Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. Form 10-Q July 31, 2015

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

ý QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_. Commission File Number: 000-54305

COOPER-STANDARD HOLDINGS INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 39550 Orchard Hill Place Drive Novi, Michigan 48375 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) (248) 596-5900 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code) 20-1945088 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  $\checkmark$  No " Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ý No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer ý Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No ý Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed

by a court. Yes ý No "

As of July 27, 2015 there were 17,278,537 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.001 par value, outstanding.

COOPER-STANDARD HOLDINGS INC. Form 10-Q For the period ended June 30, 2015

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## PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

COOPER-STANDARD HOLDINGS INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share amounts)

	Three Mont	ths Ended June 30,	Six Months En	ided June 30,
	2014	2015	2014	2015
Sales	\$857,553	\$860,821	\$1,695,159	\$1,660,871
Cost of products sold	711,444	706,863	1,414,791	1,376,041
Gross profit	146,109	153,958	280,368	284,830
Selling, administration & engineering expenses	81,873	84,079	161,244	160,390
Amortization of intangibles	3,997	3,672	8,433	7,220
Restructuring	3,756	7,429	6,845	26,269
Operating profit	56,483	58,778	103,846	90,951
Interest expense, net of interest income	(10,919	) (9,268 )	(25,927	) (18,425 )
Equity earnings	1,745	1,355	2,981	3,131
Other income (expense), net	(28,633	) 2,111	(28,803	) 13,188
Income before income taxes	18,676	52,976	52,097	88,845
Income tax expense	4,424	16,442	16,488	31,183
Net income	14,252	36,534	35,609	57,662
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1,058	) (38 )	(2,680	) (179 )
Net income attributable to Cooper-Standard	\$13,194	\$36,496	\$32,929	\$57,483
Holdings Inc.	φ13,174	\$50,490	\$32,929	φ57,405
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$0.78	\$2.14	\$1.96	\$3.37
Diluted	\$0.72	\$1.98	\$1.82	\$3.14
Comprehensive income	\$18,619	\$42,435	\$39,349	\$19,679
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1,034	) (49 )	(2,832	) (299 )
Comprehensive income attributable to Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc.	\$17,585	\$42,386	\$36,517	\$19,380
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### COOPER-STANDARD HOLDINGS INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Dollar amounts in thousands except share amounts)

	December 31, 2014	June 30, 2015
		(unaudited)
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$267,270	\$204,810
Accounts receivable, net	377,032	468,502
Tooling receivable	124,015	145,334
Inventories	166,531	182,840
Prepaid expenses	25,626	34,842
Other	93,524	76,244
Total current assets	1,053,998	1,112,572
Property, plant and equipment, net	716,013	785,322
Goodwill	135,169	151,978
Intangibles, net	82,309	80,308
Deferred tax assets	41,059	43,921
Other assets	104,219	86,659
Total assets	\$2,132,767	\$2,260,760
Liabilities and Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Debt payable within one year	\$36,789	\$60,259
Accounts payable	322,422	347,246
Payroll liabilities	94,986	120,392
Accrued liabilities	75,005	101,994
Total current liabilities	529,202	629,891
Long-term debt	749,085	743,445
Pension benefits	191,805	178,159
Postretirement benefits other than pensions	60,287	58,595
Deferred tax liabilities	5,001	17,497
Other liabilities	44,692	42,014
Total liabilities	1,580,072	1,669,601
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	3,981	—
7% Cumulative participating convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value,		
10,000,000 shares authorized at December 31, 2014, and June 30, 2015; no shares	—	—
issued and outstanding		
Equity:		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 190,000,000 shares authorized at December 31,		
2014 and June 30, 2015; 18,685,634 shares issued and 17,039,328 outstanding at	17	17
December 31, 2014 and 18,919,531 shares issued and 17,273,225 outstanding at	17	17
June 30, 2015		
Additional paid-in capital	492,959	504,022
Retained earnings	195,233	252,473
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(139,243)	(177,346
Total Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. equity	548,966	579,166
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Noncontrolling interests	(252	) 11,993
Total equity	548,714	591,159
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,132,767	\$2,260,760
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.		

#### COOPER-STANDARD HOLDINGS INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Six Months 2014	Ended June 30, 2015
Operating Activities:	2011	2010
Net income	\$35,609	\$57,662
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	<i><b>4</b>22,007</i>	<i>\$31,002</i>
Depreciation	48,293	48,754
Amortization of intangibles	8,433	7,220
Stock-based compensation expense	7,829	4,964
Equity earnings, net of dividends related to earnings	(712	) (1,214 )
Loss on extinguishment of debt	30,488	) (1,211 ) 
Gain on divestiture	(1,882	) —
Gain on remeasurement of previously held equity interest	(1,002	(14,199)
Deferred income taxes	3,284	1,457
Other	(297	) 823
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(76,846	) (48,863 )
Net cash provided by operating activities	54,199	56,604
Investing activities:	51,177	50,001
Capital expenditures	(110,827	) (95,904 )
Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired	(110,027	(34,396)
Return on equity investments	951	(54,570 )
Proceeds from sale of investment	3,216	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets and other	2,173	2,220
Net cash used in investing activities	(104,487	) (128,080 )
Financing activities:	(104,407	) (120,000 )
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt, net of debt issuance costs	738,865	
Repurchase of Senior Notes and Senior PIK Toggle Notes	(675,615	) —
Increase (decrease) in short-term debt, net	(394	) 1,509
Borrowings on long-term debt	6,497	) 1,507
Principal payments on long-term debt	(125	) (3,931 )
Purchase of noncontrolling interests	(123	(1,262)
Proceeds from exercise of warrants	6,892	(1,202)
Taxes withheld and paid on employees' share based payment awards	(3,842	) (1,121 )
Other	(3,842)	) (1,121 ) ) (133 )
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	71,961	(1029)
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	1,342	(4,938 ) 13,954
Changes in cash and cash equivalents	23,015	((2))
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	184,370	(62,460) 267,270
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$207,385	\$204,810
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.	φ201,303	φ204,010
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these infancial statements.		

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

#### 1. Overview

#### Basis of presentation

Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. (together with its consolidated subsidiaries, the "Company," "Cooper-Standard," "we," "our," or "us"), through its wholly-owned subsidiary Cooper-Standard Automotive Inc., is a leading manufacturer of sealing, fuel and brake delivery, fluid transfer and anti-vibration systems components, subsystems, and modules. The Company's products are primarily for use in passenger vehicles and light trucks that are manufactured by global automotive original equipment manufacturers ("OEMs") and replacement markets. The Company conducts substantially all of its activities through its subsidiaries.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") for interim financial information and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 (the "2014 Annual Report"), as filed with the SEC. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") for complete financial statements. These financial statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal, recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and results of operations of the Company. The operating results for the interim period ended June 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. In preparing these financial statements, the Company has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through the date the financial statements were issued.

#### Recent accounting pronouncements

In July 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-11, Inventory (Topic 330): Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory. This ASU requires entities to measure most inventory at the lower of cost and net realizable value. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, Interest: Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs. This ASU changes the presentation of debt issuance costs in financial statements from an asset to a direct deduction from the related debt liability. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The adoption of this ASU is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis. This ASU amends the consolidation guidance under U.S. GAAP. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The adoption of this ASU is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

In January 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-01, Income Statement: Extraordinary and Unusual Items (Subtopic 225-20): Simplifying Income Statement Presentation by Eliminating the Concept of Extraordinary Items. This ASU eliminates the concept of extraordinary items from U.S. GAAP. The guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this ASU is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, Presentation of Financial Statements: Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40): Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern. This ASU requires management to perform interim and annual assessments of an entity's ability to continue as a going concern. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods ending after December 15, 2016. The adoption of this ASU is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements. In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The core principle of this guidance is that a company should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or

services to a customer at an amount reflecting the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. In July 2015, the FASB decided to delay the effective date of this guidance to annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption will be permitted as of the original effective date of annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The guidance allows for companies to use either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach when adopting. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

In April 2014, FASB issued ASU 2014-08, Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. This ASU changes the criteria for reporting discontinued operations and requires expanded disclosures about discontinued operations. The Company adopted this guidance effective January 1, 2015. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements. 2. Acquisitions

In the first quarter of 2015, the Company acquired the remaining equity interests of Metzler Automotive Profiles India Private Limited (26%) and Cooper Standard Jingda Changchun Automotive Co., Ltd. (20%) for a combined cash consideration of \$1,262. These acquisitions were accounted for as equity transactions in accordance with ASC Topic 810 "Consolidations."

