National General Holdings Corp. Form 10-Q May 11, 2015

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2015

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
 OF 1934
 For the Transition Period from to
 Commission File Number: 001-36311

NATIONAL GENERAL HOLDINGS CORP. (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

| Delaware | 27-1046208 |
|--|---------------------|
| (State or Other Jurisdiction of | (IRS Employer |
| Incorporation or Organization) | Identification No.) |
| 59 Maiden Lane, 38th Floor New York, New York (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (212) 380-9500 (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code) | 10038 (Zip Code) |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer o Accelerated Filer o

Non-Accelerated Filer xSmaller(Do not check if a smallerCompan

Smaller Reporting Company o

reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

As of May 7, 2015, the number of common shares of the registrant outstanding was 93,572,226.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

NATIONAL GENERAL HOLDINGS CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Par Value per Share)

| (In Thousands, Except Shares and Par Value per Share) | March 31, 2015 | December 31, 2014 |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|
| ASSETS | (unaudited) | (audited) |
| Investments - NGHC | | |
| Fixed maturities, available-for-sale, at fair value (amortized cost \$1,345,963 and | \$1,406,561 | \$1,374,087 |
| \$1,330,760) | | |
| Equity securities, available-for-sale, at fair value (cost \$52,551 and \$52,272) Short-term investments | 48,194 18,447 | 45,802 50 |
| Equity investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries | 167,568 | 155,900 |
| Other investments | 5,798 | 4,764 |
| Securities pledged (amortized cost \$0 and \$47,546) | | 49,456 |
| Investments - Exchanges | | |
| Fixed maturities, available-for-sale, at fair value (amortized cost \$210,300 and | 212 570 | 222 720 |
| \$222,121) | 212,570 | 222,739 |
| Equity securities, available-for-sale, at fair value (cost \$2,752 and \$2,752) | 2,865 | 2,817 |
| Short-term investments | 3,385 | 10,490 |
| Total investments | 1,865,388 | 1,866,105 |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Exchanges - \$28,605 and \$9,437) | 229,102 | 132,615 |
| Accrued investment income (Exchanges - \$1,854 and \$1,898) | 13,275 | 14,451 |
| Premiums and other receivables, net (Related parties \$140,636 and \$64,129) | 791,281 | 647,443 |
| (Exchanges - \$60,292 and \$58,238) | | |
| Deferred acquisition costs (Exchanges - \$12,547 and \$4,485) | 155,029 | 125,999 |
| Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses (Related parties - \$73,771 and \$88,970) | 873,431 | 911,798 |
| (Exchanges - \$15,444 and \$23,583) | 075,451 |)11,790 |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums (Exchanges - \$70,340 and \$26,924) | 152,919 | 102,761 |
| Notes receivable from related party | 126,434 | 125,000 |
| Due from affiliate | 4,098 | 5,129 |
| Premises and equipment, net | 29,466 | 30,583 |
| Intangible assets, net (Exchanges - \$9,182 and \$11,433) | 244,018 | 248,837 |
| Goodwill | 92,141 | 70,764 |
| Prepaid and other assets (Exchanges - \$41 and \$71) | 53,090 | 48,154 |
| Total assets | \$4,629,672 | \$4,329,639 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Unpaid loss and loss adjustment expense reserves (Exchanges - \$111,631 and \$111,848 | · · · · · | \$1,562,153 |
| Unearned premiums (Exchanges - \$140,154 and \$119,998) | 961,979 | 864,436 |
| Unearned service contract and other revenue (Exchanges - \$20,172 and \$0) | 29,721 | 8,527 |
| Reinsurance payable (Related parties - \$61,914 and \$41,965) (Exchanges - \$19,878 and \$13,811) | ¹ 153,105 | 111,641 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses (Related parties - \$38,126 and \$38,576) | | |
| (Exchanges - \$9,431 and \$17,691) | 178,587 | 207,121 |
| | | |

| Due to affiliate (Exchanges - \$1,521 and \$1,552) | 1,521 | 1,552 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, at contract value | | 46,804 |
| Deferred tax liability (Exchanges - \$38,370 and \$38,402) | 52,110 | 67,535 |
| Income tax payable (Exchanges - \$1,059 and \$1,059) | 56,177 | 30,591 |
| Notes payable (Exchanges owed to related party - \$50,417 and \$48,374) | 305,417 | 304,005 |
| Other liabilities (Exchanges - \$8,985 and \$5,710) | 65,306 | 51,824 |
| Total liabilities | 3,355,547 | 3,256,189 |

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

| NATIONAL GENERAL HOLDINGS CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Par Value per Share) Stockholders' equity: | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value - authorized 150,000,000 shares, issued and outstandi | ng | |
| 93,495,258 shares - 2015; authorized 150,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding 93,427,382 shares - 2014 | 935 | 934 |
| Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value - authorized 10,000,000 shares, issued and outstandin | g | |
| 2,350,000 shares - 2015; authorized 10,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding | 205,000 | 55,000 |
| 2,200,000 shares - 2014 | | |
| Additional paid-in capital | 687,189 | 690,736 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 32,683 | 20,192 |
| Retained earnings | 332,701 | 292,832 |
| Total National General Holdings Corp. Stockholders' Equity | 1,258,508 | 1,059,694 |
| Non-controlling interest (Exchanges - \$15,507 and \$13,670) | 15,617 | 13,756 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 1,274,125 | 1,073,450 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$4,629,672 | \$4,329,639 |
| See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. | | |

NATONAL GENERAL HOLDINGS CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data) (Unaudited)

| (Unaudited) | | |
|--|-------------------|--|
| | | s Ended March 31, |
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Revenues: | | |
| Premium income: | | A C I C I I A |
| Gross premium written | \$643,455 | \$646,142 |
| Ceded premiums (related parties - \$348 and \$30,277, respectively) | (113,430 |) (78,657) |
| Net premium written | 530,025 | 567,485 |
| Change in unearned premium | (50,860 |) (209,633) |
| Net earned premium | 479,165 | 357,852 |
| Ceding commission income | 5,080 | 5,370 |
| Service and fee income | 54,870 | 36,706 |
| Net investment income | 16,148 | 9,214 |
| Net realized gain on investments | 1,187 | — |
| Other revenue | 1,245 | 7 |
| Total revenues | 557,695 | 409,149 |
| Expenses: | | |
| Loss and loss adjustment expense | 306,686 | 225,347 |
| Acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses | 89,885 | 74,373 |
| General and administrative expenses | 105,687 | 76,199 |
| Interest expense | 9,080 | 593 |
| Total expenses | 511,338 | 376,512 |
| Income before provision for income taxes and equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries | 46,357 | 32,637 |
| Provision for income taxes | 8,387 | 7,336 |
| Income before equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries | 37,970 | 25,301 |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries | 4,958 | 1,123 |
| Net income | 42,928 | 26,424 |
| Less: Net loss (income) attributable to non-controlling interest | (160 | |
| Net income attributable to National General Holdings Corp. ("NGHC") | \$42,768 |) (32) \$26,392 |
| Dividends on preferred stock | (1,031 | `````````````````````````````````````` |
| Net income attributable to NGHC common stockholders | \$41,737 |) — \$26,392 |
| Earnings per common share: | \$41,737 | \$20,392 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$0.45 | \$0.31 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$0.43 \$0.43 | \$0.31 \$0.30 |
| | \$0.43 \$0.02 | \$0.01 |
| Dividends declared per common share Weighted average common shares outstanding: | \$0.02 | \$0.01 |
| Basic | 02 454 226 | 85 774 057 |
| Diluted | 93,454,236 | 85,774,057 |
| | 96,087,952 | 86,884,898 |
| Net realized gain on investments: | \$ (1.016 |) ¢ |
| Other than temporary impairment loss | \$(1,016 |) \$— |
| Portion of loss recognized in other comprehensive income | (1.016 |) — |
| Net impairment losses recognized in earnings | (1,016 |) — |
| Other net realized gain on investments | 2,203 \$ 1,187 | ¢ |
| Net realized gain on investments | \$1,187 | Ф— |

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NATIONAL GENERAL HOLDINGS CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands) (Unaudited)

| | Three Months | Ended March 3 | 1, |
|---|--------------|---------------|----|
| | 2015 | 2014 | |
| Net income | \$42,928 | \$26,424 | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: | | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 1,024 | (597 |) |
| Gross unrealized holding gain on securities, net of tax expense of \$5,990 and \$4,478 in 2015 and 2014, respectively | 14,355 | 8,771 | |
| Reclassification adjustment for investment gain included in net income | (1,187 |) — | |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax | 14,192 | 8,174 | |
| Comprehensive income | 57,120 | 34,598 | |
| Less: Comprehensive loss (income) attributable to non-controlling interest | (1,861 |) (32 |) |
| Comprehensive income attributable to NGHC | \$55,259 | \$34,566 | |

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. 4

NATIONAL GENERAL HOLDINGS CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(In Thousands, Except Shares)

(Unaudited)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 Common Stock Preferred Stock

| | Common St | UCK | Flelelleu S | DIOCK | | | Accumulat | ad | | |
|---|------------|-------|-------------|-----------|----------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|---|-----------------|---|
| | Shares | \$ | Shares | \$ | Additional Paid-in Capital | Retained Earnings | Other Comprehen Income | ed Non-contro Interest in Subsidiary | olling Total | |
| Balance January 1, 2015 | 93,427,382 | \$934 | 2,200,000 | \$55,000 | \$690,736 | \$292,832 | \$20,192 | \$ 13,756 | \$1,073,450 |) |
| Net income | _ | | | | _ | 42,768 | | 160 | 42,928 | |
| Foreign currency translation | _ | | | | _ | _ | 1,024 | _ | 1,024 | |
| adjustment, net of tax | | | | | | | 1,024 | | 1,024 | |
| Change in unrealized gain on investments, net of tax | | _ | _ | _ | | _ | 11,467 | 1,701 | 13,168 | |
| Preferred stock dividends | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | (1,031) | _ | _ | (1,031 |) |
| Common stock dividends | _ | | _ | _ | | (1,868) | _ | _ | (1,868 |) |
| Issuance of preferred stock | — | | 150,000 | 150,000 | (4,975) | — | — | _ | 145,025 | |
| Exercises of stock options | 67,876 | 1 | | | 340 | | | | 341 | |
| Stock-based compensation | _ | | _ | _ | 1,088 | _ | _ | _ | 1,088 | |
| Balance March 31, 2015 | 93,495,258 | \$935 | 2,350,000 | \$205,000 | \$687,189 | \$332,701 | \$32,683 | \$ 15,617 | \$1,274,125 | 5 |

Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 Common Stock Preferred

| | Common St | OCK | Stock | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|-------|--------|------|----------------------------------|-----------|--|--|-----------|---|
| | Shares | \$ | Shares | s \$ | Additional Paid-in Capital | Retained | Accumulated Other Comprehensiv Income | Non-control Interest in Subsidiary | U | |
| Balance January 1, 2014 | 79,731,800 | \$797 | | \$— | \$437,006 | \$197,552 | \$ 7,425 | \$ 87 | \$642,867 | |
| Net income | | | | | | 26,392 | _ | 32 | 26,424 | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of | — | | | | _ | _ | (597) | | (597 |) |

| tax Change in unrealized gain on investments, net of tax | _ | | | _ | _ | 8,771 | _ | 8,771 |
|--|------------|-------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|
| Common stock dividends | _ | _ | | _ | (932) | _ | | (932) |
| Issuance of common stock | 13,612,600 | 136 | _ | 178,503 | _ | _ | _ | 178,639 |
| Stock-based compensation | | _ | _ | 418 | | _ | | 418 |
| Balance March 31, 2014 | 93,344,400 | \$933 | \$— | \$615,927 | \$223,012 | \$ 15,599 | \$ 119 | \$855,590 |

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NATIONAL GENERAL HOLDINGS CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands) (Unaudited)

| (Unaudited) | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|---|
| | Three Months H | Ended March 31, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | |
| Net income | \$42,928 | \$26,424 | |
| Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | : | | |
| Depreciation, amortization and goodwill impairment | 7,956 | 6,775 | |
| Net amortization of premium on fixed maturities | 1,188 | 740 | |
| Net amortization of discount on debt | 2,043 | | |
| Stock compensation expense | 1,088 | 418 | |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries | (4,958 |) (1,123 |) |
| Net realized gain on investments | (2,203 |) — | |
| Other than temporary impairment loss | 1,016 | — | |
| Bad debt expense | 5,823 | 7,086 | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax | (427 |) (597 |) |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Accrued investment income | (257 |) (430 |) |
| Premiums and other receivables | (147,734 |) (247,513 |) |
| Deferred acquisition costs, net | (29,030 |) (38,981 |) |
| Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses | 38,367 | 23,354 | |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums | (50,158 |) (6,692 |) |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | (4,618 |) 576 | |
| Unpaid loss and loss adjustment expense reserves | (10,529 |) 56,238 | |
| Unearned premiums | 97,543 | 216,325 | |
| Unearned service contract and other revenue | 21,194 | 1,639 | |
| Reinsurance payable | 41,464 | 24,199 | |
| Accounts payable | (34,089 |) 93,033 | |
| Income tax payable | 25,587 | 17,028 | |
| Deferred tax liability | (21,117 |) (12,199 |) |
| Other liabilities | 13,482 | (4,447 |) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | (5,441 |) 161,853 | |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | |
| Investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries | (6,710 |) (1,576 |) |
| Purchases of other investments | • • |) (349 |) |
| Acquisition of consolidated subsidiaries, net of cash | (15,524 |) 6,393 | |
| Purchases of short term investments | (48,209 |) (124,000 |) |
| Proceeds from sale of short-term investments | 36,917 | 124,000 | |
| Purchases of premises and equipment | (2,112 |) (3,525 |) |
| Purchases of fixed maturities | (62,334 |) (324,903 |) |
| Proceeds from sale and maturity of fixed maturities | 106,724 | 62,834 | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | 7,196 | (261,126 |) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | | |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, net | (46,804 |) (42,636 |) |
| Notes payable repayments | (631 |) (1,394 |) |
| Proceeds from notes payable | — | 125 | |
| Issuance of common stock | _ | 178,639 | |
| | | | |

| Issuance of preferred stock, net of fees | 145,025 | _ |
|---|---------|----------|
| Exercises of stock options | 341 | — |
| Dividends paid to preferred shareholders | (1,031 |) — |
| Dividends paid to common shareholders | (1,868 |) (932) |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 95,032 | 133,802 |

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NATIONAL GENERAL HOLDINGS CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands) (Unaudited)

| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (300 |) — |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 96,487 | 34,529 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period | 132,615 | 73,823 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period | \$229,102 | \$108,352 |
| Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: | | |
| Cash paid for income taxes | \$2,900 | \$1,700 |
| Cash paid for interest | 31 | 728 |

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

1. Basis of Reporting

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of National General Holdings Corp. and its subsidiaries (the "Company" or "NGHC") and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP" or "U.S. GAAP") for interim financial statements and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X as promulgated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, previously filed with the SEC on March 9, 2015. The balance sheet at December 31, 2014 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial and footnotes required by filed with the SEC on March 9, 2015. The balance sheet at December 31, 2014 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2015 and for the three months ended March 31, 2015, and the audited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2014, also include the accounts and operations of Adirondack Insurance Exchange, a New York reciprocal insurer, and New Jersey Skylands Insurance Association, a New Jersey reciprocal insurer (together with their subsidiaries, the "Reciprocal Exchanges" or "Exchanges"), following the Company's acquisition on September 15, 2014 of two management companies that are the attorneys-in-fact for the Reciprocal Exchanges. The Company does not own the Reciprocal Exchanges but manages their business operations through its wholly-owned management companies.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim period and all such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The results of operations for the interim period are not necessarily indicative, if annualized, of those to be expected for the full year. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

A detailed description of the Company's significant accounting policies and management judgments is located in the audited consolidated financial statements, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed with the SEC.

All significant inter-company transactions and accounts have been eliminated in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

To facilitate period-to-period comparisons, certain reclassifications have been made to prior period consolidated financial statement amounts to conform to current period presentation.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

With the exception of those discussed below, there have been no recent accounting pronouncements or changes in accounting pronouncements during the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to those described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, that are of significance, or potential significance, to the Company.

In April 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-08, "Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity" to reduce diversity in practice for reporting discontinued operations. Under the previous guidance, any component of an entity that was a reportable segment, an operating segment, a reporting unit, a subsidiary, or an asset group was eligible for discontinued operations presentation. The revised guidance only allows disposals of components of an entity that represent a strategic shift (e.g., disposal of a major geographical area, a major line of business, a major equity method investment, or other major parts of an entity) and that have a major effect on a reporting entity's operations and financial results to be reported as discontinued operations. The revised guidance also requires expanded disclosure in the financial statements for discontinued operations as well as for disposals of significant components of an entity that do not qualify for discontinued operations presentation. The updated guidance is effective prospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within those years. The Company adopted ASU 2014-08 on January 1, 2015 and the implementation of the standard did not have an impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or liquidity.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, "Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis" to address concerns that GAAP might require a reporting entity to consolidate another legal entity in situations in which the reporting entity's contractual rights do not give it the ability to act primarily on its own behalf, the reporting entity does not hold a majority of the legal entity's voting rights, or the reporting entity is not exposed to a majority of the legal entity's economic benefits or obligations. Specifically, the amendments: (1) modify the evaluation of whether limited partnerships and similar legal entities are variable interest entities ("VIEs") or voting interest entities; (2) eliminate the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership; (3) affect the consolidation analysis of reporting entities that are involved with VIEs, particularly those that have fee arrangements and related party relationships; and (4) provide a scope exception from consolidation guidance for reporting entities with interests in legal entities that are required to comply with or operate in accordance with requirements that are similar to those in Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for registered money market funds. ASU 2015-02 amends certain areas in the consolidation analysis including: (i) the effect of related parties on the primary beneficiary determination; (ii) the evaluation of fees paid to a decision maker or a service provider as a variable interest; (iii) the effect of fee arrangements on the primary beneficiary determination; and (iv) certain investment funds. The amendments in ASU 2015-02 are effective for public business entities for fiscal years, and for interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts the amendments in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. A reporting entity may apply the amendments in ASU 2015-02 using a modified retrospective approach by recording a cumulative-effect adjustment to equity as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption or may apply the amendments retrospectively. The adoption of ASU 2015-02 is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position or liquidity.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, "Interest—Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs", as part of its initiative to reduce complexity in accounting standards. ASU 2015-03 amends the current practice where debt issuance costs were recognized as separate assets (i.e., deferred charges) on the balance sheet and were not deducted from the carrying value of the debt liability. ASU 2015-03 amends the current practice and requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. The recognition and measurement guidance for debt issuance costs are not affected by the amendments in ASU 2015-03 are effective for public business entities for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption of the amendments in ASU 2015-03 is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. An entity should apply the new guidance on a retrospective basis, wherein the balance sheet of each individual period presented should be adjusted to reflect the period-specific effects of applying the new guidance. The adoption of ASU 2015-03 is expected to be limited to disclosure requirements and is not expected to have an effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position or liquidity.

3. Reciprocal Exchanges

As of September 15, 2014, through its wholly-owned management companies, the Company manages the business operations of the Reciprocal Exchanges and has the ability to direct their activities. The Reciprocal Exchanges are insurance carriers organized as unincorporated associations. Each policyholder insured by the Reciprocal Exchanges shares risk with the other policyholders.

In the event of dissolution, policyholders would share any residual unassigned surplus in the same proportion as the amount of insurance purchased but are not subject to assessment for any deficit in unassigned surplus of the Reciprocal Exchanges. The Company receives management fee income for the services provided to the Reciprocal Exchanges. The assets of the Reciprocal Exchanges can be used only to settle the obligations of the Reciprocal Exchanges and general creditors to their liabilities have no recourse to the Company.

Subsidiaries of ACP Re Ltd. ("ACP Re"), a related party, hold the surplus notes that were issued by the Reciprocal Exchanges when they were originally capitalized. The obligation to repay principal and interest on the surplus notes is subordinated to the Reciprocal Exchanges' other liabilities including obligations to policyholders and claimants for benefits under insurance policies. Principal and interest on the surplus notes are payable only with regulatory approval. The Company has no ownership interest in the Reciprocal Exchanges.

The Company determined that it holds a variable interest in each of the Reciprocal Exchanges because of the significance of the management fees paid by the Reciprocal Exchanges to the wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company as the Reciprocal

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

Exchanges' decision-maker and the relevance of these fees to the economic performance of the Reciprocal Exchanges. Each of the Reciprocal Exchanges qualifies as a Variable Interest Entity ("VIE") because the policyholders of the Reciprocal Exchanges lack the ability to direct the activities of the Reciprocal Exchanges that have a significant impact on the Reciprocal Exchanges' economic performance. The Company is the primary beneficiary because it, through its wholly-owned management companies, has both the power to direct the activities of the Reciprocal Exchanges that most significantly impact their economic performance and the right to economic benefits that could be potentially significant. Accordingly, the Company consolidates these Reciprocal Exchanges and eliminates all intercompany balances and transactions with the Company.

The following table presents the balance sheet of the Reciprocal Exchanges as of September 15, 2014:

| September 15, 2014 | |
|--|-----------|
| Assets: | |
| Cash and investments | \$235,684 |
| Accrued investment income | 1,975 |
| Premiums receivables | 62,412 |
| Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses | 19,137 |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums | 27,166 |
| Intangible assets, net | 13,901 |
| Income tax receivable | 819 |
| Other assets | 124 |
| Total assets | \$361,218 |
| Liabilities: | |
| Unpaid loss and loss adjustment expense reserves | \$113,828 |
| Unearned premiums | 114,786 |
| Reinsurance payable | 5,167 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | 10,120 |
| Deferred tax liability | 39,238 |
| Notes payable | 44,600 |
| Due to affiliate | 17,808 |
| Other liabilities | 4,506 |
| Total liabilities | 350,053 |
| Stockholders' equity: | |
| Non-controlling interest | 11,165 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 11,165 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$361,218 |

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Reciprocal Exchanges recognized total revenues, total expenses and net income of \$49,450, \$49,314 and \$136, respectively.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company earned service and fee income from the Reciprocal Exchanges in the amount of \$8,578. Such amount is eliminated in our consolidated earnings.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

4. Investments

(a) Available-for-Sale Securities

The cost or amortized cost, fair value, and gross unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities were as follows:

| March 31, 2015 | Cost or Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Equity securities: | | | | |
| Common stock | \$47,548 | \$153 | \$(4,555 |) \$43,146 |
| Preferred stock | 7,755 | 158 | | 7,913 |
| Fixed maturities: | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury | 22,253 | 1,547 | (1 |) 23,799 |
| Federal agencies | 98 | 1 | | 99 |
| States and political subdivision bonds | 177,288 | 5,864 | (206 |) 182,946 |
| Foreign government | 6,573 | | (1,067 |) 5,506 |
| Corporate bonds | 856,668 | 50,743 | (9,790 |) 897,621 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 408,596 | 14,033 | (65 |) 422,564 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 79,827 | 2,354 | (585 |) 81,596 |
| Asset-backed securities | 4,960 | 40 | | 5,000 |
| Total | \$1,611,566 | \$74,893 | \$(16,269 |) \$1,670,190 |
| Less: Securities pledged | | | | |
| Total net of Securities pledged | \$1,611,566 | \$74,893 | \$(16,269 |) \$1,670,190 |
| NGHC | \$1,398,514 | \$71,568 | \$(15,327 |) \$1,454,755 |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | 213,052 | 3,325 | (942 |) 215,435 |
| Total | \$1,611,566 | \$74,893 | \$(16,269 |) \$1,670,190 |
| | | | | |

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

| December 31, 2014 | Cost or Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | | Fair Value |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------------|
| Equity securities: | | | | | |
| Common stock | \$47,269 | \$1,004 | \$(7,349 |) | \$40,924 |
| Preferred stock | 7,755 | 65 | (125 |) | 7,695 |
| Fixed maturities: | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury | 37,446 | 1,536 | (3 |) | 38,979 |
| Federal agencies | 98 | | | | 98 |
| States and political subdivision bonds | 172,617 | 4,961 | (169 |) | 177,409 |
| Foreign government | 6,194 | — | (658 |) | 5,536 |
| Corporate bonds | 839,436 | 36,525 | (8,699 |) | 867,262 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 459,596 | 11,132 | (92 |) | 470,636 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 79,579 | 1,602 | (189 |) | 80,992 |
| Asset-backed securities | 5,461 | — | (91 |) | 5,370 |
| Total | \$1,655,451 | \$56,825 | \$(17,375 |) | \$1,694,901 |
| Less: Securities pledged | 47,546 | 1,910 | | | 49,456 |
| Total net of Securities pledged | \$1,607,905 | \$54,915 | \$(17,375 |) | \$1,645,445 |
| NGHC | \$1,430,578 | \$55,031 | \$(16,264 |) | \$1,469,345 |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | 224,873 | 1,794 | (1,111 |) | 225,556 |
| Total | \$1,655,451 | \$56,825 | \$(17,375 |) | \$1,694,901 |

The amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale fixed maturities and securities pledged, held as of March 31, 2015, by contractual maturity, are shown in the table below. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because some borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

| | NGHC | | Reciprocal | Exchanges | Total | |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| March 31, 2015 | Cost or Amortized Cost | Fair Value | Cost or Amortized Cost | Fair Value | Cost or Amortized Cost | Fair Value |
| Due in one year or less | \$13,973 | \$14,030 | \$4,290 | \$4,289 | \$18,263 | \$18,319 |
| Due after one year through five years | 313,685 | 330,594 | 37,234 | 37,581 | 350,919 | 368,175 |
| Due after five years through ten years | 512,817 | 537,994 | 65,159 | 66,411 | 577,976 | 604,405 |
| Due after ten years | 416,298 | 431,829 | 77,085 | 77,331 | 493,383 | 509,160 |
| Mortgage-backed securities Total | 89,190 \$1,345,963 | 92,114 \$1,406,561 | 26,532 \$210,300 | 26,958 \$212,570 | 115,722 \$1,556,263 | 119,072 \$1,619,131 |
| 10000 | <i>•</i> 1,0 10,7 00 | <i>q</i> 1, 100,001 | <i>q</i> <u></u> | ф _1_,с ,с | ¢ 1,00 0,200 | <i><i>q</i>1,017,101</i> |

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

(b) Investment Income

The components of net investment income consisted of the following:

| | Three Month | s Ended March 31, |
|--|-------------|-------------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Interest | | |
| Cash and short term investments | \$5 | \$10 |
| Equity securities | 75 | |
| Fixed maturities | 15,006 | 9,753 |
| Reverse Repurchase Agreements | — | — |
| Investment Income | 15,086 | 9,763 |
| Investment expense | (1,212 |) (469) |
| Repurchase Agreements interest expense | (70 |) (80) |
| Other Income ⁽¹⁾ | 2,344 | — |
| Net Investment Income | \$16,148 | \$9,214 |
| NGHC | \$14,109 | \$9,214 |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | 2,039 | — |
| Net Investment Income | \$16,148 | \$9,214 |

⁽¹⁾ Includes interest income of approximately \$2,188 for the three months ended March 31, 2015, under the ACP Re Credit Agreement (see Note 15, "Related Party Transactions").

