WESBANCO INC Form 8-K/A May 14, 2002

#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

Form 8-K/A

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported) March 1, 2002

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WesBanco, Inc.

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(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

1 Bank Plaza, Wheeling, WV 26003
------(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (304) 234-9000

Former name or former address, if changed since last report Not Applicable

This Current Report on Form 8-K/A is being filed to amend Item 7 of the Form 8-K filed by WesBanco, Inc. ("WesBanco") with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 15, 2002 to include the financial statements of American Bancorporation ("American") and the pro forma financial information reflecting the pro forma effects of WesBanco's acquisition of American.

### Item 7. Financial Statements and Exhibits

(a) Financial statements of businesses acquired. The following audited financial statements of American are included in this Form 8-K/A on pages 3 through 31:

Consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2001, notes to

consolidated financial statements and the independent auditor's report.

(b) Pro forma financial information. The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements, based on historical financial statements of WesBanco and American, are included in this Form 8-K/A on pages 32 through 34:

Pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of December 31, 2001, pro forma condensed combined statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2001 and notes to the pro forma condensed combined financial statements.

#### (c) Exhibits

- 2.1 Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of February 22, 2001 among WesBanco, Inc., American Bancorporation, AB Corporation and WesBanco Bank, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Annex A of the Proxy Statement contained in the Registration Statement on Form S-4/A (Amendment No. 1) (Registration No. 333-74814) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 14, 2002).
- 2.2 First Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of November 5, 2001 among WesBanco, Inc., American Bancorporation, AB Corporation and WesBanco Bank, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Annex B of the Proxy Statement contained in the Registration Statement on Form S-4/A (Amendment No. 1) (Registration No. 333-74814) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 14, 2002).
- 23.1 Consent of KPMG LLP (filed herewith)
- 99.1 Press release dated March 1, 2002, announcing that WesBanco, Inc. consummated its merger with American Bancorporation. (previously filed on March 15, 2002 as Exhibit 99 of the Current Report on Form 8-K).

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
December 31, 2001 and 2000

American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

	2001	2000
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 13,800,664	\$ 9,962,874
Federal funds sold	3,866,000	4,530 000
Investment securities available for sale	286,152,345	272,045,286

Loans		
Commercial, financial and agricultural	176,866,228	158,611,104
Real estate mortgage	124,856,327	157,297,233
Installment	57,728,717	73,615,667
	359,451,272	389,524,004
Less allowance for loan losses	3,673,412	3,252,073
	355,777,860	386,271,931
Premises and equipment - net	10,253,601	9,538,072
Accrued interest receivable	4,252,874	4,736,395
Excess of cost over net assets acquired	1,307,334	1,643,066
Other assets	16,456,737	16,488,437
TOTAL ASSETS	\$691,867,415	\$705,216,061 ========
LIABILITIES		
Deposits		
Demand - non-interest bearing	\$ 44,955,834	\$ 41,213,045
Demand - interest bearing	22,114,188	22,316,485
Savings	135,542,780	135,590,637
Time - under \$100,000	195,958,708	220,222,098
Time - over \$100,000	77,012,585	76,806,587
TOTAL DEPOSITS	475,584,095	496,148,852
Borrowed funds	155,265,923	149,376,008
Accrued interest payable	2,836,548	3,578,923
Other liabilities	2,373,453	2,900,945
Company obligated mandatorily redeemable trust		
preferred securities of subsidiary trust		
holding solely junior subordinated debentures		
of the Company	12,650,000	12,650,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	648,710,019	664,654,728
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock		
Common stock without par value, stated		
value \$2.50 a share, authorized 6,500,000		
shares, issued and outstanding 3,129,674	7,824,185	7,824,185
Additional paid-in capital	10,301,982	10,301,982
Retained earnings	25,926,999	
Accumulated other comprehensive results, net	23, 320, 333	24,733,033
of tax benefit of \$549,020 in 2001 and		
\$1,408,872 in 2000	(895,770)	(2,298,687)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	43,157,396	40,561,333
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$691,867,415	\$705,216,061
	=======	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
Years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999

THERE IS THE WAY	2001	2000	1999
INTEREST INCOME  Loans  Investment securities	\$30,744,136	\$34,102,554	\$28,501,782
Taxable interest income	10,618,043	14,499,768	15,330,699
Non-taxable interest income	4,201,043	3,041,189	2,771,283
Dividends	581 <b>,</b> 944	851 <b>,</b> 085	649,083
	15,401,030	18,392,042	18,751,065
Short-term investments	530,199	280,691	365,400
Total interest income	46,675,365	52 <b>,</b> 775 <b>,</b> 287	47,618,247
INTEREST EXPENSE Deposits			
Interest bearing demand	268,238	385,829	413,588
Savings	4,024,880	5,173,100	2,792,845
Time - under \$100,000	12,563,640	12,354,580	11,472,173
Time - over \$100,000	4,599,326	4,045,515	3,221,631
	21,456,084	21,959,024	17,900,237
Borrowings			
Borrowed funds	8,631,065	11,662,790	10,169,583
Notes payable and other long-term debt	1,100,825	1,100,825	1,101,412
Total interest expense	31,187,974	34,722,639	29,171,232
NET INTEREST INCOME	15,487,391	18,052,648	18,447,015
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	1,460,000	910,000	420,000
Net interest income after provision			
for loan losses	14,027,391	17,142,648	18,027,015
OTHER INCOME	050 634	007 700	006 101
Service charges on deposit accounts  Insurance commissions	950,634	907,799	896,191
Net gains on sale of loans	50,160 55,928	93,096 1,089,373	80,714 1,524,509
Net securities gains	475,089	7,601	342,967
Other income	1,030,952	847,878	659,607
Total other income	2,562,763	2,945,747	3,503,988
OTHER EXPENSE			
Salaries and employee benefits	6,016,232	6,684,241	6,920,404
Occupancy expense	1,222,719		
Furniture and equipment expense	1,165,349	1,311,864	1,274,460
Other expenses	5,499,529	4,899,302	
Total other expense		14,193,114	14,650,282
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	2,686,325	5,895,281	6,880,721
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		1,189,780	1,526,902
NET INCOME		\$ 4,705,501	\$ 5,353,819
Basic Earnings Per Share		\$ 1.50	\$ 1.71

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999

	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive results, s net of tax
Balance at January 1, 1999 Comprehensive results:	\$ 7,824,185	\$10,301,982	\$18,430,141	\$ (108,815) \$
Net Income			5,353,819	
net of (\$7,050,970) tax Reclassification adjustment,				(11,532,374)
net of (\$37,449) tax				(212,173)
Total comprehensive results Dividends (\$0.60) per share)			5,353,819 (1,877,804)	(11,744,547)
Balance at December 31, 1999		10,301,982	21,906,156	(11,853,362)
Comprehensive results: Net income Unrealized security gain,			4,705,501	
net of \$5,825,783 tax  Reclassification adjustment, net of \$30,308 tax				9,505,225 49,450
Total comprehensive results Dividends (\$0.60 per share)			4,705,501 (1,877,804)	9,554,675  
Balance at December 31, 2000	7,824,185	10,301,982	24,733,853	(2,298,687)
Comprehensive results: Net income Unrealized security gain,			3,070,950	
net of \$552,374 tax  Reclassification adjustment,				901,241
net of \$307,479 tax				501 <b>,</b> 676
Total comprehensive results Dividends (\$0.60 per share)			3,070,950 (1,877,804)	1,402,917
Balance at December 31, 2001	\$ 7,824,185 ======	\$10,301,982 =======	\$25,926,999 =======	\$ (895,770) \$ ====================================

