People's Utah Bancorp
Form 10-Q
November 12, 2015

**UNITED STATES** 

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2015

oTRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-37416

### PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

UTAH 87-0622021 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

1 East Main Street, American Fork, Utah 84095 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(801) 642-3998

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes No o

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer

o

Non-accelerated filer  $\,x$  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company o Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). o Yes No  $\,x$ 

The number of shares of Registrant's common stock outstanding on November 9, 2015 was 17,525,418. No preferred shares are issued or outstanding.

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## UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30,	December 31,
(Dollars in thousands, except share data)	2015	2014
ASSETS Cash and due from banks	¢20.979	\$30,277
	\$20,878	
Interest bearing deposits	119,994	16,701
Federal funds sold	1,211	724
Total cash and cash equivalents	142,083	47,702
Investment securities:	211 120	205 (25
Available for sale, at fair value	311,138	295,637
Held to maturity, at historical cost	49,292	35,202
Total investment securities	360,430	330,839
Non-marketable equity securities	1,644	2,628
Loans held for sale	9,907	12,272
Loans:		
Loans held for investment	993,464	940,457
Less allowance for loan losses	(15,527	
Total loans held for investment, net	977,937	925,306
Premises and equipment, net	22,395	21,608
Accrued interest receivable	5,910	5,253
Deferred income tax assets	7,407	7,682
Other real estate owned	619	1,673
Bank-owned life insurance	19,028	6,657
Other assets	6,595	5,505
Total assets	\$1,553,955	\$1,367,125
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits:		
Non-interest bearing deposits	\$428,852	\$327,075
Interest bearing deposits	904,021	872,158
Total deposits	1,332,873	1,199,233
Short-term borrowings	2,414	1,496
Accrued interest payable	312	343
Dividends payable		2,066
Other liabilities	11,747	6,328
Total liabilities	1,347,346	1,209,466
Commitments and contingencies	, ,	, ,
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred shares, \$0.01 par value: 3,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued	_	_
Common shares, \$0.01 par value: 30,000,000 shares authorized; 17,491,552		
and 14,758,121 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2015		
and December 31, 2014, respectively	175	148

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Additional paid-in capital	66,769	31,137
Retained earnings	138,388	125,595
Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,277	779
Total shareholders' equity	206,609	157,659
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,553,955	\$1,367,125

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

## UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months September 30	
Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)	2015	2014	2015	2014
nterest income				
nterest and fees on loans	\$15,095	\$13,285	\$43,250	\$38,019
nterest and dividends on investments	1,424	1,537	4,171	4,893
Total interest income	16,519	14,822	47,421	42,912
nterest expense	730	826	2,230	2,465
Net interest income	15,789	13,996	45,191	40,447
Provision for loan losses	200	600	800	1,100
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	15,589	13,396	44,391	39,347
Non-interest income				
Service charges on deposit accounts	613	725	1,870	2,138
Card processing	1,079	1,067	3,147	3,126
Mortgage banking	1,841	1,587	5,638	4,622
Other operating	432	332	1,597	1,470
Total non-interest income	3,965	3,711	12,252	11,356
Non-interest expense				
Salaries and employee benefits	7,323	6,974	21,825	20,718
Occupancy, equipment and depreciation	969	976	2,914	2,837
Data processing	811	756	2,348	2,301
FDIC premiums	186	188	564	595
Card processing	512	497	1,516	1,563
Other real estate owned	11	5	68	323
Marketing and advertising	279	219	656	602
Merger-related expenses	_	96	_	711
Other	1,353	1,341	4,255	4,222
Total non-interest expense	11,444	11,052	34,146	33,872
ncome before income tax expense	8,110	6,055	22,497	16,831
ncome tax expense	2,844	2,157	7,769	5,995
Net income	\$5,266	\$3,898	\$14,728	\$10,836
Earnings per common share:				
Basic	\$0.30	\$0.27	\$0.93	\$0.74
Diluted	\$0.29	\$0.26	\$0.90	\$0.72
Veighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic				
	17,467,161 18,105,768	14,709,192	15,821,403	14,661,670

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

## UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Three Months Ended		Nine Mor Ended	nths
	Septem	ber 30,	September 30,	
(in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net income	\$5,266	\$3,898	\$14,728	\$10,836
Other comprehensive income				
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on securities available for sale	761	(420)	799	1,429
Tax effect	285	(161)	301	556
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on securities available for				
sale, net of tax	476	(259)	498	873
Total comprehensive income	\$5,742	\$3,639	\$15,226	\$11,709

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

# UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

					Accumulated	
			Additional		Other	
	Common		Paid-in	Retained	Comprehensiv	'e
(Dollars in thousands, except share data)	Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings	Income (Loss)	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2014	14,615,310	\$ 146	\$ 30,149	\$113,933	\$ (556	) \$143,672
Comprehensive income		_		10,836	873	11,709
Cash dividends declared (\$0.08 per						
share)	_	_	<del></del>	(1,177)		(1,177)
Share-based compensation			164			164
Exercise of stock options	103,624	1	487	_	_	488
Balance as of September 30, 2014	14,718,934	\$ 147	\$ 30,800	\$123,592	\$ 317	\$154,856
Balance as of January 1, 2015	14,758,121	\$ 148	\$ 31,137	\$125,595	\$ 779	\$157,659
Comprehensive income				14,728	498	15,226
Cash dividends declared (\$0.12 per						
share)	_	_	_	(1,935)		(1,935)
Share-based compensation			363	_		363
Issuance of common shares	2,657,000	27	34,870	_	<del>_</del>	34,897
Exercise of stock options	76,431		399	_	_	399
Balance as of September 30, 2015	17,491,552	\$ 175	\$ 66,769	\$138,388	\$ 1,277	\$206,609