(c) Realized Gains and Losses

Proceeds from sales of equity securities and fixed maturities during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were \$53,402 and \$0, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company recognized an other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") of \$1,016 on an investment based on our qualitative and quantitative review.

The tables below indicate the gross realized gains and losses (including any OTTI loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

| Gross Gains | Gross Losses | Net Gains |
|--------------|--------------|---|
| Oross Odilis | G1055 L055C5 | (Losses) |
| \$— | \$— | \$— |
| 2,624 | (421 |) 2,203 |
| — | (1,016 |) (1,016 |
| \$2,624 | \$(1,437 |) \$1,187 |
| \$1,773 | \$(1,279 |) \$494 |
| 851 | (158 |) 693 |
| \$2,624 | \$(1,437 |) \$1,187 |
| | 2,624 | \$— \$— 2,624 (421 — (1,016 \$2,624 \$(1,437 \$1,773 \$(1,279 851 (158 |

)

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

| Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 | Gross Gains | Gross Losses | Net Gains (Losses) |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Equity securities | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Fixed maturities | | | |
| Total gross realized gains and losses | \$— | \$— | \$— |

(d) Unrealized Gains and Losses

Unrealized gains (losses) on equity securities, fixed maturities and securities sold but not yet purchased consisted of the following:

| Net unrealized loss on common stock | March 31, 2015 \$(4,402 |) | December 31, 20 \$(6,345 |)14 |
|---|----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----|
| Net unrealized gain (loss) on preferred stock | 158 | | (60 |) |
| Net unrealized gains on fixed maturities | 62,868 | | 45,855 | |
| Net unrealized gain (loss) on other | (6 |) | 18 | |
| Deferred income tax expense | (19,769 |) | (13,787 |) |
| Net unrealized gains, net of deferred income tax expense | \$38,849 | | \$25,681 | |
| NGHC | \$36,465 | | \$24,998 | |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | 2,384 | | 683 | |
| Net unrealized gains, net of deferred income tax expense | 38,849 | | 25,681 | |
| Non-controlling interest | (2,384 |) | (683 |) |
| NGHC net unrealized gains, net of deferred income tax expense | \$36,465 | | \$24,998 | |
| Period Ended: | | | | |
| NGHC change in net unrealized gains, net of deferred income tax expense | \$11,467 | | \$17,938 | |

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

(e) Gross Unrealized Losses

The tables below summarize the gross unrealized losses on equity securities and fixed maturities by length of time the security has continuously been in an unrealized loss position as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

| | Less Than 12 Months | | | | 12 Months | or More | Total | | | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|----|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----|
| March 31, 2015 | Fair Market Value | Unrealize Losses | ed | No. of Positions Held | Fair Market Value | Unrealized Losses | No. of Positions Held | Fair Market Value | Unrealiz Losses | ed |
| Common stock | \$38,618 | \$(4,555 |) | 4 | \$— | \$— | | \$38,618 | \$(4,555 |) |
| Preferred stock | — | | | — | — | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury | 699 | (1 |) | 2 | _ | | | 699 | (1 |) |
| States and political subdivision bonds | 14,841 | (185 |) | 33 | 1,722 | (21 | 3 | 16,563 | (206 |) |
| Foreign government | 5,506 | (1,067 |) | 2 | _ | | | 5,506 | (1,067 |) |
| Corporate bonds | 90,193 | (6,686 |) | 64 | 23,343 | (3,104 | 9 | 113,536 | (9,790 |) |
| Residential | | | | | | | | | | |
| mortgage-backed securities | 1,458 | (14 |) | 14 | 1,941 | (51 | 3 | 3,399 | (65 |) |
| Commercial | | | | | | | | | | |
| mortgage-backed | 35,153 | (585 |) | 13 | _ | | | 35,153 | (585 |) |
| securities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Asset-backed | | | | | | | | | | |
| securities | _ | | | _ | _ | | | | | |
| Total | \$186,468 | \$(13,093 | ;) | 132 | \$27,006 | \$(3,176) | 15 | \$213,474 | \$(16,269 |)) |
| NGHC | \$135,716 | \$(12,151 |) | 77 | \$27,006 | \$(3,176) | 15 | \$162,722 | \$(15,327 | 7) |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | 50,752 | (942 |) | 55 | _ | | | 50,752 | (942 |) |
| Total | \$186,468 | \$(13,093 |) | 132 | \$27,006 | \$(3,176) | 15 | \$213,474 | \$(16,269 |)) |

| December 31, 2014 | Less Than Fair Market Value | 12 Months Unrealize Losses | | No. of Positions Held | 12 Months Fair Market Value | or More Unrealiz Losses | zed | No. of Positions Held | Total Fair Market Value | Unrealiz Losses | zed |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----|
| Common stock | \$33,717 | \$(7,349 |) | 3 | \$— | \$— | | | \$33,717 | \$(7,349 |) |
| Preferred stock | _ | | | | 4,878 | (125 |) | 1 | 4,878 | (125 |) |
| U.S. Treasury | 6,343 | (3 |) | 5 | _ | | | | 6,343 | (3 |) |
| States and political subdivision bonds | 16,320 | (92 |) | 39 | 8,341 | (77 |) | 8 | 24,661 | (169 |) |
| Foreign government | 5,536 | (658 |) | 1 | | | | | 5,536 | (658 |) |
| Corporate bonds | 116,880 | (5,594 |) | 108 | 23,592 | (3,105 |) | 10 | 140,472 | (8,699 |) |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 15,598 | (34 |) | 17 | 1,975 | (58 |) | 3 | 17,573 | (92 |) |
| | 33,735 | (189 |) | 10 | _ | | | _ | 33,735 | (189 |) |

| Commercial | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|----------|----------|------|-----------|----------|-------------|
| mortgage-backed | | | | | | | | | |
| securities | | | | | | | | | |
| Asset-backed securities | 4,869 | (91 |) 3 | | | | 4,869 | (91 |) |
| Total | \$232,998 | \$(14,010 |)) 186 | \$38,786 | \$(3,365 |) 22 | \$271,784 | \$(17,37 | '5) |
| NGHC | \$142,313 | \$(12,899 | 9) 97 | \$38,786 | \$(3,365 |) 22 | \$181,099 | \$(16,26 | i 4) |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | 90,685 | (1,111 |) 89 | | | | 90,685 | (1,111 |) |
| Total | \$232,998 | \$(14,010 |)) 186 | \$38,786 | \$(3,365 |) 22 | \$271,784 | \$(17,37 | '5) |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | | | | | |

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

There were 147 and 208 securities at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, that account for the gross unrealized loss, none of which are deemed by the Company to be an OTTI. Significant factors influencing the Company's determination that none of the securities are OTTI included the magnitude of unrealized losses in relation to cost, the nature of the investment and management's intent not to sell these securities and it being more likely than not that the Company will not be required to sell these investments before anticipated recovery of fair value to the Company's cost basis.

(f) Credit Quality of Investments

The tables below summarize the credit quality of our fixed maturities, securities pledged and preferred stock securities as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, as rated by Standard & Poor's.

| | NGHC | | | Reciprocal | Exchanges | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|--------------------|
| | | | Percentage of | _ | _ | Percentage | of |
| | Cost or | | Fixed | Cost or | | Fixed | |
| March 31, 2015 | Amortized | Fair Value | Maturities and | Amortized | Fair Value | Maturities a | nd |
| | Cost | | Preferred | Cost | | Preferred | |
| | | | Securities | | | Securities | |
| U.S. Treasury | \$18,800 | \$20,285 | 1.5 % | \$3,453 | \$3,514 | 1.5 | % |
| AAA | 336,897 | 349,286 | 24.7 % | 18,014 | 18,035 | 8.4 | % |
| AA, AA+, AA- | 251,418 | 259,678 | 18.4 % | 12,125 | 12,400 | 5.8 | % |
| A, A+, A- | 289,536 | 311,077 | 22.0 % | 52,055 | 52,745 | 24.5 | % |
| BBB, BBB+, BBB- | 392,849 | 409,697 | 29.0 % | 99,722 | 100,995 | 46.9 | % |
| BB+ and lower | 61,466 | 61,586 | 4.4 % | 27,683 | 27,746 | 12.9 | % |
| Total | \$1,350,966 | \$1,411,609 | 100.0 % | \$213,052 | \$215,435 | 100.0 | % |
| | | | | | | | |
| | NGHC | | | Reciprocal 1 | Exchanges | | |
| | NGHC | | Percentage of | Reciprocal | Exchanges | Percentage | of |
| | NGHC Cost or | | Percentage of Fixed | Reciprocal Cost or | Exchanges | Percentage of Fixed | of |
| December 31, 2014 | | Fair Value | e | | Exchanges Fair Value | • | |
| December 31, 2014 | Cost or | Fair Value | Fixed | Cost or | C | Fixed | |
| December 31, 2014 | Cost or Amortized | Fair Value | Fixed Maturities and | Cost or Amortized | C | Fixed Maturities a | |
| December 31, 2014 U.S. Treasury | Cost or Amortized | Fair Value \$20,475 | Fixed Maturities and Preferred Securities | Cost or Amortized | C | Fixed Maturities a Preferred | |
| | Cost or Amortized Cost | | Fixed Maturities and Preferred Securities | Cost or Amortized Cost \$18,378 | Fair Value | Fixed Maturities a Preferred Securities | ind |
| U.S. Treasury | Cost or Amortized Cost \$19,068 | \$20,475 | Fixed Maturities and Preferred Securities 1.4 % 25.9 % | Cost or Amortized Cost \$18,378 | Fair Value \$18,504 | Fixed Maturities a Preferred Securities 8.2 | nd % |
| U.S. Treasury AAA | Cost or Amortized Cost \$19,068 359,424 | \$20,475 370,058 | Fixed Maturities and Preferred Securities 1.4 % 25.9 % | Cost or Amortized Cost \$18,378 24,956 — | Fair Value \$18,504 | Fixed Maturities a Preferred Securities 8.2 | und % % |
| U.S. Treasury AAA AA, AA+, AA- | Cost or Amortized Cost \$19,068 359,424 275,905 | \$20,475 370,058 282,443 | Fixed Maturities and Preferred Securities 1.4 % 25.9 % 19.8 % | Cost or Amortized Cost \$18,378 24,956 99,754 | Fair Value \$18,504 25,027 — | Fixed Maturities a Preferred Securities 8.2 11.1 | und % % % |
| U.S. Treasury AAA AA, AA+, AA- A, A+, A- | Cost or Amortized Cost \$19,068 359,424 275,905 300,789 | \$20,475 370,058 282,443 318,955 | Fixed Maturities and Preferred Securities 1.4 25.9 19.8 22.3 23.5 | Cost or Amortized Cost \$18,378 24,956 99,754 | Fair Value \$18,504 25,027 100,412 | Fixed Maturities a Preferred Securities 8.2 11.1 44.5 | nd % % % |

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

The tables below summarize the investment quality of our corporate bond holdings and industry concentrations as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

| March 31, 2015 | AAA | | АА+, АА, АА- | | A+,A,A- | | BBB+, BBB, BBB- | | BB+ or Lower | | Fair Value | % of Corporat Bonds Portfolic | |
|---|----------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--|-------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--|--|------------------|
| Corporate Bonds: | | ~ / | | | | ~ / | | | | | + • • • - • • • | | |
| Financial Institutions | 1.3 | % | | % | | % | | | 1.8 | % | \$387,760 | 43.2 | % |
| Industrials | | % | | % | 8.8 | % | | % | | % | 456,180 | 50.8 | % |
| Utilities/Other | | % | | % | 1.0 | % | 4.8 | % | 0.2 | % | 53,681 | 6.0 | % |
| Total | 1.3 | % | 6.0 | % | 35.6 | % | 48.7 | % | 8.4 | % | \$897,621 | 100.0 | % |
| NGHC | 1.3 | % | 5.7 | % | 32.0 | % | 42.7 | % | 6.3 | % | \$789,737 | 88.0 | % |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | | % | 0.3 | % | 3.6 | % | 6.0 | % | 2.1 | % | 107,884 | 12.0 | % |
| Total | 1.3 | % | 6.0 | % | 35.6 | % | 48.7 | % | 8.4 | % | \$897,621 | 100.0 | % |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2014 | AAA | | АА+, АА, АА- | | A+,A,A- | | BBB+, BBB, BBB- | | BB+ or Lower | | Fair Value | % of Corporat Bonds Portfolic | |
| December 31, 2014 Corporate Bonds: | AAA | | AA, | | A+,A,A- | | BBB, | | | | | Corporat Bonds | |
| | AAA 1.4 | % | AA, | % | | % | BBB, BBB- | % | Lower | % | Value | Corporat Bonds | |
| Corporate Bonds: | | | AA, AA- | % % | 26.9 | | BBB, BBB- 8.9 | , - | Lower | % % | Value | Corporat Bonds Portfolic |) |
| Corporate Bonds: Financial Institutions | | % | АА, АА- 3.6 | , - | 26.9 | % | BBB,BBB-8.931.7 | , - | Lower 2.5 | , - | Value \$376,236 427,592 | Corporat Bonds Portfolic 43.3 | % |
| Corporate Bonds: Financial Institutions Industrials | | % % | AA, AA- 3.6 2.4 | % | 26.9 9.4 | % % | BBB, BBB- 8.9 31.7 3.1 | % | Lower 2.5 5.9 | % | Value \$376,236 427,592 | Corporat Bonds Portfolic 43.3 49.4 |) % % |
| Corporate Bonds: Financial Institutions Industrials Utilities/Other | 1.4 | % % % | AA, AA- 3.6 2.4 | % % | 26.9 9.4 2.2 38.5 | % % % | BBB,BBB-8.931.73.1 | % % | Lower 2.5 5.9 2.0 | % % | Value \$376,236 427,592 63,434 | Corporat Bonds Portfolic 43.3 49.4 7.3 |) % % |
| Corporate Bonds: Financial Institutions Industrials Utilities/Other Total | 1.4 — — 1.4 | % % % % | AA, AA- 3.6 2.4 6.0 | % % % | 26.9 9.4 2.2 38.5 34.0 | % % % | BBB, BBB- 8.9 31.7 3.1 43.7 38.6 | % % % | Lower 2.5 5.9 2.0 10.4 | % % % | Value \$376,236 427,592 63,434 \$867,262 | Corporat Bonds Portfolic 43.3 49.4 7.3 100.0 | 9 % % % |

(g) Restricted Cash and Investments

The Company, in order to conduct business in certain states, is required to maintain letters of credit or assets on deposit to support state mandated regulatory requirements and certain third party agreements. The Company also utilizes trust accounts to collateralize business with its reinsurance counterparties. These assets held are primarily in the form of cash or certain high grade securities. The fair values of our restricted assets as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are as follows:

| | March 31, 2015 | December 31, 2014 |
|---|----------------|-------------------|
| Restricted cash | \$7,302 | \$7,937 |
| Restricted investments - fixed maturities at fair value | 57,835 | 56,049 |
| Total restricted cash and investments | \$65,137 | \$63,986 |

(h) Other

The Company enters into reverse repurchase and repurchase agreements, which are accounted for as either collateralized lending or borrowing transactions and are recorded at contract amounts, which approximate fair value. For the collateralized borrowing transactions (i.e., repurchase agreements), the Company receives cash or securities that it invests or holds in short-term or fixed income securities.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

As of March 31, 2015, the Company had no collateralized borrowing transaction principal outstanding. As of December 31, 2014, the Company had collateralized borrowing transaction principal outstanding of \$46,804 at interest rates between 0.30% and 0.35%. Interest expense associated with the repurchase borrowing agreements for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$70 and \$80, respectively. The Company has approximately \$49,456 of collateral pledged in support for these agreements as of December 31, 2014.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had no collateralized lending transaction principal outstanding.

5. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures", provides a definition of fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. The standard applies when GAAP requires or allows assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value; therefore, it does not expand the use of fair value in any new circumstance.

The Company utilized a pricing service to estimate fair value measurements for approximately 100.0% of its fixed maturities. For investments that have quoted market prices in active markets, the Company uses the quoted market prices as fair value and includes these prices in the amounts disclosed in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The Company receives the quoted market prices from nationally recognized third-party pricing services ("pricing services"). When quoted market prices are unavailable, the Company utilizes a pricing service to determine an estimate of fair value. This pricing method is used, primarily, for fixed maturities. The fair value estimates provided by the pricing service does not represent fair value or if quoted market prices and an estimate from pricing services are unavailable, the Company produces an estimate of fair value based on dealer quotations of the bid price for recent activity in positions with the same or similar characteristics to that being valued or through consensus pricing of a pricing service. Depending on the level of observable inputs, the Company will then determine if the estimate is in Level 2 or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The following describes the valuation techniques used by the Company to determine the fair value of financial instruments held as of March 31, 2015.

Equity Securities The Company utilized a pricing service to estimate the fair value of the majority of its available for sale and trading equity securities. The pricing service utilizes market quotations for equity securities that have quoted market prices in active markets and their respective quoted prices are provided as fair value. The Company classifies the values of these equity securities as Level 1. The pricing service also provides fair value estimates for certain equity securities whose fair value is based on observable market information rather than market quotes. The Company classifies the value of these equity securities as Level 2. The Company also holds certain equity securities that are issued by privately-held entity or direct equity investments that do not have an active market. The Company estimates the fair value of these securities primarily based on inputs such as third party broker quote, issuers' book value, market multiples, and other inputs. These equity securities are classified as Level 3 due to significant unobservable inputs used in the valuation.

U.S. Treasury and Federal Agencies Comprised of primarily bonds issued by the U.S. Treasury, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association and the

Federal National Mortgage Association. The fair values of U.S. government securities are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are included in the Level 1 fair value hierarchy. The Company believes the market for U.S. Treasury securities is an actively traded market given the high level of daily trading volume. The fair values of U.S. government agency securities are priced using the spread above the risk-free yield curve. As the yields for the risk-free yield curve and the spreads for these securities are observable market inputs, the fair values of U.S. government agency securities are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

States and Political Subdivision Bonds Comprised of bonds and auction rate securities issued by U.S. state and municipality entities or agencies. The fair values of municipal bonds are generally priced by pricing services. The pricing services typically use spreads obtained from broker-dealers, trade prices and the new issue market. As the significant inputs used to price the municipal bonds are observable market inputs, these are classified within Level 2. Municipal auction rate securities are reported in the condensed consolidated balance sheets at cost which approximates their fair value.

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NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

Foreign Government Comprised of bonds issued by foreign governments, and are generally priced by pricing services. As the significant inputs used to price foreign government bonds are observable market inputs, the fair values of foreign government bonds are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Corporate Bonds Comprised of bonds issued by corporations and are generally priced by pricing services. The fair values of short-term corporate bonds are priced, by the pricing services, using the spread above the London Interbank Offering Rate ("LIBOR") yield curve and the fair value of long-term corporate bonds are priced using the spread above the risk-free yield curve. The spreads are sourced from broker-dealers, trade prices and the new issue market. Where pricing is unavailable from pricing services, the Company obtains non-binding quotes from broker-dealers. As the significant inputs used to price corporate bonds are observable market inputs, the fair values of corporate bonds are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Mortgage and Asset-backed Securities Comprised of commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities. These securities are priced by independent pricing services and brokers. The pricing provider applies dealer quotes and other available trade information, prepayment speeds, yield curves and credit spreads to the valuation. As the significant inputs used to price are observable market inputs, the fair value of these securities are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Premiums and other receivable - The carrying values reported in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets for these financial instruments approximate their fair values due to the short term nature of these assets.

Notes Payable - The amount reported in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets for this financial instrument represents the carrying value of the debt. As of March 31, 2015, the current fair value of the Company's 6.75% Notes and Imperial Surplus Notes, which are not publicly traded, were \$284,997 and \$4,983, respectively. The fair value of the Company's 6.75% Notes was determined using market-based metrics and the magnitude and timing of contractual interest and principal payments. The Imperial Surplus Notes were valued using the Black Derman-Toy interest rate lattice model. In addition, as of March 31, 2015, the current fair value of the Reciprocal Exchanges' Surplus Notes, which are not publicly traded, was \$43,700. The fair value of the Reciprocal Exchanges' Surplus Notes was determined by discounting the estimated interest and principal payments by an appropriate yield. As of December 31, 2014, the current fair value of the Company's 6.75% Notes and Imperial Surplus Notes, which are not publicly traded, were \$276,014 and \$4,982, respectively. In addition, as of December 31, 2014, the current fair value of the Reciprocal Exchanges' Surplus Notes, which are not publicly traded, were \$276,014 and \$4,982, respectively. In addition, as of December 31, 2014, the current fair value of the Reciprocal Exchanges' Surplus Notes, which are not publicly traded, were \$276,014 and \$4,982, respectively. In addition, as of December 31, 2014, the current fair value of the Reciprocal Exchanges' Surplus Notes, which are not publicly traded, was \$42,000. All these financial liabilities are classified as Level 3 in the financial hierarchy.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

In accordance with ASC 820, assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows:

| March 31, 2015 | Recurring Fair | Value Measures | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|------------|-------------|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| Assets | | | | |
| Equity securities: | | | | |
| Common stock | \$5,792 | \$— | \$37,354 | \$43,146 |
| Preferred stock | | 7,913 | | 7,913 |
| Fixed maturities: | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury | 23,799 | | | 23,799 |
| Federal agencies | | 99 | | 99 |
| States and political subdivision bonds | | 182,946 | | 182,946 |
| Foreign government | | 5,506 | | 5,506 |
| Corporate bonds | | 897,621 | _ | 897,621 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | | 422,564 | | 422,564 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | | 81,596 | | 81,596 |
| Asset-backed securities | | 5,000 | | 5,000 |
| Short term investments | | 21,832 | | 21,832 |
| Total assets | \$29,591 | \$1,625,077 | \$37,354 | \$1,692,022 |
| NGHC | \$26,077 | \$1,409,771 | \$37,354 | \$1,473,202 |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | 3,514 | 215,306 | | 218,820 |
| Total assets | \$29,591 | \$1,625,077 | \$37,354 | \$1,692,022 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Securities sold under agreements to | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| repurchase | ф — | Ф — | Ф — | Ф — |
| Total liabilities | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

| December 31, 2014 | Recurring Fair Value Measures | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------|----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Equity securities: | | | | | | | |
| Common stock | \$6,535 | \$— | \$34,389 | \$40,924 | | | |
| Preferred stock | — | 7,695 | | 7,695 | | | |
| Fixed maturities: | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury | 38,979 | | | 38,979 | | | |
| Federal agencies | — | 98 | | 98 | | | |
| States and political subdivision bonds | — | 177,409 | | 177,409 | | | |
| Foreign government | — | 5,536 | | 5,536 | | | |
| Corporate bonds | — | 867,262 | | 867,262 | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | | 470,636 | | 470,636 | | | |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | — | 80,992 | | 80,992 | | | |
| Asset-backed securities | — | 5,370 | | 5,370 | | | |
| Short term investments | | 10,540 | | 10,540 | | | |
| Total assets | \$45,514 | \$1,625,538 | \$34,389 | \$1,705,441 | | | |
| NGHC | \$45,514 | \$1,389,492 | \$34,389 | \$1,469,395 | | | |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | _ | 236,046 | | 236,046 | | | |
| Total assets | \$45,514 | \$1,625,538 | \$34,389 | \$1,705,441 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Securities sold under agreements to | \$— | \$46,804 | \$— | \$46,804 | | | |
| repurchase | ψ | ψ +0,00+ | ψ | · | | | |
| Total liabilities | \$— | \$46,804 | \$— | \$46,804 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

The following table provides a summary of changes in fair value of the Company's Level 3 financial assets for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and the year ended December 31, 2014:

| | Balance as of January 1, 2015 | Net income (loss) | Other comprehensive income (loss) | Purchases and issuances | Sales and settlements | Net transfers into (out of) Level 3 | Balance as of March 31, 2015 |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Common stock | \$34,389 | \$— | \$ 2,965 | \$— | \$ — | \$— | \$37,354 |
| Total | \$34,389 | \$— | \$ 2,965 | \$— | \$ — | \$— | \$37,354 |
| | Balance as of January 1, 2014 | Net income (loss) | Other comprehensive income (loss) | Purchases and issuances | Sales and settlements | Net transfers into (out of) Level 3 | Balance as of December 31, 2014 |
| Common stock | \$— ¢ | \$— \$— | \$ (7,328) \$ (7,328) | \$41,717 \$41,717 | \$ — \$ — | \$ \$ | \$34,389 \$34,389 |
| Total | Ф — | Ф — | \$ (7,328) | \$41,/1/ | ф — | Ф — | \$J4,309 |

There have not been any transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or Level 2 and Level 3, respectively, during the periods represented by these Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Company does not measure any assets or liabilities at fair value on a nonrecurring basis at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014. The carrying value of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, premium and other receivables, accrued interest, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximates fair value given the short-term nature of such items.

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NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

6. Equity Investments in Unconsolidated Subsidiaries

In 2010, the Company and AmTrust Financial Services, Inc. ("AmTrust") formed Tiger Capital LLC ("Tiger") for the purposes of acquiring certain life settlement contracts whereby each holds a 50% ownership interests in Tiger. In 2011, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, American Capital Acquisition Investments, Ltd. ("ACAI"), formed AMT Capital Alpha, LLC ("AMT Alpha") with AmTrust for the purposes of acquiring additional life settlement contracts.

On March 28, 2013, the Company entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement with ACP Re Ltd. ("ACP Re") to acquire 50% of the issued and outstanding shares of AMT Capital Holdings S.A. ("AMTCH"), a Luxembourg Societe Anonyme, for a cash contribution in the amount of \$12,136. ACP Re and the Company are majority owned and controlled by a common parent and the transaction was accounted for as between entities under common control. AMTCH's primary purpose is to acquire certain life settlement contracts. AmTrust owns the remaining 50% of AMTCH. The Company accounts for AMTCH using the equity method of accounting. The Company's 50% equity interest in AMTCH at the acquisition date was approximately \$22,411. The difference between the equity interest and consideration paid was recorded as additional paid-in capital of \$10,275.

In December 2013, ACAI and AmTrust formed AMT Capital Holdings II S.A ("AMTCH II"). The company is equally owned by both parties and was established for the purpose of acquiring additional life settlement contracts.

A life settlement contract is a contract between the owner of a life insurance policy and a third party who obtains the ownership and beneficiary rights of the underlying life insurance policy. The Company, along with AmTrust, is obligated to pay premiums on these life insurance policies as they come due. A third party serves as the administrator for two of the life settlement contract portfolios, for which it receives an administrative fee. The third-party administrator is eligible to receive a percentage of profits after certain time and performance thresholds have been met.