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
Years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999

Operating Activities:	2001	2000	1999
Net income	\$ 3,070,950	\$ 4,705,501	\$ 5 <b>,</b> 353 <b>,</b> 819
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:	Ţ 3 <b>,</b> 070 <b>,</b> 930	7 4,703,301	Ÿ 3 <b>,</b> 333, 619
Depreciation	826,094	938,049	907,350
Amortization of intangibles  Net amortization of premiums and	335,732	319,234	277,805
discounts on investment securities	524,609	382,330	929,776
Provision for loan losses	1,460,000	910,000	420,000
Net gain on sale of mortgage servicing righ		(251, 393)	
Net gain on sale of investment securities	(475,089)	(7,601)	(342,967)
Net gain on sale of loans		(1,089,373)	(1,524,509)
Change in assets and liabilities net of effec from the purchase of branch assets:	ts	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Net (increase) decrease in accrued interest			
receivable  Net increase (decrease) in accrued interest	·		
payable  Real estate mortgage loans originated	(742 <b>,</b> 375)	1,026,689	204,642
for sale	(6,696,387)	(58,603,413)	(98,409,845)
Proceeds from sale of real estate mortgage	( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(,,	( , , ,
loans originated for sale	6,832,248	60,768,625	101,049,167
Net (increase) decrease in other assets	(779,648)	(11,642,406)	
Net decrease in other liabilities		(1,180,670)	(778,651)
Net (increase) decrease from other	, ,		
operating activities	(48,504)	45 <b>,</b> 483	(352 <b>,</b> 857)
Net cash provided by (used in)			
operating activities	4,207,731	(3,945,408)	6,914,254
Investment securities available for sale:			
Proceeds from maturities and repayments	65,556,307	35,548,466	84,908,012
Proceeds from sales		6,900,241	
Purchases		(1,304,829)	(176, 454, 231)
Proceeds from the sale of mortgage			(=::,=:=,
service rights		1,814,545	
Net (increase) decrease in loans	28,954,138	(20,097,947)	
Purchase of premises and equipment	(1,553,866)	(329,712)	(1,385,976)
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipmen	t 12,243	139 <b>,</b> 551	
Net cash provided by (used in)			
investing activities	15,518,705	22,670,315	(127,230,115)
Financing Activities:			
Net increase (decrease) in non-interest			
bearing demand deposits		3,235,884	(1,538,030)
Net increase (decrease) in interest bearing			
demand and savings deposits		11,720,089	25,045,019
Net increase (decrease) in time deposits			(5,469,691)
Net increase (decrease) in borrowed funds		(65,217,193)	90,702,018
Principal repayment of long-term debt			(11,242)
Proceeds received in branch acquisition,			
net of assets acquired		9,860,800	
Cash dividends paid	(1,877,804)	(1,877,804)	(1,877,804)

financing activities	(16,552,646)	(20,829,643)	106,850,270
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning Balance	3,173,790 \$14,492,874	(2,104,736) \$16,597,610	(13,465,591) \$30,063,201
Cash and Cash Equivalents Ending Balance	\$17,666,664	\$14,492,874	\$16,597,610
Supplemental information:			
Cash paid during the year for:			
Interest	\$31,930,349	\$33,655,212	\$28,966,590
	========	========	========
Income taxes	\$ 680,000	\$ 1,980,000	\$ 1,320,000
	========	========	========
Non-cash investing and financing activities:			
Loan foreclosures and repossessions	\$ 1,472,736	\$ 1,861,979	\$ 1,309,224
	========		========

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999

American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

Note A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

American Bancorporation (the "Company"), which was organized in 1966, is a registered Ohio bank holding company with its headquarters located in Wheeling, West Virginia. The Company's wholly owned subsidiaries are Wheeling National Bank ("WNB"), American Bancdata Corporation, American Bancservices, Inc., American Mortgages, Inc. ("AMI") and American Bancorporation Capital Trust I (the "Trust"). The Company's subsidiaries primarily engage in commercial banking and mortgage banking. The subsidiary bank branch offices are primarily located in the northern panhandle of West Virginia, central and eastern Ohio and southwestern Pennsylvania.

The accounting and reporting policies of American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries conform to generally accepted accounting principles and with general practice within the banking industry. The following is a description of the significant policies.

#### Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of American Bancorporation and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Subsidiaries acquired in purchase transactions are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash and due from banks and federal funds sold. Generally, federal funds are sold for one-day periods.

#### Investment Securities

The Company has adopted a methodology for the classification of securities at the time of their purchase as either held to maturity or available for sale. If it is management's intent and the Company has the ability to hold such securities until their maturity, these

securities are classified as held to maturity and are carried on the Company's books at cost, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount on a level yield basis. Alternatively, if it is management's intent at the time of purchase to hold securities for an indefinite period of time and/or to use such securities as part of its asset/liability management strategy, the securities are classified as available for sale and are carried at fair value, with net unrealized gains and losses excluded from earnings and reported as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive results, net of applicable income taxes. Investment securities available for sale include securities which may be sold in response to changes in interest rates, resultant prepayment risk and other factors related to interest rate or prepayment risk. Gains and losses on sales of securities are recognized using the specific identification method.

#### Loans

Loans are reported at their principal amounts, net of any deferred origination fees and costs and the allowance for loan losses. Interest on loans is computed on the principal balance outstanding. For loans not primarily secured by real estate or in the process of collection, the Company discontinues the accrual of interest when a loan is 90 days past due or collection of the interest is doubtful. Real estate loans are placed on nonaccrual status when, in management's judgement, collection is in doubt or when foreclosure proceedings are initiated,

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

which is generally 180 days past the due date. Loan origination and commitment fees, as well as certain direct loan origination costs, are deferred and amortized as a yield adjustment over the lives of the related loans via a method which approximates a level yield.

The Company grants commercial and industrial loans, commercial and residential mortgages and consumer loans to customers primarily in north-eastern West Virginia, southwestern Pennsylvania and central and eastern Ohio. The Company's loan portfolio can be adversely impacted by downturns in the local economic and real estate markets as well as employment conditions.

A loan is considered to be impaired when it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all principal and interest amounts due according to the original contractual terms of the loan agreement. The Company considers all nonaccrual loans to be impaired loans. Large groups of smaller homogenous loans, such as loans secured by first and second liens on residential properties and other consumer loans, are evaluated collectively for impairment. Impaired loans are measured based upon the present value of expected future cash flows, discounted at the loan's initial effective interest rate, or at the loan's market price or fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. If the loan valuation is less than the recorded value of the loan, an impairment reserve must be established for the difference. The impairment reserve is established by provision for loan losses or an allocation of the existing allowance for loan losses. Interest receipts on

nonaccrual and impaired loans are recognized as interest revenue or are applied to principal when management believes the ultimate collectibility of principal is in doubt.

#### Allowance for Loan Losses

The determination of the balance in the allowance for loan losses is based on an analysis of the portfolio and reflects an amount which, in management's judgement, is appropriate to provide for probable losses after giving consideration to the character of the portfolio, current economic conditions, past loss experience and such other factors that deserve current recognition. The regulatory examiners may require the Company to recognize additions to the allowances based upon their judgements about information available to them at the time of their examinations. The provision for loan losses is charged to current operations.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999

American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

#### Mortgage Loan Servicing

The Company measures the impairment of the mortgage servicing rights based on their current fair value. Current fair value is determined through the discounted present value of the estimated future net servicing cashflows using a risk-based discount rate and assumptions based upon market estimates for future servicing revenues and expenses (including prepayment expectations, servicing costs, default rates and interest earnings on escrows). For impairment measurement purposes, servicing rights are stratified by interest rate. If the carrying value of an individual stratum exceeds its fair value, a valuation allowance is established.

