INTRUSION INC Form 10-Q May 11, 2018

| UNITED STATES  |                 |            |
|----------------|-----------------|------------|
| SECURITIES AND | <b>EXCHANGE</b> | COMMISSION |

Washington, D.C. 20549

#### **FORM 10-Q**

# QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number 0-20191

#### INTRUSION INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware** 75-1911917 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

## 1101 East Arapaho Road, Suite 200, Richardson, Texas 75081

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

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(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

#### **Not Applicable**

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

| Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):  Yes No |
|--|
| The number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, on April 30, 2018 was 13,016,836.   |
|  |
| 1  |

## **INTRUSION INC.**

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## PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## INTRUSION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except par value amounts)

|  | March<br>31,   | December 31,    |
|--|----------------|-----------------|
|  | 2018           | 2017            |
| ASSETS   |                |                 |
| Current Assets:  |                |                 |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                    | \$ <i>133</i>  | \$ 224          |
| Accounts receivable  | 1,244          | 962             |
| Inventories  | _              | 15              |
| Prepaid expenses   | 181            | 89              |
| Total current assets   | 1,558          | 1,290           |
| Property and equipment, net                                  | 169            | 124             |
| Other assets   | 38             | 38              |
| TOTAL ASSETS   | \$1,765        | \$ 1,452        |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT  Current Liabilities:  |                |                 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses                        | \$1,269        | \$ 1,182        |
| Dividends payable  | \$1,209<br>483 | \$ 1,102<br>447 |
| Obligations under capital lease, current portion             | 463<br>46      | 44              |
| Deferred revenue   | 76             | 406             |
| Total current liabilities                                    | 1,874          | 2,079           |
|  |                |                 |
| Loan payable to officer                                      | 2,965          | 2,865           |
| Obligations under capital lease, noncurrent portion          | 38             | 17              |
| Commitments and contingencies  Stockholders' deficit:        |                |                 |
| Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value: Authorized shares – 5,000 | 707            | 707             |

| Series 1 shares issued and outstanding — 200 Liquidation preference of \$1,175 in 2018 and     |          |          |
|--|----------|----------|
| \$1,163 in 2017  |          |          |
| Series 2 shares issued and outstanding — 460 Liquidation preference of \$1,342 in 2018 and     | 724      | 724      |
| \$1,328 in 2017  | 124      | 724      |
| Series 3 shares issued and outstanding — 289 Liquidation preference of \$736 in 2018 and \$728 | 3 412    | 412      |
| in 2017  | 712      | 712      |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value:  |          |          |
| Authorized shares — 80,000   |          |          |
| Issued shares — 13,022 as of March 31, 2018 and 12,808 as of December 31, 2017 Outstanding     | g 130    | 128      |
| shares — 13,012 as of March 31, 2018 and 12,798 as of December 31, 2017                        | 130      | 120      |
| Common stock held in treasury, at cost – 10 shares   | (362)    | (362)    |
| Additional paid-in capital   | 56,567   | 56,518   |
| Accumulated deficit  | (61,183) | (61,529) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss   | (107)    | (107)    |
| Total stockholders' deficit  | (3,112)  | (3,509)  |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT  | \$1,765  | \$ 1,452 |

See accompanying notes.

## INTRUSION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In thousands, except per share amounts)

|  | Three Months<br>Ended |                 |   |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------|---|
|  | March 31, 2018        | 31,             |   |
| Revenue  | \$2,263               | \$ <i>1,559</i> |   |
| Cost of revenue  | 852                   | 583             |   |
| Gross profit   | 1,411                 | 976             |   |
| Operating expenses:  |                       |                 |   |
| Sales and marketing  | 414                   | 361             |   |
| Research and development   | 303                   | 585             |   |
| General and administrative                                       | 295                   | 331             |   |
| Operating income (loss)  | 399                   | (301            | ) |
| Interest expense, net  | (53                   | ) (50           | ) |
| Net income (loss)  | \$346                 | \$(351          | ) |
| Preferred stock dividend accrued                                 | (36                   | ) (35           | ) |
| Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders            | \$310                 | \$(386          | ) |
| Net income (loss) per share attributable to common stockholders: | <b>.</b>              | Φ (0.02         |   |
| Basic  | \$0.02                | \$(0.03         | _ |
| Diluted  | \$0.02                | \$(0.03         | ) |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding:                      |                       |                 |   |
| Basic  | 12.946                | 12,748          |   |
| Diluted  | 14,730                |                 |   |
|  | ,                     | ,               |   |

See accompanying notes.