Tiger, AMT Alpha, AMTCH and AMTCH II are considered to be variable interest entities ("VIE"), for which the Company is not a primary beneficiary. In determining whether it is the primary beneficiary of a VIE, the Company considered qualitative and quantitative factors, including, but not limited to, activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and which party controls such activities. The Company does not have the ability to direct the activities of Tiger, AMT Alpha, AMTCH and AMTCH II that most significantly impact its economic performance. The Company's maximum exposure to a loss as a result of its involvement with the unconsolidated VIE is limited to its recorded investment plus additional capital commitments. The Company uses the equity method of accounting to account for its investments in Tiger, AMT Alpha, AMTCH and AMTCH and AMTCH II (collectively, "LSC Entities").

The Company currently has a fifty percent ownership interest in the LSC Entities. AmTrust owns the remaining fifty percent interest in the LSC Entities.

The following tables present the investment activity in the LSC Entities.

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | 2015 | 2014 | |
| Balance at beginning of the period | \$146,089 | \$126,186 | |
| Distributions | — | — | |
| Contributions | 565 | 1,562 | |

| Acquisition of interest | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries | 5,118 | 1,400 |
| Change in equity method investments | 5,683 | 2,962 |
| Balance at end of the period | \$151,772 | \$129,148 |
| | | |

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

The following tables summarize total assets and total liabilities as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and the results of operations for the Company's unconsolidated equity method investment in the LSC Entities for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

| Condensed balance sheet data | March 31, 2015 | December 31, 2014 |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Investments in life settlement contracts at fair value | \$259,785 | \$264,517 |
| Total assets | 329,123 | 318,598 |
| Total liabilities | 25,579 | 26,420 |
| Members' equity | 303,544 | 292,178 |
| NGHC's 50% ownership interest | \$151,772 | \$146,089 |
| | Three Months End | ed March 31, |
| Condensed results of operations | 2015 | 2014 |
| Revenue, net of commission | \$12,078 | \$4,190 |
| Total expenses | 1,842 | 1,390 |
| Net income (loss) | \$10,236 | \$2,800 |
| NGHC's 50% ownership interest | \$5,118 | \$1,400 |

The LSC Entities account for investments in life settlements in accordance with ASC 325-30, "Investments in Insurance Contracts", which states that an investor shall elect to account for its investments in life settlement contracts by using either the investment method or the fair value method. The election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis and is irrevocable. The LSC Entities have elected to account for these policies using the fair value method.

The fair value of life settlement contracts as well as life settlement profit commission liability is based on information available to the LSC Entities at the end of the reporting period. The LSC Entities consider the following factors in their fair value estimates: cost at date of purchase, recent purchases and sales of similar investments (if available and applicable), financial standing of the issuer, changes in economic conditions affecting the issuer, maintenance cost, premiums, benefits, standard actuarially developed mortality tables and life expectancy reports prepared by nationally recognized and independent third party medical underwriters. The LSC Entities estimate the fair value of a life insurance policy by applying an investment discount rate based on the cost of funding their life settlement contracts as compared to returns on investments in asset classes with comparable credit quality, which the LSC Entities have determined to be 7.5% to the expected cash flow generated by the policies in the life settlement portfolio (death benefits less premium payments), net of policy specific adjustments and reserves. In order to confirm the integrity of their calculation of fair value, the LSC Entities to determine fair value was performed correctly and that the valuation, as determined through the LSC Entities' actuarial modeling, is consistent with other methodologies. The LSC Entities consider this information in their assessment of the reasonableness of the life expectancy and discount rate inputs used in the valuation of these investments.

The LSC Entities adjust the standard mortality for each insured for the insured's life expectancy based on reviews of the insured's medical records. The LSC Entities establish policy specific reserves for the following uncertainties: improvements in mortality, the possibility that the high net worth individuals represented in their portfolios may have access to better health care, the volatility inherent in determining the life expectancy of insureds with significant reported health impairments, the possibility that the issuer of the policy or a third party will contest the payment of the death benefit payable to the LSC Entities, and the future expenses related to the administration of the portfolio. The

application of the investment discount rate to the expected cash flow generated by the portfolio, net of the policy specific reserves, yields the fair value of the portfolio. The effective discount rate reflects the relationship between the fair value and the expected cash flow gross of these reserves.

The following summarizes data utilized in estimating the fair value of the portfolio of life insurance policies as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and, only includes data for policies to which the LSC Entities assigned value at those dates:

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

| | March 31, 2015 | December 31, 2014 |
|--|----------------|-------------------|
| Average age of insured | 81.4 years | 81.1 years |
| Average life expectancy, months ⁽¹⁾ | 119 | 121 |
| Average face amount per policy | \$6,520 | \$6,624 |
| Effective discount rate ⁽²⁾ | 14.0 % | 14.0 % |

⁽¹⁾ Standard life expectancy as adjusted for specific circumstances.

⁽²⁾ Effective Discount Rate ("EDR") is the LSC Entities' estimated internal rate of return on its life settlement contract portfolio and is determined from the gross expected cash flows and valuation of the portfolio. The valuation of the portfolio is calculated net of all reserves using a 7.5% discount rate. The EDR is inclusive of the reserves and the gross expected cash flows of the portfolio. The LSC Entities anticipate that the EDR's range is between 12.5% and 17.5% and reflects the uncertainty that exists surrounding the information available as of the reporting date. As the accuracy and reliability of information improves (declines), the EDR will decrease (increase).

The LSC Entities' assumptions are, by their nature, inherently uncertain and the effect of changes in estimates may be significant. The fair value measurements used in estimating the present value calculation are derived from valuation techniques generally used in the industry that include inputs for the asset that are not based on observable market data. The extent to which the fair value could reasonably vary in the near term has been quantified by evaluating the effect of changes in significant underlying assumptions used to estimate the fair value amount. If the life expectancies were increased or decreased by 4 months and the discount factors were increased or decreased by 1% while all other variables were held constant, the carrying value of the investment in life insurance policies would increase or (decrease) by the unaudited amounts summarized below as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

| | Change in life expectancy | | |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | Plus 4 Months | Minus 4 Months | |
| Investment in life policies: | | | |
| March 31, 2015 | \$(34,014 |) \$36,218 | |
| December 31, 2014 | \$(34,686 |) \$36,486 | |
| | | | |
| | Change in discour | nt rate ⁽¹⁾ | |
| | Plus 1% | Minus 1% | |
| Investment in life policies: | | | |
| March 31, 2015 | \$(22,299 |) \$24,959 | |
| December 31, 2014 | \$(22,705 |) \$25,456 | |
| ⁽¹⁾ Discount rate is a present value calculation that considers legal risk, credit | t risk and liquidity r | isk and is a | |
| component of EDR. | | | |

The Company and AmTrust are committed to providing additional capital support to the LSC Entities to keep the life settlement policies in-force. The Company and AmTrust, each, are committed to provide 50% of the additional required capital. Below is a summary of total premiums to be paid for each of the five succeeding fiscal years to keep the existing life insurance policies in force as of March 31, 2015. The actual capital commitment may differ from the amounts shown based on policy lapses and terminations, death benefits received and other operating cash flows of the LSC Entities:

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

| | Premiums Due on Life |
|------------|----------------------|
| | Settlement Contracts |
| 2015 | \$40,801 |
| 2016 | 62,451 |
| 2017 | 40,559 |
| 2018 | 39,334 |
| 2019 | 38,312 |
| Thereafter | 526,132 |
| Total | \$747,589 |

In August 2011, the Company formed 800 Superior, LLC with AmTrust, for the purposes of acquiring an office building in Cleveland, Ohio. The cost of the building was approximately \$7,500. AmTrust has been appointed managing member of 800 Superior, LLC. The Company and AmTrust each have a 50% ownership interest in 800 Superior, LLC for which the Company is not the primary beneficiary. Additionally, in 2012, the Company entered into an office lease with 800 Superior, LLC for approximately 134,000 square feet (see Note 15, "Related Party Transactions"). The lease period is for 15 years and the Company paid 800 Superior, LLC \$664 and \$561 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

In September 2012, the Company formed East Ninth & Superior, LLC and 800 Superior NMTC Investment Fund II, LLC with AmTrust (collectively "East Ninth & Superior") (see Note 15, "Related Party Transactions"). The Company and AmTrust each have a 50% ownership interest in East Ninth and Superior, LLC and a 24.5% ownership interest in 800 Superior NMTC Investment Fund II, LLC for which the Company is not a primary beneficiary.

The Company's equity interest in 800 Superior, LLC as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was \$1,949 and \$2,140, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company recorded equity in earnings (losses) from 800 Superior, LLC of \$(191) and \$(305), respectively. The Company's equity interest in East Ninth & Superior as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was \$4,111 and \$4,079, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company recorded equity in earnings (losses) from East Ninth & Superior of \$32 and \$29, respectively.

In February 2015, the Company invested approximately \$9,714 in North Dearborn Building Company, L.P. ("North Dearborn"), a limited partnership that owns an office building in Chicago, Illinois. AmTrust is also a limited partner in North Dearborn, and the general partner is NA Advisors GP LLC ("NA Advisors"), an entity controlled by Michael Karfunkel and managed by an unrelated third party. The Company and AmTrust each received a 45% limited partnership interest in North Dearborn for their respective \$9,714 investments, while NA Advisors invested approximately \$2,200 and holds a 10% general partnership interest and a 10% profit interest, which NA Advisors pays to the unrelated third party manager. North Dearborn appointed NA Advisors as the general manager to oversee the day-to-day operations of the office building. The Company's equity interest in North Dearborn as of March 31, 2015 was \$9,714. (See Note 15, "Related Party Transactions").

7. Recent Acquisitions

On January 23, 2015, the Company closed its acquisition of Healthcare Solutions Team, LLC ("HST"), an Illinois based healthcare insurance general agency. The Company paid approximately \$15,000 on the acquisition date and agreed to pay potential future earn out payments based on the overall profitability of HST and the business underwritten by the

Company's insurance subsidiaries which is produced by HST.

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8. Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net

Goodwill

Goodwill is calculated as the excess of purchase price over the net fair value of assets acquired. The Company performs an annual impairment analysis to identify potential goodwill impairment and measures the amount of a goodwill impairment loss to be recognized. This annual test is performed during the fourth quarter of each year, or more frequently, if events or circumstances change in a way that requires the Company to perform the impairment analysis on an interim basis. Goodwill impairment testing requires an evaluation of the estimated fair value of each reporting unit to its carrying value, including goodwill. An impairment charge is recorded if the estimated fair value is less than the carrying amount of the reporting unit.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist of finite and indefinite life assets. Finite life intangible assets include customer and producer relationships and trademarks. Insurance company licenses and managements contracts are considered indefinite life intangible assets subject to annual impairment testing.

The composition of goodwill and intangible assets at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 consisted of the following:

| March 31, 2015 | Gross Balance | Accumulated Amortization | Net Value | Useful Life |
|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| Trademarks | \$8,200 | \$6,015 | \$2,185 | 5 years |
| Loss reserve discount | 12,451 | 12,137 | 314 | 7 years |
| Agent relationships | 43,652 | 10,613 | 33,039 | 11 - 17 years |
| Affinity partners | 800 | 382 | 418 | 11 years |
| Value in policies-in-force | 8,501 | 4,605 | 3,896 | 1 year |
| Renewal rights | 26,100 | 2,699 | 23,401 | 7 years |
| Management contracts | 118,600 | | 118,600 | indefinite life |
| State licenses | 62,165 | | 62,165 | indefinite life |
| Goodwill | 92,141 | | 92,141 | indefinite life |
| Total | \$372,610 | \$36,451 | \$336,159 | |
| NGHC | \$358,708 | \$31,731 | \$326,977 | |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | 13,902 | 4,720 | 9,182 | |
| Total | \$372,610 | \$36,451 | \$336,159 | |

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

| December 31, 2014GrossAccumulatedBalanceAmortizationNet ValueUseful Life | |
|---|-----|
| Trademarks \$8,200 \$5,737 \$2,463 5 years | |
| Loss reserve discount 12,451 12,071 380 7 years | |
| Agent relationships 43,652 9,602 34,050 11 - 17 years | S |
| Affinity partners80036343711 years | |
| Non-compete 2,500 2,417 83 5 years | |
| Value in policies-in-force8,5012,4686,0331 year | |
| Renewal rights 26,100 1,474 24,626 7 years | |
| Management contracts 118,600 — 118,600 indefinite life | ie. |
| State licenses 62,165 — 62,165 indefinite life | ie. |
| Goodwill 70,764 — 70,764 indefinite life | ie. |
| Total \$353,733 \$34,132 \$319,601 | |
| NGHC \$339,831 \$31,663 \$308,168 | |
| Reciprocal Exchanges 13,902 2,469 11,433 | |
| Total \$353,733 \$34,132 \$319,601 | |

Goodwill and intangible assets are subject to annual impairment testing or on an interim basis whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of a reporting unit may not be recoverable. No goodwill and intangible assets impairments were recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

Finite-lived intangible assets are amortized under the straight-line method, except for loss reserve discounts, which the Company amortizes using an accelerated method, which approximates underlying claim payments. The Company also uses the accelerated method of amortization for affinity partners and agents' relationships based on the estimated attrition of those relationships. For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company amortized approximately \$4,819 and \$3,212, respectively, related to its intangible assets with a finite life, which includes amortization relating to intangibles owned by the Reciprocal Exchanges of \$2,252 for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

The estimated aggregate amortization expense for each of the next five years and thereafter is:

| Year ending | NGHC | Reciprocal Exchanges | Total |
|------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|----------|
| 2015 (remaining nine months) | \$7,254 | \$4,241 | \$11,495 |
| 2016 | 10,329 | 460 | 10,789 |
| 2017 | 10,330 | 460 | 10,790 |
| 2018 | 6,325 | 460 | 6,785 |
| 2019 | 5,585 | 460 | 6,045 |
| 2020 | 4,122 | | 4,122 |
| Thereafter | 13,227 | | 13,227 |
| | \$57,172 | \$6,081 | \$63,253 |

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

9. Stockholders' Equity

On March 27, 2015, the Company completed a public offering of 6,000,000 of its depositary shares, each representing a 1/40th interest in a share of its 7.50% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series B, \$0.01 par value per share (the "Series B Preferred Stock"), with a liquidation preference of \$1,000 per share (equivalent to \$25 per depositary share). Each depositary share entitles the holder to a proportional fractional interest in all rights and preferences of the Series B Preferred Stock represented thereby (including any dividend, liquidation, redemption and voting rights). Dividends on the Series B Preferred Stock represented by the depositary shares will be payable on the liquidation preference amount, on a non-cumulative basis, when, as and if declared by the Company's Board of Directors, at a rate of 7.50% per annum, quarterly in arrears, on January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15 of each year, beginning on July 15, 2015, from and including the date of original issuance. The Series B Preferred Stock represented by the depositary shares is not redeemable prior to April 15, 2020. After that date, the Company may redeem at its option, in whole or in part, the Series B Preferred Stock represented by the depositary shares at a redemption price of \$1,000 per share (equivalent to \$25 per depositary share) plus any declared and unpaid dividends for prior dividend periods and accrued but unpaid dividends (whether or not declared) for the then current dividend period. A total of 6,000,000 depositary shares (equivalent to 150,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock) were issued. Net proceeds from this offering were \$145.275. The Company incurred \$4,975 in underwriting discount, commissions and expenses, which were recognized as a reduction to additional paid-in capital.

On April 6, 2015, the underwriters exercised their over-allotment option of 600,000 with respect to the Company's depositary shares. (See Note 17, "Subsequent Events").

10. Debt

6.75% Notes due 2024

On May 23, 2014, the Company sold \$250,000 aggregate principal amount of the Company's 6.75% notes due 2024 (the "6.75% Notes") to certain purchasers in a private placement.

The 6.75% Notes bear interest at a rate equal to 6.75% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on May 15th and November 15th of each year, beginning on November 15, 2014. The 6.75% Notes are the Company's general unsecured obligations and rank equally in right of payment with its other existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness and senior in right of payment to any of its indebtedness that is contractually subordinated to the 6.75% Notes. The 6.75% Notes are also effectively subordinated to any of the Company's existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such indebtedness and are structurally subordinated to the existing and future indebtedness of the Company's subsidiaries (including trade payables). The 6.75% Notes mature on May 15, 2024, unless earlier redeemed or purchased by the Company.

The Indenture contains customary covenants, such as reporting of annual and quarterly financial results, and restrictions on certain mergers and consolidations. The Indenture also includes covenants relating to the incurrence of debt if the Company's consolidated leverage ratio would exceed 0.35 to 1.00, a limitation on liens, a limitation on the disposition of stock of certain of the Company's subsidiaries and a limitation on transactions with certain of the Company's affiliates. The Company was in compliance with all of the covenants contained in the Indenture as of March 31, 2015. The net proceeds the Company received from the issuance was approximately \$245,000, after deducting the issuance expenses.

Interest expense on the 6.75% Notes for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was \$4,223.

Revolving Credit Agreements

On May 30, 2014, the Company entered into a \$135,000 credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), among JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, KeyBank National Association as Syndication Agent, and Associated Bank, National Association and First Niagara Bank, N.A., as Co-Documentation Agents. The credit facility is a revolving credit facility with a letter of credit sublimit of \$10,000 and an expansion feature not to exceed \$50,000.

The Credit Agreement contains certain restrictive covenants customary for facilities of this type (subject to negotiated exceptions and baskets), including restrictions on indebtedness, liens, acquisitions and investments, restricted payments and dispositions. There are also financial covenants that require the Company to maintain a minimum consolidated net worth, a maximum consolidated leverage ratio, a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio, a minimum risk-based capital and a minimum

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

statutory surplus. The Credit Agreement also provides for customary events of default, with grace periods where customary, including failure to pay principal when due, failure to pay interest or fees within three business days after becoming due, failure to comply with covenants, breaches of representations and warranties, default under certain other indebtedness, certain insolvency or receivership events affecting the Company and its subsidiaries, the occurrence of certain material judgments, or a change in control of the Company. Upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an event of default, the administrative agent, upon the request of the requisite percentage of the lenders, may terminate the obligations of the lenders to make loans and to issue letters of credit under the Credit Agreement, declare the Company's obligations under the Credit Agreement to become immediately due and payable and/or exercise any and all remedies and other rights under the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement has a maturity date of May 30, 2018.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement bear interest at either the Alternate Base Rate ("ABR") or LIBOR. ABR borrowings (which are borrowings bearing interest at a rate determined by reference to the ABR) under the Credit Agreement will bear interest at (x) the greatest of (a) the prime rate in effect on such day, (b) the federal funds effective rate on such day plus 0.5 percent or (c) the adjusted LIBOR for a one-month interest period on such day plus 1 percent, plus (y) a margin that is adjusted on the basis of the Company's consolidated leverage ratio. Eurodollar borrowings under the Credit Agreement will bear interest at the adjusted LIBOR for the interest period in effect plus a margin that is adjusted on the basis of the Company's consolidated leverage ratio. Fees payable by the Company under the Credit Agreement include a letter of credit participation fee (the margin applicable to Eurodollar borrowings), a letter of credit fronting fee with respect to each letter of credit (0.125%) and a commitment fee on the available commitments of the lenders (a range of 0.20% to 0.30% based on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio, and which rate was 0.25% as of March 31, 2015). The Company was in compliance with all of the covenants under the Credit Agreement as of March 31, 2015.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there was no outstanding balance on the line of credit. Interest expense for the Company's existing and repaid lines of credit for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$0 and \$436, respectively.

Imperial-related Debt

The Company's subsidiary, Imperial Fire and Casualty Insurance Company, is the issuer of \$5,000 principal amount of Surplus Notes due 2034 ("Imperial Surplus Notes"). The notes bear interest at an annual rate equal to LIBOR plus 4.05%, payable quarterly. The notes are redeemable by the Company at a redemption price equal to 100% of their principal amount. Interest expense on the Imperial Surplus Notes for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was \$54.

Reciprocal Exchanges' Surplus Notes

ACP Re (or subsidiaries thereunder), a related party, holds the surplus notes issued by the Reciprocal Exchanges ("Reciprocal Exchanges' Surplus Notes") when they were originally capitalized. The obligation to repay principal and interest on these surplus notes is subordinated to the Reciprocal Exchanges' other liabilities, including obligations to policyholders and claimants for benefits under insurance policies. Principal and interest on these surplus notes are payable only with regulatory approval. Interest expense on the Reciprocal Exchanges' Surplus Notes for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was \$3,696, which includes amortization of \$2,043. (See Note 15, "Related Party Transactions").

Maturities of the Company's debt for the five years subsequent to March 31, 2015 are as follows:

| | 2015 (remaining nine months) | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | Thereafter | Total |
|--|---------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------------|-----------|
| 6.75% Notes | \$ — | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$250,000 | \$250,000 |
| Imperial Surplus Notes | — | | | | | | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Reciprocal Exchanges' Surplus Notes | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 50,417 | 50,417 |
| 1 | \$ — | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$305,417 | \$305,417 |

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had outstanding letters of credit of approximately \$10,772 and \$12,142, respectively.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

11. Earnings Per Share

The following is a summary of the elements used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per common share:

| | Three Months | Ended March 31, |
|---|--------------|-----------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Net income attributable to common NGHC stockholders | \$41,737 | \$26,392 |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – basic | 93,454,236 | 85,774,057 |
| Potentially dilutive securities: | | |
| Share options | 2,183,251 | 1,110,841 |
| Restricted stock units | 450,465 | |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – diluted | 96,087,952 | 86,884,898 |
| | | |
| Basic earnings per share attributable to NGHC common stockholders | \$0.45 | \$0.31 |
| Diluted earnings per share attributable to NGHC common stockholders | \$0.43 | \$0.30 |
| | | |

As of March 31, 2015 and 2014, 2,464,917 and 3,076,653 share options, respectively, were excluded from diluted earnings per common share as they were anti-dilutive.

12. Share-Based Compensation

The Company currently has two equity incentive plan (the "Plans"). The Plans authorize up to an aggregate of 7,435,000 shares of Company stock for awards of options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), unrestricted stock and other performance awards. The aggregate number of shares of common stock for which awards may be issued may not exceed 7,435,000 shares, subject to the authority of the Company's Board of Directors to adjust this amount in the event of a consolidation, reorganization, stock dividend, stock split, recapitalization or similar transaction affecting the Company's common stock. As of March 31, 2015, approximately 1,716,560 shares of Company common stock remained available for grants under the Plan.

The Company recognizes compensation expense under ASC 718-10-25 for its share-based payments based on the fair value of the awards. The Company grants stock options at exercise prices equal to the fair market value of the Company's stock on the dates the options are granted. The options have a maximum term of ten years from the date of grant and vest primarily in equal annual installments over a range of one to five years period following the date of grant for employee options. If a participant's employment relationship ends, the participant's vested awards will remain exercisable for the shorter of a period of 30 days or the period ending on the latest date on which such award could have been exercisable. The fair value of each option grant is separately estimated for each grant date. The fair value of each option grant is between the grant date for the award and each vesting date. The Company has estimated the fair value of all stock option awards as of the date of the grant by applying the Black-Scholes-Merton multiple-option pricing valuation model. The application of this valuation model involves assumptions that are judgmental and highly sensitive in the determination of compensation expense. The Company grants RSUs with a grant date value equal to the closing stock price of the Company's stock on the dates the units are granted and the RSUs generally vest over a period of three or four years.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

A summary of the Company's stock option activity for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 is shown below:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | |
|---|------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| | 2015 | | 2014 | |
| | Shares | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Shares | Weighted Average Exercise Price |
| Outstanding at beginning of period | 5,110,593 | \$8.88 | 5,058,363 | \$8.48 |
| Granted | | | — | |
| Forfeited | | | — | |
| Exercised Outstanding at end of period | (67,876) 5,042,717 | 4.85 \$8.93 | (42,600) 5,015,763 | 3.67 \$8.52 |

There were no options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. The Company had approximately \$5,337 and \$5,999 of unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock options as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, all option grants outstanding had an approximate weighted average remaining life of 7.6 and 7.9 years, respectively. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there were approximately 2,640,073 and 2,347,412 exercisable shares with a weighted average exercise price of \$7.85 and \$7.81, respectively.

The intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$925 and \$447, respectively. The intrinsic value of stock options that were outstanding as of March 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$49,250 and \$26,990, respectively.

Cash received from options exercised was \$341 and \$0 during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

A summary of the Company's RSU activity for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 is shown below:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 2015 | | 2014 | | | | |
| | Weighted | | Weighted | | | |
| RSUs | Average | DCU | Average | | | |
| | Grant Date | KSUS | Grant Date | | | |
| | Fair Value | | Fair Value | | | |
| 327,555 | \$17.44 | | \$— | | | |
| 127,910 | 18.57 | | — | | | |
| — | | | — | | | |
| (5,000 |) 18.02 | | — | | | |
| 450,465 | \$17.75 | | \$— | | | |
| | 2015 RSUs 327,555 127,910 | 2015 RSUs 327,555 | Weighted RSUs Average Grant Date Fair Value RSUs 327,555 \$17.44 127,910 18.57 (5,000) 18.02 | | | |

Compensation expense for all share-based compensation under ASC 718-10-30 was \$1,088 and \$418 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

13. Service and Fee Income

The following table summarizes service and fee income by category:

| | Three Months | Three Months Ended March 31, | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| | 2015 | 2014 | | |
| Installment fees | \$8,125 | \$6,883 | | |
| Commission revenue | 14,242 | 14,860 | | |
| General agent fees | 16,127 | 7,325 | | |
| Late payment fees | 2,946 | 2,498 | | |
| Finance and processing fees | 9,481 | 3,140 | | |
| Other | 3,949 | 2,000 | | |
| Total | \$54,870 | \$36,706 | | |
| | | | | |

14. Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated Federal income tax return. The Reciprocal Exchanges are not included in the Company's consolidated tax return as the Company does not have an ownership interest in the Reciprocal Exchanges, and they are not a part of the consolidated tax sharing agreement.