In the first guarter of 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of an additional 47.5% of Huavu-Cooper Standard Sealing Systems Co. ("Shenya"), increasing its ownership to 95%, for cash consideration of \$59,320. The final payment of \$9,954 related to this acquisition was made in the second guarter of 2015. The business acquired in the transaction is operated from Shenya's manufacturing locations in China. Shenya primarily supplies sealing systems and components to the automotive industry. This acquisition is directly aligned with the Company's growth strategy by strengthening important customer relationships in the automotive sealing systems market. This acquisition was accounted for under ASC 805, "Business Combinations," and the results of operations of Shenya are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition, February 27, 2015. This acquisition does not meet the thresholds for a significant acquisition and therefore no pro forma financial information is presented. Prior to the acquisition, the Company held a 47.5% unconsolidated equity interest in Shenya. The fair value of the equity interest prior to the date of acquisition was \$41,378, resulting in a gain of \$14,199 recorded in other income (expense), net for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The fair value of the Company's previous 47.5% equity interest, 47.5% purchased and 5% noncontrolling interest in Shenya were estimated using income and market approaches based on financial analysis methodologies (including the discounted cash flow analysis), projected financial information, management's estimates, available information, and reasonable and supportable assumptions. These fair value measurements are classified within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair value of Shenya assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$7,079
Accounts receivable	24,197
Inventories	12,708
Prepaid expenses	13,045
Other current assets	21,189
Property, plant, and equipment	80,914
Goodwill	18,066
Intangibles	7,367
Other assets	14,311
Total assets acquired	198,876
Debt payable within one year	19,164
Accounts payable	41,059
Other current liabilities	16,599
Other liabilities	9,864
Total liabilities assumed	86,686
Noncontrolling interest	11,709
Net assets acquired including noncontrolling interest	\$100,481
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Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other current assets, accounts payable, and other current liabilities were stated at historical carrying values, which management believes approximates fair value given the short-term

nature of these assets and liabilities. Inventories were recorded at fair value which is estimated for finished goods and work-in-process based upon the expected selling price less costs to complete, selling, and disposal costs, and a normal profit to the buyer. Raw material inventory was recorded at carrying value as such value approximates the replacement cost. Deferred income taxes have been provided in the condensed consolidated balance sheet based on the Company's estimates of the tax versus book basis of

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

the estimated fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The Company has estimated the fair value of property, plant and equipment, intangibles, other long-lived assets, certain liabilities and noncontrolling interest based upon financial estimates and projections prepared in conjunction with the transaction. These estimates are preliminary and may change in the future as information becomes available from third party valuations. The value assigned to all assets and liabilities did not exceed the acquisition price, therefore goodwill was recorded related to this transaction. 3. Goodwill and Intangibles

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by reportable operating segment for the six months ended June 30, 2015 are summarized as follows:

	North America	Europe	South America	Asia Pacific	Total	
Balance at January 1, 2015	\$117,609	\$12,366	\$—	\$5,194	\$135,169	
Acquisition		—	_	18,066	18,066	
Foreign exchange translation	(420)	(1,025	) —	188	(1,257	)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$117,189	\$11,341	\$—	\$23,448	\$151,978	

Goodwill is not amortized, but is tested for impairment by reporting unit either annually or when events or circumstances indicate that impairment may exist. There were no indicators of potential impairment as of June 30, 2015.

The following table presents intangible assets and accumulated amortization balances of the Company as of December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2015, respectively:

Customer relationships	Gross Carrying Amount \$133,471	Accumulated Amortization \$(59,773	Net Carrying Amount ) \$73,698
Developed technology	9,252	(6,842	) 2,410
Other	6,701	(500	) 6,201
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$149,424	\$(67,115	) \$82,309
Customer relationships	\$137,227	\$(64,901	) \$72,326
Developed technology	8,941	(7,186	) 1,755
Other	10,777	(4,550	) 6,227
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$156,945	\$(76,637	) \$80,308

Amortization expense totaled \$3,997 and \$3,672 for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively, and \$8,433 and \$7,220 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively. Amortization expense is estimated to be approximately \$14,500 for the year ending December 31, 2015.

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## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

#### 4. Restructuring

#### European Initiative

The Company has implemented a restructuring initiative of certain facilities in Europe based on current and anticipated market demands. The estimated cost of this initiative is approximately \$125,000 and is expected to be completed by 2018. The Company has recognized \$24,500 of costs related to this initiative since initiation in the first quarter of 2015. The restructuring effort aims to further improve the Company's European capability by removing excess capacity, improving cost structure and shifting some production to its Eastern European facilities. Actions include consolidation of operations to improve efficiencies and closure or downsizing of certain facilities with high costs and unutilized capacity in Western Europe, including Germany and France. A previous European restructuring initiative has been combined with this new initiative. The following table summarizes the restructuring expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Er	nded June 30,
	2014	2015	2014	2015
Employee separation costs	\$1,043	\$1,063	\$1,043	\$15,067
Other exit costs	2,919	4,635	5,351	9,005
Asset impairments		428		428
	\$3,962	\$6,126	\$6,394	\$24,500

The following table summarizes the activity in the restructuring liability for this initiative for the six months ended June 30, 2015:

	Employee Separation Costs	Other Exit Costs	Asset Impairments	Total	
Balance at January 1, 2015	\$10,824	\$—	\$—	\$10,824	
Expense	15,067	9,005	428	24,500	
Cash payments and foreign exchange translation	(3,585	) (7,598	) (428	) (11,611	)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$22,306	\$1,407	\$—	\$23,713	

North America Initiative

In the first quarter of 2015, the Company initiated the restructure of a facility in North America. The estimated cost of this initiative is \$8,500 and is expected to be completed in 2016. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company has recorded \$1,303 and \$1,720 of other exit costs, respectively, related to this initiative. As of June 30, 2015, there was no liability associated with this initiative.

Other Initiatives

The Company implemented several restructuring initiatives in prior years including the closure or consolidation of facilities throughout the world, the establishment of a centralized shared services function in Europe and the reorganization of the Company's operating structure. These initiatives are substantially complete, however, the Company continues to incur costs on some of these initiatives related principally to the disposal of certain facilities. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company reversed costs related to changes in estimates of \$(206) and incurred costs of \$451, respectively, related to these initiatives. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company incurred costs of \$49 related to these initiatives. No expense was recorded for the three months ended June 30, 2015.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

5. Inventories

Inventories were comprised of the following at December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2015:

ecember 31, 2014	June 30, 2015
15,485	\$52,760
,498	42,332
,548	87,748
66,531	\$182,840
ļ.	5,485 ,498 ,548

In connection with the acquisition of Shenya, inventory was written up by \$1,414 to fair value in the first quarter of 2015. Such inventory was sold as of March 31, 2015 and recorded as an increase to cost of products sold. 6. Debt

Outstanding debt consisted of the following at December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2015:

	December 31, 2014	June 30, 2015	
Term loan	\$742,902	\$739,420	
Other borrowings	42,972	64,284	
Total debt	\$785,874	\$803,704	
Less current portion	(36,789)	(60,259	)
Total long-term debt	\$749,085	\$743,445	
Senior ABL Facility			

On April 8, 2013, the Company and certain of its subsidiaries entered into the Amended and Restated Senior Loan and Security Agreement (the "Amended Senior ABL Facility"), with certain lenders, which amended and restated the then existing senior secured asset-based revolving credit facility of the Company, dated May 27, 2010. The Amended Senior ABL Facility provided for an aggregate revolving loan availability of up to \$150,000, subject to borrowing base availability.

On April 4, 2014, the Company and certain of its subsidiaries entered into the Second Amended and Restated Loan Agreement (the "Senior ABL Facility"), which amended and restated the Amended Senior ABL Facility, in order to permit the Term Loan Facility (described below) and other related transactions. The Senior ABL Facility provided for an aggregate revolving loan availability of up to \$150,000, subject to borrowing base availability, including a \$60,000 letter of credit sub-facility and a \$25,000 swing line sub-facility. The Senior ABL Facility also provided for an uncommitted \$105,000 incremental loan facility, for a potential total Senior ABL Facility of \$255,000 (if requested by the Company and one or more new or existing lenders agreed to fund such increase).

On June 11, 2014, the Company and certain of its subsidiaries entered into Amendment No. 1 to the Senior ABL Facility, which increased the aggregate revolving loan availability to \$180,000, subject to borrowing base availability, principally by expanding a tooling receivable category of eligible borrowing base availability for the U.S. borrower and Canadian borrower. The Senior ABL Facility, as amended, also now provides for an uncommitted \$75,000 incremental loan facility, for a potential total Senior ABL Facility of \$255,000 (if requested by the Company and one or more new or existing lenders agreed to fund such increase). No consent of any lender (other than those participating in the increase) is required to effect any such increase. As of June 30, 2015, subject to borrowing base availability, the Company had \$180,000 in availability under the Senior ABL Facility less outstanding letters of credit of \$33,066. Term Loan Facility

On April 4, 2014, certain subsidiaries of the Company entered into a term loan facility (the "Term Loan Facility") in order to (i) refinance the Senior PIK Toggle Notes due 2018 of the Company (the "Senior PIK Toggle Notes") and the 8 1/2% Senior Notes due 2018 of Cooper-Standard Automotive Inc. (the "Senior Notes"), including applicable call premiums and accrued and unpaid interest, (ii) pay related fees and expenses and (iii) provide for working capital and other general corporate purposes. The Term Loan Facility provides for loans in an aggregate principal amount of \$750,000 and may be expanded (or a new term loan facility added) by an amount that will not cause the consolidated first lien debt ratio to exceed 2.25 to 1.00 plus \$300,000. All obligations of the borrower are guaranteed jointly and severally on a senior secured basis by the direct parent company of the borrower and each existing and subsequently

acquired or organized direct or indirect wholly-owned U.S. restricted subsidiary of the borrower. The obligations are secured by amongst other items (a) a first priority security interest (subject to permitted liens and other customary exceptions) on (i) all the capital stock in restricted subsidiaries directly held by the

