

GRAINGER W W INC  
Form 10-K405  
March 20, 2002

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-K**  
**ANNUAL REPORT**

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 1-5684

**W.W. Grainger, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Illinois  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

36-1150280  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

100 Grainger Parkway, Lake Forest, Illinois 60045-5201

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number including area code: 847/535-1000

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock \$0.50 par value, and accompanying Preferred Share Purchase Rights	New York Stock Exchange Chicago Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy of information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. (X)

The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant was \$4,611,782,578 as of the close of trading reported on the Consolidated Transaction Reporting System on March 4, 2002.

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APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE REGISTRANTS

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock \$0.50 par value 93,551,269 shares outstanding as of March 4, 2002

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the proxy statement relating to the annual meeting of shareholders of the registrant to be held on April 24, 2002, are incorporated by reference into Part III hereof.

The Exhibit Index appears on page 15 in the sequential numbering system.

**(The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved of this report nor has it passed on the accuracy or adequacy hereof.)**

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## PART I

### Item 1: Business

#### The Company

The registrant, W.W. Grainger, Inc., was incorporated in the State of Illinois in 1928. It is the leading North American distributor of products used by businesses and institutions to maintain, repair, and operate their facilities. W.W. Grainger, Inc. regards itself as being in the service business. As used herein, "Company" means W.W. Grainger, Inc. and/or its subsidiaries as the context may require.

The Company offers a breadth of maintenance, repair, and operating (MRO) solutions by combining products, services, and information. It tailors its capabilities with a view toward providing the lowest total cost MRO solution to select customer groups. The Branch-based Distribution Businesses primarily serve the needs of North American businesses for MRO supplies. Lab Safety Supply serves customers who choose to purchase safety and other industrial products through a direct marketing company. The Other Businesses of the Company serve customers who seek to outsource their MRO supply procurement and management processes.

The Company also has internal business support functions which provide coordination and guidance in the areas of Accounting, Administrative Services, Business Development, Communications, Compensation and Benefits, Employee Development, Enterprise Systems, Finance, Human Resources, Industrial Relations, Investor Relations, Insurance and Risk Management, Internal Audit, International Operations, Legal, Real Estate and Construction Services, Security and Safety, Taxes, and Treasury services. These services are provided in varying degrees to all of the business units.

A number of Company-wide capabilities assist business units in serving their respective markets. These capabilities include technology and information management, supplier partnerships, supply chain management skills, and an understanding of the customers' MRO environments.

The Company does not engage in basic or substantive product research and development activities. New items are added regularly to the Company's product lines on the basis of market information, recommendations of its employees,

customers, and suppliers, and other factors. The Company's research and development efforts are focused on methods of serving customers and the product distribution process.

In January 2001, the Company announced it had consolidated three of its digital businesses into a separate organization. TotalMRO.com, FindMRO, and MROverstocks.com were combined to create Material Logic, which was designed to allow large customers to access a single, networked catalog. Material Logic sought funding participation from other industrial distributors and investors. Economic and market conditions made it difficult to find funding partners and in April 2001, the Company announced it was discontinuing the operations of Material Logic. All of Material Logic's branded e-commerce sites were shut down with the exception of FindMRO, which remains as an integrated sourcing service for the Company's customers.

### **Branch-based Distribution Businesses**

The Company's Branch-based Distribution Businesses provide customers with solutions to their immediate and/or planned MRO purchase needs throughout North America. Logistics networks are configured for rapid availability. A broad selection of MRO products is offered at local branches, through catalogs, and via the Internet. The Branch-based Distribution Businesses consist of Grainger Industrial Supply, Grainger.com, Acklands-Grainger Inc. (Canada), FindMRO, Grainger Export, Grainger Global Sourcing, Grainger Parts, Grainger, S.A. de C.V. (Mexico), and Grainger Caribe Inc. (Puerto Rico). Described below are the more significant of these businesses.

#### Grainger Industrial Supply

The focus of Grainger Industrial Supply is to provide the best combination of product selection, local availability, speed of delivery, and simplicity of ordering at a competitive price to United States businesses and institutions of all sizes. Its primary customers are small and medium-sized companies, but it also addresses large-sized organizations MRO needs.

Grainger Industrial Supply operates 388 branches in all 50 states. These branches are located within 20 minutes of the majority of U.S. businesses and carry inventory to support their local market needs. Products are available for immediate pickup or for shipment.

On average, a branch is 20,000 square feet, has 12 employees, and handles about 239 transactions per day. During 2001, an average of approximately 93,000 sales transactions were completed daily. Grainger Industrial Supply's branches range in size from small storefront branches to large master branches. Storefront branches are used to fulfill will-call needs and customer service. Grainger Industrial Supply has five master branches which range in size from 43,000 square feet to 109,000 square feet and stock the fastest selling 30,000 items. In 2001, Grainger Industrial Supply invested more than \$4,000,000 in new branches, branch relocations, and branch additions. During the year, 13 new branches were opened, seven were relocated, seven were closed, and a number of remodeling projects were completed.

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Grainger Industrial Supply currently operates four Distribution Centers and two new highly automated distribution centers (DCs). DCs ship orders directly to customers for all branches located in their service area, including Internet orders, and replenish branch inventories. Two Regional Distribution Centers located in Greenville County, South Carolina, and Kansas City, Missouri, replenish DC inventories and some branches not served by a DC. A National Distribution Center, located in Niles, Illinois, is a centralized storage and shipping facility serving customers and the entire network with slower moving inventory items.

In 2000, Grainger Industrial Supply began a multi-year redesign and expansion of its distribution network that will allow the Company to remove a warehousing step from the current distribution system. This redesign is not only

intended to reduce costs but also to increase capacity. As part of the redesign, Grainger Industrial Supply is transitioning its existing zone and regional warehouses into more highly automated distribution centers. Five new and four redesigned facilities will take over most of the shipping currently handled by the branches. When the transition is complete, each distribution center will average more than 300,000 square feet in size, employ state-of-the-art equipment and processes, and stock 60,000 to 70,000 of the fastest selling items.

Grainger Industrial Supply sells principally to service shops, industrial and commercial maintenance departments, manufacturers, hotels, government, contractors, and health care and educational facilities. Sales transactions during 2001 were made to approximately 1,300,000 customers. It is estimated that approximately 23% of 2001 sales consisted of items bearing the Company's registered trademarks, including DAYTON® (principally electric motors, heating and ventilation equipment), TEEL® (liquid pumps), SPEEDAIRE® (air compressors), AIR HANDLER® (air filtration equipment), DEM-KOTE® (spray paints), WESTWARD® (hand and power tools), and LUMAPRO® (task and outdoor lighting), as well as other of the Company's trademarks. The Company has taken steps to protect these trademarks against infringement and believes that they will remain available for future use in its business. Sales of remaining items generally consisted of products carrying the names of other well-recognized brands.

The Grainger Industrial Supply catalog offers almost 100,000 MRO products from more than 1,100 suppliers, most of whom are manufacturers. Approximately 1.8 million copies of the catalog were produced in 2001. The most current edition was issued in February 2002. The largest supplier in 2001, a diversified manufacturer through 18 of its divisions, accounted for about 9% of Grainger Industrial Supply's purchases. No significant difficulty has been encountered with respect to sources of supply.

The Grainger Industrial Supply CD-ROM catalog is designed to bring directly to the customer's place of business a fast, easy way to select products. Through the CD-ROM catalog, the customer can use a variety of ways to describe a needed product, and then review Grainger Industrial Supply's offerings, complete with specifications, prices, and pictures. Another CD-ROM catalog feature includes a cross-reference function that allows customers to retrieve product information using their own stock numbers. Approximately 1.4 million copies of the CD-ROM catalog were produced in 2001. The CD-ROM catalog is also used at the branches as a training tool and resource for helping customers identify appropriate products for their applications.

Customers can also utilize Grainger.com, one of the industry's first MRO websites. This website is an e-storefront or point of access into the Grainger Industrial Supply business. Grainger.com, however, offers more products than the Grainger Industrial Supply catalog, as well as automated search and customer personalization. It also is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, providing real-time product availability, customer-specific pricing, multiple product search capabilities, and linkage to customer support and the fulfillment system. For large customers interested in connecting to Grainger.com using sophisticated purchasing platforms, Grainger.com has a universal connection. This technology translates the different data formats used by electronic marketplaces, exchanges, and e-procurement systems and allows information from these systems to be fed directly into Grainger Industrial Supply's operating platform.

The Grainger.com site serves as a prominent service channel for Grainger Industrial Supply. Customers have access to a much larger selection of MRO products through Grainger.com, which has more than 260,000 products available. Orders processed through Grainger.com resulted in sales of approximately \$333,000,000 in 2001, \$267,000,000 in 2000, and \$101,000,000 in 1999.

#### Acklands-Grainger Inc. (AGI)

AGI, acquired in December 1996, is Canada's leading broad-line distributor of industrial, fleet, and safety supplies. It serves customers through 184 branches and six distribution centers across Canada. AGI distributes tools, lighting, HVAC, safety supplies, pneumatics, instruments, welding equipment and supplies, motors, and shop equipment, as well as many other items. A comprehensive catalog, printed in both English and French, is used to showcase the

product line and to help customers select products. This catalog, with over 70,000 products listed, supports the efforts of approximately 260 field sales representatives throughout Canada. During 2001, an average of approximately 18,000 sales transactions were completed daily. On February 1, 2002, the Company finalized a joint venture agreement combining AGI's automotive aftermarket parts division and the Western Division of Uni-Select Inc., a Canadian distributor of automotive and industrial supplies. The Company has a 50 percent stake in the new company, which is managed by Uni-Select.

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### FindMRO

FindMRO is a sourcing center for indirect material spot buys. Through sophisticated search technologies, and the sourcing expertise of its professionals, FindMRO facilitates the location of MRO products when a source is unknown to the buyer. With access to a database of more than 8,000 suppliers and 5,000,000 products, FindMRO sources hard-to-find facilities maintenance supplies for their customers providing them with a one-stop shopping experience.

### Grainger Global Sourcing

Grainger Global Sourcing procures competitively priced, high-quality products produced outside the United States. These items are sold primarily under private label by Grainger Industrial Supply and the Company's other businesses. Products obtained through Grainger Global Sourcing in 2001 include WESTWARD® tools and LUMAPRO® lighting products, as well as products bearing other trademarks.

### Grainger Parts

Grainger Parts provides access to over 440,000 parts and accessories through its centralized warehouse located in Northbrook, Illinois. Trained representatives have access to more than 260,000 pages of detailed parts diagrams online. Customers can purchase over the telephone or online at Grainger.com. Grainger Parts handled about 1,740,000 customer calls in 2001 through its call centers in Northbrook, Illinois, and Waterloo, Iowa.

Grainger Parts has been ISO 9002 certified since 1995. Grainger Parts' 100% compliance with ISO 9002 standards ranked it among the top 10% of all ISO-certified companies.

### Grainger, S.A. de C.V.

Grainger, S.A. de C.V. serves the MRO product needs of customers in Mexico. The business employed 51 sales representatives at December 31, 2001. From its five branches, the business provides delivery of over 70,000 products throughout Mexico. Three new branches were opened in 2001 in Tijuana, Mexico City, and Puebla. The largest branch, an 80,000 square foot facility, is located outside of Monterrey.

### **Digital Businesses**

In January 2001, the Company announced it had consolidated three of its digital businesses into a separate organization. TotalMRO.com, FindMRO, and MROverstocks.com were combined to create Material Logic, which was designed to allow large customers to access a single, networked catalog. Material Logic sought funding participation from other industrial distributors and investors. Economic and market conditions made it difficult to find funding partners and in April 2001, the Company announced it was discontinuing the operations of Material Logic. All of Material Logic's branded e-commerce sites were shut down with the exception of FindMRO, which remains as an integrated sourcing service for Grainger's customers, under the Branch-based Businesses segment.

### **Lab Safety Supply, Inc.**

Lab Safety Supply is a direct marketer of safety and other industrial products to U.S. and Canadian businesses. Located in Janesville, Wisconsin, Lab Safety Supply primarily reaches its customers through its General Catalog, targeted catalogs, and other marketing materials, which are distributed throughout the year.

Lab Safety Supply offers extensive product depth, technical support, and high service levels. It is a primary safety supplier for many small and medium-sized companies and a critical backup supplier for many larger companies. Customers have access to over 41,000 products in Lab Safety Supply's General Catalog. In addition, customers can access products using a CD-ROM version of the catalog or online via the web at LabSafety.com. In 2001, Lab Safety Supply acquired The Ben Meadows Co., a \$20 million business-to-business direct marketer of equipment for the natural resources and forestry management market.