The following table is a reconciliation of the difference in the Company's income tax expense compared to the statutory rate of 35%:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 | | | | | | 2014 | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------|----|----------|---|----------|---|
| | NGHC | | Reciprocal Exchanges | | Total | | Total | |
| Income before provision for income taxes and equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries | \$46,253 | | \$104 | | \$46,357 | | \$32,637 | |
| Tax at Federal statutory rate 35% | \$16,189 | | \$36 | | \$16,225 | | \$11,423 | |
| Tax effects resulting from: | | | | | | | | |
| Tax-exempt interest | (307 |) | (68 |) | (375 |) | (156 |) |
| Non-deductible meals and entertainment | 80 | | | | 80 | | 31 | |
| Exempt foreign income | (3,062 |) | | | (3,062 |) | (2,010 |) |
| Equity method income | 1,735 | | | | 1,735 | | 393 | |
| Statutory equalization reserves | (9,929 |) | | | (9,929 |) | (3,950 |) |
| State tax | 650 | | | | 650 | | 467 | |
| Other permanent items | 3,063 | | | | 3,063 | | 1,138 | |
| Total income tax reported | \$8,419 | | \$(32 |) | \$8,387 | | \$7,336 | |
| Effective tax rate | 18.2 | % | (30.8 |)% | 18.1 | % | 22.5 | % |

The Company establishes deferred tax liabilities equal to approximately 30% of the unutilized statutory equalization reserves carried at its Luxembourg reinsurance companies. The deferred tax liability is adjusted each reporting period based primarily on amounts ceded to the Luxembourg reinsurer under the intercompany reinsurance agreements. As the income or loss of the Luxembourg entity is primarily from intercompany activity, the impact on the consolidated pre-tax income for the consolidated group is generally zero. Accordingly, the reduction of the deferred tax liability for

the utilization of equalization reserves creates a deferred tax benefit reflected in the income tax provision in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income.

NATIONAL GENERAL HOLDINGS CORP.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

As there is no net effect on the consolidated pre-tax income from the intercompany reinsurance activity, the impact of these transactions reduces the worldwide effective tax rate of the Company.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had approximately \$103,145 and \$134,975, respectively, of unutilized equalization reserves and an associated deferred tax liability of approximately \$30,943 and \$40,493, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, income tax expense included a tax benefit of \$9,929 and \$3,950, respectively, attributable to the reduction of the deferred tax liability associated with the utilization of equalization reserves of our Luxembourg reinsurers. The effect of this tax benefit reduced the effective tax rate by 21.47% and 12.10% for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

As permitted by FASB ASC 740-10, "Income Taxes", the Company recognizes interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits in its income tax provision. The Company does not have any unrecognized tax benefits and, therefore, has not recorded any unrecognized tax benefits, or any related interest and penalties, as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014. No interest or penalties have been recorded by the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. The Company does not anticipate any significant changes to its total unrecognized tax benefits in the next 12 months.

Excluding the Reciprocal Exchanges, the Company's subsidiaries are currently open to audit by the IRS for the years ended December 31, 2011 and thereafter for Federal tax purposes.

15. Related Party Transactions

The founding and significant shareholder of the Company has an ownership interest in AmTrust, Maiden Holdings Ltd. ("Maiden") and ACP Re. The Company provides and receives services from these related entities as follows:

Agreements with AmTrust and Affiliated Entities

Asset Management Agreement

Pursuant to an Asset Management Agreement among NGHC and AII Insurance Management Limited ("AIIM"), a subsidiary of AmTrust, the Company pays AIIM a fee for managing the Company's investment portfolio. Pursuant to the asset management agreement, AIIM provides investment management services for a quarterly fee of 0.05% of the average value of assets under management if the average value of the account for the previous calendar quarter is less than or equal to \$1 billion, and 0.0375% of the average value of assets under management if the average value of assets under management if the average value of assets under management if the average value of the account for the previous calendar quarter is greater than \$1 billion. Following the initial one-year term, the agreement may be terminated upon 30 days written notice by either party. The amounts charged for such expenses were \$552 and \$423, for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there was a payable to AIIM related to these services in the amount of \$1,126 and \$564, respectively.

Master Services Agreement

AmTrust provides postage and billing services to the Company for premiums written on the Company's new policy system pursuant to a Master Services Agreement with National General Management Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The agreement is effective for ten years from the acceptance of all phases of the initial work statement and can be automatically renewed thereafter for subsequent five-year terms. The agreement is

cancellable for material breach of contract that is not cured within thirty days, if either party fails to perform obligations under contract, if either party is declared bankrupt or insolvent, and in the event of a proposed change of control by either party to a competitor. The services are charged on a work-per-piece basis and are billed to the Company at cost. The Company has the right to audit the books and records as appropriate. AmTrust also provides the Company information technology development services in connection with the development of a policy management system at cost pursuant to a Master Services Agreement with National General Management Corp. In addition, as consideration for a license for the Company to use that system, AmTrust receives a license fee in the amount of 1.25% of gross premium of NGHC and its affiliates written on the system plus the costs for support services. In 2014, AmTrust also began providing the Company services in managing the premium receipts from its lockbox facilities at a fixed cost per item processed.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

The Company recorded expenses related to the Master Services Agreement of \$8,062 and \$7,755 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there was a payable related to the services received under this agreement in the amount of \$12,323 and \$13,621, respectively.

Reinsurance Agreements

On July 1, 2012, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Integon National Insurance Company ("Integon National"), entered into an agreement with an AmTrust subsidiary, Risk Services, LLC ("RSL"). RSL provides certain consulting and marketing services to promote the Company's captive insurance program to potential agents. RSL receives 1.5% of all net premiums written generated to the program. The amounts charged for such fees for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were \$37 and \$31, respectively. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there was a payable for these services in the amount of \$37 and \$31, respectively.

On March 22, 2012, Integon National entered into a reinsurance agreement with an AmTrust subsidiary, Agent Alliance Reinsurance Company ("AARC"), whereby the Company cedes 25% of the business written by certain agents who are members of the Company's captive agent program along with 25% of any related losses. The Company receives a ceding commission of 25% of the associated ceded premiums. Each party may terminate the agreement by providing 90 days written notice.

On January 1, 2013, the Company entered into a quota share agreement with Wesco Insurance Company ("Wesco"), a subsidiary of AmTrust, to assume 100% of the accident and health business written before January 1, 2013. The Company reinsures 100% of the existing obligations with respect to the accident and health program, including a loss portfolio transfer of 100% of loss and LAE reserves and unearned premium as of the effective date in exchange for an amount equal to 100% of the loss and LAE reserves and unearned premium reserves related to the existing contracts and 100% of the business fronted by Wesco on behalf of the Company after the effective date less the fronted ceded commission of 5% of premiums written, plus the related fronting acquisition costs and fronting inuring reinsurance costs, both meaning the actual costs paid by Wesco to the third parties with respect to those transactions.

The amounts related to these reinsurance treaties are as follows:

| March 31, 2015 | Recoverable (Payable) on Paid and Unpaid Losses and LAE | Commission Receivable | Premium Receivable (Payable) | |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|
| Wesco | \$(2,495) | \$— | \$(249 |) |
| AARC | 775 | 105 | (348 |) |
| December 31, 2014 | Recoverable (Payable) on Paid and Unpaid Losses and LAE | Commission Receivable | Premium Receivable (Payable) | |
| Wesco | \$(3,987) | \$— | \$(638 |) |
| AARC | 706 | 94 | (350 |) |
| Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 | Assumed (Ceded) Earned Premiums | Commission Income (Expense) | Assumed (Ceded) Loss and LAE | ses |

| Edgar Filing: National General Holdings Corp Form 10-Q | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Wesco AARC | \$152 (348 | \$199) 98 | \$705 (216 |) | | | |
| Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 | Assumed (Ceded) Earned Premiums | Commission Income (Expense) | Assumed (Ceded) Losses and LAE | | | | |
| Wesco | 4,741 | (1,252 |) 3,230 | | | | |
| AARC | (293 |) 88 | (193 |) | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

NGHC Quota Share Agreement

The Company participated in a quota share reinsurance treaty with the related entities listed below whereby it ceded 50% of the total net earned premiums and net incurred losses and LAE on business with effective dates after March 1, 2010 ("NGHC Quota Share").

On August 1, 2013, the Company provided notice to parties of the NGHC Quota Share agreement that it was terminating the agreement. The Company no longer cedes any net earned premiums and net incurred losses and LAE on business with effective dates after July 31, 2013. The termination is on a run-off basis, meaning the Company continued to cede 50% of the net premiums and the related net losses with respect to policies in force as of July 31, 2013 through the expiration of such policies, the last of which expired on July 31, 2014.

The NGHC Quota Share provided that the reinsurers pay a provisional ceding commission equal to 32.5% of ceded earned premium, net of premiums ceded by the Company for inuring reinsurance, subject to adjustment. The ceding commission is subject to adjustment to a maximum of 34.5% if the loss ratio for the reinsured business is 60.0% or less and a minimum of 30.5% if the loss ratio is 64.5% or greater. Effective October 1, 2012, the parties amended the NGHC Quota Share to decrease the provisional ceding commission from 32.5% to 32.0% of ceded earned premium, net of premiums ceded by the Company for inuring reinsurance, subject to adjustment. The ceding commission is subject to adjustment to a minimum of 30.0% (changed from 30.5%), if the loss ratio is 64.5% or greater. The Company believes that the terms, conditions and pricing of the NGHC Quota Share have been determined by arm's length negotiations and reflect market terms and conditions.

The percentage breakdown by reinsurer of such 50% is as follows:

| Name of Insurer | Quota Share |
|---|-------------|
| | Percentage |
| ACP Re Ltd. | 15% |
| Maiden Insurance Company, a subsidiary of Maiden | 25% |
| Technology Insurance Company, a subsidiary of AmTrust | 10% |

The amounts related to this reinsurance treaty are as follows:

| Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 | Ceded Earned Premiums | Ceding Commission Income | Ceded Losses and LAE |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| ACP Re Ltd. | \$— | \$198 | \$487 |
| Maiden Insurance Company | — | 331 | 824 |
| Technology Insurance Company | — | 132 | 311 |
| Total | \$— | \$661 | \$1,622 |
| Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 | Ceded Earned Premiums | Ceding Commission Income | Ceded Losses and LAE |
| ACP Re Ltd. | \$8,995 | \$2,699 | \$6,967 |
| Maiden Insurance Company | 14,992 | 4,498 | 11,612 |
| Technology Insurance Company | 5,997 | 1,799 | 4,645 |
| | | | |

\$29,984 \$8,996 \$23,224

Included in ceding commission income was \$0 and \$3,767 which represented recovery of successful acquisition cost of the reinsured contracts for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. These amounts have been netted against acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income.

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Total

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

| Reinsurance Recoverable on Paid and Unpaid Losses and LAE | Ceded Commission Payable | Ceded Premium Payable |
|--|--|---|
| \$31,003 | \$— | \$7,594 |
| 51,686 | — | 12,657 |
| 20,656 | — | 5,063 |
| \$103,345 | \$— | \$25,314 |
| Reinsurance Recoverable on Paid and Unpaid Losses and LAE | Ceded Commission Payable | Ceded Premium Payable |
| \$30,517 | \$3 | \$7,792 |
| 50,861 | 5 | 12,987 |
| 20,345 | 2 | 5,195 |
| \$101,723 | \$10 | \$25,974 |
| | Recoverable on Paid and Unpaid Losses and LAE \$31,003 51,686 20,656 \$103,345 Reinsurance Recoverable on Paid and Unpaid Losses and LAE \$30,517 50,861 20,345 | Recoverable on Paid and Unpaid Losses and LAECeded Commission Payable\$31,003\$\$1,68620,656\$103,345\$Reinsurance Recoverable on Paid and Unpaid Losses and LAECeded Commission PayableReinsurance 830,517\$3\$0,861520,3452 |

The Company nets the ceded commission receivable against ceded premium payable in the condensed consolidated balance sheets as the NGHC Quota Share Agreement allows for net settlement. The agreement also stipulates that if the Company would be denied full statutory credit for reinsurance ceded pursuant to the credit for reinsurance laws or regulations in any applicable jurisdiction, the reinsurers will secure an amount equal to that obligation through a letter of credit; assets held in trust for the benefit of the Company or cash. ACP Re and Maiden Insurance Company held assets in trust in the amount of \$32,388 and \$59,353, respectively, as of March 31, 2015 and \$31,044 and \$58,513, respectively, as of December 31, 2014.

The Company and AmTrust have formed the LSC Entities for the purposes of acquiring certain life settlement contracts. For further discussion on the LSC Entities' arrangements (see Note 6, "Equity Investments in Unconsolidated Subsidiaries").

800 Superior, LLC

As described in Note 6, "Equity Investments in Unconsolidated Subsidiaries", the Company formed 800 Superior, LLC along with AmTrust, whereby each entity owns a 50% interest. In 2012, the Company also entered into a lease agreement with 800 Superior, LLC for a period of 15 years whereby the Company leased approximately 134,000 square feet. The Company paid 800 Superior, LLC \$664 and \$561 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. For more information on the 800 Superior, LLC related party transactions, see Note 16, "Related Party Transactions - 800 Superior, LLC" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

North Dearborn Building Company, L.P.

In February 2015, the Company invested approximately \$9,714 in North Dearborn, a limited partnership that owns an office building in Chicago, Illinois. AmTrust is also a limited partner in North Dearborn, and the general partner is NA Advisors GP LLC ("NA Advisors"), an entity controlled by Michael Karfunkel and managed by an unrelated third party. The Company and AmTrust each received a 45% limited partnership interest in North Dearborn for their respective \$9,714 investments, while NA Advisors invested approximately \$2,200 and holds a 10% general

partnership interest and a 10% profit interest, which NA Advisors pays to the unrelated third party manager. North Dearborn appointed NA Advisors as the general manager to oversee the day-to-day operations of the office building. The Company's equity interest in North Dearborn as of March 31, 2015 was \$9,714.

NATIONAL GENERAL HOLDINGS CORP.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

Agreements with ACP Re and Affiliated Entities

In connection with the acquisition of Tower by ACP Re, the Company entered into the agreements described below.

Personal Lines Master Agreement

On July 23, 2014, the Company and ACP Re entered into the Amended and Restated Personal Lines Master Agreement (the "Master Agreement"). The Master Agreement provided for the implementation of the various transactions associated with the acquisition of Tower by ACP Re. In addition, the Master Agreement requires the Company to pay ACP Re contingent consideration in the form of a three-year earn-out (the "Contingent Payments") of 3% of gross premium written of the Tower personal lines business written or assumed by the Company following the Merger. The Contingent Payments are subject to a maximum of \$30,000, in the aggregate, over the three-year period.

PL Reinsurance Agreement and the Personal Lines Cut-Through Quota Share Reinsurance Agreement

Integon National entered into the Personal Lines Quota Share Reinsurance Agreement (the "PL Reinsurance Agreement"), with Tower's ten statutory insurance companies (collectively, the "Tower Companies"), pursuant to which Integon National reinsures 100% of all losses under the Tower Companies' new and renewal personal lines business written after September 15, 2014. The ceding commission payable by Integon National under the PL Reinsurance Agreement is equal to the sum of (i) reimbursement of the Tower Companies' acquisition costs in respect of the business covered, including commission payable to National General Insurance Marketing, Inc., a subsidiary of the Company ("NGIM"), pursuant to the PL MGA Agreement (as defined below), and premium taxes and (ii) 2% of gross premium written (net of cancellations and return premiums) collected pursuant to the PL MGA Agreement. In connection with the execution of the PL Reinsurance Agreement, the Personal Lines Cut-Through Quota Share Reinsurance Agreement, dated January 3, 2014, by and among the Tower Companies and Integon National (the "Cut-Through Reinsurance Agreement"), was terminated on a run-off basis, with the reinsurance of all policies reinsured under such agreement remaining in effect.

As a result of the PL Reinsurance Agreement and the Cut-Through Reinsurance Agreement, during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company assumed \$76,045 and \$236,277, respectively, of premium from the Tower Companies and recorded \$24,815 and \$47,823, respectively, of ceding commission expense. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there was a net receivable due from the Tower Companies of \$79,751 and \$43,998, respectively, related to the PL Reinsurance Agreement and the Cut-Through Reinsurance Agreement. During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company earned premium of approximately \$86,643 and \$77,434, respectively, under these reinsurance agreements. During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company earned premium of approximately \$86,643 and \$77,434, respectively, under these reinsurance agreements of \$45,806 and \$47,261, respectively, under these reinsurance agreements.

PL MGA Agreement

NGIM produces and manages all new and renewal personal lines business of the Tower Companies pursuant to a Personal Lines Managing General Agency Agreement (the "PL MGA Agreement"). As described above, all post-September 15, 2014 personal lines business written by the Tower Companies is reinsured by Integon National pursuant to the PL Reinsurance Agreement. The Tower Companies pay NGIM a 10% commission on all business written pursuant to the PL MGA Agreement. All payments by the Tower Companies to NGIM pursuant to the PL MGA Agreement are netted out of the ceding commission payable by Integon National to the Tower Companies

pursuant to the PL Reinsurance Agreement. During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company recorded \$5,583 of commission income, as a result of the PL MGA Agreement.

PL Administrative Services Agreement

National General Management Corp., a subsidiary of the Company ("NGMC"), the Tower Companies and an affiliated company, CastlePoint Reinsurance Company, Ltd ("CP Re"), entered into the Personal Lines LPTA Administrative Services Agreement (the "PL Administrative Agreement"), pursuant to which NGMC administers the run-off of CP Re's and the Tower Companies' personal lines business written prior to September 15, 2014 at cost. CP Re and the Tower Companies reimburse NGMC for its actual costs, including costs incurred in connection with claims operations, out-of-pocket expenses, costs incurred in connection with any required modifications to NGMC's claims systems and an allocated portion of the claims service expenses paid by Integon National to the Tower Companies pursuant to the Cut-Through Reinsurance Agreement. As a result of the PL

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

Administrative Agreement, the Company was reimbursed \$932 during the three months ended March 31, 2015. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there was a receivable related to the PL Administrative Agreement of \$2,478 and \$1,546, respectively.

Stop-Loss and Retrocession Agreements

National General Re, Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company ("NG Re Ltd."), along with AmTrust International Insurance, Ltd., an affiliate of the Company ("AII"), as reinsurers, entered into a \$250,000 Aggregate Stop Loss Reinsurance Agreement (the "Stop-Loss Agreement") with CP Re. NG Re Ltd. and AII also entered into an Aggregate Stop Loss Retrocession Contract (the "Retrocession Agreement") with ACP Re pursuant to which ACP Re is obligated to reinsure the full amount of any payments that NG Re Ltd. and AII are obligated to make to CP Re under the Stop-Loss Agreement. Pursuant to the Stop-Loss Agreement, each of NG Re Ltd. and AII provide, severally, \$125,000 of stop loss coverage with respect to the run-off of the Tower business written on or before September 15, 2014. The reinsurers' obligation to indemnify CP Re under the Stop-Loss Agreement will be triggered only at such time as CP Re's ultimate paid net loss related to the run-off of the pre-September 15, 2014 Tower business exceeds a retention equal to the Tower Companies' loss and loss adjustment reserves and unearned premium reserves as of September 15, 2014. CP Re will pay AII and NG Re Ltd. total premium of \$56,000 on the fifth anniversary of the Stop-Loss Agreement. The premium payable by NG Re Ltd. and AII to ACP Re pursuant to the Retrocession Agreement will be \$56,000 in the aggregate, less a ceding commission of 5.5% to be retained by NG Re Ltd. and AII. The Company will record this reinsurance transaction under the deposit method of accounting.

Credit Agreement

On September 15, 2014, NG Re Ltd. entered into a credit agreement (the "ACP Re Credit Agreement") by and among AmTrust, as Administrative Agent, ACP Re and London Acquisition Company Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of ACP Re, as the borrowers (collectively, the "Borrowers"), ACP Re Holdings, LLC, as Guarantor, and AII and NG Re Ltd., as Lenders, pursuant to which the Lenders made a \$250,000 loan (\$125,000 made by each Lender) to the Borrowers on the terms and conditions contained within the ACP Re Credit Agreement.

The ACP Re Credit Agreement has a maturity date of September 15, 2021. Outstanding principal under the ACP Re Credit Agreement bears interest at a fixed annual rate of seven percent (7%), payable semi-annually on the last day of January and July. The obligations of the Borrowers are secured by (i) a first-priority pledge of 100% of the stock of ACP Re and certain of ACP Re's U.S. subsidiaries and 65% of the stock of certain of ACP Re's foreign subsidiaries and (ii) a first-priority lien on the assets of the Borrowers and Guarantor and certain of the assets of ACP Re's subsidiaries (other than the Tower Companies).

The Company recorded interest income of approximately \$2,188 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 under the ACP Re Credit Agreement.

Surplus Notes of the Reciprocal Exchanges

ACP Re, an affiliate of the Company, holds the surplus notes carried at \$50,417 and \$48,374 as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, issued by the Reciprocal Exchanges. The obligation to repay principal and interest on the Reciprocal Exchanges' Surplus Notes is subordinated to the Reciprocal Exchanges' other liabilities. Principal and interest on the Reciprocal Exchanges' Surplus Notes are payable only with regulatory approval (see Note 10, "Debt").

AIBD Health Plan

On September 1, 2012 the Company purchased The Association Benefits Solution companies. As part of the purchase, the Company is now affiliated with AIBD Health Plan which is a welfare benefit plan for several member groups. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had a receivable of \$5,415 and \$5,377, respectively. Also, as part of this plan, the Company utilizes an employer trust to administer additional claims. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had a receivable (payable) to the employer trust in the amount of \$1,157 and \$(605), respectively.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

16. Segment Information

The Company currently operates two business segments, Property and Casualty and Accident and Health. The "Corporate and Other" column represents the activities of the holding company, as well as income from the Company's investment portfolio. The Company evaluates segment performance based on segment profit separately from the results of our investment portfolio. Other operating expenses allocated to the segments are called General and Administrative expenses which are allocated on an actual basis except salaries and benefits where management's judgment is applied. In determining total assets by segment, the Company identifies those assets that are attributable to a particular segment such as deferred acquisition cost, reinsurance recoverable, goodwill, intangible assets and prepaid reinsurance while the remaining assets are allocated to Corporate and Other segment.

The Property and Casualty segment, which includes the Reciprocal Exchanges and the Management Companies, reports the management fees earned by NGHC from the Reciprocal Exchanges for underwriting, investment management and other services as service and fee income for the Company. The effects of these management fees between NGHC and the Reciprocal Exchanges are eliminated in consolidation to derive consolidated net income.

The following tables summarize the underwriting results of the Company's operating segments:

| Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 | Property and Casualty | | Accident and Health | Corporate and Other | Total | |
|---|-----------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----|
| Underwriting revenue: | ¢ 5 (0, 000 | | ф л е 267 | ¢ | ф <i>с</i> 42 455 | |
| Gross premium written | \$568,098 | | \$75,357 | \$— | \$643,455 | |
| Ceded premiums | (105,201 |) | (8,229) | | (113,430 |) |
| Net premium written | 462,897 | | 67,128 | | 530,025 | |
| Change in unearned premium | (14,907 |) | (35,953) | | (50,860 |) |
| Net earned premium | 447,990 | | 31,175 | | 479,165 | |
| Ceding commission income | 4,798 | | 282 | | 5,080 | |
| Service and fee income | 37,451 | | 17,419 | | 54,870 | |
| Total underwriting revenue | 490,239 | | 48,876 | | 539,115 | |
| Underwriting expenses: | | | | | | |
| Loss and loss adjustment expense | 286,583 | | 20,103 | | 306,686 | |
| Acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses | 78,593 | | 11,292 | | 89,885 | |
| General and administrative expenses | 91,540 | | 14,147 | | 105,687 | |
| Total underwriting expenses | 456,716 | | 45,542 | | 502,258 | |
| Underwriting income | 33,523 | | 3,334 | | 36,857 | |
| Net investment income | | | | 16,148 | 16,148 | |
| Net realized gains on investments | | | | 1,187 | 1,187 | |
| Other revenue | | | | 1,245 | 1,245 | |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries | | | | 4,958 | 4,958 | |
| Interest expense | | | | (9,080) | (9,080 |) |
| Provision for income taxes | | | | (8,387) | (8,387 |) |
| Net loss (income) attributable to non-controlling | | | | | | ĺ. |
| interest | | | | (160) | (160 |) |
| Net income attributable NGHC | \$33,523 | | \$3,334 | \$5,911 | \$42,768 | |
| NGHC | \$32,454 | | \$3,334 | \$5,911 | \$41,699 | |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | 1,069 | | | · · · | 1,069 | |
| | , | | | | , | |

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|--|----------|---------|---------|----------|--|--|
| Net income attributable NGHC | \$33,523 | \$3,334 | \$5,911 | \$42,768 | | |
| 39 | | | | | | |

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

| Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 | Property and Casualty | | Accident and Health | | Corporate and Other | | Total | |
|---|------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|---------------------|---|-----------|---|
| Underwriting revenue: | | | | | | | | |
| Gross premium written | \$606,608 | | \$39,534 | | \$— | | \$646,142 | |
| Ceded premiums | (78,609 |) | (48 |) | | | (78,657 |) |
| Net premium written | 527,999 | | 39,486 | | | | 567,485 | |
| Change in unearned premium | (200,779 |) | (8,854 |) | | | (209,633 |) |
| Net earned premium | 327,220 | | 30,632 | | | | 357,852 | |
| Ceding commission income | 5,370 | | | | _ | | 5,370 | |
| Service and fee income | 21,673 | | 15,033 | | _ | | 36,706 | |
| Total underwriting revenue | 354,263 | | 45,665 | | _ | | 399,928 | |
| Underwriting expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Loss and loss adjustment expense | 209,430 | | 15,917 | | | | 225,347 | |
| Acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses | 55,773 | | 18,600 | | _ | | 74,373 | |
| General and administrative expenses | 63,521 | | 12,678 | | _ | | 76,199 | |
| Total underwriting expenses | 328,724 | | 47,195 | | | | 375,919 | |
| Underwriting income (loss) | 25,539 | | (1,530 |) | | | 24,009 | |
| Net investment income | | | | | 9,214 | | 9,214 | |
| Net realized gains (losses) on investments | | | | | | | | |
| Other revenue | | | | | 7 | | 7 | |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries | | | | | 1,123 | | 1,123 | |
| Interest expense | | | | | (593 |) | (593 |) |
| Provision for income taxes | | | | | (7,336 |) | (7,336 |) |
| Net loss (income) attributable to non-controlling | | | _ | | (32 |) | (32 |) |
| interest | * * * * * * * * | | * (1 * 2 0 | | | , | | , |
| Net income (loss) attributable NGHC | \$25,539 | | \$(1,530 |) | \$2,383 | | \$26,392 | |

The following tables summarize the financial position of the Company's operating segments as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

| March 31, 2015 | Property and Casualty | Accident and Health | Corporate and Other | Total |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| Premiums and other receivables, net | \$665,630 | \$125,651 | \$— | \$791,281 |
| Deferred acquisition costs | 136,053 | 18,976 | | 155,029 |
| Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses | 873,412 | 19 | | 873,431 |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums | 152,919 | — | | 152,919 |
| Goodwill and Intangible assets, net | 255,223 | 80,936 | | 336,159 |
| Corporate and other assets | | — | 2,320,853 | 2,320,853 |
| Total assets | \$2,083,237 | \$225,582 | \$2,320,853 | \$4,629,672 |

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

| December 31, 2014 | Property and Casualty | Accident and Health | Corporate and Other | Total |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Premiums and other receivables, net | \$576,980 | \$70,463 | \$— | \$647,443 |
| Deferred acquisition costs | 119,167 | 6,832 | | 125,999 |
| Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses | 911,790 | 8 | | 911,798 |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums | 102,761 | — | | 102,761 |
| Goodwill and Intangible assets, net | 260,739 | 58,862 | | 319,601 |
| Corporate and other assets | | — | 2,222,037 | 2,222,037 |
| Total assets | \$1,971,437 | \$136,165 | \$2,222,037 | \$4,329,639 |

