fo-to
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant(1) has filed all rep <i>Exchange Act of 1934</i> during the preceding 12 months (or for su file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirem	uch shorter period that the registrant was required to
Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursua herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant s kno incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amount	wledge, in definitive proxy or information statements
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelera or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of <i>large ac</i> company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.	
Large accelerated filer []	Accelerated filer []
Non-accelerated filer [] (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company [X]
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company	(as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).
[]Yes [X]No	
State the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting reference to the price at which the common equity was sold, or equity, as of the last business day of the registrant s most recently	or the average bid and asked price of such common
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the reg practicable date. 50,490,740 shares of common stock issued and	
Documents incorporated by reference: None.	

Table of Contents

<u>Item</u>
Page
Item 1.
Business
4
Item 1A.
Risk Factors
7
Item 1B.
Unresolved Staff Comments
7
Item 2.
Properties
7
Item 3.
Legal Proceedings
7
Item 4.
Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders
7
Item 5.
Market for Registrant s Common Equity, Related Stockholder

Matters and Issuer Purchases of Securities

8
Item 6.
Selected Financial Data
10
Item 7.
Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and
Results of Operation
10
Item 7A.
Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk
12
Item 8.
Financial Statements and Supplementary Data
12
Item 9.
Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and
Financial Disclosure
13
Item 9A(t).
Controls and Procedures
13
Item 9B.
Other Information
13
Item 10.

Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

14
Item 11.
Executive Compensation
16
Item 12.
Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management
and Related Stockholder Matters
17
Item 13.
Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director
Independence
18
Item 14.
Principal Accountant Fees and Services
19
Item 15.
Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules
19
SIGNATURES

PART I

Item 1.
Business
DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS
Business Development
We commenced operations as an exploration stage company. In August 2005 we acquired an interest in a 524,728 hectare mineral claim, known as the Raven property, located approximately 17 kilometers northeast of Princeton, in south central British Columbia. However, we were unable to keep the mineral claim in good standing due to lack of funding and our interest in it expired.
Pursuant to a mineral property purchase agreement dated June 12, 2009 with GeoXplor Corp, a private arm s length Nevada company, we acquired an option to acquire a 100% interest in 89 unpatented mining claims in Esmeralda County, Nevada. The property is located approximately 25 miles east of the Nevada-California border, 35 miles southwest of Tonopah, Nevada.
As consideration for the property we agreed to pay the following:
(a)
cash payments totalling \$61,000, which have been paid, and the issuance of 250,000 common shares at a market price of \$0.48 per share, which shares have been issued;
(b)
cash payment of \$18,000 upon presentation of a receipt for payment of the filing and claim maintenance fees;

(c) cash payment of \$35,000 and the issuance of an additional 250,000 common shares on or before June 15, 2010;
(d)
cash payment of \$50,000 and the issuance of an additional 250,000 common shares on or before June 15, 2011;
(e)
cash payment of \$100,000 on or before June 15, 2012; and
(f)
cash payment of \$100,000 on or before June 15, 2013.
The acquisition of the Esmeralda Property is subject to a 3% royalty in respect of the sale or disposition of lithium carbonate or other lithium compounds. We have the option to acquire up to 2% of the royalty, in whole percentage points, for \$1,000,000 for each 1%.
Should we or a joint venture partner: (i) deliver a feasibility study recommending mining of lithium carbonate or other lithium compound from the property and the implementation of a mining plan is authorized, or (ii) sells, options assigns, disposes or otherwise alienates all or a portion of our interest in the property, we will pay GeoXplor Corp. an additional \$500,000 in cash or shares. The election to obtain cash or shares of our company shall be at the sole election of GeoXplor Corp.
As part of the acquisition we also have a commitment to incur \$2,000,000 in exploration expenditures within five years of the agreement as follows:
4

Lugar Filling. American Lithium Minerals, Inc Form 10-10
(a)
\$100,000 during the first year;
(b)
\$200,000 during the second year;
(c)
\$500,000 during the third year; and
(d)
\$1,200,000 during the fourth year.
\$1,200,000 daring the fourth year.
The Esmeralda property is comprised of approximately 16,000 acres in close proximity to major support centers and a
local trained workforce. The unpatented placer mining claims constituting the Esmeralda Property consist of PMP 17 through PMP 42, CR 1 through CR 15 and AF 1 through AF 47.
unough That 12, CR Tunough CR 13 und Ar Tunough Ar 17.
Regional Geology
Regional Geology
The Clayton Valley-Montezuma range is underlain by a thick body of tuffaceous sediments, ranging from upper Miocene to Pliocene in age. The volcanic sequence has been named the Esmeralda formation and consists of
approximately 15,000 feet of lucustrine volcanic sediments which include poorly sorted conglomerates and sandstones, limestone, mudstones and tuffaceous units. Fossils suggest a relatively fresh environment of deposition.
Two major volcanic events were recorded in the Tertiary sediments. An early Pliocene volcanic episode is represented
by a single welded tuff unit with an age of 22 million years and is exposed on the northern end of the Silver Peak Range. The tuff was ejected prior to the block faulting that disturbed the drainage of the Silver Peak region and
created several closed basins into which the lower part of the Esmeralda formation was deposited.

A second period of volcanic eruptions with major faulting occurred during the middle Pliocene and resulted in the deformation of the lower Esmeralda sediments creating an angular unconformity. The oldest sediments above the

unconformity were assigned to the upper Esmeralda unit and have been dated at 6.9 million years. The widespread ash

fall tuff that crops out around Clayton Valley and the Montezuma peak area has the same age as the upper Esmeralda sediments (6.9 million years) and has been subjected to major faulting which created the present topography.

The uplift of the Sierra Nevada at the beginning of the Pleistocene caused the climate of the Basin and Range Province to become generally arid. Pluvial periods, correlative with the glacial stages in the highlands, resulted in increased runoff and formation of temporary lakes in the basins. The interpluvial periods were more arid and led to the concentration of the lake waters the remnants of which are the lithium rich evaporities.

Pursuant to a letter of intent dated August 30, 2009, we acquired an option to acquire a 100% interest in 50 mining claims in Esmeralda County, Nevada, U.S.A, subject to a 3% Net Value Royalty. We intend to enter into a definitive purchase agreement on or before January 1, 2010 which agreement will encompass the terms of the letter of intent. As consideration for the property we agreed to pay the following:

(a)

cash payments of \$20,000, which has been paid, and the issuance of 250,000 common shares at a market price of \$0.77 per share, which shares have been issued;

(b)

cash payment of \$32,500 upon execution of the purchase agreement;

(c)
cash payment of \$50,000 and the issuance of an additional 250,000 common shares on or before the first anniversary of the purchase agreement;
(d)
cash payment of \$100,000 and the issuance of an additional 250,000 common shares on or before the second anniversary of the purchase agreement;
(e) cash payment of \$100,000 and the issuance of an additional 250,000 common shares; and
easil payment of \$100,000 and the issuance of an additional 250,000 common shares, and
(f)
cash payment of \$100,000 on or before the fourth anniversary of the purchase agreement.
We have the right to purchase up to two percent (2%) of the Net Value Royalty, in whole percentage points, for \$1,000,000.
As part of the acquisition we also have a commitment to incur \$2,000,000 in exploration expenditures within five
years of the agreement as follows:
(a)
\$100,000 during the first year;
(b)
\$200,000 during the second year;
(c)

Edgar Filing: American Lithium Minerals, Inc. - Form 10-K \$500,000 during the third year; and (d) \$500,000 during the fourth year. **Employees** Currently, we do not have any employees. Our directors and certain contracted individuals play an important role in the running of our company. We do not expect any material changes in the number of employees over the next 12 month period. We do and will continue to outsource contract employment as needed. We engage contractors from time to time to consult with us on specific corporate affairs or to perform specific tasks in connection with our exploration programs. **Research and Development Expenditures** We have not incurred any research or development expenditures since our incorporation. **Subsidiaries** We do not have any subsidiaries.