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

### UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Nine Month September 3	
(in thousands)	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$14,728	\$10,836
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Provision for loan losses	800	1,100
Depreciation and amortization	1,901	1,646
Net gain on sales of other real estate owned	(153)	(30)
Deferred income taxes	(26)	(34)
Net amortization of securities discounts and premiums	2,354	2,193
Other	344	131
Gain on sale of loans held for sale	(4,086)	(3,076)
Originations of loans held for sale	(173,366)	(138,449)
Proceeds from sale of loans held for sale	179,817	140,570
Net changes in:		
Accrued interest receivable	(657)	(539)
Other assets	(1,304)	
Accrued interest payable	(31)	(25)
Other liabilities	5,419	(80)
Net cash provided by operating activities	25,740	13,427
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Net change in loans held for investment	(53,431)	(66,446)
Purchase of available-for-sale securities	(105,728)	
Purchase of held-to-maturity securities	(22,532)	
Proceeds from maturities/sales of available-for-sale securities	88,917	95,161
Proceeds from maturities of held-to-maturity securities	8,196	6,286
Purchase of bank-owned life insurance	(12,157)	
Purchase of premises and equipment	(2,668)	
Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned, net of improvements	1,207	2,304
Proceeds from sale of non-marketable equity securities	984	78
Net cash used in investing activities	(97,212)	(88,434)
Cash flows from financing activities:	(- ', ', ', ', ',	(, )
Net increase in non-interest bearing deposits	101,777	36,897
Net increase in interest bearing deposits	31,863	13,900
Issuance of common shares	34,897	_
Proceeds related to exercise of stock options	399	488
Net change in short-term borrowings	918	375
Cash dividends paid	(4,001)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	165,853	50,483
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	94,381	(24,524)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	47,702	94,406
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$142,083	\$69,882

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Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$2,032	\$2,258
Income taxes paid	\$7,380	\$5,930
Supplemental disclosures of non-cash transactions:		
Reclassifications from loans to other real estate owned	<b>\$</b> —	\$282
Unrealized gains on securities available for sale	\$799	\$1,429
See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.		

### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 — Basis of Presentation

People's Utah Bancorp, Inc. ("PUB" or the "Company") is a Utah corporation headquartered in American Fork, Utah. The Company's subsidiaries historically included Bank of American Fork ("BAF") and Lewiston State Bank ("LSB"). On September 29, 2015, the Company completed the merger of charters of BAF and LSB and renamed the combined bank People's Intermountain Bank ("PIB" or the "Bank"). BAF and LSB will continue to do business as registered names of PIB.

The interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company together with its subsidiary Bank. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial information. In the opinion of management, the interim statements reflect all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company on a consolidated basis and all such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. These financial statements and the accompanying notes should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013. Operating results for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015 or any other period.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term relate to the determination of the allowance for loan losses, the valuation of real estate acquired through foreclosure, deferred tax assets, and share-based compensation.

Earnings per share — Basic earnings per common share represents income available to common shareholders divided by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect additional common shares that would have been outstanding if dilutive potential common shares had been issued. Potential common shares includes shares that may be issued by the Company for outstanding stock options determined using the treasury stock method and for all outstanding restricted stock units ("RSU").

Earnings per common share have been computed based on the following:

Three Months Ended Nine Months Ended September 30, September 30, 2015 2014 2015

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

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Numerator				
Net income	\$5,266	\$3,898	\$14,728	\$10,836
Denominator				
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding	17,467,161	14,709,192	15,821,403	14,661,670
Incremental shares assumed for stock options and RSUs	638,607	433,244	552,631	427,764
Weighted-average number of dilutive shares outstanding	18,105,768	15,142,436	16,374,034	15,089,434
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.30	\$0.27	\$0.93	\$0.74
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.29	\$0.26	\$0.90	\$0.72

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2 — Investment Securities

Amortized cost and approximate fair values of investment securities available for sale are summarized as follows:

			Gross
			Unrealized
			Losses
			Less 12
		Gross	Than Months
	Amortized	Unrealized	12 or Fair
(in thousands)	Cost	Gain	Months Longer Value
As of September 30, 2015			
U.S. Government-sponsored securities	\$86,465	\$ 169	\$(14) \$ — \$86,620
Municipal securities	41,523	1,044	(20 ) — 42,547
Mortgage-backed securities	171,102	1,721	(292) (358) 172,173
Corporate securities	10,000	_	(85) (117) 9,798
	\$309,090	\$ 2,934	\$(411) \$ (475 ) \$311,138
As of December 31, 2014			
U.S. Government-sponsored securities	\$43,170	\$ 20	\$(114) \$ (42 ) \$43,034
Municipal securities	48,965	1,377	(34) — 50,308
Mortgage-backed securities	192,265	889	(723) (347) 192,084
Corporate securities	9,988	354	— (131 ) 10,211
	\$294,388	\$ 2,640	\$(871) \$(520) \$295,637

Carrying amounts and estimated fair values of securities held-to-maturity are as follows:

			Gross
			Unrealized
			Losses
			Less 12
		Gross	Than Months
	Amortized	Unrealized	12 or Fair
(in thousands)	Cost	Gain	MonthsLonger Value
As of September 30, 2015			
Municipal securities	\$ 47,060	\$ 203	\$(68) \$ (1) \$47,194
Certificates of deposit	2,232	8	<b>— —</b> 2,240
	\$ 49,292	\$ 211	\$(68) \$ (1) \$49,434
As of December 31, 2014			
Municipal securities	\$ 32,970	\$ 116	\$(18) \$ (3) \$33,065
Certificates of deposit	2,232	<u> </u>	(3) — 2,229

\$ 35,202 \$ 116 \$ (21) \$ (3) \$ 35,294

The amortized cost and estimated fair values of investment securities that are available-for-sale and held-to-maturity at September 30, 2015, by contractual maturity, are as follows:

	Available- Amortized		Held-to-maturity AmortizedFair		
(in thousands)	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	
Securities maturing in:					
One year or less	\$11,326	\$11,377	\$5,159	\$5,162	
After one year through five years	111,280	112,037	31,884	31,927	
After five years through ten years	55,121	55,513	12,249	12,345	
After ten years	131,363	132,211	_		
•	\$309,090	\$311,138	\$49,292	\$49,434	

Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call obligations with or without penalties.

### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Note 2 — Investment Securities – Continued

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company held 118 and 141 investment securities, respectively, with fair values less than amortized cost. Management evaluated these investment securities and determined that the decline in value is temporary and related to the change in market interest rates since purchase. The decline in value is not related to any company or industry specific event. The Company anticipates full recovery of the amortized cost with respect to these securities at maturity, or sooner in the event of a more favorable market interest rate environment.