### **Other Businesses**

In prior years, the Other Businesses category included a number of operating entities. For 2001, Grainger Integrated Supply is the only entity in the Other Businesses category.

#### Grainger Integrated Supply

Grainger Integrated Supply serves customers who have chosen to outsource components or all of their indirect materials management processes. The service offering is designed to enable customers to focus on their core business objectives.

Grainger Integrated Supply offers a full complement of on-site outsourcing solutions, including business process reengineering, inventory and tool crib management, supply chain management, purchasing management, and information management. Grainger Integrated Supply provides its clients with access to more than 5,000,000 products through its relationships with respected manufacturers, service providers, Grainger Industrial Supply, and other distributors.

### **Industry Segments**

For 2001 the Company is reporting three industry segments: Branch-based Distribution, Digital, and Lab Safety Supply. For segment information and the Company's consolidated net sales and operating earnings see "Item 7: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and the Results of Operations," and "Item 8: Financial Statements and Supplementary Data." The total year-end assets of the Company for the last five years were: 2001, \$2,331,246,000; 2000, \$2,459,601,000; 1999, \$2,564,826,000; 1998, \$2,103,966,000; and 1997, \$2,000,116,000.

### **Competition**

The Company faces competition in all the markets it serves, from manufacturers (including some of the Company's own suppliers) that sell directly to certain segments of the market, from wholesale distributors, from catalog houses, from certain Internet-based businesses and product fulfillment mechanisms, and from certain retail enterprises.

The principal means by which the Company competes with manufacturers and other distributors are by local stock availability, efficient service, account managers, competitive pricing, its several catalogs, which include product descriptions and in certain cases, extensive technical and application data, electronic and Internet commerce technology, and other efforts to assist customers in lowering their total MRO costs. The Company believes that it can effectively compete on a price basis with its manufacturing competitors on small orders, but that such manufacturers may enjoy a cost advantage in filling large orders.

The Company serves a number of diverse markets and is able in some markets to reasonably estimate the Company's competitive position within that market. However, taken as a whole, the Company is unable to determine its market share relative to others engaged in whole or in part in similar activities.

## Employees

As of December 31, 2001, the Company had 15,385 employees, of whom 13,342 were full-time and 2,043 were part-time or temporary. The Company has never had a major work stoppage and considers its employee relations generally to be good.

## Item 2: Properties

As of December 31, 2001, the Company's owned and leased facilities totaled 17,886,000 square feet, an increase of 1.5% over 2000. Grainger Industrial Supply and Acklands-Grainger Inc. (AGI) accounted for the majority of the total square footage. Grainger Industrial Supply facilities are located throughout the United States. AGI facilities are located throughout Canada.

Grainger Industrial Supply branches range in size from 1,200 to 109,000 square feet and average 20,000 square feet. Most are located in or near major metropolitan areas. Many are in industrial parks. Typically, a branch is on one floor, is of masonry construction, consists primarily of warehouse space, contains an air-conditioned office and sales area, and has off-the-street parking for customers and employees. The Company considers that its properties are generally in good condition and well maintained and are suitable and adequate to carry on the Company's business.

The significant facilities of the Company are briefly described below:

Location	Facility and Use	Size in Square Feet
Chicago Area (1)	General Offices & National Distribution Center	2,041,
Kansas City, MO (1)	Regional Distribution Center	1,435,
Greenville County, SC (1)	Regional Distribution Center	1,090,
United States (1)	Six Distribution Centers	1,709,
United States (2)	388 Grainger Industrial Supply branch locations	7,631,
United States and Mexico (3)	All other facilities	1,710,
Canada (4)	184 AGI facilities	2,270,
	Total square feet	17,886,

- (1) These facilities are either owned or leased with most leases expiring between 2002 and 2011. The owned facilities are not subject to any mortgages.
- (2) Grainger Industrial Supply branches consist of 285 owned and 103 leased properties. The owned facilities are not subject to any mortgages.
- (3) Other facilities represent owned and leased general branch offices, distribution centers, and branches. Two branches are located in Puerto Rico and five are located in Mexico. The owned facilities are not subject to any mortgages.
- (4) AGI facilities consist of general offices, distribution centers, and branches that are either owned or leased. The owned facilities are not subject to any mortgages.

## Item 3: Legal Proceedings



There are pending various legal and administrative proceedings involving the Company that are incidental to the business. It is not expected that the outcome of any such proceeding will have a material adverse effect upon the Company's consolidated financial position or its results of operations.

**Item 4: Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders**

No matters were submitted to a vote of security holders during the fourth quarter of 2001.

**Executive Officers of the Company**

Following is information about the Executive Officers of the Company as of March 1, 2002.

Executive Officers of the Company generally serve until the next annual election of officers, or until earlier resignation or removal.

Name and Age	Positions and Offices Held and Principal Occupations and Employment During the Past Five
Wesley M. Clark (49)	President and Chief Operating Officer, a position assumed in 2001. Before assuming the last-mentioned position in 1997, Mr. Clark was Senior Vice President, Operations and Quality.
Timothy M. Ferrarell (45)	Senior Vice President, Enterprise Systems, a position assumed in 2001. Before assuming the last-mentioned position in 1998, Mr. Ferrarell served as Vice President, Marketing. Previously, he served as Vice President, Marketing.
Nancy A. Hobor (55)	Vice President, Communications and Investor Relations. Before joining the Company in 1999, Ms. Hobor was Vice President, Corporate Communications and Investor Relations at Morton International, Inc.
John L. Howard (44)	Senior Vice President and General Counsel. Before joining the Company in 2001, Mr. Howard was Vice President and General Counsel of Tenneco Automotive. Previously, he served as Vice President, Law and Assistant General Counsel at Tenneco Automotive.
Richard L. Keyser (59)	Chairman of the Board, a position assumed in 1997, and Chief Executive Officer, a position assumed in 1995. Previously, Mr. Keyser served as the Chief Operating Officer.
Larry J. Loizzo (47)	Vice President of the Company and President of Lab Safety Supplies, a position assumed in 2001.
P. Ogden Loux (59)	Senior Vice President, Finance and Chief Financial Officer, a position assumed in 2001. Before assuming the last-mentioned position in 1997, Mr. Loux was Vice President, Finance.
Peter M. Perez (48)	Senior Vice President, Human Resources. Before joining the Company in 2001, Mr. Perez was Chief Human Resource Officer at Alliant Exchange/Clayton DuPont. Previously, he was Senior Vice President, Human Resources of White Claw Cola.
James T. Ryan (43)	Executive Vice President, Marketing, Sales and Service. Until joining the Company in 2001, Mr. Ryan served as Vice President of the Company and Chief Marketing Officer. Previously, he served as Vice President, Information Services.
John A. Schweig (44)	Senior Vice President, Business Development and International.
John W. Slayton, Jr. (56)	Senior Vice President, Supply Chain Management, a position assumed in 2001. Before assuming the last-mentioned position in 1997, Mr. Slayton was Senior Vice President, Product Management.

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**PART II**
**Item 5: Markets for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Shareholder Matters**

The Company's common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange and the Chicago Stock Exchange, with the ticker symbol GWW. The high and low sales prices for the common stock and the dividends declared and paid for each calendar quarter during 2001 and 2000 are shown below.

Quarters	Prices		Dividends	
	High	Low		
2001	First	\$39.78	\$29.51	\$0.170
	Second	48.00	32.00	0.175
	Third	45.25	36.86	0.175
	Fourth	48.99	37.85	0.175
	Year	\$48.99	\$29.51	\$0.695
2000	First	\$56.88	\$37.25	\$0.160
	Second	55.69	29.38	0.170
	Third	34.75	25.13	0.170
	Fourth	40.00	24.31	0.170
	Year	\$56.88	\$24.31	\$0.670

The approximate number of shareholders of record of the Company's common stock as of March 4, 2002 was 1,700.

**Item 6: Selected Financial Data**

	Years Ended December		
	2001	2000	1999
	(In thousands of dollars except for		
Net sales.....	\$4,754,317	\$4,977,044	\$4,636,275
Net earnings.....	174,530	192,903	180,731
Net earnings per basic share.....	1.87	2.07	1.95
Net earnings per diluted share.....	1.84	2.05	1.92
Total assets.....	2,331,246	2,459,601	2,564,826
Long-term debt.....	118,219	125,258	124,928
Cash dividends paid per share.....	\$ 0.695	\$ 0.670	\$ 0.630

The results for 2001 included a non-recurring after-tax charge of \$36,650,000, or \$0.39 per share.

The results for 2000 included an after-tax gain of \$17,860,000, or \$0.19 per share, related to sales of investment securities. For further information see Item 7: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and Note 3 and Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Item 7: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and the Results of Operations****RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The following table is included as an aid to understanding changes in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

	Years Ended Dec		
	Items in Consolidated Statements of Earnings as a Percent of Net Sales		
	2001	2000	1999
Net sales.....	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of merchandise sold.....	66.6	68.2	67.4
Operating expenses.....	26.3	25.1	25.8
Operating earnings.....	7.1	6.7	6.8
Other deductions, net.....	0.8	0.0	0.3
Income taxes.....	2.6	2.8	2.6
Net earnings.....	3.7%	3.9%	3.9%

### **Company Net Sales-- 2001 Compared to 2000**

The Company's net sales of \$4,754,317,000 for 2001 decreased 4.5% from net sales of \$4,977,044,000 for 2000. This decrease resulted from a 5.2% decrease in the Branch-based Distribution Businesses segment, a 46.2% decrease in the Digital Businesses segment, and a 1.6% decrease at Lab Safety Supply, partially offset by a 5.5% increase in the Other Businesses of the Company. The year 2001 had the same number of sales days as 2000 (255). Sales performance was affected by the general weakness in the North American economy and worsened by quarter throughout the year.

### **Segment Net Sales**

The following comments at the segment level include external and intersegment net sales; those comments at the business unit level include external and inter- and intrasegment net sales. For segment information see Note 19 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### **Branch-based Distribution Businesses**

Net sales at the Branch-based Distribution Businesses amounted to \$4,251,596,000 in 2001, a 5.2% decrease as compared with 2000 sales of \$4,483,777,000.

Sales in the United States decreased in 2001 as compared with 2000 primarily due to the recession in the United States. Also contributing to the decline was a decrease in the sales of seasonal products due to relatively mild weather in the summer and winter seasons. Sales to government accounts increased while other categories declined.

Sales were favorably affected by continued momentum in the Company's Internet strategy. For 2001, Grainger.com processed sales of approximately \$333,000,000, a 24.7% increase from the \$267,000,000 processed in 2000.

In Canada, average daily sales decreased 2.8% in 2001 as compared with 2000. This decrease was driven primarily by an unfavorable Canadian exchange rate. In local currency, average daily sales increased 1.3% in 2001 as compared with 2000. The growth in Canada was driven primarily by an improvement in the oil and gas sector of the economy, partially offset by the impact of the weakness in other sectors of the Canadian economy. The Company's Canadian operations also experienced a negative sales trend with sales declining in the second half of the year on a comparative basis with 2000.

In Mexico, average daily sales decreased 17.0% in 2001 as compared with 2000. This sales performance reflects the weakness in the automotive and electronics manufacturing industries, deterioration of the Mexican economy, along with the impact of the recession in the United States.

### **Digital Businesses**

Net sales at the Digital Businesses amounted to \$29,979,000 in 2001, a 46.2% decrease as compared with 2000 sales of \$55,683,000. Net sales for this segment represented product sales and service fee revenues for FindMRO and service fee revenues for the rest of Material Logic.

On April 23, 2001, the Company announced that it would shut down the operations of Material Logic with the exception of FindMRO. In connection with this announcement, the Company took a pretax, non-recurring charge of \$39.1 million in 2001. FindMRO was then established as an operating unit separate from Material Logic. Effective June 1, 2001, FindMRO was added to the Branch-based Distribution Businesses. Beginning with the 2001 third quarter, the Digital Businesses segment ceased operations. For additional information, see Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### **Lab Safety Supply**

Net sales at Lab Safety Supply amounted to \$324,797,000 in 2001, a 1.6% decrease compared with 2000 sales of \$330,108,000. Lab Safety Supply's sales included the results of The Ben Meadows Co., an acquisition made in the 2001 first quarter. Excluding the sales of The Ben Meadows Co., 2001 sales would have been down 6.2% when compared with 2000, primarily the result of weak sales in the nation's industrial sector.