Intellectual Property

Dependence on Major Customers

We do not own, either legally or beneficially, any patents or trademarks.

We have no customers.

Competition

We are a mineral resource exploration company. We compete with other mineral resource exploration companies for financing and for the acquisition of new mineral properties. Many of the mineral resource exploration companies with whom we compete have greater financial and technical resources than those available to us. Accordingly, these competitors may be able to spend greater amounts on acquisitions of mineral properties of merit, on exploration of their mineral properties and on development of their mineral properties. In addition, they may be able to afford more geological expertise in the targeting and exploration of mineral properties. This competition could result in competitors having mineral properties of greater quality and interest to prospective investors who may finance additional exploration. This competition could adversely impact on our ability to finance further exploration and to achieve the financing necessary for us to develop our mineral properties.

Compliance with Government Regulation

We are committed to complying with and are, to our knowledge, in compliance with, all governmental and environmental regulations applicable to our company and our property. Permits from a variety of regulatory authorities are required for many aspects of mine operation and reclamation. We cannot predict the extent to which these requirements will affect our company or our property if we identify the existence of minerals in commercially exploitable quantities. In addition, future legislation and regulation could cause additional expense, capital expenditure, restrictions and delays in the exploration of our property.

Item 1A.

Risk Factors

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information required under this item.

Item 1B.

Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

Item 2.
Properties
We do not own or lease any property. We have acquired an interest in two mineral properties located in Esmeralda County, Nevada, as more particularly described under Business Development herein.
Item 3.
Legal Proceedings
There are no legal proceedings pending or threatened against us.
Item 4.
Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders
No matters were submitted to a vote of our security holders, through the solicitation of proxies or otherwise, during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year covered by this report.
7

PART II

Item 5.

Market for Registrant s Common Equity, Related Shareholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Market Information

Our shares of common stock are quoted for trading on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol AMLM. The following table shows the high and low prices of our common shares on the NASD OTC Bulletin Board. The following quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission and may not necessarily represent actual transactions:

OTC Bulletin Board (Symbol AMLM)

	High	Low
Period	(US \$)	(US \$)
First Quarter 2008	(1)	(1)
Second Quarter 2008	(1)	(1)
Third Quarter 2008	(1)	(1)
Fourth Quarter 2008	(1)	(1)
First Quarter 2009	(1)	(1)
Second Quarter 2009	(1)	(1)
Third Quarter 2009 (2)	0.48	0.31
Fourth Quarter 2009	1.34	0.40

(1)

No trades.

(2)

On March 20, 2009, we changed our name from Nugget Resources Inc. to American Lithium Minerals Inc. and carried out a four for one forward split of our share capital.

Holders

As of December 22, 2009, there were 11 holders of record of our common stock and approximately 11,000 non-registered shareholders.

Dividends

There are no restrictions in our articles of incorporation or bylaws that prevent us from declaring dividends. The Nevada Revised Statutes, however, do prohibit us from declaring dividends where, after giving effect to the distribution of the dividend:

1.

we would not be able to pay our debts as they become due in the usual course of business; or

2.

our total assets would be less than the sum of our total liabilities plus the amount that would be needed to satisfy the rights of shareholders who have preferential rights superior to those receiving the distribution.

We have not declared any dividends, and we do not plan to declare any dividends in the foreseeable future.

Securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans

On August 20, 2009, our Board of Directors ratified, approved and adopted a Stock Option Plan to issue up to 4,000,000 common shares, with an exercisable period up to 10 years. In the event an optionee ceases to be employed by or to provide services to our company for reasons other than cause, any stock option that is vested and held by such optionee may be exercisable within ninety calendar days after the effective date that his or her position ceases. Stock options are

non-transferable. Any stock option held by an optionee at the time of his death may be exercised by his estate within one year of his death or such longer period as the Board of Directors may determine.

	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
Plan Category	(a)	(b)	(c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	N/A	N/A	N/A
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	550,000	\$0.83	3,450,000

Performance graph

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information required under this item.

Recent sales of unregistered securities

During the year ended September 30, 2009, we issued 1,250,000 units at a price of \$0.36 per unit by way of a private placement, raising gross proceeds of \$450,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each share purchase warrant is non-transferable and shall entitle the holder thereof to purchase one share of common stock, for a period of twenty four months commencing from closing, at a purchase price of \$0.50. We issued all of the securities to one non-U.S. persons (as that term is defined in Regulation S of the Securities Act of 1933), in an offshore transaction relying on Regulation S of the Securities Act of 1933.

Subsequent to the year ended September 30, 2009, on October 7, 2009 we issued 740,740 units at a price of \$1.35 per unit by way of a private placement, raising gross proceeds of \$1,000,000. Each unit consists of one common share in the capital and one and one-half non-transferable common share purchase warrant. Each whole common share purchase warrant non-transferable shall entitle the holder thereof to purchase one share of common stock, for a period of twenty four months commencing from closing, at a purchase price of \$1.50 per warrant share. We issued all of the securities to three non-U.S. persons (as that term is defined in Regulation S of the Securities Act of 1933), in an

Edgar Filing: American Lithium Minerals, Inc. - Form 10-K offshore transaction relying on Regulation S of the *Securities Act of 1933*.

Issuer Repurchases of Equity Securities

None.

Item 6.

Selected Financial Data.

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information required under this item.

Item 7.

Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Forward-looking statements

This report contains "forward-looking statements" relating to us which represent our current expectations or beliefs, including statements concerning our operations, performance, financial condition and growth. For this purpose, any statement contained in this report that are not statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, words such as "may", "anticipation", "intend", "could", "estimate", or "continue" or the negative or other comparable terminology are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements by their nature involve substantial risks and uncertainties, such as credit losses, dependence on management and key personnel and variability of quarterly results, our ability to continue our growth strategy and competition, certain of which are beyond our control. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize or should the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual outcomes and results could differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the information set forth in our audited financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2009.

Plan of Operation

Our plan of operation for the twelve months following the date of this annual report is to carry out exploration work on our two recently acquired properties located in Esmeralda County, Nevada and to continue to review other potential acquisitions in the resource and non-resource sectors. During the next 12 months we have committed to expend an aggregate of \$300,000 in exploration work on the two properties.

As well, we anticipate spending an additional \$400,000 on administrative fees, including fees we will incur in complying with reporting obligations. Total expenditures over the next 12 months are therefore expected to be \$700,000.

We currently have sufficient funds on hand to cover our anticipated expenses for the next 12 months. We anticipate that additional funding will be required in the future in the form of equity financing from the sale of our common stock or from director loans. However, we do not have any arrangements in place for any future equity financing.

Results of Operations

We did not earn any revenues for the year ended September 30, 2009. We incurred operating expenses in the amount of \$196,054 for the year ended September 30, 2009, compared to \$39,413 for the year ended September 30, 2008, consisting of general and administrative expenses, legal and accounting fees, management fees and stock based compensation. At September 30, 2009, we had assets of \$1,232,712 (\$704 September 30, 2008) consisting of cash and cash equivalents and we had total liabilities recorded at \$79,232 (\$52,168 - September 30, 2008). These consisted

of accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$15,355 (\$8,500 - September 30, 2008) and \$63,877 due to a related party (\$43,668 September 30, 2008).

