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Science Applications International Corp  
Form 10-Q  
September 08, 2016

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended August 5, 2016

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

|             |   |  |                                    |
|-------------|---|--|------------------------------------|
| Commission  | Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter,   | State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization | I.R.S. Employer Identification No. |
| File Number | Address of Principal Executive Offices and Telephone Number   | Delaware   | 46-1932921                         |
| 001-35832   | Science Applications International Corporation<br>1710 SAIC Drive, McLean, Virginia 22102<br>703-676-4300 |  |                                    |

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company   
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

The number of shares issued and outstanding of the registrant's common stock as of August 26, 2016 was as follows:

44,223,119 shares of common stock (\$.0001 par value per share)

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## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

## FORM 10-Q

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## PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

## CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(UNAUDITED)

|  | Three Months<br>Ended                      |             | Six Months<br>Ended |             |
|--|--|-------------|---------------------|-------------|
|  | August<br>5,                               | July<br>31, | August<br>5,        | July<br>31, |
|  | 2016                                       | 2015        | 2016                | 2015        |
|  | (in millions, except per share<br>amounts) |             |                     |             |
| Revenues   | \$1,095                                    | \$1,099     | \$2,310             | \$2,108     |
| Cost of revenues                                       | 986  | 986         | 2,084               | 1,909       |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses           | 36   | 49          | 80                  | 75          |
| Acquisition and integration costs (Note 3)             | 3  | 12          | 10                  | 15          |
| Operating income                                       | 70   | 52          | 136                 | 109         |
| Interest expense                                       | 12   | 13          | 26                  | 17          |
| Income before income taxes                             | 58   | 39          | 110                 | 92          |
| Provision for income taxes (Note 5)                    | (21 )                                      | (17 )       | (40 )               | (37 )       |
| Net income   | \$37                                       | \$22        | \$70                | \$55        |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax (Note 8) | -  | (1 )        | -                   | 1           |
| Comprehensive income                                   | \$37                                       | \$21        | \$70                | \$56        |
| Earnings per share (Note 2):                           |  |             |                     |             |
| Basic  | \$0.83                                     | \$0.48      | \$1.56              | \$1.20      |
| Diluted  | \$0.81                                     | \$0.46      | \$1.52              | \$1.15      |
| Cash dividends declared and paid per share             | \$0.31                                     | \$0.31      | \$0.62              | \$0.59      |

See accompanying notes to condensed and consolidated financial statements.



## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

## CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(UNAUDITED)

|  | August<br>5,<br>2016 | January<br>29,<br>2016 |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|
|  | (in millions)        |                        |
| <b>ASSETS</b>  |                      |                        |
| Current assets:  |                      |                        |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | \$ 115               | \$ 195                 |
| Receivables, net   | 655                  | 635                    |
| Inventory, prepaid expenses and other current assets   | 144                  | 122                    |
| Total current assets   | 914                  | 952                    |
| Goodwill   | 863                  | 860                    |
| Intangible assets (net of accumulated amortization of \$37 million and \$23 million at August 5, 2016 and January 29, 2016, respectively)  | 210                  | 224                    |
| Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation of \$120 million and \$112 million at August 5, 2016 and January 29, 2016, respectively)                             | 65                   | 71                     |
| Other assets   | 15                   | 15                     |
| Total assets   | \$2,067              | \$2,122                |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>  |                      |                        |
| Current liabilities:   |                      |                        |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities   | \$440                | \$447                  |
| Accrued payroll and employee benefits  | 180                  | 184                    |
| Long-term debt, current portion (Note 6)   | 61                   | 57                     |
| Total current liabilities  | 681                  | 688                    |
| Long-term debt, net of current portion (Note 6)  | 984                  | 1,013                  |
| Deferred income taxes  | 6                    | 8                      |
| Other long-term liabilities  | 33                   | 33                     |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)   |                      |                        |
| Equity:  |                      |                        |
| Common stock, \$.0001 par value, 1 billion shares authorized, 44 million shares and 45 million shares issued and outstanding as of August 5, 2016 and January 29, 2016, respectively | -                    | -                      |
| Additional paid-in capital   | 156                  | 215                    |
| Retained earnings  | 216                  | 174                    |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss (Note 8)  | (9 )                 | (9 )                   |
| Total equity   | 363                  | 380                    |
| Total liabilities and equity   | \$2,067              | \$2,122                |



See accompanying notes to condensed and consolidated financial statements.

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## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

## CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EQUITY

(UNAUDITED)

|   | Shares<br>of                   | Additional<br>paid-in | Retained<br>earnings | Accumulated<br>other<br>comprehensive<br>loss | Total   |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---|---------|
|   | stock capital<br>(in millions) |                       |                      |   |         |
| Balance at January 29, 2016                       | 45                             | \$ 215                | \$ 174               | \$ (9   | ) \$380 |
| Net income  | -                              | -                     | 70                   | -   | 70      |
| Issuances of stock                                | 1                              | 4                     | -                    | -   | 4       |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax            | -                              | -                     | -                    | -   | -       |
| Cash dividends of \$0.62 per share                | -                              | -                     | (28                  | )   | (28     |
| Stock-based compensation                          | -                              | 3                     | -                    | -   | 3       |
| Income tax benefits from stock-based compensation | -                              | 9                     | -                    | -   | 9       |
| Repurchases of stock                              | (2                             | ) (75                 | )                    | -   | (75     |
| Balance at August 5, 2016                         | 44                             | \$ 156                | \$ 216               | \$ (9   | ) \$363 |

See accompanying notes to condensed and consolidated financial statements.



## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

## CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(UNAUDITED)

|  | Six Months<br>Ended |             |
|--|---------------------|-------------|
|  | August<br>5,        | July<br>31, |
|  | 2016                | 2015        |
|  | (in millions)       |             |
| Cash flows from operating activities:  |                     |             |
| Net income   | \$70                | \$55        |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:                                    |                     |             |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 28                  | 24          |
| Stock-based compensation expense   | 18                  | 17          |
| Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation  | (9 )                | (8 )        |
| Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in operating assets and liabilities net of the effect of the acquisition: |                     |             |
| Receivables  | (20 )               | (36 )       |
| Inventory, prepaid expenses and other current assets   | (19 )               | (3 )        |
| Other assets   | (1 )                | 1           |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities   | (5 )                | (2 )        |
| Accrued payroll and employee benefits  | (4 )                | 1           |
| Other long-term liabilities  | -                   | 1           |
| Total cash flows provided by operating activities  | 58                  | 50          |
| Cash flows from investing activities:  |                     |             |
| Change in restricted cash  | 3                   | (17 )       |
| Expenditures for property, plant, and equipment  | (8 )                | (6 )        |
| Cash paid for acquisition, net of cash acquired  | -                   | (764)       |
| Total cash flows used in investing activities  | (5 )                | (787)       |
| Cash flows from financing activities:  |                     |             |
| Dividend payments to stockholders  | (27 )               | (28 )       |
| Principal payments on borrowings   | (26 )               | (16 )       |
| Issuances of stock   | 2                   | 2           |
| Stock repurchased and retired or withheld for taxes on equity awards   | (88 )               | (18 )       |
| Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation  | 9                   | 8           |
| Disbursements for obligations assumed from Scitor acquisition  | (3 )                | (2 )        |
| Proceeds from borrowings   | -                   | 670         |
| Deferred financing costs   | -                   | (17 )       |
| Total cash flows (used in) provided by financing activities  | (133)               | 599         |
| Total decrease in cash and cash equivalents  | (80 )               | (138)       |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period   | 195                 | 301         |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period   | \$115               | \$163       |

See accompanying notes to condensed and consolidated financial statements.

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SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

Note 1—Business Overview and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Overview

Science Applications International Corporation (collectively, with its consolidated subsidiaries, the “Company”) is a leading provider of technical, engineering and enterprise information technology (IT) services primarily to the U.S. government. The Company provides engineering and integration services for large, complex projects and offers a broad range of services with a targeted emphasis on higher-end, differentiated technology services. Each of the Company’s operating segments is focused on providing the Company’s comprehensive technical and enterprise IT service offerings to its respective customer base. The Company’s operating segments have been aggregated into one reporting segment for financial reporting purposes.