The following table shows an analysis of the Company's gross and net premiums written and net earned premium by geographical location for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 | | | 2014 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | NGHC | Reciprocal Exchanges | Total | Total |
| Gross premium written - North America | \$528,071 | \$61,237 | \$589,308 | \$615,911 |
| Gross premium written - Europe | 54,147 | | 54,147 | 30,231 |
| Total | \$582,218 | \$61,237 | \$643,455 | \$646,142 |
| Net premium written - North America | \$201,660 | \$18,637 | \$220,297 | \$410,135 |
| Net premium written - Bermuda | 230,413 | | 230,413 | 114,407 |
| Net premium written - Europe | 79,315 | | 79,315 | 42,943 |
| Total | \$511,388 | \$18,637 | \$530,025 | \$567,485 |
| Net earned premium - North America | \$166,177 | \$41,896 | \$208,073 | \$209,346 |
| Net earned premium - Bermuda | 227,722 | | 227,722 | 114,407 |
| Net earned premium - Europe | 43,370 | | 43,370 | 34,099 |
| Total | \$437,269 | \$41,896 | \$479,165 | \$357,852 |
| | | | | |

NATIONAL GENERAL HOLDINGS CORP.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

The following tables show an analysis of the Company's gross premium written, net premium written and net earned premium by product type for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014:

| | Three Months | Ended March 31, |
|---|---|--|
| Gross Premium Written | 2015 | 2014 |
| Property and Casualty | | |
| Personal Auto | \$338,276 | \$348,684 |
| Homeowners | 85,683 | 182,067 |
| RV/Packaged | 37,550 | 38,545 |
| Commercial Auto | 41,346 | 34,284 |
| Other | 4,006 | 3,028 |
| Property and Casualty Total | \$506,861 | \$606,608 |
| Accident and Health Total | 75,357 | 39,534 |
| NGHC Total | \$582,218 | \$646,142 |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | | |
| Personal Auto | \$17,691 | \$— |
| Homeowners | 36,813 | |
| Other | 6,733 | |
| Reciprocal Exchanges Total | \$61,237 | \$— |
| | 1 - 7 | |
| Total | \$643,455 | \$646,142 |
| | | |
| | Three Months | Ended March 31, |
| Net Premium Written | Three Months 2015 | Ended March 31, 2014 |
| Net Premium Written Property and Casualty | | |
| | | |
| Property and Casualty | 2015 | 2014 |
| Property and Casualty Personal Auto | 2015 \$295,243 | 2014 \$276,651 |
| Property and Casualty Personal Auto Homeowners | 2015 \$295,243 70,390 | 2014 \$276,651 182,067 |
| Property and Casualty Personal Auto Homeowners RV/Packaged | 2015 \$295,243 70,390 36,894 | 2014 \$276,651 182,067 36,157 |
| Property and Casualty Personal Auto Homeowners RV/Packaged Commercial Auto | 2015 \$295,243 70,390 36,894 37,993 | 2014 \$276,651 182,067 36,157 30,121 |
| Property and Casualty Personal Auto Homeowners RV/Packaged Commercial Auto Other | 2015 \$295,243 70,390 36,894 37,993 3,740 | 2014 \$276,651 182,067 36,157 30,121 3,003 |
| Property and Casualty Personal Auto Homeowners RV/Packaged Commercial Auto Other Property and Casualty Total | 2015 \$295,243 70,390 36,894 37,993 3,740 \$444,260 | 2014 \$276,651 182,067 36,157 30,121 3,003 \$527,999 |
| Property and Casualty Personal Auto Homeowners RV/Packaged Commercial Auto Other Property and Casualty Total Accident and Health Total NGHC Total | 2015 \$295,243 70,390 36,894 37,993 3,740 \$444,260 67,128 | 2014 \$276,651 182,067 36,157 30,121 3,003 \$527,999 39,486 |
| Property and Casualty Personal Auto Homeowners RV/Packaged Commercial Auto Other Property and Casualty Total Accident and Health Total | 2015 \$295,243 70,390 36,894 37,993 3,740 \$444,260 67,128 \$511,388 | 2014 \$276,651 182,067 36,157 30,121 3,003 \$527,999 39,486 \$567,485 |
| Property and Casualty Personal Auto Homeowners RV/Packaged Commercial Auto Other Property and Casualty Total Accident and Health Total NGHC Total Reciprocal Exchanges Personal Auto | 2015 \$295,243 70,390 36,894 37,993 3,740 \$444,260 67,128 \$511,388 \$16,439 | 2014 \$276,651 182,067 36,157 30,121 3,003 \$527,999 39,486 \$567,485 \$ |
| Property and Casualty Personal Auto Homeowners RV/Packaged Commercial Auto Other Property and Casualty Total Accident and Health Total NGHC Total Reciprocal Exchanges | 2015 \$295,243 70,390 36,894 37,993 3,740 \$444,260 67,128 \$511,388 \$16,439 (4,782 | 2014 \$276,651 182,067 36,157 30,121 3,003 \$527,999 39,486 \$567,485 |
| Property and Casualty Personal Auto Homeowners RV/Packaged Commercial Auto Other Property and Casualty Total Accident and Health Total NGHC Total Reciprocal Exchanges Personal Auto Homeowners Other | 2015 \$295,243 70,390 36,894 37,993 3,740 \$444,260 67,128 \$511,388 \$16,439 (4,782 6,980 | 2014 \$276,651 182,067 36,157 30,121 3,003 \$527,999 39,486 \$567,485 \$ |
| Property and Casualty Personal Auto Homeowners RV/Packaged Commercial Auto Other Property and Casualty Total Accident and Health Total NGHC Total Reciprocal Exchanges Personal Auto Homeowners | 2015 \$295,243 70,390 36,894 37,993 3,740 \$444,260 67,128 \$511,388 \$16,439 (4,782 | 2014 \$276,651 182,067 36,157 30,121 3,003 \$527,999 39,486 \$567,485 \$) |

NATIONAL GENERAL HOLDINGS CORP.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

| | Three Months | Ended March 31, |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Net Earned Premium | 2015 | 2014 |
| Property and Casualty | | |
| Personal Auto | \$267,531 | \$207,202 |
| Homeowners | 64,123 | 57,753 |
| RV/Packaged | 35,976 | 34,141 |
| Commercial Auto | 34,622 | 24,775 |
| Other | 3,842 | 3,349 |
| Property and Casualty Total | \$406,094 | \$327,220 |
| Accident and Health Total | 31,175 | 30,632 |
| NGHC Total | \$437,269 | \$357,852 |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | | |
| Personal Auto | \$22,930 | \$— |
| Homeowners | 15,414 | |
| Other | 3,552 | |
| Reciprocal Exchanges Total | \$41,896 | \$— |
| Total | \$479,165 | \$357,852 |

17. Subsequent Events

On April 1, 2015, the Company closed on the acquisition of Assigned Risk Solutions Ltd., a New Jersey based managing general agency that services assigned risk, personal auto, and commercial lines of business, for a purchase price of \$47,000 in cash and potential future earnout payments.

On April 6, 2015, the underwriters exercised their over-allotment option with respect to an additional 600,000 depositary shares (equivalent to 15,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock), on the same terms and conditions as the original March 27, 2015 issuance. Net proceeds from this additional offering were \$14,527. The Company incurred an additional \$473 in underwriting discount and commissions, which were recognized as a reduction to additional paid-in capital. (See Note 9, "Stockholders' Equity").

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q.

Note on Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements that are intended to be covered by the safe harbors created by The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When we use words such as "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "believe," "estimate," "expect," or similar expressions, we do so to identify forward-looking statements. Examples of forward-looking statements include the plans and objectives of management for future operations, including those relating to future growth of our business activities and availability of funds, and are based on current expectations that involve assumptions that are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and many of which are beyond our control. There can be no assurance that actual developments will be those anticipated by us. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in these statements as a result of significant risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, non-receipt of expected payments from insureds or reinsurers, changes in interest rates, a downgrade in the financial strength ratings of our insurance subsidiaries, the effect of the performance of financial markets on our investment portfolio, our ability to accurately underwrite and price our products and to maintain and establish accurate loss reserves, estimates of the fair value of our life settlement contracts, development of claims and the effect on loss reserves, accuracy in projecting loss reserves, the cost and availability of reinsurance coverage, the effects of emerging claim and coverage issues, changes in the demand for our products, our degree of success in integrating of acquired businesses, the effect of general economic conditions, state and federal legislation, regulations and regulatory investigations into industry practices, risks associated with conducting business outside the United States, developments relating to existing agreements, disruptions to our business relationships with AmTrust Financial Services, Inc., ACP Re Ltd., Maiden Holdings, Ltd., or third party agencies, breaches in data security or other disruptions with our technology, heightened competition, changes in pricing environments, and changes in asset valuations. Additional information about these risks and uncertainties, as well as others that may cause actual results to differ materially from those projected, is contained in our filings with the SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, and our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. The projections and statements in this report speak only as of the date of this report and we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as may be required by law.

Overview

We are a specialty personal lines insurance holding company. Through our subsidiaries, we provide a variety of insurance products, including personal and commercial automobile, homeowners and umbrella, supplemental health, and other niche insurance products. We sell insurance products with a focus on underwriting profitability through a combination of our customized and predictive analytics and our technology driven low cost infrastructure.

We manage our business through two segments: Property and Casualty ("P&C") and Accident and Health ("A&H"). We transact business primarily through our fifteen regulated domestic insurance subsidiaries: Integon Casualty Insurance Company, Integon General Insurance Corporation, Integon Indemnity Corporation, Integon National Insurance Company ("Integon National"), Integon Preferred Insurance Company, New South Insurance Company, MIC General Insurance Corporation, National General Insurance Company, National General Assurance Company, National General Insurance Online, Inc., National Health Insurance Company, Personal Express Insurance Company, Imperial Fire and Casualty Insurance Company, National Automotive Insurance Company and Agent Alliance Insurance Company. Our insurance subsidiaries have been assigned an "A-" (Excellent) group rating by A.M. Best.

We currently conduct a limited amount of business outside the United States, primarily in Bermuda, Luxembourg and Sweden.

The operating results of property and casualty insurance companies are subject to quarterly and yearly fluctuations due to the effect of competition on pricing, the frequency and severity of losses, the effect of weather and natural disasters on losses, general economic conditions, the general regulatory environment in states in which an insurer operates, state regulation of premium rates, changes in fair value of investments, and other factors such as changes in tax laws. The property and casualty industry has been highly cyclical with periods of high premium rates and shortages of underwriting capacity followed by periods of severe price competition and excess capacity. While these cycles can have a large impact on a company's ability to grow and retain business, we have sought to focus on niche markets and regions where we are able to maintain premium rates at generally consistent levels and maintain underwriting discipline throughout these cycles. We believe that the nature of our P&C insurance products, including their relatively low limits, the relatively short duration of time between when claims are reported and when they are settled, and the broad geographic distribution of our customers, have allowed us to grow and retain our business throughout these cycles. In addition, we have limited our exposure to catastrophe losses through reinsurance. With regard to seasonality, we tend to experience higher claims and claims expense in our P&C segment during periods of severe or inclement weather.

We evaluate our operations by monitoring key measures of growth and profitability, including net loss ratio, net combined ratio (non-GAAP) and operating leverage. We target a net combined ratio (non-GAAP) of 95.0% or lower over the near term, and between 90% and 95% over the long term, while seeking to maintain optimal operating leverage in our insurance subsidiaries commensurate with our A.M. Best rating objectives. To achieve our targeted net combined ratio (non-GAAP) we continually seek ways to reduce our operating costs and lower our expense ratio. For the three months ended March 31, 2015, our operating leverage (the ratio of net earned premium to average total stockholders' equity) was 1.6x, which was within our planned target operating leverage of between 1.5x and 2.0x.

Investment income is also an important part of our business. Because we often do not settle claims until several months or longer after we receive the original policy premiums, we are able to invest cash from premiums for significant periods of time. We invest our capital and surplus in accordance with state and regulatory guidelines. Our net investment income was \$16.1 million and \$9.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. We held 10.9% and 6.6%, of total invested assets in cash and cash equivalents as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

Our most significant balance sheet liability is our unpaid loss and loss adjustment expense ("LAE") reserves. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, our reserves, net of reinsurance recoverables, were \$678.2 million and \$650.4 million, respectively. We record reserves for estimated losses under insurance policies that we write and for LAE related to the investigation and settlement of policy claims. Our reserves for loss and LAE represent the estimated cost of all reported and unreported loss and LAE incurred and unpaid at any time based on known facts and circumstances. Our reserves, excluding life reserves, for loss and LAE incurred and unpaid are not discounted using present value factors. Our loss reserves are reviewed quarterly by internal actuaries and at least annually by our external actuaries. Reserves are based on estimates of the most likely ultimate cost of individual claims. These estimates are inherently uncertain. Judgment is required to determine the relevance of our historical experience and industry information under current facts and circumstances. The interpretation of this historical and industry data can be impacted by external forces, principally frequency and severity of future claims, the length of time needed to achieve ultimate settlement of claims, inflation of medical costs, insurance policy coverage interpretations, jury determinations and legislative changes. Accordingly, our reserves may prove to be inadequate to cover our actual losses. If we change our estimates, these changes would be reflected in our results of operations during the period in which they are made, with increases in our reserves resulting in decreases in our earnings.

Recent Acquisitions

On April 1, 2015, we closed our acquisition of Assigned Risk Solutions Ltd., a New Jersey based managing general agency that services assigned risk, personal auto, and commercial lines of business, for a purchase price of \$47.0 million in cash and potential future earnout payments.

On January 23, 2015, we closed our acquisition of Healthcare Solutions Team, LLC ("HST"), an Illinois based healthcare insurance general agency. We paid approximately \$15.0 million on the acquisition date and agreed to pay potential future earn out payments based on the overall profitability of HST and the business underwritten by our insurance subsidiaries which is produced by HST.

Principal Revenue and Expense Items

Gross premium written. Gross premium written represents premium from each insurance policy that we write, including as a servicing carrier for assigned risk plans, during a reporting period based on the effective date of the

individual policy, prior to ceding reinsurance to third parties.

Net premium written. Net premium written is gross premium written less that portion of premium that we cede to third-party reinsurers under reinsurance agreements. The amount ceded under these reinsurance agreements is based on a contractual formula contained in the individual reinsurance agreement.

Change in unearned premium. Change in unearned premium is the change in the balance of the portion of premium that we have written but have yet to earn during the relevant period because the policy is unexpired.

Net earned premium. Net earned premium is the earned portion of our net premium written. We generally earn insurance premium on a pro rata basis over the term of the policy. At the end of each reporting period, premium written that is not earned is classified as unearned premium, which is earned in subsequent periods over the remaining term of the policy. Our policies

typically have a term of six months or one year. For a six-month policy written on January 1, 2015, we would earn half of the premium in the first quarter of 2015 and the other half in the second quarter of 2015.

Ceding commission income. Ceding commission income is a commission we receive based on the earned premium ceded to third-party reinsurers to reimburse us for our acquisition, underwriting and other operating expenses. We earn commissions on reinsurance premium ceded in a manner consistent with the recognition of the earned premium on the underlying insurance policies, generally on a pro-rata basis over the terms of the policies reinsured. The portion of ceding commission income which represents reimbursement of successful acquisition costs related to the underlying policies is recorded as an offset to acquisition and other underwriting expenses. The ceding commission ratio is equal to ceding commission income divided by net earned premium.

Service and fee income. We currently generate policy service and fee income from installment fees, late payment fees, and other finance and processing fees related to policy cancellation, policy reinstatement, and non-sufficient fund check returns. These fees are generally designed to offset expenses incurred in the administration of our insurance business, and are generated as follows. Installment fees are charged to permit a policyholder to pay premiums in installments rather than in a lump sum. Late payment fees are charged when premiums are remitted after the due date and any applicable grace periods. Policy cancellation fees are charged to policyholders when a policy is terminated by the policyholder prior to the expiration of the policy's term or renewal term, as applicable. Reinstatement fees are charged to reinstate a policy that has lapsed, generally as a result of non-payment of premiums. Non-sufficient fund fees are charged when the customer's payment is returned by the financial institution.

All fee income is recognized as follows. An installment fee is recognized at the time each policy installment bill is due. A late payment fee is recognized when the customer's payment is not received after the listed due date and any applicable grace period. A policy cancellation fee is recognized at the time the customer's policy is cancelled. A policy reinstatement fee is recognized when the customer's policy is reinstated. A non-sufficient fund fee is recognized when the customer's policy is reinstated. A non-sufficient fund fee is recognized when the customer's policy is reinstated. A non-sufficient fund fee is recognized when the customer's policy is reinstated are primarily intended to compensate us for the administrative costs associated with processing and administering policies that generate insurance premium; however, the amounts of fees charged are not dependent on the amount or period of insurance coverage provided and do not entail any obligation to return any portion of those funds. The direct and indirect costs associated with generating fee income are not separately tracked.

We also collect service fees in the form of commissions and general agent fees by selling policies issued by third-party insurance companies. We also collect management fees in connection with our management of the Reciprocal Exchanges. We do not bear insurance underwriting risk with respect to these policies. Commission income and general agent fees are recognized, net of an allowance for estimated policy cancellations, at the date the customer is initially billed or as of the effective date of the insurance policy, whichever is later. The allowance for estimated third-party cancellations is periodically evaluated and adjusted as necessary.

Net investment income and realized gains and (losses). We invest our statutory surplus funds and the funds supporting our insurance liabilities primarily in cash and cash equivalents, fixed-maturity and equity securities. Our net investment income includes interest and dividends earned on our invested assets. We report net realized gains and losses on our investments separately from our net investment income. Net realized gains occur when we sell our investment securities for more than their costs or amortized costs, as applicable. Net realized losses occur when we sell our investment securities for less than their costs or amortized costs, as applicable, or we write down the investment securities as a result of other-than-temporary impairment. We classify equity securities and our fixed-maturity securities as available-for-sale. We report net unrealized gains (losses) on those securities classified as available-for-sale separately within other comprehensive income.

Loss and loss adjustment expenses. Loss and LAE represent our largest expense item and, for any given reporting period, include estimates of future claim payments, changes in those estimates from prior reporting periods and costs associated with investigating, defending and servicing claims. These expenses fluctuate based on the amount and types of risks we insure. We record loss and LAE related to estimates of future claim payments based on case-by-case valuations and statistical analyses. We seek to establish all reserves at the most likely ultimate exposure based on our historical claims experience. It is typical for our more serious bodily injury claims to take several years to settle, and we revise our estimates as we receive additional information about the condition of claimants and the costs of their medical treatment. Our ability to estimate loss and LAE accurately at the time of pricing our insurance policies is a critical factor in our profitability.

Acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses. Acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses consist of policy acquisition and marketing expenses, salaries and benefits expenses. Policy acquisition expenses comprise commissions directly attributable to those agents, wholesalers or brokers that produce premiums written on our behalf and promotional fees directly attributable to our affinity relationships. Acquisition costs also include costs that are related to the successful acquisition of new or renewal insurance contracts including comprehensive loss underwriting exchange reports, motor vehicle reports, credit score checks, and policy issuance costs.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses is composed of all other operating expenses, including various departmental salaries and benefits expenses for employees that are directly involved in the maintenance of policies, information systems, and accounting for insurance transactions, and other insurance expenses such as federal excise tax, postage, telephones and internet access charges, as well as legal and auditing fees and board and bureau charges. In addition, general and administrative expenses includes those charges that are related to the amortization of tangible and intangible assets and non-insurance activities in which we engage.

Interest expense. Interest expense represents amounts we incur on our outstanding indebtedness at the then-applicable interest rates.

Income tax expense. We incur federal, state and local income tax expenses as well as income tax expenses in certain foreign jurisdictions in which we operate.

Net operating expense. These expenses consist of the sum of general and administrative expenses and acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses less ceding commission income and service and fee income.

Underwriting income. Underwriting income is a measure of an insurance company's overall operating profitability before items such as investment income, interest expense and income taxes. Underwriting income is calculated as net earned premium plus ceding commission income and service and fee income less loss and LAE, acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses, and general and administrative expenses.

Equity in earnings (losses) from unconsolidated subsidiaries. This represents primarily our share in earnings or losses of our investment in four companies that own life settlement contracts, which includes the gain realized upon a mortality event and the change in fair value of the investments in life settlements as evaluated at the end of each reporting period. These unconsolidated subsidiaries determine the fair value of life settlement contracts based upon an estimate of the discounted cash flow of the anticipated death benefits incorporating a number of factors, such as current life expectancy assumptions, expected premium payment obligations and increased cost assumptions, credit exposure to the insurance companies that issued the life insurance policies and the rate of return that a buyer would require on the policies. The gain realized upon a mortality event is the difference between the death benefit received and the recorded fair value of that particular policy.

Insurance Ratios

Net loss ratio. The net loss ratio is a measure of the underwriting profitability of an insurance company's business. Expressed as a percentage, this is the ratio of loss and LAE incurred to net earned premiums.

Net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP). The net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP) is one component of an insurance company's operational efficiency in administering its business. Expressed as a percentage, this is the ratio of net operating expense to net earned premium.

Net combined ratio (non-GAAP). The net combined ratio (non-GAAP) is a measure of an insurance company's overall underwriting profit. This is the sum of the net loss and net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP). If the net combined ratio (non-GAAP) is at or above 100 percent, an insurance company cannot be profitable without investment income, and may not be profitable if investment income is insufficient.

Net operating expense ratio and net combined ratio are considered non-GAAP financial measures under applicable SEC rules because a component of those ratios, net operating expense, is calculated by offsetting acquisition costs and

other underwriting expenses and general and administrative expenses by ceding commission income and service and fee income, and is therefore a non-GAAP measure. Management uses net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP) and net combined ratio (non-GAAP) to evaluate financial performance against historical results and establish targets on a consolidated basis. Other companies may calculate these measures differently, and, therefore, their measures may not be comparable to those used by the Company's management. For a reconciliation showing the total amounts by which acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses and general and administrative expenses were offset by ceding commission income and service and fee income in the calculation of net operating expense, see "Results of Operations - Consolidated Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 (Unaudited)" below.

Personal Lines Quota Share

Effective March 1, 2010, Integon National entered into a 50% quota share reinsurance treaty (the "Personal Lines Quota Share"), pursuant to which Integon National ceded 50% of the gross premium written of its P&C business (excluding premium ceded to state-run reinsurance facilities) to a group of affiliated reinsurers consisting of a subsidiary of AmTrust, ACP Re and Maiden Insurance. Quota share reinsurance refers to reinsurance under which the insurer (the "ceding company," which under the Personal Lines Quota Share is Integon National) transfers, or cedes, a fixed percentage of liabilities, premium and related losses for each policy covered on a pro rata basis in accordance with the terms and conditions of the relevant agreement. The reinsurer pays the ceding company a ceding commission on the premiums ceded to compensate the ceding company for various expenses, such as underwriting and policy acquisition expenses, that the ceding company incurs in connection with the ceded business.

The Personal Lines Quota Share provided that the reinsurers, severally, in accordance with their participation percentages, received 50% of our P&C gross premium written (excluding premium ceded to state-run reinsurance facilities) and assumed 50% of the related losses and allocated LAE. The participation percentages were: Maiden Insurance, 25%; ACP Re, 15%; and AmTrust, 10%.

Effective August 1, 2013, as permitted by the Personal Lines Quota Share, we terminated our cession of P&C premium to our quota share reinsurers and now retain 100% of such P&C gross premium written and related losses with respect to all new and renewal P&C policies bound after August 1, 2013. We continued to cede 50% of P&C gross premium written and related losses with respect to policies in effect as of July 31, 2013 to the quota share reinsurers until the expiration of such policies, which was completed as of July 31, 2014.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity are based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements. As more information becomes known, these estimates and assumptions could change, which would have an impact on actual results that may differ materially from these estimates and judgments under different assumptions. We have not made any changes in estimates or judgments that have had a significant effect on the reported amounts as previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Results of Operations

Consolidated Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 (Unaudited)

| | | nths | Ended Mar | rch (| 31, | | | | 2014 | |
|--|---------------------------|------|------------------------|---------|-------------|-----|--------------|----|-----------------|--------|
| | 2015 NGHC | | Reciproca Exchanges | | Eliminatio | ons | Total | | 2014 Total | |
| Gross premium written | (Amounts \$585,808 | in T | Thousands) \$61,237 | 5 | \$(3,590 |) | \$643,455 | | \$646,142 | |
| Ceded premiums | (74,420 |) | (42,600 |) | 3,590 | | (113,430 |) | (78,657 |) |
| Net premium written | \$511,388 | | \$18,637 | | \$— | | \$530,025 | | \$567,485 | |
| Change in unearned premium | (74,119 |) | 23,259 | | _ | | (50,860 |) | (209,633 |) |
| Net earned premium | \$437,269 | | \$41,896 | | \$ — | | \$479,165 | , | \$357,852 | , |
| Ceding commission income | 1,053 | | 4,027 | | | | 5,080 | | 5,370 | |
| Service and fee income | 62,653 | | 795 | | (8,578 |) | 54,870 | | 36,706 | |
| Underwriting expenses: | | | | | (0,010 | | , | | , | |
| Loss and loss adjustment expense | 278,682 | | 28,004 | | | | 306,686 | | 225,347 | |
| Acquisition costs and other underwriting | | | | | | | | | | |
| expenses | 86,629 | | 3,261 | | (5 |) | 89,885 | | 74,373 | |
| General and administrative expenses | 99,876 | | 14,384 | | (8,573 |) | 105,687 | | 76,199 | |
| Total underwriting expenses | \$465,187 | | \$45,649 | | \$(8,578 | Ś | \$502,258 | | \$375,919 | |
| Underwriting income | \$35,788 | | \$1,069 | | \$ <u> </u> | , | \$36,857 | | \$24,009 | |
| Net investment income | 14,109 | | 2,039 | | Ф — | | 16,148 | | 9,214 | |
| Net realized gain on investments | 494 | | 693 | | | | 1,187 | | | |
| Other revenue | 1,245 | | | | | | 1,245 | | 7 | |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated | | | | | | | | | | |
| subsidiaries | 4,958 | | _ | | — | | 4,958 | | 1,123 | |
| Interest expense | (5,383 |) | (3,697 |) | | | (9,080 |) | (593 |) |
| Income before provision (benefit) for | • |) | |) | | | • |) | |) |
| income taxes | \$51,211 | | \$104 | | \$— | | \$51,315 | | \$33,760 | |
| Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes | 8,419 | | (32 |) | | | 8,387 | | 7,336 | |
| Net income | \$42,792 | | \$136 |) | \$ | | \$42,928 | | \$26,424 | |
| Less: Net loss (income) attributable to | ψ +2,772 | | ψ150 | | Ψ | | ψτ2,720 | | ψ20,τ2τ | |
| non-controlling interest | (24 |) | (136 |) | — | | (160 |) | (32 |) |
| Net income attributable NGHC | \$42,768 | | \$ — | | \$ | | \$42,768 | | \$26,392 | |
| Net loss ratio | \$4 <u>2</u> ,700 63.7 | 0% | ф 66.8 | % | Ψ | | 64.0 | 0% | ¢20,572 63.0 | % |
| Net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP) | 28.1 | | 30.6 | % % | | | 28.3 | | 30.3 | % % |
| Net combined ratio (non-GAAP) | 20.1 91.8 | | 97.4 | 70 % | | | 28.3 92.3 | | 93.3 | % % |
| Net combined fatio (non-OAAF) | 91.0 | 70 | 97.4 | 70 | | | 92.3 | 70 | 95.5 | 70 |
| | Three Mo | nths | Ended Ma | rch | 31. | | | | | |
| Reconciliation of net operating expense ration | 0 | | | 11 | , | | | | | |
| (non-GAAP): | 2015 | | | | | | | | 2014 | |
| (). | | | D | .1 | | | | | | |

| | NGHC | Reciprocal Exchanges | Elimination | s Total | Total |
|--|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| | (Amounts in | Thousands) | | | |
| Total expenses | \$470,570 | \$49,346 | \$(8,578) | \$511,338 | \$376,512 |
| Less: Loss and loss adjustment expense | 278,682 | 28,004 | _ | 306,686 | 225,347 |
| Less: Interest expense | 5,383 | 3,697 | | 9,080 | 593 |

| Less: Ceding commission income | 1,053 | 4,027 | | 5,080 | 5,370 |
|--|-----------|----------|--------|-----------|-----------|
| Less: Service and fee income | 62,653 | 795 | (8,578 |) 54,870 | 36,706 |
| Net operating expense | \$122,799 | \$12,823 | \$— | \$135,622 | \$108,496 |
| Net earned premium | \$437,269 | \$41,896 | \$— | \$479,165 | \$357,852 |
| Net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP) | 28.1 | % 30.6 | % | 28.3 | % 30.3 % |

During 2013, we terminated the Personal Lines Quota Share on a run-off basis (the "Quota Share Runoff") pursuant to which we historically ceded 50% of our P&C gross premium written and related losses (excluding premium ceded to state-run reinsurance facilities) to our quota share reinsurers. Effective July 31, 2014, no additional premium is being ceded under the Personal Lines Quota Share. Effective January 1, 2014, we entered into the Tower Cut-Through Reinsurance Agreement and effective September 15, 2014, we entered into the PL Reinsurance Agreement (such reinsurance agreements collectively, the "Tower Reinsurance Agreements") under which during the three months ended March 31, 2014, we assumed unearned premium relating to in-force personal lines business and reinsured new and renewal personal lines policies written after January 1, 2014.