We have not attained profitable operations and are depending upon obtaining financing to continue to search for a new acquisition. For these reasons our auditors believe that there is substantial doubt that we will be able to continue as a going concern.

We have had no operating revenues since our inception on March 10, 2005 through September 30, 2009, and have incurred operating expenses in the amount of \$311,418 for the same period. Our activities have been financed from the proceeds of share subscriptions and director loans.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, general and administrative expenses were \$85,042 (\$8,484 September 30, 2008), legal and accounting were \$33,352 (\$16,129 September 30, 2008), management fees were \$12,000 (\$12,000 September 30, 2008), rent expense was \$Nil (\$2,800 September 30, 2008) and stock based compensation was \$65,660 (\$Nil September 30, 2008). For the period from inception on March 10, 2005 through September 30, 2009, general and administrative expenses were \$99,227, management fees were \$48,000, rent expense was \$7,600 and mineral property expenditures were \$9,000.

General and administrative expenses and legal and accounting fees were nearly four times higher in fiscal 2009 as a result of increased activity related to our recent acquisition of two mineral properties and two recently completed private placements. In addition, we incurred stock based compensation of \$65,660 in fiscal 2009, compared to \$Nil in fiscal 2008.

During fiscal 2009, we recorded an extinguishment of accrued liabilities of \$8,500 for accrued and unpaid legal services as we have now been released of all liabilities and no further fees are owing.

During the year ended September 30, 2009, we incurred a net loss of \$(186,561), which resulted in an accumulated deficit of \$(301,925).

Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We have expensed all development costs related to our establishment.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We had cash and cash equivalents of \$1,232,712 as of September 30, 2009, compared to a cash position of \$704 at September 30, 2008. During the year ended September 30, 2009, we raised an aggregate of \$450,000 by the issuance of 1,250,000 common shares at a price of \$0.36 per share. Subsequent to the year ended September 30, 2009, we completed a private placement of 740,740 units at a price of \$1.35 per unit for total proceeds of \$1,000,000.

Since inception through to and including September 30, 2009, we have raised \$475,500 through private placements of our common shares and we have received contributed capital by related parties of \$63,877.

We expect to run at a loss for at least the next twelve months. We have no agreements for additional financing and cannot provide any assurance that additional funding will be available to finance our operations on acceptable terms in order to enable us to complete our plan of operations. There are no assurances that we will be able to achieve further sales of our common stock or any other form of additional financing. If we are unable to achieve the financing

necessary to continue our plan of operations, then we will not be able to continue our exploration of our mineral claims and our venture will fail.

Off-balance sheet arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements including arrangements that would affect our liquidity, capital resources, market risk support and credit risk support or other benefits.

Item 7A.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information required under this item.

Item 8.

Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

Edgar Filing: American Lithium Minerals, Inc	- Form	10-K
--	--------	------

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.

(fka Nugget Resources Inc.)

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Financial Statements

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

(Audited)

30 September 2009

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.

(fka Nugget Resources Inc.)

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Balance Sheets

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

		As at 30		As at 30
	Se	eptember	Sej	ptember
		2009		2008
	((Audited)	(A	Audited)
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,232,712	\$	704
Total current assets		1,232,712		704
Other assets				
Mineral claims (Note 3)		468,655		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,701,367	\$	704
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity (Deficit)				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 4)	\$	15,355	\$	8,500
Due to related party (Note 6)		63,877		43,668
Total current liabilities		79,232		52,168

TOTAL LIABILITIES	79,232	52,168
Stockholders equity (deficit)		
Common stock (Note 5): \$0.001 par value; authorized 75,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2009 and		
September 30, 2008: 49,750,000 and 48,000,000, respectively	49,750	48,000
Additional paid-in capital	874,310	15,900
Stock payable (Note 5)	1,000,000	-
Deficit accumulated during the exploration stage	(301,925)	(115,364)
Total stockholders equity (deficit)	1,622,135	(51,464)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)	\$ 1,701,367	\$ 704

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES

F-2

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.

(fka Nugget Resources Inc.)

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Statements of Operations

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

(Audited)

	For the year ended		For the year ended		From inception		
	30 Se	eptember 2009	30 September 2008		(10 March 2005) to 30 September 2009		
Revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Expenses							
Mineral property expenditures (Note 3)		-		-		9,000	
General and administrative		85,042		8,484		99,227	
Legal and accounting		33,352		16,129		81,931	
Management fees related party (Note 6)		12,000		12,000		48,000	
Rent expense related party (Note 6)		-		2,800		7,600	
Stock based compensation		65,660		-		65,660	
Total expenses		196,054		39,413		311,418	
Other expenses (income)							
Interest income		(993)		-		(993)	
Gain on extinguishment of accrued liability		8,500		-		8,500	
Net loss	\$	186,561	\$	39,413	\$	301,925	
Basic earnings per common share	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)			

$Weighted\ average\ number\ of\ common$

shares basic 48,339,041 43,721,312

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES

F-3

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.

(fka Nugget Resources Inc.)

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Statement of Stockholders Equity (Deficit)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

From Inception (10, March 2005) to 30 September 2009

	Number of common shares issued	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Stock Payable	Deficit accumulated during the exploration stage	Total stockholders equity (deficit)
Balance at 10 March 2005 (inception) Common shares issued for cash (\$0.001 per share)						
- 18 March 2005 (Note 5) Common shares issued for cash (\$0.001 per share)	20,000,000	\$ 20,000	\$ (15,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,000
- 5 April 2005 (Note 5) Common shares issued for cash (\$0.01 per share)	16,000,000	16,000	(12,000)	-	-	4,000
- 13 April 2005 (Note 5) Common shares issued for cash (\$0.01 per share)	2,700,000	2,700	4,050	-	-	6,750
- 21 April 2005 (Note 5) Net loss	3,300,000	3,300	4,950	-	(7,055)	8,250 (7,055)
Balance at 30 September 2005	42,000,000	42,000	(18,000) 14,400	-	(7,055)	16,945 14,400

Edgar Filing: American Lithium Minerals, Inc. - Form 10-K

Contributions to capital by related parties expenses

(Notes 5 and 6) Net loss	-	-	-	-	(39,676)	(39,676)
Balance at 30 September 2006 Contributions to capital by related parties expenses	42,000,000	42,000	(3,600)	-	(46,731)	(8,331)
(Notes 5 and 6)	-	-	14,400	-	-	14,400
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(29,220)	(29,220)
Balance at 30 September 2007 Contributions to capital by related parties expenses	42,000,000	42,000	10,800	-	(75,951)	(23,151)
(Notes 5 and 6) Common shares issued for cash (\$0.001 per share)	-	-	9,600	-	-	9,600
- 17 June 2008 (Note 5)	6,000,000	6,000	(4,500)	-	-	1,500
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(39,413)	(39,413)
Balance at 30 September 2008	48,000,000	48,000	15,900	-	(115,364)	(51,464)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES

F-4

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.

(fka Nugget Resources Inc.)