On May 4, 2015, the Company acquired 100% of privately held Scitor Holdings, Inc. (Scitor), a leading provider of technical services to the U.S. intelligence community and other U.S. government customers.

Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial information has been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for interim reporting purposes. References to “financial statements” refer to the condensed and consolidated financial statements of the Company, which include the statements of income and comprehensive income, balance sheets, statement of equity and statements of cash flows. These financial statements were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). All intercompany transactions and account balances within the Company have been eliminated. The financial statements are unaudited, but in the opinion of management include all adjustments, which consist of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation thereof. The results reported in these financial statements are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the entire year and should be read in conjunction with the information contained in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 29, 2016.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant estimates inherent in the preparation of the financial statements may include, but are not limited to estimated profitability of long-term contracts, income taxes, fair value measurements, fair value of goodwill and other intangible assets, and contingencies. Estimates have been prepared by management on the basis of the most current and best available information at the time of estimation and actual results could differ from those estimates.

Changes in estimates of revenues, cost of revenues or profits related to contracts accounted for using the cost-to-cost and efforts expended methods of percentage-of-completion accounting are recognized in operating income in the period in which such changes are made for the inception-to-date effect of the changes. Changes in these estimates can

routinely occur over the contract performance period for a variety of reasons, which include: changes in contract scope; changes in contract cost estimates due to unanticipated cost growth or reassessments of risks impacting costs; changes in estimated incentive or award fees; and performance being better or worse than previously estimated. Aggregate changes in contract estimates increased operating income by \$7 million (\$0.10 per diluted share) and \$13 million (\$0.18 per diluted share) for the three and six months ended August 5, 2016, respectively, and increased operating income by \$7 million (\$0.08 per diluted share) and \$8 million (\$0.10 per diluted share) for the three and six months ended July 31, 2015, respectively.



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## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

## Reporting Periods

The Company utilizes a 52/53 week fiscal year ending on the Friday closest to January 31, with fiscal quarters typically consisting of 13 weeks. Fiscal 2016 began on January 31, 2015 and ended on January 29, 2016, while fiscal 2017 began on January 30, 2016 and ends on February 3, 2017. The number of weeks for each quarter for fiscal 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

|                | Fiscal<br>2017 | Fiscal 2016<br>(weeks) |
|----------------|----------------|------------------------|
| First Quarter  | 14             | 13                     |
| Second Quarter | 13             | 13                     |
| Third Quarter  | 13             | 13                     |
| Fourth Quarter | 13             | 13                     |
| Fiscal Year    | 53             | 52                     |

## Operating Cycle

The Company's operating cycle for long-term contracts may be greater than one year and is measured by the average time intervening between the inception and the completion of those contracts. Contract-related assets and liabilities are classified as current assets and current liabilities.

## Derivative Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedges

Derivative instruments are recorded on the condensed and consolidated balance sheets at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges are reported in other comprehensive (loss) income and reclassified to earnings in a manner that matches the timing of the earnings impact of the hedged transactions. The ineffective portion of all hedges, if any, is recognized immediately in earnings.

The Company's fixed interest rate swaps are considered over-the-counter derivatives, and fair value is calculated using a standard pricing model for interest rate swaps with contractual terms for maturities, amortization and interest rates. Level 2, or market observable inputs (such as yield and credit curves) are used within the standard pricing models in order to determine fair value. The fair value is an estimate of the amount that the Company would pay or receive as of a measurement date if the agreements were transferred to a third party or canceled. See Note 7 for further discussion on the Company's derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges.

## Accounting Standards Updates

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which supersedes the revenue recognition requirements and some cost guidance included in the Accounting Standards Codification (ASC). This ASU is based on the principle that revenue is recognized to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that

reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The ASU also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts (including significant judgments and changes in judgments) and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, Deferral of the Effective Date, resulting in a one year deferral of the effective date of ASU 2014-09, which will become effective for the Company in the first quarter of fiscal 2019, using one of two retrospective methods of adoption. The Company has not selected a method for adoption nor determined the potential effects on its financial statements.

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SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), which supersedes the existing lease accounting standards (Topic 840). Under the new guidance, a lessee will be required to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities for all leases with lease terms in excess of twelve months. The recognition, measurement and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by a lessee primarily will depend on its classification as either a finance lease or operating lease. The criteria for distinction between a finance lease and an operating lease are substantially similar to existing lease guidance for capital leases and operating leases. Some changes to lessor accounting have been made to conform and align that guidance with the lessee guidance and other areas within GAAP, such as Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). ASU 2016-02 becomes effective for the Company in the first quarter of fiscal 2020 and will be adopted using a modified retrospective approach. The Company is evaluating the impact on its financial statements from the future adoption of the standard.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting, which provides amendments to simplify several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions including the treatment of the impact from income taxes and their classification in the financial statements. ASU 2016-09 becomes effective for the Company in the first quarter of fiscal 2018. On adoption, the amendments will be applied retrospectively or prospectively based on each amendment's transition requirements. The Company is evaluating the impact on its financial statements resulting from the future adoption of the standard.

Other Accounting Standards Updates effective after August 5, 2016 are not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

Note 2—Earnings Per Share:

Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income by the basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding. Diluted EPS is computed similarly to basic EPS, except the weighted-average number of shares outstanding is increased to include the dilutive effect of outstanding stock options and other stock-based awards.

A reconciliation of the weighted-average number of shares outstanding used to compute basic and diluted EPS was:

| Three<br>Months<br>Ended |             | Six Months<br>Ended |             |
|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------|
| August<br>5,             | July<br>31, | August<br>5,        | July<br>31, |
| 2016                     | 2015        | 2016                | 2015        |
| (in millions)            |             |                     |             |

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|  |      |      |      |      |
|--|------|------|------|------|
| Basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding                            | 44.7 | 46.0 | 44.9 | 45.9 |
| Dilutive common share equivalents - stock options and other stock-based awards | 1.3  | 1.6  | 1.3  | 1.7  |
| Diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding                          | 46.0 | 47.6 | 46.2 | 47.6 |

The following stock-based awards were excluded from the weighted-average number of shares outstanding used to compute diluted EPS:

|                                     | Three<br>Months<br>Ended<br>August<br>5, 31, | Six<br>Months<br>Ended<br>August<br>5, 31, | 2016<br>(in millions) | 2015 |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|------|
| Antidilutive stock options excluded | 0.3  | 0.3  | 0.5                   | 0.3  |

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## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

## Note 3—Scitor Acquisition:

On May 4, 2015 the Company completed the acquisition of Scitor, a leading global provider of technical services to the U.S. intelligence community and other U.S. government customers. The acquisition was funded from cash on hand and increased borrowings. Purchase consideration paid to acquire Scitor was \$764 million (net of cash acquired), including \$43 million which was deposited to escrow accounts pending final determination of the working capital adjustment and to secure the sellers' indemnification obligations. The working capital adjustment was finalized in August 2015 and \$3 million of the amount deposited to escrow was released to the sellers. Any remaining amount in escrow at the end of the indemnification period will be distributed to the sellers.

The purchase price was allocated among assets acquired and liabilities assumed at fair value based on the best available information, with the excess purchase price recorded as goodwill. During the first quarter of fiscal 2017, the Company completed its review of Scitor's historical government accounting practices and adjusted the preliminary purchase price allocation to recognize \$5 million in additional liabilities for potential questioned costs under U.S. government Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) and \$2 million of related deferred income tax assets resulting in a \$3 million net increase to goodwill. The Company has completed the purchase accounting valuation for this transaction and recorded final purchase accounting entries as follows:

|  | (in<br>millions) |
|--|------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents                | \$ 39            |
| Accounts receivable                      | 86               |
| Prepaid and other current assets         | 7                |
| Deferred income taxes                    | 12               |
| Equipment and leasehold improvements     | 21               |
| Intangible assets                        | 255              |
| Goodwill                                 | 484              |
| Other noncurrent assets                  | 1                |
| Total assets acquired                    | 905              |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 49               |
| Accrued payroll and employee benefits    | 35               |
| Other noncurrent liabilities             | 18               |
| Total liabilities assumed                | 102              |
| Net assets acquired                      | \$ 803           |

At the date of the acquisition, the tax deductible goodwill was \$136 million and the tax deductible identified intangible assets were \$163 million.

