

VECTr SYSTEMS INC  
Form 10QSB  
November 14, 2007

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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C.20549

FORM 10-QSB

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 000-52412

VECTr Systems Inc.

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

Nevada

20-2437159

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

252 N. Washington Street, Falls Church, VA 22046

(Address of principal executive offices)

(888) 429-1438

(Issuer's telephone number)

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(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date:

12,919,533 common shares issued and outstanding as of November 9, 2007.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (Check one): Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). (Check one): Yes  No

PART I

Item 1. Financial Statements

Our financial statements are stated in United States Dollars (US\$) and are prepared in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

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VECTr SYSTEMS INC.

(Formerly Navitrak International Corporation)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited – Expressed in US dollars)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 and DECEMBER 31, 2006

## VECTr SYSTEMS INC. (Formerly Navitrak International Corporation)

## CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited – Expressed in US dollars)

|   | September 30,<br>2007 | December 31,<br>2006 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>   |                       |                      |
| Current   |                       |                      |
| Cash (Note 3)   | \$ 217,571            | \$ 54,624            |
| Accounts receivable   | -                     | 24,417               |
| Inventory (Note 4)  | 245,036               | 310,039              |
| Prepaid expenses and deposits                                 | 323,059               | 84,736               |
|   | 785,666               | 473,816              |
| Equipment   | 169,724               | 213,897              |
| Investment in Invisa, Inc. (Note 5)                           | -                     | 16,875               |
|   | \$ 955,390            | \$ 704,588           |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL DEFICIT</b>                        |                       |                      |
| Current   |                       |                      |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities                      | \$ 282,889            | \$ 331,772           |
| Customer deposits   | 261,126               | 147,191              |
| Payable to related parties (Note 6)                           | 796,461               | 1,229,388            |
| Advances payable (Note 7)                                     | 759,459               | 607,475              |
| Bridge loans, shareholders                                    | 5,036                 | 4,287                |
| Current portion of long-term debt (Note 8)                    | 2,642,387             | 1,910,418            |
|   | 4,747,358             | 4,230,531            |
| Long-term debt (Note 8)                                       | -                     | 214,190              |
|   | 4,747,358             | 4,444,721            |
| Capital deficit   |                       |                      |
| Capital stock (Note 9)  |                       |                      |
| Authorized  |                       |                      |
| 100,000,000 common shares, each with par value of \$0.001     |                       |                      |
| 10,000,000 preferred shares, each with a par value of \$0.001 |                       |                      |
| Issued  |                       |                      |
| 12,719,533 (December 31, 2006 – 319,533) common shares(a)     | 12,720                | 320                  |
| Additional paid-in capital(a)                                 | 59,281,821            | 15,145,996           |
| Shares to be issued (Note 9)                                  | 1,493,750             | 862,500              |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss                          | (334,507)             | (3,780)              |
| Accumulated deficit   | (64,245,752)          | (19,745,169)         |

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|    |             |             |
|----|-------------|-------------|
|    | (3,791,968) | (3,740,133) |
| \$ | 955,390     | \$ 704,588  |

(a) Prior periods have been restated to reflect the 1 for 100 reverse stock split on May 21, 2007.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

VECTr SYSTEMS INC. (Formerly Navitrak International Corporation)  
CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
(Unaudited – Expressed in US dollars)

|   | Three-Month<br>Period Ended<br>September 30,<br>2007 | Three-Month<br>Period Ended<br>September<br>30, 2006 | Nine-Month<br>Period Ended<br>September 30,<br>2007 | Nine-Month<br>Period Ended<br>September<br>30,<br>2006 |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| REVENUE   | \$ 4,414   | \$ 11,452  | \$ 252,068  | \$ 160,517   |
| <br>  |  |  |   |  |
| OPERATING COSTS AND<br>EXPENSES                                 |  |  |   |  |
| Cost of sales   | 3,208  | 18,975   | 211,268   | 148,426  |
| General and administrative<br>(Note 10)                         | 11,483,920   | 933,607  | 15,341,354  | 3,530,110  |
| Depreciation  | 33,698   | 297,383  | 66,960  | 882,803  |
| Product development   | 40,124   | 222,038  | 342,973   | 697,999  |
| Selling   | 68,026   | 73,915   | 232,789   | 133,087  |
|   | 11,628,976   | 1,545,918  | 16,195,344  | 5,392,425  |
| Loss from operations  | (11,624,562)   | (1,534,466)  | (15,943,276)  | (5,231,908)  |
| <br>  |  |  |   |  |
| OTHER ITEMS   |  |  |   |  |
| Write-down of Investment in<br>Invisa, Inc.                     | -  | (6,750)  | -   | (6,750)  |
| Loss on sale of Investment in<br>Invisa, Inc. (Note 5)          | -  | -  | (2,329)   | -  |
| Gain on sale of Investment in<br>Maps a la Carte, Inc. (Note 5) | -  | -  | 564,366   | -  |
| Foreign exchange loss   | (3,191)  | (437)  | (15,057)  | (6,129)  |
| Interest income/(expense), net                                  | 1,349  | (1,486)  | (3,887)   | (3,479)  |
| Loss on settlement of debt with<br>issuance of shares (Note 9)  | -  | -  | (29,100,400)  | -  |

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|                                    |                 |                |                |                |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                    | (1,842)         | (8,673)        | (28,557,307)   | (16,358)       |
| Net loss for the period            | \$ (11,626,404) | \$ (1,543,139) | \$(44,500,583) | \$ (5,248,266) |
| Loss per share – basic and diluted |                 |                |                |                |
| (a)                                | \$ (0.91)       | \$ (4.93)      | \$ (6.91)      | \$ (16.98)     |
| Weighted average shares            |                 |                |                |                |
| outstanding – basic and diluted    |                 |                |                |                |
| (a)                                | 12,719,533      | 312,868        | 6,442,327      | 309,034        |

(a) Prior periods have been restated to reflect the 1 for 100 reverse stock split on May 21, 2007.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.



VECTr SYSTEMS INC. (Formerly Navitrak International Corporation)  
 CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS  
 (Unaudited – Expressed in US dollars)

|  | Three-Month<br>Period Ended<br>September 30,<br>2007 | Three-Month<br>Period Ended<br>September 30,<br>2006 | Nine-Month<br>Period Ended<br>September 30,<br>2007 | Nine-Month<br>Period Ended<br>September 30,<br>2006 |
|--|--|--|---|---|
| Net loss for the period                          | \$ (11,626,404)                                      | \$ (1,543,139)                                       | \$ (44,500,583)                                     | \$ (5,248,266)                                      |
| Unrealized gain on available-for sale investment | -  | (37,500)   | -   | -   |
| Foreign currency translation loss                | (141,836)  | (12,262)   | (330,727)   | (58,296)  |
| Comprehensive loss for the period                | \$ (11,768,240)                                      | \$ (1,592,901)                                       | \$ (44,831,310)                                     | \$ (5,306,562)                                      |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

VECTr SYSTEMS INC. (Formerly Navitrak International Corporation)  
CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL DEFICIT  
(Unaudited – Expressed in US dollars)

## Common Stock

|  | Number of<br>Shares(a) | Additional<br>Paid-in Shares to<br>Capital(a) | be issued     | Accumulated Deficit | Accumulated     | Other Comprehensive | Loss           | Total |
|--|------------------------|---|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------|-------|
| Balance, January 1, 2007                       | 319,533                | \$ 320  | \$ 15,145,996 | \$ 862,500          | \$ (19,745,169) | \$ (3,780)          | \$ (3,740,133) |       |
| Shares issued for debt (Note 9)                | 12,350,000             | 12,350  | 30,437,650    | -                   | -               | -                   | 30,450,000     |       |
| Shares issued for consulting services (Note 9) | 50,000                 | 50  | 119,950       | -                   | -               | -                   | 120,000        |       |
| Stock-based compensation (Note 9)              | -                      | -   | 13,578,225    | -                   | -               | -                   | 13,578,225     |       |
| Shares to be issued (Note 9)                   | -                      | -   | -             | 631,250             | -               | -                   | 631,250        |       |
| Net loss for the period                        | -                      | -   | -             | -                   | (44,500,583)    | -                   | (44,500,583)   |       |
| Foreign exchange translation                   | -                      | -   | -             | -                   | -               | (330,727)           | (330,727)      |       |
| Balance, September 30, 2007                    | 12,719,533             | \$ 12,720                                     | \$ 59,281,821 | \$ 1,493,750        | \$ (64,245,752) | \$ (334,507)        | \$ (3,791,968) |       |

(a) The above schedule has been adjusted on a retroactive basis to reflect the 1 for 100 reverse stock split on May 21, 2007.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

VECTr SYSTEMS INC. (Formerly Navitrak International Corporation)  
CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
(Unaudited – Expressed in US dollars)

|  | Nine-month<br>Period Ended<br>September 30,<br>2007 | Nine-month<br>Period Ended<br>September<br>30,<br>2006 |
|--|---|--|
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>  |   |  |
| Net loss for the period  | \$ (44,500,583)                                     | \$ (5,248,266)   |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss for the period to cash<br>used in operating activities |   |  |
| Accrued interest on advances (Note 7)  | 1,984   | 2,992  |
| Write-down of investment   | -   | 6,750  |
| Write-down of inventory  | 60,088  | -  |
| Gain on sale of investment (Note 5)  | (562,037)   | -  |
| Loss on settlement of debt with issuance of shares                                       | 29,100,400  | -  |
| Shares issued to consultant for services   | 120,000   | -  |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 66,960  | 882,803  |
| Stock-based compensation   | 13,578,225  | 1,767,332  |
| Shares to be issued for services   | 431,250   | 593,750  |
| Increase in prepaid expenses and deposits  | (238,323)   | (1,523)  |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable   | 24,417  | (12,554)   |
| (Increase) decrease in inventory   | 4,915   | (170,943)  |
| Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities                                     | (48,883)  | (93,844)   |
| Decrease in customer deposits  | 113,935   | -  |
| Cash used in operating activities  | (1,847,652)   | (2,273,503)  |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>  |   |  |
| Repayment of long-term debt  | (34,659)  | (50,029)   |
| Repayment of advances payable  | (145,000)   | -  |
| Proceeds from advances payable   | 295,000   | 210,000  |
| Proceeds from long-term debt   | 166,193   | 358,364  |
| Proceeds from related party advances   | 916,673   | 686,655  |
| Proceeds from shares issued and to be issued   | 200,000   | 648,000  |
| Cash provided by financing activities  | 1,398,207   | 1,852,990  |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>  |   |  |
| Purchase of equipment  | (707)   | (66,445)   |
| Proceeds on sale of investments  | 578,912   | -  |
| Cash provided by (used in) investing activities  | 578,205   | (66,445)   |

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|                                    |            |           |
|------------------------------------|------------|-----------|
| Net increase (decrease) in cash    | 128,760    | (486,958) |
| Cash, beginning of period          | 54,624     | 521,987   |
| Effect of foreign exchange on cash | 34,187     | 30,384    |
| Cash, end of the period            | \$ 217,571 | \$ 65,413 |

Supplemental Information:

|   |              |          |
|---|--------------|----------|
| Interest paid                               | \$ 5,790     | \$ 1,145 |
| Non-cash investing and financing activities |              |          |
| Shares issued for settlement of debt        | \$ 1,349,600 | \$ -     |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

VECTr SYSTEMS INC. (Formerly Navitrak International Corporation)  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2007  
(Unaudited – Expressed in US dollars)

1. COMPANY HISTORY AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Company (formerly Navitrak International Corporation) was incorporated in 1998 under the laws of the State of Nevada to engage in any lawful business or activity for which operations may be organized under the laws of the state of Nevada. Through a series of events and agreements, on November 12, 2004, the Company acquired the net assets of Navitrak International Corporation through the issuance of cash, notes payable and common shares. On May 21, 2007, the Company changed its name to VECTr Systems, Inc. Also on May 21, 2007, the Company had effected a one (1) for one hundred (100) reverse stock split of its authorized as well as issued and outstanding common stock to all of the holders of its common shares who were holders on record on May 21, 2007. The effect of the reverse split has been applied on a retroactive basis to all related disclosures and calculations in these consolidated financial statements.