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Statement of Stockholders Equity (Deficit)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

From Inception (10, March 2005) to 30 September 2009

	Number of common shares issued	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Stock Payable	Deficit Accumulated during the exploration stage	Total stockholders equity (deficit)
Balance at 30 September 2008 Common shares issued for property payment	48,000,000	\$ 48,000	\$ 15,900	\$ -	\$ (115,364)	\$ (51,464)
(250,000 at \$0.48 per share) (Note 3) Common shares issued for cash (\$0.36 per share)	250,000	250	119,750	-	-	120,000
- 14 July 2009 (Note 5) Common shares issued for property payment	1,250,000	1,250	448,750	-	-	450,000
(250,000 at \$0.77 per share) (Note 3) Common shares payable for private placement	250,000	250	192,250	-	-	192,500
(1,000,000 at \$1.36 per share) (Note 5) Contributions to capital by	-	-	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
related parties forgiven deb (Note 6)	ot -	-	32,000	-	-	32,000

Edgar Filing: American Lithium Minerals, Inc. - Form 10-K

Stock based compensation expense on options vested during period 65,660 65,660 Net loss (186,561)(186,561) \$ \$ 1, **Balance at 30 September** \$ \$ **2009 (Audited)** (301,925) 622,135 874,310 49,750,000 49,750 \$1,000,000

All share amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the 4:1 share split on March 2, 2009 (Note 5).

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES

F-5

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.

(fka Nugget Resources Inc.)

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Cash flows from financing activities

Statements of Cash Flows

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

(Audited)

	For the year ended		•		From inception		
	30 8	30 September		30 September 30 September		(10 March 2005)	
		2009		2008	to 30 September 2009		
Cash flows from operating activities							
Net loss	\$	(186,561)	\$	(39,413)	\$ (301,925)		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities							
Contributions to capital by related parties expenses (Notes 5 and 6)		-		9,600	38,400		
Contributions to capital by related parties forgiven debt (Note 6)		32,000		-	32,000		
Stock based compensation expense		65,660			65,660		
Non-cash gain on extinguishment of accrued							
liability		8,500		-	8,500		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities							
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable and accrued							
liabilities		(1,645)		(3,450)	6,855		
Net cash used in operating activities		(82,046)		(33,263)	(150,510)		
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Purchase of mineral claims		(156,155)		-	(156,155)		
Net cash used in investing activities		(156,155)		-	(156,155)		

Edgar Filing: American Lithium Minerals, Inc. - Form 10-K

Bank overdraft		-	((1,201)		-
Due to related party	20	,209		33,668		63,877
Common shares issued for cash	450	,000		1,500		475,500
Stock payable for private placement	1,000	,000			1,	000,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,470	,209		33,967	1,	539,377
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,232	,008		704	1,	232,712
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		704		-		-
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,232	,712 \$		704 \$	1,	232,712
Supplemental schedule of non-cash financing activities:						
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Non cash activities						
Stock issued for mineral property	\$ 312,500		\$	-	\$	312,500

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Annual Financial Statements

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

30 September 2009

(Audited)

1.

Nature of Operations

American Lithium Minerals, Inc. (the Company) was originally organized as Nugget Resources Inc. under the laws of the State of Nevada on March 10, 2005. The Company has been investigating prospective lithium opportunities. On March 2, 2009, the Company changed its name to American Lithium Minerals, Inc. to better reflect the direction of the Company. The Company is an exploration stage enterprise, as defined in FASB ASC 915-10 *Development Stage Entities*. The Company is devoting all of its present efforts to securing and establishing a new business and its planned principal operations have not commenced. Accordingly, no revenue has been derived during the organization period.

The Company s financial statements as at September 30, 2009 have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The Company has a net loss for the years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 of \$186,561 and \$39,413, respectively, and has working capital of \$1,153,480 and a working capital deficit of \$51,464 as at September 30, 2009 and September 30, 2008, respectively.

Management cannot provide assurance that the Company will ultimately achieve profitable operations or become cash flow positive, or raise additional debt and/or equity capital. Management intends to raise additional funding in the form of equity financing from the sale of common stock and/or obtain short-term loans from the directors of the Company. However, if the Company is unable to raise additional capital in the near future, due to the Company s liquidity problems, management expects that the Company will need to curtail operations, liquidate assets, seek additional capital on less favourable terms and/or pursue other remedial measures. These financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

At September 30, 2009, the Company was not engaged in a business and had suffered losses from exploration stage activities to date. Although management is currently attempting to implement its business plan, and is seeking additional sources of equity or debt financing, there is no assurance these activities will be successful. Accordingly, the Company must rely on its president to perform essential functions with minimal compensation until a business operation can be commenced. These factors raise substantial doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, these factors raise substantial doubt as to the Company s ability to continue as a going concern. The financials statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or the amounts of and classification of liabilities that might be necessary in the event the company cannot continue in existence

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through December 7, 2009, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. See note 8.

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Annual Financial Statements
(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)
30 September 2009
(Audited)
2.
Significant Accounting Policies
The following is a summary of significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements.
Basis of presentation
The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to exploration stage enterprises, and are expressed in U.S. dollars. The Company s fiscal year end is 30 September.
Cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents include highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.
Mineral property costs

The Company has been in the exploration stage since its formation March 10, 2005 and has not yet realized any revenues from its planned operations. It is primarily engaged in the acquisition and exploration of mining properties. Mineral property acquisition and exploration costs are charged to operations as incurred. When it has been determined that a mineral property can be economically developed as a result of establishing proven and probable reserves, the costs incurred to develop such property, are capitalized. Such costs will be depleted using the units-of-production method over the estimated life of the probable reserve.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, according to the usual industry standards for the stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company s title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

Financial instruments

The carrying value of cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and due to related parties approximates their fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments. The Company s operations are in Canada and virtually all of its assets and liabilities are giving rise to significant exposure to market risks from changes in foreign currency rates. The Company s financial risk is the risk that arises from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. Currently, the Company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk.

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Annual Financial Statements

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

30 September 2009

(Audited)

2.

Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Environmental expenditures

The operations of the Company have been, and may in the future, be affected from time to time, in varying degrees, by changes in environmental regulations, including those for future reclamation and site restoration costs. Both the likelihood of new regulations and their overall effect upon the Company vary greatly and are not predictable. The Company s policy is to meet or, if possible, surpass standards set by relevant legislation, by application of technically proven and economically feasible measures.

Environmental expenditures that relate to ongoing environmental and reclamation programs are charged against earnings as incurred or capitalized and amortized depending on their future economic benefits. Estimated future reclamation and site restoration costs, when the ultimate liability is reasonably determinable, are charged against earnings over the estimated remaining life of the related business operation, net of expected recoveries.

Income taxes

Deferred income taxes are reported for timing differences between items of income or expense reported in the financial statements and those reported for income tax purposes in accordance with FASB ASC 740-10, which requires the use of the asset/liability method of accounting for income taxes. Deferred income taxes and tax benefits are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying

amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and for tax loss and credit carry-forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The Company provides for deferred taxes for the estimated future tax effects attributable to temporary differences and carry-forwards when realization is more likely than not.

Basic and diluted net loss per share

The Company computes net loss per share in accordance with FASB ASC 205-10, which requires presentation of both basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) on the face of the income statement. Basic EPS is computed by dividing net loss available to common shareholders (numerator) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding (denominator) during the period. Diluted EPS gives effect to all potentially dilutive common shares outstanding during the period. In computing diluted EPS, the average stock price for the period is used in determining the number of shares assumed to be purchased from the exercise of stock options or warrants. Diluted EPS excludes all potentially dilutive shares if their effect is anti-dilutive and is not presented in the accompanying financial statements.

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Annual Financial Statements
(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)
30 September 2009
(Audited)
2.
Significant Accounting Policies (continued)
Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Concentrations of credit risk

The Company s financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk primarily consist of its cash. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions of high credit worthiness. At times, its cash and cash equivalents with a particular financial institution may exceed any applicable government insurance limits. The Company s management also routinely assesses the financial strength and credit worthiness of any parties to which it extends funds and as such, it believes that any associated credit risk exposures are limited.