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

borrower and each of the guarantors, (ii) substantially all plant, material owned real property located in the U.S. and equipment of the borrower and the guarantors and (iii) all other personal property of the borrower and the guarantors, and (b) a second priority security interest (subject to permitted liens and other customary exceptions) in accounts receivable of the borrowers and the guarantors arising from the sale of goods and services, inventory, excluding certain collateral and subject to certain limitations. Loans under the Term Loan Facility bear interest at a rate equal to, at the Borrower's option, LIBOR, subject to a 1.00% LIBOR Floor or the base rate option (the highest of the Federal Funds rate, prime rate, or one-month Eurodollar rate plus the appropriate spread), in each case, plus an applicable margin of 3.00%. The Term Loan Facility matures on April 4, 2021. On April 4, 2014, the aggregate principal amount of \$750,000 was fully drawn. As of June 30, 2015, the principal amount of \$742,500 was outstanding. Debt issuance costs of approximately \$7,900 were incurred on this transaction, along with the original issue discount of \$3,750. Both the debt issuance costs and the original issue discount will be amortized into interest expense over the term of the Term Loan Facility. As of June 30, 2015, the Company had \$3,080 of unamortized original issue discount. 7. Pension and Postretirement Benefits other than Pensions

The following tables disclose the amount of net periodic benefit cost (income) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015 for the Company's defined benefit plans and other postretirement benefit plans:

	Pension I	Benefits	Ĩ					
	Three Mo	onths Ended Jun	e 30,					
	2014		2015					
	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.				
Service cost	\$213	\$867	\$232	\$876				
Interest cost	3,370	1,812	3,084	1,289				
Expected return on plan assets	(4,764	) (972	) (4,421	) (869 )				
Amortization of prior service cost and recognized actuarial loss	16	230	276	668				
Other				121				
Net periodic benefit cost (income)	\$(1,165	) \$1,937	\$(829	) \$2,085				
	Pension Benefits							
	Pension I	Benefits						
		Benefits hs Ended June 3	0,					
			60, 2015					
	Six Month		-	Non-U.S.				
Service cost	Six Month 2014	hs Ended June 3	2015	Non-U.S. \$1,765				
Service cost Interest cost	Six Month 2014 U.S.	hs Ended June 3 Non-U.S.	2015 U.S.					
	Six Month 2014 U.S. \$426	hs Ended June 3 Non-U.S. \$1,728	2015 U.S. \$464	\$1,765				
Interest cost	Six Month 2014 U.S. \$426 6,740	hs Ended June 3 Non-U.S. \$1,728 3,614	2015 U.S. \$464 6,168	\$1,765 2,584				
Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Amortization of prior service cost and recognized actuarial	Six Month 2014 U.S. \$426 6,740 (9,528	hs Ended June 3 Non-U.S. \$1,728 3,614 ) (1,930	2015 U.S. \$464 6,168 ) (8,842	\$1,765 2,584 ) (1,729 )				

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

		etirement Ben			
		hs Ended June	,		
	2014		2015		
	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.	
Service cost	\$106	\$138	\$109	\$99	
Interest cost	397	190	353	176	
Amortization of prior service credit and recognized actuarial gain	(481	) (73	) (396	) (5	)
Other	6		6		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$28	\$255	\$72	\$270	
		etirement Ben Ended June 30			
	2014		2015		
	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.	
Service cost	\$212	\$274	\$218	\$197	
Interest cost	794	378	706	351	
Amortization of prior service credit and recognized actuarial gain	(962	) (144	) (792	) (10	)
Other	12		12	_	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$56	\$508	\$144	\$538	

#### 8. Income Taxes

Under ASC Topic 270, "Interim Reporting," the Company is required to determine its effective tax rate each quarter based upon its estimated annual effective tax rate. The Company is also required to record the tax impact of certain unusual or infrequently occurring items, including changes in judgment about valuation allowances and effects of changes in tax laws or rates, in the interim period in which they occur. In addition, jurisdictions with a projected loss for the year where no tax benefit can be recognized are excluded from the estimated annual effective tax rate. The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 was 31% and 35%, respectively. The effective rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 was 24% and 32%, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 is higher primarily due to the tax benefits related to the loss on extinguishment of debt recorded discretely in the three months ended June 30, 2014 which are not reflected in the effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015. The income tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 varies from statutory rates due to the impact of discrete items in the quarter, income taxes on foreign earnings taxed at rates lower than the U.S. statutory rate, the inability to record a tax benefit for pre-tax losses in certain foreign jurisdictions to the extent not offset by other categories of income, tax credits, income tax incentives, withholding taxes, and other permanent items. Further, the Company's current and future provision for income taxes may be impacted by the recognition of valuation allowances in certain countries. The Company intends to maintain these allowances until it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will be realized.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

9. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Equity and Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests The changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, net of related tax, are as follows:

		Three Months Ended June 30, 2014									
		Cumulative currency translation adjustment	Benefit plan liability		Unrealized gai on investment securities <sup>(1)</sup>		Fair value change of derivatives		Accumulated other comprehensive loss		
Balance	e at April 1, 2014	\$3,692	\$(33,413	)	\$1,146		\$78		\$(28,497	)	
	comprehensive income before reclassifications	5,591	175		_		76		5,842		
accumu	nts reclassified from alated other chensive income (loss)	_	(251	)	(1,146	)	(55	)	(1,452	)	
	rent period other hensive income	5,591	(76	)	(1,146	)	21		4,390		
Balance	e at June 30, 2014	\$9,283	\$(33,489	)	\$—		\$99		\$(24,107	)	

The unrealized gain on investment securities that was reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income (1)(loss) related to the gain on sale of investment of \$1,882, which is recorded in other expense, net, less income tax expense of \$736.

Other comprehensive income (loss) related to the benefit plan liability is net of a tax effect of \$(20). Other

(2) comprehensive income (loss) related to the unrealized gain on investment securities is net of a tax effect of \$736.

Other comprehensive income (loss) related to the fair value change of derivatives is net of a tax effect of \$(22).

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015								
	Cumulative currency translation adjustment		Benefit plan liability		Fair value change of derivatives		Accumulated other comprehensive loss	•	
Balance at April 1, 2015	\$(99,541	)	\$(81,100	)	\$(2,595	)	\$(183,236	)	
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications <sup>(1)</sup>	7,177		(1,355	)	(436	)	5,386		
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	_		415		89		504		
Net current period other comprehensive incom $(loss)^{(2)}$	<sup>e</sup> 7,177		(940	)	(347	)	5,890		
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$(92,364	)	\$(82,040	)	\$(2,942	)	\$(177,346	)	

(1) Cumulative currency translation adjustment includes \$385 of other comprehensive loss related to intra-entity foreign currency transactions that are of a long-term investment nature.

Other comprehensive income (loss) related to the benefit plan liability is net of a tax effect of (264). Other comprehensive income (loss) related to the fair value change of derivatives is net of a tax effect of 124.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

	Six Months Ende Cumulative currency translation adjustment	ed June 30, 2014 Benefit plan liability	4	Unrealized gain on investment securities <sup>(1)</sup>	(	Fair value change of derivatives		Accumulated other comprehensive loss	2
Balance at January 1, 2014	\$5,712	\$(33,406	)	\$—	S	\$—		\$(27,694	)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	1 1/1	334		1,146		149		5,200	
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	_	(417	)	(1,146	) (	(50	)	(1,613	)
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss) <sup>(2)</sup>	3,571	(83	)	_	Ç	99		3,587	
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$9,283	\$(33,489	)	\$—	S	\$99		\$(24,107	)

The unrealized gain on investment securities that was reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income

(1)(loss) related to the gain on sale of investment of \$1,882, which is recorded in other expense, net, less income tax expense of \$736.

Other comprehensive income (loss) related to the benefit plan liability is net of a tax effect of (94). Other

comprehensive income (loss) related to the fair value change of derivatives is net of a tax effect of \$(81).

Six Months Ended June 30, 2015

	Cumulative currency translation adjustment <sup>(1)</sup>		Benefit plan liability		Fair value change of derivatives		Accumulated other comprehensive loss	e
Balance at January 1, 2015	\$(50,371	)	\$(86,861	)	\$(2,011	)	\$(139,243	)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications <sup>(2)</sup>	(40,384	)	4,021		(1,119	)	(37,482	)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(1,609	)	800		188		(621	)
Net current period other comprehensive incom $(loss)^{(3)}$	e (41,993	)	4,821		(931	)	(38,103	)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$(92,364	)	\$(82,040	)	\$(2,942	)	\$(177,346	)

(1) Includes \$300 reclassed to paid-in capital related to the purchase of noncontrolling interests.

(2) Cumulative currency translation adjustment includes \$13,933 of other comprehensive loss related to intra-entity foreign currency transactions that are of a long-term investment nature.

