

INVACARE CORP  
Form 10-Q  
August 06, 2009

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2009

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 001-15103

INVACARE CORPORATION  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

95-2680965  
(IRS Employer Identification No)

One Invacare Way, P.O. Box 4028, Elyria, Ohio  
(Address of principal executive offices)

44036  
(Zip Code)

(440) 329-6000  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

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(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files) Yes ☐ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check

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One). Large accelerated filer ☒ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  
Yes ☐ No ☒

As of August 4, 2009, the registrant had 31,019,577 Common Shares and 1,109,685 Class B Common Shares outstanding.

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INVACARE CORPORATION

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Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION  
Item 1. Financial Statements.

INVACARE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)

|                                                                 | June 30, 2009  | December 31, 2008 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| ASSETS                                                          | (In thousands) |                   |
| CURRENT ASSETS                                                  |                |                   |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                       | \$ 49,709      | \$ 47,516         |
| Marketable securities                                           | 144            | 72                |
| Trade receivables, net                                          | 265,321        | 266,483           |
| Installment receivables, net                                    | 3,841          | 4,267             |
| Inventories, net                                                | 180,135        | 178,737           |
| Deferred income taxes                                           | 1,873          | 2,051             |
| Other current assets                                            | 45,617         | 51,932            |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS                                            | 546,640        | 551,058           |
| OTHER ASSETS                                                    | 58,485         | 60,451            |
| OTHER INTANGIBLES                                               | 87,327         | 84,766            |
| PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET                                     | 141,193        | 143,512           |
| GOODWILL                                                        | 523,727        | 474,686           |
| TOTAL ASSETS                                                    | \$ 1,357,372   | \$ 1,314,473      |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY                            |                |                   |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES                                             |                |                   |
| Accounts payable                                                | \$ 123,356     | \$ 119,633        |
| Accrued expenses                                                | 126,876        | 143,612           |
| Accrued income taxes                                            | 604            | 3,054             |
| Short-term debt and current maturities of long-term obligations | 17,300         | 18,699            |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES                                       | 268,136        | 284,998           |
| LONG-TERM DEBT                                                  | 376,993        | 407,707           |
| OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS                                     | 94,201         | 88,826            |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY                                            |                |                   |
| Preferred shares                                                | -              | -                 |
| Common shares                                                   | 8,120          | 8,119             |
| Class B common shares                                           | 278            | 278               |
| Additional paid-in-capital                                      | 217,060        | 215,279           |
| Retained earnings                                               | 315,956        | 306,698           |
| Accumulated other comprehensive earnings                        | 124,914        | 50,789            |
| Treasury shares                                                 | (48,286)       | (48,221)          |
| TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY                                      | 618,042        | 532,942           |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY                      | \$ 1,357,372   | \$ 1,314,473      |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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INVACARE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations - (unaudited)

|                                                            | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |            | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, |            |
|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|------------|
| (In thousands except per share data)                       | 2009                           | 2008       | 2009                         | 2008       |
| Net sales                                                  | \$ 412,541                     | \$ 447,152 | \$ 810,536                   | \$ 863,430 |
| Cost of products sold                                      | 294,486                        | 322,979    | 584,013                      | 626,049    |
| Gross profit                                               | 118,055                        | 124,173    | 226,523                      | 237,381    |
| Selling, general and administrative expense                | 97,939                         | 104,520    | 192,072                      | 202,215    |
| Charge related to restructuring activities                 | 1,124                          | 859        | 1,900                        | 1,370      |
| Interest expense                                           | 8,783                          | 10,589     | 18,336                       | 21,490     |
| Interest income                                            | (352)                          | (892)      | (793)                        | (1,590)    |
| Earnings before income taxes                               | 10,561                         | 9,097      | 15,008                       | 13,896     |
| Income taxes                                               | 2,900                          | 3,750      | 4,950                        | 6,340      |
| NET EARNINGS                                               | \$ 7,661                       | \$ 5,347   | \$ 10,058                    | \$ 7,556   |
| DIVIDENDS DECLARED PER COMMON<br>SHARE                     | .0125                          | .0125      | .0250                        | .0250      |
| Net earnings per share – basic                             | \$ 0.24                        | \$ 0.17    | \$ 0.31                      | \$ 0.24    |
| Weighted average shares outstanding - basic                | 31,935                         | 31,905     | 31,933                       | 31,890     |
| Net earnings per share – assuming dilution                 | \$ 0.24                        | \$ 0.17    | \$ 0.31                      | \$ 0.24    |
| Weighted average shares outstanding -<br>assuming dilution | 31,939                         | 31,916     | 31,936                       | 31,946     |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**INVACARE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows - (unaudited)**