## INTRUSION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands)

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, March 31, |          |
|--|--|----------|
|  | 2018                                   | 2017     |
| Operating Activities:  | ¢ 216                                  | ¢ (251 ) |
| Net income (loss)  | \$346                                  | \$ (351) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization   | 33                                     | 55       |
| Stock-based compensation   | 5<br>5                                 | 5<br>5   |
| Penalties on dividends   | 12                                     | 7        |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities:   | 12                                     | ,        |
| Accounts receivable  | (282)                                  | 222      |
| Inventories  | 15                                     | _        |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets  | (92)                                   | (42)     |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses  | 87                                     | 15       |
| Deferred revenue   | (330)                                  | (328)    |
| Net cash used in operating activities  | (206)                                  | (417)    |
| Investing Activities:  |  |          |
| Purchases of property and equipment  | (37)                                   | (9)      |
| Financing Activities:  |  |          |
| Borrowings on loan from officer  | 100                                    | 580      |
| Proceeds from stock options exercised  | 70                                     | 11       |
| Principal payments on capital leases   | (18)                                   |          |
| Net cash provided by financing activities  | 152                                    | 555      |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents   | (91)                                   | 129      |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period   | 224                                    | 64       |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period   | \$133                                  | \$ 193   |
| SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON CASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES:  |  |          |
| Preferred stock dividends accrued  | \$36                                   | \$ 35    |
| Purchase of leased equipment per capital lease   | \$ <i>41</i>                           | \$—      |
| The state of the s | T                                      | г        |

See accompanying notes.

## INTRUSION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. Description of Business

We develop, market and support a family of entity identification, high speed data mining, cybercrime and advanced persistent threat detection products. Our product families include:

TraceCop<sup>TM</sup> for identity discovery and disclosure, Savant<sup>TM</sup> for high speed network data mining and analytics, and advanced persistent threat detection.

We market and distribute our products through a direct sales force to:

end-users, value-added resellers, system integrators, managed service providers, and distributors.

Our end-user customers include:

U.S. federal government entities, local government entities, banks, airlines, credit unions, other financial institutions, hospitals and other healthcare providers, and other customers.

Essentially, our end-users can be defined as any end-users requiring network security solutions for protecting their mission critical data.

We were organized in Texas in *September 1983* and reincorporated in Delaware in *October 1995*. Our principal executive offices are located at *1101* East Arapaho Road, Suite *200*, Richardson, Texas *75081*, and our telephone number is (972) 234-6400. Our website URL is www.intrusion.com. References to the "Company", "we", "us", "our", "Intrusion" or "Intrusion Inc." refer to Intrusion Inc. and its subsidiaries. TraceCop and Savant are trademarks of Intrusion Inc.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Item 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. The December 31, 2017 balance sheet was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all the disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. However, we believe that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. In our opinion, all the adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for fair presentation have been included. The results of operations for the three month period ended March 31, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for the full fiscal year or for any future period. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included herein should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 29, 2018.

The Company calculates the fair value of its assets and liabilities which qualify as financial instruments and includes this additional information in the notes to consolidated financial statements when the fair value is different from the carrying value of these financial instruments. The estimated fair value of accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, and dividends payable approximate their carrying amounts due to the relatively short maturity of these instruments. Loans payable to officer are with a related party and as a result do *not* bear market rates of interest. Management believes based on its current financial position that it could *not* obtain comparable amounts of *third* party financing, and as such cannot estimate the fair value of the loans payable to officer. *None* of these instruments are held for trading purposes.

On *January 1, 2018* we adopted ASU *No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, as amended, using the modified retrospective approach. At the date of adoption there was *no* impact on the balance sheet or statement of operation. ASU *No. 2014-09* did *not* have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows for the quarter ended *March 31, 2018*.