The Company is actively engaged in the business of developing, marketing and distributing advanced GPS-based navigation, mapping and tracking solutions for use by airborne and ground personnel in law enforcement, military, police, fire-fighting, search and rescue and other applications. These navigation systems provide real time positioning information through proprietary software, moving map display technology and location-based information.

Until recently, all of the Company's operational activities were conducted from its facilities in Halifax, Canada. The Company now has an office in Falls Church, Virginia, from which it conducts its U.S. operations.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation and Ability to Continue as a Going Concern

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, VECTrEngineering (Canada) Inc., VECTr Technologies Inc. and 0705951 BC Ltd. All significant inter-company transactions have been eliminated on consolidation. Except for VECTr Engineering (Canada) Inc., the Company's

other subsidiaries are inactive.

These accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. As at September 30, 2007, the Company has a working capital deficit of \$3,961,692 (December 31, 2006 - \$3,756,715), incurred a loss during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 of \$44,500,583 and has an accumulated deficit of \$64,245,752 at September 30, 2007. The continuation of the Company is dependent upon the successful marketing and distribution of navigation systems and related products, the continuing support of creditors and stockholders as well as achieving and maintaining a profitable level of operations. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company had cash on hand of \$217,571 at September 30, 2007. Management anticipates that it requires approximately \$3 million over the next twelve months ended September 30, 2008 to continue operations. To the extent that cash needs are not achieved from operating cash flow and existing cash on hand, the Company will raise necessary cash through equity issuances and/or debt financing. Amounts raised will be used to continue the development of the Company's products, roll out the Company's products to market and for other working capital purposes.

VECTr SYSTEMS INC. (Formerly Navitrak International Corporation)  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2007  
(Unaudited – Expressed in US dollars)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Management cannot provide any assurances that the Company will be successful in any of its plans. However, management believes that the Company will be able to continue operations in the future. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets or the amounts of and classification of liabilities that might be necessary in the event the Company cannot continue in existence.

Interim Financial Statements

The interim financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading.

These statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, which in the opinion of management are necessary for fair presentation of the information contained therein. It is suggested that these interim financial statements be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 included in its annual report on Form 10-KSB. The Company follows the same accounting policies in the preparation of interim reports.

Results of operations for the interim periods are not indicative of annual results.

New accounting pronouncements

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued interpretation No. 48, “Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (FAS No. 109)” (“FIN 48”). This interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This interpretation also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. The evaluation of a tax position in accordance with this interpretation is a two-step process. In the first step, recognition, the Company determines whether it is

more-likely-than-not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The second step addresses measurement of a tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not criteria. The tax position is measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Differences between tax positions taken in a tax return and amounts recognized in the financial statements will generally result in a) an increase in a liability for income taxes payable or a reduction of an income tax refund receivable, b) a reduction in a deferred tax asset or an increase in a deferred tax liability or c) both a and b. Tax positions that previously failed to meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold should be recognized in the first subsequent financial reporting period in which that threshold is met. Previously recognized tax positions that no longer meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold should be de-recognized in the first subsequent financial reporting period in which that threshold is no longer met. Use of a valuation allowance as described in FAS No. 109 is not an appropriate substitute for the de-recognition of a tax position. The requirement to assess the need for a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets based on sufficiency of future taxable income is unchanged by this interpretation. This Interpretation is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006.



VECTr SYSTEMS INC. (Formerly Navitrak International Corporation)  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2007  
(Unaudited – Expressed in US dollars)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

New accounting pronouncements (continued)

On January 1, 2007, the Company adopted FIN 48, regarding accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. The Company remains subject to examination of income tax filings in the United States and various state jurisdictions for periods since its inception in 1998. The Company has also determined that it is subject to examination in Canada for all prior periods due to the Company's continued loss position in such jurisdictions. Material tax positions were examined under the more-likely-than-not guidance provided by FIN 48. If interest and penalties were to be assessed, the Company would charge interest to interest expense, and penalties to general and administrative expense.

As a result of the FIN 48 assessment, the Company concluded that it has not taken any uncertain tax positions on any of its open tax returns that would materially distort the Company's financial statements. There was no material cumulative effect of adopting FIN 48 on the Company's financial statements as of January 1, 2007.

In September 2006, FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("FAS 157"). FAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The provisions of FAS 157 are effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the provisions of FAS 157.

3. CASH

Included in cash is \$41,950 (December 31, 2006 - \$52,918) denominated in Canadian dollars.

4. INVENTORY

The following inventory was on hand at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

|  | September 30, | December 31, |
|--|---------------|--------------|
|--|---------------|--------------|

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|                 | 2007       | 2006       |
|-----------------|------------|------------|
| Finished goods  | \$ 102,377 | \$ 147,191 |
| Raw Materials   | 122,752    | 154,424    |
| Work-in-process | 19,907     | 8,424      |
|                 | \$ 245,036 | \$ 310,039 |

VECTr SYSTEMS INC. (Formerly Navitrak International Corporation)  
 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
 SEPTEMBER 30, 2007  
 (Unaudited – Expressed in US dollars)

5. INVESTMENTS

The Company sold Invisa, Inc. shares for \$14,546 in the first quarter of 2007 at a value of approximately \$0.04 per share, resulting in a loss of \$2,329 (2006 - \$Nil). The Company sold its shares of Maps a la Carte, Inc., a private company, for \$564,366 in the second quarter of 2007 at a value of approximately \$2.38 per share. The shares were being carried at \$Nil and thus resulted in a gain of \$564,366 (2006 - \$Nil).

6. PAYABLE TO RELATED PARTIES

|  | September 30,<br>2007 | December 31,<br>2006 |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Knight Financial Ltd. (controlled by director)         | \$ 415,785            | \$ 114,316           |
| G.M. Capital Partners Ltd. (major shareholder, Note 9) | 357,634               | 1,095,011            |
| Express Systems Corporation (common director)          | 3,000                 | 3,000                |
| Advances from other shareholders                       | 20,042                | 17,061               |
|  | \$ 796,461            | \$ 1,229,388         |

The above advances are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no specific terms of repayment.

7. ADVANCES PAYABLE

|   | September 30,<br>2007 | December 31,<br>2006 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 1199684 Ontario Inc., advances and accrued interest | \$ 73,459             | \$ 216,475           |
| Daimler Capital Partners                            | 120,000               | -                    |
| Tiger Eye Holdings Ltd.                             | 150,000               | 150,000              |
| Kallur Enterprises Ltd.                             | 416,000               | 241,000              |
|   | \$ 759,459            | \$ 607,475           |

Of the initial advances received from 1199684 Ontario Inc, \$50,000 bore interest at 8% per annum and \$125,000 was non-interest bearing. The advances are unsecured and have no specific terms of repayment. Accrued interest on the advances for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2007 totalled \$Nil and \$1,984 (2006 – \$1,007 and \$2,992), respectively. The Company has made 3 payments in July and August totalling \$145,000 as per the settlement with 1199684 Ontario Inc. (Note 13).

The advances received from Daimler Capital Partners bear interest at 6% per annum, are unsecured and have no specific terms of repayment. The advances received from Tiger Eye Holdings Ltd. and Kallur Enterprises Ltd. are non-interest bearing, unsecured and have no specific terms of repayment.

VECTr SYSTEMS INC. (Formerly Navitrak International Corporation)  
 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
 SEPTEMBER 30, 2007  
 (Unaudited – Expressed in US dollars)

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

|   | September 30,<br>2007 | December 31,<br>2006 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency (“ACOA”) project funding loan, unsecured. The loan was non-interest bearing unless payments were past due, at which time interest was charged at the Bank of Canada discount rate plus 3% per annum. Repayment of principal was deferred to January 1, 2005, since then monthly principal payments were approximately \$1,967 (CDN \$2,274). The loan was repaid in full in May 2007.  | \$ -                  | \$ 9,757             |
| ACOA project funding loan unsecured. The loan is non-interest bearing unless payments are past due, at which time interest is charged at the Bank of Canada discount rate plus 3% per annum. Repayment of principal is due in monthly instalments of approximately \$8,372 (CDN\$8,313) commencing July 1, 2007. The amount of funds available under this facility as at September 30, 2007 is approximately \$502,300 (CDN\$498,750). The Company is currently in default of certain of the financial covenants and therefore the debt is considered as due on demand.               | 477,199               | 270,002              |
| ACOA project funding loan, unsecured and non-interest bearing. The loan is non-interest bearing unless payments are past due, at which time interest is charged at the Bank of Canada discount rate plus 3% per annum. The principal amount of the loan is repayable annually commencing September 1, 2008 at a rate equal to 5.0% of gross revenue. The maximum project funding under this facility is approximately \$2,115,000 (CDN \$2,100,000). The Company is currently in default of certain of the financial covenants and therefore the debt is considered as due on demand. | 1,903,515             | 1,620,371            |
| Program for Export Market Development (“PEMD”) project funding loan unsecured and non-interest bearing. The loan is repayable at a rate equal to 4% of sales to the USA. Arrears of \$34,800 (CDN\$40,021) are repayable in 39 monthly instalments of \$892 (CDN\$1,000) plus one instalment of   | 52,935                | 45,061               |

\$912 (CDN\$1,021), which commenced November 15, 2004. The Company started making quarterly payments of \$3,021 (CDN\$3,000) in late December 2005 to repay the loan. The Company is currently in default of the repayment terms and therefore the debt is considered in arrears and due on demand.

Industrial Regional Assistance Program (“IRAP”) project funding loan, unsecured and non-interest bearing. The loan is repayable quarterly in arrears commencing January 1, 2005 at a rate equal to 1.25% of gross revenue. The Company paid all payments in the first quarter of 2006 relating to 1.25% of gross revenue for 2004 and 2005. The Company is currently in default of the repayment terms and therefore the debt is considered in arrears and due on demand.

|                       |           |            |
|-----------------------|-----------|------------|
|                       | 208,738   | 179,417    |
|                       | 2,642,387 | 2,124,608  |
| Less: current portion | 2,642,387 | 1,910,418  |
|                       | \$ -      | \$ 214,190 |

Scheduled principal repayments until maturity are due as follows:

|                               |              |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Remaining of fiscal year 2007 | \$ 321,293   |
| 2008                          | 2,016,070    |
| 2009                          | 112,555      |
| 2010                          | 112,555      |
| 2011                          | 79,914       |
|                               | \$ 2,642,387 |

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8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Included in the 2007 scheduled principal repayments is the full repayment of the IRAP project-funding loan. Principal repayments are based on 1.25% of gross revenue commencing January 1, 2005. Included in the 2008 scheduled principal repayments is the full repayment of the \$1,903,515 ACOA project-funding loan. This loan has undefined principal repayments as the repayments are based on a percentage of sales, with the first payment commencing in the 2008 year.