|                                                                                            | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, |                 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                                                                            | 2009                         | 2008            |
|                                                                                            | (In thousands)               |                 |
| <b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>                                                                |                              |                 |
| Net earnings                                                                               | \$ 10,058                    | \$ 7,556        |
| Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: |                              |                 |
| Amortization of convertible debt discount                                                  | 2,012                        | 1,794           |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                              | 19,825                       | 22,552          |
| Provision for losses on trade and installment receivables                                  | 8,397                        | 6,622           |
| Provision for other deferred liabilities                                                   | 1,378                        | 1,584           |
| Provision (benefit) for deferred income taxes                                              | 259                          | (787)           |
| Provision for stock-based compensation                                                     | 1,782                        | 1,279           |
| Loss on disposals of property and equipment                                                | 99                           | 227             |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities:                                               |                              |                 |
| Trade receivables                                                                          | 4,648                        | (30,847)        |
| Installment sales contracts, net                                                           | (1,362)                      | (2,390)         |
| Inventories                                                                                | 6,588                        | (14,065)        |
| Other current assets                                                                       | 10,501                       | (1,311)         |
| Accounts payable                                                                           | (839)                        | 11,502          |
| Accrued expenses                                                                           | (24,984)                     | (4,680)         |
| Other deferred liabilities                                                                 | 750                          | (2,004)         |
| <b>NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>                                    | <b>39,112</b>                | <b>(2,968)</b>  |
| <b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>                                                                |                              |                 |
| Purchases of property and equipment                                                        | (7,186)                      | (11,636)        |
| Proceeds from sale of property and equipment                                               | 1,049                        | 36              |
| Other long term assets                                                                     | (1,147)                      | 4,550           |
| Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired                                                | -                            | (2,152)         |
| Other                                                                                      | (145)                        | 1,509           |
| <b>NET CASH USED FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>                                              | <b>(7,429)</b>               | <b>(7,693)</b>  |
| <b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>                                                                |                              |                 |
| Proceeds from revolving lines of credit and long-term borrowings                           | 191,811                      | 177,617         |
| Payments on revolving lines of credit and long-term and capital lease obligations          | (223,815)                    | (190,536)       |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options                                                    | -                            | 821             |
| Payment of dividends                                                                       | (800)                        | (799)           |
| <b>NET CASH USED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>                                               | <b>(32,804)</b>              | <b>(12,897)</b> |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash                                                    | 3,314                        | 1,319           |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                                           | 2,193                        | (22,239)        |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period                                           | 47,516                       | 62,200          |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period                                                 | \$ 49,709                    | \$ 39,961       |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.





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INVACARE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated

Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

June 30, 2009

**Nature of Operations** - Invacare Corporation is the world's leading manufacturer and distributor in the \$8.0 billion worldwide market for medical equipment used in the home based upon our distribution channels, breadth of product line and net sales. The company designs, manufactures and distributes an extensive line of health care products for the non-acute care environment, including the home health care, retail and extended care markets.

**Principles of Consolidation** - The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the company and its wholly owned subsidiaries and includes all adjustments, which were of a normal recurring nature, necessary to present fairly the financial position of the company as of June 30, 2009, the results of its operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and changes in its cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Certain foreign subsidiaries, represented by the European segment, are consolidated using a May 31 quarter end in order to meet filing deadlines. No material subsequent events have occurred related to the European segment, which would require disclosure or adjustment to the company's financial statements. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. All significant intercompany transactions are eliminated.