#### 3. Inventories (In thousands)

March December 31, 31, 2018 2017

Inventories consist of:

Finished products — 15 Net inventory \$ — 15

#### 4. Loan Payable to Officer

On *February 9, 2017*, the Company entered into an unsecured revolving promissory note to borrow up to \$3,400,000 from G. Ward Paxton, the Company's Chief Executive Officer (the "CEO Note"). Under the terms of the CEO Note, the Company *may* borrow, repay and reborrow on the loan as needed up to an outstanding principal balance due of \$3,400,000 at any given time through *March 2019*.

On *March 2*, 2017, the Company amended the CEO Note described above on the same terms, with the Company being able to borrow, repay, and re-borrow on the note as needed up to an outstanding principal balance due of \$3,700,000 at any given time through *March 2019*.

On *February 8, 2018*, the Company renewed the CEO Note on the same terms, with the Company being able to borrow, repay and reborrow on the CEO Note as needed up to an outstanding principal balance due of \$3,700,000 at any given time through *March 2020*.

Amounts borrowed under the CEO Note officer accrue interest at a floating rate per annum equal to Silicon Valley Bank's ("SVB") prime rate plus 1% (5.75% at March 31, 2018). All outstanding borrowings and accrued but unpaid interest is due on March 31, 2020. As of March 31, 2018, the borrowings outstanding totaled \$2,965,000 and accrued interest totaled \$388,000.

#### 5. Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

During the *three* month periods ended *March 31, 2018* and *2017*, the Company granted *no* stock options, respectively, to employees and contractors. The Company recognized *\$5,000* and *\$5,000*, respectively, in stock-based compensation expense for the *three* month periods ended *March 31, 2018* and *2017*. This expense is allocated to the appropriate employee department.

During the *three* month period ended *March 31*, 2018, 214,000 options were exercised under the 2005 Plan compared to 50,000 in the previous year comparative quarter.

#### **Valuation Assumptions**

The fair values of employee and director option awards were estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

Expected volatility is based on historical volatility and in part on implied volatility. The expected term considers the contractual term of the option as well as historical exercise and forfeiture behavior. The risk-free interest rate is based on the rates in effect on the grant date for U.S. Treasury instruments with maturities matching the relevant expected term of the award. Options granted to non-employees are valued using the fair market value on each measurement date of the option.

#### 6. Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities

Contract assets represent contract billings for sales per contracts with customers and are classified as current. Our contract assets include our accounts receivables. During the *three* months ended *March 31*, 2018, contract assets increased \$282,000 primarily from recognized revenue of contract renewals.

Contract liabilities consist of deferred revenue from advanced payments on revenues that have *not* been recognized on a contract. The Company classifies deferred revenue as current or non-current on the expected timing of sales recognition. For the *three* months ended *March 31*, 2018, the Company recognized revenue of \$330,000 from its contract liabilities balance at *January 1*, 2018 due to revenue recognition in accordance with contract terms.

#### 7. Net Income (Loss) Per Share

Basic net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares and dilutive common stock equivalents outstanding for the period. Our common stock equivalents include all common stock issuable upon conversion of preferred stock and the exercise of outstanding options and warrants. The aggregate number of common stock equivalents excluded from the diluted income(loss) per share calculation for the *three* month periods ending *March 31*, 2018 and 2017 are 280,000 and 3,263,277, respectively.

#### 8. Concentrations

Our operations are concentrated in *one* area—security software/entity identification. Sales to the U.S. Government through direct and indirect channels totaled 79.6% of total revenues for the *first* quarter of 2018 compared to 77.0% of total revenues for the *first* quarter of 2017. During the *first* quarter of 2018, approximately 66.3% of total revenues were attributable to *four* government customers compared to approximately 73.8% of total revenues attributable to *four* government customers in the *first* quarter of 2017. There was *one* individual commercial customer in the *first* quarter of 2018 attributable for 19.0% of total revenue compared to 19.9% of total revenue to *one* individual commercial customer for the same period in 2017. Our similar product and service offerings are *not* viewed as individual segments, as our management analyzes the business as a whole and expenses are *not* allocated to each product offering.

## 9. Commitments and Contingencies

We are subject from time to time to various legal proceedings and claims that arise during the ordinary course of our business. We do *not* believe that the outcome of those "routine" legal matters should have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, operating results or cash flows; however, we can provide *no* assurances that legal claims that *may* arise in the future will *not* have such a material impact on the Company.