The Company incurred \$54 million in total costs associated with the acquisition and integration of Scitor. Acquisition-related expenses, all of which were incurred in prior fiscal years, were \$28 million including \$17 million of deferred financing fees that are amortized to interest expense using the interest method.

For the three and six months ended August 5, 2016, the Company incurred \$3 million and \$10 million, respectively, of costs in connection with the integration of Scitor, primarily for facility consolidation and severance costs. For the three and six months ended July 31, 2015, acquisition-related expenses were \$8 million and \$10 million, respectively, and costs incurred in connection with the integration of Scitor were \$4 million and \$5 million, respectively, which were primarily for strategic consulting services, facility consolidation, severance costs, and other integration-related costs. These costs are included in acquisition and integration costs on the condensed and consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income.

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## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

The following unaudited pro forma financial information presents the combined results of operations of Scitor and the Company for the three and six months ended July 31, 2015:

|                     | Three<br>Months<br>Ended<br>July 31,       | Six<br>Months<br>Ended<br>July 31, |
|---------------------|--|------------------------------------|
|                     | 2015                                       | 2015                               |
|                     | (in millions, except<br>per share amounts) |                                    |
| Total revenues      | \$ 1,099                                   | \$ 2,256                           |
| Net income          | \$ 32                                      | \$ 68                              |
| Earnings per share: |  |                                    |
| Basic               | \$ 0.70                                    | \$ 1.48                            |
| Diluted             | \$ 0.67                                    | \$ 1.43                            |

The unaudited pro forma, combined financial information presented above has been prepared from historical financial statements that have been adjusted to give effect to the acquisition of Scitor as though it had occurred on February 1, 2014. They include adjustments for intangible asset amortization; interest expense and debt issuance costs on long-term debt; acquisition, integration, and other transaction costs; and the elimination of intercompany revenue and expenses.

## Note 4—Stock-Based Compensation:

## Stock Options

During the six months ended August 5, 2016, the Company granted certain employees 0.3 million stock options with a weighted-average exercise price and weighted-average grant date fair value of \$53.79 and \$10.20, respectively. These options will expire on the seventh anniversary of the grant date and will vest ratably on each anniversary of the grant date over a three-year period.

## Restricted Stock Units (RSUs)

During the six months ended August 5, 2016, the Company granted certain employees 0.4 million RSUs with a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$53.49, which will vest ratably on each anniversary of the grant date over a four-year period.

## Performance Shares

During the six months ended August 5, 2016, the Company granted to certain employees 0.1 million performance share awards with a grant date fair value of \$53.34 per award. These awards will cliff vest at the end of the third fiscal

year following the grant date, subject to meeting the minimum service requirements and the achievement of certain annual and cumulative financial metrics of the Company's performance, with the number of shares ultimately issued, if any, ranging up to 150% of the specified target shares.

Note 5—Income Taxes:

As of August 5, 2016, the Company evaluated its tax positions and determined that it does not have a liability for any uncertainty in income taxes. The tax authorities, however, may determine that the Company owes additional taxes on review of the Company's tax filings.

Provision for income taxes as a percentage of income before income taxes was 36.3% and 36.4% for the three and six months ended August 5, 2016, respectively, and 43.4% and 40.3% for the three and six months ended July 31, 2015, respectively. Tax rates for the three and six months ended August 5, 2016 were lower than for the three and six months ended July 31, 2015 primarily due to nondeductible acquisition costs in the prior year as well as increased current year manufacturer's tax deduction and research and development credits. Tax rates for the periods ended August 5, 2016 were lower than the combined federal and state statutory rates due to permanent tax benefits, including the manufacturer's tax deduction and research and development credits.



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## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

## Note 6—Debt Obligations:

The Company's long-term debt as of the dates presented was as follows:

|  | August 5, 2016       |                         |           | January 29, 2016                |         |           |                                 |         |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|---------|-----------|---------------------------------|---------|
|  | Stated interest rate | Effective interest rate | Principal | Unamortized Debt Issuance Costs | Net     | Principal | Unamortized Debt Issuance Costs | Net     |
| Term Loan A Facility due September 2018      | 3.25%                | 3.42 %                  | \$529     | \$ (2 )                         | \$527   | \$551     | \$ (2 )                         | \$549   |
| Term Loan B Facility due May 2022            | 3.75%                | 4.27 %                  | 532       | (14 )                           | 518     | 536       | (15 )                           | 521     |
| Total long-term debt                         |                      |                         | \$1,061   | \$ (16 )                        | \$1,045 | \$1,087   | \$ (17 )                        | \$1,070 |
| Less current portion                         |                      |                         | 61        | -                               | 61      | 57        | -                               | 57      |
| Total long-term debt, net of current portion |                      |                         | \$1,000   | \$ (16 )                        | \$984   | \$1,030   | \$ (17 )                        | \$1,013 |

As of August 5, 2016, the Company has a \$1.3 billion credit facility (the Credit Facility), which consists of a \$200 million secured revolving credit facility (the Revolving Credit Facility), a \$529 million secured term facility (Term Loan A Facility), and a \$532 million secured term facility (Term Loan B Facility) (together, the Term Loan Facilities). The Revolving Credit Facility capacity is available to the Company through September 2018, but no draws have been made. Borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility must be repaid in full by September 2018.

The Credit Facility contains certain restrictive covenants applicable to the Company and its subsidiaries including a requirement to maintain a Senior Secured Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) of not greater than 4.00 to 1.00 until July 31, 2016, and not greater than 3.75 to 1.00 thereafter, and requires the Company to make an annual prepayment as a portion of its Excess Cash Flow (as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement). As of August 5, 2016 the Company was in compliance with the covenants under its Credit Facility.

As of August 5, 2016 and January 29, 2016, the carrying value of the Company's outstanding debt obligations approximated its fair value. The fair value of long-term debt is calculated using Level 2 inputs, based on interest rates available for debt with terms and maturities similar to the Company's Term Loan Facilities.

Subsequent to quarter end, on August 23, 2016, the Company amended the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (Amendment) to extend the maturity of the Term Loan A Facility and the termination date of the Revolving Credit Facility to August 2021, and to transfer \$132 million of principal outstanding under the Term Loan B Facility to the Term Loan A Facility. Further, the Amendment lowers the interest rate margins on the Revolving

Credit Facility and the Term Loan Facilities, resets the Term Loan A Facility's quarterly principal repayment schedule and eliminates the required quarterly principal repayments for the Term Loan B Facility.

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## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

## Note 7—Derivative Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedges:

The Company's derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges consist of:

|                                 | Notional<br>Amount<br>at<br>August<br>5, 2016<br>(in<br>millions) | Pay<br>Fixed<br>Rate | Receive<br>Variable<br>Rate | Settlement and Termination         | Liability<br>Fair Value<br>(1) at<br><br>August<br>5, 2016 | January<br>29,<br>2016 |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Term loan A interest rate swaps | \$ 438  | 1.41 %               | 1-month LIBOR               | Monthly through September 26, 2018 | \$ 6   | \$ 7                   |
| Term loan B interest rate swaps | 350   | 1.88 %               | 3-month LIBOR (2)           | Quarterly through May 7, 2020      | 9  | 8                      |
| Total                           | \$ 788  |                      |                             |                                    | \$ 15  | \$ 15                  |

(1) The fair value of the fixed interest rate swaps liability is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the condensed and consolidated balance sheets.