### **Other Businesses**

Net sales at the Other Businesses amounted to \$190,811,000 in 2001, a 5.5% increase over 2000 sales of \$180,852,000. Sales growth for this group of businesses was primarily related to a strong sales increase at Grainger Integrated Supply. Sales for this business unit included product sales and management fees.

### **Company Net Sales-- 2000 Compared to 1999**

The Company's net sales of \$4,977,044,000 for 2000 increased 7.4% from net sales of \$4,636,275,000 for 1999. This increase resulted from a 6.5% increase in the Branch-based Distribution Businesses segment, a 1,769.2% increase in the Digital Businesses segment, a 5.3% increase at Lab Safety Supply, and a 43.7% increase in the Other Businesses of the Company. The year 2000 had one more sales day than did 1999 (255 versus 254). On a daily basis the Company's net sales increased 6.9%.

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Sales growth for 2000 was primarily volume driven, reflecting growth in the Branch-based Businesses, especially in Canada and Mexico; strong growth at Grainger Integrated Supply; and continued strong growth in sales processed through the Company's Internet sites.

Sales processed through the Company's Internet businesses, as represented by the Digital segment plus Grainger.com, amounted to \$337,000,000 in 2000, a 230% increase as compared with \$102,000,000 for the year 1999.

The Company's sales growth during the fourth quarter of 2000 was negatively affected by a slowing economy.

### **Segment Net Sales**

The following comments at the segment level include external and intersegment net sales; those comments at the business unit level include external and inter- and intrasegment net sales. For segment information see Note 19 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### **Branch-based Distribution Businesses**

Net sales at the Branch-based Distribution Businesses amounted to \$4,483,777,000 in 2000, a 6.5% increase over 1999 sales of \$4,211,316,000. Average daily sales increased by 6.1%.

The Company's Canadian operations experienced double-digit sales growth. The growth was the result of strong sales across most of Canada. The growth was driven by an improvement in the oil and gas, forestry, and mining sectors of the Canadian economy, gains in large customer accounts, and the opening of 10 new branches during 1999.

The Company's Mexican operations experienced double-digit sales growth reflecting the continued development of this business. This growth in sales was attributable to an expanded product offering and account penetration. In January 2000, the Company opened a second branch in Mexico.

Sales growth in the United States was driven by improved sales at Grainger Industrial Supply. Contributing to the sales growth were 35 new branches opened during 1999 and 2000. Also contributing to the sales growth was increased sales to government accounts.

Sales were also favorably affected by continued momentum in the Company's Internet initiative. Sales orders processed through Grainger.com amounted to \$267,000,000 in 2000, a 164% increase over 1999 sales of \$101,000,000.

Partially offsetting this growth was the impact of a 20% decline in third quarter sales of seasonal products resulting from relatively mild weather in the more heavily populated areas of the United States. Also, sales growth during the fourth quarter of 2000 was negatively affected by a slowing economy.

### **Digital Businesses**

Net sales at the Digital Businesses amounted to \$55,683,000 in 2000, a significant increase over 1999 sales of \$2,979,000. Sales for this group of businesses include product sales and service fee revenues for FindMRO and service fee revenues for MROverstocks.com (formerly Grainger Auction) and TotalMRO.com. FindMRO and MROverstocks.com were officially launched in November 1999. TotalMRO.com opened for business on March 31, 2000.

### **Lab Safety Supply**

Net sales at Lab Safety Supply amounted to \$330,108,000, a 5.3% increase over 1999 sales of \$313,533,000. This increase reflects the continued growth in sales of industrial products and expanded market share attained through new customers and further penetration of existing accounts. Partially offsetting this increase was a decline in sales of safety products resulting from a slowing of the industrial economy in the United States.

### **Other Businesses**

Net sales at the Other Businesses amounted to \$180,852,000 in 2000, a 43.7% increase over 1999 sales of \$125,882,000.

Sales growth for this group of businesses was primarily related to a strong sales increase at Grainger Integrated Supply. Sales for this business unit include product sales and management fees. Growth was driven by new

engagements, contract renewals, and scope expansions, reflecting increasing demand for this outsourcing business, which provides fee-based, on-site indirect materials management services to large businesses.

### **Company Net Earnings-- 2001 Compared to 2000**

The Company's net earnings of \$174,530,000 for 2001 decreased 9.5% compared with 2000 net earnings of \$192,903,000. The Company's earnings per share for the year declined 10.2% to \$1.84 in 2001 from \$2.05 in 2000. The results for 2001 included a non-recurring, after-tax charge of \$36,650,000, or \$0.39 per share. The results for 2000 included an after-tax gain of \$17,860,000, or \$0.19 per share, related to sales of investment securities. Excluding these non-recurring items from both periods, net earnings increased 20.6% to \$211,180,000 in 2001 from \$175,043,000 in 2000 and earnings per share increased 19.9% to \$2.23 in 2001 from \$1.86 in 2000.

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### **Segment Operating Earnings**

The following comments at the segment level include external and intersegment operating earnings; those comments at the business unit level include external and inter- and intrasegment operating earnings. For segment information see Note 19 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Branch-based Distribution Businesses**

Operating earnings of \$386,331,000 declined 2.7% in 2001 as compared with \$397,252,000 for 2000. Lower sales and an increase in operating expenses contributed to the decline in operating earnings, partially offset by a higher gross profit margin.

Operating expenses increased 1.9% in 2001 versus 2000. Operating expenses increased due to higher occupancy expenses, including the effect of start-up costs relating to the opening of two new distribution centers, increased data processing expenses and increased employee benefits costs. These factors were partially offset by lower travel and entertainment expenses and lower advertising expenses.

The gross profit margin was affected by selected pricing actions in 2001 intended to cover freight and supplier cost increases, and lower sales of seasonal products. Historically, the sales of seasonal products have lower than average gross profit margins.

#### **Digital Businesses**

On April 23, 2001, the Company announced that it would shut down the operations of Material Logic with the exception of FindMRO. In connection with this announcement, the Company took a pretax, non-recurring charge of \$39,070,000 in 2001. FindMRO was then established as an operating unit separate from Material Logic. Effective June 1, 2001, FindMRO was added to the Branch-based Distribution Businesses. Beginning with the 2001 third quarter, the Digital Businesses segment ceased operations.

The Digital Businesses incurred operating losses of \$49,227,000 in 2001 which included the non-recurring charge of \$39,070,000 mentioned above. This compares with operating losses of \$48,207,000 in 2000. For additional information, see Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Lab Safety Supply**

Operating earnings of \$51,114,000 decreased 7.1% in 2001 as compared with \$55,037,000 for 2000. The decrease in operating earnings was impacted by the decline in net sales and an increase in payroll and employee benefits costs,

and increased data processing costs.

### **Other Businesses**

The Other Businesses achieved operating income of \$449,000 in 2001 compared with operating losses of \$13,257,000 in 2000. This increase was primarily attributable to improved operating results at Grainger Integrated Supply. These results were achieved by eliminating or renegotiating unprofitable contracts and by reducing its cost structure through improved productivity.

### **Other Income Statement Data**

Other income or deductions included the following non-recurring items:

1. In 2001, a \$25,123,000 loss relating to investments in digital enterprises.
2. In 2000, a gain of \$30,017,000 from the sale of investment securities.

Excluding the non-recurring items from both periods, the year 2001 had a net deduction of \$16,170,000 versus a net deduction of \$33,542,000 in the comparable 2000 period. The difference was primarily attributable to lower interest expense.

The Company's effective tax rate was 41.3% and 41.8% in 2001 and 2000, respectively. The rate decrease in 2001 as compared with 2000 was primarily due to the following two items, which lowered the effective tax rate for 2001 when compared with 2000:

1. Lower amounts of losses in unconsolidated entities; and
2. The tax impact of the write-off of investments in unconsolidated entities, which had tax benefits disproportionate to the loss incurred.

These items were partially offset by the tax impact of capital losses which are not deductible in the absence of capital gains.

Excluding the effect of these items, the effective tax rate was 40.5% for both 2001 and 2000.

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### **Company Net Earnings-- 2000 Compared to 1999**

The Company's net earnings of \$192,903,000 for 2000 increased 6.7% as compared with 1999 net earnings of \$180,731,000. This increase resulted from higher operating earnings and lower other deductions, partially offset by a higher effective income tax rate.

Operating earnings improved at the Branch-based Distribution Businesses and at Lab Safety Supply. Also, the operating losses at the Other Businesses decreased. These improvements were partially offset by the increased operating losses at the Digital Businesses.

### **Segment Operating Earnings**

The following comments at the segment level include external and intersegment operating earnings; those comments at the business unit level include external and inter- and intrasegment operating earnings. For segment information see Note 19 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### **Branch-based Distribution Businesses**

Operating earnings at the Branch-based Distribution Businesses amounted to \$397,252,000 in 2000, an 11.0% increase over 1999 operating earnings of \$357,925,000. This improvement in operating earnings was greater than the sales increase because operating expenses grew at a slower rate than the growth in sales, partially offset by lower gross profit margins.

Operating expenses increased 2%, primarily the result of productivity improvements. Partially offsetting these improvements were higher data processing expenses (including increased depreciation, amortization, and systems maintenance costs) and increased bad debt provisions.

Gross profit margins decreased 0.67 percentage point as compared to 1999. Of note are the following factors affecting the gross profit margin:

1. Grainger Industrial Supply's gross profit margin declined. This decline was primarily due to an unfavorable change in selling price category mix resulting from increased sales of sourced products and to higher freight costs. The above factors were partially offset by selected price increases during the 2000 third quarter. The price increases were intended to recover freight and supplier cost increases.
2. Acklands-Grainger Inc. had a lower gross profit margin primarily due to an unfavorable change in selling price category mix as a result of increased sales to large customers.

### **Digital Businesses**

The Digital Businesses incurred operating losses of \$48,207,000 in 2000 compared with operating losses of \$20,560,000 in 1999. During 2000 the Company continued to invest in developing, enhancing, operating, and marketing these digital businesses.

Total operating expenses associated with the Company's Internet initiatives, as represented by this segment plus Grainger.com (which is included in the Branch-based Distribution Businesses segment), were \$108,000,000 in 2000 as compared with \$42,000,000 in 1999.

On August 1, 2000, the Company combined OrderZone.com with Works.com, a leading Internet purchasing service. This combination was designed to provide small and mid-size businesses with online purchasing services for indirect business products. The Company received a 40% interest in the combined entity and recognized a proportionate share of earnings or losses as part of Other Deductions.

On January 26, 2001, the Company announced the consolidation of FindMRO, MROOverstocks.com, and TotalMRO.com into a separate organization, Material Logic. Participation was sought from MRO distributors to establish Material Logic as an industry-backed, industry-funded independent entity that would own and operate these businesses. Material Logic was also expected to include related consulting, implementation, and content services.

### **Lab Safety Supply**

Operating earnings at Lab Safety Supply amounted to \$55,037,000 in 2000, a 28.4% increase over 1999 operating earnings of \$42,878,000. This increase resulted from improved operating performance and the elimination of expenses related to certain fully amortized intangibles.

### **Other Businesses**

The Other Businesses of the Company incurred operating losses of \$13,257,000 in 2000 compared with operating losses of \$16,306,000 in 1999. The lower operating losses for this group of companies was a function of improved performance at all of the businesses grouped under this caption, including Grainger Integrated Supply.



## Other Income Statement Data

Interest expense of \$24,403,000 for 2000 increased by \$8,807,000 as compared with 1999. This increase resulted from higher average borrowings, higher average interest rates paid on all outstanding debt, and lower capitalized interest.

The equity in losses of unconsolidated entities (after tax) primarily related to the Company's interest in Works.com, which was acquired during the 2000 third quarter.

Unclassified net income for 2000 was \$29,842,000 versus \$512,000 for 1999. The year 2000 included a \$30,017,000 gain from the sales of investment securities.

The Company's effective income tax rate was 41.8% for 2000 and 40.5% for 1999. The increase in the effective income tax rate relates to the loss on equity interest in unconsolidated entities, which is a net of tax number. Excluding the effect of these joint venture losses, the effective income tax rate was 40.5% for both years.

## FINANCIAL CONDITION

Working capital was \$838,800,000 at December 31, 2001, compared with \$735,678,000 at December 31, 2000, and \$600,611,000 at December 31, 1999. The ratio of current assets to current liabilities was 2.5, 2.0, and 1.7, at such dates.