The current portion of the long-term debt noted above is in excess of the scheduled principal repayments due in the next twelve months because all of the loans are currently in default and have been classified on the Balance Sheet as current. All of the above project funding is subject to project verification and audit by the lending agency.

9. CAPITAL STOCK

In May 21, 2007, the Company had effected a one (1) for one hundred (100) reverse stock split of its authorized and issued and outstanding common stock to all of the holders of its common shares who were holders of record on May 21, 2007.

During the period ended September 30, 2007 and the year ended December 31, 2006 the Company completed the following share transactions not disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements:

The employment agreement of an employee specifies that they are entitled to a bonus of 5,000 shares of common stock on each of June 30, 2006 (not yet issued), June 30, 2007 (not yet issued) and June 30, 2008 for a total of 15,000 shares so long as he continues to be employed by the Company at those dates. Compensation expense associated with the bonus payments was determined based upon the quoted market price of the underlying common stock on the grant date and was being amortized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period, which is the period from the date of grant to June 30, 2008. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company has recognized \$143,750 and \$431,250 (2006 - \$143,750 and \$593,750) in respect of shares to be issued related to these bonus payments. As of September 30, 2007, there was \$431,250 (December 31, 2006 - \$862,500) of total unrecognized compensation cost related to these bonus payments. This unrecognized compensation cost is expected to be recognized over the remaining requisite service period of nine months ending June 30, 2008.

On February 27, 2007, the Company issued 350,000 common shares in settlement of \$350,000 debt of the related party payable (Note 6) to G.M. Capital Partners Ltd. The transaction was recorded at the quoted market price of \$15 per share that resulted in a loss on settlement of debt of \$4,900,000 in 2007.

On May 25, 2007, the Company issued 12,000,000 common shares in settlement of \$999,600 debt of the related party payable (Note 6) to G.M. Capital Partners Ltd. The transaction was recorded at the quoted market price of \$2.10 per share that resulted in a loss on settlement of debt of \$24,200,400 in 2007.

On June 6, 2007, the Company issued 50,000 common shares for consulting services as per agreement with an investment banking firm. The common shares were recorded using the quoted market value of \$2.40 per share on the issuance date resulting in an expense of \$120,000.

In September 2007, the Company received gross proceeds of \$200,000 from signed subscriptions for common shares. Subsequent to September 30, 2007, the Company issued 200,000 common shares at a price of \$1.00 per common share. Net of transaction costs, cash received from the issuance of these common shares was \$199,958.



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9. CAPITAL STOCK (continued)

Stock options

On May 22, 2007, the Company's Board of Directors approved its 2007 Incentive Plan pursuant to which the Company may grant an aggregate of up to 6,000,000 common shares or options to purchase common shares to employees, consultants or directors of our company or of any of our subsidiaries. It will continue in effect until the earlier of (a) the date that all of the securities that can be issued pursuant to its terms have been granted or (b) May 22, 2017.

On September 27, 2005, the Company's Board of Directors approved its 2005 Incentive Plan pursuant to which the Company may grant an aggregate of up to 40,000 common shares or options to purchase common shares to employees, consultants or directors of our company or of any of our subsidiaries. It will continue in effect until the earlier of (a) the date that all of the securities that can be issued pursuant to its terms have been granted or (b) September 27, 2015.

On December 6, 2004 the Company's Board of Directors approved the 2004 Officer, Director, Employee, Consultant and Advisor Stock Compensation Plan ("2004 Incentive Plan") pursuant to which a total of 4,000,000 of our shares could be issued. The plan is administered by the Board of Directors and expires in 10 years from its effective date.

Awards under the above Incentive Plans will vest as determined by the Company's Board of Directors and as established in stock option agreements to be entered into between the Company and each participant receiving an award. Options granted under the above Incentive Plans will have a term of 10 years from the date of grant but are subject to earlier termination in the event of death, disability or the termination of the employment or consulting relationship. The exercise price of options granted under the above Incentive Plan shall be determined by the Company's board of directors but shall not be less than 85% of the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the grant date. (In the case of options granted to a holder of more than 10% of the Company's common stock, the option price must not be less than 110% of the market value of the common stock on the grant date).

There were no options granted in the year ended December 31, 2006.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, 5,040,000 options were granted to directors, employees and contractors under the Company's 2007 Incentive Plan. 3,110,000 options vested when granted. One half of 545,000 options granted vested immediately and the remaining half of these options granted vest on June 1, 2008. One quarter of 1,385,000 options granted vested immediately and the remaining three quarters of these options granted vest in one quarter increments every six months thereafter.

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Stock option transactions and the number of stock options outstanding are summarized as follows:

|   | Number<br>of Options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price<br>(\$USD) | Aggregate Intrinsic<br>Value |
|---|----------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Balance, December 31, 2005                    | 47,200               | \$ 67.00                                      |                              |
| Cancelled                                     | (2,300)              | 46.00   |                              |
| Forfeited                                     | (1,200)              | 85.00   |                              |
| Balance, December 31, 2006                    | 43,700               | 67.50   |                              |
| Granted                                       | 5,040,000            | 0.73  |                              |
| Cancelled                                     | (4,200)              | 62.74   |                              |
| Forfeited                                     | (400)                | 85.00   |                              |
| Balance September 30, 2007                    | 5,079,100            | \$ 1.25                                       | \$ 2.75                      |
| Options exercisable, as at September 30, 2007 | 3,759,050            | \$ 1.29                                       | \$ 2.71                      |
| Options exercisable, as at December 31, 2006  | 34,500               | \$ 71.00                                      |                              |

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9. CAPITAL STOCK (continued)

Stock options (continued)

The following stock options were outstanding at September 30, 2007:

| Expiry date                              | Exercise Price | Number of Options |
|--|----------------|-------------------|
| December 6, 2014 for 2004 Incentive Plan | \$ 42.50       | 19,700            |
| August 31, 2010 for 2005 Incentive Plan  | \$ 85.00       | 4,400             |
| May 31, 2015 for 2005 Incentive Plan     | \$ 96.00       | 15,000            |
| May 11, 2017 for 2007 Incentive Plan     | \$ 0.25        | 2,155,000         |
| May 29, 2017 for 2007 Incentive Plan     | \$ 1.00        | 470,000           |
| May 29, 2017 for 2007 Incentive Plan     | \$ 1.10        | 2,415,000         |

A summary of status of the Company's unvested stock options as of September 30, 2007 and changes during the nine-month period then ended is presented below:

Number Weighted Average Weighted Average  
of Options

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|                                |             | Exercise Price<br>(\$USD) | Grant Date Fair<br>Value |
|--------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Unvested at December 31, 2005  | 24,650      | \$ 67.00                  | \$ 67.00                 |
| Vested                         | (14,250)    | 72.00                     | 67.00                    |
| Forfeited                      | (1,200)     | 85.00                     | 77.00                    |
| Unvested at December 31, 2006  | 9,200       | 56.00                     | 65.00                    |
| Granted                        | 5,040,000   | 0.73                      | 2.40                     |
| Vested                         | (3,737,550) | 0.75                      | 2.33                     |
| Forfeited                      | (400)       | 85.00                     | 77.00                    |
| Unvested at September 30, 2007 | 1,311,250   | \$ 1.03                   | \$ 3.02                  |

Warrants

On December 1, 2004, the Company issued 40,000 share purchase warrants to a consultant for financial public relation services and other consulting services. 30,000 of these share purchase warrants initially vested on January 15, 2006, while the remaining 10,000 were to vest on September 15, 2006. 20,000 of the share purchase warrants ("First Engagement Warrant") that vested on January 15, 2006 had an exercise price of \$25 and were to expire on November 30, 2006. The balance of the share purchase warrants ("Second Engagement Warrant") vested on January 15, 2006 with an exercise price of \$50 and an expiration date of November 30, 2007. The 10,000 share purchase warrants ("Third Engagement Warrant") that were to vest on September 15, 2006 have an exercise price of \$100 and expire on November 30, 2009.

Effective September 16, 2006 the Company and the consultant entered into an agreement to extend the life of the First Engagement Warrants and the Second Engagement Warrants. As amended, the First Engagement Warrant gives the warrant holder the right to acquire 20,000 shares of the Company's common stock at \$25 per share for a period of one year from the date that the Securities and Exchange Commission declared the Company's registration statement on Form SB-2 to be effective. That registration statement was declared effective January 23, 2007. Therefore, the right to exercise the First Engagement Warrant vested January 23, 2007.

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### 9. CAPITAL STOCK (continued)

#### Warrants (continued)

As amended, the Second Engagement Warrant gives the warrant holder the right to acquire 10,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$50 per share from the date that they vest (which is the date upon which the consultant purchases the last of the 20,000 common shares underlying the First Engagement Warrant) until November 30, 2008. Therefore, the right to exercise the Second Engagement Warrant can vest only after the consultant has purchased all 20,000 of the common shares underlying the First Engagement Warrant.

On September 1, 2007, the Company has extended its agreement with the consultant (Note 10). The Company also agreed to issue the consultant the following series of non-forfeitable warrants:

Series A warrants, which vested on issue, that give the warrant holder the right to acquire 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at \$1.00 per share until September 1, 2008,

Series B warrants that give the warrant holder the right to acquire 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$2.00 per share from the date that they vest (which is the date upon which the consultant exercises the last of the Series A warrants) until September 1, 2009,

Series C warrants that give the warrant holder the right to acquire 750,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$2.50 per share from the date that they vest (which is the date upon which the consultant exercises the last of the Series B warrants) until December 31, 2009, and

Series D warrants that give the warrant holder the right to acquire 750,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$3.00 per share from the date that they vest (which is the date upon which the consultant exercises the last of the Series C warrants) until December 31, 2009.