(2) Subject to a 0.75% floor.

The Company is party to fixed interest rate swap instruments that are designated and accounted for as cash flow hedges to manage risks associated with interest rate fluctuations on a portion of the Company's floating rate debt. The counterparties to all swap agreements are financial institutions. See Note 8 for the effective portion of the unrealized change in fair values on cash flow hedges recognized in other comprehensive loss and the amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into earnings for the current and comparative periods presented. There was no ineffectiveness during any of the periods presented. The Company estimates that it will reclassify \$7 million of unrealized losses from accumulated other comprehensive loss into earnings in the twelve months following August 5, 2016.

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## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

## Note 8—Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss by Component:

The following table presents the changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss attributable to the Company's fixed interest rate swap cash flow hedges that are discussed in Note 7.

|  | Unrealized Losses on<br>Fixed Interest Rate |         |               |
|--|---|---------|---------------|
|  | Swap Cash Flow<br>Hedges                    |         |               |
|  | Pre-Tax                                     |         |               |
|  | Income                                      | Net     |               |
|  | Amount                                      | Amount  |               |
|  | (a)   | (b)     | (in millions) |
| Three months ended August 5, 2016                              |   |         |               |
| Balance at May 6, 2016   | \$14  | \$ (5 ) | \$ 9          |
| Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications              | 2   | (1 )    | 1             |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss | (2 )  | 1       | (1 )          |
| Net other comprehensive income                                 | -   | -       | -             |
| Balance at August 5, 2016                                      | \$14  | \$ (5 ) | \$ 9          |
| Three months ended July 31, 2015                               |   |         |               |
| Balance at May 1, 2015   | \$5   | \$ (2 ) | \$ 3          |
| Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications              | 3   | (1 )    | 2             |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss | (2 )  | 1       | (1 )          |
| Net other comprehensive loss                                   | 1   | -       | 1             |
| Balance at July 31, 2015                                       | \$6   | \$ (2 ) | \$ 4          |
| Six months ended August 5, 2016                                |   |         |               |
| Balance at January 29, 2016                                    | \$14  | \$ (5 ) | \$ 9          |
| Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications              | 4   | (2 )    | 2             |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss | (4 )  | 2       | (2 )          |
| Net other comprehensive income                                 | -   | -       | -             |
| Balance at August 5, 2016                                      | \$14  | \$ (5 ) | \$ 9          |
| Six months ended July 31, 2015                                 |   |         |               |
| Balance at January 30, 2015                                    | \$8   | \$ (3 ) | \$ 5          |
| Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications              | 2   | (1 )    | 1             |

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|  |      |         |      |
|--|------|---------|------|
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss | (4 ) | 2       | (2 ) |
| Net other comprehensive income                                 | (2 ) | 1       | (1 ) |
| Balance at July 31, 2015                                       | \$6  | \$ (2 ) | \$ 4 |

- (a) The amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss was included in interest expense.
- (b) The amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss was included in the provision for income taxes.

Note 9—Legal Proceedings and Other Commitments and Contingencies:

Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal conduct of its business, none of which the Company's management believes, based on current information, is expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

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SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

Agreements with Former Parent

The Company commenced its operations on September 27, 2013 (the Distribution Date) following completion of a tax-free spin-off transaction from its former parent company, Leidos Holdings, Inc. (formerly SAIC, Inc., collectively with its consolidated subsidiaries, "former Parent"). In the spin-off transaction, former Parent's technical, engineering and enterprise IT services business was separated (the separation) into an independent, publicly traded company named Science Applications International Corporation (formerly SAIC Gemini, Inc.).

Former Parent and the Company executed various agreements to provide mechanisms for an orderly transition and to govern certain ongoing relationships between the companies following the separation. The agreements include a Distribution Agreement, Employee Matters Agreement, Tax Matters Agreement, Master Transition Services Agreement, and Master Transitional Contracting Agreement (MTCA). These agreements generally provide that each party is responsible for its respective assets, liabilities and obligations, including employee benefits, insurance and tax-related assets and liabilities. The MTCA also governs the relationship between former Parent and the Company with regard to the treatment of contracts, proposals, and teaming arrangements where both companies are or will be jointly performing work after separation. Each of former Parent and the Company indemnify the other party for work performed by it under the MTCA.

Contingent losses that were unknown at the time of separation and arise from the operation of the Company's historical business or the former Parent's historical corporate losses will be shared between the parties to the extent that losses in any such category exceed \$50 million in the aggregate. If they arise and exceed the \$50 million threshold, the Company will be responsible for 30% of the former Parent's incremental contingent losses on corporate claims (and former Parent will be responsible for 70% of the Company's incremental losses on claims relating to operations that exceed \$50 million).

Government Investigations, Audits and Reviews

The Company is routinely subject to investigations and reviews relating to compliance with various laws and regulations with respect, in particular, to its role as a contractor to federal, state and local government customers and in connection with performing services in countries outside of the United States. U.S. government agencies, including the Defense Contract Audit Agency (DCAA), the Defense Contract Management Agency and others, routinely audit and review a contractor's performance on government contracts, indirect rates and pricing practices, and compliance with applicable contracting and procurement laws, regulations and standards. They also review the adequacy of the contractor's compliance with government standards for its business systems. Adverse findings in these investigations, audits, or reviews can lead to criminal, civil or administrative proceedings, and the Company could face disallowance of previously billed costs, penalties, fines, compensatory damages and suspension or debarment from doing business with governmental agencies. Due to the Company's reliance on government contracts, adverse findings could also have a material impact on the Company's business, including its financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The indirect cost audits by the DCAA of the Company's business remain open for fiscal 2011 and subsequent years. Although the company has recorded contract revenues subsequent to and including fiscal 2011 based on an estimate of

costs that the Company believes will be approved on final audit, the Company does not know the outcome of any ongoing or future audits. If future completed audit adjustments exceed the Company's reserves for potential adjustments, the Company's profitability could be materially adversely affected.

The Company has recorded reserves for estimated net amounts to be refunded to customers for potential adjustments for indirect cost audits and compliance with CAS, which include indemnification obligations owing to former Parent for periods prior to the Distribution Date. As of August 5, 2016, the Company has recorded a total liability of \$36 million for estimated net amounts to be refunded to customers for potential adjustments from audits of contract costs. Any additional amounts which may be determined to be owed for periods prior to the separation will be allocated to former Parent and the Company in proportions determined in accordance with the Distribution Agreement.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

Army Brigade Combat Team Modernization Engineering, Manufacturing and Development (BCTM) Program

The BCTM program was terminated for convenience by the Department of Defense (DoD) effective in September 2011. From October 2009 through termination, the Company and its prime contractor performed on this program under an undefinitized change order with a provisional billing rate that allowed the Company to receive a lesser amount of the projected fixed fee (contract profit) than the estimated fixed fee due until completion of contract negotiations. The Company has recognized revenues of approximately \$480 million (including estimated fixed fee) from October 2009 through August 2013 under the undefinitized change order. During fiscal 2013, an agreement in principle was reached between the prime contractor and the DoD; however, a formal contract modification has not yet been received. The Company had an outstanding receivable of approximately \$2 million on this contract as of August 5, 2016.

Letters of Credit and Surety Bonds

The Company has outstanding obligations relating to letters of credit of \$8 million as of August 5, 2016, principally related to guarantees on insurance policies. The Company also has outstanding obligations relating to surety bonds in the amount of \$18 million, principally related to performance and payment bonds on the Company's contracts. The majority of the surety bonds outstanding were initially obtained by former Parent and the Company is required to satisfy these obligations under the terms of the Distribution Agreement.