Net cash flows from operations of \$510,794,000 in 2001, \$277,757,000 in 2000, and \$37,240,000 in 1999, have continued to improve the Company's financial position and serve as the primary source of funding for capital requirements. For information as to the Company's cash flows, see Item 8: Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

In each of the past three years, a portion of working capital has been used for additions to property, buildings, equipment, and capitalized software as summarized in the following table.

	2001	2000
	-----	-----
	(In thousands of dol	
Land, buildings, structures, and improvements .....	\$ 26,534	\$ 32,822
Furniture, fixtures, machinery, and equipment .....	73,917	32,685
	-----	-----
Capitalized software .....	100,451	65,507
	6,717	29,406
	-----	-----
Total .....	\$ 107,168	\$ 94,913
	=====	=====

The Company repurchased 1,820,000 shares of its common stock during 2001, 31,400 shares of its common stock during 2000, and 355,300 shares of its common stock during 1999. As of December 31, 2001, approximately 3,500,000 shares of common stock remained available under the Company's repurchase authorization.

Dividends paid to shareholders were \$65,445,000 in 2001, \$62,863,000 in 2000, and \$58,817,000 in 1999.

Internally generated funds have been the primary source of working capital and funds needed for expanding the business, supplemented by debt as circumstances dictated. In addition to continuing facilities optimization efforts, business development, and systems and other infrastructure enhancements, funds are being expended to enhance the Company's Internet initiatives.

The Company maintains a debt ratio and liquidity position that provide flexibility in funding working capital needs and long-term cash requirements. In addition to internally generated funds, the Company has various sources of financing available, including commercial paper sales and bank borrowings under lines of credit and otherwise. Total debt as a percent of Shareholders' Equity was 8%, 21%, and 30% at December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

### **INFLATION AND CHANGING PRICES**

Inflation during the last three years has not had a significant effect on operations. The predominant use of the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method of accounting for inventories and accelerated depreciation methods for financial reporting and income tax purposes result in a substantial recognition of the effects of inflation in the primary financial statements.

The major impact of inflation is on buildings and improvements, where the gap between historic cost and replacement cost continues to be significant for these long-lived assets. The related depreciation expense associated with these assets increases significantly when adjusting for the cumulative effect of inflation.

The Company believes the most positive means to combat inflation and advance the interests of investors lies in continued application of basic business principles, which include improving productivity, increasing working capital turnover, and offering products and services which can command appropriate price levels in the marketplace.

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### **FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

Throughout this Form 10-K are forward-looking statements under the federal securities laws. The forward-looking statements relate to the Company's expected future financial results and business plans, strategies, and objectives and are not historical facts. They are often identified by qualifiers such as: will, intended, is transitioning, or similar expressions. There are risks and uncertainties the outcome of which could cause the Company's results to differ materially from what is projected.

Factors that may affect forward-looking statements include the following: higher product costs or other expenses; a major loss of customers; increased competitive pricing pressure on the Company's businesses; failure to develop or implement new technologies or other business strategies; the outcome of pending and future litigation and governmental proceedings; changes in laws and regulations; facilities disruptions or shutdowns, natural and other catastrophes; unanticipated weather conditions; and other difficulties in achieving or improving margins or financial performance.

Trends and projections could also be affected by general industry and market conditions, gross domestic product growth rates, general economic conditions, including interest rate and currency rate fluctuations, global and other conflicts, and other factors.

#### **Item 7A: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

The Company is exposed to foreign currency exchange risk related to its transactions, assets, and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. The Company partially hedges the net Canadian dollar investment of its Canadian subsidiary with borrowings denominated in Canadian dollars. See Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding this Canadian dollar denominated financing. For 2001, a uniform 10 percent strengthening of the U.S. dollar relative to foreign currencies in which the Company's sales are made would not have had a material effect on net income. This sensitivity analysis of the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates does not factor in potential changes in sales levels or local currency prices.

The Company also is exposed to interest rate risk in its debt portfolio. All of the Company's long-term debt at December 31, 2001, is variable rate debt. See Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the maturity schedule of the debt outstanding as of December 31, 2001. For 2001, a one percentage point increase in interest rates paid by the Company would result in a decrease in net income of approximately \$0.9 million. This sensitivity analysis of the effects of changes in interest rates on long-term debt does not factor in potential changes in exchange rates or long-term debt levels.

The Company is not exposed to commodity price risk since it purchases its goods for resale and does not purchase commodities directly.

**Item 8: Financial Statements and Supplementary Data**

The financial statements and supplementary data are included on pages 18 to 42. See the Index to Financial Statements and Supplementary Data on page 17.

**Item 9: Disagreements on Accounting and Financial Disclosure**

None.

**PART III**

**Item 10: Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant**

Information regarding directors of the Company will be set forth in the Company's proxy statement relating to the annual meeting of shareholders to be held April 24, 2002, and, to the extent required, is incorporated herein by reference. Information regarding executive officers of the Company is set forth under the caption "Executive Officers of the Company."

**Item 11: Executive Compensation**

Information regarding executive compensation will be set forth in the Company's proxy statement relating to the annual meeting of shareholders to be held April 24, 2002, and, to the extent required, is incorporated herein by reference.

**Item 12: Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management**

Information regarding security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management will be set forth in the Company's proxy statement relating to the annual meeting of shareholders to be held April 24, 2002, and, to the extent required, is incorporated herein by reference.

**Item 13: Certain Relationships and Related Transactions**

Information regarding certain relationships and related transactions will be set forth in the Company's proxy statement relating to the annual meeting of shareholders to be held April 24, 2002, and, to the extent required, is incorporated herein by reference.

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**PART IV**

**Item 14: Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedule, and Reports on Form 8-K**

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- (a) 1. Financial Statements. See Index to Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.
2. Financial Statement Schedule. See Index to Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.
3. Exhibits:
- (3) (a) Restated Articles of Incorporation dated April 27, 1994, incorporated 3(i) to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter e
- (b) Bylaws, as amended, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3 to the Com on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2001.
- (10) Material Contracts:
- (a) No instruments which define the rights of holders of the Company's In Revenue Bonds are filed herewith, pursuant to the exemption contained 601(b)(4)(iii). The Company hereby agrees to furnish to the Securities Commission, upon request, a copy of any such instrument.
- (b) Compensatory Plans or Arrangements
- (i) Director Stock Plan, as amended, incorporated by reference to Exhibit Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31,
- (ii) Office of the Chairman Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to A Company's Proxy Statement dated March 26, 1997.
- (iii) 1990 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan, as amended.
- (iv) 2001 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan, as amended.
- (v) Executive Death Benefit Plan, as amended.
- (vi) Executive Deferred Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Ex Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31,
- (vii) 1985 Executive Deferred Compensation Plan, as amended, incorporated b 10(d)(vii) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year e
- (viii) Supplemental Profit Sharing Plan, as amended.
- (ix) Form of Change in Control Employment Agreement between the Company and executive officers, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(c) to the on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999.
- (11) Computations of Earnings Per Share. See Index to Financial Statements and Supplem
- (21) Subsidiaries of the Company.
- (23) Consent of Independent Certified Public Accountants. See Index to Financial State Data.
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K. No reports on Form 8-K were filed during the last quarter of 2001.

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### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly issued this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

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DATE: March 19, 2002

W.W. GRAINGER, INC.

By: /s/ R. L. Keyser  
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R. L. Keyser  
Chairman of the Board  
and Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ P. O. Loux  
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P. O. Loux  
Senior Vice President, Finance  
and Chief Financial Officer

/s/ Brian P. Anderson      March 19, 2002  
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Brian P. Anderson  
Director

/s/ Neil S. Novich      March 19, 2002  
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Neil S. Novich  
Director

/s/ Wesley M. Clark      March 19, 2002  
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Wesley M. Clark  
Director

/s/ James D. Slavik      March 19, 2002  
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James D. Slavik  
Director

/s/ Wilbur H. Gantz      March 19, 2002  
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Wilbur H. Gantz  
Director

/s/ Harold B. Smith      March 19, 2002  
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Harold B. Smith  
Director

/s/ David W. Grainger      March 19, 2002  
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David W. Grainger  
Director

/s/ Fred L. Turner      March 19, 2002  
-----  
Fred L. Turner  
Director

/s/ Frederick A. Krehbiel      March 19, 2002  
-----  
Frederick A. Krehbiel  
Director

/s/ Janiece S. Webb      March 19, 2002  
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Janiece S. Webb  
Director

/s/ John W. McCarter, Jr.      March 19, 2002  
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John W. McCarter, Jr.  
Director

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**INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA**

December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.....

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

    CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS.....

    CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS.....

    CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

        ASSETS.....

        LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY.....

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SCHEDULE II - ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS.....

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EXHIBIT 23 - CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.....

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

Shareholders and Board of Directors

W.W. Grainger, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of W.W. Grainger, Inc., and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, and the related consolidated statements of earnings, comprehensive earnings, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of W.W. Grainger, Inc., and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, and the consolidated results of their operations and their consolidated cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have also audited Schedule II of W.W. Grainger, Inc., and Subsidiaries for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999. In our opinion, this Schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information required to be set forth therein.

GRANT THORNTON LLP

Chicago, Illinois

January 28, 2002

**W.W. Grainger, Inc., and Subsidiaries**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS**

(In thousands of dollars except for per share amounts)

	2001	Years En
Net sales .....	\$ 4,754,317	\$
Cost of merchandise sold .....	3,165,030	
Gross profit .....	1,589,287	
Warehousing, marketing, and administrative expenses .....	1,211,644	
Restructuring charges .....	39,070	
Total operating expenses .....	1,250,714	
Operating earnings .....	338,573	
Other income or (deductions)		
Interest income .....	2,827	
Interest expense .....	(10,674)	
Equity in loss of unconsolidated entities .....	(7,205)	
Loss on liquidation of equity in unconsolidated entity .....	(20,123)	
Unclassified--net .....	(6,118)	
Earnings before income taxes .....	297,280	
Income taxes .....	122,750	
Net earnings .....	\$ 174,530	\$
Earnings per share:		
Basic .....	\$ 1.87	\$
Diluted .....	\$ 1.84	\$

Weighted average number of shares outstanding:		
Basic .....	93,189,132	9
	=====	=====
Diluted .....	94,727,868	9
	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**W.W. Grainger, Inc., and Subsidiaries**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS**

(In thousands of dollars)

	Years En	
	2001	
	-----	-----
Net earnings .....	\$ 174,530	\$
Other comprehensive earnings (loss) net of tax:		
Foreign currency translation adjustments .....	(15,457)	
Gain (loss) on investment securities:		
Unrealized holding gain (loss) .....	4,820	
Reclassification adjustments for realized gains included in net earnings .....	(84)	
	-----	-----
	(10,721)	
	-----	-----
Comprehensive earnings .....	\$ 163,809	\$
	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**W.W. Grainger, Inc., and Subsidiaries**

**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(In thousands of dollars)

	Dece	
	2001	
	-----	-----
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents .....	\$ 168,846	\$
Accounts receivable, less allowances for doubtful accounts of \$30,552 for 2001, \$23,436 for 2000, and \$18,369 for 1999 .....	454,180	
Inventories .....	634,654	
Prepaid expenses .....	37,477	
Deferred income tax benefits .....	97,454	
	-----	-----
Total current assets .....	1,392,611	1
PROPERTY, BUILDINGS, AND EQUIPMENT		



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Land .....	150,335	
Buildings, structures, and improvements .....	722,043	
Furniture, fixtures, machinery, and equipment .....	514,046	
	1,386,424	1
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization .....	696,706	
	689,718	
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES .....	--	
INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED ENTITIES .....	4,776	
OTHER ASSETS		
Goodwill .....	177,753	
Customer lists and other intangibles .....	93,622	
	271,375	
Less accumulated amortization .....	115,892	
	155,483	
Investments .....	27,023	
Capitalized software--net .....	39,207	
Sundry .....	22,428	
	244,141	
Other assets--net .....		
TOTAL ASSETS .....	\$ 2,331,246	\$ 2

**W.W. Grainger, Inc., and Subsidiaries**

**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS - CONTINUED**

(In thousands of dollars)

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	2001	Dece
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Short-term debt .....	\$ 4,526	\$
Current maturities of long-term debt .....	12,520	
Trade accounts payable .....	275,893	
Accrued compensation and benefits .....	64,549	
Accrued contributions to employees' profit sharing plans .....	60,103	
Accrued expenses .....	127,108	
Income taxes .....	9,112	
	553,811	
Total current liabilities .....		