Stock based compensation

On August 1, 2009, the Company adopted the fair value recognition provisions of FASB ASC 718-10. The Company adopted FASB ASC 718-10 using the modified-prospective-transition method. Under this method, compensation cost recognized for the year ended September 30, 2009 includes: a) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted prior to, but not yet vested as of December 31, 2005, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of FASB ASC 718-10, and b) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted subsequent to December 31, 2005, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of FASB ASC 718-10. In addition, deferred stock compensation related to non-vested options is required to be eliminated against additional paid-in capital upon adoption of FASB ASC 718-10. The results for the prior periods were not restated.

The Company accounts for equity instruments issued in exchange for the receipt of goods or services from other than employees in accordance with FASB ASC 718-10 and the conclusions reached in FASB ASC 505-10. Costs are measured at the estimated fair market value of the consideration received or the estimated fair value of the equity instruments issued, whichever is more reliably measurable. The value of equity instruments issued for consideration other than employee services is determined on the earliest of a performance commitment or completion of performance by the provider of goods or services as defined by FASB ASC 505-10.

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Annual Financial Statements

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

30 September 2009

(Audited)

2.

Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the FASB issued ASC 805-10. Under FASB ASC 805-10, an acquiring entity will be required to recognize all the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a transaction at the acquisition-date fair value with limited exceptions. FASB ASC 805-10 will change the accounting treatment and disclosure for certain specific items in a business combination. FASB ASC 805-10 applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the entity s first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Accordingly, any business combinations completed by the Company prior to June 1, 2009 will be recorded and disclosed following existing GAAP. The Company has not adopted this statement and management does not expect the adoption of FASB ASC 805-10 will have a material impact on the Company s financial position or results of operations.

In March 2008, the FASB issued FASB ASC 815-10, which requires enhanced disclosures about an entity s derivative and hedging activities and thereby improves the transparency of financial reporting. Disclosing the fair values of derivative instruments and their gains and losses in a tabular format provides a more complete picture of the location in an entity s financial statements of both the derivative positions existing at period end and the effect of using derivatives during the reporting period. Entities are required to provide enhanced disclosures about (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, (b) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under Statement 133 and its related interpretations, and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity s financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. FASB ASC 815-10 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008. Early adoption is permitted. At September 30, 2009, the Company did not have any derivative instruments or hedging activities. Management is aware of the requirements of FASB ASC 815-10 and will disclose when appropriate.

In May 2008, the FASB issued FASB ASC 944-10. FASB ASC 944-10 requires that an insurance enterprise recognize a claim liability prior to an event of default (insured event) when there is evidence that credit deterioration has occurred in an insured financial obligation. This Statement also clarifies how Statement 60 applies to financial guarantee insurance contracts, including the recognition and measurement to be used to account for premium revenue and claim liabilities. Those clarifications will increase comparability in financial reporting of financial guarantee insurance contracts by insurance enterprises. This Statement requires expanded disclosures about financial guarantee insurance contracts. The accounting and disclosure requirements of the Statement will improve the quality of information provided to users of financial statements. FASB ASC 944-10 will be effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company has adopted this statement and management does not expect the adoption of FASB ASC 944-10 will have a material impact on the Company s financial position or results of operations.

American	Lithium	Minerals.	Inc.
----------	---------	-----------	------

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Annual Financial Statements

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

30 September 2009

(Audited)

2.

Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

On May 28, 2009 the FASB issued FASB ASC 855-10, *Subsequent Events*. FASB ASC 855-10 should not result in significant changes in the subsequent events that an entity reports. Rather, FASB ASC 855-10 introduces the concept of financial statements being available to be issued. Financial statements are considered available to be issued when they are complete in a form and format that complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and all approvals necessary for issuance have been obtained.

FASB ASC 860-10, Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities , and will require entities to provide more information about sales of securitized financial assets and similar transactions, particularly if the seller retains some risk to the assets, the FASB said. The statement eliminates the concept of a qualifying special-purpose entity, changes the requirements for the derecognizing of financial assets, and calls upon sellers of the assets to make additional disclosures about them.

In June 2009, the FASB issued FASB ASC 105-10, *The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*, which establishes the FASB Accounting Standards Codification™ (the Codification) as the source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), aside from those issued by the SEC. The Codification became effective for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. The Company adopted the Codification when referring to GAAP for the fiscal period ending September 30, 2009. The adoption of the Codification did not have an impact on the Company s

financial position or results of operations.

Risks and uncertainties

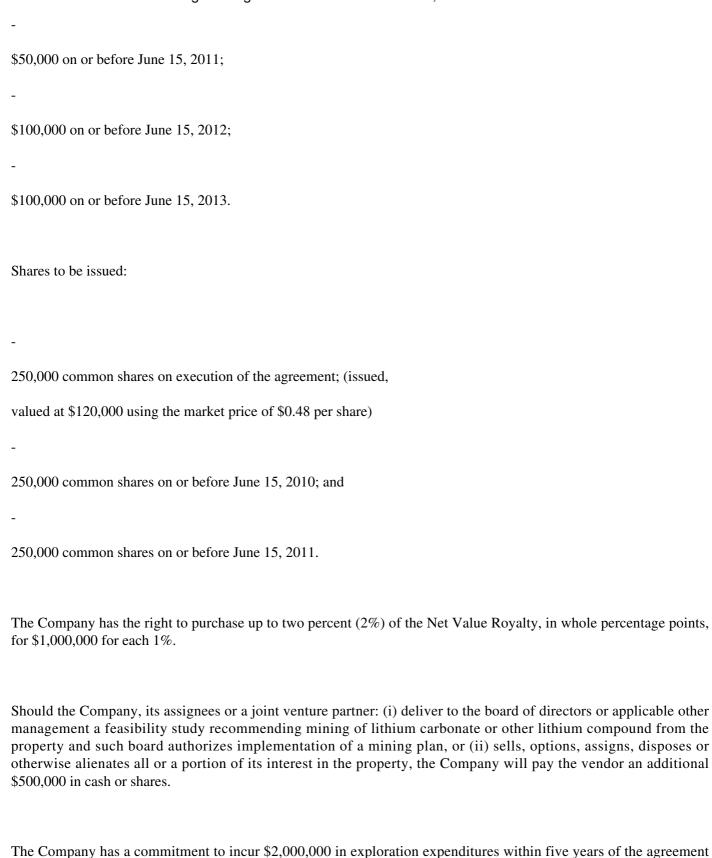
The Company operates in the resource exploration industry that is subject to significant risks and uncertainties, including financial, operational, technological, and other risks associated with operating a resource exploration business, including the potential risk of business failure.

3.

Mineral Property

Pursuant to a mineral property purchase agreement dated August 17, 2005, the Company acquired a 100% undivided right, title and interest in a 524.728 hectare mineral claim, located in the Similkameen Mining Division of British Columbia, Canada for a cash payment of \$4,000 (paid). During the year ended September 30, 2006, the Company paid \$5,000 for exploration work on the property. The Company was unable to keep the mineral claim in good standing due to lack of funding and has lost its interest in the mineral claim.