#### Premises and Equipment

Premises and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method, distributing the cost of premises over an estimated useful life of twenty to fifty years and the cost of equipment over an estimated useful life of three to fifteen years.

### Excess of Cost over Net Assets Acquired

Excess of cost over net assets acquired include both goodwill and core deposit intangibles. Goodwill is being amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of twelve to thirty years. Core deposit intangibles are being amortized over a period of eight years. Such assets are periodically evaluated for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

#### Other Real Estate Owned

Other real estate owned in connection with loan settlements, including real estate acquired, is stated at the lower of estimated fair value less estimated costs to sell, or the carrying amount of the loan. Decreases in fair value between annual appraisals, net gains or losses on the sale of other real estate owned, and net direct operating expense attributable to these assets are included

in other income/other expense. Other real estate owned is included in other assets.

### Income Taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases using enacted tax laws and rates.

#### Pension Plan

Pension costs, based on actuarial computations, are charged to expense and funded as required by minimum Internal Revenue Service standards. (See Note R "Pension Plan and Profit Sharing 401(k) Savings Plan").

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999

American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

#### Earnings Per Common Share

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income applicable to common stock by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, without considering any dilutive items. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income applicable to common stock by the weighted average number of common shares and common stock equivalents for items that are dilutive, net of shares assumed to be repurchased using the treasury stock method using the average share price for the Company's common stock during the period. Common stock equivalents arise from the assumed conversion of outstanding stock options, warrants and convertible capital notes. During the years 2001, 2000 and 1999, the Company had no common stock equivalents. The weighted average number of shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share was 3,129,674 for 2001, 2000 and 1999.

#### Comprehensive Results

Comprehensive results is defined as net income, as currently reported, as well as unrealized gains and losses on assets available for sale and certain other items not currently included in the income statement. Other comprehensive results include unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities available for sale.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Estimates are used when accounting for allowance for loan losses, realization of deferred tax assets, fair values of certain assets and liabilities, determination and carrying value of impaired loans, carrying value

of other real estate, carrying value and amortization of intangibles, employee benefit plans and other areas.

#### Note B-CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS

The Company's banking subsidiary is required to maintain with a Federal Reserve Bank reserve balances based principally on deposits outstanding. Balances maintained are included in cash and due from banks. The required reserves were approximately \$150,000 at December 31, 2001 and 2000.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

#### Note C-INVESTMENT SECURITIES

#### Securities Available for Sale

The amortized cost and approximate market value of investment securities available for sale as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 is summarized as follows:

	2001			
		Unrealized	Gross Unrealized Losses	
United States Treasury	\$	\$	\$	\$
United States Federal agencies United States agency				3,139,126
mortgage-backed securities	176,944,895	1,046,966	876 <b>,</b> 694	177,115,167
States and political subdivisions	99,047,035	34 <b>,</b> 337	1,688,920	97,392,452
Total Debt Securities	279,091,535	1,120,824	2,565,614	277,646,745
Equity securities	8,505,600			8,505,600
Total Securities Available				
for Sale	\$287,597,135	\$1,120,824	\$2,565,614	\$286,152,345

	2000			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Market Value
United States Treasury		\$	'	\$
United States Federal agencies United States agency	24,991,770	3 <b>,</b> 635	159 <b>,</b> 627	24,835,778
mortgage-backed securities	175,449,040	186,282	2,504,731	173,130,591
States and political subdivisions	63,181,435	64,425	1,297,543	61,948,317

Total Debt Securities	263,622,245	254,342	3,961,901	259,914,686
Equity securities	12,130,600			12,130,600
Total Securities Available				
for Sale	\$275,752,845	\$ 254,342	\$3,961,901	\$272,045,286

Included in equity securities at December 31, 2001 are Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Reserve Bank stock of \$8,100,000 and \$405,600, respectively. At December 31, 2000 these stock investments were \$11,725,000 and \$405,600, respectively.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

The amortized cost and approximate market value of debt securities at December 31, 2001, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	Amortized Cost	Market Value
-		
Due in one year or less\$	99 <b>,</b> 612	\$ 102 <b>,</b> 556
Due after one year through five years	873 <b>,</b> 894	893 <b>,</b> 677
Due after five years through ten years	4,863,899	4,911,245
Due after ten years	273,254,130	271,739,267
_		
\$	279,091,535	\$ 277,646,745
=		=========

Proceeds from the sale of securities available for sale for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 were \$85,610,000, \$6,900,000 and \$37,801,000, respectively. Gross realized gains on the sale of securities available for sale were \$513,000 in 2001, \$8,000 in 2000 and \$343,000 in 1999. Gross realized losses on the sale of securities totalled \$38,000 in 2001. There were no gross realized losses in 2000 or 1999.

At December 31, 2001, the amortized cost of securities pledged to secure public deposits or for other purposes required or permitted by law aggregated \$54,157,000.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

#### Note D-NONPERFORMING ASSETS

Nonperforming assets consist of nonaccrual loans, restructured loans, past due loans and other real estate owned. Nonaccrual loans are loans on which interest recognition has been suspended until realized because of doubts as to the borrowers' ability to repay principal or interest. Restructured loans are loans where the terms have been altered to provide a reduction or deferral of interest or principal because of a deterioration in the financial position of the borrower. Past due loans are accruing loans which are contractually past due 90 days or more as to interest or principal payments. The following summarizes the nonperforming assets as of December 31:

	2001	2000	1999
Nonperforming loans			
Nonaccrual	\$ 2,419,000	\$ 896,000	\$ 1,248,000
90 days past due	1,770,000	2,121,000	1,122,000
Restructured	173,000	280,000	360,000
	\$ 4,362,000	\$ 3,297,000	\$ 2,730,000
Other real estate owned	493,000	444 ,000	536,000
Total	\$ 4,855,000	\$ 3,741,000	\$ 3,266,000
			========

There were no commitments to advance additional funds to such borrowers at December 31, 2001. Gross interest income that would have been recorded if nonaccrual loans and restructured loans had been current and in accordance with their original terms approximated \$162,000, \$100,000 and \$193,000 for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. Interest recognized on such loans approximated \$39,000, \$31,000 and \$79,000 for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

Impaired loans totalled \$2,419,000 and \$896,000 at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. Impaired loans totalling \$1,843,000 and \$136,000 at the end of 2001 and 2000, respectively, had a corresponding specific allowance for credit losses of \$276,000 and \$16,000. The average balance of impaired loans was \$840,000 in 2001, \$1,183,000 in 2000 and \$1,119,000 in 1999. Interest income recognized on impaired loans totalled \$123,000, \$31,000 and \$79,000 in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

#### Note E-RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

At December 31, 2001, receivables, both direct and indirect, from persons related to the Company and subsidiaries as directors, executive officers or principal shareholders, exclusive of loans to such persons which in the aggregate do not exceed \$60,000, approximated \$1,604,000. The following is an analysis of the activity with respect to such loans for the year ended December 31, 2001:

Aggregate outstanding balance at January 1, 2001	\$ 1,847,000
Additions	128,000
Retirements	(371,000)
Aggregate outstanding balance at December 31, 2001	\$ 1,604,000

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

# Note F-ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES An analysis of the allowance for loan losses follows:

Years ended December 31,	2001	2000	1999
Balance at beginning of year Provision for loan losses	\$ 3,252,073 1,460,000	\$ 3,079,796 910,000	\$ 3,042,269 420,000
Loans charged-off	(1,178,241) 139,580	(904,449) 166,726	(527,481) 145,008
Net loans charged-off	(1,038,661)	(737,723)	(382,473)
Balance at end of year	\$ 3,673,412	\$ 3,252,073 ======	\$ 3,079,796

#### Note G-MORTGAGE LOAN SERVICING

During 2000, the Company sold its mortgage loan servicing for third parties portfolio which consisted of approximately 1,700 mortgage loans with an aggregate balance of \$137,700,000. In conjunction with this sale, the Company recorded a net gain of \$251,000, which is included in other income.