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LONG-TERM DEBT (less current maturities) .....	118,219	
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES .....	1,239	
ACCRUED EMPLOYMENT-RELATED BENEFITS COSTS .....	54,649	
MINORITY INTEREST .....	139	
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Cumulative Preferred Stock--		
\$5 par value--authorized, 12,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding, none .....	--	
Common Stock--\$0.50 par value--authorized, 300,000,000 shares; issued, 108,473,703 shares, 2001, 108,037,082 shares, 2000, and 107,460,978 shares, 1999 .....		
	54,237	
Additional contributed capital .....	289,201	
Retained earnings .....	1,937,972	
Unearned restricted stock compensation .....	(17,722)	
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) earnings .....	(29,553)	
Treasury stock, at cost--15,129,062 shares, 2001, 14,104,212 shares, 2000, and 14,079,292 shares, 1999 .....		
	(630,946)	
Total shareholders' equity .....	1,603,189	
	-----	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY .....	\$ 2,331,246	\$
	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**W.W. Grainger, Inc., and Subsidiaries**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(In thousands of dollars)

	Years Ende	
	2001	
	-----	-----
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net earnings .....	\$ 174,530	\$
Provision for losses on accounts receivable .....	21,483	
Depreciation and amortization:		
Property, buildings, and equipment .....	77,737	
Intangibles and goodwill .....	5,989	
Capitalized software .....	19,483	
Tax benefit of stock incentive plans .....	1,814	
(Gain) on sales of investment securities .....	(138)	
Noncash restructuring charge .....	11,996	
Asset write-downs .....	7,400	
Loss on unconsolidated entities .....	25,228	
Change in operating assets and liabilities--		

net of business acquisition and asset write-downs:	
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable .....	130,521
Decrease (increase) in inventories .....	66,446
(Increase) in prepaid expenses .....	(13,286)
(Increase) in deferred income taxes .....	(6,853)
(Decrease) increase in trade accounts payable .....	(7,168)
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities .....	12,773
(Decrease) increase in current income taxes payable .....	(26,243)
Increase in accrued employment- related benefits costs .....	5,112
Other--net .....	3,970
	-----
Net cash provided by operating activities .....	510,794
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Additions to property, buildings, and equipment .....	(100,451)
Proceeds from sale of property, buildings, and equipment--net .....	10,467
Expenditures for capitalized software .....	(6,717)
Proceeds from sales of investment securities .....	1,015
Purchases of investment securities .....	--
Net cash paid for business acquisition .....	(14,407)
Investments in unconsolidated entities .....	(5,764)
Other--net .....	180
	-----
Net cash (used in) investing activities .....	(115,677)

**W.W. Grainger, Inc., and Subsidiaries**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED**

(In thousands of dollars)

	Years Ende	
	2001	
	-----	-----
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net (decrease) increase in short-term debt .....	\$ (169,012)	\$
Long-term debt payments .....	(10,250)	
Stock options exercised .....	7,981	
Proceeds from sale of treasury stock .....	24,366	
Purchase of treasury stock--net .....	(74,631)	
Distributions (to) and contributions from minority interest .....	(91)	
Cash dividends paid .....	(65,445)	
	-----	-----
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities .....	(287,082)	
Exchange rate effect on cash and cash equivalents .....	(2,573)	
	-----	-----
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS .....	105,462	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year .....	63,384	

Cash and cash equivalents at end of year .....	\$ 168,846	\$
	=====	=====
Supplemental Cash Flow Information		
Cash payments for interest .....	\$ 10,501	\$
Cash payments for taxes .....	154,228	
Noncash Investing Activities:		
Fair value of noncash assets		
acquired in business acquisition .....	\$ 17,175	\$
Liabilities assumed in business acquisition .....	(2,768)	
Increase (decrease) in fair value		
of investment securities, net of tax effect .....	4,736	
Investment in unconsolidated entity .....	--	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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**W.W. Grainger, Inc., and Subsidiaries**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**

(In thousands of dollars except for per share amounts)

	Common Stock	Additional Contributed Capital	Retained Earnings	Unearned Restricted Stock Compensation	A C E
	-----	-----	-----	-----	
Balance at January 1, 1999.....	\$53,617	\$249,482	\$1,585,344	\$ (17,238)	
Exercise of stock options.....	97	4,411	--	--	
Issuance of 42,000 shares					
of restricted common stock.....	21	1,880	--	(1,901)	
Cancellation of 10,000 shares					
of restricted common stock.....	(5)	(375)	--	380	
Amortization of unearned					
restricted stock compensation...	--	139	--	2,178	
Purchase of 355,300 shares of treasury					
stock, net of 4,680 shares issued	--	32	--	--	
Cumulative translation adjustments	--	--	--	--	
Unrealized holding gain					
on investments, net of tax.....	--	--	--	--	
Net earnings.....	--	--	180,731	--	
Cash dividends paid					
(\$0.63 per share).....	--	--	(58,817)	--	
	-----	-----	-----	-----	
Balance at December 31, 1999.....	53,730	255,569	1,707,258	(16,581)	
Exercise of stock options.....	140	8,859	--	--	
Issuance of 367,500 shares					
of restricted common stock.....	182	15,145	--	(15,450)	
Cancellation of 70,500 shares					
of restricted common stock.....	(35)	(2,975)	--	3,010	
Amortization of unearned					
restricted stock compensation...	--	210	--	6,301	
Purchase of 31,400 shares of treasury					
stock, net of 6,440 shares issued	--	11	--	--	
Cumulative translation adjustments	--	--	--	--	

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Unrealized holding (loss) on investments, net of tax.....	--	--	--	--
Reclassification adjustments for realized gains included in net earnings..	--	--	--	--
Net earnings.....	--	--	192,903	--
Cash dividends paid (\$0.67 per share).....	--	--	(62,863)	--
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance at December 31, 2000.....	54,017	276,819	1,837,298	(22,720)
Exercise of stock options.....	166	9,476	--	--
Issuance of 247,275 shares of restricted common stock, net of 24,835 shares retained...	111	5,006	--	(8,760)
Cancellation of 114,655 shares of restricted common stock.....	(57)	(2,785)	--	4,842
Issuance of 787,020 shares of treasury stock .....	--	(72)	(8,411)	--
Remeasurement of restricted stock.	--	526	--	--
Amortization of unearned restricted stock compensation...	--	263	--	8,916
Purchase of 1,820,000 shares of treasury stock, net of 8,130 shares issued	--	(32)	--	--
Cumulative translation adjustments	--	--	--	--
Unrealized holding gain on investments, net of tax.....	--	--	--	--
Reclassification adjustments for realized gains included in net earnings..	--	--	--	--
Net earnings.....	--	--	174,530	--
Cash dividends paid (\$0.695 per share).....	--	--	(65,445)	--
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance at December 31, 2001.....	\$54,237	\$289,201	\$1,937,972	\$ (17,722)
	=====	=====	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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**W.W. Grainger, Inc., and Subsidiaries**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

**NOTE 1--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**INDUSTRY INFORMATION**

The Company is engaged in the distribution of maintenance, repair, and operating (MRO) supplies, services, and related information to businesses and institutions in North America.

**PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions are eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.

**INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED ENTITIES**

For investments in which the Company owns or controls from 20 percent to 50 percent of the voting shares, the equity method of accounting is used. The Company also accounts for investments below 20 percent using the equity method when significant influence over operating and financial policies of the investee company can be exercised for those investments. (See Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.)

#### RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts in the 2000 and 1999 financial statements, as previously reported, have been reclassified to conform to the 2001 presentation.

#### MANAGEMENT ESTIMATES

In preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

The financial statements of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are generally measured using the local currency as the functional currency. Net exchange gains or losses resulting from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations, and related long-term debt, except for those from highly inflationary economies, are recorded as a separate component of shareholders' equity.

#### INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined primarily by the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. For non-LIFO inventories, cost is determined by the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

#### COST OF MERCHANDISE SOLD

Cost of merchandise sold includes product costs and product related costs, freight-out costs, and handling costs. The Company defines handling costs as those costs incurred to fulfill a shipped sales order.

#### PROPERTY, BUILDINGS, AND EQUIPMENT

Property, buildings, and equipment are valued at cost.

For financial statement purposes, depreciation and amortization are provided in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives, principally on the declining-balance and sum-of-the-years-digits methods. The principal estimated useful lives used in determining depreciation are as follows:

Buildings, structures, and improvements.....	10 to 45 years
Furniture, fixtures, machinery, and equipment.....	3 to 10 years

Improvements to leased property are amortized over the initial terms of the respective leases or the estimated service lives of the improvements, whichever is shorter.

The Company capitalized interest costs of \$1,323,000, \$747,000, and \$3,238,000, in 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

## LONG-LIVED ASSETS

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If the fair value of an asset is determined to be less than the carrying amount of the asset, a loss is recognized for the difference.

## REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenues recognized include product sales, billings for freight and handling charges, and fees earned for services provided. The Company recognizes product sales and billings for freight and handling charges on the date products are shipped. Fee revenues are recognized on the date services are completed.

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## INCOME TAXES

Income taxes are recognized during the year in which transactions enter into the determination of financial statement income, with deferred taxes being provided for temporary differences between financial and tax reporting.

## PURCHASED TAX BENEFITS

The Company purchased tax benefits through leases as provided by the Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981. Realized tax benefits, net of repayments, are included in Deferred Income Taxes.

## OTHER COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS

The Company's other comprehensive earnings include unrealized gains on investments, net of tax, and foreign currency translation adjustments with no related income tax effects. The cumulative amount of other comprehensive (loss) earnings was \$(29,553,000), \$(18,832,000), and \$68,791,000, at December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

## ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING STANDARD

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 133, Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, effective January 1, 2001. The Company uses non-derivative financial instruments to help hedge its exposure for certain investments in foreign subsidiaries in which the net assets are exposed to currency exchange rate volatility. Adoption of SFAS No. 133 requires the Company to report the net amounts of gains and losses that arise from qualifying non-derivative hedging instruments in the cumulative translation adjustment during the reporting period. The Company's accounting treatment of SFAS No. 133 is consistent with the method it previously used under SFAS No. 52, Foreign Currency Translation.

Currency exposure related to the Company's investment in the net assets of its Canadian subsidiary, Acklands-Grainger Inc. (AGI), is partially mitigated by a foreign currency denominated debt obligation of the parent. Gains and losses associated with the debt obligation offset gains and losses in the net investment in AGI.

The amount of gain (loss) related to the foreign currency denominated debt obligation for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999 was \$7,039,000, \$4,550,000, and \$(7,028,000), respectively, and were included in accumulated other comprehensive earnings.

## NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

On July 20, 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 141, Business Combinations, and SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Intangible Assets. SFAS No. 141 is effective for all business combinations completed after June 30, 2001. SFAS No. 142 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001; however, certain provisions of this Statement apply to goodwill and other intangible assets acquired between July 1, 2001, and the effective date of SFAS No. 142. Major provisions of these Statements and their effective dates for the Company are as follows:

1. All business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001 must use the purchase method of accounting. The pooling of interest method of accounting is prohibited except for transactions initiated before July 1, 2001.
2. Intangible assets acquired in a business combination must be recorded separately from goodwill if they arise from contractual or other legal rights or are separable from the acquired entity and can be sold, transferred, licensed, rented, or exchanged, either individually or as part of a related contract, asset, or liability.
3. Goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives, acquired after June 30, 2001, are not amortized. Effective January 1, 2002, all previously recognized goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives will no longer be subject to amortization.
4. Effective January 1, 2002, goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives will be tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an impairment indicated.
5. All acquired goodwill must be assigned to reporting units for purposes of impairment testing and segment reporting.

At December 31, 2001, goodwill had a net carrying value of \$150 million. In 2001, amortization expense for goodwill was \$3,192,000 after-tax, or \$0.03 per share. The Company is currently evaluating the classification of other intangibles and the effect of impairment provisions of SFAS No. 142 and is in the process of assessing the impact of adoption on its consolidated financial statements.

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. SFAS No. 144 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001, and addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. This statement supersedes SFAS No. 121 Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of, and the accounting and reporting provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 30, Reporting the Results of Operations Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions, for the disposal of a segment of a business. The Company plans to adopt SFAS No. 144 at January 1, 2002, and has determined that adoption will not have a material effect on its results of operations or financial position.

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## **NOTE 2--BUSINESS ACQUISITION**

On February 26, 2001, Lab Safety Supply, Inc., the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, acquired The Ben Meadows Co., Inc. (Ben Meadows), of Canton, Georgia, for approximately \$14.4 million, including costs associated with the acquisition.