**Adoption of new Accounting Standard** - In May 2009, the FASB issued SFAS 165, Subsequent Events (SFAS 165). SFAS 165 provides authoritative guidance regarding subsequent events as this guidance was previously only addressed in auditing literature. The company adopted SFAS 165 effective June 30, 2009 and the adoption had no material impact on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. The company has evaluated subsequent events through, August 6, 2009, the date of filing of this report with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

On May 9, 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position APB 14-1 (FSP APB 14-1) to provide clarification of the accounting for convertible debt that can be settled in cash upon conversion. The FASB believed this clarification was needed because the accounting that was being applied for convertible debt prior to FSP APB 14-1 did not fully reflect the true economic impact on the issuer since the conversion option was not captured as a borrowing cost and its full dilutive effect was not included in earnings per share. FSP APB 14-1 requires separate accounting for the liability and equity components of the convertible debt in a manner that would reflect Invacare's nonconvertible debt borrowing rate. Accordingly, the company had to bifurcate a component of its convertible debt as a component of stockholders' equity (\$59,012,000 as of the retrospective adoption date of February 12, 2007) and will accrete the resulting debt discount as interest expense. The company adopted FSP APB 14-1 effective January 1, 2009 and, as a result, reported interest expense increased and net earnings decreased by \$1,020,000 (\$0.03 per share) and \$910,000 (\$0.03 per share) for the quarters ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively; by \$2,012,000 (\$0.06 per share) and \$1,794,000 (\$0.06 per share) for the six month periods ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively and by \$3,695,000 (\$0.12 per share) and \$2,904,000 (\$0.09 per share) for the years 2008 and 2007, respectively. FSP APB 14-1 required retrospective application upon adoption and accordingly, amounts for 2008 and 2007 are being and will continue to be restated in the 2009 financial statements.

**Reclassifications** - Certain segment reclassifications have been made to the prior years' consolidated financial statements to conform to the presentation used for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2009 as management changed how it views segment earnings.

Use of Estimates - The consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Business Segments - The company operates in five primary business segments: North America / Home Medical Equipment (NA/HME), Invacare Supply Group (ISG), Institutional Products Group (IPG), Europe and Asia/Pacific. The NA/HME segment sells each of three primary product lines, which includes: standard, rehab and respiratory products. Invacare Supply Group sells distributed product and the Institutional Products Group sells health care furnishings and accessory products. Europe and Asia/Pacific sell all of the same product lines with the exception of distributed products. Each business segment sells to the home health care, retail and extended care markets.

Invacare distributes numerous lines of branded medical supplies including ostomy, incontinence, diabetic, interals, wound care and urology products as wells as home medical equipment, including aids for daily living. ISG also sells through the retail market.

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Invacare, operating as IPG, is a manufacturer and distributor of healthcare furnishings including beds, case goods and patient handling equipment for the long-term care markets, specialty clinical recliners for dialysis and oncology clinics and certain other home medical equipment and accessory products. The company's Asia/Pacific operations consist of Invacare Australia, which distributes the Invacare range of products which includes: manual and power wheelchairs, lifts, ramps, beds, furniture and pressure care products; Dynamic Controls, which manufactures electronic operating components used in power wheelchairs, scooters and other products; Invacare New Zealand, which distributes a wide range of home medical equipment; and Invacare Asia, which imports and distributes home medical equipment to the Asian markets.

The company's European operations operate as a "common market" company with sales throughout Europe. The European operations currently sell a line of products providing room for growth as Invacare continues to broaden its product line offerings to more closely resemble those of its North American operations. The company evaluates performance and allocates resources based on profit or loss from operations before income taxes for each reportable segment. The accounting policies of each segment are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies for the company's consolidated financial statements. Intersegment sales and transfers are based on the costs to manufacture plus a reasonable profit element.

Earnings (loss) before income tax amounts for 2008 have been restated to reflect the amortization of the convertible debt discount recorded as a result of the company's adoption of FSP APB 14-1. As a result of the restatement, earnings before income taxes decreased by \$1,020,000 and \$2,012,000 for NA/HME and the consolidated company for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, and decreased by \$910,000 and \$1,794,000 for NA/HME and the consolidated company for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively. In addition, effective January 1, 2009, segment earnings before income taxes have been changed to reflect how management currently views earnings before income taxes for the segments. Specifically, Asia/Pacific earnings before income taxes now includes profit on intercompany sales with an offsetting adjustment to All Other and NA/HME now includes a greater allocation of interest expense with an offsetting reduction for Europe. The prior year has been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. The information by segment is as follows (in thousands):