Warrant transactions and the number of warrants outstanding at September 30, 2007 are summarized as follows:

|                            | Number<br>of Warrants | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise<br>Price (\$USD) |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Balance, December 31, 2005 | 69,720                | \$ 71.00   |

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|  |           |           |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Issued   | 5,800     | 125.00    |
| Balance, December 31, 2006                     | 75,520    | 74.00     |
| Issued   | 3,500,000 | 2.04      |
| Expired  | (29,720)  | 100.00    |
| Balance, September 30, 2007                    | 3,545,800 | \$ 2.75   |
| Warrants exercisable, as at September 30, 2007 | 1,035,800 | \$ 4.16   |
| Warrants exercisable, as at December 31, 2006  | 45,520    | \$ 104.00 |

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### 9. CAPITAL STOCK (continued)

#### Warrants (continued)

| Number<br>of Warrants | Exercise<br>Price | Expiry Date       |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1,000,000             | \$ 1.00           | September 1, 2008 |
| 1,000,000             | \$ 2.00           | September 1, 2009 |
| 750,000               | \$ 2.50           | December 31, 2009 |
| 750,000               | \$ 3.00           | December 31, 2009 |
| 20,000                | \$ 25.00          | January 22, 2008  |
| 10,000                | \$ 50.00          | January 22, 2010  |
| 10,000                | \$ 100.00         | November 30, 2009 |
| 4,800                 | \$ 125.00         | August 28, 2008   |
| 1,000                 | \$ 125.00         | July 24, 2008     |

#### Stock-based compensation

Compensation expense for options granted during the period is recognized in accordance with SFAS No. 123(R) which requires all options granted to be measured at fair value. Such compensation is amortized over the contract services period or, if none exists, from the date of grant until the options vest for non-employees. For employees, the compensation expense is amortized over the requisite service period which approximates the vesting period. Compensation associated with unvested options granted to non-employees is remeasured on each balance sheet date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

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Expected volatilities are based on historical volatility of the Company's stock using available data and other factors. The Company uses historical data to estimate option exercise, forfeiture and employees termination within the valuation model. For non-employees, the expected term of the options approximates the full term of the options.

An officer resigned from all of his positions with the Company, effective May 18, 2006 pursuant to an Agreement and Mutual Release which provides, among other terms, that the stock options that were available to the officer on May 18, 2006 will continue to be available until they expire on December 31, 2010. The modification of the options to the former officer resulted in additional compensation of \$157,621 during the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

For options granted in 2007, stock based compensation was calculated using the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model using the following weighted average assumptions: dividend yield of 0%, expected volatility of 198%, risk-free interest rate of 4.79% and an expected life of 10 years. In respect to the options granted in 2004, 2005 and 2007, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company charged to stock based compensation expense \$6,264,000 and \$8,829,935 (2006 - \$373,341 and \$1,034,850).

Options granted to non-employees that were unvested are subsequently remeasured at each balance sheet and vesting date using the fair value method. As of September 30, 2007, there was \$2,193,994 (December 31, 2006 - \$197,928) of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested share-based compensation awards in 2004, 2005 and 2007. The total grant-date fair value of options vested during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$8,389,688 and \$702,975 respectively.



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9. CAPITAL STOCK (continued)

Stock-based compensation (continued)

Warrants

No compensation expense is required for the warrants issued during the year ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. Compensation expense for warrants issued in December 2004 was recognized in accordance with SFAS No. 123 (prior to the adoption of SFAS 123(R)) which requires such warrants to be measured at fair value using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Such compensation is being amortized over the contract services period or, if none exists, from the date of grant until the options vest.

As discussed above, in September 2006 the Company and the consultant entered into an agreement to modify the vesting and expiration dates of the warrants. Additional compensation expense of \$17,000 was recognized in the year ended December 31, 2006 in respect of the modification based on the incremental increase in value of the warrants as a result of the modification. Such compensation relating to the incremental increase was recognized immediately upon modification. The fair value of the modified warrants was estimated at the date of modification using the fair value method prescribed in SFAS 123(R) with the following weighted average assumptions: dividend yield of 0%, expected volatility of 173%, risk-free interest rate of 4.06% and an expected life of 1.7 years. Such compensation will be re-measured and charged to the Consolidated Statement of Operations on a quarterly basis until the warrants vest.

For warrants granted in 2007, stock based compensation was calculated using the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model using the following weighted average assumptions: dividend yield of 0%, expected volatility of 200%, risk-free interest rate of 4.59% and an expected life of 1.78 years.

The total stock-based compensation recognized and charged to expense under the fair value method in respect of all warrants during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 was \$4,734,000 and \$4,748,290 (2006 - \$240,521 and \$732,482).

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions not disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated interim financial statements include:

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a) Management fees were accrued during the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2007 of \$15,000 and \$45,000 (2006 - \$15,000 and \$45,000) to two companies controlled by a director.

b) On September 1, 2007, the Company had extended its Consulting Agreement with G.M. Capital Partners, Ltd. pursuant to the Consulting Agreement, G.M. Capital Partners, Ltd. has agreed to provide corporate counseling and advice. The term of the agreement is for a period of 24 months, though either party may terminate the agreement with five days' notice. The Company agreed to pay G.M. Capital Partners, Ltd. a monthly payment of \$10,000. During the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2007 under the previous agreement, \$30,000 and \$90,000 (2006 - \$30,000 and \$90,000) in consulting fees were accrued to G.M. Capital Partners Ltd. The Company also agreed to issue G.M. Capital Partners, Ltd. warrants as described in Note 9.

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10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

In addition to these set payments, the Company has agreed to pay G.M. Capital Partners, Ltd. performance-based fees for different services that they have agreed to provide the Company. These services and fees include:

for acquisition consulting services, a percentage of the value of any merger, acquisition, joint partnership or similar transaction resulting from such services in the amount of 5% of the first \$1,000,000 of the transaction, 4% for the second \$1,000,000 of the transaction, 3% of the third \$1,000,000 of the transaction, 2% of the fourth \$1,000,000 of the transaction and 1% of all value in excess of \$5,000,000

for assistance in securing debt or equity financing, a cash 'success fee' equal to 10% of the gross proceeds of any financing resulting from such assistance.

In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company received \$60,000 and \$465,000 (2006 - \$720,000 and \$1,490,000) in related party advances from G.M. Capital Partners Ltd. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company recorded finder's fees for \$6,000 and \$46,500 (2006 - \$72,000 and \$149,000) to consulting fees for GM Capital Partners Ltd. in respect of these advances.

c) A director of the Company resigned all of his positions with the Company effective May 18, 2006. Pursuant to the Agreement and Mutual Release between the Company and this ex-director, which became effective on May 18, 2006, the Company agreed to pay the ex-director the sum of \$131,685 (CDN \$147,500). The amount still owing of \$47,201 (CDN \$50,000) as of September 30, 2007 was accrued in these consolidated interim financial statements (December 31, 2006 - \$64,300 (CDN \$75,000)).

The above transactions are in the normal course of operations and are recorded at amounts established and agreed to between the related parties.

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### 11. SALES INFORMATION

Management has determined that it operates in one industry segment.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company's sales were distributed as follows:

|               | Three-Months<br>Ended<br>September 30,<br>2007 | Three-Months<br>Ended<br>September 30,<br>2006 | Nine-Months<br>Ended<br>September 30,<br>2007 | Nine-Months<br>Ended<br>September 30,<br>2006 |
|---------------|--|--|---|---|
| Canada        | \$ 4,414                                       | \$ -   | \$ 252,068                                    | \$ -  |
| United States | -  | 11,452   | -   | 160,517                                       |
|               | \$ 4,414                                       | \$ 11,452                                      | \$ 252,068                                    | \$ 160,517                                    |

For the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2007 sales were derived from one customer. No amounts were included in accounts receivable as at September 30, 2007. For the three and nine months period September 30, 2006 sales were derived from one US government agency.

### 12. COMMITMENTS

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(a) The Company has two lease agreements for offices in Halifax and Washington. Minimum lease payments under the leases (excluding operating expenses) over the next five years are as follows:

Twelve months ended

September 30

|      |    |        |
|------|----|--------|
| 2008 | \$ | 14,028 |
|------|----|--------|

The Company has exercised the option to terminate the Halifax lease on July 1, 2007 within a six months period; therefore the lease will be terminated December 31, 2007. The Washington lease operates on a month-to-month basis and, therefore, has no long-term commitment.

(b) For certain of the Company's employees, their employment agreement specifies that they are entitled to severance pay upon termination based on a pre-determined number of months salary. As at September 30, 2007, the obligation for the severance payments should they be terminated was approximately \$18,000 (CDN \$18,100) and \$228,000 denominated in USD (September 30, 2006 - \$224,000 (CDN \$249,500) and \$225,000 denominated in USD).

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13. LAWSUIT

On November 29, 2006, a statement of claim was filed against the Company in the Ontario Superior Court of Justice by 1199684 Ontario Inc. and Ken Sawatzky alleging that they are owed money by the Company in respect of previous advances. The Company has previously recognized such advances as owing to 1199684 Ontario Inc. (Note 7) and has made payments on these advances accordingly. The amount claimed, which includes the amount already recognized by the Company, is \$187,000.

On July 19, 2007, the above parties settled this dispute and have agreed that the Company shall pay \$200,000. Subsequent to September 30, 2007, the Company made the final payment relating to the settlement agreement of \$55,000 on October 4, 2007. Subsequent to the payment on October 4, 2007, a mutual release was signed formally discharging the company from its obligations under the settlement agreement.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation.

### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This quarterly report contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements that relate to future events, future financial performance or are otherwise projections of future results. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may", "should", "expects", "plans", "anticipates", "believes", "estimates", "predicts", "potential" or "continue" or the negative of these terms or comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, including the risks in the section of this quarterly report on Form 10-QSB entitled "Risk Factors", that may cause our company's or our industry's actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Except as required by applicable law, including the securities laws of the United States, we do not intend to update any of the forward-looking statements to conform these statements to actual results.

Our financial statements are stated in United States Dollars (US\$) and are prepared in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

Unless otherwise specified in this quarterly report, all dollar amounts are expressed in United States dollars and all references to "common shares" refer to shares of our common stock.

As used in this quarterly report, the terms "we", "us", "our", and "VECTr" means VECTr Systems Inc. and our wholly owned subsidiaries, VECTr Engineering (Canada) Incorporated, 0705951 BC Ltd. and VECTr Technologies, Inc., unless otherwise indicated.

### Our Current Business

We market, sell and support airborne moving map and real-time video and electronic sensor control systems that acquire, fuse and dynamically display map, sensor and other geo-referenced data. These systems are used by the airborne surveillance community to increase situational awareness and to achieve more efficient task management via a combination of software, hardware and geographic information datasets. These systems provide real time information on geographic position and directional orientation through proprietary software, moving map display technology and location-based information. We also have developed interfaces to manage and control airborne cameras and other sensors. These systems are primarily deployed on rotary and fixed wing aircraft and sold primarily to government agencies including law enforcement, search and rescue organizations, paramilitary agencies and the military.

Our predecessor company, the Canadian VECTr Systems Incorporated (Formerly Navitrak International Corporation), had experienced declining sales over the years leading up to our acquisition of the business. This decline has continued during the two years since we acquired the business. We believe that this decline was and continues to be due primarily to the lack of camera integration and control functions in our early systems and to the failure of these systems to perform well in the rugged work environments where they were deployed. In addition, these early systems were essentially software only systems that required extensive customization for each application. Our earlier systems were the product of our effort to produce a proprietary system that would provide all of the required functionality from proprietary (or highly modified) components. Since our acquisition of the business, we have realized that our historical focus on developing a system comprised solely of proprietary components has limited our ability to compete. Early in 2005, we realized that if we were to compete in the market we would need to shift away from a system comprised entirely of proprietary products in favor of a system that would integrate our most functional and reliable component – our proprietary software - with functional and reliable components made by other companies. This shift has resulted in the development of our current AeroNavitraker system, which integrates our software with selected sensors and other 'off-the-shelf' computer hardware manufactured by third parties. While we believe that our current system is more reliable in the field, more easily configured to our customers' airframes and avionics, requires far less on-site and job specific engineering and includes additional functionality, our sales have continued to be sluggish in the face of strong competition and our history of poor functionality and reliability.