At December 31, 2001 and 2000, the Company had no mortgage loan servicing for third parties portfolio. At December 31, 1999, the Company was servicing approximately 1,700 mortgage loans for various investors with aggregate balances of approximately \$137,337,000.

Originated mortgage servicing rights capitalized during 2000 and 1999 totalled \$116,000 and \$327,000, respectively. At December 31, 2000, the Company had no capitalized mortgage servicing rights compared to \$1,570,000 at December 31, 1999, which related to approximately \$136 million in loans serviced. In connection with these loans serviced for others, the Company held advances by borrowers for taxes and insurance in the amount \$1,586,000 at December 31, 1999.

The fair value of the capitalized mortgage servicing rights at December 31, 1999 approximated \$1,828,000. There was no impairment valuation allowance based on the fair value of the designated strata for the capitalized mortgage servicing rights at December 31, 1999.

The Company amortized capitalized mortgage servicing rights in proportion to, and over the period of, the estimated net servicing income. The amortization for the years ending December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 was \$0, \$108,000 and \$309,000, respectively. The 2000 amortization reflects activity prior to the sale of the servicing portfolio.

Mortgage loans originated for sale totalled \$6,696,000, \$58,603,000

and \$98,410,000 during 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. Mortgage loans sold during 2001, 2000 and 1999 totalled \$6,832,000, \$60,768,000 and \$101,049,000, respectively. Net gains on mortgage loans sold aggregated \$56,000, \$1,089,000 and \$1,525,000 during 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. Mortgage loans available for sale, which are carried at lower cost or market value on a net aggregate basis included in real estate mortgage loans, totalled \$0, \$124,000 and \$2,214,000 at December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

#### Note H-PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT

A summary of premises and equipment and accumulated depreciation and amortization follows:

December 31, Premises and Equipment	2001	2000
Buildings	\$ 8,544,239 7,676,241 884,812	\$ 7,275,969 7,541,319 874,845
Too oo	17,105,292	15,692,133
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	10,036,632	9,337,992
Land	7,068,660 3,184,941	6,354,141 3,183,931
	\$ 10,253,601	\$ 9,538,072

Depreciation and amortization of premises and equipment charged to expense for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 was \$826,000, \$938,000 and \$907,000, respectively.

At December 31, 2001, the Company and certain subsidiaries were obligated under various noncancellable operating leases for premises and equipment. The leases, expiring at various dates to 2009, generally provide options to renew and to purchase at fair value and require payment of taxes, insurance and maintenance costs. Total rental expense for all operating leases for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 was \$672,000, \$783,000 and \$856,000, respectively. Future minimum payments under operating leases were as follows at December 31, 2001:

2002	\$ 442,000
2003	314,000
2004	219,000
2005	141,000
2006	99,000
After 2006	544,000
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 1,759,000

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Note I - DEPOSITS

At December 31, 2001, the scheduled maturity of time deposits for the years 2002 through 2006 are as follows: \$185,729,000, \$67,501,000, \$14,753,000, \$3,264,000, and \$1,578,000, respectively.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999

American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

Note J-BORROWED FUNDS

The following summarizes borrowed funds at December 31:

	2001	2000	1999
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	\$	\$ 531,751	\$ 831,944
Treasury tax and loan notes	265,923	844,257	1,442,801
Warehouse revolving line of credit			1,318,456
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	155,000,000	148,000,000	211,000,000
Total borrowed funds	\$155,265,923	\$149,376,008	\$214,593,201
			========

Securities sold under repurchase agreements are retained by the Company's custodian under written agreements that recognize the customer's interests in the securities. The subsidiary bank has an agreement with its Federal Reserve district bank to be an authorized treasury tax and loan depository.

WNB is a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh (the "FHLB"). Under a blanket collateral pledge agreement, WNB has pledged, as collateral for advances from the FHLB, all stock in the Federal Home Loan Bank and certain other qualifying collateral, such as investment securities, mortgage-backed securities and loans. The remaining maximum borrowing capacity with the FHLB at December 31, 2001 is \$273,171,000.

Included in Federal Home Loan Bank advances are FHLB "RepoPlus" advances and FHLB "Convertible Select" advances. FHLB "RepoPlus" Advances are short-term borrowings maturing within one day to one year, bear a fixed interest rate and are subject to prepayment penalty. Although no specific collateral is required to be pledged for these borrowings, "RepoPlus" Advances are secured under the blanket collateral agreement.

The daily average "RepoPlus" balance during 2001, 2000 and 1999 was \$2,582,000, \$63,864,000, and \$102,462,000, respectively, and the daily average interest rate was 4.02%, 6.32% and 5.24%, respectively, with an average interest rate at December 31,2001 of 2.02%, December 31, 2000 of 6.63% and December 31, 1999 of 5.63%. The maximum amount outstanding at any month end during 2001, 2000 and 1999 was \$7,000,000, \$216,400,000 and \$145,000,000,

respectively. The interest expense incurred on the FHLB "RepoPlus" Advances during 2001, 2000 and 1999 was \$104,000, \$4,039,000 and \$5,373,000, respectively.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

FHLB "Convertible Select" Advances are long-term borrowings with terms of up to ten years, and which have a fixed rate for the first three months to five years of the term. After the fixed rate term expires, and quarterly thereafter, the FHLB may convert the advance to an adjustable-rate advance at their option. If the advance is converted to an adjustable-rate advance, WNB has the option at the conversion date, and quarterly thereafter, to prepay the advance with no prepayment fee. The daily average balance during 2001, 2000 and 1999 was \$141,941,000, \$125,027,000 and \$79,863,000, respectively. The daily average interest rate during 2001, 2000 and 1999 was 5.99%, 5.93% and 5.64%, respectively. The maximum amount outstanding at any month end during 2001, 2000 and 1999 was \$150,000,000, \$140,000,000 and \$100,000,000 respectively. The interest expense incurred on the FHLB "Convertible Select" Advances during 2001, 2000 and 1999 was \$8,502,000, \$7,419,000 and \$4,507,000, respectively.