On June 27, 2014, we purchased certain assets of Imperial Management Corporation ("Imperial"), including its underwriting subsidiaries Imperial Fire & Casualty Insurance Company and National Automotive Insurance Company, its retail agency subsidiary ABC Insurance Agencies, and its managing general agency subsidiary RAC Insurance Partners. In addition, as of September 15, 2014, in connection with the acquisition of the Management Companies for the Reciprocal Exchanges, the financial position and results of operations of the Reciprocal Exchanges are consolidated into our accounts.

As a result of the Quota Share Runoff, the Tower Reinsurance Agreements, the Imperial acquisition, and the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges, comparisons between our 2015 and 2014 first quarter results will be less meaningful.

Consolidated Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 Compared with the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited)

Gross premium written. Gross premium written decreased by \$2.7 million from \$646.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$643.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, due to a decrease of \$38.5 million in premiums received from the P&C segment primarily as a result of the assumption of Tower's unearned premium reserves with respect to in-force personal lines policies as of January 1, 2014 (decrease of \$158.8 million), partially offset by an increase in Tower premium retention (increase of \$21.7 million), Imperial premium (increase of \$39.0 million), the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges (increase of \$61.2 million) and an increase of \$35.8 million in premiums received from the A&H segment primarily as a result of organic growth.

Net premium written. Net premium written decreased by \$37.5 million from \$567.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$530.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. Net premium written for the P&C segment decreased by \$65.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the same period in 2014 primarily as a result of the assumption of Tower's unearned premium reserves with respect to in-force personal lines policies as of January 1, 2014 (decrease of \$158.8 million), partially offset by an increase in Tower premium retention (increase of \$18.4 million), Imperial premium (increase of \$27.8 million), the Quota Share Runoff (increase of \$30.0 million) and the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges (increase of \$18.6 million). Net premium written for the A&H segment increased by \$27.6 million, primarily as a result of organic growth.

Net earned premium. Net earned premium increased by \$121.3 million, or 33.9%, from \$357.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$479.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase by segment was: P&C - \$120.8 million and A&H - \$0.5 million. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase in Tower premium retention (increase of \$14.5 million), the Quota Share Runoff (increase of \$30.0 million), Imperial premium (increase of \$27.1 million), the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges (increase of \$41.9 million) and organic growth (increase of \$7.3 million).

Ceding commission income. Ceding commission income decreased from \$5.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$5.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, reflecting the decrease from the Quota

Share Runoff, mostly offset by the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges. Our consolidated ceding commission ratio, which includes the Reciprocal Exchanges, decreased from 1.5% to 1.1%. Excluding the Reciprocal Exchanges, the ceding commission ratio was 0.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The Reciprocal Exchanges' ceding commission ratio was 9.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Service and fee income. Service and fee income increased by \$18.2 million, or 49.5%, from \$36.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$54.9 million for three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase was primarily attributable to the increase of \$2.4 million in service and fee income related to our A&H segment as a result of organic growth and an increase of \$15.8 million related to our P&C segment as a result of increased general agent fees and organic growth.

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The components of service, fees and other income are as follows:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|----------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| (amounts in thousands) | 2015 | 2014 | Change | | | | |
| Installment fees | \$8,125 | \$6,883 | \$1,242 | | | | |
| Commission revenue | 14,242 | 14,860 | (618 | | | | |
| General agent fees | 16,127 | 7,325 | 8,802 | | | | |
| Late payment fees | 2,946 | 2,498 | 448 | | | | |
| Finance and processing fees | 9,481 | 3,140 | 6,341 | | | | |
| Other | 3,949 | 2,000 | 1,949 | | | | |
| Total | \$54,870 | \$36,706 | \$18,164 | | | | |

Loss and loss adjustment expense; net loss ratio. Loss and LAE increased by \$81.3 million, or 36.1%, from \$225.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$306.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, primarily reflecting the Tower premium retention, Quota Share Runoff, the Imperial acquisition and the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges. The changes by segment were: P&C - increased \$77.2 million and A&H - increased \$4.2 million. Loss and LAE for the three months ended March 31, 2015 included \$1.2 million of unfavorable development on prior accident year loss and LAE reserves caused by loss emergence in the A&H segment, of which \$1.0 million related to domestic medical stop loss programs. Loss and LAE for the three months ended March 31, 2014 included \$7.8 million of unfavorable development on prior accident year loss and LAE reserves caused by loss emergence of \$1.7 million attributable to claims for private passenger automobile bodily injury liability and personal injury protection and \$6.1 million attributable to the A&H segment (\$3.4 million primarily relating to domestic medical stop loss programs and \$2.7 million relating to European A&H policies produced by our Euro Accident Health & Care Insurance Aktiebolag ("EHC") business). Our consolidated net loss ratio, which includes the Reciprocal Exchanges, increased from 63.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to 64.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily due to a higher loss ratio experienced in our A&H segment driven by product mix shift. Excluding the Reciprocal Exchanges, the net loss ratio was 63.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The Reciprocal Exchanges' net loss ratio was 66.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2015, including no development on prior accident year loss and LAE reserves.

Acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses. Acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses increased by \$15.5 million, or 20.9%, from \$74.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$89.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily due to an increase in Tower premium retention, Quota Share Runoff and the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges, partially offset by the consolidation of our EHC business as all new and renewal policies placed by EHC after April 1, 2014 are underwritten by our European insurance subsidiaries.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses increased by \$29.5 million, or 38.7%, from \$76.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$105.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily as a result of an increase in Tower premium retention, Imperial premium and the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges.

Net operating expense; net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP). Net operating expense increased by \$27.1 million, or 25.0% from \$108.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$135.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The consolidated net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP), which includes the Reciprocal Exchanges, decreased to 28.3% in the three months ended March 31, 2015 from 30.3% in the three months ended March 31, 2014 primarily as a result of increased service and fee income and maturation of the A&H business. Excluding the Reciprocal Exchanges, the net operating expense ratio was 28.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The Reciprocal Exchanges' net operating expense ratio was 30.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

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Net investment income. Net investment income increased by \$6.9 million, or 75.3%, from \$9.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$16.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily due to an increase in average invested assets as a result of our capital raising activities in the first half of 2014.

Net realized gains on investments. Net realized gains on investments increased by \$1.2 million from \$0.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to a \$1.2 million gain for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily due to net realized gains on the sale of investments of \$2.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, partially offset by the recognition of a \$1.0 million OTTI charge in the three months ended March 31, 2015 relating to an investment based on our qualitative and quantitative OTTI review.

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries. Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries, which primarily relates to our 50% interest in life settlement entities, increased \$3.8 million, from \$1.1 million in earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$5.0 million in earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2015, due to the change in fair market value of the life settlement contracts.

Interest expense. Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$9.1 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, increasing primarily due to our May 2014 issuance of \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.75% notes and the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges.

Provision for income taxes. Consolidated income tax expense, which includes the Reciprocal Exchanges, increased by \$1.1 million, or 14.3%, from \$7.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, reflecting an effective tax rate of 22.5%, to \$8.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, reflecting an effective tax rate of 18.1%. Income tax expense included a tax benefit of \$9.5 million and \$3.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, attributable to the reduction of the deferred tax liability associated with the equalization reserves of our Luxembourg reinsurers. The effect of this tax benefit reduced the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 by 21.4% and 12.1%, respectively.

NGHC, excluding the Reciprocal Exchanges, had income tax expense of \$8.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, reflecting an effective tax rate of 18.2%.

The Reciprocal Exchanges had pre-tax income of \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. A full valuation allowance is recorded on the Reciprocal Exchanges. The Reciprocal Exchanges' valuation allowance as of March 31, 2015 was \$21.5 million.

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P&C Segment - Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 (Unaudited)

| | Three Mont | ths | Ended Mar | ch 3 | 31, | | | | 2014 | |
|--|--|--------|--|-------------|---------------------------------------|----|---|---|--|-------------|
| | 2015 NGHC | | Reciprocal Exchanges | | Eliminatior | ıs | Total | | Total | |
| Gross premium written Ceded premiums Net premium written | \$444,260 |) | Thousands) \$61,237 (42,600 \$18,637 |) | \$(3,590 3,590 \$— |) | \$568,098 (105,201 \$462,897 |) | \$606,608 (78,609 \$527,999 |) |
| Change in unearned premium Net earned premium Ceding commission income Service and fee income Underwriting expenses: | (38,166 \$406,094 771 45,234 |) | 23,259 \$41,896 4,027 795 | | (8,578 |) | (14,907 \$447,990 4,798 37,451 |) | (200,779 \$327,220 5,370 21,673 |) |
| Loss and loss adjustment expense Acquisition costs and other underwriting | 258,579 75,337 | | 28,004 3,261 | | (5 | ` | 286,583 78,593 | | 209,430 55,773 | |
| expenses General and administrative expenses Total underwriting expenses Underwriting income | 75,537 85,729 \$419,645 \$32,454 | | 5,201 14,384 \$45,649 \$1,069 | | (8,573 \$(8,578 \$— |) | 91,540 \$456,716 \$33,523 | | 63,521 \$328,724 \$25,539 | |
| Net loss ratio Net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP) Net combined ratio (non-GAAP) | 28.3 92.0 | % % | 66.8 30.6 97.4 | % % % | | | 64.0 28.5 92.5 | % | 64.0 28.2 92.2 | % % % |
| Reconciliation of net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP): | Three Mont 2015 | ths | Ended Mar | ch 3 | 51, | | | | 2014 | |
| | NGHC | | Reciprocal Exchanges | | Elimination | ıs | Total | | Total | |
| Total underwriting expenses Less: Loss and loss adjustment expense Less: Ceding commission income Less: Service and fee income Net operating expense Net earned premium Net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP) | (Amounts in \$419,645 258,579 771 45,234 \$115,061 \$406,094 28.3 | | <pre>`housands) \$45,649 28,004 4,027 795 \$12,823 \$41,896 30.6</pre> | % | \$(8,578 — (8,578 \$— \$— | | \$456,716 286,583 4,798 37,451 \$127,884 \$447,990 28.5 | % | \$328,724 209,430 5,370 21,673 \$92,251 \$327,220 28.2 | % |

P&C Segment Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 Compared with the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited)

Gross premium written. Gross premium written decreased by \$38.5 million, or 6.3%, from \$606.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$568.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily as a result of the assumption of Tower's unearned premium reserves with respect to in-force personal lines policies as of January 1, 2014 (decrease of \$158.8 million), partially offset by an increase in Tower premium retention (increase of \$21.7 million), Imperial premium (increase of \$39.0 million) and the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges (increase of \$61.2 million).

Net premium written. Net premium written decreased by \$65.1 million from \$528.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$462.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily as a result of the assumption of Tower's unearned premium reserves with respect to in-force personal lines policies as of January 1, 2014 (decrease of \$158.8 million), partially offset by an increase in Tower premium retention (increase of \$18.4 million), Imperial premium (increase of \$27.8 million), the Quota Share Runoff (increase of \$30.0 million) and the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges (increase of \$18.6 million).

Net earned premium. Net earned premium increased by \$120.8 million, or 36.9%, from \$327.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$448.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily as a result of an increase in Tower

premium retention (increase of \$14.5 million), the Quota Share Runoff (increase of \$30.0 million), Imperial premium (increase of \$27.1 million) and the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges (increase of \$41.9 million).

Ceding commission income. Our ceding commission income decreased by \$0.6 million, or 10.7%, from \$5.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 reflecting the decrease from the Quota Share Runoff, mostly offset by the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges. Our P&C segment ceding commission ratio, which includes the Reciprocal Exchanges, decreased from 1.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to 1.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2015. Excluding the Reciprocal Exchanges, the ceding commission ratio was 0.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The Reciprocal Exchanges' ceding commission ratio was 9.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Service and fee income. Service and fee income increased by \$15.8 million, or 72.8%, from \$21.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$37.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 as a result of increased general agent fees and organic growth.

Loss and loss adjustment expense; net loss ratio. Loss and LAE increased by \$77.2 million, or 36.8%, from \$209.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$286.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily reflecting the Tower premium retention, Quota Share Runoff, the Imperial acquisition and the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges. Our P&C segment net loss ratio, which includes the Reciprocal Exchanges, was basically unchanged at 64.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2014 as compared to 64.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2015. Excluding the Reciprocal Exchanges, the net loss ratio was 63.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The Reciprocal Exchanges' net loss ratio was 66.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses. Acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses increased by \$22.8 million from \$55.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$78.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase was primarily due to an increase in Tower premium retention, Quota Share Runoff and the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses increased by \$28.0 million from \$63.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$91.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily as a result of an increase in Tower premium retention, the Imperial acquisition and the consolidation of the Reciprocal Exchanges.

Net operating expense; net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP). Net operating expense increased by \$35.6 million, or 38.6%, from \$92.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$127.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The P&C segment net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP), which includes the Reciprocal Exchanges, increased from 28.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to 28.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily as a result of increased general and administrative expenses, and increased acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses (as discussed above), being largely offset by increased service and fee income. Excluding the Reciprocal Exchanges, the net operating expense ratio was 28.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The Reciprocal Exchanges' net operating expense ratio was 30.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Underwriting income. Underwriting income increased from \$25.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$33.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily as a result of the Imperial acquisition. The P&C segment combined ratio, which includes the Reciprocal Exchanges, for the three months ended March 31, 2015 increased to 92.5% compared to 92.2% for the same period in 2014. Excluding the Reciprocal Exchanges, the combined ratio was 92.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The Reciprocal Exchanges' combined ratio was 97.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

A&H Segment - Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 (Unaudited)

| | | s Ended March |
|---|------------------|---------------------|
| | 31, 2015 | 2014 |
| | (Amounts in 7 | |
| Gross premium written | \$75,357 | \$39,534 |
| Ceded premiums | (8,229) | |
| Net premium written | \$67,128 | (48) \$39,486 |
| Change in unearned premium | (35,953) | |
| Net earned premium | \$31,175 | (8,854) \$30,632 |
| Ceding commission income | \$51,175 282 | \$30,032 |
| Service and fee income | 17,419 | 15,033 |
| Underwriting expenses: | 17,419 | 15,055 |
| Loss and loss adjustment expense | 20,103 | 15,917 |
| Acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses | 11,292 | 18,600 |
| · · · | 14,147 | |
| General and administrative expenses | , | 12,678 |
| Total underwriting expenses | \$45,542 | \$47,195 |
| Underwriting income (loss) | \$3,334 | \$(1,530) |
| Net loss ratio | | 52.0 % |
| Net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP) | | 53.0 % |
| Net combined ratio (non-GAAP) | 89.3 % | b 105.0 % |
| | Three Months 31, | s Ended March |
| Reconciliation of net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP): | 2015 | 2014 |
| | (Amounts in 7 | Thousands) |
| Total underwriting expenses | \$45,542 | \$47,195 |
| Less: Loss and loss adjustment expense | 20,103 | 15,917 |
| Less: Ceding commission income | 282 | |
| Less: Service and fee income | 17,419 | 15,033 |
| Net operating expense | \$7,738 | \$16,245 |
| Net earned premium | \$31,175 | \$30,632 |
| Net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP) | | 53.0 % |
| (et operating expense ratio (non or n n) | 24.0 /2 | 10 |

A&H Segment Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 Compared with the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited)

Gross premium written. Gross premium written increased by \$35.8 million, from \$39.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$75.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily as a result of organic growth.

Net premium written. Net premium written increased by \$27.6 million, from \$39.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$67.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily as a result of organic growth.

Net earned premium. Net earned premium increased by \$0.5 million, from \$30.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$31.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Service and fee income. Service and fee income increased by \$2.4 million, or 15.9%, from \$15.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$17.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 as a result of organic growth.

Loss and loss adjustment expense; net loss ratio. Loss and LAE increased by \$4.2 million, from \$15.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$20.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. Our net loss ratio increased from 52.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to 64.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The loss ratio increase in the three months ended March 31, 2015 was primarily driven by product mix shift.

Acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses. Acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses decreased by \$7.3 million from \$18.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$11.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily due to the consolidation of our EHC business as all new and renewal policies placed by EHC after April 1, 2014 are underwritten by our European insurance subsidiaries.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses increased by \$1.5 million from \$12.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$14.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Net operating expense; net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP). Net operating expense decreased by \$8.5 million from \$16.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$7.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The net operating expense ratio (non-GAAP) decreased from 53.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to 24.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2015 primarily as a result of increased A&H premiums.

Underwriting income (loss). Underwriting income increased from a loss of \$1.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to income of \$3.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 due to A&H organic growth. The combined ratio for the three months ended March 31, 2015 decreased to 89.3% compared to 105.0% for the same period in 2014. The combined ratio was lower due to improved profitability driven by a reduced expense ratio reflecting continued maturation of the A&H business and higher service and fee income.

Investment Portfolio

Our investment strategy emphasizes, first, the preservation of capital and, second, maximization of an appropriate risk-adjusted return. We seek to maximize investment returns using investment guidelines that stress prudent allocation among cash and cash equivalents, fixed-maturity securities and, to a lesser extent, equity securities. Cash and cash equivalents include cash on deposit, commercial paper, pooled short-term money market funds and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of 90 days or less. Our fixed-maturity securities include obligations of the U.S. Treasury or U.S. government agencies, obligations of U.S. and Canadian corporations, mortgages guaranteed by the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal Farm Credit entities, and asset-backed securities and commercial mortgage obligations. Our equity securities include common and preferred stock of U.S. and Canadian corporations.

The average yield on our investment portfolio was 3.2% and 3.6% and the average duration of the portfolio was 4.89 and 6.09 years for the three months ended at March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The cost or amortized cost, fair value, and gross unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities were as follows:

| March 31, 2015 | Cost or Amortized Cost (amounts in th | Gross Unrealized Gains ousands) | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Equity securities: | | | | |
| Common stock | \$47,548 | \$153 | \$(4,555 |) \$43,146 |
| Preferred stock | 7,755 | 158 | | 7,913 |
| Fixed maturities: | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury | 22,253 | 1,547 | (1 |) 23,799 |
| Federal agencies | 98 | 1 | | 99 |
| States and political subdivision bonds | 177,288 | 5,864 | (206 |) 182,946 |
| Foreign government | 6,573 | | (1,067 |) 5,506 |
| Corporate bonds | 856,668 | 50,743 | (9,790 |) 897,621 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 408,596 | 14,033 | (65 |) 422,564 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 79,827 | 2,354 | (585 |) 81,596 |
| Asset-backed securities | 4,960 | 40 | <u> </u> | 5,000 |
| Total | \$1,611,566 | \$74,893 | \$(16,269 |) \$1,670,190 |
| Less: Securities pledged | | | | |
| Total net of Securities pledged | \$1,611,566 | \$74,893 | \$(16,269 |) \$1,670,190 |
| NGHC | \$1,398,514 | \$71,568 | \$(15,327 |) \$1,454,755 |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | 213,052 | 3,325 | (942 |) 215,435 |
| Total | \$1,611,566 | \$74,893 | \$(16,269 |) \$1,670,190 |
| Tour | φ1,011,500 | φ/1,095 | Φ(10,20) |) \$1,070,190 |
| | Cost or | Gross | Gross | |
| | | | | Hoir |
| December 31, 2014 | Amortized | Unrealized | Unrealized | Fair Value |
| December 31, 2014 | Amortized Cost | Unrealized Gains | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
| December 31, 2014 | | Gains | | |
| December 31, 2014 Equity securities: | Cost | Gains | | |
| | Cost | Gains | | |
| Equity securities: | Cost (amounts in the | Gains ousands) | Losses | Value |
| Equity securities: Common stock | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 | Gains ousands) \$1,004 | Losses \$(7,349 | Value) \$40,924 |
| Equity securities: Common stock Preferred stock | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 | Gains ousands) \$1,004 | Losses \$(7,349 | Value) \$40,924 |
| Equity securities: Common stock Preferred stock Fixed maturities: | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 7,755 | Gains pusands) \$1,004 65 | Losses \$(7,349 (125 | Value) \$40,924) 7,695 |
| Equity securities: Common stock Preferred stock Fixed maturities: U.S. Treasury Federal agencies | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 7,755 37,446 | Gains pusands) \$1,004 65 1,536 — | Losses \$(7,349 (125 (3 | Value) \$40,924) 7,695) 38,979 98 |
| Equity securities: Common stock Preferred stock Fixed maturities: U.S. Treasury Federal agencies States and political subdivision bonds | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 7,755 37,446 98 | Gains pusands) \$1,004 65 | Losses \$(7,349 (125 | Value) \$40,924) 7,695) 38,979 |
| Equity securities: Common stock Preferred stock Fixed maturities: U.S. Treasury Federal agencies | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 7,755 37,446 98 172,617 | Gains pusands) \$1,004 65 1,536 — | Losses \$(7,349 (125 (3 | Value) \$40,924) 7,695) 38,979 98) 177,409 |
| Equity securities: Common stock Preferred stock Fixed maturities: U.S. Treasury Federal agencies States and political subdivision bonds Foreign government Corporate bonds | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 7,755 37,446 98 172,617 6,194 | Gains pusands) \$ 1,004 65 1,536 4,961 | Losses \$(7,349 (125 (3 (169 (658 | Value) \$40,924) 7,695) 38,979 98) 177,409) 5,536 |
| Equity securities: Common stock Preferred stock Fixed maturities: U.S. Treasury Federal agencies States and political subdivision bonds Foreign government Corporate bonds Residential mortgage-backed securities | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 7,755 37,446 98 172,617 6,194 839,436 | Gains pusands) \$1,004 65 1,536 4,961 36,525 11,132 | Losses \$(7,349 (125 (3 | Value) \$40,924) 7,695) 38,979 98) 177,409) 5,536) 867,262 |
| Equity securities: Common stock Preferred stock Fixed maturities: U.S. Treasury Federal agencies States and political subdivision bonds Foreign government Corporate bonds | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 7,755 37,446 98 172,617 6,194 839,436 459,596 79,579 | Gains pusands) \$1,004 65 1,536 4,961 36,525 | Losses \$(7,349 (125 (3 | Value) \$40,924) 7,695) 38,979 98) 177,409) 5,536) 867,262) 470,636) 80,992 |
| Equity securities: Common stock Preferred stock Fixed maturities: U.S. Treasury Federal agencies States and political subdivision bonds Foreign government Corporate bonds Residential mortgage-backed securities Commercial mortgage-backed securities Asset-backed securities | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 7,755 37,446 98 172,617 6,194 839,436 459,596 79,579 5,461 | Gains pusands) \$ 1,004 65 1,536 4,961 36,525 11,132 1,602 | Losses \$(7,349 (125 (3 | Value) \$40,924) 7,695) 38,979 98) 177,409) 5,536) 867,262) 470,636) 80,992) 5,370 |
| Equity securities: Common stock Preferred stock Fixed maturities: U.S. Treasury Federal agencies States and political subdivision bonds Foreign government Corporate bonds Residential mortgage-backed securities Commercial mortgage-backed securities Asset-backed securities Total | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 7,755 37,446 98 172,617 6,194 839,436 459,596 79,579 5,461 \$1,655,451 | Gains pusands) \$1,004 65 1,536 4,961 36,525 11,132 1,602 \$56,825 | Losses \$(7,349 (125 (3 | Value) \$40,924) 7,695) 38,979 98) 177,409) 5,536) 867,262) 470,636) 80,992) 5,370) \$1,694,901 |
| Equity securities: Common stock Preferred stock Fixed maturities: U.S. Treasury Federal agencies States and political subdivision bonds Foreign government Corporate bonds Residential mortgage-backed securities Commercial mortgage-backed securities Asset-backed securities Total Less: Securities pledged | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 7,755 37,446 98 172,617 6,194 839,436 459,596 79,579 5,461 \$1,655,451 47,546 | Gains pusands) \$1,004 65 1,536 4,961 36,525 11,132 1,602 \$56,825 1,910 | Losses \$(7,349 (125 (3 (169 (658 (8,699 (92 (189 (91 \$(17,375 | Value) \$40,924) 7,695) 38,979 98) 177,409) 5,536) 867,262) 470,636) 80,992) 5,370) \$1,694,901 49,456 |
| Equity securities: Common stock Preferred stock Fixed maturities: U.S. Treasury Federal agencies States and political subdivision bonds Foreign government Corporate bonds Residential mortgage-backed securities Commercial mortgage-backed securities Asset-backed securities Total Less: Securities pledged Total net of Securities pledged | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 7,755 37,446 98 172,617 6,194 839,436 459,596 79,579 5,461 \$1,655,451 47,546 \$1,607,905 | Gains pusands) \$1,004 65 1,536 4,961 36,525 11,132 1,602 \$56,825 1,910 \$54,915 | Losses \$(7,349 (125 (3 (169 (658 (8,699 (92 (189 (91 \$(17,375 \$(17,375) | Value) \$40,924) 7,695) 38,979 98) 177,409) 5,536) 867,262) 470,636) 80,992) 5,370) \$1,694,901 49,456) \$1,645,445 |
| Equity securities: Common stock Preferred stock Fixed maturities: U.S. Treasury Federal agencies States and political subdivision bonds Foreign government Corporate bonds Residential mortgage-backed securities Commercial mortgage-backed securities Asset-backed securities Total Less: Securities pledged Total net of Securities pledged NGHC | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 7,755 37,446 98 172,617 6,194 839,436 459,596 79,579 5,461 \$1,655,451 47,546 \$1,607,905 \$1,430,578 | Gains pusands) \$1,004 65 1,536 4,961 36,525 11,132 1,602 \$56,825 1,910 \$54,915 \$55,031 | Losses \$(7,349 (125 (3 (169 (658 (8,699 (92 (189 (91 \$(17,375 \$(17,375 \$(16,264) | Value) \$40,924) 7,695) 38,979 98) 177,409) 5,536) 867,262) 470,636) 80,992) 5,370) \$1,694,901 49,456) \$1,645,445) \$1,645,445 |
| Equity securities: Common stock Preferred stock Fixed maturities: U.S. Treasury Federal agencies States and political subdivision bonds Foreign government Corporate bonds Residential mortgage-backed securities Commercial mortgage-backed securities Asset-backed securities Total Less: Securities pledged Total net of Securities pledged | Cost (amounts in the \$47,269 7,755 37,446 98 172,617 6,194 839,436 459,596 79,579 5,461 \$1,655,451 47,546 \$1,607,905 | Gains pusands) \$1,004 65 1,536 4,961 36,525 11,132 1,602 \$56,825 1,910 \$54,915 | Losses \$(7,349 (125 (3 (169 (658 (8,699 (92 (189 (91 \$(17,375 \$(17,375) | Value) \$40,924) 7,695) 38,979 98) 177,409) 5,536) 867,262) 470,636) 80,992) 5,370) \$1,694,901 49,456) \$1,645,445) \$1,645,445 |

The decrease in gross unrealized losses from \$17.4 million at December 31, 2014 to \$16.3 million at March 31, 2015 resulted from fluctuations in market interest rates.