## 10. Dividends Payable

During the quarter ended *March 31*, 2018, we accrued \$12,000 in dividends payable to the holders of our 5% Preferred Stock, \$15,000 in dividends payable to the holders of our Series 2 5% Preferred Stock and \$9,000 in

dividends payable to the holders of our Series 3 5% Preferred Stock. As of *March 31*, 2018 and 2017, we have \$483,000 and \$447,000, respectively, in accrued and unpaid dividends included in current liabilities.

Delaware law provides that we *may* only pay dividends out of our capital surplus or, if *no* surplus is available, out of our net profits for the fiscal year the dividend is declared and/or the preceding fiscal year. These dividends continue to accrue on all our outstanding shares of preferred stock, regardless of whether we are legally able to pay them. If we are unable to pay dividends on our preferred stock, we will be required to accrue an additional late fee penalty of *18*% per annum on the unpaid dividends for the Series 2 Preferred Stock and Series 3 Preferred Stock. Our CEO, CFO and *one* outside board member who are holders of our Series 2 and Series 3 Preferred Stock have waived any possible late fee penalties. In addition to this late penalty, the holders of our Series 2 Preferred Stock and Series 3 Preferred Stock could elect to present us with written notice of our failure to pay dividends as scheduled, in which case we would have 45 days to cure such a breach. In the event that we failed to cure the breach, the holders of these shares of preferred stock would then have the right to require us to redeem their shares of preferred stock for a cash amount calculated in accordance with their respective certificates of designation. If we were required to redeem all shares of Series 2 Preferred Stock and Series 3 Preferred Stock as of *April 30*, *2018*, the aggregate redemption price we would owe would be \$2.4 million.

# Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### **Forward Looking Statements**

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including, without limitation, the section entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Such forward-looking statements are generally accompanied by words such as "estimate," "expect," "believe," "should," "would," "could," "anticipate," "may" or other words that convey uncertainty of future events or outcomes. These statements relate to future events or to our future financial performance, and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations, which we describe in more detail elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q in Part II Item 1A "Risk Factors", and in our 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K in Item 1A "Risk Factors" include, but are not limited to:

insufficient cash to operate our business and inability to meet our liquidity requirements;

loss of revenues due to the failure of our newer products to achieve market acceptance;

our need to increase current revenue levels in order to achieve sustainable profitability;

concentration of our revenues from U.S. government entities or commercial customers and the possibility of loss of one of these customers and the unique risks associated with government customers;

our dependence on sales made through indirect channels;

our dependence on equity or debt financing provided primarily by our Chief Executive Officer under the CEO Note in order to meet our cash flow requirements;

the adverse effect that payment of accrued dividends on our preferred stock would have on our cash resources and the substantial dilution upon the conversion or redemption of our preferred stock;

the consequences of our inability to pay scheduled dividends on shares of our preferred stock;

the potentially detrimental impact that the conversion of preferred stock would have on the price of our common stock;

the ability of our preferred stockholders to hinder additional financing; and

the influence that our management and larger stockholders have over actions taken by the Company.

If one or more of these or other risks or uncertainties materialize, or if our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, actual results may vary significantly from what we projected. These forward-looking statements and other statements made elsewhere in this report are made in reliance on the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Any forward-looking statement you read in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or our Annual Report on Form 10-K reflects our current views with respect to future events and is subject to these and other risks, uncertainties and assumptions relating to our operations, results of operations, growth strategy and liquidity. We assume no obligation to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements for any reason, or to update the reasons actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements, even if new information becomes available in the future. The section below entitled "Factors That May Affect Future Results of Operations" sets forth and incorporates by reference certain factors that could cause actual future results of the Company to differ materially from these statements.