The contractual maturities of Federal Home Loan Bank advances as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 are as follows:

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

Note K-GUARANTEED PREFERRED BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN SUBORDINATED DEBT On April 27, 1998, the Trust, a statutory business trust created under Delaware law issued \$12,650,000 of 8.5% Trust Preferred Securities ("Preferred Securities") with a stated value and liquidation preference of \$10 per share. The Trust's obligations under the Preferred Securities issued are fully and unconditionally quaranteed by the Company. The proceeds from the sale of the Preferred Securities of the Trust, as well as proceeds from the issuance of common securities to the Company, were utilized by the Trust to invest in \$13,041,000 of 8.5% Junior Subordinated Debentures (the "Debentures") of the Company. The Debentures are unsecured and rank subordinate and junior in right of payment to all indebtedness, liabilities and obligations of the Company. The Debentures represent the sole assets of the Trust. Interest on the Preferred Securities is cumulative and payable quarterly in arrears. The Company has the right to optionally redeem the Debentures prior to the maturity date of April 30, 2028, on or after April 30, 2003, at 100% of the stated liquidation amount, plus accrued and unpaid distributions, if any, to the redemption date. Under the occurrence of certain events, specifically, a Tax Event, Investment Company Event or Capital Treatment Event as more fully defined in the ABC Capital Trust I Prospectus dated April 21, 1998, the Company may redeem in whole, but not in part, the Debentures prior to April 30, 2003. Proceeds from any redemption of the Debentures would cause a mandatory redemption of the Preferred Securities and the common securities having an aggregate liquidation amount equal to the principal amount of the Debentures redeemed.

The interest incurred on these Preferred Securities for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 amounted to \$1,101,000, \$1,101,000 and \$1,101,000, respectively.

The Trust is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, has no independent operations and has issued securities that contain a full and unconditional guarantee of its parent, the Company. Accordingly, on October 21, 1998, the Securities and Exchange Commission exempted the Trust from the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Note L-FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into contractual commitments involving financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit, commercial letters of credit and standby letters of credit. These instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet.

The Company's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instruments for commitments to extend credit, commercial letters of credit and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments. The Company uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance-sheet instruments.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

Unless noted otherwise, the Company does not require collateral or other security to support financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk. A summary of off-balance-sheet financial instruments at December 31, 2001 and 2000 is as follows:

-		
	2001	2000
Commitments to extend credit	\$60,623,000	\$62,422,000
Standby letters of credit	5,350,000	_
Commercial letters of credit	5,629,000	6,253,000

Commitments to extend credit include approximately \$910,000 at December 31, 2001 and \$429,000 at December 31, 2000, for dealer floor plan lines which are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates of less than one year or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments, except dealer floor plan lines, are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Company evaluates each customer's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Company upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the counterparty. A majority of the commitments extended by the Company have variable interest rates. An adverse movement in market interest rates is not deemed to be a significant risk on the outstanding commitments at December 31, 2001.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Commercial letters of credit are issued by the Company specifically to facilitate trade or commerce. Essentially all letters of credit issued have expiration dates within one year. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that in extending loan facilities to customers.

### Note M-FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

SFAS No. 107 "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments", requires that the Company disclose estimated fair values for its financial instruments. Fair value estimates, methods and assumptions are set forth below for the Company's financial instruments.

#### Securities and Federal Funds Sold

The carrying amounts for federal funds sold approximate fair value as they mature in 90 days or less. The fair value of investment and mortgage-backed securities is based on quotations from an independent investment portfolio accounting service.

#### Loans

Fair values are estimates for portfolios of loans with similar financial characteristics. Loans are segregated by type and include commercial, real estate mortgage and installment loans. Each loan

category is further segmented into fixed and adjustable rate terms, for purposes of estimating their fair value.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

The carrying values approximate fair value for variable rate loans which reprice frequently, provided there has been no change in credit quality since origination. Book value also approximates fair value for loans with a relatively short term to maturity, provided there is little or no risk of default before maturity and the disparity between the current rate and market rate is small. Any mark-to-market adjustment for these short-term loans would be insignificant. This estimation methodology is applied to the Company's demand loans, lines of credit and credit card portfolios.

The fair value of all other performing loans is calculated by discounting scheduled cash flows through the estimated maturity using the rates currently offered for loans of similar remaining maturities. The estimate of maturity is based on the Company's historical experience with repayments for each loan classification, modified, as required, by an estimate of the effect of current economic and lending conditions. The fair value reflects market prepayment estimates.

The fair value of nonperforming loans is calculated by discounting carrying values adjusted for specific reserve allocations through anticipated maturity using estimated market discount rates that reflect the credit and interest rate risk inherent in the loan.

#### Deposits and Other Liabilities

Under SFAS No. 107, the fair value of deposits with no stated maturity, such as demand and savings accounts, is equal to the amount payable on demand as of December 31, 2001 and 2000. The fair value of time deposits is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows. The discount rate is estimated using the rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities.

#### Borrowed Funds

The fair values of the Company's short-term and long-term borrowings with variable rates are based on carrying amounts since these borrowings reprice frequently as market rates change. The fair value of long-term fixed rate borrowed funds is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows. The discount rate is estimated using the rates currently offered for similar remaining maturities. The fair value of the Company's Preferred Securities is based on the issue's quoted market price.

#### Off-Balance-Sheet Financial Instruments

The Company's off-balance-sheet financial instruments are comprised of commitments to extend credit, 45% of which are lines of credit. These commitments to extend credit generally are not sold or traded and estimated fair values are not readily available. The fair value of commitments to extend credit can be estimated by discounting the remaining contractual fees over the term of the commitment using the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements. Considering the current economic environment and the creditworthiness

of the counterparties in the portfolio, the Company believes that such a calculation would not indicate a material calculated fair value.

#### Limitations

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market data and information about each financial instrument. These estimates do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering for sale at one time the Company's entire holdings of a particular instrument. Because no market exists for a significant portion of the Company's

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

financial instruments, fair value estimates are based on judgments regarding future expected loss experience, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

Fair value estimates are based on existing financial instruments without attempting to estimate the value of anticipated future business and the value of assets and liabilities that are not considered financial instruments. Other significant assets that are not considered financial assets include premises and equipment. The following table represents carrying values and estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments as of December 31, 2001 and 2000:

	2001		200	00
-	.ng ie	Estimated Fair Value	1 2	Estimated Fair Value
FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Federal funds sold\$ 3,866	,000	\$ 3,866,000	\$ 4,530,000	\$ 4,530,000
Investment securities available for sale286,152	2,000	286,152,000	272,045,000	272,045,000
Loans receivable, net				
of allowance355,778	,000	355,864,000	386,272,000	381,127,000
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES				
Fixed maturity deposits (1)				
Time deposits272,971	,000	275,296,000	297,029,000	297,688,000
Borrowed funds155,266	,000	164,139,000	149,376,000	149,946,000
Guaranteed preferred				
beneficial interest				
in subordinated debt12,650	,000	12,359,000	12,650,000	10,436,000

SFAS No. 107 defines the estimated fair value of deposits with no stated maturity, which includes demand deposits, money market and other savings accounts, to be

equal to the amount payable on demand. Therefore, the balances of the Company's \$202.6 million and \$199.1 million of such deposits at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, are not included in this table.

#### Note N-STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

The Company has authorized 200,000 shares of \$100 par value preferred stock issuable in series. No shares of preferred stock were issued or outstanding at December 31, 2001 and 2000.

#### Note O-DIVIDEND RESTRICTIONS

Dividends declared by the Company may be substantially provided from subsidiary bank dividends. The payment of dividends by bank subsidiaries is subject to various restrictions imposed under banking regulations. For national banks, surplus in an amount equal to capital stock is not available for dividends and prior approval of the Comptroller of the Currency is required if total dividends declared exceed the total (defined) net profits from the beginning of the current year to the date of declaration, combined with the retained net profits of the preceding two years.

At December 31, 2001, WNB's retained earnings available for the payment of dividends was \$10,517,000.