#### Note 3 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

Loans are summarized as follows:

	September	December 21
(in thousands)	30, 2015	31, 2014
Loans held for investment:	2013	2014
Commercial real estate loans:		
Real estate term	\$ 544,788	\$521,536
Construction and land development	157,332	155,117
Total commercial real estate loans	702,120	676,653
Commercial and industrial loans	208,125	178,116
Consumer loans:		
Residential and home equity	70,905	73,515
Consumer and other	15,838	15,421
Total consumer loans	86,743	88,936
Total gross loans	996,988	943,705
Less:		
Net deferred loan fees	(3,524)	(3,248)
Total loans	993,464	940,457
Less: allowance for loan losses	(15,527)	(15,151)
Total loans held for investment, net	\$977,937	\$925,306

Changes in the allowance for loan losses are as follows:

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	Real Estate	Construction and Land	Commercial and	Residential and	Consumer and	
(in thousands)	Term	Development	Industrial	Home Equity	Other	Total
Balance at beginning of period	\$5,184	\$ 3,852	\$ 5,694	\$ 692	\$ 233	\$15,655
Additions: Provisions for loan losses	1,381	(78	(1,133	) (15 )	45	200
Deductions:						
Gross loan charge-offs	(1)	(151	(201	) —	(53	(406)
Recoveries	5	2	31	16	24	78
Net loan charge-offs	4	(149	(170	) 16	(29	) (328 )
Balance at end of period	\$6,569	\$ 3,625	\$ 4,391	\$ 693	\$ 249	\$15,527

### PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses – Continued

			September 30, 2			
	Real	Construction				•
	Estate	and Land	and	and	and	
(in thousands)	Term	Developmen	t Industrial	Home Equity	Other	Total
Balance at beginning of period	\$7,071	\$ 2,866	\$ 3,479	\$ 740	\$ 219	\$14,375
Additions: Provisions for loan losses	(920)	991	453	37	39	600
Deductions:						
Gross loan charge-offs	(269)	(1	) (15	) —	(52	) (337 )
Recoveries	6	30	16	18	32	102
Net loan charge-offs	(263)	29	1	18	(20	) (235 )
Balance at end of period	\$5,888	\$ 3,886	\$ 3,933	\$ 795	\$ 238	\$14,740
	Nine Mo Real Estate	onths Ended S Construction and Land	eptember 30, 20 Commercial and	Residential and	Consumer and	
(in thousands)	Term	Development	t Industrial	Home Equity	Other	Total
Balance at beginning of period	\$5,181	\$ 4,425	\$ 4,608	\$ 671	\$ 266	\$15,151
Additions: Provisions for loan losses	1,316	(442	) (129	(41	) 96	800
Deductions:						
Gross loan charge-offs	(2)	(396	) (235	) —	(174	) (807 )
Recoveries	74	38	147	63	61	383
Net loan charge-offs	72	(358	) (88	63	(113	) (424 )
Balance at end of period	\$6,569	\$ 3,625	\$ 4,391	\$ 693	\$ 249	\$15,527
	Nine Mo Real Estate	onths Ended S Construction and Land	eptember 30, 20 Commercial and		Consumer	•
(in thousands)	Term	Developmen	t Industrial	Equity	Other	Total
Balance at beginning of period	\$7,268	\$ 2,915	\$ 3,105	\$ 838	\$ 264	\$14,390
Additions: Provisions for loan losses Deductions:	(911)	611	1,324	(68	) 144	1,100
Gross loan charge-offs	(663)	(1	) (546	) (6	(270	) (1,486)
Recoveries	194	361	50	31	100	736
Net loan charge-offs	(469)	360	(496	25	(170	) (750 )
Balance at end of period	\$5,888	\$ 3,886	\$ 3,933	\$ 795	\$ 238	\$14,740

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses – Continued

Non-accrual loans are summarized as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
(in thousands)	2015	2014
Non-accrual loans, not troubled debt restructured:		
Real estate term	\$ 6,091	\$ 1,465
Construction and land development	57	578
Commercial and industrial	906	1,787
Residential and home equity	425	428
Consumer and other	12	63
Total non-accrual loans, not troubled debt restructured	7,491	4,321
Troubled debt restructured loans, non-accrual:		
Real estate term	1,046	1,106
Construction and land development	821	933
Commercial and industrial	22	1,200
Residential and home equity		289
Consumer and other	_	_
Total troubled debt restructured loans, non-accrual	1,889	3,528
Total non-accrual loans	\$ 9,380	\$ 7,849

Troubled debt restructured loans are summarized as follows:

	September	December
	30,	31,
(in thousands)	2015	2014
Accruing troubled debt restructured loans	\$ 7,647	\$ 8,399
Non-accrual troubled debt restructured loans	1,889	3,528
Total troubled debt restructured loans	\$ 9,536	\$ 11,927

A restructured loan is considered a troubled debt restructured loan ("TDR"), if the Company, for economic or legal reasons related to the debtor's financial difficulties, grants a concession in terms or a below-market interest rate to the debtor that it would not otherwise consider. Each TDR loan is separately negotiated with the borrower and includes terms and conditions that reflect the borrower's prospective ability to service the debt as modified.

Current and past due loans held for investment (accruing and non-accruing) are summarized as follows:

	September	30, 2015	5			
		30-89 Days	90+ Days		Total	Total
(in thousands)	Current	Past Due	Past Due	Non-accrual	Past Due	Loans
Commercial real estate:						
Real estate term	\$536,464	\$1,187	\$ -	\$ 7,137	\$8,324	\$544,788
Construction and land development	154,645	1,809	-	878	2,687	157,332
Total commercial real estate	691,109	2,996	-	8,015	11,011	702,120
Commercial and industrial	206,305	892	-	928	1,820	208,125
Consumer:						
Residential and home equity	69,668	812	-	425	1,237	70,905
Consumer and other	15,395	428	3	12	443	15,838
Total consumer	85,063	1,240	3	437	1,680	86,743
Total gross loans	\$982,477	\$5,128	\$ 3	\$ 9,380	\$14,511	\$996,988

#### PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses – Continued

	December	31, 2014	_			
		30-89 Days	90+ Days		Total	Total
(in thousands)	Current	Past Due	Past Due	Non-accrual	Past Due	Loans
Commercial real estate:						
Real estate term	\$514,873	\$4,092	\$ -	\$ 2,571	\$6,663	\$521,536
Construction and land development	150,906	2,700	-	1,511	4,211	155,117
Total commercial real estate	665,779	6,792	-	4,082	10,874	676,653
Commercial and industrial	173,679	1,450	-	2,987	4,437	178,116
Consumer:						
Residential and home equity	71,616	1,182	-	717	1,899	73,515
Consumer and other	14,970	373	15	63	451	15,421
Total consumer	86,586	1,555	15	780	2,350	88,936
Total gross loans	\$926,044	\$9,797	\$ 15	\$ 7,849	\$17,661	\$943,705

Credit Quality Indicators:

In addition to past due and non-accrual criteria, the Company also analyzes loans using a loan grading system. Performance-based grading follows the Company's definitions of Pass, Special Mention, Substandard and Doubtful, which are consistent with published definitions of regulatory risk classifications.