|                                                     | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |            | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, |            |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|------------|
|                                                     | 2009                           | 2008       | 2009                         | 2008       |
| Revenues from external customers                    |                                |            |                              |            |
| North America / HME                                 | \$ 188,076                     | \$ 187,163 | \$ 374,779                   | \$ 362,944 |
| Invacare Supply Group                               | 68,550                         | 64,523     | 133,863                      | 129,779    |
| Institutional Products Group                        | 21,233                         | 23,177     | 44,007                       | 48,474     |
| Europe                                              | 117,218                        | 145,977    | 225,605                      | 271,980    |
| Asia/Pacific                                        | 17,464                         | 26,312     | 32,282                       | 50,253     |
| Consolidated                                        | \$ 412,541                     | \$ 447,152 | \$ 810,536                   | \$ 863,430 |
| Intersegment Revenues                               |                                |            |                              |            |
| North America / HME                                 | \$ 14,454                      | \$ 15,310  | \$ 28,684                    | \$ 28,387  |
| Invacare Supply Group                               | 107                            | 159        | 198                          | 235        |
| Institutional Products Group                        | 279                            | 728        | 1,150                        | 1,383      |
| Europe                                              | 1,928                          | 4,183      | 3,851                        | 7,139      |
| Asia/Pacific                                        | 7,058                          | 7,679      | 15,393                       | 15,870     |
| Consolidated                                        | \$ 23,826                      | \$ 28,059  | \$ 49,276                    | \$ 53,014  |
| Charge related to restructuring before income taxes |                                |            |                              |            |
| North America / HME                                 | \$ 117                         | \$ 29      | \$ 335                       | \$ 255     |

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|                                     |           |          |           |           |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Invacare Supply Group               | -         | -        | -         | -         |
| Institutional Products Group        | -         | 115      | 171       | 115       |
| Europe                              | 338       | 557      | 624       | 783       |
| Asia/Pacific                        | 669       | 218      | 770       | 288       |
| Consolidated                        | \$ 1,124  | \$ 919   | \$ 1,900  | \$ 1,441  |
| Earnings (loss) before income taxes |           |          |           |           |
| North America / HME                 | \$ 10,588 | \$ 4,978 | \$ 15,307 | \$ 7,185  |
| Invacare Supply Group               | 1,011     | 204      | 1,875     | 793       |
| Institutional Products Group        | 610       | 371      | 3,092     | 1,369     |
| Europe                              | 7,421     | 11,431   | 11,021    | 17,608    |
| Asia/Pacific                        | (612)     | 2,625    | (337)     | 4,223     |
| All Other *                         | (8,457)   | (10,512) | (15,950)  | (17,282)  |
| Consolidated                        | \$ 10,561 | \$ 9,097 | \$ 15,008 | \$ 13,896 |

“All Other” consists of un-allocated corporate selling, general and administrative costs, which do not meet the quantitative criteria for determining reportable segments.

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Net Earnings Per Common Share - The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net earnings per common share for the periods indicated (amounts in thousands, except per share amounts).

|                                         | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |          | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, |          |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|----------|
|                                         | 2009                           | 2008     | 2009                         | 2008     |
| (In thousands, except per share data)   |                                |          |                              |          |
| <b>Basic</b>                            |                                |          |                              |          |
| Average common shares outstanding       | 31,935                         | 31,905   | 31,933                       | 31,890   |
| Net earnings                            | \$ 7,661                       | \$ 5,347 | \$ 10,058                    | \$ 7,556 |
| Net earnings per common share           | \$ 0.24                        | \$ 0.17  | \$ 0.31                      | \$ 0.24  |
| <b>Diluted</b>                          |                                |          |                              |          |
| Average common shares outstanding       | 31,935                         | 31,905   | 31,933                       | 31,890   |
| Stock options and awards                | 4                              | 11       | 3                            | 56       |
| Average common shares assuming dilution | 31,939                         | 31,916   | 31,936                       | 31,946   |
| Net earnings                            | \$ 7,661                       | \$ 5,347 | \$ 10,058                    | \$ 7,556 |
| Net earnings per common share           | \$ 0.24                        | \$ 0.17  | \$ 0.31                      | \$ 0.24  |