In addition, dividends paid by WNB to the Company would be prohibited if the effect thereof would cause WNB's capital to be reduced below acceptable minimum capital requirements.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

#### Note P-INCOME TAXES

Total income tax provision (benefit) for the three years ended December 31, 2001 was allocated as follows:

	2001	2000	1999
Income from operations	(384,625)	\$ 1,189,780	\$ 1,526,902
for sale	859 <b>,</b> 852	5,856,091	(7,088,419)
- \$ =	475,227	\$ 7,045,871 =======	\$(5,561,517) =======

The composition of the provision for income taxes from operations for the three years ended December 31, 2001 follows:

	2001	2000	1999
-			
Federal Income Taxes			
Current	698,704	\$ 1,757,720	\$ 1,347,227
Deferred	(1,135,577)	(672,267)	163,550

Provision for federal income taxes	(436,873)	1,085,453	1,510,777
State	52,248	104,327	16,125
Provision for income taxes	\$ (384,625)	\$ 1,189,780	\$ 1,526,902
:			

The following is a reconciliation of federal income tax expense to the amount computed at the statutory rate:

	2001	2000	1999
Pre-tax income at statutory rate\$	913,351	\$ 2,004,396	\$ 2,339,446
<pre>Increase (decrease) resulting from:</pre>			
Tax exempt income	(1,389,268)	(839,259)	(784,724)
Dividends received deduction	_	_	(1,785)
Amortization of goodwill and			
other intangibles	15 <b>,</b> 378	21,464	21,464
State tax provision			
(net of federal tax benefit)	(17,764)	(35,471)	(5,483)
Change in valuation allowance	_	_	(14,093)
Other	41,430	(65,677)	(44,048)
Provision for federal income taxes.\$	(436,873)	\$ 1,085,453	\$ 1,510,777
==			

The Company has determined that the deferred tax assets recorded under SFAS No. 109 are expected to be realized through carryback to taxable income in prior years, future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, and, to a lesser extent, future taxable income. The valuation allowance decreased in 1999 by \$16,580 as a result of the sale of equity securities. Since no net deferred tax benefit was recorded on the initial writedown of the asset, due to its capital nature, no tax expense or benefit was recorded in 1999 on its recovery.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999

American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 consist of the following:

	2001	2000	1999
Deferred tax assets: -			
Loan loss reserves\$	1,241,470	\$ 906,953	\$ 710,388
Investment securities	549,020	1,408,872	7,264,963
Pension plan	120,575	124,218	150,959
Real estate owned	_	_	2,415
Alternative minimum tax credit			

carryforwards	578,937 303,674	- 251,162	180,552
_	2,793,676	2,691,205	8,309,277
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Fixed assets	129,177	170,384	198,187
Cash basis accounting	114,993	247,040	199,380
Mortgage servicing rights	_	_	454,105
_	244,170	417,424	851 <b>,</b> 672
Net deferred tax asset before			
valuation allowance	2,549,506	2,273,781	7,457,605
Valuation allowance		-	-
<del>-</del>			
Net deferred tax asset\$	2,549,506	\$2,273,781	\$7 <b>,</b> 457 <b>,</b> 605
=		========	========

As of December 31, 2001, the Company has alternative minimum tax credit carryforwards of \$578,937 which are available to reduce future federal income taxes over an indefinite period. The Company also has capital loss credit carryforwards of \$127,500 which are available to reduce future capital gains through December 31, 2004.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

### Note Q-OTHER EXPENSES

Amounts included in other expenses are as follows for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999:

	2001	2000	1999
Advertising	.\$ 175 <b>,</b> 850	\$ 252,418	\$ 457 <b>,</b> 582
Data processing	. 535,946	521,913	462,833
FDIC assessment	. 238,305	246,985	219,108
Postage	. 258,517	264,873	265,301
Professional fees	. 1,453,291	844,181	823 <b>,</b> 286
Stationery and supplies	. 232,255	263,088	360,586
Taxes other than on income.	. 569,355	421,201	455 <b>,</b> 704
Other (each less than			
1% of income)	. 2,036,010	2,084,643	2,093,384
	\$5,499,529	\$4,899,302	\$5 <b>,</b> 137 <b>,</b> 784
		========	

Note R-PENSION PLAN AND PROFIT SHARING 401(k) SAVINGS PLAN
Effective January 1, 1989, the Company established the American
Bancorporation Pension Plan (the "Plan"). This non-contributory
defined benefit plan covers certain employees of the Company and
its banking and non-banking subsidiaries. Benefits are based on
employees' years of service and compensation. The following table
sets forth the changes in the Plan's benefit obligation and Plan
assets for the year ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 (as measured
on October 1, 2001):

	2001		2000
Change in benefit obligation:			
Benefit obligation at beginning of year\$	876 <b>,</b> 665	\$	925,675
Interest cost	57 <b>,</b> 192		58,417
Actuarial (gain) loss	2,766		4,558
Benefits paid	(54,754)		(111,985)
Benefit obligation at end of year\$	881 <b>,</b> 869		876 <b>,</b> 665
Changes in plan assets:	======	==	-=====
Plan assets at beginning of year\$	698 <b>,</b> 712	\$	739,671
Actual return on plan assets	96,718		34,702
Employer contributions	51,969		36,324
Benefits paid	(54,754)		(111,985)
Plan assets at end of year\$	792 <b>,</b> 645	\$	698,712
==		===	

As of December 31, 2001 and 2000, the Company's accrued pension costs were \$317,000 and \$327,000, respectively. Net periodic pension cost for the years ended December 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998 were insignificant. The Plan assets are held by Principal Financial Group and are comprised of money market accounts and other fixed income investments.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999

American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

The discount rate used in determining the projected benefit obligation in 2001, 2000 and 1999 was 6.50%, 6.75% and 6.50%, respectively. The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets was 6.50%, 6.50% and 6.50% for the years ending in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

In 1993, due to the continuation of a claim discussed below, the Company notified the Plan participants that the planned termination of the Plan was rescinded; however, an amendment to freeze all benefit accruals and fully vest all participants in the benefits accrued to them as of December 31, 1992 remains in effect at December 31, 2001 due to an additional claim made against the Plan during 1996.

A claim was made against the Plan during 1992 by a former employee (the "Claimant"), alleging additional benefits due him under the Plan and litigation between the parties ensued. Prior to the Court's final ruling, all parties agreed as to the method of computing the benefit due the claimant. The Court found that the computation was made pursuant to the pertinent Plan provisions and approved a joint motion by the parties to dismiss the action. As a result, the Plan Administrator disbursed \$141,135 to the Claimant during 1995 to settle the claim and approximately \$215,000 in 1996 to other affected Plan participants as determined based on the

application of the Court's final ruling. No amount of the disbursements were recognized in the 1996 or 1995 statement of operations as the Company recorded a reserve in 1994 to recognize the liability for additional benefits due to Plan participants as determined based on the application of the Court's decision regarding the method of computing benefits to affected Plan participants. Management believes appropriate liabilities have been established to recognize the application of the Court's decision and expects to incur no further expense for this situation.

An additional claim was made against the Plan during 1996 by former employees alleging further additional benefits due them under the Plan. The Administrator of the Plan denied the claim and the claimants' subsequent appeal. During 2000, the claimants filed a complaint in the United States District Court alleging that the Plan and Plan Administrator had erroneously determined the amount of benefits due and payable under the Plan. The complaint also represents that the plaintiff's theory of calculations may impact the benefits of several other participants as well.