Definitions of Pass, Special Mention, Substandard and Doubtful are summarized as follows:

Pass: A Pass asset is higher quality and does not fit any of the other categories described below. The likelihood of loss is considered remote.

Special Mention: A Special Mention asset has potential weaknesses that may be temporary or, if left uncorrected, may result in a loss. While concerns exist, the Company is currently protected and loss is considered unlikely and not imminent.

Substandard: A Substandard asset is inadequately protected by the current sound net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Assets so classified have well defined weaknesses and are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Company may sustain some loss if deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful: A Doubtful asset has all the weaknesses inherent in a Substandard asset with the added characteristics that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full highly questionable.

For Consumer loans, the Company generally assigns internal risk grades similar to those described above based on payment performance.

Outstanding loan balances (accruing and non-accruing) categorized by these credit quality indicators are summarized as follows:

	September	30, 2015			
		Special	Substandard	Total	Total
(in thousands)	Pass	Mention	and Doubtful	Loans	Allowance
Commercial real estate:					
Real estate term	\$513,775	\$20,283	\$ 10,730	\$544,788	\$ 6,569
Construction and land development	149,667	3,002	4,663	157,332	3,625
Total commercial real estate	663,442	23,285	15,393	702,120	10,194
Commercial and industrial	194,292	9,781	4,052	208,125	4,391
Consumer loans:					
Residential and home equity	66,367	1,506	3,032	70,905	693
Consumer and other	15,647	44	147	15,838	249
Total consumer	82,014	1,550	3,179	86,743	942
Total	\$939,748	\$34,616	\$ 22,624	\$996,988	\$ 15,527

### PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses – Continued

	December 31, 2014						
		Special	Substandard	Total	Total		
(in thousands)	Pass	Mention	and Doubtful	Loans	Allowance		
Commercial real estate:							
Real estate term	\$492,239	\$22,019	\$ 7,278	\$521,536	\$ 5,181		
Construction and land development	141,526	7,110	6,481	155,117	4,425		
Total commercial real estate	633,765	29,129	13,759	676,653	9,606		
Commercial and industrial	167,745	4,874	5,497	178,116	4,608		
Consumer loans:							
Residential and home equity	67,506	2,484	3,525	73,515	671		
Consumer and other	15,178	11	232	15,421	266		
Total consumer	82,684	2,495	3,757	88,936	937		
Total	\$884,194	\$36,498	\$ 23,013	\$943,705	\$ 15,151		

The ALLL and outstanding loan balances reviewed according to the Company's impairment method are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	September Real Estate Term	30, 2015 Construction and Land Development	Commercial and Industrial	Residential and Home Equity	Consumer and Other	Total
Allowance for loan losses:				-4		
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$354	\$ 106	\$ 1,280	\$ 138	\$ 15	\$1,893
Collectively evaluated for impairment	6,215	3,519	3,111	555	234	13,634
Total	\$6,569	\$ 3,625	\$ 4,391	\$ 693	\$ 249	\$15,527
Outstanding loan balances:						
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$13,175	\$ 4,657	\$ 4,379	\$ 2,978	\$ 31	\$25,220
Collectively evaluated for impairment	531,613	152,675	203,746	67,927	15,807	971,768
Total gross loans	\$544,788	\$ 157,332	\$ 208,125	\$ 70,905	\$ 15,838	\$996,988
	December	31, 2014				
	Real Estate	Construction and Land	Commercial and	Residential and	Consumer and	
(in thousands)	Term	Development	Industrial	Home Equity	Other	Total
Allowance for loan losses:						
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$519	\$ 613	\$ 977	\$ 134	\$ <i>—</i>	\$2,243

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Collectively evaluated for impairment	4,662	3,812	3,631	537	266	12,908
Total	\$5,181	\$ 4,425	\$ 4,608	\$ 671	\$ 266	\$15,151
Outstanding loan balances:						
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$10,409	\$ 5,811	\$ 5,627	\$ 3,381	\$ 33	\$25,261
Collectively evaluated for impairment	511,127	149,306	172,489	70,134	15,388	918,444
Total gross loans	\$521,536	\$ 155,117	\$ 178,116	\$ 73,515	\$ 15,421	\$943,705

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses – Continued

Information on impaired loans is summarized as follows:

	September 30, 2015						
		Recorded	Investment				
	Unpaid			Total			
	Principal	With No	With	Recorded	Related		
(in thousands)	Balance	Allowand	ceAllowance	Investment	Allowance		
Commercial real estate:							
Real estate term	\$13,363	\$10,912	\$ 2,263	\$ 13,175	\$ 354		
Construction and land development	6,475	3,917	740	4,657	106		
Total commercial real estate	19,838	14,829	3,003	17,832	460		
Commercial and industrial	4,953	1,152	3,227	4,379	1,280		
Consumer loans:							
Residential and home equity	3,039	2,178	800	2,978	138		
Consumer and other	59	16	15	31	15		
Total consumer	3,098	2,194	815	3,009	153		
Total	\$27,889	\$18,175	\$ 7,045	\$ 25,220	\$ 1,893		
	Decembe	r 31, 2014					
	Decembe		I Investment				
	Decembe Unpaid			Total			
				Total Recorded	Related		
(in thousands)	Unpaid	Recorded With No	I Investment				
(in thousands) Commercial real estate:	Unpaid Principal	Recorded With No	I Investment With	Recorded			
· ·	Unpaid Principal	Recorded With No	I Investment With	Recorded			
Commercial real estate:	Unpaid Principal Balance	With No Allowand	With ceAllowance	Recorded Investment	Allowance		
Commercial real estate: Real estate term	Unpaid Principal Balance \$11,588	With No Allowand \$8,440	With eeAllowance \$ 1,969	Recorded Investment \$ 10,409	Allowance \$ 519		
Commercial real estate: Real estate term Construction and land development	Unpaid Principal Balance \$11,588 7,601	With No Allowand \$8,440 3,721	With ceAllowance \$ 1,969 2,090	Recorded Investment \$ 10,409 5,811	Allowance \$ 519 613		
Commercial real estate: Real estate term Construction and land development Total commercial real estate	Unpaid Principal Balance \$11,588 7,601 19,189	With No Allowand \$8,440 3,721 12,161	With ceAllowance \$ 1,969 2,090 4,059	Recorded Investment \$ 10,409 5,811 16,220	Allowance \$ 519 613 1,132		
Commercial real estate: Real estate term Construction and land development Total commercial real estate Commercial and industrial	Unpaid Principal Balance \$11,588 7,601 19,189	With No Allowand \$8,440 3,721 12,161	With ceAllowance \$ 1,969 2,090 4,059	Recorded Investment \$ 10,409 5,811 16,220	Allowance \$ 519 613 1,132		
Commercial real estate: Real estate term Construction and land development Total commercial real estate Commercial and industrial Consumer loans:	Unpaid Principal Balance \$11,588 7,601 19,189 6,066	With No Allowand \$8,440 3,721 12,161 4,043	With ceAllowance \$ 1,969 2,090 4,059 1,584	Recorded Investment \$ 10,409 5,811 16,220 5,627	Allowance \$ 519 613 1,132 977		
Commercial real estate: Real estate term Construction and land development Total commercial real estate Commercial and industrial Consumer loans: Residential and home equity	Unpaid Principal Balance \$11,588 7,601 19,189 6,066 3,604	With No Allowand \$8,440 3,721 12,161 4,043	With ceAllowance \$ 1,969 2,090 4,059 1,584	Recorded Investment \$ 10,409	Allowance \$ 519 613 1,132 977		

The interest income recognized on impaired loans was as follows:

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	Three Months Ended							
	Septembe	0, 2015	September 30, 2014					
	Average	In	terest	Average	terest			
	Recorded	In	come	Recorded Income				
(in thousands)	Investme	nRe	ecognition	InvestmenRecognitio				
Commercial real estate:								
Real estate term	\$10,440	\$	85	\$12,141	\$	84		
Construction and land development	5,161		109	7,843		80		
Total commercial real estate	15,602		194	19,984		164		
Commercial and industrial	5,024		44	7,019		71		
Consumer loans:								
Residential and home equity	2,819		24	3,084		29		
Consumer and other	32		-	92		1		
Total consumer	2,851		24	3,176		30		
Total	\$23,476	\$	262	\$30,179	\$	265		

### PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses – Continued

	Nine Mor September Average Recorded	0, 2015 terest	September 30, 2014 Average Interest Recorded Income			
(in thousands)	Investme	nRe	ecognition	InvestmenRecognition		
Commercial real estate:						
Real estate term	\$11,792	\$	300	\$14,305	\$	347
Construction and land development	5,234		255	8,506		297
Total commercial real estate	17,026		555	22,811		644
Commercial and industrial	5,004		136	7,302		218
Consumer loans:						
Residential and home equity	3,179		93	3,540		102
Consumer and other	32		1	61		1
Total consumer	3,211		94	3,601		103
Total	\$25,241	\$	785	\$33,714	\$	965

Loans to affiliates — The Company has entered into loan transactions with certain directors and executive committee members ("affiliates"). Such transactions were made in the ordinary course of business on substantially the same terms and conditions, including interest rates and collateral, as those prevailing at the same time for comparable transactions with other customers, and did not, in the opinion of management, involve more than normal credit risk or present other unfavorable features. Total outstanding loans with affiliates were \$654,000 and \$688,000 at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. Available lines of credit for loans and credit cards to affiliates were \$821,000 at September 30, 2015.

### Note 4 — Income Taxes

Income tax expense was \$7.8 million and \$6.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Company's effective tax rate was 34.5% and 35.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

### Note 5 — Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments to extend credit — In the normal course of business, the Company has outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities, such as commitments to extend credit and unused credit card lines, which are not included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The Company's exposure to credit loss in the event of non-performance by other parties to the financial instruments for commitments to extend credit and unused credit card lines is represented by the contractual or notional amount of those instruments. The Company uses the same credit policies in making such commitments as it does for instruments that are included in the consolidated balance sheets.

Contractual amounts of off-balance sheet financial instruments were as follows:

	September	December
	30,	31,
(in thousands)	2015	2014
Commitments to extend credit, including unsecured commitments of \$13,511 and \$11,357 as		
of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	\$359,638	\$278,966
Stand-by letters of credit and bond commitments, including unsecured commitments of		
\$1,119 and \$558 as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	36,645	27,619
Unused credit card lines, all unsecured	24,517	26,385

#### PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### Note 5 — Commitments and Contingencies – Continued

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. The commitments to extend credit may expire without being drawn upon. Therefore, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The amount of collateral obtained, if it is deemed necessary by the Company, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer.

Unused credit card lines are commitments for possible future extensions of credit to existing customers. These lines of credit are uncollateralized and usually do not contain a specified maturity date and may not be drawn upon to the total extent to which the Company is committed.

### Note 6 — Regulatory Capital Matters

The consolidated Tier 1 Leverage ratio increased from 11.32% at December 31, 2014 to 13.71% as of September 30, 2015. Federal Reserve Board Regulations require maintenance of certain minimum reserve balances based on certain average deposits which as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were \$5.7 million and \$6.5 million, respectively. The Company's Board of Directors may declare a cash or stock dividend out of retained earnings provided the regulatory minimum capital ratios are met. The Company plans to maintain capital ratios that meet the well-capitalized standards per the regulatory capital ratios.

### Note 7 — Shareholders' Equity

The Company completed an initial public offering in June 2015 and raised additional capital of \$34.9 million, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs. The Board of Directors declared semi-annual dividends in 2014 and began declaring quarterly dividends in 2015. Dividends on quarterly earnings are generally declared and paid subsequent to the end of the quarter.