At June 30, 2009, 4,478,099 and 4,495,782 shares were excluded from the average common shares assuming dilution for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, as they were anti-dilutive. At June 30, 2008, 3,765,467 and 3,696,544 shares were excluded from the average common shares assuming dilution for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, as they were anti-dilutive. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, the majority of the anti-dilutive shares were granted at an exercise price of \$41.87 which was higher than the average fair market value prices of \$16.56 for both periods, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, the majority of the anti-dilutive shares were granted at an exercise price of \$41.87 which was higher than the average fair market value prices of \$19.50 and \$21.57, respectively.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** - The company manufactures and distributes durable medical equipment and supplies to the home health care, retail and extended care markets. The company performs credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition. Prior to December 2000, the company financed equipment to certain customers. In December 2000, Invacare entered into an agreement with De Lage Landen, Inc. ("DLL"), a third party financing company, to provide the majority of future lease financing to Invacare's North America customers. The DLL agreement provides for direct leasing between DLL and the Invacare customer. The company retains a recourse obligation of \$31,789,000 at June 30, 2009 to DLL for events of default under the contracts, which total \$89,108,000 at June 30, 2009. FASB Interpretation No. 45, Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others, requires the company to record a guarantee liability as it relates to the limited recourse obligation. As such, the company has a recorded a liability of \$814,000 for this guarantee obligation within accrued expenses. The company monitors the collections status of these contracts and has provided amounts for estimated losses in its allowances for doubtful accounts in accordance with SFAS No. 5, Accounting for Contingencies. Credit losses are provided for in the financial statements.

Substantially all of the company's receivables are due from health care, medical equipment providers and long term care facilities located throughout the United States, Australia, Canada, New Zealand and Europe. A significant portion of products sold to dealers, both foreign and domestic, is ultimately funded through government reimbursement programs such as Medicare and Medicaid. In addition, the company has also seen a significant shift in reimbursement to customers from managed care entities. As a consequence, changes in these programs can have an adverse impact on dealer liquidity and profitability. In addition, reimbursement guidelines in the home health care industry have a substantial impact on the nature and type of equipment an end user can obtain as well as the timing of reimbursement and, thus, affect the product mix, pricing and payment patterns of the company's customers.

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Goodwill and Other Intangibles - The change in goodwill reflected on the balance sheet from December 31, 2008 to June 30, 2009 was entirely the result of foreign currency translation.

All of the company's other intangible assets have definite lives and are amortized over their useful lives, except for \$33,321,000 related to trademarks, which have indefinite lives.

As of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, other intangibles consisted of the following (in thousands):

|                      | June 30, 2009      |                             | December 31, 2008  |                             |
|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
|                      | Historical<br>Cost | Accumulated<br>Amortization | Historical<br>Cost | Accumulated<br>Amortization |
| Customer lists       | \$ 76,086          | \$ 31,832                   | \$ 72,155          | \$ 28,526                   |
| Trademarks           | 33,321             | —                           | 30,934             | —                           |
| License agreements   | 5,517              | 4,895                       | 5,494              | 4,688                       |
| Developed technology | 7,149              | 2,180                       | 6,698              | 1,942                       |
| Patents              | 6,788              | 5,011                       | 6,761              | 4,790                       |
| Other                | 8,874              | 6,490                       | 8,890              | 6,220                       |
|                      | \$ 137,735         | \$ 50,408                   | \$ 130,932         | \$ 46,166                   |

Amortization expense related to other intangibles was \$4,242,000 in the first six months of 2009 and is estimated to be \$8,367,000 in 2010, \$7,947,000 in 2011, \$7,294,000 in 2012, \$6,470,000 in 2013 and \$6,119,000 in 2014.

Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - The company accounts for share based compensation under the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 123 (Revised 2004), Share Based Payment ("SFAS 123R"). The company has not made any modifications to the terms of any previously granted options and no changes have been made regarding the valuation methodologies or assumptions used to determine the fair value of options granted since 2005 and the company continues to use a Black-Scholes valuation model. The amounts of stock-based compensation expense recognized were as follows (in thousands):

|                                                                                                          | Three Months Ended<br>June 30,<br>2009 |     | Six Months Ended<br>June 30,<br>2009 |     | 2008 |       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|-----|------|-------|
| Stock-based compensation expense recognized<br>as part of selling, general and administrative<br>expense | \$                                     | 885 | \$                                   | 614 | \$   | 1,279 |

The 2009 and 2008 amounts above reflect compensation expense related to restricted stock awards and nonqualified stock options awarded under the 2003 Performance Plan. Stock-based compensation is not allocated to the business segments, but is reported as part of All Other as shown in the company's Business Segment Note to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Stock Incentive Plans - The 2003 Performance Plan, as amended (the "2003 Plan"), allows the Compensation and Management Development Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Committee") to grant up to 6,800,000 Common Shares in connection with incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights and stock awards (including the use of restricted stock), which includes the addition of 3,000,000 Common Shares approved by the Company's shareholders on May 21, 2009. The Committee has the authority to determine which employees and directors will receive awards, the amount of the awards and the other terms and conditions of the awards. During the first six months of 2009, the Committee granted 31,358 non-qualified stock options with a term of ten years at the fair

market value of the company's Common Shares on the date of grant under the 2003 Plan.