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## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

## Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations and quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed and consolidated financial statements and the related notes. It contains forward-looking statements (which may be identified by words such as those described in “Risk Factors—Forward-Looking Statement Risks” in Part I of the most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K), including statements regarding our intent, belief, or current expectations with respect to, among other things, trends affecting our financial condition or results of operations (including our financial targets discussed below under “Management of Operating Performance and Reporting” and “Liquidity and Capital Resources”); backlog; our industry; government budgets and spending; market opportunities; the impact of competition; and the impact of the Scitor acquisition. Such statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. Factors that could cause or contribute to these differences include any discussed in “Risk Factors” in Part II of this report and in Part I of the most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K. Due to such uncertainties and risks, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. We do not undertake any obligation to update these factors or to publicly announce the results of any changes to our forward-looking statements due to future results or developments.

We use the terms “Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” to refer to Science Applications International Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries.

The Company utilizes a 52/53 week fiscal year, ending on the Friday closest to January 31, with fiscal quarters typically consisting of 13 weeks. Fiscal 2016 began on January 31, 2015 and ended on January 29, 2016, while fiscal 2017 began on January 30, 2016 and ends on February 3, 2017. The number of weeks for each quarter for fiscal 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

|                | Fiscal  |             |
|----------------|---------|-------------|
|                | 2017    | Fiscal 2016 |
|                | (weeks) |             |
| First Quarter  | 14      | 13          |
| Second Quarter | 13      | 13          |
| Third Quarter  | 13      | 13          |
| Fourth Quarter | 13      | 13          |
| Fiscal Year    | 53      | 52          |

## Business Overview

We are a leading technology integrator providing full life cycle services and solutions in the technical, engineering and enterprise information technology (IT) markets. We developed our brand by addressing our customers’ mission critical needs and solving their most complex problems for over 45 years. As one of the largest pure-play technical service providers to the U.S. government, we serve markets of significant scale and opportunity. Our primary customers are the departments and agencies of the U.S. government. Serving our country’s national security and civilian markets, along with commercial customers and state and local governments, has afforded us the ability to develop strong and longstanding relationships with some of the largest customers in the markets we serve.

Economic Opportunities, Challenges, and Risks

In fiscal 2016, we generated greater than 95% of our revenues from contracts with the U.S. government and greater than 60% of our revenues from contracts with the Department of Defense (DoD), including subcontracts on which we perform. Our business performance is affected by the overall level of U.S. government spending (especially defense spending) and the alignment of our offerings and capabilities with the budget priorities of the U.S. government. While we believe that national security will continue to be a priority, the U.S. government budget deficit and the national debt have created pressure to examine and reduce spending across all federal agencies. Baseline spending for the DoD has been reduced through government fiscal year 2023. Moreover, there may be further changes that negatively impact discretionary spending trends across all government agencies. Adverse changes in fiscal and economic conditions could materially impact our business. Some changes that could have an adverse impact on our business are the manner in which spending reductions are implemented (including sequestration), future government shutdowns and issues related to required increases to the nation's debt ceiling.

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The U.S. government has increasingly relied on contracts that are subject to a competitive bidding process (including indefinite delivery, indefinite quantity (IDIQ), U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) schedules and other multi-award contracts) which has resulted in greater competition and increased pricing pressure. We expect that a majority of the business that we seek in the foreseeable future will be awarded through a competitive bidding process.

Despite the budget and competitive pressures impacting the industry, we believe we are well positioned to protect and expand existing customer relationships and benefit from opportunities that we have not previously pursued. Our scale, size and prime contractor leadership position are expected to help differentiate us from our competitors, especially on large contracts. We believe our long-term, trusted customer relationships and deep technical expertise provide us with the sophistication to handle highly complex mission-critical contracts. SAIC's value proposition is found in the proven ability to serve as a trusted adviser to our customers. In doing so, we leverage our expertise and scale to help them execute their mission.

We succeed as a business based on the solutions we deliver, our past performance and our ability to compete on price. Our solutions, inspired through innovation, are based on best practices and technology transfer. Our past performance was achieved by employee dedication and customer focus. Our current cost structure, as well as our ongoing efforts to reduce costs by strategic sourcing and developing repeatable offerings, is expected to allow us to compete effectively on price in an evolving environment. Our ability to be competitive in the future will continue to be driven by our reputation of successful program execution, competitive cost structure and efficiencies in assigning the right people, at the right time, in support of our contracts.

The fiscal 2016 acquisition of Scitor Holdings, Inc. (Scitor) adds differentiated capabilities primarily in the classified work environment, and provides us access to significant portions of the intelligence community market that we did not have previously. Additionally, there is an opportunity to leverage our existing capabilities to provide expanded services to Scitor's customers.

Management of Operating Performance and Reporting

We manage our business to achieve our long-term financial targets, which we expect to accomplish on average and over time. These financial targets include:

- low single digit internal revenue growth percentage,
- margin expansion of 10 to 20 basis points annually, and
- return of capital in excess of operating needs.

Internal revenue growth (or internal revenue contraction if negative) is the method by which we evaluate the growth generated by SAIC after acquisitions. We calculate internal revenue growth percentage by comparing our reported revenue for the current year to the reported revenue for the prior year comparable period adjusted to include any pre-acquisition historical revenue of acquired businesses. Internal revenue growth percentage is a non-GAAP financial measure described in more detail in "Non-GAAP Measures" below.

Our business and program management process is directed by professional managers focused on satisfying our customers by providing high quality services in achieving contract requirements. These managers carefully monitor contract margin performance by constantly evaluating contract risks and opportunities. Through each contract's life cycle, program managers review performance and update contract performance estimates to reflect their understanding of the best information available. For contracts accounted for under the percentage-of-completion method in which

incurred costs or efforts expended are used as a measure of progress to project completion, updates to estimates are recognized on inception-to-date activity, during the period of adjustment, resulting in either a favorable or unfavorable impact to operating income.

We evaluate our results of operations by considering the drivers causing changes in revenues, operating income and operating cash flows. Given that revenues fluctuate on our contract portfolio over time due to contract awards and completions, changes in customer requirements, and increases or decreases in ordering volume of materials, we evaluate significant trends and fluctuations in these terms. Whether performed by our employees or by our subcontractors, we primarily provide services on long-term contracts and, as a result, a significant portion of our cost of revenues fluctuates in concert with the changes in our revenues. We also analyze our revenues by type of cost (labor, subcontractor or materials) in order to understand operating margin because our labor-related revenues are generally more profitable.

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## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

Changes in costs of revenues as a percentage of revenue other than from revenue volume or cost mix are normally driven by fluctuations in shared or corporate costs, changes in materials order volume, or cumulative revenue adjustments due to changes in contract estimates.

Changes in operating cash flows are described with regard to changes in cash generated through the delivery of services, significant drivers of fluctuations in assets or liabilities and the impacts of changes in timing of cash receipts or disbursements.

## Results of Operations

The primary financial performance measures we use to manage our business and monitor results of operations are revenues, operating income, and cash flows from operating activities. The following table summarizes our results of operations:

|  | Three Months Ended    |                   |                     | Six Months Ended     |                   |                     |  |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|
|  | August<br>5,          | Percent<br>change | July<br>31,<br>2015 | August<br>5,<br>2016 | Percent<br>change | July<br>31,<br>2015 |  |
|  | (dollars in millions) |                   |                     |                      |                   |                     |  |
| Revenues   | \$1,095               | 0 %               | \$1,099             | \$2,310              | 10 %              | \$2,108             |  |
| Cost of revenues   | 986                   | 0 %               | 986                 | 2,084                | 9 %               | 1,909               |  |
| Selling, general, and administrative expenses                            | 36                    | (27 %)            | 49                  | 80                   | 7 %               | 75                  |  |
| Acquisition and integration costs  | 3                     | (75 %)            | 12                  | 10                   | (33 %)            | 15                  |  |
| Operating income   | 70                    | 35 %              | 52                  | 136                  | 25 %              | 109                 |  |
| As a percentage of revenues  | 6.4 %                 |                   | 4.7 %               | 5.9 %                |                   | 5.2 %               |  |
| As a percentage of revenues, excluding acquisition and integration costs | 6.7 %                 |                   | 5.8 %               | 6.3 %                |                   | 5.9 %               |  |
| Net income   | \$37                  | 68 %              | \$22                | \$70                 | 27 %              | \$55                |  |
| Cash flows provided by operating activities                              | \$23                  | 10 %              | \$21                | \$58                 | 16 %              | \$50                |  |

Revenues. Revenues decreased \$4 million for the three months ended August 5, 2016 as compared to the three months ended July 31, 2015. Newly awarded programs, including the Amphibious Combat Vehicle, Federal Aviation Administration Controller Training Contract and GSA Enterprise Operations programs, generated revenues of \$64 million during the current quarter. This increase was offset by decreased supply chain material volume as a result of a contract loss (\$17 million), the expected decline in activity on the Assault Amphibious Vehicle (AAV) program as we near the completion of the prototyping phase (\$13 million) and various other decreases across our contract portfolio due to programs that have ended or have experienced lower activity.