In addition to our efforts to improve our proprietary system by utilizing 'off-the-shelf' components manufactured by third parties, we have also been positioning our company to act as a distributor or dealer for companies that sell components and entire systems that are similar to our own product line.

On September 25, 2006, we entered into a non-exclusive agreement with Deep Development Corp., a division of Gatekeeper Systems Inc., in which they granted us a non-exclusive right to act as a dealer for their products. Gatekeeper manufactures digital video flight recorder systems that are deployed primarily on both rotary and fixed-wing aircraft. They market and sell their products primarily to our target customers as well as to commercial customers engaged in aerial survey work. While this agreement is currently in effect, we have had limited success in marketing

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this product. We do not have any financial or material obligation for non-performance under the agreement.

On December 15, 2006, we entered into a distribution agreement with EuroAvionics Navigationssysteme GmbH & Co. KG, a German company with a facility in Stuttgart, Germany. In this distribution agreement, EuroAvionics granted to our company the exclusive right to sell and service its EuroNav and EuroNav M line of products under our new VECTr brand in a territory comprising North America, Central America, South America (with the exception of Venezuela) and all Caribbean countries that are not colonies of a European country (except Cuba). Certain EuroAvionics accounts with customers in our exclusive territory are excluded from this agreement.

EuroAvionics manufactures digital moving map and flight management systems similar to our AeroNavitraker but with a reputation for superior performance and reliability. We began to market the EuroAvionics systems at an industry event in March of 2007 under the "VECTr MG" product name. In August 2007, we received our first order for our MG 100 Navigation and Map Generation System. This order came from a non-U.S. foreign military customer at a value of approximately \$420,000. We anticipate beginning delivery of this system in the coming months. We anticipate that, over the next six months this system will completely supplant our legacy proprietary system.

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## Cash Requirements

### Cash Requirements

Presently, our revenues are not sufficient to meet operating and capital expenses and our company and our predecessor have incurred operating losses since inception, which are likely to continue for the foreseeable future. We anticipate that we will have negative cash flows during the twelve months ending September 30, 2008. Management intends to raise additional capital as needed to fund operations over the next twelve months. We intend to raise the capital required to satisfy our needs primarily through the sale of our equity securities or debt. To date, though, we do not have any such debt or equity financings in place nor are we in any negotiations for the sale of equity.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, our board of directors unanimously approved the sale of 1,000,000 shares of common stock at \$1.00 per share, of which 700,000 shares would be sold pursuant to Regulation S and 300,000 shares would be sold pursuant to Regulation D. Subsequent to September 30, 2007, the Company issued 200,000 common shares at a price of \$1.00 per common share. Net of transaction costs, cash received from the issuance of these common shares was \$199,958.

At September 30, 2007, we had a working capital deficit of \$3,961,692 and cash of \$217,571. We expect that we will need to raise an additional \$3,000,000 in order to fund our activities over the 12 month period ending September 30, 2008. We intend to raise these funds through the sale of our equity securities. There can be no assurance that we will be able to raise any of these funds.

We currently anticipate that we will generate revenues in the long-term, if we raise the capital needed to execute our business plan, as we increase our sales and marketing activities and our product development is completed and they gain industry acceptance. We have implemented cost control strategies and expect to keep our operating costs to a minimum until cash is available through financing or operating activities.

Due to the uncertainty of our ability to meet our current operating and capital expenses, in their report on the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2006, our independent registered public accounting firm included an explanatory paragraph in their report regarding substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Our ability to continue as a going concern as the continuation of our business is dependent upon obtaining further financing, successful and sufficient market acceptance of our current products and any new products that we may introduce, the continuing successful development of our products and related technologies, and, finally, achieving a profitable level of operations. The issuance of additional equity securities by us could result in a significant dilution in the equity interests of our current stockholders. Obtaining commercial loans, assuming those loans would be available, will increase our liabilities and future cash commitments.

There are no assurances that we will be able to obtain further funds required for our continued operations. We are pursuing various financing alternatives to meet our immediate and long-term financial requirements. There can be no assurance that additional financing will be available to us when needed or, if available, that it can be obtained on commercially reasonable terms. If we are not able to obtain the additional financing on a timely basis, we will be forced to scale down or perhaps even cease the operation of our business.

### Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

Net cash used in our operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 was \$1,847,652 as compared to \$2,273,503 net cash used in our operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, a decrease of \$425,851. The decrease is attributable to cost controls implemented by the company and a reduction in employees.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 was \$1,398,207 compared to \$1,852,990 net cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, a decrease of \$454,783. The decrease is attributable to the company's inability to attract additional financing for operations. As of September 30, 2007, we had \$217,571 cash on hand compared to \$54,624 cash on hand as at December 31, 2006, an increase of \$162,947.

Net cash provided by our investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 was \$578,205 compared to \$66,445 net cash used in our investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, an increase of \$644,650. The increase relates to the the sale of the shares of Maps a la Care which previously had been written off.

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### Results of Operations.

Three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 compared to the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2006 of our company, VECTr Systems.

The following discussion relates to the operations of our company for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the operations of our company for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2006.

Our net loss for the three-month period ended September 30, 2007 was \$11,626,404 as compared to \$1,543,139 for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, an increase of \$10,083,265. This increase is primarily attributable to the Stock Option Incentive Plan provided to employees of the Company in May 2007.

Our net loss for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007 was \$44,500,583 as compared to \$5,248,266 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, an increase of \$39,252,317. This increase is primarily attributable to loss on settlement of debt with issuance of shares and the Stock Option Incentive Plan provided to employees of the Company in May 2007.

Our company had revenue of \$4,414 and \$252,068 during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007, respectively, as compared to revenue of \$11,452 and \$160,517 for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2006, respectively, a decrease of \$7,038, or 61% for the three-month period and an increase of \$91,551 or 57% for the nine-month period.

Our cost of sales for the three-month period ended September 30, 2007 was \$3,208, as compared to our cost of sales for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 of \$18,975, a decrease of \$15,767, or 83%. This decrease is due primarily to our selling product for a third party rather than manufacturing the product ourselves.

The cost of sales for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007 was \$211,268, as compared to our cost of sales for the nine month period ended September 30, 2006 of \$148,426, an increase of \$62,842 or 42%. This increase is due primarily to higher material and labor costs of the product that we sold in 2007.

During the three-month period ended September 30, 2007, our company had general and administrative expenses of \$11,483,920 compared to \$933,607 for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, an increase of \$10,550,313 or 1130%. This increase is primarily attributable to the Stock Option Incentive Plan provided to employees of the Company in May 2007.

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007, our company had general and administrative expenses of \$15,341,354, compared to \$3,530,110, an increase of \$11,811,244 or 335%. This increase is primarily attributable to the Stock Option Incentive Plan provided to employees of the Company in May 2007.

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Depreciation and amortization for the three-month period ended September 30, 2007 was \$33,698 as compared to \$297,383 for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, a decrease of \$263,685 or 88.7%. Depreciation and amortization for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007 was \$66,960, as compared to \$882,803 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, a decrease of \$815,843 or 92.4%. The decrease is attributable to the amortization of software acquired that was fully depreciated by the fourth quarter of 2006.

During the three-month period ended September 30, 2007, our company had product development expenses of \$40,124 compared to \$222,038 for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, a decrease of \$181,914 or 81.9%. The decrease is primarily due to our change in roles from manufacturing to distribution of third party products. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007, our company had product development expenses of \$342,973 compared to \$697,999 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, a decrease of \$355,026 or 50.8%. The decrease is primarily due to our change in roles from manufacturing to distribution of third party products.

During the three-month period ended September 30, 2007, our company had selling expenses of \$68,026 compared to \$73,915 for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, an decrease of \$5,889 or 8%. The change in the two periods is not a material difference. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007, the selling expenses totalled \$232,789 as compared to \$133,087 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, an increase of \$99,702 or 75%. This increase is primarily due to our strong marketing efforts to market our new product developed by EuroAvionics.

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007, we recognized a gain from the sale of investments of \$564,366 as compared to \$nil for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006. The Company sold its shares of Maps a la Carte Inc., to a private company, for \$564,366 in the second quarter of 2007 at a value of approximately \$2.38 per share. The shares were being carried at \$Nil and thus resulted in a gain of \$564,366 (2006 - \$Nil).

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007, we recognized a loss on settlement of debt with issuance of shares for \$29,100,400 as compared to \$nil for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, a loss of \$29,100,400 was reflected in the Statement of Operations. On May 25, 2007, the Company issued 12,000,000 common shares as settlement of \$999,600 debt of the related party payable to G.M. Capital Partners Ltd. The transaction was recorded at the quoted market price of \$2.10 per share that resulted in a loss on settlement of debt of \$24,200,400 in 2007.

### Purchase of Significant Equipment

We do not intend to purchase any significant equipment over the next twelve months.

### Employees

As of September 30, 2007, we had six employees and nine consultants engaged in various activities within our company including roles as managers, developers and administration. four of our six employees are located in Canada. The remaining employees are located in the United States. We are not subject to any collective bargaining agreements and we consider relations with our employees to be excellent. During the next 12 months, we plan to hire two additional employees for the provision of marketing and engineering services to be located in the United States.

Going Concern

Due to the uncertainty of our ability to meet our current operating expenses and the capital expenses noted above, in their report on the annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2006, our independent auditors included an explanatory paragraph regarding concerns about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our financial statements contain additional note disclosures describing the circumstances that lead to this disclosure by our independent auditors.

There are no assurances that we will be able to obtain further funds required for our continued operations. As noted herein, we are pursuing various financing alternatives to meet our immediate and long-term financial requirements. There can be no assurance that additional financing will be available to us when needed or, if available, that it can be obtained on commercially reasonable terms. If we are not able to obtain the additional financing on a timely basis, we will be unable to conduct our operations as planned, and we will not be able to meet our other obligations as they become due. In such event, we will be forced to scale down or perhaps even cease our operations.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (FAS No. 109)" ("FIN 48"). This interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This interpretation also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. The evaluation of a tax position in accordance with this interpretation is a two-step process. In the first step, recognition, the Company determines whether it is more-likely-than-not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The second step addresses measurement of a tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not criteria. The tax position is measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Differences between tax positions taken in a tax return and amounts recognized in the financial statements will generally result in a) an increase in a liability for income taxes payable or a reduction of an income tax refund receivable, b) a reduction in a deferred tax asset or an increase in a deferred tax liability or c) both a and b. Tax positions that previously failed to meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold should be recognized in the first subsequent financial reporting period in which that threshold is met. Previously recognized tax positions that no longer meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold should be de-recognized in the first subsequent financial reporting period in which that threshold is no longer met. Use of a valuation allowance as described in FAS No. 109 is not an appropriate substitute for the de-recognition of a tax position. The requirement to assess the need for a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets based on sufficiency of future taxable income is unchanged by this interpretation. This Interpretation is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006.