Under the terms of the company's outstanding restricted stock awards, all of the shares granted vest ratably over the four years after the grant date. Compensation expense of \$849,000 was recognized related to restricted stock awards in the first six months of 2009 and as of June 30, 2009, outstanding restricted stock awards totaling 190,986 were not yet vested. Restricted stock awards totaling 5,500 were granted in the first half of 2009.



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Stock option activity during the six months ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

|                                         | 2009        | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| Options outstanding at January 1        | 4,910,547   | \$ 29.38                           |
| Granted                                 | 31,358      | 17.59                              |
| Exercised                               | -           | -                                  |
| Canceled                                | (376,293)   | 24.54                              |
| Options outstanding at June 30          | 4,565,612   | \$ 29.66                           |
| Options price range at June 30          | \$ 10.70 to |                                    |
|                                         | \$ 47.80    |                                    |
| Options exercisable at June 30          | 3,364,278   |                                    |
| Options available for grant at June 30* | 3,824,067   |                                    |

\* Options available for grant as of June 30, 2009 are reduced by net restricted stock award activity of 289,238 shares.

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at June 30, 2009:

| Exercise<br>Prices  | Number<br>Outstanding<br>At 6/30/09 | Options Outstanding                                     |  | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise Price | Options Exercisable                 |                                       |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|                     |                                     | Weighted<br>Average<br>Remaining<br>Contractual<br>Life |  |                                       | Number<br>Exercisable<br>At 6/30/09 | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise Price |
| 10.70 -<br>\$ 16.03 | 32,822                              | 2.3 years                                               |  | \$ 12.23                              | 8,680                               | \$ 16.03                              |
| 16.26 -<br>\$ 23.71 | 1,665,118                           | 4.3                                                     |  | \$ 21.85                              | 1,104,348                           | \$ 21.50                              |
| 24.43 -<br>\$ 36.40 | 1,645,184                           | 5.0                                                     |  | \$ 29.04                              | 1,028,762                           | \$ 30.93                              |
| 37.70 -<br>\$ 47.80 | 1,222,488                           | 5.2                                                     |  | \$ 41.61                              | 1,222,488                           | \$ 41.61                              |
| Total               | 4,565,612                           | 4.8                                                     |  | \$ 29.66                              | 3,364,278                           | \$ 31.68                              |

When stock options are awarded, they generally become exercisable over a four-year vesting period whereby options vest in equal installments each year. Options granted with graded vesting are accounted for as single options. The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with assumptions for expected dividend yield, expected stock price volatility, risk-free interest rate and expected life. The assumed expected life is based on the company's historical analysis of option history. The expected stock price volatility is also based on actual historical volatility, and expected dividend yield is based on historical dividends as the company has no current intention of changing its dividend policy.

The 2003 Plan provides that shares granted come from the company's authorized but unissued Common Shares or treasury shares. In addition, the company's stock-based compensation plans allow participants to exchange shares for withholding taxes, which results in the company acquiring treasury shares.

As of June 30, 2009, there was \$10,598,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost from stock-based compensation arrangements granted under the company's plans, which is related to non-vested options and shares, and includes \$3,663,000 related to restricted stock awards. The company expects the compensation expense to be recognized over approximately four years.

Warranty Costs - Generally, the company's products are covered by warranties against defects in material and workmanship for various periods depending on the product from the date of sale to the customer. Certain components carry a lifetime warranty. A provision for estimated warranty cost is recorded at the time of sale based upon actual experience. The company continuously assesses the adequacy of its product warranty accrual and makes adjustments as needed. Historical analysis is primarily used to determine the company's warranty reserves. Claims history is reviewed and provisions are adjusted as needed. However, the company does consider other events, such as a product recall, which could warrant additional warranty reserve provision. No material adjustments to warranty reserves based on other events were necessary in the first half of 2009.