Ben Meadows, a privately held corporation with annual sales of \$20,000,000, is a business-to-business direct marketer specializing in equipment and supplies for the environmental and forestry management markets. The acquisition was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. Results for Ben Meadows are included in the Company's results since the date of its acquisition. Given the size of the acquisition, pro forma disclosures are not considered necessary.

## **NOTE 3--NON-RECURRING CHARGES**



On April 23, 2001, the Company announced its plans to shut down the operations of Material Logic and write down its investment in other digital activities. Material Logic was the business unit the Company formed to seek other equity participants in developing several digital operations. As a result of this action, the Company shut down all of Material Logic's branded e-commerce sites except FindMRO, which remains an integrated sourcing service for the Company's customers.

In connection with the closing of Material Logic, the Company took a non-recurring, pretax charge of \$39.1 million (after-tax \$23.2 million) in 2001. The Company provided a comprehensive separation package, including outplacement services, to the employees whose jobs were eliminated. As part of the shutdown, 166 employees were severed. Severance payments began in July 2001 and will continue until June 2004, when the last severance package expires.

In addition, the Company wrote down its investment in other digital enterprises and took a pretax charge of \$25.1 million (after-tax \$13.4 million). This included the loss on the divestiture of the Company's 40% investment in Works.com, Inc. The Company acquired its ownership in Works.com, Inc., an unrelated third party, on August 1, 2000, when the Company's OrderZone.com business unit was combined with Works.com.

The total effect of these non-recurring charges amounted to an after-tax cost of \$36.6 million, or \$0.39 per share.

The following table displays the activity and balance of the Material Logic restructuring reserve as of December 31, 2001:

	Original Provision -----	Deductions -----	Adjustment -----
		(In thousands of dollars)	
Restructuring Reserve (Operating expenses): -----			
Workforce reductions .....	\$ 17,200	\$ (9,264)	\$ (3,056)
Asset and equipment write-offs and disposals .....	5,800	(4,277)	(587)
Contractual obligations .....	5,000	(7,482)	2,482
Other shutdown costs .....	12,000	(8,570)	231
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 40,000	\$ (29,593)	\$ (930)
	=====	=====	=====

Deductions reflect cash payments of \$17,597,000 and noncash charges of \$11,996,000. The amounts in the adjustments column are reclassifications and reductions to reflect management's current estimate of costs, by expense category.

#### NOTE 4--CASH FLOWS

The Company considers investments in highly liquid debt instruments, purchased with an original maturity of ninety days or less, to be cash equivalents. For cash equivalents, the carrying amount approximates fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

#### NOTE 5--CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Company places temporary cash investments with institutions of high credit quality and, by policy, limits the amount of credit exposure to any one institution.

The Company has a broad customer base representing many diverse industries doing business in all regions of the United States as well as other areas of North America. Consequently, no significant concentration of credit risk is

considered to exist.

## NOTE 6--INVENTORIES

Inventories primarily consist of merchandise purchased for resale.

Inventories would have been \$202,390,000, \$211,801,000, and \$211,490,000, higher than reported at December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively, if the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method of inventory accounting had been used for all Company inventories. Net earnings would have (decreased) increased by \$(5,741,000), \$188,000, and \$(3,603,000), for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively, using the FIFO method of accounting. Inventories under FIFO approximate replacement cost.

## NOTE 7--INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED ENTITIES

During 2001 and 2000, the Company made investments in several Internet related start-up joint ventures.

On August 1, 2000, the Company completed a transaction that combined the assets of its OrderZone.com business with Works.com. In addition, the Company invested \$21 million in cash in Works.com and agreed to make Works.com's purchasing management service and marketplace available to the Company's small and mid-size customers through Grainger.com. For its contributions, the Company received a 40% equity stake in the combined company, which was subject to certain voting and transfer restrictions. Subsequent to August 1, 2000, the Company accounted for its interest in Works.com using the equity method. Prior to August 1, 2000, the results of OrderZone.com were included in the consolidated results of the Company. In the second quarter of 2001, the Company divested its 40% ownership share of Works.com (See Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.)

The Company also made investments in three other joint ventures. The Company accounts for these joint ventures using the equity method of accounting. The Company's ownership percentages range from 11% to 49%. As start-up businesses, the time frame or the ultimate ability to achieve profitability is uncertain. Reaching profitability is also dependent upon the entities securing sufficient capital funding to support developmental activities.

The table below summarizes the activity of these investments. The losses reflect the start-up nature of these businesses.

	Investment Cost	Cumulative Equity Losses (after-tax)	Total
	-----	-----	-----
	(In thousands of dollars)		
Balance at January 1, 2000 .....	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --
Works.com .....	32,284	(10,031)	22,253
Other equity-method investees .....	2,409	(824)	1,585
	-----	-----	-----
Balance at December 31, 2000 .....	34,693	(10,855)	23,838
Works.com .....	--	(4,608)	(4,608)
Other equity-method investees .....	5,764	(2,597)	3,167
Divestiture of Works.com .....	(17,621)	--	(17,621)
	-----	-----	-----
Balance at December 31, 2001 .....	\$ 22,836	\$ (18,060)	\$ 4,776
	=====	=====	=====

## NOTE 8--INTANGIBLES

Goodwill represents the cost in excess of net assets of acquired companies and was amortized on a straight-line basis over periods of five to forty years. The Company's goodwill is predominately denominated in Canadian dollars and, accordingly, the changes in the asset balance are due to foreign exchange rate fluctuations.

Customer lists and other intangibles are amortized on a straight-line basis over periods of seven to forty years.

Beginning in 2002, goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives will no longer be amortized but will be tested for impairment on an annual basis. (See Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements - New Accounting Pronouncements.)

**NOTE 9--INVESTMENTS**

Investments consist of marketable securities and non-publicly traded equity securities for which a market value is not readily determinable. Marketable securities are all classified as available-for-sale and are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains or losses on such securities reflected, net of taxes, as a separate component of shareholders' equity. Non-publicly traded equity securities are reported at lower of cost or estimated net realizable value. Adjustments to net realizable value are recognized in earnings. There have been no dividends earned on these investments. During 2001 and 2000, the Company sold a portion of its marketable securities investments. The gains on these sales were calculated using the specific identification method and were reported in Unclassified net.

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The original cost, realized and unrealized gains (pretax), and fair value of investments are summarized as follows:

	December 31,	
	2001	2000
	(In thousands of dollars)	
Marketable securities		
Cost .....	\$ 16,517	\$ 16,852
Unrealized gains .....	8,661	909
	-----	-----
Fair value .....	25,178	17,761
Non-publicly traded equity securities .....	1,845	10,000
	-----	-----
	\$ 27,023	\$ 27,761
	=====	=====
Proceeds from sales .....	\$ 1,015	\$ 31,665
	=====	=====
	\$ 138	\$ 30,017
	=====	=====

**NOTE 10--CAPITALIZED SOFTWARE**

Amortization of capitalized software is predominately on a straight-line basis over five years. Amortization expense was \$19,483,000, \$16,249,000, and \$9,840,000 for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

**NOTE 11--SHORT-TERM DEBT**

The following summarizes information concerning short-term debt:

2001                      2000

	-----	-----
	(In thousands of doll	
Bank Debt		
-----		
Outstanding at December 31 .....	\$ 4,526	\$ 2,972
Maximum month-end balance during the year .....	\$ 4,559	\$ 4,818
Average amount outstanding during the year .....	\$ 3,645	\$ 4,191
Weighted average interest rate during the year .....	5.3%	6.9%
Weighted average interest rate at December 31 .....	3.4%	7.4%
 Commercial Paper		
-----		
Outstanding at December 31 .....	\$ --	\$170,566
Maximum month-end balance during the year .....	\$128,632	\$300,607
Average amount outstanding during the year .....	\$ 64,438	\$247,640
Weighted average interest rate during the year .....	5.3%	6.5%
Weighted average interest rate at December 31 .....	--%	6.6%

The Company and its subsidiaries had committed lines of credit totaling \$417,564,000, \$518,344,000, and \$568,848,000 at December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively, including \$12,564,000, \$13,344,000, and \$13,848,000 denominated in Canadian dollars. A Company subsidiary also had a \$15,705,000, \$16,680,000, and \$17,311,000 uncommitted line of credit denominated in Canadian dollars as of December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively. At December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, borrowings under the subsidiary's committed lines of credit were \$4,526,000, \$2,972,000, and \$4,598,000, respectively. The Company has guaranteed these borrowings.

**NOTE 12--EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

**RETIREMENT PLANS.** A majority of the Company's employees are covered by a noncontributory profit sharing plan. This plan provides for annual employer contributions based upon a formula related primarily to earnings before federal income taxes, limited to 15% of the total compensation paid to all eligible employees. The Company also sponsors additional defined contribution and defined benefit plans, which cover most of the other employees. Provisions under all plans were \$47,621,000, \$42,353,000, and \$55,007,000 for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

**POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS.** The Company has a health care benefits plan that provides coverage to its retired employees and their dependents should they elect to maintain such coverage. A majority of the Company's employees become eligible for participation when they qualify for retirement while working for the Company.

The amounts charged to operating expense for postretirement health care benefits were \$5,348,000, \$3,767,000, and \$4,523,000 for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively. Components of the expense were:

	2001	2000
	-----	-----
	(In thousands of do	
Service cost .....	\$ 3,442	\$ 3,083
Interest cost .....	3,689	3,189
Expected return on assets .....	(1,421)	(1,563)
Amortization of transition asset (22-year amortization) ....	(143)	(143)
Amortization of unrecognized gain .....	(144)	(724)
Amortization of prior service cost .....	(75)	(75)
	-----	-----
	\$ 5,348	\$ 3,767
	=====	=====

Participation in the plan is voluntary at retirement and requires participants to make contributions toward the cost of the plan, as determined by the Company. The accounting for the health plan anticipates future cost-sharing changes to retiree contributions that will maintain the current cost-sharing ratio between the Company and the retirees.

A Group Benefit Trust has been established as the vehicle to process benefit payments. The assets of the trust are invested in Standard & Poor's 500 index funds. The assumed weighted average long-term rate of return is 6%, which is net of a 40.0% tax rate. The funding of the trust is an estimated amount which is intended to allow the maximum deductible contribution under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and was \$3,470,000, \$1,385,000, and \$1,686,000 for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation (APBO), the fair value of assets, and the funded status of the benefit obligation as of December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999 is as follows:

	2001	2000
	-----	-----
	(In thousands of dollars)	
Benefit obligation at the beginning of the year .....	\$ 49,044	\$ 40,394
Service cost .....	3,442	3,083
Interest cost .....	3,689	3,189
Plan participant contributions .....	882	762
Actuarial loss (gain) .....	7,960	3,598
Benefits paid .....	(2,206)	(1,982)
	-----	-----
Benefit obligation at the end of the year .....	62,811	49,044
	-----	-----
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year .....	20,505	22,188
Actual return on plan assets .....	(2,785)	(1,848)
Employer contributions .....	3,470	1,385
Plan participant contributions .....	882	762
Benefits paid .....	(2,206)	(1,982)
	-----	-----
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year .....	19,866	20,505
	-----	-----
Funded status .....	(42,945)	(28,539)
Unrecognized transition asset .....	(1,856)	(1,999)
Unrecognized net actuarial loss (gain) .....	8,863	(3,447)
Unrecognized prior service cost .....	(702)	(777)
	-----	-----
Accrued postretirement benefits cost .....	\$ (36,640)	\$ (34,762)
	=====	=====

To determine the APBO as of December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, the assumed weighted average discount rate used was 7.0%, 7.5%, and 7.8%, respectively. The assumed health care cost trend rate for 2002 is 8.1%. Beginning in 2003, the assumed health care cost trend rate declines on a straight-line basis until 2011, when the ultimate trend rate of 5.0% is achieved.

If the assumed health care cost trend rate increased by one percentage point for each year, the APBO as of December 31, 2001, would increase by \$11,871,000. The aggregate of the service cost and interest cost components of the 2001 net periodic postretirement benefits expense would increase by \$1,644,000.

If the assumed health care cost trend rate decreased by one percentage point for each year, the APBO as of December 31, 2001, would decrease by \$9,485,000. The aggregate of the service cost and interest cost components of the 2001

net periodic postretirement benefits expense would decrease by \$1,277,000.