On January 1, 2007, the Company adopted FIN 48, regarding accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. The Company remains subject to examination of income tax filings in the United States and various state jurisdictions for periods since its inception in 1998. The Company has also determined that it is subject to examination in Canada for all prior periods due to the Company's continued loss position in such jurisdictions. Material tax positions were examined under the more-likely-than-not guidance provided by FIN 48. If interest and penalties were to be assessed, the Company would charge interest to interest expense, and penalties to general and administrative expense.

As a result of the FIN 48 assessment, the Company concluded that it has not taken any uncertain tax positions on any of its open tax returns that would materially distort the Company's financial statements. There was no material cumulative effect of adopting FIN 48 on the Company's financial statements as of January 1, 2007.

In September 2006, FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("FAS 157"). FAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The provisions of FAS 157 are effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the provisions of FAS 157.

## Application of Critical Accounting Policies

### Research and development

We follow SFAS No. 86, Accounting for Costs of Computer Software to be Sold, Leased or Otherwise Marketed and expense all software development costs until technical feasibility is established. Thereafter, the costs incurred are capitalized until the software is commercially available. Capitalized costs are assessed and amortized on a product-by-product basis. The annual amortization shall be the greater of the amount computed using (a) the ratio that current gross revenues for a product compare to the total of current and anticipated future gross revenues for that product or (b) the straight-line method over the remaining estimated economic life of the product.

Previously acquired software is now fully amortized and no additional expenditures have met capitalization criteria. All costs pertaining to general research and development are charged to expense as incurred.

### Stock Options

Beginning January 1, 2006, we adopted the recommendations of the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123R, "Accounting for Stock-based Compensation" ("SFAS 123R"), and have applied the recommendations of this standard using the modified prospective method. Under this application, we are required to record compensation expense for all awards granted after the date of adoption and for the unvested portion of previously granted awards that remain outstanding at the date of adoption. Prior to the adoption of SFAS 123(R), we followed the SFAS 123 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" to account for all stock-based compensation. Since we had previously been using the fair value based method in accounting for all stock-based compensation, the adoption of the new standard did not have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements. No prior periods were restated or cumulative adjustments recorded upon the adoption of this standard.

### Revenue Recognition

Revenues are primarily derived from sales of products and the provision of consulting services. Accounting for revenue recognition is complex and affected by interpretations of guidance provided by several sources, including the Financial Standards Accounting Board ("FASB") and the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). This guidance is subject to change. We follow the guidance established by the SEC in Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, as well as generally accepted criteria for revenue recognition, which require that, before revenue is recorded, there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, the fee is fixed or determinable, collection is reasonably assured, and delivery to our customer has occurred. Applying these criteria to certain of our revenue arrangements requires us to carefully analyze the terms and conditions of our agreements. Revenue from our software license agreements is generally recognized at the time we enter into a contract and provide our customer with the licensed software. We believe that this is the point at which we have performed all of our obligations under the agreement; however, this remains a highly interpretive area of accounting and future license agreements may result in a different method of revenue recognition. Revenue from the sale of GPS systems, which includes hardware and software, are deferred and recognized when the whole system is delivered. Amounts collected prior to satisfying the above revenue recognition criteria are reflected as customer deposits.

### Impairment of Long-lived Assets

We apply the recommendations of SFAS 144, Accounting for the Impairment of Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. SFAS 144 requires that companies (1) recognize an impairment loss only if the carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable based on its undiscounted cash flows and (2) measure an impairment loss as the difference between the carrying value and fair value of the asset. We revisit the carrying amount of long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The recognition of impairment of long-lived assets will be required in the event that the net book value of such assets exceeds the estimated future undiscounted cash flows attributable to such assets or the business to which such assets relate. Based on our analysis, we believe that there was no impairment of our property and equipment as at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006. While our assumptions are based on the best estimates available, however, given that we have no history of profitability, there is no assurance that our estimates will reflect the actual future cash flows. We will revise our assumptions and reassess our long-lived assets for impairment when future events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying amount may not be recoverable.

## RISK FACTORS

Much of the information included in this quarterly report includes or is based upon estimates, projections or other “forward-looking statements”. Such forward-looking statements include any projections or estimates made by us and our management in connection with our business operations. While these forward-looking statements, and any assumptions upon which they are based, are made in good faith and reflect our current judgment regarding the direction of our business, actual results will almost always vary, sometimes materially, from any estimates, predictions, projections, assumptions, or other future performance suggested herein. We undertake no obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of such statements.

Such estimates, projections or other “forward-looking statements” involve various risks and uncertainties as outlined below. We caution readers of this quarterly report that important factors in some cases have affected and, in the future, could materially affect actual results and cause actual results to differ materially from the results expressed in any such estimates, projections or other “forward-looking statements”. In evaluating us, our business and any investment in our business, readers should carefully consider the following factors.

### RISKS RELATED TO OUR COMPANY

Our independent auditors have expressed substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern, which may hinder our ability to obtain future financing.

We incurred a net loss of \$11,626,404 and \$44,500,583 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively, and \$1,543,139 and \$5,248,266 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively. At September 30, 2007, we had an accumulated deficit of \$64,245,752, compared to \$19,745,169 at December 31, 2006, and a working capital deficit of \$3,961,692.

These circumstances raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern, as described in the explanatory paragraph to our independent auditors' report on our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2006. Although our consolidated financial statements raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern, they do not reflect any adjustments that might result if we are unable to continue our business.

We currently spend approximately \$250,000 per month on our operations and we estimate our cash requirements for the next 12 months to be approximately \$3,000,000. We have received approximately \$917,000 in related party advances in the nine months ended September 30, 2007.

Our company has had negative cash flows from operations. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, we earned revenue from product sales of \$252,068 compared to \$160,517 during the nine months ended September 30, 2006. To date, we have incurred significant expenses in product development and administration in order to ready our products for market. As at September 30, 2007, we had cash of \$217,571, and our current resources, including cash and loan proceeds that have been committed over the next few months by Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency, are sufficient to fund our operations only until November 30, 2007. There is no assurance that our actual cash requirements will not exceed our estimates, and in any case we will require additional financing to bring our products into commercial operation, finance working capital and pay for operating expenses and capital requirements until we achieve a positive cash flow. In particular, additional capital may be required in the event that:

- we incur unexpected costs in completing the development of our technology or encounter any unexpected technical or other difficulties;

- we incur delays and additional expenses as a result of technology failure;

- we are unable to create a substantial market for our product and services; or

- we incur any significant unanticipated expenses.

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We have historically depended upon capital infusion from the issuance of long and short term debt and equity securities to provide the cash needed to fund our operations but we cannot be assured that we will be able to continue to do so. With the exception of our arrangements with the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency, we do not currently have any debt or equity financings in place. Our ability to continue in business depends upon our continued ability to obtain significant financing from external sources and the success of our marketing and sales efforts.

In light of our operating history and our recent defaults on indebtedness, we may not be able to obtain additional equity or debt financing on acceptable terms if and when we need it. Even if financing is available, it may not be available on terms that are favorable to us or in sufficient amounts to satisfy our requirements.

If we require, but are unable to obtain, additional financing in the future, we may be unable to implement our business plan and our growth strategies, respond to changing business or economic conditions, withstand adverse operating results, and compete effectively. More importantly, if we are unable to raise further financing when required, our continued operations may have to be scaled down or even ceased and our ability to generate revenues would be negatively affected.

During the period from November 2004 through, September 30, 2007, we defaulted on and are currently in default on all of our outstanding loans. This history of defaulting on indebtedness may make it difficult for our company to raise money through the sale of debt or equity securities.

One of the primary sources for funding upon which we have depended in the past, and upon which we believe we will continue to depend for funding during the next 12 months, is the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency. This agency is focused on supporting the growth of companies like ours as part of its overall effort to stimulate growth in the economy of the Atlantic region of Canada. We currently have two outstanding loans from the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency, each of which was made with respect to a specific project. The loan agreements provide that payments do not commence until some period of time after the specific project has been completed but the lender has the right to accelerate all sums due under these loans if we are in default of any of the material covenants included in the loan agreements. From September 30, 2005 until December 1, 2005, we were in default of one of these loans due to our failure to complete the specified project by September 30, 2005, as required by the loan agreement. This default was cured on December 1, 2005, when we amended the loan agreement to extend the project's completion date to September 30, 2006. From March 31, 2006 until May 18, 2006, we were in default of another of these loans due to our failure to complete that specified project by March 31, 2006, as required by the loan agreement. This default was cured on May 18, 2006, when we amended the loan agreement to extend the project's completion date to March 31, 2007. We have not yet completed the specified project and thus are in default again as at September 30, 2007. We are currently negotiating another extension with the creditor. We have scheduled a meeting with management of the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency the week of November 11, 2007 to discuss the status of the loans for potential relief.

Although we are current in making any periodic payments required under our loan agreements with the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency, we are currently in default of a covenant, contained in these loan agreements, that we maintain a minimum level of "Equity". Because we are in default of this covenant to maintain a minimum level of "Equity", the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency currently has the right to accelerate all sums due under these loans upon delivery to us of written notice. At September 30, 2007, we owed Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency an aggregate amount, under all two of our loans from them, of \$2,380,714. Payments to the largest loan are not due until September 1, 2008, unless this loan is accelerated as the result of our failure to attain the required level of "Equity". If the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency were to demand immediate payment on all of these loans because of our failure to attain the required level of Equity, we would then be obligated to pay \$2,380,714 promptly. If we failed to pay this amount promptly after demand, the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency could initiate one or more actions to collect it. In addition, the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency could refuse to make any new loans to our company. If either of these should occur, our business could be adversely affected.

Our other two loans are from the Program for Export Market Development (PEMD) and the Industrial Regional Assistance Program (IRAP) with balances of \$52,935 and \$208,738, respectively, at September 30, 2007. The Company is currently in default of certain financial covenants, and both debts are considered as due on demand. If we failed to pay this amount promptly after demand, PEMD and IRAP could initiate one or more actions to collect it. In addition, PEMD and IRAP could refuse to make any new loans to our company. If either of these should occur, our business could be adversely affected.

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We have historically depended on the U.S. government and associated federal, state and local agencies for a significant portion of our revenues. The loss of this customer base would have a material adverse consequence on our business.

Our past operations were, and our future success is, highly dependent on sales to the U.S. government and associated federal, state and local government agencies. During the year ended December 31, 2006, we completed one sale to a U.S. government agency. During the year ended December 31, 2005, we completed one sale to the City of Philadelphia Police Department. During the period from January 1, 2004 to November 11, 2004, and the year ended December 31, 2003, approximately 91 percent and 67 percent of our predecessor's revenues, respectively, were derived from sales to the U.S. government. Any significant disruption of or deterioration in our relationship with the U.S. government and related federal, state and local government agencies would significantly reduce our revenues and could cause our business to fail.

Further, U.S. government programs are frequently implemented through the award of many different individual contracts and subcontracts, funding for which is subject to appropriation by the U.S. Congress. Although multi-year contracts may be planned or authorized in connection with major programs, Congress generally appropriates funds on a fiscal year basis even though a program may continue for several years. Consequently, programs often receive only partial funding initially, with additional funds committed only as and if Congress makes further appropriations in subsequent years. If Congress were to fail to approve additional funding for any project for which our company had received a contract, our business could be adversely impacted.