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The following is a reconciliation of the changes in accrued warranty costs for the reporting period (in thousands):

|                                                                                           |    |         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|---------|
| Balance as of January 1, 2009                                                             | \$ | 16,798  |
| Warranties provided during the period                                                     |    | 6,503   |
| Settlements made during the period                                                        |    | (4,781) |
| Changes in liability for pre-existing warranties during the period, including expirations |    | 1,110   |
| Balance as of June 30, 2009                                                               | \$ | 19,630  |

Charges Related to Restructuring Activities – In 2005, the company announced multi-year cost reductions and profit improvement actions, which included: reducing global headcount, outsourcing improvements utilizing the company's China manufacturing capability and third parties, shifting substantial resources from product development to manufacturing cost reduction activities and product rationalization, reducing freight exposure through freight auctions and changing the freight policy and general expense reductions. The restructuring was necessitated by the continued decline in reimbursement by the U.S. government as well as similar reimbursement pressures abroad and continued pricing pressures faced by the company as a result of outsourcing by competitors to lower cost locations.

To date, the company has made substantial progress on its restructuring activities, including exiting manufacturing and distribution facilities and eliminating positions, which resulted in restructuring charges of \$1,900,000 and \$1,441,000 incurred in the first six months of 2009 and 2008, respectively, of which \$0 and \$71,000, respectively, were recorded in cost of products sold as it relates to inventory markdowns and the remaining charge amount is included on the Charge Related to Restructuring Activities in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations as part of operations. There have been no material changes in accrued balances related to the charge, either as a result of revisions in the plan or changes in estimates, and the company expects to utilize the accruals recorded through June 30, 2009 during 2009.

A progression of the accruals by segment recorded as a result of the restructuring is as follows (in thousands):

|                         | Severance | Product Line<br>Discontinuance | Contract<br>Terminations | Other    | Total     |
|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|-----------|
| January 1, 2006 Balance |           |                                |                          |          |           |
| NA/HME                  | \$ 2,130  | \$ —                           | \$ —                     | \$ —     | 2,130     |
| ISG                     | 112       | —                              | 165                      | —        | 277       |
| Europe                  | 799       | —                              | —                        | —        | 799       |
| Asia/Pacific            | 63        | —                              | —                        | —        | 63        |
| Total                   | \$ 3,104  | \$ —                           | 165                      | \$ —     | 3,269     |
| Accruals                |           |                                |                          |          |           |
| NA/HME                  | 5,549     | 2,719                          | 1,346                    | —        | 9,614     |
| ISG                     | 457       | 552                            | —                        | —        | 1,009     |
| IPG                     | 38        | —                              | —                        | —        | 38        |
| Europe                  | 5,208     | 455                            | —                        | 2,995    | 8,658     |
| Asia/Pacific            | 621       | 557                            | 745                      | 8        | 1,931     |
| Total                   | \$ 11,873 | \$ 4,283                       | \$ 2,091                 | \$ 3,003 | \$ 21,250 |
| Payments                |           |                                |                          |          |           |
| NA/HME                  | (6,320)   | (682)                          | (789)                    | —        | (7,791)   |
| ISG                     | (403)     | (552)                          | (165)                    | —        | (1,120)   |

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|              |            |            |            |            |             |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| IPG          | (38)       | —          | —          | —          | (38)        |
| Europe       | (2,273)    | (455)      | —          | (2,995)    | (5,723)     |
| Asia/Pacific | (684)      | (557)      | (623)      | (8)        | (1,872)     |
| Total        | \$ (9,718) | \$ (2,246) | \$ (1,577) | \$ (3,003) | \$ (16,544) |