(3) Other comprehensive income (loss) related to the benefit plan liability is net of a tax effect of (544). Other comprehensive income (loss) related to the fair value change of derivatives is net of a tax effect of (566).

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

The reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015 are as follows:

	-	) reclassified nths Ended	Six Months E June 30,	Ended	
Details about accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) components	2014 2015 2		2014 20	רוטע	Location of gain (loss) reclassified into income
Cumulative currency translation adjustment	\$—	\$—	\$— \$	\$1,609	Other income, net
Fair value change of derivatives					
Foreign exchange contracts	\$81 81 (26 \$55	\$(122 ) (122 ) ) 33 \$(89 )	74 (2 (24 ) 19	(290) 102	Cost of products sold Income before income taxes Income tax expense Consolidated net income
Amortization of defined benefit and other postretirement benefit plans					
Prior service credits Actuarial gains (losses)	\$169 226 395 (144 \$251	\$85 (652 ) (567 ) 152 \$(415 )	450 (1 701 (1 (284 ) 2	(1,265 ) (1,093 ) 293	<ul><li>(1)</li><li>(1)</li><li>Income before income taxes</li><li>Income tax expense</li><li>Consolidated net income</li></ul>

Total reclassifications for the period \$306 \$(504) \$

\$(504) \$467 \$621

(1) These accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) components are included in the computation of net periodic pension cost. (See Note 7. "Pension and Postretirement Benefits other than Pensions" for additional details.) The following table summarizes the Company's equity and redeemable noncontrolling interest activity for the six months ended June 30, 2015:

	Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc.	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity	Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest	
Equity at January 1, 2015	\$548,966	\$(252)	\$548,714	\$3,981	
Net income (loss)	57,483	224	57,707	(45	)
Warrant exercise <sup>(1)</sup>	5,013		5,013	_	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(38,103)	120	(37,983)		
Stock-based compensation, net	3,042	—	3,042		
Acquisition of Shenya		11,709	11,709		
Shares issued under stock option plans <sup>(1)</sup>	(97)	_	(97)	_	
Purchase of noncontrolling interest	2,862	192	3,054	(3,936	)
Equity at June 30, 2015	\$579,166	\$11,993	\$591,159	\$—	

(1) The Company issued 183,077 shares from the exercise of warrants and 9,165 shares under stock option plans (1) during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

10. Net Income Per Share Attributable to Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc.

Basic net income per share attributable to Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. was computed by dividing net income attributable to Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period, excluding unvested restricted shares. Diluted net income per share attributable to Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. was computed using the treasury stock method by dividing diluted net income available to Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding, including the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents, using the average share price during the period. A summary of information used to compute basic and diluted net income per share attributable to Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. is shown below:

	Three Months I 2014	Ended June 30, 2015	Six Months Ended June 30, 2014 2015		
Net income attributable to Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc.	\$13,194	\$36,496	\$32,929	\$57,483	
Increase in fair value of share-based awards	94	12	_	17	
Diluted net income available to Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. common stockholders	\$13,288	\$36,508	\$32,929	\$57,500	
Basic weighted average shares of common stock outstanding Dilutive effect of:	16,919,521	17,077,732	16,788,787	17,057,620	
Restricted common stock	199,644	183,640	148,797	189,337	
Warrants	1,008,182	889,443	1,023,260	842,670	
Options	302,879	259,652	102,900	234,445	
Diluted weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	18,430,226	18,410,467	18,063,744	18,324,072	
Basic net income per share attributable to Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc.	\$0.78	\$2.14	\$1.96	\$3.37	
Diluted net income per share attributable to Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc.	\$0.72	\$1.98	\$1.82	\$3.14	

The effect of certain common stock equivalents was excluded from the computation of weighted average diluted shares outstanding as inclusion would have been antidilutive. A summary of common stock equivalents excluded from the computation of weighted average diluted shares outstanding is shown below:

	Three Months	Ended June 30,	Six Months En	ded June 30,
	2014	2015	2014	2015
Number of options	159,000	147,600	462,503	147,600
Exercise price	\$66.23-70.20	\$64.74-70.20	\$25.52-70.20	\$64.74-70.20
Restricted common stock	—		59,244	

11. Stock-Based Compensation

Under the Company's incentive plans, stock options, restricted common stock, restricted preferred stock, unrestricted common stock, restricted stock units and performance units have been granted to key employees and directors. Total compensation expense recognized was \$3,923 and \$2,335 for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively, and \$7,829 and \$4,964 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

12. Other Income (Expense), Net

The components of other income (expense), net are as follows:

	Three Mont	hs Ended June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	\$(30,288	) \$—	\$(30,488	) \$—	
Gain on remeasurement of previously held equity interest	—	2,577		14,199	
Foreign currency gains (losses)	266	(185	798	(433)	
Gains (losses) related to forward contracts	4		(34	) —	
Loss on sale of receivables	(497	) (281	(961	) (578 )	
Gain on sale of investment	1,882		1,882	—	
Other income (expense), net	\$(28,633	) \$2,111	\$(28,803	) \$13,188	
13. Related Party Transactions					

Sales to Nishikawa Standard Company ("NISCO"), a 40% owned joint venture, totaled \$8,197 and \$10,223 for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively, and \$19,046 and \$18,137 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively. In March 2014, the Company received from NISCO a dividend of \$1,760, consisting of \$809 related to earnings and a \$951 return of capital. In March 2015, the Company received from NISCO a dividend of \$680, all of which was related to earnings.

Sales to Shenya Sealing (Guangzhou) Company Limited ("Guangzhou"), a 51% owned joint venture, totaled \$860 and\$1,240 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. There were no sales to Guangzhou for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014.

In the second quarter of 2014, the Company sold the remaining 17% of the common stock in Guyoung Technology Co. Ltd. for \$3,216 and recorded a gain on the investment of \$1,882. The gain is recorded in other income (expense), net on the Company's condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

#### 14. Business Segments

ASC 280, "Segment Reporting," establishes the standards for reporting information about operating segments in financial statements. In applying the criteria set forth in ASC 280, the Company has determined that it operates in four reportable segments, North America, Europe, South America and Asia Pacific. The Company's principal product lines within each of these segments are sealing systems, fuel and brake delivery systems, fluid transfer systems, and anti-vibration systems. The Company evaluates segment performance based on segment profit before tax. The results of each segment include certain allocations for general, administrative, interest, and other shared costs. The following tables detail information on the Company's business segments:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2014		2015		2014		2015	
Sales to external customers:								
North America	\$452,187		\$453,548		\$884,792		\$870,910	
Europe	305,738		270,283		613,899		537,112	
South America	41,406		25,132		81,172		55,310	
Asia Pacific	58,222		111,858		115,296		197,539	
Consolidated	\$857,553		\$860,821		\$1,695,159		\$1,660,871	
Intersegment sales:								
North America	\$3,134		\$3,846		\$6,493		\$7,896	
Europe	2,123		2,447		4,350		5,420	
South America			17				17	
Asia Pacific	1,625		1,658		3,472		2,836	
Eliminations and other	(6,882	)	(7,968	)	(14,315	)	(16,169	)
Consolidated	\$—		\$—		\$—		\$—	
Segment profit (loss):								
North America	\$36,469		\$55,639		\$74,929		\$98,651	
Europe	(12,863	)	2,827		(16,045	)	(1,611	)
South America	(4,309	)	(7,499	)	(6,816	)	(12,630	)
Asia Pacific	(621	)	2,009		29		4,435	
Income before income taxes	\$18,676		\$52,976		\$52,097		\$88,845	
Restructuring cost included in segment profit (loss)	):							
North America	\$79		\$1,303		\$177		\$1,720	
Europe	3,515		6,126		6,378		24,549	
South America								
Asia Pacific	162				290			
Consolidated	\$3,756		\$7,429		\$6,845		\$26,269	
			Dee	cem	ber 31,	Ju	ne 30,	
			201	14		20	15	
Segment assets:								
North America			\$88	85,24	42	\$8	89,762	
Europe			591	1,743	3	59	8,729	
South America			105	5,547	7	85	,451	
Asia Pacific			300	0,302	2	49	3,437	
Eliminations and other				9,933			3,381	
Consolidated			\$2,	,132	,767	\$2	2,260,760	

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

#### 15. Financial Instruments

Fair values of the Term Loan Facility approximated \$723,401 and \$734,798 at December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2015, respectively, based on quoted market prices, compared to the recorded value of \$742,902 and \$739,420 at December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2015, respectively. This fair value measurement was classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

#### Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, including forward and swap contracts, to manage its exposures to fluctuations in foreign exchange and interest rates. For a fair value hedge, both the effective and ineffective, if significant, portions are recorded in earnings and reflected in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income. For a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of the change in the fair value of the derivative is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss in the condensed consolidated balance sheet. The ineffective portion, if significant, is recorded in other income or expense. When the underlying hedged transaction is realized or the hedged transaction is no longer probable, the gain or loss included in accumulated other comprehensive loss is recorded in earnings and reflected in the condensed consolidated statements of so is no longer probable, the gain or loss included in accumulated other comprehensive loss is recorded in earnings and reflected in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss is recorded in earnings and reflected in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss is recorded in earnings and reflected in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss is recorded in earnings and reflected in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss is recorded in earnings and reflected in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income on the same line as the gain or loss on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk.