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Annual Financial Statements
(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)
30 September 2009
(Audited)
3.
Mineral Property (continued)
Pursuant to a mineral property purchase agreement dated June 15, 2009, the Company acquired an option to acquire a 100% interest in 88 unpatented mining claims in Esmeralda County, Nevada, U.S.A, subject to a 3% Net Value Royalty. Consideration for the property is as follows:
Cash payments of:
\$5,000 upon the execution of a letter of intent on April 29, 2009, (paid);
-
\$56,000 upon execution of the agreement (paid);
-
\$18,000 upon presentation of a receipt for payment of the filing and
claim maintenance fees;
\$35,000 on or before June 15, 2010;



as follows:

-
\$100,000 during the first year;
-
\$200,000 during the second year;
-
\$500,000 during the third year;
-
\$1,200,000 during the fourth year.
Pursuant to a letter of intent dated August 30, 2009, the Company acquired an option to acquire a 100% interest in 50 mining claims in Esmeralda County, Nevada, U.S.A, subject

\$100,000 on or before the third year anniversary;
-
\$100,000 on or before the fourth year anniversary.
Shares to be issued:
-
250,000 common shares on execution of the letter of intent; (issued
valued at \$120,000 using the market price of \$0.48 per share)
-
250,000 common shares on or before first year anniversary;
-
250,000 common shares on or before second year anniversary; and
-
250,000 common shares on or before third year anniversary.
The Company has the right to purchase up to two percent (2%) of the Net Value Royalty, in whole percentage points,
for \$1,000,000.
The Comment of the co
The Company has a commitment to incur \$1,300,000 in exploration expenditures within four years of the agreement as follows:
-
\$100,000 during the first year;
-
\$200,000 during the second year;

\$500,000 during the third year;

_

\$500,000 during the fourth year.

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Annual Financial Statements

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

30 September 2009

(Audited)

3.

Mineral Property (continued)

Mineral properties costs are summarized below:

	2009		2008		
Acquisition Costs					
Cash	\$	99,000	\$	-	
Shares		312,500		-	
		411,500		-	
Exploration Costs					
Exploration advance	\$	37,000		-	
Claim maintenance, licenses, and legal		13,331		-	
Miscellaneous		187		-	
Reports		6,637		-	
		57,155		-	
Total costs incurred during the year	\$	468,655	\$	-	
Balance of costs, beginning of year		-		-	
Balance of costs, end of year	\$	468,655	\$	-	

Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are non-interest bearing, unsecured and have settlement dates within one year.
5.
Capital Stock
Authorized
The total authorized capital is 75,000,000 common shares with a par value of \$0.001 per common share.
Issued and outstanding
The total issued and outstanding capital stock is 49,750,000 common shares with a par value of \$0.001 per common share.
i. On March 18, 2005, 20,000,000 common shares of the Company were issued for cash proceeds of \$5,000.
The instance of the company were instance of the company were instance for each proceeds of ψ5,000.
ii.
On April 5, 2005, 16,000,000 common shares of the Company were issued for cash.

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Annual Financial Statements
(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)
30 September 2009
(Audited)
5.
Capital Stock (continued)
proceeds of \$4,000.
iii.
On April 13, 2005, 2,700,000 common shares of the Company were issued for cash proceeds of \$6,750.
iv.
On April 21, 2005, 3,300,000 common shares of the Company were issued for cash proceeds of \$8,250.
v.
On June 17, 2008, 6,000,000 common shares of the Company were issued for cash proceeds of \$1,500.
vi.
On July 14, 2009, 250,000 common shares of the Company were issued for property for a fair value of \$120,000

vii.

On July 23, 2008, 1,250,000 common shares of the Company were issued for cash proceeds of \$450,000.

viii.

On August 30, 2009, 250,000 common shares of the Company were issued for property for a fair value of \$192,500.

On March 2, 2009, the Board of Directors authorized a 4:1 forward stock split. The number of shares issued in accordance with the private offerings as listed above, include the effects of the split.

On August 20, 2009, the Board of Directors of the Company ratified, approved and adopted a Stock Option Plan for the Company in the amount of 4,000,000 shares with an exercisable period up to 10 years. In the event an optionee ceases to be employed by or to provide services to the Company for reasons other than cause, any Stock Option that is vested and held by such optionee may be exercisable within up to ninety calendar days after the effective date that his position ceases. No Stock Option granted under the Stock Option Plan is transferable. Any Stock Option held by an optionee at the time of his death may be exercised by his estate within one year of his death or such longer period as the Board of Directors may determine. On December 3, 2009, the Company filed a Form S-8 to register these shares.

At September 30, 2009, the following stock options were outstanding:

Number of	Exercise	
Shares	Price	Expiry Date
50,000	\$0.60	August 20, 2014
500,000	\$0.85	September 1, 2010
550,000		

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Annual Financial Statements

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

30 September 2009

(Audited)

5.

Capital Stock (continued)

The Company s stock option activity is presented below:

		2009	
		Weighted	Weighted
	Number of	Average	Average
	Stock	Exercise	Contractual
	Options	Price	Life
Outstanding at beginning of year Granted	550,000	\$0.83	1.28
Outstanding at end of year	550,000	\$0.83	1.28
Exercisable at end of year	91,667		

Stock based compensation on shares vested and exercisable during the year ended September 30, 2009 is \$65,660.

At September 30, 2009, there were no outstanding warrants.

During the year ended September 30, 2009, the Company received \$1,000,000 in share subscriptions for a private placement of 740,740 units at \$1.35. Each unit is comprised of one common share and 1.5 share purchase warrant exercisable at \$1.50 for two years. The shares and warrants were issued subsequently (Note 8).

During the year ended September 30, 2009, officers and/or directors of the Company made contributions to capital by the payment of Company expenses and forgiveness of debt (Note 6).

6.

Related Party Transactions

During the years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, a former director of the Company advanced \$32,000 and \$22,000, respectively, to the Company. During the year ended September 30, 2009, the debt was forgiven and \$32,000 has been allocated to additional paid in capital.

During the year ended September 30, 2009, a director of the Company advanced \$47,877. The amount is unsecured, non interest bearing and is due on demand.

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Annual Financial Statements
(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)
30 September 2009
(Audited)
6.
Related Party Transactions (continued)
During the years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, officers and/or directors of the Company made contributions to capital for management fees of \$nil and \$8,000 and for rent of \$nil and \$1,600, respectively (Note 5).
During the years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, management fees of \$12,000 and \$4,000, respectively, were payable to a director of the Company. Expenses paid on behalf of the Company totalling \$nil and \$6,468, respectively, were also payable.
As of September 30, 2009 and 2008, total due to related party is \$63,877 and \$43,668, respectively.
7.
Income Taxes
At September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company had a federal operating loss carryforward of approximately \$186,561 and \$39,413, respectively, which begins to expire in 2026.
The provision for income taxes consisted of the following components for the years ended September 30:

Edgar Filing: American Lithium Minerals, Inc. - Form 10-K

	2009		2008	
Current:				
Federal	\$	-	\$	-
Foreign		-		-
Deferred		-		-
	\$	-	\$	-

Components of net deferred tax assets, including a valuation allowance, are as follows at September 30:

	2009	2008
Deferred tax assets:		
Net operating loss carryforward	\$ 186,561	\$ 39,413
Total deferred tax assets	65,296	13,795
Less: Valuation Allowance	(65,296)	(13,795)
Net Deferred Tax Assets	\$ -	\$ -

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Annual Financial Statements

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

30 September 2009

(Audited)

7.

Income Taxes (continued)

The valuation allowance for deferred tax assets as of September 30, 2009 and 2008 was \$65,296 and \$13,795, respectively. In assessing the recovery of the deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income in the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversals of future deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. As a result, management determined it was more likely than not the deferred tax assets would not be realized as of September 30, 2009 and 2008, and recorded a full valuation allowance.