A significant portion of our sales are made pursuant to U.S. government contracts. These contracts generally require that we comply with U.S. government requirements with respect to various matters. We may not be able to comply with all of these requirements. If we fail to comply with any of these U.S. government requirements, the U.S. government could terminate all of our U.S. government contracts and render us ineligible to receive further U.S. government contracts for a period of time.

U.S. government contracts generally require that contractors comply with numerous requirements, including those related to procurement integrity, export control, security regulations, employment practices, protection of the environment, accuracy of records and the recording of costs and foreign corruption. These requirements increase our performance and compliance costs. Failure to comply with these requirements could lead to suspension or debarment from U.S. government contracting or subcontracting for a period of time. The loss of the government as a customer would adversely affect our ability to fund our operations and could cause our business to fail.

If we cannot qualify for a security clearance, we may not qualify to receive future U.S. Government contracts that require a security clearance. In addition, the U.S. government prefers to do business with U.S. companies with operations located in the United States.

Our research and development is performed in Canada. A majority of our current directors and a majority of our current shareholders are neither U.S. citizens nor U.S. residents. Companies like ours, whose management or operations may be influenced, directly or indirectly, by foreign interests, are considered by the U.S. government to be under "Foreign Ownership, Control or Influence", or "foreign ownership". Companies that are under foreign ownership may find it difficult or even impossible to obtain access to classified materials. These companies may, as a result, find it difficult or impossible to qualify for government contracts, especially for the U.S. military community. In order to obtain a security clearance from the U.S. government, we will need to mitigate any risks presented by foreign ownership in order to assure the U.S. government that there will be no possibility of unauthorized access to, or an adverse effect upon, U.S. government classified material. We may not be able to obtain a security clearance from the U.S. Government because we may not be able to mitigate the effects of foreign ownership.

Further, International Traffic in Arms Regulation makes it difficult for companies with operations located in Canada to compete with U.S. companies whose operations are located in the United States for contracts that involve advanced International Traffic in Arms restricted technology. We believe that the U.S. government will be more inclined to enter into contracts requiring the use and/or development of such technology with U.S. companies whose operations are located in the United States. We do not currently have the capital to effect a relocation of our operations from Canada to the United States. If we cannot relocate our operations to the United States, our business with the U.S. government might be adversely affected.

We may not be successful in obtaining the necessary export licenses to conduct operations abroad, and the United States Congress may prevent proposed sales to foreign governments.

Export licenses are required from United States government agencies under the Export Administration Act, the Trading with the Enemy Act of 1917 and the Arms Export Control Act of 1976 for export of many of the components of our products. We can give no assurance that we will be successful in obtaining these licenses. Recently, heightened government scrutiny of export licenses for products in our market has resulted in lengthened review periods for our license applications. If we fail to obtain, or are unreasonably delayed in obtaining, these licenses we could be prevented or delayed in selling our products, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.





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We may not be able to effectively protect our intellectual property rights, the foundation of our business, which could harm our business by making it easier for our competitors to duplicate our services.

Certain aspects of our products, processes, services and technology are proprietary. In the past, we have taken steps to protect them with patents, copyrights, trademarks, restrictions on disclosure and other methods.

Three patents that were issued to our company's predecessor and three patent applications with respect to additional patent claims pertaining to various aspects of our technology were assigned to us on November 12, 2004. We have since abandoned all six of these patents and patent applications and we do not currently own any patents, patents pending or patent applications. Our failure to adequately protect our proprietary rights in our products, services and technology could harm our business by making it easier for our competitors to duplicate our products and services. We cannot be certain that third parties will not infringe or misappropriate our proprietary rights or that third parties will not independently develop similar products, services and technology. Any infringement, misappropriation or independent development could cause us to cease operations.

We may have to resort to litigation to enforce our intellectual property rights, protect our trade secrets, determine the validity and scope of the proprietary rights of others, or defend ourselves from claims of infringement, invalidity or unenforceability. While there currently are no outstanding infringement claims pending by or against us, we cannot assure you that third parties will not assert infringement claims against us in the future, that assertion by such parties will not result in costly litigation, or that they will not prevail in any such litigation. In addition, we cannot assure you that we will be able to license any valid and infringed patents from third parties on commercially reasonable terms or, alternatively, be able to redesign products on a cost-effective basis to avoid infringement. Litigation can be prohibitively expensive and can divert resources even if we win. We may not have the financial resources to fight a protracted legal battle to defend our patents. Any litigation could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

We may not effectively manage the growth necessary to execute our business plan.

Our business plan anticipates a significant increase in the number of our strategic partners, manufacturers, dealers, distributors and customers. This growth will place significant strain on our current personnel, systems and resources. We expect that we will be required to hire qualified employees to help us manage our growth effectively. We believe that we will also be required to improve our management, technical, information and accounting systems, controls and procedures. We may not be able to maintain the quality of our operations, control our costs, continue complying with all applicable regulations and expand our internal management, technical information and accounting systems in order to support our desired growth. If we fail to manage our anticipated growth effectively, our business could be adversely affected.

Substantially all of our assets and a majority of our directors and officers are outside the United States, with the result that it may be difficult for investors to enforce within the United States any judgments obtained against us or any of our directors or officers.

Substantially all of our assets are located outside the United States in Canada. We maintain a permanent place of business within the United States in Falls Church, Virginia. In addition, a majority of our directors and officers are nationals and/or residents of countries other than the United States, and all or a substantial portion of such persons' assets are located outside the United States. As a result, it may be difficult for investors to enforce within the United States any judgments obtained against us or our officers or directors, including judgments predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the securities laws of the United States or any state thereof. Consequently, you may be effectively prevented from pursuing remedies under U.S. federal securities laws against them.

Our Articles of Incorporation exculpate our officers and directors from any liability to our company or our shareholders.

Our Articles of Incorporation contain a provision limiting the liability of our officers and directors for their acts or failures to act, except for acts involving intentional misconduct, fraud or a knowing violation of law. This limitation on liability may reduce the likelihood of derivative litigation against our officers and directors and may discourage or deter our shareholders from suing our officers and directors based upon breaches of their duties to our company, though such an action, if successful, might otherwise benefit our company and our shareholders.

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Investors' interests in our company will be diluted and investors may suffer dilution in their net book value per share if we issue employee/director/consultant options, bonus shares and other stock based awards or if we issue additional shares to finance our operations.

We may in the future grant to some or all of our directors, officers, insiders, and key employees options to purchase our common shares, bonus shares and other stock based awards as non-cash incentives to those persons. These options and other stock based awards may be granted at exercise prices equal to or less than market prices, and may be granted when the market for our securities is depressed. In addition, we have in the past granted to our General Manager the right to receive annual bonus shares as part of his compensation during the term of his employment agreement with us. The issuance of any equity securities could, and the issuance of any additional shares will, cause our existing shareholders to experience dilution of their ownership interests.

If we issue additional shares or decide to enter into joint ventures with other parties in order to raise financing or acquire other businesses through the sale of equity securities, investors' interests in our company will be diluted and investors may suffer dilution in their net book value per share depending on the price at which such securities are sold. As at September 30, 2007, there are outstanding common shares to be issued and common share purchase warrants and options exercisable into obligations to issue 6,384,900 common shares, including those that may arise upon the issuance of bonus shares and the exercise of outstanding common share purchase warrants and options, which, if issued, would represent approximately 33% of our issued and outstanding shares. If all the bonus shares are issued and all of these warrants and options are exercised and the underlying shares are issued, such issuance will cause a reduction in the proportionate ownership and voting power of all other shareholders. The dilution may result in a decline in the price of our shares or a change in the control of our company.

A decline in the price of our common stock could affect our ability to raise further working capital and our ability to continue our normal operations.

Historically, our operations have been financed in large part through a combination of debt and the sale of equity securities. A prolonged decline in the price of our common stock could make it difficult for us to raise capital through the sale of our equity securities. Any reduction in our ability to raise equity capital in the future would force us to reallocate funds from other planned uses and could have a significant negative effect on our business plans and operations, including our ability to develop new products and continue our current operations.

**We Have No Earnings and Dividend Record.**

We have no earnings or dividend record. We have not paid dividends on our common shares since incorporation and do not anticipate doing so in the foreseeable future. We do not generate any cash flow from operations and could not expect to do so in the foreseeable future.

**The Loss of Certain Key Management Employees Could Have a Material Adverse Effect On Our Business.**

The nature of our business, our ability to continue our development of new and innovative products and to develop a competitive edge in our marketplace depends, in large part, on our ability to attract and maintain qualified key personnel. Competition for such personnel is intense, and there can be no assurance that we will be able to attract and retain them. Our development now and in the future will depend on the efforts of key management figures, such as Robert Knight, our President, Randall Cohn, our Vice President of Marketing and Program Management, Herbert Lustig, our General Manager, and Adam Wolinski, our Director of Technology, Research and Development. The loss of any of these key people could have a material adverse effect on our business. We do not currently maintain key-man life insurance on any of our key employees.

RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH OUR BUSINESS

Competition in our primary market is fierce. If we cannot compete in this market, our business will be adversely affected and you could lose all of your investment

The military and commercial industries in which we operate are fiercely competitive. Our competitors range from highly resourceful small concerns, which engineer and produce specialized items, to large, diversified firms with extensive resources. Several established and emerging companies offer a variety of products similar to our own, including Harris Corp., Thales Group and Raytheon Company in the military sector and Avalex Technologies and AeroComputers Airborne Systems in the law enforcement sector. Many of our competitors have more extensive or more specialized engineering, research and development, manufacturing and marketing capabilities than we do. There can be no assurance that we can successfully compete with these firms. In addition, some of our largest customers could develop the capability to manufacture products similar to ours. This could result in these customers supplying their own products and competing directly with us for sales of these products to other customers, all of which could significantly reduce our revenues and seriously harm our business.

Finally, our competitors do not publish meaningful technical system specifications or data, and it is not feasible to attempt a detailed technical comparison between their systems and ours. As a result, we cannot know with any certainty that our products compete favorably, if at all, with those of our competitors. If we cannot compete, our business will fail.

Our future success will depend on our ability to timely develop, market and sell new and improved products that achieve market acceptance

Our industry is characterized by rapidly changing technologies and evolving standards. Accordingly, our future performance depends on a number of factors, including our ability to:

- Identify emerging technological trends in our target markets;
- Develop, market, sell and maintain competitive products;
- Enhance our products by adding innovative features that differentiate our products from those of our competitors; and
- Bring cost-effective products to market quickly.

In order to remain competitive we believe that we must continue to invest significant resources in research and development in an effort to ensure the development of new and improved products or the improvement and enhancement of the products that we already sell. These expenditures could divert our attention and resources from other projects, and we cannot be sure that these expenditures ultimately will lead to the timely development of new products. Due to the design complexity of some of our products, development and introduction of new or improved products can be a lengthy process and we cannot be assured that the markets for our products will develop as we anticipate. The failure of our products to gain market acceptance could significantly reduce our revenues and harm our business. Furthermore, we cannot be sure that our competitors will not develop competing products that gain market acceptance in advance of our products or that our competitors will not develop new products that cause our existing products to become obsolete. If we fail in our new product development efforts or our products fail to achieve market acceptance more rapidly than those of our competitors, our revenues will decline and our business, financial condition and results of operations will be adversely affected.