The Company formally documents its hedge relationships, including the identification of the hedging instruments and the hedged items, as well as its risk management objectives and strategies for undertaking the cash flow hedges. The Company also formally assesses whether a cash flow hedge is highly effective in offsetting changes in the cash flows of the hedged item. Derivatives are recorded at fair value in other current assets, other assets, accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities. The Company is exposed to credit risk in the event of nonperformance by its counterparties on its derivative financial instruments. The Company mitigates this credit risk exposure by entering into agreements directly with major financial institutions with high credit standards that are expected to fully satisfy their obligations under the contracts.

#### Cash Flow Hedges

Forward foreign exchange contracts—The Company enters into forward contracts to hedge currency risk of the U.S. Dollar against the Mexican Peso and the Euro against the Czech Koruna, the Polish Zloty, and the U.S. Dollar. The forward contracts are used to mitigate the potential volatility to earnings and cash flow arising from changes in currency exchange rates that impact the Company's foreign currency transactions. As of June 30, 2015, the notional amount of these contracts was \$19,173. The amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into cost of products sold was \$122 and \$290 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015. These foreign currency derivative contracts consist of hedges of transactions up to December 2015.

Interest Rate Swap - In August 2014, the Company entered into interest rate swap transactions to manage cash flow variability associated with its variable rate Term Loan Facility. The interest rate swap contracts, which fix the interest payments of variable rate debt instruments, are used to manage exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. As of June 30, 2015, the notional amount of these contracts was \$300,000 with maturities through September 2018. The fair market value of all outstanding interest rate swap and other derivative contracts is subject to changes in value due to changes in interest rates. The amount to be reclassified in the next twelve months is expected to be approximately \$2,285.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (Unaudited) (Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

The location and fair value of the Company's derivative instruments qualifying as cash flow hedges as of December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	December 31, 2014	June 30, 2015	
Other current assets:			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$370	\$571	
Interest rate swaps		33	
Other assets:			
Interest rate swaps	19	58	
Total assets	\$389	\$662	
Accrued liabilities:			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$(1,999	) \$(1,261	)
Interest rate swaps	(751	) (2,318	)
Other liabilities:	,		,
Interest rate swaps	(903	) (1,936	)
Total liabilities	\$(3,653	) \$(5,515	)
Fair Value Measurements			,

Fair Value Measurements

ASC 820 clarifies that fair value is an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based upon assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. As a basis for considering such assumptions, ASC 820 establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;

Level 2: Inputs, other than quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

Estimates of the fair value of foreign currency and interest rate derivative instruments are determined using exchange traded prices and rates. The Company also considers the risk of non-performance in the estimation of fair value, and includes an adjustment for non-performance risk in the measure of fair value of derivative instruments. In certain instances where market data is not available, the Company uses management judgment to develop assumptions that are used to determine fair value. Fair value measurements and the fair value hierarchy level for the Company's liabilities measured or disclosed at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2015, are shown below:

	December 31, 2014	June 30, 2015	Input
Forward foreign exchange contracts - other current assets	\$370	\$571	Level 2
Forward foreign exchange contracts - accrued liabilities	(1,999	) (1,261	) Level 2
Interest rate swaps - other current assets		33	Level 2
Interest rate swaps - other assets	19	58	Level 2
Interest rate swaps - accrued liabilities	(751	) (2,318	) Level 2
Interest rate swaps - other liabilities	(903	) (1,936	) Level 2

Items measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis

In addition to items that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company measures certain assets and liabilities at fair value on a non-recurring basis, which are not included in the table above. As these non-recurring fair

value measurements are generally determined using unobservable inputs, these fair value measurements are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. For further information on assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis, see Note 2. "Acquisitions" and Note 4. "Restructuring."

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share and share amounts)

#### 16. Accounts Receivable Factoring

As a part of its working capital management, the Company sells certain receivables through third party financial institutions with and without recourse. The amount sold varies each month based on the amount of underlying receivables and cash flow needs of the Company. The Company continues to service the receivables. These are permitted transactions under the Company's credit agreement governing the Term Loan Facility and Senior ABL Facility, as amended.

At December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2015, the Company had \$95,951 and \$76,729, respectively, outstanding under receivable transfer agreements without recourse entered into by various locations. The total amount of accounts receivable factored were \$276,523 and \$149,319 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively. Costs incurred on the sale of receivables were \$836 and \$559 for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively, and \$1,551 and \$1,190 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively. These amounts are recorded in other income (expense), net and interest expense, net of interest income in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

At December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2015, the Company had \$8,292 and \$4,648, respectively, outstanding under receivable transfer agreements with recourse. The secured borrowings are recorded in debt payable within one year and receivables are pledged equal to the balance of the borrowings. The total amount of accounts receivable factored was \$31,994 and \$17,303 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively. Costs incurred on the sale of receivables were \$95 and \$29 for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively, and \$187 and \$77 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively, and \$187 and \$77 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively, and \$187 and \$77 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively. Costs income (expense), net and interest expense, net of interest income in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations presents information related to the condensed consolidated results of operations of the Company, including the impact of restructuring costs on the Company's results, a discussion of the past results and future outlook of each of the Company's segments, and information concerning both the liquidity and capital resources of the Company. The following discussion and analysis, which should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes included elsewhere in this report, contains certain forward-looking statements relating to anticipated future financial condition and operating results of the Company and its current business plans. In the future, the financial condition and operating results of the Company could differ materially from those discussed herein and its current business plans could be altered in response to market conditions and other factors beyond the Company's control. Important factors that could cause or contribute to such differences or changes include those discussed elsewhere in this report (see "Forward-Looking Statements" below) and in our 2014 Annual Report (see Item 1A. Risk Factors). Business Environment and Outlook

Our business is directly affected by the automotive build rates in North America, Europe, South America and Asia Pacific. New vehicle demand is driven by macro-economic and other factors, such as interest rates, manufacturer and dealer sales incentives, fuel prices, consumer confidence, employment levels, income growth trends, government and tax incentives, as well as life expectancy.

Details on light vehicle production in certain regions for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015 are provided in the following table:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
(In millions of units)	2014 <sup>(1,2)</sup>	2015(1)	% Change	2014 <sup>(1,2)</sup>	2015(1)	% Change
North America	4.4	4.5	2.5%	8.6	8.8	2.0%
Europe	5.4	5.3	(1.9)%	10.6	10.7	0.9%
South America	0.9	0.8	(16.0)%	1.9	1.6	(15.2)%
Asia Pacific	11.0	11.1	0.5%	22.4	22.7	1.4%

(1) Production data based on IHS Automotive, June 2015.

(2) Production data for 2014 has been updated to reflect actual production levels.

The expected annualized light vehicle production volumes for 2015, compared to the actual production volumes for 2014 are provided in the following table:

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(In millions of units)	2014 <sup>(1)</sup>	2015(1)	% Change
North America	17.0	17.5	2.9%
Europe	20.2	20.3	0.9%
South America	3.8	3.3	(14.3)%
Asia Pacific	44.4	45.6	2.6%
(1) Production data based on IUS Automotive June 2015			

(1)Production data based on IHS Automotive, June 2015.

The expected light vehicle production volume for the third quarter of 2015, compared to the actual production volumes for the third quarter of 2014 are provided in the following table:

(In millions of units)	Q3 2014 <sup>(1)</sup>	Q3 2015 <sup>(1)</sup>	% Change		
North America	4.2	4.4	6.0	%	
Europe	4.6	4.7	3.4	%	
South America	1.0	0.9	(11.5	)%	
Asia Pacific	10.5	11.2	6.8	%	

(1)Production data based on IHS Automotive, June 2015.

Competition in the automotive supplier industry is intense and has increased in recent years as OEMs have demonstrated a preference for stronger relationships with fewer suppliers. There are typically three or more significant competitors and numerous smaller competitors for most of the products we produce. Automotive suppliers with a global manufacturing footprint capable of fully servicing customers around the world will continue to shape the success of suppliers going forward.

OEMs have shifted some research and development, design and testing responsibility to suppliers, while at the same time shortening new product cycle times. To remain competitive, suppliers must have state-of-the-art engineering and design capabilities and must be able to continuously improve their engineering, design and manufacturing processes to effectively service the customer. Suppliers are increasingly expected to collaborate on, or assume the product design and development of, key automotive components and to provide innovative solutions to meet evolving technologies aimed at improved emissions and fuel economy.

Pricing pressure has continued as competition for market share has reduced the overall profitability of the industry and resulted in continued pressure on suppliers for price concessions. Consolidations and market share shifts among vehicle manufacturers continues to put additional pressures on the supply chain. These pricing and market pressures, along with reduced production volumes in certain regions, continue to drive our focus on reducing our overall cost structure through lean initiatives, capital redeployment, restructuring and other cost management processes.