The tables below summarize the credit quality of our fixed maturities, securities pledged and preferred securities as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, as rated by Standard & Poor's.

| | NGHC | | | | Reciprocal E | Exchanges | | |
|--|---|---|--|-------------------------|--|---|---|-------------------------|
| | | | Percentage of | f | - | - | Percentage | of |
| | Cost or | | Fixed | | Cost or | | Fixed | |
| March 31, 2015 | Amortized | Fair Value | Maturities and | d | Amortized | Fair Value | Maturities a | nd |
| | Cost | | Preferred | | Cost | | Preferred | |
| | | | Securities | | | | Securities | |
| | (amounts in t | housands) | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury | \$18,800 | \$20,285 | 1.5 | % | \$3,453 | \$3,514 | 1.5 | % |
| AAA | 336,897 | 349,286 | 24.7 | % | 18,014 | 18,035 | 8.4 | % |
| AA, AA+, AA- | 251,418 | 259,678 | 18.4 | % | 12,125 | 12,400 | 5.8 | % |
| A, A+, A- | 289,536 | 311,077 | 22.0 | % | 52,055 | 52,745 | 24.5 | % |
| BBB, BBB+, BBB- | 392,849 | 409,697 | 29.0 | % | 99,722 | 100,995 | 46.9 | % |
| BB+ and lower | 61,466 | 61,586 | 4.4 | % | 27,683 | 27,746 | 12.9 | % |
| Total | \$1,350,966 | \$1,411,609 | 100.0 | % | \$213,052 | \$215,435 | 100.0 | % |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | NOUG | | | | р · 1 | F 1 | | |
| | NGHC | | Demonstration | . 6 | Reciprocal | Exchanges | Demonstration | - C |
| | | | Percentage | of | | Exchanges | Percentage | e of |
| December 21, 2014 | Cost or | F V . I | Fixed | | Cost or | C | Fixed | |
| December 31, 2014 | Cost or Amortized | Fair Value | Fixed Maturities a | | Cost or Amortized | Exchanges Fair Value | Fixed Maturities | |
| December 31, 2014 | Cost or | Fair Value | Fixed Maturities a Preferred | | Cost or | C | Fixed Maturities Preferred | |
| December 31, 2014 | Cost or Amortized Cost | | Fixed Maturities a | | Cost or Amortized | C | Fixed Maturities | |
| | Cost or Amortized Cost (amounts i | n thousands) | Fixed Maturities a Preferred Securities | anc | Cost or Amortized Cost | Fair Value | Fixed Maturities Preferred Securities | and |
| U.S. Treasury | Cost or Amortized Cost (amounts it \$19,068 | n thousands) \$20,475 | Fixed Maturities a Preferred Securities 1.4 | anc % | Cost or Amortized Cost 9 \$18,378 | Fair Value \$18,504 | Fixed Maturities Preferred Securities 8.2 | and % |
| U.S. Treasury AAA | Cost or Amortized Cost (amounts i \$ 19,068 359,424 | n thousands) \$20,475 370,058 | Fixed Maturities a Preferred Securities 1.4 25.9 | anc % % | Cost or Amortized Cost \$18,378 \$24,956 | Fair Value | Fixed Maturities Preferred Securities | and % % |
| U.S. Treasury AAA AA, AA+, AA- | Cost or Amortized Cost (amounts ir \$19,068 359,424 275,905 | n thousands) \$20,475 370,058 282,443 | Fixed Maturities a Preferred Securities 1.4 25.9 19.8 | anc % % % | Cost or Amortized Cost \$18,378 24,956 | Fair Value \$18,504 25,027 — | Fixed Maturities Preferred Securities 8.2 11.1 | and % % % |
| U.S. Treasury AAA AA, AA+, AA- A, A+, A- | Cost or Amortized Cost (amounts i \$ 19,068 359,424 275,905 300,789 | n thousands) \$20,475 370,058 282,443 318,955 | Fixed Maturities a Preferred Securities 1.4 25.9 19.8 22.3 | anc % % % | Cost or Amortized Cost \$18,378 24,956 | Fair Value \$18,504 25,027 100,412 | Fixed Maturities Preferred Securities 8.2 11.1 44.5 | and % % % % |
| U.S. Treasury AAA AA, AA+, AA- A, A+, A- BBB, BBB+, BBB- | Cost or Amortized Cost (amounts i \$ 19,068 359,424 275,905 300,789 328,594 | n thousands) \$20,475 370,058 282,443 318,955 335,745 | Fixed Maturities a Preferred Securities 1.4 25.9 19.8 22.3 23.5 | anc % % % % | Cost or Amortized Cost \$18,378 24,956 | Fair Value \$18,504 25,027 100,412 48,486 | Fixed Maturities Preferred Securities 8.2 11.1 | and % % % % |
| U.S. Treasury AAA AA, AA+, AA- A, A+, A- | Cost or Amortized Cost (amounts i \$ 19,068 359,424 275,905 300,789 | n thousands) \$20,475 370,058 282,443 318,955 335,745 100,745 | Fixed Maturities a Preferred Securities 1.4 25.9 19.8 22.3 23.5 7.1 | and % % % % | Cost or Amortized Cost \$18,378 24,956 | Fair Value \$18,504 25,027 100,412 | Fixed Maturities Preferred Securities 8.2 11.1 44.5 | and % % % % |

The tables below summarize the investment quality of our corporate bond holdings and industry concentrations as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

| March 31, 2015 | AAA | | АА+, АА, АА- | | A+,A,A- | | BBB+, BBB, BBB- | | BB+ or Lower | | Fair Value | % of Corporat Bonds Portfolio | |
|---|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|--|-------------|---|-------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--|--|-------------|
| C (D 1 | | | | | (amounts | 5 1N | thousands |) | | | | | |
| Corporate Bonds: | 1.0 | C | 27 | đ | 25.0 | C1 | 10.0 | Ø | 1.0 | 01 | \$ 207 7(0 | 40.0 | 01 |
| Financial Institutions | 1.3 | | 3.7 | | 25.8 | | 10.6 | | 1.8 | % | \$387,760 | 43.2 | % |
| Industrials | | % | | % | 8.8 | % | 33.3 | % | 6.4 | % | 456,180 | 50.8 | % |
| Utilities/Other | | | — | % | 1.0 | % | | % | 0.2 | % | 53,681 | 6.0 | % |
| Total | 1.3 | | 6.0 | % | 35.6 | % | 48.7 | % | 8.4 | % | \$897,621 | 100.0 | % |
| NGHC | 1.3 | % | 5.7 | % | 32.0 | % | | % | 6.3 | % | \$789,737 | 88.0 | % |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | | % | 0.3 | % | 3.6 | % | 6.0 | % | 2.1 | % | 107,884 | 12.0 | % |
| Total | 1.3 | % | 6.0 | % | 35.6 | % | 48.7 | % | 8.4 | % | \$897,621 | 100.0 | % |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2014 | AAA | | АА+, АА, АА- | | A+,A,A- | | BBB+, BBB, BBB- | | BB+ or Lower | | Fair Value | % of Corporat Bonds Portfolio | |
| December 31, 2014 | AAA | | AA, | | | in | BBB, |) | | | | Corporat Bonds | |
| December 31, 2014 Corporate Bonds: | AAA | | AA, | | | in | BBB, BBB- |) | | | | Corporat Bonds | |
| | AAA 1.4 | % | AA, | % | | | BBB, BBB- |) % | | % | Value | Corporat Bonds | |
| Corporate Bonds: | | | AA, AA- | % % | (amounts | | BBB, BBB- thousands | - | Lower | % % | Value \$376,236 | Corporat Bonds Portfolio | I |
| Corporate Bonds: Financial Institutions | | % | AA, AA- 3.6 | | (amounts 26.9 | % | BBB, BBB- thousands 8.9 | % | Lower 2.5 | | Value \$376,236 427,592 | Corporat Bonds Portfolio 43.3 | % |
| Corporate Bonds: Financial Institutions Industrials | | % % | AA, AA- 3.6 2.4 | % | (amounts 26.9 9.4 | % % | BBB, BBB- thousands 8.9 31.7 | % % | Lower 2.5 5.9 | % | Value \$376,236 427,592 | Corporat Bonds Portfolio 43.3 49.4 | % % |
| Corporate Bonds: Financial Institutions Industrials Utilities/Other | 1.4 | % % % | AA, AA- 3.6 2.4 | % % | (amounts 26.9 9.4 2.2 | % % % | BBB, BBB- thousands 8.9 31.7 3.1 43.7 | % % % | Lower 2.5 5.9 2.0 | % % | Value \$376,236 427,592 63,434 | Corporat Bonds Portfolio 43.3 49.4 7.3 | % % % |
| Corporate Bonds: Financial Institutions Industrials Utilities/Other Total | 1.4 1.4 | % % % % | AA, AA- 3.6 2.4 6.0 | % % % % | (amounts 26.9 9.4 2.2 38.5 | % % % | BBB, BBB- thousands 8.9 31.7 3.1 43.7 | % % % | Lower 2.5 5.9 2.0 10.4 | % % % | Value \$376,236 427,592 63,434 \$867,262 | Corporat Bonds Portfolio 43.3 49.4 7.3 100.0 | % % % |

The amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale fixed maturities and securities pledged, held as of March 31, 2015, by contractual maturity, are shown in the table below. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because some borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

| | NGHC | | Reciprocal | Exchanges | Total | |
|--|------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| March 31, 2015 | Cost or Amortized Cost | Fair Value | Cost or Amortized Cost | Fair Value | Cost or Amortized Cost | Fair Value |
| | (amounts in | thousands) | | | | |
| Due in one year or less | \$13,973 | \$14,030 | \$4,290 | \$4,289 | \$18,263 | \$18,319 |
| Due after one year through five years | 313,685 | 330,594 | 37,234 | 37,581 | 350,919 | 368,175 |
| Due after five years through ten years | 512,817 | 537,994 | 65,159 | 66,411 | 577,976 | 604,405 |
| Due after ten years | 416,298 | 431,829 | 77,085 | 77,331 | 493,383 | 509,160 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 89,190 | 92,114 | 26,532 | 26,958 | 115,722 | 119,072 |
| Total | \$1,345,963 | \$1,406,561 | \$210,300 | \$212,570 | \$1,556,263 | \$1,619,131 |

Gross Unrealized Losses. The tables below summarize the gross unrealized losses on equity securities and fixed maturities by the length of time the security had continuously been in an unrealized loss position as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

| March 31, 2015 | Less Than Fair Market | 12 Month Unrealize Losses | | No. of Positions | 12 Months Fair Market | s or More Unrealize Losses | ed | No. of Positions | Total Fair Market | Unrealiz Losses | zed |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| | Value (amounts i | | 4c) | Held | Value | | | Held | Value | | |
| Common stock | \$38,618 | | | 4 | \$— | \$— | | | \$38,618 | \$(4,555 |) |
| Preferred stock | | | | | | | | | | | , |
| U.S. Treasury | 699 | (1 |) | 2 | _ | | | | 699 | (1 |) |
| States and political subdivision bonds | 14,841 | (185 |) | 33 | 1,722 | (21 |) | 3 | 16,563 | (206 |) |
| Foreign government | 5,506 | (1,067 |) | 2 | | — | | | 5,506 | (1,067 |) |
| Corporate bonds Residential | 90,193 | (6,686 |) | 64 | 23,343 | (3,104 |) | 9 | 113,536 | (9,790 |) |
| mortgage-backed securities | 1,458 | (14 |) | 14 | 1,941 | (51 |) | 3 | 3,399 | (65 |) |
| Commercial | | | | | | | | | | | |
| mortgage-backed securities | 35,153 | (585 |) | 13 | _ | _ | | _ | 35,153 | (585 |) |
| Asset-backed | | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| securities | ¢106.460 | ф (12 002 | | 100 | ¢ 07 000 | ф (<u>)</u> 17(| ` | 1.5 | фо <u>10</u> 474 | Φ (1 C O C) | 0.) |
| Total NGHC | \$186,468 | \$(13,093 | | | \$27,006 \$27,006 | \$(3,176 |) | 15 | \$213,474 | \$(16,26) | |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | \$135,716 50,752 | \$(12,151) (942) |) | 77 55 | \$27,006 | \$(3,176 |) | 15 | \$162,722 50,752 | \$(15,32 ⁻ (942 | /) \ |
| Total | \$186,468 | \$(13,093 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | | \$27,006 | \$(3,176 |) | 15 | \$213,474 | (942 \$(16,26) | |
| Total | φ100,400 | Φ(15,075 | , , | 152 | Ψ27,000 | $\Psi(3,170)$ |) | 15 | Ψ215,777 | $\Psi(10,20)$ | , |
| | Less Than 12 Months | | | 12 Months or More | | | Total | | | | |
| December 31, 2014 | Fair Market Value | Unrealize Losses | ed | No. of Positions Held | Fair Market Value | Unrealize Losses | ed | No. of Positions Held | Fair Market Value | Unrealiz Losses | zed |
| | (amounts i | | ls) | | | | | | | | |
| Common stock | \$33,717 | \$(7,349 |) | 3 | \$— | \$— | | | \$33,717 | \$(7,349 |) |
| Preferred stock | | | | | 4,878 | (125 |) | 1 | 4,878 | (125 |) |
| U.S. Treasury | 6,343 | (3 |) | 5 | | — | | | 6,343 | (3 |) |
| States and political subdivision bonds | 16,320 | (92 |) | 39 | 8,341 | (77 |) | 8 | 24,661 | (169 |) |
| Foreign government | 5,536 | (658 |) | 1 | | | | | 5,536 | (658 |) |
| Corporate bonds | 116,880 | (5,594 |) | 108 | 23,592 | (3,105 |) | 10 | 140,472 | (8,699 |) |
| Residential mortgage-backed | 15,598 | (34 |) | 17 | 1,975 | (58 |) | 3 | 17,573 | (92 |) |
| securities Commercial | | | | | | | | | | | |
| mortgage-backed securities | 33,735 | (189 |) | 10 | _ | _ | | _ | 33,735 | (189 |) |
| Asset-backed securities | 4,869 | (91 |) | 3 | _ | _ | | _ | 4,869 | (91 |) |

| Total | \$232,998 | \$(14,010) 186 | \$38,786 | \$(3,365) 22 | \$271,784 | \$(17,375) |
|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------|----------|--------------|-----------|------------|
| NGHC | \$142,313 | \$(12,899) 97 | \$38,786 | \$(3,365) 22 | \$181,099 | \$(16,264) |
| Reciprocal Exchanges | 90,685 | (1,111) 89 | | | 90,685 | (1,111) |
| Total | \$232,998 | \$(14,010) 186 | \$38,786 | \$(3,365) 22 | \$271,784 | \$(17,375) |

There were 147 and 208 securities at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, that account for the gross unrealized loss, none of which we deemed to be an other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI"). Significant factors influencing our determination that none of the securities were OTTI included the magnitude of unrealized losses in relation to cost, the nature of

the investment and management's intent not to sell these securities and our determination that it was more likely than not that we would not be required to sell these investments before anticipated recovery of fair value to our cost basis.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, we recognized OTTI of \$1.0 million on an investment based on our qualitative and quantitative review.

Restricted Cash and Investments. In order to conduct business in certain states, we are required to maintain letters of credit or assets on deposit to support state-mandated regulatory requirements and certain third party agreements. We also utilize trust accounts to collateralize business with our reinsurance counterparties. Assets held on deposit or in trust accounts are primarily in the form of cash or certain high-grade securities. The fair values of our restricted assets as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are as follows:

| | March 31, 2015 | December 31, 2014 | |
|---|------------------------|-------------------|--|
| | (amounts in thousands) | | |
| Restricted cash | \$7,302 | \$7,937 | |
| Restricted investments - fixed maturities at fair value | 57,835 | 56,049 | |
| Total restricted cash and investments | \$65,137 | \$63,986 | |

Other. We enter into reverse repurchase and repurchase agreements, which are accounted for as either collateralized lending or borrowing transactions and are recorded at contract amounts which approximate fair value. For the collateralized borrowing transactions (i.e., repurchase agreements), we receive cash or securities that we invest or hold in short-term or fixed income securities.

As of March 31, 2015, we had no collateralized borrowing transaction principal outstanding. As of December 31, 2014, we had collateralized borrowing transaction principal outstanding of \$46.8 million at interest rates between 0.30% and 0.35%. Interest expense associated with the repurchase borrowing agreements for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. We had approximately \$49.5 million of collateral pledged in support for these agreements as of December 31, 2014.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, we had no collateralized lending transaction principal outstanding.

Investment in Entities Holding Life Settlement Contracts

A life settlement contract is a contract between the owner of a life insurance policy and a third party who obtains the ownership and beneficiary rights of the underlying life insurance policy. During 2010, we formed Tiger Capital LLC ("Tiger") with a subsidiary of AmTrust for the purpose of acquiring certain life settlement contracts. In 2011, we formed AMT Capital Alpha, LLC ("AMT Alpha") with a subsidiary of AmTrust for the purpose of acquiring additional life settlement contracts. In the first quarter of 2013, we acquired a 50% interest in AMT Capital Holdings, S.A. ("AMTCH"), the other 50% of which is owned by AmTrust. Additionally, in December 2013, we formed AMT Capital Holdings II, S.A. ("AMTCH II") with AmTrust for the purpose of acquiring additional life settlement contracts. We have a 50% ownership interest in each of Tiger, AMT Alpha, AMTCH and AMTCH II (collectively, the "LSC Entities"). The LSC Entities may also acquire premium finance loans made in connection with the borrowers' purchase of life insurance policies that are secured by the policies. The LSC Entities acquire the underlying policies through the borrowers' voluntary surrender of the policy in satisfaction of the loan or foreclosure. A third party serves as the administrator for two of the life settlement contract portfolios, for which it receives an administrative fee. The third-party administrator is eligible to receive a percentage of profits after certain time and performance thresholds have been met.

The LSC Entities account for investments in life settlements in accordance with ASC 325-30, "Investments in Insurance Contracts", which states that an investor shall elect to account for its investments in life settlement contracts by using either the investment method or the fair value method. The election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis and is irrevocable. The LSC Entities have elected to account for these investments using the fair value method.

As of March 31, 2015, we have a 50% ownership interest in the LSC Entities that hold certain life settlement contracts, and the fair value of these contracts owned by the LSC Entities is \$259.8 million, with our proportionate interest being \$129.9 million. Total capital contributions of approximately \$1.1 million and \$3.1 million were made to the LSC Entities during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, for which we contributed approximately \$0.6 million and \$1.6 million in those same periods. The LSC Entities used the contributed capital to pay premiums and purchase policies.

As of March 31, 2015, the face value amounts of the 270 life insurance policies disclosed in the table below was approximately \$1.7 billion. As of March 31, 2015, the LSC Entities owned no premium finance loans.

The following table describes details of our investment in LSC Entities as of March 31, 2015. This table shows the gross amounts for the portfolio of life insurance policies owned by the LSC Entities, in which we and AmTrust each own a 50% interest.

| (amounts in thousands, except number of life settlement contracts) Expected Maturity Term in Years | Number of Life Settlement Contracts | Fair Value ⁽¹⁾ | Face Value |
|---|--|---------------------------|-------------|
| As of March 31, 2015 | | | |
| 0 - 1 | | \$— | \$— |
| 1 - 2 | | | |
| 2 - 3 | 3 | 9,961 | 17,500 |
| 3 - 4 | 9 | 38,531 | 73,000 |
| 4 - 5 | 10 | 19,198 | 61,500 |
| Thereafter | 248 | 192,095 | 1,545,313 |
| Total | 270 | \$259,785 | \$1,697,313 |

The LSC Entities determined the fair value as of March 31, 2015 based on 214 policies out of 270 policies, as the LSC Entities assigned no value to 56 of the policies as of March 31, 2015. The LSC Entities estimated the fair value of a life insurance policy using a cash flow model with an appropriate discount rate. In some cases, the cash flow model calculates the value of an individual policy to be negative, and therefore the fair value of the policy is zero as no liability exists when a negative value is calculated. The LSC Entities are not contractually bound to pay

(1) the premium on its life settlement contracts and, therefore, would not pay a willing buyer to assume title of these contracts. Additionally, certain of the LSC Entities' acquired policies were structured to have low premium payments at inception of the policy term, which later escalate greatly towards the tail end of the policy term. At the current time, the LSC Entities expense all premiums paid, even on policies with zero fair value. Once the premium payments escalate, the LSC Entities may allow the policies to lapse. In the event that death benefits are realized in the time frame between initial acquisition and premium escalation, it is a benefit to cash flow of the LSC Entities.

For the contracts where the LSC Entities determined the fair value to be negative and therefore assigned a fair value of zero, the table below details the amount of premiums paid and the death benefits received during the twelve months preceding March 31, 2015:

| (amounts in thousands, except number of life settlement contracts) | March 31, 2015 | | | | |
|--|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Number of policies with a negative value from discounted cash flow model as of period end 56 | | | | | |
| Premiums paid for the preceding twelve month period for period ended | \$6,637 | | | | |
| Death benefit received | \$— | | | | |

Premiums to be paid by the LSC Entities, in which we have 50% ownership interests, for each of the five succeeding fiscal years to keep the life insurance policies in force as of March 31, 2015, are as follows:

| | Premiums |
|------------------------|-------------|
| (amounts in thousands) | Due on Life |
| (amounts in thousands) | Settlement |
| | Contracts |
| 2015 | \$40,801 |
| 2016 | 62,451 |
| 2017 | 40,559 |
| 2018 | 39,334 |
| 2019 | 38,312 |
| Thereafter | 526,132 |
| | \$747,589 |

For additional information about the fair value of the life settlement contracts, see Note 6, "Equity Investments in Unconsolidated Subsidiaries" in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements. For additional information about the risks inherent in determining the fair value of the portfolio of life insurance policies, see Item 1A, "Risk Factors-Risks Relating to Our Business Generally-A portion of our financial assets consists of life settlement contracts that are subject to certain risks" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We are organized as a holding company with fifteen domestic insurance company subsidiaries, various foreign insurance and reinsurance subsidiaries, as well as various other non-insurance subsidiaries. Our principal sources of operating funds are premiums, service and fee income, investment income and proceeds from sales and maturities of investments. The primary sources of cash for the management companies of the Reciprocal Exchanges are management fees for acting as the attorneys-in-fact for the exchanges. Our primary uses of operating funds include payments of claims and operating expenses. Currently, we pay claims using cash flow from operations and invest our excess cash primarily in fixed-maturity and, to a lesser extent, equity securities. Except as set forth below, we expect that projected cash flows from operations, as well as the net proceeds from our debt and equity issuances, will provide us with sufficient liquidity to fund our anticipated growth by providing capital to increase the surplus of our insurance subsidiaries, as well as to pay claims and operating expenses, and to pay interest and principal on debt and debt facilities and other holding company expenses for the foreseeable future. However, if our growth attributable to potential acquisitions, internally generated growth, or a combination of these factors, exceeds our expectations, we may have to raise additional capital. If we cannot obtain adequate capital on favorable terms or at all, we may be unable to support future growth or operating requirements and, as a result, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected. To support our current and future policy writings, especially in light of the termination of the Personal Lines Quota Share Agreement, and our entry into the Tower Reinsurance Agreements, we have raised substantial capital using a combination of debt and equity, and we may raise additional capital over the next twelve months.

We may generate liquidity through the issuance of debt or equity securities or financing through borrowings under credit facilities, or a combination thereof. During the first quarter of 2015, we issued 6,000,000 depositary shares, each representing a 1/40th interest in a share of our 7.50% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series B (equivalent to 150,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock). The net proceeds we received from the issuance was approximately \$145.0 million, after deducting the issuance expenses payable by us. In addition, we have a \$135.0 million credit agreement under which there were no amounts outstanding as of March 31, 2015. The proceeds of borrowings under the credit agreement may be used for working capital, acquisitions and general corporate purposes. See "Preferred

Stock" and "Revolving Credit Agreements" below.