Changes in technology, changes in customer requirements and preferences, introduction of products and services embodying new or different technologies and the emergence of new industry standards and practices could render our existing technology and products less competitive or obsolete. Our future success will depend on our ability to enhance and improve the responsiveness, functionality, accessibility and features of our technology and products. We expect that our marketplace will require extensive technological upgrades and enhancements to accommodate many of the new products and services that we anticipate will be added to our marketplace. We cannot assure you that we will be able to expand and upgrade our technology and systems, or successfully integrate new technologies or systems we develop in the future with our current products, to accommodate such increases in a timely manner.

RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH OUR COMMON STOCK

Sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock into the public market by the selling stockholders may result in significant downward pressure on the price of our common stock and could affect the ability of our stockholders to realize the current trading price of our common stock.

Our common stock is not presently traded on any securities exchange, although our common shares are traded on the National Association of Securities Dealers Inc.'s OTC Bulletin Board. The sale of a substantial number of shares of our common stock in any public market could cause a reduction in the market price of our common stock. We had 12,919,533 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2007.

There is no active trading market for our common stock and if a market for our common stock does not develop, our investors will be unable to sell their shares.

Our common stock is presently not traded on any securities exchange and we have not applied for listing or quotation on any securities exchange. Our common stock can currently trade on the National Association of Securities Dealers Inc.'s OTC Bulletin Board. However, we cannot provide our investors with any assurance that an actively traded public market will materialize. If an active public market for our common stock does not develop, then investors may not be able to resell the shares of our common stock that they have purchased and may lose all of their investment. If we establish a trading market for our common stock, the market price of our common stock may be significantly affected by factors such as actual or anticipated fluctuations in our operating results, general market conditions and other factors. In addition, the stock market has from time to time experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that have particularly affected the market prices for the shares of developmental stage companies, which may materially adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

Trading of our stock may be restricted by the SEC's penny stock regulations which may limit a stockholder's ability to buy and sell our stock.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has adopted regulations which generally define "penny stock" to be any equity security that has a market price (as defined) less than \$5.00 per share or an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. Our securities are covered by the penny stock rules, which impose additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell to persons other than established customers and "accredited investors". The term "accredited investor" refers generally to institutions with assets in excess of \$5,000,000 or individuals with a net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual income exceeding \$200,000 or \$300,000 jointly with their spouse. The penny stock rules require a broker-dealer, prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from the rules, to deliver a standardized risk disclosure document in a form prepared by the SEC which provides information about penny stocks and the nature and level of risks in the penny stock market. The broker-dealer also must provide the customer with current bid and offer quotations for the penny stock, the compensation of the broker-dealer and its salesperson in the transaction and monthly account statements showing the market value of each penny stock held in the customer's account. The bid and offer quotations, and the broker-dealer and salesperson compensation information, must be given to the customer orally or in writing prior to effecting the transaction and must be given to the customer in writing before or with the customer's confirmation. In addition, the penny stock rules require that prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from these rules; the broker-dealer must make a special written determination that the penny stock is a suitable investment for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written agreement to the transaction. These disclosure requirements may have the effect of reducing the level of trading activity in the secondary market for the stock that is subject to these penny stock rules. Consequently, these penny stock rules may affect the ability of broker-dealers to trade our securities. We believe that the penny stock rules discourage investor interest in and limit the marketability of our common stock.

NASD sales practice requirements may also limit a stockholder's ability to buy and sell our stock.

In addition to the "penny stock" rules described above, the NASD has adopted rules that require that in recommending an investment to a customer, a broker-dealer must have reasonable grounds for believing that the investment is suitable for that customer. Prior to recommending speculative low priced securities to their non-institutional customers, broker-dealers must make reasonable efforts to obtain information about the customer's financial status, tax status, investment objectives and other information. Under interpretations of these rules, the NASD believes that there is a high probability that speculative low priced securities will not be suitable for at least some customers. The NASD requirements make it more difficult for broker-dealers to recommend that their customers buy our common stock, which may limit your ability to buy and sell our stock and have an adverse effect on the market for our shares.

### Item 3. Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Exchange Act, we have carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the quarter covered by this report (being September 30, 2007). Based upon that evaluation, our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that as of the end of the quarter covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information relating to us and our subsidiaries that we are required to disclose in the reports that we file or submit to the SEC is recorded, processed, summarized and reported with the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. There has not been any change in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the foregoing evaluation that occurred during our quarter ended September 30, 2007 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

On November 29, 2006, a statement of claim was filed against the Company in the Ontario Superior Court of Justice by 1199684 Ontario Inc. and Ken Sawatzky alleging that they are owed money by the Company in respect of previous advances. The Company has previously recognized such advances as owing to 1199684 Ontario Inc. (Note 7 in the financial statements) and has made payments on these advances accordingly. The amount claimed, which includes the amount already recognized by the Company, is \$187,000 plus interest at 8% per annum from November 2003 until paid plus interest at 8% per annum on \$63,000 from November 10, 2003 to August 9, 2005.

On July 19, 2007, the above parties settled this dispute and have agreed that the Company shall pay \$200,000 (\$25,000, \$60,000, \$60,000 and \$55,000 on July 19, 2007, July 31, 2007, August 19, 2007; and September 29, 2007, respectively). In the event that the Company fails to make a payment as described above, it will be liable to pay the accrued amount of \$73,459.

Subsequent to September 30, 2007, the company made the final payment relating to the settlement agreement of \$55,000 on October 4, 2007. The payment was made pursuant to the settlement agreement and thus no penalty was accrued. Subsequent to the payment on October 4, 2007, a mutual release was signed formally discharging the company from its obligations under the settlement agreement.

Except as set forth above, we know of no material, active or pending legal proceedings against us, nor are we involved as a plaintiff in any material proceedings or pending litigation. There are no proceedings in which any of our directors, officers or affiliates, or any registered or beneficial shareholders are an adverse party or have a material interest adverse to us.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

In September 2007, the Company received gross proceeds of \$200,000 from signed subscriptions for common shares. Subsequent to September 30, 2007, the Company issued 200,000 common shares at a price of \$1.00 per common share. Net of transaction costs, cash received from the issuance of these common shares was \$199,958. In issuing these securities we relied on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 and/or on Regulation S promulgated thereunder.

On September 1, 2007, we entered into a Consulting Agreement with G.M. Capital Partners, Ltd. Pursuant to the Consulting Agreement, G.M. Capital Partners, Ltd. has agreed to provide corporate counseling and advice. The term of the agreement is for a period of 24 months, though either party may terminate the agreement with five days' notice. We agreed to pay G.M. Capital Partners, Ltd. a monthly payment of \$10,000. We also agreed to issue G.M. Capital Partners, Ltd. the following series of warrants:

Series A warrants that give the warrant holder the right to acquire 1,000,000 shares of our common stock at \$1.00 per share until September 1, 2008,

Series B warrants that give the warrant holder the right to acquire 1,000,000 shares of our common stock at a price of \$1.50 per share from the date that they vest (which is the date upon which the G.M. Capital Partners, Ltd. exercises the last of the Series A warrants) until December 31, 2009,

Series C warrants that give the warrant holder the right to acquire 750,000 shares of our common stock at a price of \$2.00 per share from the date that they vest (which is the date upon which the G.M. Capital Partners, Ltd. exercises the last of the Series B warrants) until December 31, 2009, and

Series D warrants that give the warrant holder the right to acquire 750,000 shares of our common stock at a price of \$2.50 per share from the date that they vest (which is the date upon which the G.M. Capital Partners, Ltd. exercises the last of the Series C warrants) until December 31, 2009.

G.M. Capital Partners, Ltd. is not a U.S. person, and the transaction was negotiated and completed outside of the United States. In issuing these securities we relied on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 and/or on Regulation S promulgated thereunder.

On August 13, 2007, 300,000 options were granted to a consultant under the Company's 2007 Incentive Plan. The options are priced as follows: 200,000 units at \$1.00 per share; and 100,000 units at \$0.25 per share. In issuing these securities we relied on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 and/or on Regulation S promulgated thereunder.





Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities.

We currently have two outstanding loans from the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency, an agency focused on supporting the growth of companies like ours as part of its overall effort to stimulate growth in the economy of the Atlantic region of Canada. Each of these loans was made with respect to a specific project. The loan agreements provide that payments do not commence until some period of time after the specific project has been completed but the lender has the right to accelerate all sums due under these loans if we are in default of any of the material covenants included in the loan agreements. We have previously been in default under these loans due to our failure to complete the specified project by the specified dates, and we have subsequently cured these defaults by amending the loan agreements to extend the completion dates for the projects. We have not yet completed the specified project and are in default again as at September 30, 2007. We are currently negotiating another extension with the creditor. We have scheduled a meeting with management of the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency the week of November 11, 2007 to discuss the status of the loans for potential relief. We are also in default under these loans with the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency because we are currently in default of a covenant contained in the loan agreements that we maintain a minimum level of "Equity".

Because of our defaults on the loans from the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency, the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency currently has the right to accelerate all sums due under these loans upon delivery to us of written notice. At September 30, 2007, we owed Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency an aggregate amount, under all two of our loans from them, of \$ 2,380,714. Payments to the largest loan are not due until September 1, 2008, unless this loan is accelerated as the result of our failure to attain the required level of "Equity". If the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency were to demand immediate payment on all of these loans because of our failure to attain the required level of Equity, we would then be obligated to pay \$2,380,714 promptly. If we failed to pay this amount promptly after demand, the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency could initiate one or more actions to collect it. In addition, the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency could refuse to make any new loans to us. If either of these should occur, our business could be adversely affected.

Our other two loans are from the Program for Export Market Development (PEMD) and the Industrial Regional Assistance Program (IRAP) with balances of \$52,935 and \$208,738, respectively, at September 30, 2007. The Company is currently in default of certain financial covenants, and both debts are considered as due on demand. If we failed to pay this amount promptly after demand, PEMD and IRAP could initiate one or more actions to collect it. In addition, PEMD and IRAP could refuse to make any new loans to our company.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit Number and Exhibit Title

| Exhibit Number | Description  |
|----------------|--|
| 10.1           | G.M. Capital Partners Ltd. Consulting Agreement, dated September 1, 2007 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 4, 2007) |
| 31.1*          | Section 302 Certification of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002  |
| 31.2*          | Section 302 Certification of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002  |
| 32.1*          | Section 906 Certification of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002  |
| 32.2*          | Section 906 Certification of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002  |

\* Filed herewith

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

VECTr SYSTEMS INC.

a Nevada corporation

By: /s/ Robert Knight

Robert Knight, President and Director

(Principle Executive Officer)

Date: November 14, 2007

By: /s/ Richard Brown

Richard Brown, Chief Financial Officer and Director  
(Principle Financial Officer and Principle Accounting Officer)

Date: November 14, 2007

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