## Results of Operations

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, certain financial data as a percentage of net revenues. The period-to-period comparison of financial results is not necessarily indicative of future results.

|   | Three Months<br>Ended |                      |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
|   | March 31, 2018        | March 31, 2017       |
| Total revenue   | 100.0%                | 100.0 %              |
| Total cost of revenue   | 37.6                  | 37.4                 |
| Gross profit  | 62.4                  | 62.6                 |
| Operating expenses: Sales and marketing Research and development General and administrative | 18.3<br>13.4<br>13.1  | 23.2<br>37.5<br>21.2 |
| Operating income (loss)   | 17.6                  | (19.3)               |
| Interest expense, net   | (2.3)                 | (3.2)                |
| Income (loss) before income tax provision   | 15.3                  | (22.5)               |
| Income tax provision  | _                     | _                    |
| Net income (loss)<br>Preferred stock dividends accrued                                      | 15.3 %<br>(1.6 )      | (22.5 )%<br>(2.3 )   |
| Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders                                       | 13.7 %                | (24.8)%              |

|                   | <b>Three Months</b> |         |  |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------|--|
|                   | Ended               |         |  |
|                   | March               | March   |  |
|                   | 31,                 | 31,     |  |
|                   | 2018                | 2017    |  |
| Domestic revenues | 100.0%              | 100.0 % |  |
| Export revenues   | _                   | _       |  |

Net revenues 100.0 % 100.0 %

**Net Revenues**. Product revenues increased for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 at \$2.3 million, compared to \$1.6 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2017. TraceCop revenues increased to \$2.2 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, compared to \$1.5 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2017. Savant revenues remained constant at \$0.1 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 and 2017. Substantially all of our revenue for the quarters ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 were derived from TraceCop/Savant sales.

Concentration of Revenues. Revenues from sales to various U.S. government entities totaled \$1.8 million, or 79.6% of revenues, for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, compared to \$1.2 million, or 77.0% of revenues, for the same period in 2017. Although we expect our concentration of revenues to vary among customers in future periods depending upon the timing of certain sales, we anticipate that sales to government customers will continue to account for a significant portion of our revenues in future periods. Sales to the government present risks in addition to those involved in sales to commercial customers which could adversely affect our revenues, including, without limitation, potential disruption to appropriation and spending patterns and the government's reservation of the right to cancel contracts and purchase orders for its convenience. Although we do not anticipate that any of our revenues with government customers will be renegotiated, a large number of cancelled or renegotiated government orders could have a material adverse effect on our financial results. Currently, we are not aware of any proposed cancellation or renegotiation of any of our existing arrangements with government entities and, historically, government entities have not cancelled or renegotiated orders which had a material adverse effect on our business. There was one individual commercial customer in the first quarter of 2018 attributable for 19.0% of total revenue compared to 19.9% of total revenue to one individual commercial customer for the same period in 2017.

Gross Profit. Gross profit was \$1.4 million or 62.4% of net revenues for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, compared to \$1.0 million or 62.6% of net revenues for the quarter ended March 31, 2017. Gross profit on product revenues for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, remained at 62.4% compared to 62.6% for the quarter ended March 31, 2017, mainly due to TraceCop/Savant product mix. Gross profit as a percentage of net revenues is impacted by several factors, including shifts in product mix, changes in channels of distribution, revenue volume, pricing strategies, and fluctuations in revenues of integrated third-party products.

**Sales and Marketing**. Sales and marketing expenses remained constant at \$0.4 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 and 2017. Sales and marketing expenses may vary in the future. We believe that these costs may increase through the end of 2018, if we achieve anticipated increases in revenue.

**Research and Development**. Research and development expenses decreased to \$0.3 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, compared to \$0.6 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2017. The decrease in research and development expense was due to labor expense shifted to direct labor costs on existing projects. Research and development costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Research and development expenses may vary in the future; however, we believe that these costs will remain relatively constant through the end of 2018, although expenses may be increased if we achieve anticipated increases in revenue.

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses remained constant at \$0.3 million for the quarters ended March 31, 2018 and 2017. It is expected that general and administrative expenses will remain relatively constant throughout the remainder of 2018, although expenses may be increased if we achieve anticipated increases in revenue.

**Interest**. Net interest expense increased to \$53 thousand for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 compared to \$50 thousand interest expense for the same period in 2017. Net interest expense may vary in the future based on our level of borrowing, which will be affected by our cash flow, operating income (loss) and capital expenditures.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal source of liquidity at March 31, 2018, was approximately \$133 thousand of cash and cash equivalents. At March 31, 2018, we had a working capital deficiency of \$0.3 million compared to a \$0.6 million deficiency at March 31, 2017.