Our insurance subsidiaries are subject to statutory and regulatory restrictions imposed on insurance companies by their states of domicile which limit the amount of cash dividends or distributions that they may pay to us unless special permission is received from the insurance regulator of the relevant domiciliary state. The aggregate limit imposed by the various domiciliary states of our insurance subsidiaries was approximately \$325.3 million and \$286.3 million as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, taking into account dividends paid in the prior twelve month periods. During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, there were no dividends or return of capital paid by the insurance subsidiaries to National General Management Corp. ("Management Corp.") or the Company.

We forecast claim payments based on our historical experience. We seek to manage the funding of claim payments by actively managing available cash and forecasting cash flows on both a short-term and long-term basis. Cash payments for claims were \$277.2 million and \$145.9 million in the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Historically, we have funded claim payments from cash flow from operations (principally premiums), net of amounts ceded to our third party reinsurers. We presently expect to maintain sufficient cash flow from operations to meet our anticipated claim obligations and operating and capital expenditure needs. Our cash and investment portfolio has increased from \$1,998.7 million at December 31, 2014 to \$2,094.5 million at March 31, 2015. We do not anticipate selling securities in our investment portfolio to pay claims or to fund operating expenses. Should circumstances arise that would require us to do so, we may incur losses on such sales, which would adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition and could reduce investment income in future periods.

Pursuant to an amended and restated management services agreement dated as of January 1, 2012 between Management Corp., on one hand, and certain of our other direct and indirect subsidiaries, on the other hand, such subsidiaries have delegated to Management Corp. underwriting duties, claims services, actuarial services, policyholder services, accounting, information technology and certain other administrative functions. The subsidiaries that are party to this agreement pay to Management Corp. a quarterly fee calculated as a percentage of the premium written by each such subsidiary, plus reimbursement for certain expenses. During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, Management Corp. was paid approximately \$8.1 million and \$6.2 million, respectively, in management fees.

Pursuant to a tax allocation agreement by and among us and certain of our direct and indirect subsidiaries, we compute and pay federal income taxes on a consolidated basis. Each subsidiary party to this agreement computes and pays to us its respective share of the federal income tax liability primarily based on separate return calculations.

The LSC Entities in which we own a 50% interest also purchase life settlement contracts that require the LSC Entities to make premium payments on individual life insurance policies in order to keep the policies in force. We presently expect to maintain sufficient cash flow to make future capital contributions to the LSC Entities to permit them to make future premium payments.

The following table is a summary of our statement of cash flows: (amounts in thousands)

| (amounts in thousands) | Three Months Ended March 31, | | |
|--|------------------------------|-------------|---|
| | 2015 | 2014 | |
| Cash and Cash equivalents provided by (used in): | | | |
| Operating activities | \$(5,441 |) \$161,853 | |
| Investing activities | 7,196 | (261,126 |) |
| Financing activities | 95,032 | 133,802 | |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (300 |) — | |
| Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$96,487 | \$34,529 | |
| | | | |

Comparison of the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

Net cash used in operating activities was approximately \$5.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared with \$161.9 million provided by operating activities for the same period in 2014. For the three months ended March 31, 2015, net cash used in operating activities increased \$167.3 million, primarily as a result of an increase in premiums and other receivables driven by the Tower Reinsurance Agreements, the Quota Share Runoff and the EHC business.

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$7.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared with net cash used in investing activities of \$261.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. For the three

months ended March 31, 2015, net cash provided by investing activities increased primarily due to a decrease of \$262.6 million in the purchases of fixed-maturity investments, a decrease of \$75.8 million in the purchases of short term investments and an increase of \$43.9 million in the proceeds from the sale and maturity of fixed-maturity investments, partially offset by a \$87.1 million decrease in the proceeds from the sale of short-term investments and an increase of \$21.9 million in cash used for acquisitions.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$95.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared with net cash provided by financing activities of \$133.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. For the three months ended March 31, 2015, cash provided by financing activities decreased versus the comparable period in 2014 primarily due to the issuance of common stock in our February 2014 private placement, partially offset by our March 2015 issuance of 7.50% Non-Cumulative Series B Preferred Stock.

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Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet Information

The following tables present the condensed consolidating balance sheets as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (amounts in thousands):

| | March 31, 2015 | | |
|--|----------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | NGHC | Reciprocal Exchanges | Total |
| ASSETS | | Exchanges | |
| Investments: | | | |
| Fixed maturities, available-for-sale, at fair value | \$1,406,561 | \$212,570 | \$1,619,131 |
| Equity securities, available-for-sale, at fair value | 48,194 | 2,865 | 51,059 |
| Short-term investments | 18,447 | 3,385 | 21,832 |
| Equity investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries | 167,568 | | 167,568 |
| Other investments | 5,798 | | 5,798 |
| Total investments | 1,646,568 | 218,820 | 1,865,388 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 200,497 | 28,605 | 229,102 |
| Accrued investment income | 11,421 | 1,854 | 13,275 |
| Premiums and other receivables, net | 730,989 | 60,292 | 791,281 |
| Deferred acquisition costs | 142,482 | 12,547 | 155,029 |
| Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses | 857,987 | 15,444 | 873,431 |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums | 82,579 | 70,340 | 152,919 |
| Notes receivable from related party | 126,434 | | 126,434 |
| Due from affiliate | 4,098 | _ | 4,098 |
| Premises and equipment, net | 29,466 | | 29,466 |
| Intangible assets, net | 234,836 | 9,182 | 244,018 |
| Goodwill | 92,141 | | 92,141 |
| Prepaid and other assets | 53,049 | 41 | 53,090 |
| Total assets | \$4,212,547 | \$417,125 | \$4,629,672 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | |
| Unpaid loss and loss adjustment expense reserves | \$1,439,993 | \$111,631 | \$1,551,624 |
| Unearned premiums | 821,825 | 140,154 | 961,979 |
| Unearned service contract and other revenue | 9,549 | 20,172 | 29,721 |
| Reinsurance payable | 133,227 | 19,878 | 153,105 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | 169,156 | 9,431 | 178,587 |
| Due to affiliate | | 1,521 | 1,521 |
| Deferred tax liability | 13,740 | 38,370 | 52,110 |
| Income tax payable | 55,118 | 1,059 | 56,177 |
| Notes payable | 255,000 | 50,417 | 305,417 |
| Other liabilities | 56,321 | 8,985 | 65,306 |
| Total liabilities | 2,953,929 | 401,618 | 3,355,547 |
| Stockholders' equity: | | | |
| Common stock | 935 | | 935 |
| Preferred stock | 205,000 | | 205,000 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 687,189 | _ | 687,189 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 32,683 | | 32,683 |
| Retained earnings | 332,701 | _ | 332,701 |
| Total National General Holdings Corp. Stockholders' Equity | 1,258,508 | — | 1,258,508 |

| Non-controlling interest | 110 | 15,507 | 15,617 |
|--|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| Total stockholders' equity | 1,258,618 | 15,507 | 1,274,125 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$4,212,547 | \$417,125 | \$4,629,672 |

| | December 31, 2014 | | |
|---|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| | NGHC | Reciprocal | Total |
| | None | Exchanges | Totai |
| ASSETS | | | |
| Investments: | | | |
| Fixed maturities, available-for-sale, at fair value | \$1,374,087 | \$222,739 | \$1,596,826 |
| Equity securities, available-for-sale, at fair value | 45,802 | 2,817 | 48,619 |
| Short-term investments | 50 | 10,490 | 10,540 |
| Equity investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries | 155,900 | | 155,900 |
| Other investments | 4,764 | | 4,764 |
| Securities pledged | 49,456 | | 49,456 |
| Total investments | 1,630,059 | 236,046 | 1,866,105 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 123,178 | 9,437 | 132,615 |
| Accrued investment income | 12,553 | 1,898 | 14,451 |
| Premiums and other receivables, net | 589,205 | 58,238 | 647,443 |
| Deferred acquisition costs | 121,514 | 4,485 | 125,999 |
| Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses | 888,215 | 23,583 | 911,798 |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums | 75,837 | 26,924 | 102,761 |
| Notes receivable from related party | 125,000 | | 125,000 |
| Due from affiliate | 5,129 | | 5,129 |
| Premises and equipment, net | 30,583 | | 30,583 |
| Intangible assets, net | 237,404 | 11,433 | 248,837 |
| Goodwill | 70,764 | _ | 70,764 |
| Prepaid and other assets | 48,083 | 71 | 48,154 |
| Total assets | \$3,957,524 | \$372,115 | \$4,329,639 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | |
| Unpaid loss and loss adjustment expense reserves | \$1,450,305 | \$111,848 | \$1,562,153 |
| Unearned premiums | 744,438 | 119,998 | 864,436 |
| Unearned service contract and other revenue | 8,527 | | 8,527 |
| Reinsurance payable | 97,830 | 13,811 | 111,641 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | 189,430 | 17,691 | 207,121 |
| Due to affiliate | | 1,552 | 1,552 |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, at contract | |) | |
| value | 46,804 | — | 46,804 |
| Deferred tax liability | 29,133 | 38,402 | 67,535 |
| Income tax payable | 29,532 | 1,059 | 30,591 |
| Notes payable | 255,631 | 48,374 | 304,005 |
| Other liabilities | 46,114 | 5,710 | 51,824 |
| Total liabilities | 2,897,744 | 358,445 | 3,256,189 |
| Stockholders' equity: | _,;;;;;;; | 000,110 | 0,200,107 |
| Common stock | 934 | | 934 |
| Preferred stock | 55,000 | | 55,000 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 690,736 | | 690,736 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 20,192 | | 20,192 |
| Retained earnings | 292,832 | | 292,832 |
| Total National General Holdings Corp. Stockholders' Equity | | | 1,059,694 |
| Non-controlling interest | 86 | 13,670 | 1,059,094 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 1,059,780 | 13,670 | 1,073,450 |
| Total stockholders equity | 1,007,700 | 13,070 | 1,075,750 |

| Edgar Filing: National General | Holdings Corp | Form 10-Q | |
|--|---------------|-----------|-------------|
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$3,957,524 | \$372,115 | \$4,329,639 |
| | | | |

Other Material Changes in Financial Position

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, premiums and other receivables, net increased \$143.8 million compared to December 31, 2014 primarily due to the Tower Reinsurance Agreements, the Quota Share Runoff and the EHC business. Prepaid reinsurance premiums increased \$50.2 million compared to December 31, 2014 primarily due to the Tower Reinsurance Agreements.

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, unearned premiums increased \$97.5 million compared to December 31, 2014 primarily due to the Tower Reinsurance Agreements and the EHC business. Reinsurance payable increased \$41.5 million compared to December 31, 2014 primarily due to the Tower Reinsurance Agreements and the EHC business.

Reinsurance

Our insurance subsidiaries utilize reinsurance agreements to transfer portions of the underlying risk of the business we write to various affiliated and third-party reinsurance companies. Reinsurance does not discharge or diminish our obligation to pay claims covered by the insurance policies we issue; however, it does permit us to recover certain incurred losses from our reinsurers and our reinsurance recoveries reduce the maximum loss that we may incur as a result of a covered loss event. We believe it is important to ensure that our reinsurance partners are financially strong and they generally carry at least an A.M. Best rating of "A-" (Excellent) at the time we enter into our reinsurance agreements. We also enter reinsurance relationships with third-party captives formed by agents as a mechanism for sharing risk and profit. The total amount, cost and limits relating to the reinsurance coverage we purchase may vary from year to year based upon a variety of factors, including the availability of quality reinsurance at an acceptable price and the level of risk that we choose to retain for our own account.

For a more detailed description of our reinsurance arrangements, see "Reinsurance" in "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

6.75% Notes due 2024

On May 23, 2014, we sold \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 6.75% Notes due 2024 to certain purchasers in a private placement.

The 6.75% Notes bear interest at a rate equal to 6.75% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on May 15th and November 15th of each year, beginning on November 15, 2014. The 6.75% Notes are our general unsecured obligations and rank equally in right of payment with our other existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness and senior in right of payment to any of our indebtedness that is contractually subordinated to the 6.75% Notes. The 6.75% Notes are also effectively subordinated to any of our existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such indebtedness and are structurally subordinated to the existing and future

indebtedness of our subsidiaries (including trade payables). The 6.75% Notes mature on May 15, 2024, unless earlier redeemed or purchased by us.

The Indenture contains customary covenants, such as reporting of annual and quarterly financial results, and restrictions on certain mergers and consolidations. The Indenture also includes covenants relating to the incurrence of debt if our consolidated leverage ratio would exceed 0.35 to 1.00, a limitation on liens, a limitation on the disposition of stock of certain of our subsidiaries and a limitation on transactions with certain of our affiliates. We were in compliance with all covenants contained in the Indenture as of March 31, 2015. The net proceeds we received from the issuance was approximately \$245.0 million, after deducting the issuance expenses.

Interest expense on the 6.75% Notes for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was \$4.2 million.

Preferred Stock

Series A Preferred Stock

On June 25, 2014, we issued 2,200,000 shares of 7.50% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred Stock") in a public offering. Dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock when, as and if declared by the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") or a duly authorized committee of the Board, will be payable on the liquidation preference amount of \$25.00 per share, on a non-cumulative basis, quarterly in arrears on the 15th day of January, April, July and October of each year (each, a "dividend payment date"), commencing on October 15, 2014, at an annual rate of 7.50%. Dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock are not cumulative. Accordingly, in the event dividends are not declared on the Series A Preferred Stock for payment on any dividend payment date, then those dividends will not accumulate and will not be payable. If the Company has not declared a dividend before the dividend payment date for any dividend period, the Company will have no obligation to pay dividends for that dividend period, whether or not dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock are declared for any future dividend payment. The net proceeds we received from the issuance was approximately \$53.2 million, after deducting the underwriting discount and issuance expenses.

Series B Preferred Stock

On March 27, 2015, we completed a public offering of 6,000,000 of our depositary shares, each representing a 1/40th interest in a share of our 7.50% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series B, \$0.01 par value per share (the "Series B Preferred Stock"), with a liquidation preference of \$1,000 per share (equivalent to \$25 per depositary share). Each depositary share entitles the holder to a proportional fractional interest in all rights and preferences of the Series B Preferred Stock represented thereby (including any dividend, liquidation, redemption and voting rights). Dividends on the Series B Preferred Stock represented by the depositary shares will be payable on the liquidation preference amount, on a non-cumulative basis, when, as and if declared by our Board of Directors, at a rate of 7.50% per annum, quarterly in arrears, on January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15 of each year, beginning on July 15, 2015, from and including the date of original issuance. The Series B Preferred Stock represented by the depositary shares is not redeemable prior to April 15, 2020. After that date, we may redeem at our option, in whole or in part, the Series B Preferred Stock represented by the depositary shares at a redemption price of \$1,000 per share (equivalent to \$25 per depositary share) plus any declared and unpaid dividends for prior dividend periods and accrued but unpaid dividends (whether or not declared) for the then current dividend period. A total of 6,000,000 depositary shares (equivalent to 150,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock) were issued. Net proceeds from this offering were \$145.3 million. We incurred \$5.0 million in underwriting discount and commissions and expenses, which were recognized as a reduction to additional paid-in capital.

On April 6, 2015, the underwriters exercised, in part, their over-allotment option with respect to an additional 600,000 depositary shares (equivalent to 15,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock), on the same terms and conditions as the original March 27, 2015 issuance. Net proceeds from this additional offering were \$14.5 million. We incurred an additional \$0.5 million in underwriting discount and commissions, which were recognized as a reduction to additional paid-in capital.

Revolving Credit Agreements

On May 30, 2014, we entered into a \$135.0 million credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), among JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, KeyBank National Association as Syndication Agent, and Associated Bank, National Association and First Niagara Bank, N.A., as Co-Documentation Agents. The credit facility is a revolving credit facility with a letter of credit sublimit of \$10.0 million and an expansion feature not to exceed \$50.0 million.

The Credit Agreement contains certain restrictive covenants customary for facilities of this type (subject to negotiated exceptions and baskets), including restrictions on indebtedness, liens, acquisitions and investments, restricted payments and dispositions. There are also financial covenants that require us to maintain a minimum consolidated net worth, a maximum consolidated leverage ratio, a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio, a minimum risk-based capital and a minimum statutory surplus. The Credit Agreement also provides for customary events of default, with grace periods where customary, including failure to pay principal when due, failure to pay interest or fees within three business days after becoming due, failure to comply with covenants, breaches of representations and warranties, default under certain other indebtedness, certain insolvency or receivership events affecting us and our subsidiaries, the occurrence of certain material judgments, or a change in control of the Company. Upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an event of default, the administrative agent, upon the request of the requisite percentage of the lenders, may terminate the obligations of the lenders to make loans and to issue letters of credit

under the Credit Agreement, declare the Company's obligations under the Credit Agreement to become immediately due and payable and/or exercise any and all remedies and other rights under the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement has a maturity date of May 30, 2018.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement bear interest at either the Alternate Base Rate ("ABR") or LIBOR. ABR borrowings (which are borrowings bearing interest at a rate determined by reference to the ABR) under the Credit Agreement will bear interest at (x) the greatest of (a) the prime rate in effect on such day, (b) the federal funds effective rate on such day plus 0.5 percent or (c) the adjusted LIBOR for a one-month interest period on such day plus 1 percent, plus (y) a margin that is adjusted on the basis of our consolidated leverage ratio. Eurodollar borrowings under the Credit Agreement will bear interest at the adjusted LIBOR for the interest period in effect plus a margin that is adjusted on the basis of our consolidated leverage ratio. Eurodollar borrowings under the Credit Agreement will bear interest at the adjusted LIBOR for the interest period in effect plus a margin that is adjusted on the basis of our consolidated leverage ratio. Eurodollar borrowings a letter of credit Agreement include a letter of credit participation fee (the margin applicable to Eurodollar borrowings), a letter of credit fronting fee with respect to each letter of credit (0.125%) and a commitment fee on the available commitments of the lenders (a range of 0.20% to 0.30% based on our consolidated leverage ratio, and which rate was 0.25% as of March 31, 2015). We were in compliance with all of the covenants under the Credit Agreement as of March 31, 2015.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there was no outstanding balance on the line of credit. Interest expense for our existing and repaid lines of credit for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$0.0 million and \$0.4 million, respectively.

Imperial-related Debt

Our subsidiary, Imperial Fire and Casualty Insurance Company, is the issuer of \$5.0 million principal amount of Surplus Notes due 2034 ("Imperial Surplus Notes"). The notes bear interest at an annual rate equal to LIBOR plus 4.05%, payable quarterly. The notes are redeemable by us at a redemption price equal to 100% of their principal amount. Interest expense on the Imperial Surplus Notes for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was \$0.1 million.

Reciprocal Exchanges' Surplus Notes

ACP Re (or subsidiaries thereunder), a related party, holds the surplus notes issued by the Reciprocal Exchanges ("Reciprocal Exchanges' Surplus Notes") when they were originally capitalized. The obligation to repay principal and interest on these surplus notes is subordinated to the Reciprocal Exchanges' other liabilities, including obligations to policyholders and claimants for benefits under insurance policies. Principal and interest on these surplus notes are payable only with regulatory approval. Interest expense on the Reciprocal Exchanges' Surplus Notes for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was \$3.7 million, which includes amortization of discount of \$2.0 million. (See Note 15, "Related Party Transactions" in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements).

Securities Sold (Purchased) Under Agreements to Repurchase (Sell), at Contract Value

We enter into reverse repurchase and repurchase agreements, which are accounted for as either collateralized lending or borrowing transactions and are recorded at contract amounts which approximate fair value. For the collateralized borrowing transactions (i.e., repurchase agreements), we receive cash or securities that we invest or hold in short-term or fixed income securities.

As of March 31, 2015, we had no collateralized borrowing transaction principal outstanding. As of December 31, 2014, we had collateralized borrowing transaction principal outstanding of \$46.8 million at interest rates between

0.30% and 0.35%. Interest expense associated with the repurchase borrowing agreements for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. We had approximately \$49.5 million of collateral pledged in support for these agreements as of December 31, 2014.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, we had no collateralized lending transaction principal outstanding.

Deferred Purchase Obligation

On April 15, 2013, we acquired EHC for an initial purchase price of approximately \$23.6 million in cash. The transaction also includes a deferred purchase price arrangement whereby, once EBITDA (including EBITDA of a Company affiliate which underwrites products sold by EHC) when combined with EHC's equity at closing exceeds the initial purchase price, the seller will be entitled to receive an amount corresponding to fifty percent of EHC's EBITDA (including EBITDA of a Company affiliate which underwrites products sold by EHC) for each of the fiscal years 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018. We currently estimate the total purchase price including the deferred arrangement to be approximately \$37.3 million, of which the deferred purchase price arrangement will be approximately \$13.7 million. EHC is a limited liability company incorporated and registered under the laws of Sweden and primarily administers accident and health business in that region.

During the first quarter of 2015, we made an advance on the deferred purchase price arrangement of approximately \$2.4 million.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Liquidity Risk. Liquidity risk represents our potential inability to meet all payment obligations when they become due. We maintain sufficient cash and marketable securities to fund claim payments and operations. We purchase reinsurance coverage to mitigate the risk of an unexpected rise in claims severity or frequency from catastrophic events or a single large loss. The availability, amount and cost of reinsurance depend on market conditions and may vary significantly.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the potential loss arising principally from adverse changes in the financial condition of the issuers of our fixed-maturity securities and the financial condition of our third party reinsurers. Additionally, we have counter-party credit risk with our repurchase agreement counter-parties.

We address the credit risk related to the issuers of our fixed-maturity securities by investing primarily in fixed-maturity securities that are rated "BBB-" or higher by Standard & Poor's. We also independently monitor the financial condition of all issuers of our fixed-maturity securities. To limit our risk exposure, we employ diversification policies that limit the credit exposure to any single issuer or business sector.

We are subject to credit risk with respect to our third party reinsurers. Although our third party reinsurers are obligated to reimburse us to the extent we cede risk to them, we are ultimately liable to our policyholders on all risks we have ceded. As a result, reinsurance contracts do not limit our ultimate obligations to pay claims covered under the insurance policies we issue and we might not collect amounts recoverable from our reinsurers. We address this credit risk by selecting reinsurers that have an A.M. Best rating of "A-" (Excellent) or better at the time we enter into the agreement and by performing, along with our reinsurance broker, periodic credit reviews of our reinsurers. If one of our reinsurers suffers a credit downgrade, we may consider various options to lessen the risk of asset impairment, including commutation, novation and letters of credit. See Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Reinsurance."

Counter-party credit risk with our repurchase agreement counter-parties is mitigated by obtaining collateral. We obtain collateral in the amount of 105-110% of the value of the securities we have sold with agreement to repurchase. Additionally, repurchase agreements are only transacted with pre-approved counter-parties.

Market Risk. Market risk is the risk of potential economic loss principally arising from adverse changes in the fair value of financial instruments. The major components of market risk affecting us are interest rate risk and equity price

risk.

Interest Rate Risk. We had fixed-maturity securities and preferred stock with a fair value of \$1,627.0 million and an amortized cost of \$1,564.0 million as of March 31, 2015 that are subject to interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that we may incur losses due to adverse changes in interest rates. Fluctuations in interest rates have a direct impact on the market valuation of our fixed-maturity securities. We manage our exposure to interest rate risk through a disciplined asset and liability matching and capital management process. In the management of this risk, the characteristics of duration, credit and variability of cash flows are critical elements. These risks are assessed regularly and balanced within the context of our liability and capital position.

The table below summarizes the interest rate risk by illustrating the sensitivity of the fair value and carrying value of our fixed-maturity securities as of March 31, 2015 to selected hypothetical changes in interest rates, and the associated impact on our stockholders' equity. We anticipate that we will continue to meet our obligations out of income. We classify our fixed-maturity and equity securities as available-for-sale. Temporary changes in the fair value of our fixed-maturity securities impact the carrying

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value of these securities and are reported in our stockholders' equity as a component of other comprehensive income, net of deferred taxes.

The selected scenarios with our fixed-maturity securities, excluding \$7.9 million of preferred stock, in the table below are not predictions of future events, but rather are intended to illustrate the effect such events may have on the fair value and carrying value of our fixed-maturity securities and on our stockholders' equity, each as of March 31, 2015.

| Hypothetical Change in Interest Rates | Fair Value | Estimated Change in Fair Value | Hypothetica Percentage Increase (De Stockholder | crease) in |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|------------|
| | (Amounts in T | Thousands) | | |
| 200 basis point increase | \$1,458,837 | \$(160,294 |) (9.9 |)% |
| 100 basis point increase | 1,523,602 | (95,529 |) (5.9 |) |
| No change | 1,619,131 | | | |
| 100 basis point decrease | 1,704,945 | 85,814 | 5.3 | |
| 200 basis point decrease | 1,782,663 | 163,532 | 10.1 | |
| | | | | |

Changes in interest rates would affect the fair market value of our fixed-rate debt instruments but would not have an impact on our earnings or cash flow. We currently have \$305.4 million of debt instruments of which \$250.0 million are fixed-rate debt instruments. A fluctuation of 100 basis points in interest on our variable-rate debt instruments, which are tied to LIBOR, would affect our earnings and cash flows by \$0.6 million before income tax, on an annual basis, but would not affect the fair market value of the variable-rate debt.

Off-Balance Sheet Risk. As of March 31, 2015 we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are likely to have a material effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with participation and under the supervision of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is timely recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are routinely involved in legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business, in particular in connection with claims adjudication with respect to our policies. We believe we have recorded adequate reserves for these liabilities and that there is no individual case pending that is likely to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the Risk Factors described in Part I "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 as filed with the SEC.

Item 6. Exhibits

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

The following documents are filed as exhibits to this report: Exhibit No. Description

| 3.1 | Certificate of Designations of 7.50% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series B (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 27, 2015) |
|-------|---|
| 4.1 | Deposit Agreement, dated March 27, 2015, among National General Holdings Corp., American Stock Transfer & Company, LLC and the holders from time to time of the depositary receipts described therein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 27, 2015) |
| 4.2 | Form of depositary receipt (included as Exhibit A to Exhibit 4.1) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 27, 2015) |
| 4.3 | Form of stock certificate evidencing 7.50% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series B (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 27, 2015) |
| 10.1 | Credit Agreement, dated May 30, 2014, among the Company, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, KeyBank National Association as Syndication Agent, and Associated Bank, National Association and First Niagara Bank, N.A., as Co-Documentation Agents (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 2, 2014) |
| 31.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith) |
| 31.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith) |
| 32.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.SC. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith) |
| 32.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.SC. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith) |
| 101.1 | The following materials from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014; (ii) the Condensed |

Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014; (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014; (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014; (v) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014; and (vi) the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (submitted electronically herewith)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

May 11, 2015

NATIONAL GENERAL HOLDINGS CORP.

- By: /s/ Michael Karfunkel Name: Michael Karfunkel Title: Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer
- By: /s/ Michael Weiner Name: Michael Weiner Title: Chief Financial Officer