### Note 8 — Incentive Share-Based Plan and Other Employee Benefits

In June 2014, the Board of Directors ("Board") and shareholders of the Company approved a share-based incentive plan (the "2014 Plan"). The 2014 Plan provides for various share-based incentive awards including incentive share-based

options, non-qualified share-based options, restricted shares, and stock appreciation rights to be granted to officers, directors and other key employees. The maximum aggregate number of shares that may be issued under the 2014 Plan is 800,000 common shares. The share-based awards are granted to participants under both plans at a price not less than the fair value on the date of grant and for terms of up to ten years. The 2014 Plan also allows for granting of share-based awards to directors and consultants who are not employees of the Company.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company has granted options for the purchase of 183,936 common shares, which have a weighted average exercise price of \$12.76 per share and a weighted average fair value as of the date of grant of \$2.59 per share. The Company also issued Restricted Stock Units ("RSU's") for 40,555 common shares which had a weighted average fair value of \$12.51 per share. The options and RSU's generally vest over periods from one to three years. Included in the awards issued above, during the third quarter of 2015 the Company issued 24,696 stock options and 1,764 RSU's to non-employee members of the Board of Directors. The options had an exercise price of \$17.00 per share and a fair value as of the date of grant of \$2.47 per share and the RSU's had a fair value of \$17.00 per share. The options and RSU's vest over one year. The Company recorded share-based compensation expense of \$363,000 and \$164,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 9 — Fair Value

Fair value measurements — Fair value represents the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. To measure fair value, GAAP has established a hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. This hierarchy uses three levels of inputs to measure the fair value of assets and liabilities as follows:

Level Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level Observable inputs other than Level 1 including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in less active markets, or other observable inputs that can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity for financial instruments whose value is

determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as
instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value, as well as
the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation methodology:

Investment securities, available for sale — Where quoted prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the hierarchy. Level 1 includes securities that have quoted prices in an active market for identical assets. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows, and accordingly, are classified as Level 2 or 3. The Company has categorized its available-for-sale investment securities as Level 1 or 2.

Impaired loans and other real estate owned — Fair value applies to loans and other real estate owned measured for impairment. Impaired loans are measured at an observable market price (if available) or at the fair value of the loan's collateral (if collateral dependent). Fair value of the loan's collateral is determined by appraisals or independent valuation which is then adjusted for the cost related to liquidation of the collateral. The Company has categorized its impaired loans and other real estate owned as Level 2.

Assets measured at fair value are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
As of September 30, 2015				
Fair valued on a recurring basis:				
Investment securities available for sale	\$2,031	\$309,107	\$ —	\$311,138
Fair valued on a non-recurring basis:				
Impaired loans	_	5,152	_	5,152

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Other real estate owned			
As of December 31, 2014			
Fair valued on a recurring basis:			
Investment securities available for sale	\$2,030	\$293,607	\$ - \$295,637
Fair valued on a non-recurring basis:			
Impaired loans		4,009	- 4,009
Other real estate owned	_	126	— 126

#### PEOPLE'S UTAH BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 9 — Fair Value – Continued

Fair value of financial instruments — The following table summarizes carrying amounts, estimated fair values and assumptions used to estimate fair values of financial instruments:

	Carrying	Estimated
(in thousands)	Value	Fair Value
As of December 31, 2014		
Financial Assets:		
Net loans held for investment	\$925,306	\$925,367
Financial Liabilities:		
Interest bearing deposits	872,158	873,928

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities as of September 30, 2015 were not presented because the assumptions used to estimate fair values have not changed significantly from those used at December 31, 2014.

The above summary excludes financial assets and liabilities for which carrying value approximates fair value. For financial assets, these include cash and cash equivalents, held-to-maturity securities (see Note 2), loans held for sale, bank-owned life insurance, accrued interest receivable and FHLB stock. For financial liabilities, these include non-interest bearing deposits, short-term borrowings, and accrued interest payable. Also excluded from the summary are financial instruments recorded at fair value on a recurring basis, as previously described.

Fair values of off-balance sheet commitments such as lending commitments, standby letters of credit and guarantees are based on fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the counter parties' credit standing. The fair value of the fees as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was insignificant.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments:

Net loans — The fair value is estimated by discounting the future cash flows and estimated prepayments using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining term. Some loan types were valued at carrying value because of their floating rate or expected maturity characteristics.

Interest bearing deposits — The fair value of interest bearing deposits is estimated by discounting the estimated future cash flows using the rates currently offered for deposits with similar remaining maturities.

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. Fair value estimates are based on judgments regarding future expected loss experience, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments, and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in the above methodologies and assumptions could significantly affect the

estimates. Further, certain financial instruments and all non-financial instruments are excluded from the applicable disclosure requirements. Therefore, the fair value amounts shown in the table do not, by themselves, represent the underlying value of the Company as a whole.

### Item 2. Management's s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion is intended to provide a more comprehensive review of People's Utah Bancorp's operating results and financial condition than can be obtained from reading the Consolidated Financial Statements alone. The discussion should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto included in "Part I. Item 1. Financial Statements."

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Form 10–O may contain certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements reflect our current views and are not historical facts. These statements may include statements regarding projected performance for periods following the completion of this offering. These statements can generally be identified by use of phrases such as "believe," "expect," "will," "seek," "should," "anticipate," "estimate," "intend," "plan," "target," "project," "commit" or other words of similar import. Similarly, statements that describe our future financial condition, results of operations, objectives, strategies, plans, goals or future performance and business are also forward-looking statements. Statements that project future final conditions, results of operations and shareholder value are not guarantees of performance and many of the factors that will determine these results and values are beyond our ability to control or predict. For those statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These are forward-looking statements and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, including, but not limited to, those described in the "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" sections in this report and the prospectus related to our initial public offering dated June 10, 2015 (our "IPO Prospectus"), and other parts of this report that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements. The following is a non-exclusive list of factors which could cause our actual results to differ materially from our forward-looking statements in this prospectus:

- changes in general economic conditions, either nationally or in our local market;
- inflation, interest rates, securities market volatility and monetary fluctuations;
- increases in competitive pressures among financial institutions and businesses offering similar products and services; higher defaults on our loan portfolio than we expect;
  - changes in management's estimate of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses:
- risks associated with our growth and expansion strategy and related costs;
- increased lending risks associated with our high concentration of real estate loans;
- ability to successfully grow our business in Utah and neighboring states;
- legislative or regulatory changes or changes in accounting principles, policies or guidelines;
- technological changes;
- regulatory or judicial proceedings; and
- other factors and risks including those described under "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in this report and our IPO Prospectus.

Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated, expected, projected, intended, committed or believed.

Please take into account that forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of Form 10-Q. We do not undertake any obligation to release publicly our revisions to such forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Form 10-Q.

#### Overview

We are a bank holding company, formed in 1998 and headquartered in American Fork, Utah, which is located on the I-15 corridor between the cities of Salt Lake City and Provo. We have 18 banking branches operating historically through two wholly-owned banking subsidiaries, BAF and LSB, which began offering banking services in 1913 and 1905, respectively. On September 29, 2015, the Company completed the merger of charters of BAF and LSB and renamed the combined bank People's Intermountain Bank ("PIB" or the "Bank"). BAF and LSB will continue to do business as registered names of PIB and we believe this merger of charters will allow the Bank to improve efficiencies. We provide full-service retail banking in many of the leading population centers in the state of Utah, including a wide range of banking and related services to locally-owned businesses, professional firms, real estate developers, residential home builders, high net-worth individuals, investors and other customers. Our primary customers are small- and medium-sized businesses that require highly personalized commercial banking products and services.

We believe our recent growth is a result of our ability to attract and retain high-quality associates, add branches in attractive markets and provide good customer service, as well as due to the expansion of our construction, land acquisition and development and commercial and industrial lending. The primary source of funding for our asset growth has been the generation of core deposits, which we accomplished through a combination of competitive pricing for local deposits coupled with expansion of our branch system. In addition to the four branches from the LSB merger, we have added two new branch offices since January 1, 2012.

Our results of operations are largely dependent on net interest income. Net interest income is the difference between interest income we earn on interest earning assets, which are comprised of loans, investment securities and short-term investments and the interest we pay on our interest bearing liabilities, which are primarily deposits, and, to a lesser extent, other borrowings. Deposits are our primary source of funding. Management strives to match the re-pricing characteristics of the interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities to protect net interest income from changes in market interest rates and changes in the shape of the yield curve.

We measure our performance by calculating our net interest margin, return on average assets, and return on average equity. Net interest margin is calculated by dividing net interest income, which is the difference between interest income on interest earning assets and interest expense on interest bearing liabilities, by average interest earning assets. Net interest income is our largest source of revenue. Interest rate fluctuations, as well as changes in the amount and type of earning assets and liabilities, combine to affect net interest income. We also measure our performance by our efficiency ratio, which is calculated by dividing non-interest expense less merger-related costs by the sum of net interest income and non-interest income.

Since the recession began in the U.S. at the end of 2008, market interest rates have declined as a result of the Federal Reserve's monetary policies and have had a significant impact on our net interest income and margin. Our net interest margin has declined in the last five years from 4.63% in 2010 to 4.39% in 2014.

### LSB Merger

On October 18, 2013, we completed our acquisition of LSB. Under the terms of the merger agreement, PUB issued 2,044,736 common shares and paid cash totaling \$8.7 million to the former shareholders of Lewiston Bancorp. Lewiston Bancorp shareholders received \$9.89 per share paid in PUB common shares and cash for an aggregate deal value of \$28.9 million.

Key Factors in Evaluating Our Financial Condition and Results of Operations

As a bank holding company, we focus on a number of key factors in evaluating our financial condition and results of operations including:

Return on average equity;

- Return on average assets:
- Asset quality;
- Asset growth;
- Capital and liquidity;
- Net interest margin; and
- Operating efficiency.

The chart below shows these key financial measures:

	Year to Date						
	September	September Septem					
	30,		30,				
(Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)	2015		2014				
Net income	\$14,728		\$10,836				
Basic earnings per share	0.93		0.74				
Diluted earnings per share	0.90		0.72				
Total assets	1,553,953	5	1,361,4	41			
Total loans, net	987,844		895,901				
Total deposits	1,332,873	3	1,195,1	11			
Net interest margin	4.43	%	4.37	%			
Efficiency ratio	59.44	%	64.01	%			
Return on average assets	1.37	%	1.10	%			
Return on average equity	10.98	%	9.61	%			
Average equity to average assets	12.48	%	11.47	%			
Non-performing assets to total assets	0.64	%	0.93	%			
Liquidity ratio (1)	34.35	%	31.77	%			

<sup>(1)</sup> The liquidity ratio is the sum of cash equivalents and investment securities, less investment securities pledged as collateral against short-term borrowings, all divided by total liabilities. Pledged investment securities were \$39.7 million and \$29.5 million at September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, respectively.

Return on Average Equity. We measure the return to our shareholders through a return on average equity, or ROE, calculation. Our net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased 35.9% to \$14.7 million from \$10.8 million for the comparable period in 2014. Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased primarily due to an increase to net loans from loan growth, a higher net interest margin and an increase in non-interest income. Basic earnings per share, or EPS, increased to \$0.93 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$0.74 for the comparable period in 2014. Diluted EPS increased to \$0.90 per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$0.72 per share for the comparable period in 2014. Our increase in net income drove our ROE to 10.98% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to 9.61% for the comparable period in 2014. Future returns on average equity may be impacted by the additional equity from the initial public offering.

Return on Average Assets. We measure asset utilization through a return on average assets, or ROA, calculation. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015 our ROA was 1.37% compared to 1.10% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The increase in the year-to-date period in 2015 compared to the comparable period in 2014 is primarily due to higher net interest income and non-interest income and a lower effective tax rate of 34.5%.

Asset Quality. Since the majority of our performing assets are loans, we measure asset quality in terms of non-performing assets as a percentage of total assets. This measurement is used in determining asset quality and its potential effect on future earnings. Non-performing assets as a percentage of total assets were 0.64% as of September 30, 2015 compared to 0.93% as of September 30, 2014. Nonperforming assets are loans that are 90 days or more past due or have been placed on nonaccrual status, or are other real estate owned, or OREO.

Asset Growth. Revenue growth and EPS are directly related to earning assets growth. In descending order, our earning assets are loans, investments (including federal funds) and interest earning balances. As of September 30, 2015, total assets grew 14.1% from September 30, 2014, total net loans increased by 10.3% and cash equivalents combined with investment securities increased 21.7%. Loan growth in 2015 came primarily from the increased level of commercial & industrial lending and real estate lending activities.