Net cash used in operations for the three months ended March 31, 2018, was \$206 thousand due the following uses of cash: \$330 thousand decrease in deferred revenue, a \$282 thousand increase in accounts receivable, and a \$92 thousand increase in prepaid expenses and other assets. This was partially offset by a net income of \$346 thousand and the following sources of cash and non-cash items: a \$87 thousand increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses, \$15 thousand decrease in Inventories, \$5 thousand in stock-based compensation, \$33 thousand in depreciation expense, and \$12 thousand in penalties and waived penalties on dividends. Net cash used in operations for the three months ended March 31, 2017, was \$417 thousand due to a net loss of \$351 thousand and the following uses of cash: \$329 thousand decrease in deferred revenue and a \$42 thousand increase in prepaid expenses and other assets. This was partially offset by the following sources of cash and non-cash items: a \$222 thousand decrease in accounts receivable, a \$16 thousand increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses, \$5 thousand in stock-based

compensation, \$55 thousand in depreciation expense, and \$7 thousand in penalties and waived penalties on dividends. Future fluctuations in working capital balances will be dependent upon several factors, including, but not limited to, quarterly sales volumes and timing of invoicing, and the accuracy of our forecasts of product demand and component requirements.

Net cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2018, was \$37 thousand for net purchases of property and equipment, compared to \$9 thousand for net purchases of property and equipment for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2018, was \$152 thousand resulting from proceeds of \$100 thousand from an officer's loan and \$70 thousand on the exercise of stock options. This was offset by a provision of cash for \$18 thousand payment on the principal of capital leases. Net cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2017, was \$555 thousand resulting from proceeds of \$580 thousand from an officer's loan and \$11 thousand on the exercise of stock options. This was offset by a provision of cash for \$36 thousand payment on the principal of capital leases.

At March 31, 2018, the Company did not have any material commitments for capital expenditures.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company funded its operations through the use of cash and cash equivalents and advances on the loan from our Chief Executive Officer.

As of March 31, 2018, we had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$133,000, down from approximately \$224,000 as of December 31, 2017. We generated net income of \$346,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 compared to a net loss of \$351,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2017. As of March 31, 2018, in addition to cash and cash equivalents of \$133,000, we had \$735,000 of funding available from a promissory note to borrow up to \$3.7 million from G. Ward Paxton, the Company's Chief Executive Officer. We are obligated to make payments of accrued dividends on all our outstanding shares of preferred stock that will reduce our available cash resources. Based on projections of growth in revenue and net income in the coming quarters, and the borrowings available previously mentioned, we believe that we will have sufficient cash resources to finance our operations and expected capital expenditures for the next twelve months. We expect to fund our operations through anticipated Company profits and borrowings from the Company's CEO, and possibly additional investments of private equity and debt, which, if we are able to obtain, will have the effect of diluting our existing common stockholders, perhaps significantly. Any equity or debt financings, if available at all, may be on terms which are not favorable to us and, in the case of equity financings, may result in dilution to our stockholders. If our operations do not generate positive cash flow in the upcoming year, or if we are not able to obtain additional debt or equity financing on terms and conditions acceptable to us, if at all, we may be unable to implement our business plan, fund our liquidity needs or even continue our operations.

We may explore the possible acquisitions of businesses, products and technologies that are complementary to our existing business. We are continuing to identify and prioritize additional security technologies, which we may wish to develop, either internally or through the licensing, or acquisition of products from third parties. While we may engage from time to time in discussions with respect to potential acquisitions, there can be no assurances that any such acquisitions will be made or that we will be able to successfully integrate any acquired business. In order to finance such acquisitions and working capital it may be necessary for us to raise additional funds through public or private financings. Any equity or debt financings, if available at all, may be on terms, which are not favorable to us and, in the case of equity financings, may result in dilution to our stockholders.

#### Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act, that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and we necessarily are required to apply our judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures.