**NOTE 13--LONG-TERM DEBT**

Long-term debt consisted of the following at December 31:

	2001	2000
	-----	-----
	(In thousands of do	
Uncommitted revolving credit facility .....	\$ 113,324	\$ 120,363
Industrial development revenue bonds .....	17,415	27,650
Other .....	--	15
	-----	-----
	130,739	148,028
Less current maturities .....	12,520	22,770
	-----	-----
	\$ 118,219	\$ 125,258
	=====	=====

As part of the permanent financing for a Canadian Subsidiary, the Company maintained a \$113,324,000 uncommitted revolving credit facility, denominated in Canadian dollars. The Company had \$113,324,000 outstanding at December 31, 2001, relating to this facility with an interest rate of 3.52%. The Company has the intent and the ability to refinance the obligation on a long-term basis through its credit lines and, therefore, it is included in long-term debt.

The industrial development revenue bonds include various issues that bear interest at variable rates up to 15%, or variable rates up to 78.2% of the prime rate, and come due in various amounts from 2002 through 2021. Interest rates on some of the issues are subject to change at certain dates in the future. The bondholders may require the Company to redeem certain bonds concurrent with a change in interest rates and certain other bonds annually. In addition, \$10,620,000 of these bonds had an unsecured liquidity facility available at December 31, 2001, for which the Company compensated a bank through a commitment fee of 0.07%. There were no borrowings related to this facility at December 31, 2001. The Company classified \$12,520,000 of bonds currently subject to redemption options in current maturities of long-term debt at December 31, 2001. The Company classified \$22,755,000 and \$27,650,000 of bonds subject to redemption options in current maturities of long-term debt at December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

The aggregate amounts of long-term debt maturing in each of the five years subsequent to December 31, 2001, are as follows:

	Amounts Payable Under Terms of Agreements -----	Amounts Subject to Redemption Options -----
	(In thousands of dollars)	
2002 .....	\$ --	\$ 12,520
2003 .....	113,324	--
2004 .....	--	--
2005 .....	--	4,895
2006 .....	--	--

**NOTE 14--LEASES**

The Company leases certain land, buildings, and equipment. The Company capitalizes all significant leases that qualify as capital leases.

At December 31, 2001, the approximate future minimum aggregate payments for all leases were as follows:

	Real Property	Operating Lease Personal Property
	(In thousands of do	
2002 .....	\$ 17,525	\$ 38
2003 .....	14,078	--
2004 .....	10,583	--
2005 .....	5,847	--
2006 .....	2,902	--
Thereafter .....	5,604	--
	-----	-----
Total minimum payments required .....	56,539	38
Less amounts representing sublease income .....	1,061	--
	-----	-----
	\$ 55,478	\$ 38
	=====	=====

Total rent expense, including both items under lease and items rented on a month-to-month basis, was \$18,837,000, \$20,759,000, and \$19,383,000 for 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

**NOTE 15--STOCK INCENTIVE PLANS**

The Company maintains stock incentive plans under which the Company may grant a variety of incentive awards to employees. A maximum of 14,056,828 shares of common stock were authorized for issuance under the plans in connection with awards of non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, phantom stock rights, and other stock-based awards.

The plans authorize the granting of options to purchase shares at a price of not less than 100% of the closing market price on the last trading day preceding the date of grant. The options expire no later than ten years after the date of grant.

Shares relating to terminated, surrendered or canceled options and stock appreciation rights, to forfeited restricted stock or other awards, or to transactions that result in fewer shares being issued under the plans, are again available for awards under the plans.

In 2001, a broad-based stock option grant covering 764,400 shares was made to employees who had a minimum of five years of service and who were not participants in other stock option programs.

The plans authorize the granting of restricted stock, which is held by the Company pursuant to the terms and conditions related to the applicable grants. Except for the right of disposal, holders of restricted stock have full shareholders' rights during the period of restriction, including voting rights and the right to receive dividends.

There were 247,275 shares of restricted stock issued in 2001 with a weighted average fair market value of \$33.30 per share. There were 367,500 shares of restricted stock issued in 2000 with a weighted average fair market value of

\$41.90 per share. There were 42,000 shares of restricted stock issued in 1999 with a weighted average fair market value of \$45.26 per share. The shares vest over periods from two to ten years from issuance, although accelerated vesting is provided in certain instances. Restricted stock released totaled 87,000, 5,000, and 0 shares in 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively. Compensation expense related to restricted stock awards is based upon market prices at the date of grant and is charged to earnings on a straight-line basis over the period of restriction. Total compensation expense related to restricted stock was \$8,916,000, \$6,301,000, and \$2,178,000 in 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively. In 2001, \$2,220,000 of restricted stock compensation expense related to the 2001 digital business restructuring was included in restructuring charges.

On March 26, 2001, a group of 83 executive officers and other key managers bought 787,020 treasury shares from the Company at the then-current market price of the shares. Cash proceeds from the sale, which amounted to \$24,366,000, were used by the Company to repurchase shares of the Company's stock on the open market. Executives who met a threshold purchase requirement of one times their annual base salary received a 25% matching grant of restricted stock that will vest if they remain with the Company and hold their purchased shares for a minimum of two years. The grant totaled 192,275 shares of restricted stock. Most executives financed their purchases through loans arranged with a local bank. Those executives are responsible for repaying their loans. The Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement with the bank, agreeing to purchase the loan of any defaulting executive.

During 1997, the Company adopted a Director Stock Plan in which non-employee directors participate. A total of 500,000 shares of common stock were reserved for issuance under the plan.

A retainer fee for Board service is paid to non-employee directors in the form of an annual award under the Director Stock Plan of unrestricted shares of common stock. The number of shares is equal to the retainer fee divided by the fair market value of a share of common stock at the time of the award, rounded up to the next 10-share increment. Total shares granted were 8,130, 6,480, and 4,680 in 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

Additionally, non-employee directors receive under the Director Stock Plan an annual grant, denominated in dollars, of options to purchase shares of common stock. The number of shares covered by each option is equal to the award divided by the fair market value of a share of common stock at the time of the award, rounded to the next 10-share increment. The per-share option exercise price is 100% of the fair market value of the shares. The options are fully exercisable upon award and have a ten-year term. Total options granted covered 19,200, 16,560, and 16,740 shares in 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

The Company awards stock units under the Director Stock Plan in connection with deferrals of director fees and dividend equivalents on existing stock units. A stock unit is essentially the economic equivalent of a share of common stock. Deferred fees and dividend equivalents on existing stock units are converted into stock units on the basis of the market value of the stock at the relevant time. Payment of the value of stock units generally is made after the termination of service as a director. As of December 31, 2001, ten directors held stock units. As of December 31, 2000 and 1999, nine directors held stock units. The Company recognized expense for stock units of \$419,000, \$426,000, and \$300,000 for 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively. Total stock units outstanding were 45,844, 45,765, and 43,219 as of December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

Transactions involving stock options are summarized as follows:

	Option Shares	Weighted Average Price Per Share
	-----	-----
Outstanding at January 1, 1999.....	3,790,440	\$ 35.01



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Granted .....	1,234,100	\$ 48.43
Exercised .....	(304,380)	\$ 21.49
Canceled or expired .....	(110,400)	\$ 46.23
	-----	
Outstanding at December 31, 1999 .....	4,609,760	\$ 39.23
Granted .....	1,974,650	\$ 43.17
Exercised .....	(301,860)	\$ 23.68
Canceled or expired .....	(329,140)	\$ 45.85
	-----	
Outstanding at December 31, 2000 .....	5,953,410	\$ 40.96
Granted .....	3,080,780	\$ 39.26
Exercised .....	(385,567)	\$ 26.13
Canceled or expired .....	(259,036)	\$ 42.78
	-----	
Outstanding at December 31, 2001 .....	8,389,587	\$ 40.96
	=====	

All options were issued at market price on the date of grant. Options were issued with initial vesting periods ranging from immediate to six years.

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Information about stock options outstanding at December 31, 2001, is as follows:

Options Outstanding		
Range of Exercise Prices	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)
\$25.75-\$37.25	1,862,620	3.8
\$37.50-\$43.50	4,015,747	8.8
\$43.80-\$53.63	2,511,220	7.7
	-----	-----
	8,389,587	7.4
Options Exercisable		
Range of Exercise Prices	Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$25.75-\$37.25	1,822,332	\$33.03
\$37.50-\$43.50	212,827	\$42.01
\$43.80-\$53.63	791,820	\$51.31
	-----	-----
	2,826,979	\$38.83

Shares available for future awards were 3,805,674, 768,168, and 2,717,158, at December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, the Company has elected to continue to account for stock compensation under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25. Pro forma net earnings and earnings per share, as calculated under SFAS No. 123, are as

follows:

	2001 -----	2000 -----
	(In thousands of dollars except for per share amounts)	
Net earnings .....	\$ 162,269	\$ 183,131
Earnings per share:		
Basic .....	\$ 1.74	\$ 1.97
Diluted .....	\$ 1.72	\$ 1.94

The weighted average fair value of the stock options granted during 2001, 2000, and 1999, was \$10.89, \$13.65, and \$17.26, respectively. The fair value of each option grant was estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model based on the date of the grant and the following weighted average assumptions:

	2001 -----	2000 -----
Risk-free interest rate .....	5.1%	6.4%
Expected life .....	7.0 years	7.0 years
Expected volatility .....	20.1%	20.1%
Expected dividend yield .....	1.8%	1.8%

#### NOTE 16--INCOME TAXES

The asset and liability approach of SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial bases and tax bases of assets and liabilities. Income tax expense consisted of the following:

	2001 -----	2000 -----
	(In thousands of dollars)	
Current provision:		
Federal .....	\$ 106,322	\$ 116,253
State .....	18,998	22,948
Foreign .....	6,368	7,103
Total current .....	131,688	146,304
Deferred tax benefits .....	(8,938)	(7,612)
Total provision .....	\$ 122,750	\$ 138,692

The deferred tax benefits represent the net effect of the changes in the amounts of temporary differences.

The income tax effects of temporary differences that gave rise to the net deferred tax asset as of December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were:

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	2001	2000
	-----	-----
	(In thousands of dollars)	
Current deferred tax assets:		
Inventory valuations .....	\$ 37,810	\$ 33,216
Administrative and general expenses		
deducted on a paid basis for tax purposes .....	55,850	45,582
Employment-related benefits expense .....	3,683	3,120
Other .....	111	159
	-----	-----
Total current deferred tax assets .....	\$ 97,454	\$ 82,077
	-----	-----
Noncurrent deferred tax (liabilities) assets:		
Purchased tax benefits .....	\$ (12,540)	\$ (13,283)
Temporary differences related to property,		
buildings, and equipment .....	(5,329)	(6,749)
Intangible amortization .....	3,623	8,493
Deferred tax liability of foreign investment corporation .	(11,359)	(7,553)
Employment-related benefits expense .....	25,638	24,793
Foreign net operating loss carryforwards .....	10,618	8,217
Unrealized gain on investments .....	(3,378)	(362)
Capital loss carryforwards .....	3,316	--
Other .....	2,106	3,481
	-----	-----
Total noncurrent deferred tax asset (liability) .....	12,695	17,037
Less valuation allowance .....	(13,934)	(8,217)
	-----	-----
Net noncurrent deferred tax (liability) asset .....	(1,239)	8,820
	-----	-----
Net deferred tax asset .....	\$ 96,215	\$ 90,897
	=====	=====

The purchased tax benefits represent lease agreements acquired in prior years under the provisions of the Economic Recovery Act of 1981.