Revenues increased \$202 million for the six months ended August 5, 2016 as compared to the six months ended July 31, 2015. The increase in revenues was primarily due to revenues earned on contracts obtained through the acquisition of Scitor (which occurred in the second quarter of the prior year period), additional revenues due to one additional week in the current year period (\$88 million), and revenues on newly awarded programs (\$110 million). These increases were partially offset by decreased supply chain material volume (\$59 million), a decrease in activity

on the AAV program (\$19 million), and various other decreases across our contract portfolio due to programs that have ended or have experienced lower activity.

**Cost of Revenues.** Cost of revenues were consistent for the three months ended August 5, 2016 as compared to the three months ended July 31, 2015.

Cost of revenues increased \$175 million for the six months ended August 5, 2016 as compared to the six months ended July 31, 2015. The increase in cost of revenues was primarily due to the inclusion in the current year period of Scitor contracts as a result of the acquisition and an additional week in the current year period.

**Selling, General and Administrative Expenses.** SG&A decreased \$13 million for the three months ended August 5, 2016 as compared to the three months ended July 31, 2015. The decrease in SG&A was due primarily to decreased amortization of acquired intangible assets (\$5 million) and lower severance and other employee-related expenses (\$4 million).

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SG&A increased \$5 million for the six months ended August 5, 2016 as compared to the six months ended July 31, 2015. The increase in SG&A was due primarily to the additional week and costs attributable to Scitor's operations, including higher amortization of acquired intangible assets.

Operating Income. Operating income increased \$18 million from the comparable prior year period to 6.4% of revenues for the three months ended August 5, 2016. The increase was primarily due to decreased SG&A (\$13 million) and lower acquisition and integration costs (\$9 million).

Operating income increased \$27 million from the comparable prior year period to 5.9% of revenues for the six months ended August 5, 2016. The increase was primarily due to operating income generated on contracts obtained through the acquisition of Scitor, the additional week, lower acquisition and integration costs and higher net favorable changes in estimates on contracts accounted for using the percentage-of completion method. These increases were offset partially by higher SG&A.

Net Income. Net income for the three months ended August 5, 2016 increased \$15 million from the comparable prior year period primarily due to increased operating income (\$11 million, net of tax) and a lower effective tax rate (\$4 million).

Net income for the six months ended August 5, 2016 increased \$15 million from the comparable prior year period primarily due to operating income generated on contracts obtained through the acquisition of Scitor, the additional week, higher net favorable changes in estimates on contracts accounted for under the percentage-of-completion method and a lower effective tax rate.

Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities. Cash flows provided by operating activities were \$58 million for the six months ended August 5, 2016, an increase of \$8 million from the comparable prior year period. The increase in operating cash flows over the prior year period was primarily due to cash flows provided by the operating activities of Scitor, lower payments for acquisition and integration costs (\$12 million) and lower investment of working capital for the AAV program (\$10 million). These increases were partially offset by a current period investment of working capital for the Amphibious Combat Vehicle program (\$14 million) and higher interest payments in the current period as a result of additional borrowings (\$14 million).

Non-GAAP Measures

Internal revenue growth (contraction), earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), and adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP financial measures that we reconcile to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure. These measures are not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable GAAP measures and should be read only in conjunction with our consolidated and combined financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. The method that we use to calculate internal revenue growth (contraction), EBITDA, and adjusted EBITDA are not necessarily comparable to similarly titled financial measures presented by other companies.

Internal Revenue Growth. We utilize the non-GAAP financial measure internal revenue growth (or internal revenue contraction if negative) to evaluate performance of our business after completion of acquisitions. We calculate internal revenue growth by comparing our reported revenue for the current period to the reported revenue for the prior year comparable period adjusted to include any pre-acquisition historical revenue of acquired businesses. This calculation has the effect of adding pre-acquisition revenue for the acquired businesses for the comparable prior year to our prior

year reported revenue. We believe internal revenue growth percentage is useful to management and investors as an indicator of how successful we are at growing our base business as well as the revenues of the businesses that we acquire. The integration of acquired businesses allows our management to leverage business development capabilities, drive internal resource collaboration, utilize access to markets and qualifications, and refine strategies to realize synergies which benefits both acquired and existing businesses. As a result, the performance of our business post-acquisition is an important measurement.

We have adjusted current and prior year revenue to exclude the impact of revenue performed by our former parent company, Leidos Holdings, Inc (“former Parent”). Prior to the separation, we entered into contracts jointly with former Parent and continue to be a party to contracts jointly performed by former Parent and us following the separation. We believe that excluding the revenues performed by former Parent from our calculation of internal revenue growth assists management and investors in understanding the growth of our core business. Revenues performed by former Parent are expected to continue to decline due to the ramp down of pre-separation joint work. For further information regarding our separation from former Parent see Note 9 of the notes to the condensed and consolidated financial statements contained within this report.

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For fiscal 2017, we have also adjusted current year revenue to exclude the estimated impact of the additional week in order to facilitate comparison to the prior year period. We estimate the revenue impact of the additional week by dividing the current year's revenues for the first quarter by the number of days in the first quarter and multiplying that amount by the number of additional days in the first quarter. We believe that adjusting current year revenues to reflect the impact of the additional week improves comparability between the periods since a significant portion of our revenues is derived through the services provided by our employees and subcontractors. As a services business, differences in the number of days generally have a direct impact on the amount of revenue earned during the respective periods.

Internal revenue growth for the periods presented were estimated as follows:

|   | Three<br>Months<br>Ended<br>August 5, | Six<br>Months<br>Ended |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
|   | 2016<br>(in millions)                 |                        |
| Prior year period's revenues, as reported                               | \$1,099                               | \$2,108                |
| Prior year period's revenues performed by former Parent                 | (10 )                                 | (21 )                  |
| Revenues of acquired business for the pre-acquisition prior year period | -                                     | 154                    |
| Prior year period's revenues, as adjusted                               | 1,089                                 | 2,241                  |
| Current year revenues, as reported                                      | 1,095                                 | 2,310                  |
| Revenues performed by former Parent                                     | (2 )                                  | (6 )                   |
| Estimated impact of 53rd week   | -                                     | (88 )                  |
| Current year period's revenues, as adjusted                             | 1,093                                 | 2,216                  |
| Internal revenue growth (contraction)                                   | \$4                                   | \$(25 )                |
| Internal revenue growth (contraction) percentage                        | 0.4 %                                 | (1.1 %)                |

Internal revenue contracted during the six months August 5, 2016 primarily due to a supply chain contract loss and a decrease in revenues generated by the legacy Scitor business caused by delays in contract awards and transition of work to small business set aside contracts. These decreases were partially offset by revenues on newly awarded programs.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA. We utilize the non-GAAP measures of EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA to evaluate our performance by eliminating items that we do not consider to be indicative of our ongoing financial performance.

We believe EBITDA is a useful supplemental measure that helps investors better understand profitability trends of our business from period to period and provides information on how successfully we operate in our markets. We calculate EBITDA by adding interest expense, provision for income taxes and depreciation and amortization to net income.