Capital and Liquidity. Maintaining appropriate capital and liquidity levels is imperative for us to continue our strong growth levels. We have been successful in maintaining capital levels well above the minimum regulatory requirements, which we believe has enabled our growth strategy. We raised approximately \$34.9 million in new capital from the initial public offering completed in June 2015. Our average equity to average assets ratio as of September 30, 2015 was 12.48% compared to 11.47% as of September 30, 2014. We monitor liquidity levels to ensure we have adequate sources available to fund our loan growth and to accommodate daily operations. The key measure we use to monitor liquidity is our liquidity ratio which is calculated as cash and cash equivalents plus unpledged investment securities divided by total liabilities. Our liquidity ratio was 34.35% as of September 30, 2015, compared to 31.77% as of September 30, 2014.

Net Interest Margin. Net interest margin is a metric that allows us to gauge our loan pricing and funding cost relationship. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, our net interest margin was 4.43% and 4.37%, respectively. The improvement in net interest margin is attributable primarily to higher loan volumes and lower costs of interest-bearing liabilities.

Operating Efficiency. Operating efficiency is the measure of how much it costs us to generate each dollar of revenue. A lower percentage indicates a better operating efficiency. Our efficiency ratio is calculated as the sum of non-interest expense less merger related expenses divided by the sum of net interest income and non-interest income and was 59.44% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to 64.01% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. We completed a conversion to a common information technology platform in late 2014, which contributed to an improvement in our efficiency ratio for the nine months ended in 2015 compared to the comparable period in 2014.

### **Results of Operations**

Factors that determine the level of net income include the volume of earning assets and interest bearing liabilities, yields earned and rates paid, fee income, non-interest expense, the level of non-performing loans and other non-earning assets, and the amount of non-interest bearing liabilities supporting earning assets. Non-interest income includes service charges and other fees on deposits, and mortgage banking income. Non-interest expense consists primarily of employee compensation and benefits, occupancy, equipment and depreciation expense, and other operating expenses.

Average Balance and Yields. The following tables set forth a summary of average balances with corresponding interest income and interest expense as well as average yield, cost and net interest margin information for the periods presented. Average balances are derived from daily balances. Average non-accrual loans are derived from quarterly balances and are included as non-interest earning assets for purposes of these tables.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2015				September 3			
	1	Interest	Averag	ge .	1	Interest	Averag	ge
	Average	Income/	Yield/		Average	Income/	Yield/	
(Dollars in thousands, except footnotes)	Balance	Expense	Rate		Balance	Expense	Rate	
ASSETS								
Interest earning deposits in other banks and								
federal funds sold	\$79,061	\$49	0.25	%	\$38,245	\$27	0.28	%
Securities: (1)								
Taxable securities	259,719	973	1.49	%	266,912	1,080	1.61	%
Non-taxable securities (2)	81,793	616	2.99	%	82,073	660	3.19	%
Loans (3) (4)	991,198	15,095	6.04	%	880,251	13,285	5.99	%
Non-marketable equity securities	1,644	1	0.24	%	2,677	1	0.15	%
Total interest earning assets	1,413,415	\$16,734	4.70	%	1,270,158	\$15,053	4.70	%
Allowance for loan losses	(15,560)				(14,290)			
Non-interest earning assets	98,759				91,220			
Total average assets	\$1,496,614				\$1,347,088			
LIABILITIES AND								
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY								
Interest bearing deposits:								
Demand and savings accounts	\$551,378	\$389	0.28	%	\$513,520	\$375	0.29	%
Money market accounts	148,633	84	0.22	%	145,923	82	0.22	%
Certificates of deposit, under \$100,000	103,564	104	0.40	%	112,899	150	0.53	%
Certificates of deposit, \$100,000 and over	80,300	152	0.75	%	92,091	218	0.94	%
Total interest bearing deposits	883,875	729	0.33	%	864,433	825	0.38	%
Short-term borrowings	2,485	1	0.16	%	1,335	-	0.00	%
Total interest bearing liabilities	886,360	\$730	0.33	%	865,768	\$825	0.38	%
Other non-interest bearing liabilities	405,577				327,194			
Shareholders' equity	204,677				154,126			
Total average liabilities and shareholders' equit	y\$1,496,614				\$1,347,088			
Net interest income (tax-equivalent)	_	\$16,004				\$14,228		
Interest rate spread (tax-equivalent)			4.37	%			4.32	%
Net interest margin (tax-equivalent) (5)			4.49	%			4.44	%

	Nine Months Ended							
	September 30, 2015				September 30, 2014			
	Interest Average			-	Interest	Averag	ge	
	Average	Income/	Yield/		Average	Income/	Yield/	-
(Dollars in thousands, except footnotes)	Balance	Expense	Rate		Balance	Expense	Rate	
ASSETS		_				_		
Interest earning deposits in other banks and								
federal funds sold	\$62,228	\$114	0.24	%	\$46,732	\$101	0.29	%
Securities: (1)								
Taxable securities	247,586	2,863	1.55	%	260,402	3,474	1.78	%
Non-taxable securities (2)	78,799	1,832	3.11	%	83,065	2,024	3.26	%
Loans (3) (4)	972,541	43,250	5.95	%	843,412	38,019	6.03	%
Non-marketable equity securities	2,185	3	0.18	%	2,702	2	0.10	%
Total interest earning assets	1,363,339	\$48,062	4.71	%	1,236,313	\$43,620	4.72	%
Allowance for loan losses	(15,381)				(14,441)	)		
Non-interest earning assets	89,764				92,943			
Total average assets	\$1,437,722				\$1,314,815			
LIABILITIES AND								
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY								
Interest bearing deposits:								
Demand and savings accounts	\$549,385	\$1,147	0.28	%	\$506,467	\$1,113	0.29	%
Money market accounts	142,493	241	0.23	%	137,487	230	0.22	%
Certificates of deposit, under \$100,000	107,630	338	0.42	%	115,999	455	0.52	%
Certificates of deposit, \$100,000 and over	84,182	501	0.80	%	92,821	665	0.96	%
Total interest bearing deposits	883,690	2,227	0.34	%	852,774	2,463	0.39	%
Short-term borrowings	2,149	3	0.19	%	1,259	1		