Reconciliation between the statutory rate and the effective tax rate is as follows for the years ended September 30:

	2009	2008
Federal statutory tax rate	(35.0)%	(35.0)%
Foreign	35.0%	35.0%
Effective tax rate	0.0%	0.0%

Subsequent Events

On October 6, 2009, the Company completed a private placement of 740,740 units at \$1.35 per unit for total proceeds of \$1,000,000. Each unit comprises one common share and 1.5 share purchase warrant exercisable at a price of \$1.50 for a period of two years.

On October 8, 2009, the Company granted 1,500,000 stock options, exercisable at \$0.85 per share until October 8, 2011, to Judy Baker, who was appointed as President and CEO at that time. Subsequently, Judy Baker resigned as President and CEO on November 4, 2009 and agreed to reduce her stock options from 1,500,000 options to 750,000 options.

On October 2, 2009, the Company entered into an investor relations agreement for an aggregate remuneration of \$7,000 per month, representing fees for managing and executing an online investor relations program. The term of this agreement shall begin on October 15, 2009 and shall expire October 14, 2010.

On October 15, 2009, the Company granted 250,000 stock options exercisable at \$1.45 until October 15, 2011 to a firm providing investor relation services to the Company.

American Lithium Minerals, Inc.
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Annual Financial Statements
(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)
30 September 2009
(Audited)
8.
Subsequent Events (continued)
On November 4, 2009, the Company granted 750,000 options exercisable at \$0.85 until November 4, 2010 to a senior officer of the Company. The options will vest as follows: 250,000 on November 4, 2009, 250,000 on February 4, 2010 and 250,000 on May 4, 2010.
On November 3, 2009 the Company entered into an employment agreement with Hugh Aird whereby Mr. Aird agreed to act as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company for an aggregate remuneration of \$10,000 per month for an initial term of one year, commencing November 2009.
9.
Other
During 2009, the Company recorded an extinguishment of accrued liabilities of \$8,500 relating to an amount previously accrued and unpaid for legal services, which as of the date of this report, the Company has been released of all liabilities due and no further fees are due.

Tı	tem	Q
		7.

Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

There have been no changes in and disagreements with our accountants on accounting and financial disclosure from the inception of our company through to the date of this Report.

Item 9A(t).

Controls and Procedures.

(a)

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures

Based upon an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures performed by our management, with participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Accounting Officer as of the end of the period covered by this report, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Accounting Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures have been effective in ensuring that material information relating to us, is made known to the certifying officers by others within our company during the period covered by this report.

As used herein, disclosure controls and procedures mean controls and other procedures of our company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission s rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b)

Management s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) under the *Securities Exchange Act of 1934*. Under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Accounting Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our control over financial reporting based on the framework in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (*COSO*). Based on our evaluation under the framework, management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of September 30, 2009.

This annual report does not include an attestation report of our registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management s report was not subject to attestation by our registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit us to provide only management s report in this annual report.

(c)

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have not been any changes in our internal controls or in other factors that occurred during our last fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B.

Other Information.

None.

13

PART III

Item 10.		
Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.		
Our executive officers and directors and their respective ages as of the date of this annual report are as follows:		
Directors:		
Name of Director		
Age		
Matthew Markin		
44		
Dave Clark		
50		
Chris Hobbs		
43		
Executive Officers:		
Name of Officer		
<u>Age</u>		

Office

Hugh Aird
56
President and Chief Executive Officer
Chris Hobbs
43
Chief Financial Officer
Biographical information
Set forth below is a brief description of the background and business experience of our executive officer and directors for the past five years.
Matthew Markin
Mr. Matthew Markin holds graduate degrees in science from Capilano College and the University of British Columbia.
Mr. Markin specializes in forecasting, projection and market analysis, research and development. He has served on the boards of numerous public and private companies, including firms in mining and exploration, finance, information technology, medical, banking and real estate. The latest project Mr. Markin was involved in is a company called China Valves and Technology, Inc. The company, through its subsidiaries, focuses on the development, manufacture and sales of metal valves for the electricity, petroleum, chemical, water, gas and metal industries in the People Republic of China. Mr. Markin was the president and sole director of the public company at the time of the reverse merger. China Valve Technology Inc. went on to raise \$32,000,000 and has gross revenues in excess of \$70,000,000.
Mr. Markin has been responsible for raising over \$100,000,000 for small to medium size companies in the public sector and the private sector. Prior to his founding The Markin Investment Group he was president of the Markin Development Corporation, a major player in the Canadian real estate and construction industry responsible for projects across western Canada. Since 1999 Mr. Markin has served as president of The Markin Investment Group.

Dave Clark

Mr. Dave Clarke is a businessman from Calgary, Alberta, Canada. He was a driving force behind the start-up of Maple Leaf Reforestation Inc., a publicly traded company on the TSX Venture Exchange. During his 4-year term as Chairman, President and CEO, a reverse takeover was completed and over \$3,000,000 CDN was raised for the company. The company built their first

major 110,000 square foot greenhouse structure in China. This allowed the company to begin the revenue process and striving of doing business in China.

Mr. Clarke has a strong business background in starting private companies as well as operating and owning profitable companies over the last 25 years.

Hugh Aird

Since 2004, Mr. Hugh Aird has been the Vice-Chairman, North America, Business Development for Edelman Public Relations. From 2002 to 2004 he was the President of DRIA Capital, a financial consulting firm; from 1998 to 2002 he was the Managing Director at Berenson, Mineralla LTD, a firm providing M&A advisory services; and from 1994 to 1998 he was Vice-Chairman of Merrill Lynch Canada. Since graduating from Harvard University, Mr. Aird has held numerous top level executive positions throughout the financial industry.

Chris Hobbs

Mr. Chris Hobbs has over 9 years experience in finance and investment banking. Since 2008, Mr. Hobbs has been a partner and co-founder Pine Point Capital Advisors Inc., a private firm specializing in capital and financial advisory services to Canadian companies. Appointed in March 2009, he is currently a director and president of Apheresis Health Sciences Inc., an early stage health sciences company. In 2007, Mr. Hobbs was an associate with Becher McMahon Capital Markets Inc., an Ontario Securities Commission Limited Market Dealer where he assisted equity financings for mining and oil and gas companies listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange and conducted merger and acquisition services for clients with a focus on the mining, oil and gas and technology sectors. From 2004 to 2008, Mr. Hobbs was the Chief Financial Officer of Veris Health Sciences, a company providing a revolutionary new treatment for Age Related Macular Degeneration. Mr. Hobbs assisted the management team in raising more than \$20 million in equity and debt financing to fund significant growth. Mr. Hobbs is a member of the Chartered Accountants of Ontario and holds a Bachelor of Business Administration Degree from the Schulich School of Business at York University.

Our directors are appointed for a one-year term to hold office until the next annual general meeting of our shareholders or until removed from office in accordance with our bylaws. Our officers are appointed by our board of directors and hold office until removed by the board.

Family Relationships

There are no family relationships among our directors or executive officers.
--

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

Our directors, executive officers and control persons have not been involved in any of the following events during the past five years:

1.

any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which such person was a general partner or executive officer either at the time of the bankruptcy or within two years prior to that time;

2.

any conviction in a criminal proceeding or being subject to a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses);

3.

being subject to any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining,

barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities or banking activities; or

4.

being found by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to have violated a federal or state securities or commodities law, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated.

Significant Employees and Consultants

We have no significant employees other than the officers and directors described above.

Conflicts of Interest

We do not have any written procedures in place to address conflicts of interest that may arise between our business and the future business activities of our Board of Directors.