We believe adjusted EBITDA is a useful supplemental measure that helps investors compare and evaluate our financial results from period to period without regard to the impact of acquisition and integration expenses which are not indicative of ongoing performance. We calculate adjusted EBITDA by adding back to EBITDA the costs of acquiring and integrating significant acquisitions.

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EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA for the periods presented were calculated as follows:

|  | Three<br>Months<br>Ended |             | Six Months<br>Ended |             |
|--|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------|
|  | August<br>5,             | July<br>31, | August<br>5,        | July<br>31, |
|  | 2016                     | 2015        | 2016                | 2015        |
|  | (in millions)            |             |                     |             |
| Net income   | \$37                     | \$22        | \$70                | \$55        |
| Interest expense   | 12                       | 13          | 26                  | 17          |
| Provision for income taxes                                 | 21                       | 17          | 40                  | 37          |
| Depreciation and amortization                              | 12                       | 18          | 27                  | 23          |
| EBITDA   | 82                       | 70          | 163                 | 132         |
| EBITDA as a percentage of revenues                         | 7.5%                     | 6.4%        | 7.1%                | 6.3%        |
| Acquisition and integration costs                          | 3                        | 12          | 10                  | 15          |
| Depreciation included in acquisition and integration costs | -                        | -           | (2 )                | -           |
| Adjusted EBITDA  | 85                       | 82          | 171                 | 147         |
| Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenues                | 7.8%                     | 7.5%        | 7.4%                | 7.0%        |

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Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended August 5, 2016 increased to 7.8% of revenues from 7.5% of revenues for the prior year due to lower severance and other employee-related expenses.

Adjusted EBITDA for the six months ended August 5, 2016 increased to 7.4% of revenues from 7.0% of revenues for the prior year due to the acquisition of Scitor, which has a relatively higher EBITDA margin percentage than our historical business, lower current year supply chain volume due to a contract loss and an increase in net favorable changes in estimates on contracts accounted for under the percentage-of-completion method.

Other Key Performance Measures

In addition to the financial measures described above, we believe that bookings and backlog are useful measures for management and investors to evaluate our potential future revenues. We also consider measures such as contract types and revenue mix to be useful for management and investors to evaluate our operating income and performance.

**Net Bookings and Backlog.** Net bookings represent the estimated amount of revenues to be earned in the future from funded and negotiated unfunded contract awards that were received during the period, net of adjustments to estimates on previously awarded contracts. We calculate net bookings as the period's ending backlog plus the period's revenues less the prior period's ending backlog and initial backlog obtained through acquisitions.

Backlog represents the estimated amount of future revenues to be recognized under negotiated contracts as work is performed. We do not include in backlog estimates of revenues to be derived from IDIQ contracts, but rather record backlog and bookings when task orders are awarded on these contracts. Given that much of our revenue is derived from IDIQ contract task orders that renew annually, bookings on these contracts tend to refresh annually as the task orders are renewed. Additionally, we do not include in backlog contract awards that are under protest until the protest is resolved in our favor.

We segregate our backlog into two categories as follows:

- **Funded Backlog.** Funded backlog for contracts with government agencies primarily represents estimated amounts of revenue to be earned in the future from contracts for which funding is appropriated less revenues previously recognized on these contracts. It does not include the unfunded portion of contracts in which funding is incrementally appropriated or authorized on a quarterly or annual basis by the U.S. government and other customers even though the contract may call for performance over a number of years. Funded backlog for contracts with non-government customers represents the estimated value of contracts, which may cover multiple future years, under which we are obligated to perform, less revenue previously recognized on these contracts.
- **Negotiated Unfunded Backlog.** Negotiated unfunded backlog represents estimated amounts of revenue to be earned in the future from negotiated contracts for which funding has not been appropriated or otherwise authorized and from unexercised priced contract options. Negotiated unfunded backlog does not include any estimate of future potential task orders expected to be awarded under IDIQ, GSA schedules or other master agreement contract vehicles.

We expect to recognize revenue from a substantial portion of our funded backlog within the next twelve months. However, the U.S. government can adjust the scope of services of or cancel contracts at any time. Similarly, certain contracts with commercial customers include provisions that allow the customer to cancel prior to contract completion. Most of our contracts have cancellation terms that would permit us to recover all or a portion of our incurred costs and fees (contract profit) for work performed.

The estimated value of our total backlog as of the dates presented was:

|                             | August<br>5,  | January<br>29, |
|-----------------------------|---------------|----------------|
|                             | 2016          | 2016           |
|                             | (in millions) |                |
| Funded backlog              | \$2,011       | \$1,879        |
| Negotiated unfunded backlog | 5,460         | 5,319          |
| Total backlog               | \$7,471       | \$7,198        |

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We had net bookings worth an estimated \$1.3 billion and \$2.6 billion during the three and six months ended August 5, 2016, respectively. Total backlog at the end of the second quarter has increased compared to total backlog at prior year end due to several large awards received during the second quarter, including the Enterprise Applications Service Technologies (EAST) 2 contract that was originally awarded in January and, following a protest, the award decision to SAIC was upheld in June. Now that the protest has been resolved, we have included the contract in backlog and as a second quarter booking.

Contract Types. Our earnings and profitability may vary materially depending on changes in the proportionate amount of revenues derived from each type of contract. For a discussion of the types of contracts under which we generate revenues, see "Contract Types" in Part I of the most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K. The following table summarizes revenues by contract type as a percentage of revenues for the periods presented:

|                          | Six Months<br>Ended<br>August July<br>5, 31, |       |
|--------------------------|--|-------|
|                          | 2016   | 2015  |
| Cost reimbursement       | 41 %   | 38 %  |
| Time and materials (T&M) | 30 %   | 29 %  |
| Firm-fixed price (FFP)   | 29 %   | 33 %  |
| Total                    | 100%   | 100 % |

The contract portfolio acquired from Scitor consists of a higher proportion of cost reimbursable contracts, and a lower proportion of firm-fixed price contracts, than our historical contract portfolio.

Revenue Mix. We generate revenues under our contracts from the efforts of our employees (which we refer to below as labor-related revenues), the efforts of our subcontractors and the materials provided on a contract. Revenues generated from supply chain materials entail the provision of tailored logistics support. Our subcontractor, contract materials, and supply chain materials revenues generally have lower margins than our labor-related revenues. The following table presents changes in labor-related, subcontractor-related and materials-related revenues for the periods presented:

|   | Three Months Ended<br>August<br>5, 2016 |        |       | Six Months Ended<br>August<br>5, 2016 |        |       |
|---|---|--------|-------|---------------------------------------|--------|-------|
|   | Percent                                 | change | 2015  | Percent                               | change | 2015  |
|   | (dollars in millions)                   |        |       |                                       |        |       |
| Labor-related revenues                  | \$540                                   | 3 %    | \$522 | \$1,135                               | 17 %   | \$973 |
| As a % of revenues                      | 49 %                                    |        | 48 %  | 49 %                                  |        | 46 %  |
| Subcontractor-related revenues          | 370                                     | (3 %)  | 381   | 787                                   | 10 %   | 713   |
| As a % of revenues                      | 34 %                                    |        | 35 %  | 34 %                                  |        | 34 %  |
| Supply chain materials-related revenues | 130                                     | (12 %) | 147   | 281                                   | (13 %) | 323   |
| As a % of revenues                      | 12 %                                    |        | 13 %  | 12 %                                  |        | 15 %  |
| Other materials-related revenues        | 55                                      | 12 %   | 49    | 107                                   | 8 %    | 99    |

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As a % of revenues

5 %

4 % 5 %

5 %

Labor-related revenues increased in the three and six months ended August 5, 2016 compared to the respective prior year periods primarily due to newly awarded contracts and the acquisition of Scitor (Scitor's revenues are primarily generated through labor and subcontractors). Supply chain materials-related revenues decreased in the three and six months ended August 5, 2016 compared to the prior year periods primarily as a result of changes in order volume as a result of a contract loss.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our business generally requires minimal infrastructure investment because we are primarily a services provider. We anticipate that our future cash needs will be for working capital, capital expenditures, and contractual and other commitments. We expect to fund these needs with cash on hand, future operating cash flows and, if needed, borrowings under our \$200 million Revolving Credit Facility.