#### **Results of Operations**

-	Three Months	Ended June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2014	2015	2014	2015	
	(dollar amounts in thousands)				
Sales	\$857,553	\$860,821	\$1,695,159	\$1,660,871	
Cost of products sold	711,444	706,863	1,414,791	1,376,041	
Gross profit	146,109	153,958	280,368	284,830	
Selling, administration & engineering expenses	81,873	84,079	161,244	160,390	
Amortization of intangibles	3,997	3,672	8,433	7,220	
Restructuring	3,756	7,429	6,845	26,269	
Operating profit	56,483	58,778	103,846	90,951	
Interest expense, net of interest income	(10,919)	(9,268)	(25,927)	(18,425)	
Equity earnings	1,745	1,355	2,981	3,131	
Other income (expense), net	(28,633)	2,111	(28,803)	13,188	
Income before income taxes	18,676	52,976	52,097	88,845	
Income tax expense	4,424	16,442	16,488	31,183	
Net income	14,252	36,534	35,609	57,662	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1,058)	(38)	(2,680)	(179)	
Net income attributable to Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc.	\$13,194	\$36,496	\$32,929	\$57,483	

Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 Compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

Sales. Sales were \$860.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$857.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, an increase of \$3.2 million, or 0.4%. Sales were impacted by improved volume and product mix in North America, Europe and Asia Pacific and our Shenya acquisition. These items were partially offset by unfavorable foreign exchange of \$85.3 million, decreased volumes in South America and customer price concessions.

Cost of Products Sold. Cost of products sold is primarily comprised of material, labor, manufacturing overhead, depreciation and amortization and other direct operating expenses. Cost of products sold was \$706.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$711.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, a decrease of \$4.5 million, or 0.6%. Raw materials comprise the largest component of our cost of products sold and represented approximately 51% and 49% of total cost of products sold for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The three months ended June 30, 2015 was impacted by decreased volumes in South America and continuous improvement savings. These items were partially offset by improved volume and mix in North America, Europe and Asia Pacific and our Shenya acquisition.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$154.0 million compared to \$146.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, an increase of \$7.9 million, or 5.4%. As a percentage of sales, gross profit was 17.9% and 17.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase in gross profit

margin was driven primarily by increased continuous improvement and material cost savings and improved volume and mix in North America,

Europe and Asia Pacific. These items were partially offset by unfavorable foreign exchange, customer price concessions and decreased volumes in South America.

Selling, Administration and Engineering. Selling, administration and engineering expense for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$84.1 million, compared to \$81.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, but remained relatively flat at 9.8% of sales.

Restructuring. Restructuring charges were \$7.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015, compared to \$3.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The increase is primarily due to expenses incurred related to our recently announced European restructuring initiative.

Interest Expense, Net. Net interest expense of \$9.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 resulted primarily from interest and debt issuance amortization recorded on the Term Loan Facility. Net interest expense of \$10.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 consisted primarily of interest and debt issuance amortization recorded on the Term Loan Facility, Senior Notes and Senior PIK Toggle Notes.

Other Income (Expense), Net. Other income for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$2.1 million, which consisted of the gain from the remeasurement of our previously held equity interest in Shenya of \$2.6 million, partially offset by \$0.2 million of foreign currency losses and a \$0.3 million loss on sale of receivables. Other expense for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$28.6 million, which consisted primarily of a loss on the extinguishment of debt of \$30.3 million and a loss on sale of receivables of \$0.5 million, partially offset by a gain on sale of investment of \$1.9 million and foreign currency gains of \$0.3 million.

Income Tax Expense. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, we recorded an income tax expense of \$16.4 million on earnings before income taxes of \$53.0 million. This compares to an income tax expense of \$4.4 million on earnings before income taxes of \$18.7 million for the same period of 2014. The higher effective tax rate of 31% for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to 24% for the three months ended June 30, 2014 is primarily due to the tax benefits related to the the extinguishment of debt recorded as a discrete item in the three months ended June 30, 2014, which are not reflected in the effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2015. Income tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2015 differs from statutory rates due to the impact of discrete items in the quarter, income taxes on foreign earnings taxed at rates lower than the U.S. statutory rate, the inability to record a tax benefit for pre-tax losses in certain foreign jurisdictions to the extent not offset by other categories of income, tax credits, income tax incentives, withholding taxes and other permanent items. Further, the Company's current and future provision for income taxes may be impacted by the recognition of valuation allowances in certain countries. The Company intends to maintain these allowances until it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will be realized.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 Compared with Six Months Ended June 30, 2014

Sales. Sales were \$1,660.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$1,695.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, a decrease of \$34.3 million, or 2.0%. Sales were impacted by unfavorable foreign exchange of \$159.8 million, decreased volumes in South America and customer price concessions. These items were partially offset by improved volume and product mix in North America, Europe and Asia Pacific and our Shenya acquisition.

Cost of Products Sold. Cost of products sold is primarily comprised of material, labor, manufacturing overhead, depreciation and amortization and other direct operating expenses. Cost of products sold was \$1,376.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$1,414.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, a decrease of \$38.8 million, or 2.7%. Raw materials comprise the largest component of our cost of products sold and represented approximately 50% and 49% of total cost of products sold for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The six months ended June 30, 2015 was impacted by decreased volumes in South America and continuous improvement savings. These items were partially offset by improved volume and mix in North America, Europe and Asia Pacific and our Shenya acquisition.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$284.8 million compared to \$280.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, an increase of \$4.4 million, or 1.6%. As a percentage of sales, gross profit was 17.1% and 16.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase in gross profit margin was driven primarily by increased continuous improvement and material cost savings and improved volume and mix

in North America, Europe and Asia Pacific. These items were partially offset by unfavorable foreign exchange, customer price concessions and decreased volumes in South America.

Selling, Administration and Engineering. Selling, administration and engineering expense for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$160.4 million, compared to \$161.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, but remained relatively flat at 9.7% of sales.

Restructuring. Restructuring charges were \$26.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, compared to \$6.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increase is primarily due to expenses incurred related to our recently announced European restructuring initiative.

Interest Expense, Net. Net interest expense of \$18.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 resulted primarily from interest and debt issuance amortization recorded on the Term Loan Facility. Net interest expense of \$25.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 consisted primarily of interest and debt issuance amortization recorded on the Term Loan Facility, Senior Notes and Senior PIK Toggle Notes.

Other Income (Expense), Net. Other income for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$13.2 million, which consisted of the gain from the remeasurement of our previously held equity interest in Shenya of \$14.2 million, partially offset by \$0.4 million of foreign currency losses and a \$0.6 million loss on sale of receivables. Other expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$28.8 million, which consisted primarily of a \$30.5 million loss on extinguishment of debt and \$1.0 million loss on sale of receivables, partially offset by a \$1.9 million gain on sale of investment and foreign currency gains of \$0.8 million.

Income Tax Expense. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, we recorded an income tax expense of \$31.2 million on earnings before income taxes of \$88.8 million. This compares to an income tax expense of \$16.5 million on earnings before income taxes of \$52.1 million for the same period of 2014. The higher effective tax rate of 35% for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to 32% for the six months ended June 30, 2014 is primarily due to the tax benefits related to the loss on extinguishment of debt recorded as a discrete item in the three months ended June 30, 2014, which are not reflected in effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The income tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2015 differs from statutory rates due to the impact of discrete items in the period, income taxes on foreign earnings taxed at rates lower than the U.S. statutory rate, the inability to record a tax benefit for pre-tax losses in certain foreign jurisdictions to the extent not offset by other categories of income, tax credits, income taxes may be impacted by the recognition of valuation allowances in certain countries. The Company intends to maintain these allowances until it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will be realized.

## Segment Results of Operations

The following table presents sales and segment profit (loss) for each of the reportable segments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015:

Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		
2014	2015	2014	2015	
dollar amounts	in thousands)			
\$452,187	\$453,548	\$884,792	\$870,910	
305,738	270,283	613,899	537,112	
41,406	25,132	81,172	55,310	
58,222	111,858	115,296	197,539	
\$857,553	\$860,821	\$1,695,159	\$1,660,871	
\$36,469	\$55,639	\$74,929	\$98,651	
(12,863)	2,827	(16,045)	(1,611)	
(4,309)	(7,499)	(6,816)	(12,630)	
(621)	2,009	29	4,435	
\$18,676	\$52,976	\$52,097	\$88,845	
	2014 dollar amounts 6452,187 305,738 41,406 58,222 5857,553 636,469 12,863 ) 4,309 ) 621 )	2014 2015   dollar amounts in thousands)   6452,187 \$453,548   305,738 270,283   \$4,406 25,132   58,222 111,858   5857,553 \$860,821   636,469 \$55,639   12,863 ) 2,827   4,309 ) (7,499 )   621 ) 2,009	2014 2015 2014   dollar amounts in thousands) 2014   6452,187 \$453,548 \$884,792   305,738 270,283 613,899   41,406 25,132 81,172   58,222 111,858 115,296   5857,553 \$860,821 \$1,695,159   636,469 \$55,639 \$74,929   12,863 2,827 (16,045 )   4,309 (7,499 (6,816 )   621 2,009 29 29	2014 2015 2014 2015   dollar amounts in thousands) 2014 2015   6452,187 \$453,548 \$884,792 \$870,910   305,738 270,283 613,899 537,112   41,406 25,132 81,172 55,310   58,222 111,858 115,296 197,539   5857,553 \$860,821 \$1,695,159 \$1,660,871   636,469 \$55,639 \$74,929 \$98,651   12,863 2,827 (16,045 (1,611 )   4,309 (7,499 (6,816 (12,630 )   621 2,009 29 4,435 435

Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 Compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

North America. Sales for the three months ended June 30, 2015 increased \$1.4 million, or 0.3%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to an improvement in sales volume and product mix, partially offset by unfavorable foreign exchange of \$10.2 million and customer price concessions. Segment profit for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$55.6 million, compared to a segment profit for the three months ended June 30, 2014 of \$36.5 million, which included a loss on the extinguishment of debt. Excluding the loss on the extinguishment of debt, segment profit for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 increased primarily due to the favorable impact of continuous improvement and material cost savings and improved sales volume and mix, partially offset by unfavorable foreign exchange and customer price concessions. Europe. Sales for the three months ended June 30, 2015 decreased \$35.5 million, or 11.6%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to unfavorable foreign exchange of \$64.7 million and customer price concessions, partially offset by an improvement in sales volume and mix. Segment profit for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$2.8 million, compared to a segment loss for the three months ended June 30, 2014 of \$12.9 million, which included a loss on the extinguishment of debt. Excluding the loss on the extinguishment of debt, segment profit for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the segment loss for the three months ended June 30, 2014 increased primarily due to the continuous improvement and material cost savings, improved sales volume and mix, and the gain from the remeasurement of a previously held equity interest in Shenya as the legal ownership was held by one of our European entities, partially offset by unfavorable foreign exchange, customer price concessions and higher staffing costs.

South America. Sales for the three months ended June 30, 2015 decreased \$16.3 million, or 39.3%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to unfavorable foreign exchange of \$9.4 million and a decrease in sales volume. Segment loss for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$7.5 million, compared to a segment loss for the three months ended June 30, 2014 of \$4.3 million, which included a loss on the extinguishment of debt. Excluding the loss on the extinguishment of debt, segment loss for the three months ended June 30, 2014 increased primarily due to a decrease in sales volume and higher other operating expenses.

Asia Pacific. Sales for the three months ended June 30, 2015 increased \$53.6 million, or 92.1%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to the Shenya acquisition which was completed February 27, 2015, and improved sales volume and mix. Segment profit for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$2.0 million, compared to a segment loss for the three months ended June 30, 2014 of \$0.6 million, which included a loss on the

extinguishment of debt. Excluding the loss on the extinguishment of debt, segment profit for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 decreased primarily due to customer price concessions, higher other operating expense and higher selling,

administration and engineering expense to support our growth in the region. These items were partially offset by improved sales volume and mix, the Shenya acquisition and the favorable impact of continuous improvement and material cost savings.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 Compared with Six Months Ended June 30, 2014

North America. Sales for the six months ended June 30, 2015 decreased \$13.9 million, or 1.6%, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to unfavorable foreign exchange of \$19.6 million and customer price concessions, partially offset by an improvement in sales volume and product mix. Segment profit for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$98.7 million, compared to the segment profit for the six months ended June 30, 2014 of \$74.9 million, which included a loss on the extinguishment of debt. Excluding the loss on the extinguishment of debt, segment profit for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 increased primarily due to the favorable impact of continuous improvement and material cost savings and an improvement in sales volume and mix, partially offset by unfavorable foreign exchange and customer price concessions. Europe. Sales for the six months ended June 30, 2015 decreased \$76.8 million, or 12.5%, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to unfavorable foreign exchange of \$123.7 million and customer price concessions, partially offset by an improvement in sales volume and mix. Segment loss for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$1.6 million, compared to the segment loss for the six months ended June 30, 2014 of \$16.0 million, which included a loss on the extinguishment of debt. Excluding the loss on the extinguishment of debt, segment loss for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 improved primarily due to the gain from the remeasurement of a previously held equity interest in Shenya as the legal ownership was held by one of our European entities, continuous improvement and material cost savings and improved sales volume and mix, partially offset by unfavorable foreign exchange, higher staffing costs and customer price concessions. South America. Sales for the six months ended June 30, 2015 decreased \$25.9 million, or 31.9%, compared to the six

months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to unfavorable foreign exchange of \$15.9 million and a decrease in sales volume. Segment loss for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$12.6 million, compared to the segment loss for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$12.6 million, compared to the segment loss for the six months ended June 30, 2014 of \$6.8 million, which included a loss on the extinguishment of debt. Excluding the loss on the extinguishment of debt, segment loss for the six months ended June 30, 2014 increased primarily due to a decrease in sales volume and higher other operating expenses.

Asia Pacific. Sales for the six months ended June 30, 2015 increased \$82.2 million, or 71.3%, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to the Shenya acquisition which was completed February 27, 2015, and improved sales volume and mix. Segment profit for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$4.4 million, compared to a nominal segment profit for the six months ended June 30, 2014, which included a loss on the extinguishment of debt. Excluding the loss on the extinguishment of debt, segment profit for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 increased primarily due to improved sales volume and mix, the Shenya acquisition and the favorable impact of continuous improvement and material cost savings, partially offset by customer price concessions, higher other operating expense and higher selling, administration and engineering expense to support our growth in the region.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Short and Long-Term Liquidity Considerations and Risks

We intend to fund our ongoing capital and working capital requirements through a combination of cash flows from operations, cash on hand and borrowings under our Senior ABL Facility, in addition to certain receivable factoring. The Company utilizes intercompany loans and equity contributions to fund its worldwide operations. There may be country specific regulations which may restrict or result in increased costs in the repatriation of these funds. See Note 6. "Debt" to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information.

Based on our current and anticipated levels of operations and the condition in our markets and industry, we believe that our cash on hand, cash flow from operations and availability under our Senior ABL Facility will enable us to meet our working capital, capital expenditures, debt service and other funding requirements for the next twelve months. However, our ability to fund our working capital needs, debt payments and other obligations, and to comply with the financial covenants, including borrowing base limitations under our Senior ABL Facility, depends on our future

operating performance and cash flow and many factors outside of our control, including the costs of raw materials, the state of the overall automotive industry and financial and economic conditions and other factors. Any future acquisitions, joint ventures or other similar transactions will likely require additional capital and there can be no assurance that any such capital will be available to us on acceptable terms, if at all.

## Cash Flows

Operating Activities. Net cash provided by operations was \$56.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, which included \$48.9 million of cash used that related to changes in operating assets and liabilities. The use of cash related to operating assets and liabilities was primarily a result of increased accounts receivables and inventories, partially offset by increased accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Net cash provided by operations was \$54.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, which included \$76.8 million of cash used that related to changes in operating assets and liabilities.

Investing Activities. Net cash used in investing activities was \$128.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, which consisted primarily of \$95.9 million of capital spending and \$34.4 million for the Shenya acquisition, offset by proceeds of \$2.2 million for the sale of fixed assets and other. Net cash used in investing activities was \$104.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, which consisted primarily of \$110.8 million of capital spending, offset by a \$1.0 million return on equity investments, proceeds of \$3.2 million from the sale of investment, and proceeds of \$2.2 million for the sale of fixed assets and other. We anticipate that we will spend approximately \$175.0 million to \$185.0 million on capital expenditures in 2015.

Financing Activities. Net cash used in financing activities totaled \$4.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, which consisted primarily of payments on long-term debt of \$3.9 million, taxes withheld and paid on employees' share based awards of \$1.1 million, and the purchase of noncontrolling interests of \$1.3 million, partially offset by an increase in short term debt of \$1.5 million. Net cash provided by financing activities totaled \$72.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, which consisted primarily of \$738.9 million related to the proceeds from issuance of long-term debt, \$6.9 million related to the exercise of stock warrants and an increase in long-term debt \$6.5 million, partially offset by the repurchase of Senior Notes and the Senior PIK Toggle Notes of \$675.6 million. Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In evaluating our business, management considers EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA as key indicators of our operating performance. Our management also uses EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA:

because similar measures are utilized in the calculation of the financial covenants and ratios contained in our financing arrangements;

in developing our internal budgets and forecasts;

as a significant factor in evaluating our management for compensation purposes;

in evaluating potential acquisitions;

in comparing our current operating results with corresponding historical periods and with the operational performance of other companies in our industry; and

in presentations to the members of our board of directors to enable our board of directors to have the same measurement basis of operating performance as is used by management in their assessments of performance and in forecasting and budgeting for our company.

In addition, we believe EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA and similar measures are widely used by investors, securities analysts and other interested parties in evaluating our performance. We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) plus income tax expense (benefit), interest expense, net of interest income, depreciation and amortization or EBITDA, as adjusted for items that management does not consider to be reflective of our core operating performance. These adjustments include, but are not limited to, restructuring costs, impairment charges, non-cash fair value adjustments, acquisition related costs, non-cash stock based compensation and non-cash gains and losses from certain foreign currency transactions and translation.