Our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2018, and concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Our management, with the participation of our principal officer and principal financial officer, evaluated our "internal control over financial reporting" (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) as of December 31, 2017. There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2018, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are subject from time to time to various legal proceedings and claims that arise during the ordinary course of our business. We do not believe that the outcome of those "routine" legal matters should have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, operating results or cash flows; however, we can provide no assurances that legal claims that may arise will not have such a material impact in the future.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

#### **Factors That May Affect Future Results of Operations**

We are providing the following information regarding changes that have occurred to previously disclosed risk factors from our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. In addition to the other information set forth below and elsewhere in this report, you should consider the factors discussed under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. The risks described in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

We may not have sufficient cash to operate our business and may not be able to maintain certain liquidity requirements under our existing debt instruments. Additional debt and equity offerings to fund future operations may not be available and, if available, may significantly dilute the value of our currently outstanding common stock.

As of March 31, 2018, we had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$123,000, down from approximately \$224,000 as of December 31, 2017. We generated net income of \$346,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 compared to a net loss of \$351,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2017. As of March 31, 2018, in addition to cash and cash equivalents of \$133,000, we had \$735,000 of funding available from a promissory note to borrow up to \$3.7 million from G. Ward Paxton, the Company's Chief Executive Officer. We are obligated to make payments of accrued dividends on all our outstanding shares of preferred stock that will reduce our available cash resources. Based on projections of growth in revenue and net income in the coming quarters, and the borrowings available previously mentioned, we believe that we will have sufficient cash resources to finance our operations and expected capital expenditures for the next twelve months. We expect to fund our operations through anticipated Company profits and borrowings from the Company's CEO, and possibly additional investments of private equity and debt, which, if we are able to obtain, will have the effect of diluting our existing common stockholders, perhaps significantly. Any equity or debt financings, if available at all, may be on terms which are not favorable to us and, in the case of equity financings, may result in dilution to our stockholders. If our operations do not generate positive cash flow in the upcoming year, or if we are not able to obtain additional debt or equity financing on terms and conditions acceptable to us, if at all, we may be unable to implement our business plan, fund our liquidity needs or even continue our operations.

We had net income of \$346 thousand for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, and have an accumulated deficit of \$61.2 million as of March 31, 2018. To achieve annual profitability, we must sustain current or increased revenue levels.

For the quarter ended March 31, 2018, we generated net income of \$346 thousand and had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$61.2 million as of March 31, 2018, compared to a net loss of \$351 thousand for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 and an accumulated deficit of approximately \$61.9 million at March 31, 2017. We need to sustain current or greater revenue levels from the sales of our products if we are to achieve annual profitability. If we are unable to achieve these revenue levels, losses could happen for the near term and possibly longer, and we may not sustain profitability or generate positive cash flow from operations.

A large percentage of our revenues are received from U.S. government entities/resellers, and the loss of any one of these customers could reduce our revenues and materially harm our business and prospects.

A large percentage of our revenues result from sales to U.S. government entities/resellers. If we were to lose one or more of these key relationships, our revenues could decline and our business and prospects may be materially harmed. We expect that even if we are successful in developing relationships with non-governmental customers, our revenues

will continue to be concentrated among government entities. For the quarter ended March 31, 2018, sales to U.S. government entities/resellers collectively accounted for 79.6% of our revenues, compared to 77.0% for the comparable period in 2017. The loss of any of these key relationships may send a negative message to other U.S. government entities or non-governmental customers concerning our product offering. We cannot assure you that U.S. government entities will be customers of ours in future periods or that we will be able to diversify our customer portfolio to adequately mitigate the risk of loss of any of these customers.

A large percentage of our revenues are from one product line with a limited number of customers, and the decrease of revenue from sales of this product line could materially harm our business and prospects.

A large percentage of our revenues result from sales of our security product line. TraceCop revenues were \$2.2 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, compared to \$1.5 million for the first quarter 2017. There was one individual commercial customer in the first quarter of 2018 attributable for 19.0% of total revenue compared to one individual customer at 19.9% for the same period in 2017. If sales of this key product line and individual customer, were to decrease, our revenues could decline and our business and prospects may be materially harmed.

We are highly dependent on sales made through indirect channels, the loss of which would materially adversely affect our operations.

We derived 79.6% of revenue in the first quarter of 2018 through indirect channels of mainly government resellers, compared to 77.0% of our revenues in the quarter ended March 31, 2017. We must continue to expand our sales through these indirect channels in order to increase our revenues. We cannot assure you that our products will gain market acceptance in these indirect sales channels or that sales through these indirect sales channels will increase our revenues. Further, many of our competitors are also trying to sell their products through these indirect sales channels, which could result in lower prices and reduced profit margins for sales of our products.