At December 31, 2001, the Company has approximately \$28,000,000 of foreign operating loss carryforwards related to a foreign operation, which begin to expire in 2004. The valuation allowance represents a provision for uncertainty as to the realization of these carryforwards. In addition, the Company recorded a valuation allowance to reflect the estimated amount of deferred tax assets that may not be realized due to capital loss carryforward limitations. The changes in the valuation allowance were as follows:

	2001	2000
	-----	-----
	(In thousands of dollars)	
Beginning balance .....	\$ 8,217	\$ 6,492
Foreign net operating loss carryforwards .....	2,401	1,725
Capital loss carryforwards .....	3,316	--
	-----	-----
Ending balance .....	\$ 13,934	\$ 8,217
	=====	=====

A reconciliation of income tax expense with federal income taxes at the statutory rate follows:

2001	2000
------	------

	-----	-----
		(In thousands of do
Federal income taxes at the statutory rate .....	\$ 104,048	\$ 119,857
Foreign rate differences .....	1,725	1,578
State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefits .....	12,349	13,197
Other--net .....	4,628	4,060
	-----	-----
Income tax expense .....	\$ 122,750	\$ 138,692
	=====	=====
Effective tax rate .....	41.3%	41.8%
	=====	=====

## NOTE 17--EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is based on the combination of weighted average number of shares outstanding and dilutive potential shares.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the years ended December 31:

	2001	2000
	-----	-----
		(In thousands exce
		per share amount
Net earnings .....	\$ 174,530	\$ 192,903
	=====	=====
Denominator for basic earnings per share-- weighted average shares .....	93,189	93,004
Effect of dilutive securities-- stock-based compensation .....	1,539	1,220
	-----	-----
Denominator for diluted earnings per share--weighted average shares adjusted for dilutive securities .....	94,728	94,224
	=====	=====
Basic earnings per common share .....	\$ 1.87	\$ 2.07
	=====	=====
Diluted earnings per common share .....	\$ 1.84	\$ 2.05
	=====	=====

## NOTE 18--ISSUANCE OF PREFERRED SHARE PURCHASE RIGHTS

The Company adopted a Shareholder Rights Plan, under which there is outstanding one preferred share purchase right (Right) for each outstanding share of the Company's common stock. Each Right, under certain circumstances, may be exercised to purchase one one-hundredth of a share of Series A-1999 Junior Participating Preferred Stock (intended to be the economic equivalent of one share of the Company's common stock) at a price of \$250.00, subject to adjustment. The Rights become exercisable only after a person or a group, other than a person or group exempt under the plan, acquires or announces a tender offer for 15% or more of the Company's common stock. If a person or group, other than a person or group exempt under the plan, acquires 15% or more of the Company's common stock or if the Company is acquired in a merger or other business combination transaction, each Right generally entitles the holder, other than such person or group, to purchase, at the then-current exercise price, stock and/or other securities or assets of the Company or the acquiring company having a market value of twice the exercise price.

The Rights expire on May 15, 2009, unless earlier redeemed. They generally are redeemable at \$.001 per Right until thirty days following announcement that a person or group, other than a person or group exempt under the plan, has acquired 15% or more of the Company's common stock. The Rights do not have voting or dividend rights and, until they become exercisable, have no dilutive effect on the earnings of the Company.

---

**NOTE 19--SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The Company has three reported segments: Branch-based Distribution, Digital, and Lab Safety Supply. The Branch-based Distribution segment provides customers with solutions to their immediate MRO needs. Branch-based Distribution is an aggregation of the following business segments: Grainger Industrial Supply, Acklands-Grainger Inc. (Canada), FindMRO, Grainger.com, Grainger Export, Grainger Global Sourcing, Grainger Parts, Grainger, S.A. de C.V. (Mexico) and Grainger Caribe Inc. (Puerto Rico). The Digital segment provided e-commerce solutions to customers' MRO and other needs. The Digital segment was an aggregation of the FindMRO, MROOverstocks.com, and TotalMRO.com business segments. During 2001, the Company shut down its digital operations except for FindMRO, which became part of the Branch-based Distribution Segment. (See Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.) Lab Safety Supply is a direct marketer of safety and other industrial products. In prior years the Other Businesses category included a number of operating entities. For 2001, Grainger Integrated Supply is the only entity in the Other Businesses category.

The Company's segments offer differing ranges of services and/or products and require different resources and marketing strategies. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. Intersegment transfer prices are established at external selling prices, less costs not incurred due to the related party sale.

	2001		
	Branch-based Distribution	Digital	Lab Safety Supply
	(In thousands of dollars)		
Total net sales .....	\$4,251,596	\$ 29,979	\$ 324,797
Intersegment net sales .....	13,436	28,138	1,292
Net sales to external customers ....	4,238,160	1,841	323,505
Segment operating earnings (loss) .....	386,331	(49,227)	51,114
Segment assets .....	\$1,804,216	\$ --	\$ 114,030
Depreciation and amortization .....	75,686	1,383	8,012
Additions to long-lived assets .....	71,281	639	2,157
	2000		
	Branch-based Distribution	Digital	Lab Safety Supply
	(In thousands of dollars)		
Total net sales .....	\$4,483,777	\$ 55,683	\$ 330,108
Intersegment net sales .....	13,156	54,270	951
Net sales to external customers ....	4,470,621	1,413	329,157
Segment operating			

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earnings (loss) .....	397,252	(48,207)	55,037
Segment assets .....	\$2,016,220	\$ 9,933	\$ 111,961
Depreciation and amortization .....	74,389	1,170	9,784
Additions to long-lived assets .....	72,606	8,153	7,397

	1999		
	Branch-based Distribution	Digital	Lab Safety Supply
	----- (In thousands of dollars)		
Total net sales .....	\$4,211,316	\$ 2,979	\$ 313,533
Intersegment net sales .....	9,826	2,499	715
Net sales to external customers ....	4,201,490	480	312,818
Segment operating earnings (loss) .....	357,925	(20,560)	42,878
Segment assets .....	\$2,060,781	\$ 3,615	\$ 113,393
Depreciation and amortization .....	66,710	534	16,059
Additions to long-lived assets .....	102,835	2,560	8,855

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Following are reconciliations of the segment information with the consolidated totals per the financial statements (in thousands of dollars):

	2001	
	-----	
Operating Earnings:		
Total operating earnings for reportable segments.....	\$ 388,667	\$
Unallocated expenses.....	(50,094)	-
	-----	-
Total consolidated operating earnings.....	\$ 338,573	\$
	=====	=
Assets:		
Total assets for reportable segments.....	\$1,945,647	\$
Unallocated assets.....	385,599	-
	-----	-
Total consolidated assets.....	\$2,331,246	\$
	=====	=
Other Significant Items:		
	Segment Totals	Ad
	-----	-
Depreciation and amortization.....	\$ 85,698	\$
Additions to long-lived assets.....	\$ 74,262	\$
Geographic Information:		
United States.....		\$
Canada.....		-
Other foreign countries.....		-
		\$

	Segment Totals	Ad
Other Significant Items:		
Depreciation and amortization.....	\$ 87,677	\$
Additions to long-lived assets.....	\$ 91,146	\$

Geographic Information:		
United States.....		\$
Canada.....		
Other foreign countries.....		

	Segment Totals	Ad
Other Significant Items:		
Depreciation and amortization.....	\$ 85,558	\$
Additions to long-lived assets.....	\$ 118,951	\$

Geographic Information:		
United States.....		\$
Canada.....		
Other foreign countries.....		

Long-lived assets consist of property, buildings, equipment, capitalized software, goodwill, and other intangibles. Revenues are attributed to countries based on the location of the customer.

**NOTE 20--SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED)**

A summary of selected quarterly information for 2001 and 2000 is as follows:

	2001 Quarter Ended		
	March 31	(In thousands of dollars except for per share)	September 30
	-----	June 30	-----
Net sales .....	\$ 1,219,420	\$ 1,225,040	\$ 1,199,358
Cost of merchandise sold .....	\$ 824,509	\$ 830,124	\$ 803,507
Gross profit .....	\$ 394,911	\$ 394,916	\$ 395,851
Warehousing, marketing, and administrative expenses .....	\$ 311,222	\$ 301,228	\$ 300,474
Restructuring charges .....	\$ --	\$ 40,000	\$ --
Operating earnings .....	\$ 83,689	\$ 53,688	\$ 95,377

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Net earnings .....	\$ 42,175	\$ 14,820	\$ 56,022
Earnings per share--basic .....	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.60
Earnings per share--diluted .....	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.59

	2000 Quarter Ended		
	March 31	(In thousands of dollars except for per share)	
	-----	June 30	September 30
	-----	-----	-----
Net sales .....	\$ 1,222,449	\$ 1,271,651	\$ 1,273,038
Cost of merchandise sold .....	\$ 840,001	\$ 880,463	\$ 863,853
Gross profit .....	\$ 382,448	\$ 391,188	\$ 409,185
Warehousing, marketing, and administrative expenses .....	\$ 307,671	\$ 318,287	\$ 317,607
Operating earnings .....	\$ 74,777	\$ 72,901	\$ 91,578
Net earnings .....	\$ 41,211	\$ 55,662	\$ 48,107
Earnings per share--basic .....	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.52
Earnings per share--diluted .....	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.51

In 2001, the Company recorded non-recurring charges relating to the shutdown of its Material Logic business unit and other restructuring charges. (See Note 3 to Consolidated Financial Statements.)

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#### NOTE 21--SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On February 1, 2002, the Company finalized a joint venture agreement with Uni-Select Inc., a Canadian company, which was previously announced on October 1, 2001. The joint venture combined Uni-Select's Western Division with the automotive aftermarket division of Acklands-Grainger Inc. (AGI), which operates as Bumper to Bumper. AGI is a Canadian subsidiary of the Company. The Company will have a 50% stake in the new entity, which will be managed by Uni-Select. Annual revenues for the new company are expected to be C\$120 million. For the year 2002, this combination is expected to reduce sales for AGI by approximately US\$30-35 million, but should have no material effect on net earnings.

No gain or loss will be recognized when this transaction is finalized. As of December 31, 2001, and until February 1, 2002, the results of the Company's automotive aftermarket division are consolidated with AGI. Beginning February 2, 2002, the Company will account for its interest using the equity method.

On February 28, 2002, the Company purchased substantially all of the assets, consisting of 4,801,600 shares of Company common stock and cash, of Mountain Capital Corporation, a Nevada corporation (MCC). In exchange, the Company transferred to MCC 4,695,725 shares of Company common stock. The number of shares transferred reflects a 1.5% discount from the number of shares received, and additionally reflects other adjustments designed to reimburse the Company for its transaction expenses and for the Company's payment of certain indebtedness of MCC. The shares received by MCC from the Company were subsequently distributed to the MCC shareholders pursuant to a plan of complete liquidation of MCC.

The transaction documentation includes:

- (i) a Purchase Agreement containing the terms and conditions of the transaction,
- (ii) an Escrow Agreement providing for the pledge by MCC of 10% of the shares received in the transaction, and the pledge by the MCC shareholders of the escrowed shares, as security for the indemnification



- obligations and liabilities of MCC and the MCC shareholders, and  
 (iii) a Share Transfer Restriction Agreement providing for certain restrictions on the transfer of Company common stock received by or otherwise held by the MCC shareholders and certain other parties to that agreement.

Prior to the transaction, James D. Slavik, a Company director, was the president and a director of MCC. In addition, Mr. Slavik and certain members of his family owned all of the outstanding stock of MCC either directly or indirectly, including through family trusts of which Mr. Slavik served as trustee. Mr. Slavik was not present and did not participate in any of the deliberations of the Board of Directors or its Board Affairs and Nominating Committee relating to the review, consideration or approval of the transaction.

**W.W. Grainger, Inc., and Subsidiaries**

**SCHEDULE II-ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS  
 FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001, 2000, AND 1999**

Year -----	Balance at beginning of period -----	Charged to costs and expenses -----	Ded -----
		(In thousands of)	
2001 .....	\$ 23,436	\$ 21,483	\$
2000 .....	18,369	18,076	
1999 .....	15,951	13,585	

(a) Accounts charged off as uncollectible, less recoveries.

**EXHIBIT 11**

**W.W. Grainger, Inc., and Subsidiaries**

**COMPUTATIONS OF EARNINGS PER SHARE**

	2001 -----	-----
BASIC:		
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year .....	93,189,132	=====
Net earnings .....	\$ 174,530,000	\$
Earnings per share .....	\$ 1.87	\$
DILUTED:		

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Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year (basic) .....	93,189,132	
Potential shares:		
Shares issuable under outstanding options .....	4,155,999	
Shares which could have been purchased based on the average market value for the period .....	(3,625,281)	
	-----	
	530,718	
Dilutive effect of exercised options prior to being exercised .....	16,696	
	-----	
Shares for the portion of the period that the options were outstanding .....	547,414	
Contingently issuable shares .....	991,322	
	-----	
	1,538,736	
	-----	
Adjusted weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year .....	94,727,868	
	=====	
Net earnings .....	\$ 174,530,000	\$
	=====	
Earnings per share .....	\$ 1.84	\$
	=====	=====

EXHIBIT 23

**CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED**

**PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

We hereby consent to the incorporation of our report on page 18 of this Form 10-K by reference in the prospectuses constituting part of the Registration Statements on Form S-8 (Nos. 33-43902, 333-24215, 333-56362 and 333-61980) and on Form S-4 (No. 33-32091) of W.W. Grainger, Inc.

GRANT THORNTON LLP

Chicago, Illinois

March 19, 2002