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We use various financial measures when we develop and update our disciplined cash deployment methodology, which include evaluating cash provided by operating activities, free cash flow and financial leverage. When our cash generation enables us to exceed our target average minimum cash balance of \$150 million, we intend to deploy excess cash through dividends, share repurchases, debt prepayments or strategic acquisitions. Our dividends and share repurchases are limited under certain leverage ratios, and we may be required to make an annual debt prepayment. See the notes to the consolidated and combined financial statements in our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K for a more complete understanding of our Credit Facility.

Our ability to generate cash in the future depends on our future financial results. Our future results are subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors that may be outside of our direct control. Although we believe that the financing arrangements in place will permit us to finance our operations on acceptable terms and conditions for at least the next year, our future access to, and the availability of financing on acceptable terms and conditions will be impacted by many factors (including our credit rating, capital market liquidity and overall economic conditions). Therefore, we cannot ensure that such financing will be available to us on acceptable terms or that such financing will be available at all. Nevertheless, we believe that our existing cash on hand, generation of future operating cash flows, and access to bank financing and capital markets will provide adequate resources to meet our short-term liquidity and long-term capital needs.

## Historical Cash Flow Trends

The following table summarizes our cash flows:

|   | Six Months<br>Ended |             |
|---|---------------------|-------------|
|   | August<br>5,        | July<br>31, |
|   | 2016                | 2015        |
|   | (in millions)       |             |
| Total cash flows provided by operating activities           | \$58                | \$50        |
| Total cash flows used in investing activities               | (5 )                | (787)       |
| Total cash flows (used in) provided by financing activities | (133)               | 599         |
| Total decrease in cash and cash equivalents                 | \$(80 )             | \$(138)     |

**Cash Provided by Operating Activities.** Refer to “Results of Operations” above for a discussion of the changes in cash provided by operating activities between the six months ended August 5, 2016 and the comparable prior year period.

**Cash Used in Investing Activities.** Cash used in investing activities for the six months ended August 5, 2016 decreased \$782 million, as compared to the prior year period, due to the Scitor acquisition in the prior year period.

**Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities.** Cash used in financing activities for the six months ended August 5, 2016 was \$133 million compared to cash provided by financing activities of \$599 million during the prior year period. This change is primarily due to proceeds from borrowings obtained to fund the Scitor acquisition in the prior year and the additional plan share repurchases under our publicly announced repurchase program in the current year, as well as an increase in principal payments on borrowings.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our condensed and consolidated financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingencies, as well as the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, gains and losses during the reporting periods. Management evaluates these estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis. Our estimates and assumptions have been prepared on the basis of the most current reasonably available information and, in some cases, are our basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Estimates and assumptions may change in the future as more current information is available.

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Management believes that our critical accounting policies are those that are both material to the presentation of our financial condition and results of operations and require management's most difficult, subjective and complex judgments. Typically, the circumstances that make these judgments difficult, subjective and complex have to do with making estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. There have been no changes to our existing critical accounting policies during the six months ended August 5, 2016 from those disclosed in our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K.

**Goodwill and Intangible Assets.** Goodwill is recorded as the difference between the aggregate consideration paid for an acquisition and the fair value of the net tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Goodwill is not amortized, but rather tested for potential impairment annually at the beginning of the fourth quarter, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

With the completion of the Scitor acquisition in May 2015, we established a new reporting unit (Intelligence Community/Air Force Customer Group) consisting primarily of a majority of the former Scitor business. This reporting unit has a goodwill balance of \$482 million. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2016, we completed our annual goodwill impairment testing and determined that the excess of fair value over the carrying value (the "excess") for this new reporting unit was approximately 4%, or \$30 million. Given the proximity of the impairment testing date to the date of acquisition, a significant excess was not expected for this reporting unit. However, if future operating results are lower than anticipated or there are increases in market participant cost of capital then a reduction in or elimination of the excess and potential impairment charges could result. As discussed in the results of operations, revenues generated by Scitor's historical business contracted year over year. If this reporting unit's operating performance continues to be below management's expectations, this may result in a triggering event which would require us to perform an interim goodwill impairment test for the reporting unit. There was significant excess associated with the Company's other reporting units as of the annual goodwill impairment test date.

**Recently Issued But Not Yet Adopted Accounting Pronouncements**

For information on recently issued but not yet adopted accounting pronouncements, see Note 1 of the notes to the condensed and consolidated financial statements contained within this report.

**Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

There have been no material changes to our Market Risks from those discussed in our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K.

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer (our Chief Executive Officer) and principal financial officer (our Chief Financial Officer), has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) and have concluded that as of August 5, 2016 these controls and procedures were operating and effective.

**Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarterly period covered by this report that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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## PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We have provided information about legal proceedings in which we are involved in our fiscal 2016 Annual Report, and we have provided an update to this information in Note 9 of the notes to the condensed and consolidated financial statements contained within this report.

In addition to the described legal proceedings, we are routinely subject to investigations and reviews relating to compliance with various laws and regulations. Additional information regarding such investigations and reviews is included in our fiscal 2016 Annual Report, and we have also updated this information in Note 9 of the notes to the condensed and consolidated financial statements contained within this report, under the heading “Government Investigations, Audits and Reviews.”

## Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in our most recently filed Annual Report.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

**Purchases of Equity Securities.** We may repurchase shares on the open market in accordance with established repurchase plans. Whether repurchases are made and the timing and amount of repurchases depend on a variety of factors including market conditions, our capital position, internal cash generation and other factors. We also repurchase shares in connection with stock option and stock award activities to satisfy tax withholding obligations.

The following table presents repurchases of our common stock during the three months ended August 5, 2016:

| Period (1) | Total<br>Number<br>of<br>Shares (or<br>Units)<br><br>(2) | Average<br>Price<br>Paid per<br>Share<br>(or<br>Unit) | Total<br>Number of<br>Shares (or<br>Units)<br><br>Purchased<br>as Part of<br><br>Publicly<br>Announced<br><br>Plans or<br>Programs | Maximum<br>Number of<br>Shares (or<br>Units)<br><br>that May<br>Yet Be<br><br>Purchased<br>Under<br><br>the Plans<br>or |
|------------|--|---|--|---|
|------------|--|---|--|---|

|                               |         |          |         | Programs<br>(3) |
|-------------------------------|---------|----------|---------|-----------------|
| May 7, 2016 - June 10, 2016   | 300,504 | \$ 54.17 | 299,537 | 2,952,355       |
| June 11, 2016 - July 8, 2016  | 218,303 | 57.39    | 212,516 | 2,739,839       |
| July 9, 2016 - August 5, 2016 | 210,094 | 60.39    | 208,603 | 2,531,236       |
| Total                         | 728,901 | \$ 56.93 | 720,656 |                 |

- (1) Date ranges represent our fiscal periods during the current quarter. Our fiscal quarters typically consist of one five-week period and two four-week periods.
- (2) Includes shares purchased on surrender by stockholders of previously owned shares to satisfy minimum statutory tax withholding obligations related to stock option exercises and vesting of stock awards in addition to shares purchased under our publicly announced plans or programs.
- (3) On September 11, 2015 the number of additional shares of our common stock that may be repurchased under our existing repurchase program previously announced in October 2013 was increased by 3.5 million shares, bringing the total authorized shares to be repurchased under the program to approximately 8.5 million shares. As of August 5, 2016, we have repurchased approximately 6.0 million shares of common stock under the program.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

No information is required in response to this item.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

No information is required in response to this item.

Item 5. Other Information

No information is required in response to this item.

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Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit

Number Description of Exhibit

- |      |  |
|------|--|
| 31.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.  |
| 31.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.  |
| 32.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 101  | Interactive Data File.   |

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: September 8, 2016

Science Applications International Corporation

/s/ Maria M. Bishop

Maria M. Bishop

Interim Chief Financial Officer