We calculate EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA by adjusting net income (loss) to eliminate the impact of a number of items we do not consider indicative of our ongoing operating performance. You are encouraged to evaluate each adjustment and the reasons we consider it appropriate for supplemental analysis. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are not financial measurements recognized under U.S. GAAP, and when analyzing our operating performance, investors should use EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA in addition to, and not as alternatives for, net income (loss), operating income, or any other performance measure derived in accordance with U.S. GAAP, nor as an alternative to cash flow from operating activities as a measure of our liquidity. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA have limitations as analytical tools, and they should not be considered in isolation or as substitutes for analysis of our results of operations as

reported under U.S. GAAP. These limitations include:

they do not reflect our cash expenditures or future requirements for capital expenditure or contractual commitments; they do not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs;

they do not reflect interest expense or cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments under our Term Loan Facility and Senior ABL Facility;

they do not reflect certain tax payments that may represent a reduction in cash available to us;

although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated or amortized may have to be replaced in the future, and EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA do not reflect cash requirements for such replacements; and

other companies, including companies in our industry, may calculate these measures differently and, as the number of differences in the way companies calculate these measures increases, the degree of their usefulness as a comparative measure correspondingly decreases.

In addition, in evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, it should be noted that in the future we may incur expenses similar to the adjustments in the below presentation. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items.

The following table provides a reconciliation of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA to net income, which is the most comparable financial measure in accordance with U.S. GAAP:

1	Three Months E 2014	nded June 30, 2015	Six Months End 2014	ed June 30, 2015
	(dollar amounts		2017	2015
Net income attributable to Cooper-Standard	\$13.2	\$36.5	\$32.9	\$57.5
Holdings Inc.		16.4	165	21.2
Income tax expense	4.4	16.4	16.5	31.2
Interest expense, net of interest income	10.9	9.3	25.9	18.4
Depreciation and amortization	28.5	29.4	56.8	56.0
EBITDA	\$57.0	\$91.6	\$132.1	\$163.1
Gain on remeasurement of previously held equity interest <sup>(1)</sup>	_	(2.6)	_	(14.2
Loss on extinguishment of debt <sup>(2)</sup>	30.3		30.5	_
Restructuring <sup>(3)</sup>	3.8	7.4	6.7	26.2
Inventory write-up <sup>(4)</sup>			—	1.4
Stock-based compensation <sup>(5)</sup>	0.7	—	2.8	
Acquisition costs		0.4	—	1.0
Other		0.2	0.2	0.2
Adjusted EBITDA	\$91.8	\$97.0	\$172.3	\$177.7

(1)Gain on remeasurement of previously held equity interest in Shenya.

(2) Loss on extinguishment of debt relating to the repurchase of our Senior Notes and Senior PIK Toggle Notes.

(3)Includes non-cash restructuring and is net of noncontrolling interest.

(4) Write-up of inventory to fair value for the Shenya acquisition.

(5) Non-cash stock amortization expense and non-cash stock option expense for grants issued at emergence from bankruptcy.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 1. "Overview" to the condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q. Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of U.S. federal securities laws, and we intend that such forward-looking statements be subject to the safe harbor created thereby. We make forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and may make such statements in future filings with the SEC. We may also make forward-looking statements in our press releases or other public or stockholder communications. These forward-looking statements include statements concerning our plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events, future revenue or performance, capital expenditures, financing needs, plans or intentions relating to acquisitions, business trends, and other information that is not historical information and, in particular, appear under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Risk Factors," and "Business Environment and Outlook." When used in this report, the words "estimates," "expects," "anticipates," "projects," "plans," "intends," "believes," "forecasts," or future or conditional verbs, such as "will," "should," "conditional verbs, such

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"may," and variations of such words or similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, management's

examination of historical operating trends and data are based upon our current expectations and various assumptions. Our expectations, beliefs, and projections are expressed in good faith and we believe there is a reasonable basis for them. However, no assurances can be made that these expectations, beliefs, and projections will be achieved. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results or achievements to be materially different from the future results or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements.

The risks, uncertainties, and other important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements in this report include, among others: prolonged or material contractions in automotive sales and production volumes, the Company's liquidity, the viability of the Company's supply base and the financial conditions of the Company's customers; loss of large customers or significant platforms; foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations; the Company's substantial indebtedness; the Company's ability to obtain financing in the future; ability to generate sufficient cash to service all of the Company's indebtedness; operating and financial restrictions imposed on the Company by the credit agreements governing the Company's Term Loan Facility and Senior ABL Facility; underfunding of pension plans; availability and increasing volatility in costs of manufactured components and raw materials; escalating pricing pressures; the Company's ability to meet significant increases in demand; the Company's ability to successfully compete in the automotive parts industry; risks associated with the Company's non-U.S. operations; ability to control the operations of the Company's joint ventures for the Company's sole benefit; effectiveness of continuous improvement programs and other cost savings plans; product liability, warranty and recall claims that may be brought against the Company; work stoppages or other labor conditions; natural disasters; ability to meet the Company's customers' needs for new and improved products on a timely or cost-effective basis; the possibility that the Company's acquisition strategy may not be successful; the ability of the Company's intellectual property portfolio to withstand legal challenges; a disruption in, or the inability to successfully implement upgrades to, the Company's information technology systems; compliance with environmental, health and safety laws and other laws and regulations; the volatility of the Company's annual effective tax rate; significant changes in discount rates and the actual return on pension assets; the possibility of future impairment charges to the Company's goodwill and long-lived assets; the concentration of stock ownership which may allow a few owners to exert significant control over the Company; stock volatility; and dependence on the Company's subsidiaries for cash to satisfy the obligations of the holding Company. See Item 1A. Risk Factors, in our 2014 Annual Report for additional information regarding these and other risks and uncertainties. There may be other factors that may cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements.

All forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf apply only as of the date of this report and are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements included in this report. We undertake no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes to the quantitative and qualitative information about the Company's market risk from those previously disclosed in the Company's 2014 Annual Report.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company has evaluated, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this Report. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer along with the Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this Report.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

# Edgar Filing: Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. - Form 10-Q

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, the Company completed the purchase of Shenya and is currently integrating Shenya into its operations, compliance programs and internal control processes. As permitted by SEC rules and regulations, the Company has excluded Shenya from management's evaluation of internal controls over financial reporting as of June 30, 2015.

# PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are periodically involved in claims, litigation and various legal matters that arise in the ordinary course of business. In addition, we conduct and monitor environmental investigations and remedial actions at certain locations. We accrue for litigation exposure when it is probable that future costs will be incurred and such costs can be reasonably estimated. Any resulting adjustments, which could be material, are recorded in the period the adjustments are identified. As of June 30, 2015, management does not believe that there is a reasonable possibility that any material loss exceeding the amounts already recognized for our litigation claims and matters, if any, has been incurred. However, the ultimate resolutions of these proceedings and matters are inherently unpredictable. As such, our financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected in any particular period by the unfavorable resolution of one or more of these proceedings or matters.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in our 2014 Annual Report which could materially impact our business, financial condition or future results. Risks disclosed in the 2014 Annual Report are not the only risks facing the Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may materially adversely impact our business, financial condition or operating results.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(c) Purchases of Equity Securities By the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers

On May 24, 2013, the Company announced that its Board of Directors approved a securities repurchase program (the "Program") authorizing the Company to repurchase, in the aggregate, up to \$50 million of its outstanding common stock or warrants to purchase common stock. Under the Program, repurchases may be made on the open market or through private transactions, as determined by the Company's management and in accordance with prevailing market conditions and federal securities laws and regulations. The Company expects to fund all repurchases from cash on hand and future cash flows from operations. The Company is not obligated to acquire a particular amount of securities, and the Program may be discontinued at any time at the Company's discretion. This Program was not affected by our May 2013 tender offer, pursuant to which we purchased approximately \$200 million of our common stock.

The following table presents repurchases of common stock during the period covered by this Report:

2015	Total Number of Shares Purchased <sup>(1)</sup>	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Program (in millions)
April 1 - April 30	274	\$60.72		\$40.2
May 1 - May 31	44	\$63.58	_	\$40.2
June 1 - June 30	391	\$63.18	—	\$40.2
Total	709	\$62.25	_	\$40.2

709 shares of common stock were deemed surrendered to the Company by participants in various benefit plans of (1)the Company to satisfy the participants' taxes related to vesting or delivery of time vesting restricted share units under those plans.

Item 6.	Exhibits
Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit
10.1*	Form of Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. 2011 Omnibus Incentive Plan Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (Non-Employee Directors).
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) (Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) (Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
32.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 (Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
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101.INS**	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH* <sup>*</sup>	* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*:	* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	* XBRL Taxonomy Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE** * **	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document Filed herewith. Submitted electronically with the Report.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

	COOPER-STANDARD HOLDINGS INC.
July 31, 2015	/S/ JEFFREY S. EDWARDS
Date	Jeffrey S. Edwards
Date	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
July 31, 2015	/S/ MATTHEW W. HARDT
	Matthew W. Hardt
Date	Chief Financial Officer
	(Principal Financial Officer)

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