The Company does not expect that any additional provision need be made in the consolidated financial statements for this matter.

The Company sponsors a profit sharing 401(k) savings plan to which eligible employees are permitted to contribute up to 15% of their salary to the plan each year. The plan provides for matching contributions of the Company equal to 50% of employee contributions up to the first 6% of compensation. The Company may, at its discretion, make profit sharing contributions to the plan. Plan participants are fully and immediately vested in Company matching contributions and fully vested in Company profit sharing contributions after five years of service. Company matching contributions for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 amounted to \$76,000, \$91,000 and \$88,000, respectively.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

### Note S - REGULATORY CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company and WNB are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the federal banking agencies. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Company's financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the entities must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of their assets, liabilities and certain off-balance- sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The entities' capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors.

Tier I and Total capital are expressed as a percentage of risk-adjusted assets which include various credit risk-weighted

percentages of on-balance-sheet exposures. The Leverage capital ratio evaluates capital adequacy on the basis of the ratio of Tier I capital to quarterly average total assets as reported on the Company's regulatory financial statements, net of the loan loss reserve, goodwill and certain other intangibles. To be categorized well-capitalized, the Company's banking subsidiary must maintain minimum Tier I, Total and Leverage capital ratios of 6%, 10% and 5%, respectively. At December 31, 2001, the Company and its subsidiary bank, WNB, exceeded the regulatory minimums and met the regulatory definition of well capitalized.

The following table summarizes the Company's and WNB's actual consolidated capital amounts and ratios as of December 31, 2001 and 2000.

	Con	mpany	WNB					
		December 31,						
		2001 2000 2001						
Tier I Capital\$ 54,500 \$ 53,867 \$ 52,599 \$ 50,876 Total Qualifying Capital 58,173 57,119 56,272 54,128 Risk-Adjusted Assets								
Minimum Cap	Well-							
Capital Ratios Tier I Capital Ratio, 4.00% Total Capital Ratio 8.00 Leverage Capital Ratio 3.00	10.00 1	13.50% 13 14.41 14 7.81 7	.12 14.0	1 13.49				

#### Note T - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company and its subsidiaries, in the normal course of business, are subject, from time to time to various asserted and unasserted claims. Management believes that the aggregate liability, if any, resulting from such pending and threatened actions and proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial statements.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

Note U-PARENT COMPANY CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

AMERICAN BANCORPORATION (Parent Company Only) BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2001 and 2000	2001	2000
ASSETS		
Cash and short-term investments	.\$ 1,341,579	\$ 1,179,316
Due from subsidiaries	. 17,344	8,271

n-banking500,872	0,220,639 1,265,037
53,509,132 5 mises and equipment - net 9,356 er assets	1,485,676 16,470 1,619,140
	4,308,873
ILITIES	
er liabilities	379,536 718,004 2,650,000
otal Liabilities	3,747,540
	4,308,873

STATEMENT OF INCOME (Parent Company Only)
Years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999

	2001	2000	1999
INCOME			
Dividends from banking subsidiaries	\$2,700,000	\$2,700,000	\$ -
Reimbursement from subsidiaries	830,149	866,000	625,000
Interest income	25,740	26,192	92 <b>,</b> 985
Other income	351	442	412
Total income EXPENSE	3,556,240	3,592,634	718,397
Interest expense	1,100,825	1,100,825	1,100,825
Other expenses	1,243,966	1,123,228	970,077
Total expense	2,344,791	2,224,053	2,070,902
	1,211,449	1,368,581	(1,352,505)
Credit for income taxes	(493,734)	(498,601)	(526,588)
	1,705,183	1,867,182	(825,917)
Equity in undistributed net income of subsidiaries	1,365,767	2,838,319	6,179,736
NET INCOME	\$3,070,950	\$4,705,501	\$5,353,819

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED
December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999

American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Parent Company Only)

Years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 2001 Operating Activities:	2000	1999
Net income	\$4,705,501	\$5,353,819
Depreciation and amortization	77 <b>,</b> 627	51,603
subsidiaries	(2,838,319)	(6,179,736)
subsidiaries	358,299	(22,201)
	238,512	(599,196)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 1,340,067 Investing Activities:	2,541,620	(1,395,711)
Purchase of premises and equipment Net change in investment in	(1,465)	(10,297)
subsidiaries	-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 700,000 Financing Activities:	(1,465)	(10,297)
Cash dividends paid	(1,877,804)	(1,877,804)
Net cash used in financing activities. (1,877,804)	(1,877,804)	(1,877,804)
Net increase (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	662,351	(3,283,812)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning Balance	516 <b>,</b> 965	3,800,777
Cash and Cash Equivalents Ending Balance.\$ 1,341,579	\$ 1,179,316 =======	\$ 516,965 ========
Cash paid during the year for: Interest\$ 1,075,250	\$ 1,075,250	\$ 1,075,250

The Parent Company paid no income taxes during 2001, 2000 or 1999.

#### Note V - SEGMENT REPORTING

SFAS No. 131, "Disclosure about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information", requires disclosures about reportable segments of an enterprise. The determination of these segments is based upon the manner in which the decision makers of an enterprise evaluate its financial information.

American Bancorporation, through its wholly owned subsidiaries Wheeling National Bank, American Bancdata Corporation, American Mortgages, Inc. and American Bancorporation Capital Trust I, performs traditional banking services. These financial services include making loans to individuals and businesses, offering an array of deposit products and investment in marketable securities. The retail network of offices is located throughout the northern panhandle of West Virginia, central and eastern Ohio, and southwestern Pennsylvania. These market areas all possess similar characteristics. The operating results of the Company as a single entity are used by management in making operating decisions. Therefore, the consolidated financial statements, as presented, represent the results of a single financial services segment.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED
December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999

American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

### Note W-SUMMARIZED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Quarters Ended	(In	thousands,	except per	share)	
	Mar 31	June 30	Sept 30	Dec 31	Year
2001					
Interest income\$	12,450	\$11,728	\$11,403	\$11,094	\$46,675
Interest expense		8,067	7,646	7,098	31,188
Net interest income	4,073	3,661	3,757	3,996	15,487
Provision for loan losses	•	225	225	785	1,460
Net interest income after					
provision for loan losses	3,848	3,436	3,532	3,211	14,027
Other operating income	696	637	767	463	2,563
Other operating expense	3,374	3 <b>,</b> 284	3,491	3 <b>,</b> 755	13,904
Income before income taxes		789	808	(81)	2,686
Provision for income taxes.	150	(32)	(133)	(370)	(385)
Net income\$		\$ 821	\$ 941	\$ 289	\$ 3,071
=	=====	======	======	======	======
Basic earnings per share.\$	0.33	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.98
2000					
Interest income\$	12 942	\$13,191	\$13,370	\$13,272	\$52,775
Interest expense		8,693	8 <b>,</b> 983	8,747	34,723
Net interest income		4,498	4,387	4,525	18,052
Provision for loan losses	180	295	210	225	910
Net interest income after					
provision for loan losses	4,462	4,203	4,177	4,300	17,142
Other operating income	804	1,028	677	437	2,946
Other operating expense	3,578	3,654 	•	3,487 	14,193
Income before income taxes  Provision (credit) for	1,688		1,380		
income taxes	347	320		269	1,189
Net income\$	1,341		\$ 1,127 ======	\$ 981 =====	\$ 4,706 ======

Basic earnings per share.\$ 0.43 \$ 0.40 \$ 0.36 \$ 0.31 \$ 1.50

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 American Bancorporation and Subsidiaries

#### Note X - BRANCH ACQUISITION

On May 19, 2000 the Company acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of the Barnesville, Ohio branch of Sky Bank. The Company assumed deposits totalling \$10.4 million and purchased the premises and personal property of the branch. The Company paid a \$607,000 premium based on core deposits which is being amortized over a period of eight years.