Audit Committee Financial Expert

We do not have a financial expert serving on an audit committee as we do not have an audit committee because our board of directors has determined that as a start-up exploration company with no revenues it would be too expensive to have one.

Role and Responsibilities of the Board

The Board of Directors oversees the conduct and supervises the management of our business and affairs pursuant to the powers vested in it by and in accordance with the requirements of the *Revised Statutes of Nevada*. The Board of Directors holds regular meetings to consider particular issues or conduct specific reviews whenever deemed

appropriate.

Our Board of Directors considers good corporate governance to be important to our effective operations. Our directors are elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders and serve until their successors are elected or appointed. Officers are appointed by the Board of Directors and serve at the discretion of the Board of Directors or until their earlier resignation or removal.

We do not currently have any arrangements or understandings pursuant to which a director or executive officer is selected to be a director or executive officer.

Code of Ethics

We have adopted a Code of Ethics within the meaning of Item 406(b) of Regulation S-K of the *Securities Exchange Act of 1934*. The Code of Ethics applies to directors and senior officers, such as the principal executive officer, principal financial officer, controller, and persons performing similar functions. The Code of Ethics is attached to this report as an exhibit.

Item 11.

Executive Compensation.

Summary Compensation Table

The table below summarizes all compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to our executive officers for all services rendered in all capacities to us for the period from our inception through the fiscal period ended September 30, 2008 and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009.

Name and	1	Salary	Bonus		-	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compen-sation	Deferred	All Other Compen-sation	
Principa		zuzuz j	201145	11,1,01,01	11,,001,000		00111 P 0110401011	0 0 mp 0 m 0 m 0 m	10001
Position	Year	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Matthew Markin, (1) President, CEO, CFO, Secretary, Treasurer &	2009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Director Peter									
Sorel, (2)	2009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Former President	2008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
and CEO and Director	2007	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dave Clark, (3) Director	2009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

(1)

Mr. Markin was appointed as President, CEO, Secretary/Treasurer and a director on May 13, 2008.

(2)

Mr. Sorel resigned as President and CEO on May 13, 2008. Effective July 15, 2009, Mr. Sorel resigned as a director

(3)

Mr. Clark was appointed as a director on May 13, 2009.

Option/SAR Grants

We made no grants of stock options or stock appreciation rights to our directors and officers during the period from our inception on March 10, 2005 through the fiscal period ending September 30, 2009.

Compensation of Directors

Directors of our company may be paid for their expenses incurred in attending each meeting of the directors. In addition to expenses, directors may be paid a sum for attending each meeting of the directors or may receive a stated salary as director. No payment precludes any director from serving our company in any other capacity and being compensated for such service. Members of special or standing committees may be allowed similar reimbursement and compensation for attending committee meetings. During the year ended September 30, 2009, we did not pay any compensation to our directors.

Employment contracts and termination of employment and change-in-control arrangements

There are no compensatory plans or arrangements with respect to our executive officers resulting from their resignation, retirement or other termination of employment or from a change of control.

Item 12.

Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the beneficial ownership of our common stock, as of the date of this registration statement, by (i) each person (including any group) who is known by us to beneficially own more than 5% of any class of the voting securities of our company; (ii) each of our directors, and (iii) officers and directors as a group.

Each common share entitles the holder thereof to one vote in respect of any matters that may properly come before our stockholders. To the best of our knowledge, there exist no arrangements that could cause a change in voting control of our company. Unless otherwise indicated, the persons named below have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares beneficially owned by them, subject to community property laws where applicable.

	Name and Address Of	Dalatianshin to	Number of	Percent
Title of Class	Owner	Relationship to Company	Shares	Owned (1)
Common Stock	Matthew Markin	Director, 5% Shareholder, President,	22,000,000	43.57%
	1914 Cordova Road, Suite 116	Secretary and Treasurer		
	Fort Lauderdale, FL			
	33316			
Common Stock	Dave Clarke	Director	4,000,000	7.92%
	46 Meadow Pt., Dr RR1			
	De Winton, Alberta			
	T0L 0X0			
Common Stock	All directors and executive officers as a group (one individual)		26,000,000	51.49%
(1)				

The percent ownership of class is based on 50,490,740 shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of the date of this report.

Under the rules of the Commission, a person (or group of persons) is deemed to be a "beneficial owner" of a security if he or she, directly or indirectly, has or shares the power to vote or to direct the voting of such security, or the power to dispose of or to direct the disposition of such security. Accordingly, more than one person may be deemed to be a beneficial owner of the same security. A person is also deemed to be a beneficial owner of any security, which that person has the right to acquire within 60 days, such as options or warrants to purchase our common stock.

Item 13.

Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.

Transactions wit	h related	persons
-------------------------	-----------	---------

Except as disclosed below, none of the following parties has, since our inception, had any material interest, direct or indirect, in any transaction with us or in any presently proposed transaction that has or will materially affect us:
any of our directors or executive officers;
any person proposed as a nominee for election as a director;
any person who beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, shares carrying more than 5% of the voting rights attached to our outstanding shares of common stock;
any child, stepchild, parent, stepparent, spouse, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law brother-in-law or sister-in-law of any of the foregoing persons; or
any person sharing the household of any director, executive officer, nominee for director or 5% shareholder of our company.
18

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services.

Our principal accountants, James Stafford, Chartered Accountants, rendered invoices to us during the fiscal periods indicated for the following fees and services:

	Fiscal year ended		Fiscal year ended September 30, 2008	
	September 30, 2	009		
Audit Fees	\$	9,500	\$	13,800
Audit Related Fees		-		-
Tax Fees		-		-
All Other Fees		-		-

Audit fees consist of fees related to professional services rendered in connection with the audit of our annual financial statements and the review of the financial statements included in each of our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q.

Our policy is to pre-approve all audit and permissible non-audit services performed by the independent accountants. These services may include audit services, audit-related services, tax services and other services. Under our audit committee s policy, pre-approval is generally provided for particular services or categories of services, including planned services, project based services and routine consultations. In addition, we may also pre-approve particular services on a case-by-case basis. We approved all services that our independent accountants provided to us in the past three fiscal years.

PART IV

Item 15.

Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules.

(a)
Financial Statements
The following documents are filed under <i>Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data</i> , pages F-1 through F-19, and are included as part of this report:
Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
Balance Sheets
Statements of Operations
Statement of Stockholders Equity (Deficit)
Statements of Cash Flows
Notes to Financial Statements
<i>(b)</i>
Exhibits
The exhibits required to be attached by Item 601 of Regulation S-K are listed in the Index to Exhibits on page 16 of this report, and are incorporated herein by this reference.
(c)
Financial Statement Schedules
We are not filing any financial statement schedules as part of this report as such schedules are either not applicable or

the required information is included in the financial statements or notes

thereto.

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

<u>Number</u>
Exhibit Description
3.1
Articles of Incorporation (1)
3.2
Bylaws (1)
14.1
Code of Ethics
31.1
Certificate of principal executive officer and principal financial officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the <i>Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</i>
32.1
Certificate of principal executive officer and principal financial officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted
pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
(1)
Filed as an exhibit to our registration statement on Form SB-2 dated March 22, 2006

SI	GN.	ΔΤ	T I I	PFS

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the <i>Securities Exchange Act of 1934</i> , the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.
AMERICAN LITHIUM MINERALS INC.
/s/ Hugh Aird
Hugh Aird
Chief Executive Officer
December 22, 2009
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.
/s/ Hugh Aird

Hugh Aird

Chief Executive Officer

December 22, 2009