You will experience substantial dilution upon the conversion or redemption of the shares of preferred stock that we issued in our private placements or in the event we raise additional funds through the issuance of new shares of our common stock or securities convertible or exercisable into shares of common stock.

On April 30, 2018, we had 13,016,836 shares of common stock outstanding. Upon conversion of all outstanding shares of preferred stock, we will have 14,084,279 shares of common stock outstanding, approximately an 8.2% increase in the number of shares of our common stock outstanding.

In addition, management may issue additional shares of common stock or securities exercisable or convertible into shares of common stock in order to finance our continuing operations. Any future issuances of such securities would have additional dilutive effects on the existing holders of our Common Stock.

Further, the occurrence of certain events could entitle holders of our Series 2 Preferred Stock and Series 3 Preferred Stock to require us to redeem their shares for a certain number of shares of our common stock. Assuming (i) we have paid all liquidated damages and other amounts to the holders, (ii) paid all outstanding dividends, (iii) a volume weighted average price of \$1.00, which was the ten-day volume weighted average closing price of our common stock on April 30, 2018, and (iv) our 13,016,836 shares of common stock outstanding on April 30, 2018, upon exercise of their redemption right by the holders of the Series 3 Preferred Stock and the Series 2 Preferred Stock, we would be obligated to issue approximately 450,000 shares of our common stock. This would represent an increase of approximately 3.5% in the number of shares of our common stock as of April 30, 2018.

The conversion of preferred stock we issued in the private placements may cause the price of our common stock to decline.

The holders of the shares of our 5% Preferred Stock may freely convert their shares of preferred stock and sell the underlying shares of common stock pursuant to Rule 144 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. As of April 30, 2018, 800,000 shares of our 5% Preferred Stock had converted into 1,272,263 shares of common stock and 200,000 shares of our 5% preferred stock remain outstanding.

The holders of the shares of Series 2 5% Preferred Stock may freely convert their shares of preferred stock and sell the underlying shares of common stock pursuant to Rule 144 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. As of April 30, 2018, 605,200 shares of Series 2 Preferred Stock had converted into 605,200 shares of common stock and 460,000 shares of Series 2 5% preferred stock remain outstanding.

The holders of the shares of Series 3 5% Preferred Stock may freely convert their shares of Series 3 Preferred Stock and sell the underlying shares of common stock pursuant to Rule 144 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. As of April 30, 2018, 275,230 shares of Series 3 Preferred Stock had converted into 275,230 shares of common stock and 289,377 shares of Series 3 5% preferred stock remain outstanding.

For the four weeks ended on April 27, 2018, the average daily trading volume of our common stock on the OTCQB was 407 shares. Consequently, if holders of preferred stock elect to convert their remaining shares and sell a material amount of their underlying shares of common stock on the open market, the increase in selling activity could cause a decline in the market price of our common stock. Furthermore, these sales, or the potential for these sales, could encourage short sales, causing additional downward pressure on the market price of our common stock.

Our management and larger stockholders exercise significant control over our company and have the ability to approve or take actions that may be adverse to your interests.

As of April 30, 2018, our executive officers, directors and preferred stockholders beneficially own approximately 31% of our voting power. In addition, other related parties control approximately 30% of voting power. As a result, these stockholders will be able to exercise significant control over all matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors and approval of significant corporate transactions, which could delay or prevent someone from acquiring or merging with us. These stockholders may use their influence to approve or take actions that may be adverse to the interests of holders of our Common Stock. Further, we contemplate the possible issuance of shares of our Common Stock or of securities exercisable or convertible into shares of our Common Stock in the future to our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Any such issuance will increase the percentage of stock our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and our management group beneficially holds.

#### Item 6. Exhibits

The following Exhibits are filed with this report form 10-Q:

- 31.1 <u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act.</u>
- 31.2 <u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act.</u>
- 32.1 Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxlev Act of 2002.
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

## INTRUSION INC.

Date: May 10, 2018 /s/ G. Ward Paxton

G. Ward Paxton Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive

Officer)

Date: May 10, 2018 /s/ Michael L. Paxton

Michael L. Paxton Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer & Secretary (Principal Financial & Accounting Officer)