#### Note Y - PENDING MERGER

On February 20, 2002 the shareholders of the Company approved and adopted an Agreement and Plan of Merger, (the "Agreement") which was entered into on February 22, 2001 with WesBanco, Inc. ("WesBanco") providing for the merger of the Company with and into a wholly-owned subsidiary of WesBanco to be formed for the purpose of effecting the merger, and the simultaneous merger of the Company's banking subsidiary, Wheeling National Bank, with and into WesBanco affiliate, WesBanco Bank, Inc. The transaction will be accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. Under the terms of the Agreement, WesBanco will exchange WesBanco common stock based upon a fixed exchange ratio of 1.1 shares of WesBanco common stock for each share of American Bancorporation common stock outstanding. The Company granted an option to WesBanco to purchase 622,805 shares of its common stock at \$18.00 per share. The Company has agreed to pay its financial advisor a fee equal to one percent of the transaction value for financial advisory services in connection with the proposed merger. It is estimated, based on current WesBanco common stock prices, the total fee would be approximately \$750,000, less \$100,000 paid in 2001. It is expected that the transaction will be completed on March 1, 2002.

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KPMG

One Mellon Center Pittsburgh, PA 15219 Telephone 412 391 9710 Fax 412 391 8963

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of American Bancorporation:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of American Bancorporation and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2001. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of American Bancorporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2001, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ KPMG LLP

February 19, 2002

KPMG LLP. KPMG LLP, a U.S. limited liability partnership, is a member of KPMG International, a Swiss association

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WesBanco Inc. and American Bancorporation Unaudited Pro forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements

The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements are based on the applicable historical financial statements of WesBanco and American and reflect the adjustments necessary to illustrate the financial effect of WesBanco's acquisition of American on March 1, 2002. The pro forma condensed combined balance sheet is as of December 31, 2001 and assumes that the acquisition was completed on December 31, 2001. The pro forma condensed combined statement of income is for the year ended December 31, 2001 and assumes that the acquisition was completed on January 1, 2001.

Non-recurring merger expenses and estimated cost savings expected after the date of the acquisition have not been included in the pro forma financial statements. Pre-tax merger expenses approximate \$3.1 million, with \$2.5 million to be recorded in 2002 and the remainder in 2003. Total annual cost savings expected to be realized from the merger by the end of 2003 approximates \$3.0 million.

Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet

(Dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

December 31, 2001

			American			Pro forma Adjustments				
Assets	WesBanco	, Inc.	Band	corporation			Credit		Comb WesBan	
	5: 2: 1,5:	17,517 40,953 18,909		17,667 286,152 - 355,778 1,307	30,183 13,881	(a) (b)			\$	99 803 240 1,874
Other assets	!	95 <b>,</b> 922		30,963	847	(c)	\$ 3,060	(b)		65 123
Total Assets	•	•		691 <b>,</b> 867	•		•			3 <b>,</b> 208
Liabilities Deposits Other borrowings Other liabilities  Subordinated debentures - (Trust Preferred Securities)	2	79,131		475,584 155,266 5,210			\$ 2,325 8,873 847 2,800	(b) (c)		443
Total Liabilities Shareholders' Equity		16,253 58,201		648,710 43,157						2 <b>,</b> 879 328
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				691 <b>,</b> 867			\$85,385 ======		\$	3 <b>,</b> 208
Book value per share Shares outstanding				\$ 13.79 3,129,674						\$ 1 21 <b>,</b> 296

See Notes to the Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements.

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Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Income (Dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

			Pro forma	Adjustments	Pro fo
		American		Combi	
WesBanco,	Inc.	Bancorporation	Debit	Credit	WesBanco

For the year ended December 31, 2001

Interest Income

Loans, including fees	\$	126,230	\$	30,744	\$	54	(b)			\$	156
Securities and other investments		37,709		15,931							53
Total interest income	===	163,939		46,675		54 ===			=	===:	210
Interest Expense											
Deposits		66,229		21,456				2,325	(b)		85
Other borrowings		10,125		9,732				1,510	(b)		18
Total interest expense		76,354		31,188				3 <b>,</b> 835			103
Net interest income		87,585		15,487		54					106
Provision for Loan Losses		5 <b>,</b> 995		1,460							7
Net interest income after											
provision for loan losses		81,590		14,027		54		3,835			99
Other income		24,588		2 <b>,</b> 563							27
Other Expense		64,894		13,904	1,4	05	(b)	84	(b)		80
Income before income taxes Provision (benefit) for		41,284		2,686	1,4	 59	•	3,919			46
income taxes		12,282		(385)	9	84	(d)				12
Net income	 \$	29,002	\$	3,071	\$ 2,4	43	•	\$ 3 <b>,</b> 919		\$	 33
	===		==:	=======	=====	===	=	======	= :	====	
J 1		\$ 1.60		·							\$
Average shares outstanding		18,123,851		3,129,674						2	21 <b>,</b> 565

See Notes to the Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements.

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Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements

#### Basis of Presentation

The following pro forma adjustments are based on available information and certain estimates and assumptions. Therefore, it is likely that the actual adjustments will differ from the pro forma adjustments. WesBanco believes that such assumptions provide a reasonable basis for presenting all of the significant effects of the following transactions and that the pro forma adjustments give appropriate effect to those assumptions and are properly applied in the unaudited pro forma consolidated condensed financial statements.

Adjustments to Pro forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements:

(a) Represents the purchase accounting entries and the elimination of American's equity accounts. The total purchase price of \$70.5 million was funded through the issuance of 3,441,888 shares of WesBanco common stock.

addition, acquisition related direct costs totaling approximately \$2.8 million were capitalized as part of the transaction and consisted of certain severance payments, legal, accounting, advisory and other transaction related fees.

- Fair value adjustments made to acquired assets and liabilities were determined based on information available as of December 31, 2001. Fair value adjustments are being amortized or accreted over their applicable remaining lives. The excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired was allocated to the core deposit intangible and goodwill. The pro forma condensed combined financial statements reflect the adoption of SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" whereby goodwill is not amortized but is subject to annual impairment tests. The core deposit intangible is subject to amortization over its estimated economic life. For purposes of these pro forma statements, the fair value adjustments and the core deposit intangible are being amortized on a straight-line basis.
- Represents net deferred tax liabilities related to fair value adjustments and the core deposit intangible. Deferred taxes were calculated using an effective tax rate of 40%.
- Represents the estimated income tax effect on the pro forma adjustments using an income tax rate of 40%.

Regulatory Divestiture of Branch Office

In conjunction with the merger, WesBanco was required to divest the deposits of one office of American to address a possible anti-trust issue. The divestiture of this office, with deposits as of December 31, 2001 of approximately \$16.5 million, or 0.7% of pro forma combined deposits, was considered immaterial to the transaction and, therefore, has not been reflected in the pro forma financial information.

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#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

> WesBanco, Inc. \_\_\_\_\_ (Registrant)

May 14, 2002 \_\_\_\_\_

Date

/s/ Paul M. Limbert

\_\_\_\_\_\_ Paul M. Limbert

President & Chief Executive Officer