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|                           | Severance  | Product Line<br>Discontinuance | Contract<br>Terminations | Other      | Total       |
|---------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|-------------|
| December 31, 2006 Balance |            |                                |                          |            |             |
| NA/HME                    | 1,359      | 2,037                          | 557                      | —          | 3,953       |
| ISG                       | 166        | —                              | —                        | —          | 166         |
| Europe                    | 3,734      | —                              | —                        | —          | 3,734       |
| Asia/Pacific              | —          | —                              | 122                      | —          | 122         |
| Total                     | \$ 5,259   | \$ 2,037                       | \$ 679                   | \$ —       | \$ 7,975    |
| Accruals                  |            |                                |                          |            |             |
| NA/HME                    | 3,705      | 178                            | (19)                     | —          | 3,864       |
| ISG                       | 67         | —                              | —                        | —          | 67          |
| IPG                       | 19         | —                              | 98                       | 55         | 172         |
| Europe                    | 862        | 386                            | —                        | 3,247      | 4,495       |
| Asia/Pacific              | 1,258      | 1,253                          | 299                      | —          | 2,810       |
| Total                     | \$ 5,911   | \$ 1,817                       | \$ 378                   | \$ 3,302   | \$ 11,408   |
| Payments                  |            |                                |                          |            |             |
| NA/HME                    | (4,362)    | (2,183)                        | (172)                    | —          | (6,717)     |
| ISG                       | (228)      | —                              | —                        | —          | (228)       |
| IPG                       | (19)       | —                              | (98)                     | (55)       | (172)       |
| Europe                    | (4,591)    | (386)                          | —                        | (3,202)    | (8,179)     |
| Asia/Pacific              | (746)      | (1,253)                        | (382)                    | —          | (2,381)     |
| Total                     | \$ (9,946) | \$ (3,822)                     | \$ (652)                 | \$ (3,257) | \$ (17,677) |
| December 31, 2007 Balance |            |                                |                          |            |             |
| NA/HME                    | 702        | 32                             | 366                      | —          | 1,100       |
| ISG                       | 5          | —                              | —                        | —          | 5           |
| Europe                    | 5          | —                              | —                        | 45         | 50          |
| Asia/Pacific              | 512        | —                              | 39                       | —          | 551         |
| Total                     | \$ 1,224   | \$ 32                          | \$ 405                   | \$ 45      | \$ 1,706    |
| Accruals                  |            |                                |                          |            |             |
| NA/HME                    | 217        | —                              | (15)                     | —          | 202         |
| ISG                       | —          | 1,598                          | —                        | —          | 1,598       |
| IPG                       | —          | —                              | 115                      | —          | 115         |
| Europe                    | 1,371      | 208                            | —                        | 649        | 2,228       |
| Asia/Pacific              | 522        | 11                             | 90                       | —          | 623         |
| Total                     | \$ 2,110   | \$ 1,817                       | \$ 190                   | \$ 649     | \$ 4,766    |
| Payments                  |            |                                |                          |            |             |
| NA/HME                    | (693)      | (31)                           | (195)                    | —          | (919)       |
| ISG                       | (5)        | (1,598)                        | —                        | —          | (1,603)     |
| IPG                       | —          | —                              | (115)                    | —          | (115)       |
| Europe                    | (829)      | (208)                          | —                        | (574)      | (1,611)     |
| Asia/Pacific              | (1,034)    | (11)                           | (129)                    | —          | (1,174)     |

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|       |    |         |    |         |    |       |    |       |    |         |
|-------|----|---------|----|---------|----|-------|----|-------|----|---------|
| Total | \$ | (2,561) | \$ | (1,848) | \$ | (439) | \$ | (574) | \$ | (5,422) |
|-------|----|---------|----|---------|----|-------|----|-------|----|---------|

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|                           | Severance  | Product Line<br>Discontinuance | Contract<br>Terminations | Other    | Total      |
|---------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|------------|
| December 31, 2008 Balance |            |                                |                          |          |            |
| NA/HME                    | 226        | 1                              | 156                      | —        | 383        |
| Europe                    | 547        | —                              | —                        | 120      | 667        |
| Total                     | \$ 773     | \$ 1                           | \$ 156                   | \$ 120   | \$ 1,050   |
| Accruals                  |            |                                |                          |          |            |
| NA/HME                    | 335        | —                              | —                        | —        | 335        |
| IPG                       | 171        | —                              | —                        | —        | 171        |
| Europe                    | 229        | —                              | —                        | 395      | 624        |
| Asia/Pacific              | 759        | —                              | 11                       | —        | 770        |
| Total                     | \$ 1,494   | \$ —                           | \$ 11                    | \$ 395   | \$ 1,900   |
| Payments                  |            |                                |                          |          |            |
| NA/HME                    | (432)      | —                              | (31)                     | —        | (463)      |
| IPG                       | (56)       | —                              | —                        | —        | (56)       |
| Europe                    | (655)      | —                              | —                        | (312)    | (967)      |
| Asia/Pacific              | (754)      | —                              | (11)                     | —        | (765)      |
| Total                     | \$ (1,897) | \$ —                           | \$ (42)                  | \$ (312) | \$ (2,251) |
| June 30, 2009 Balance     |            |                                |                          |          |            |
| NA/HME                    | 129        | 1                              | 125                      | —        | 255        |
| IPG                       | 115        | —                              | —                        | —        | 115        |
| Europe                    | 121        | —                              | —                        | 203      | 324        |
| Asia/Pacific              | 5          | —                              | —                        | —        | 5          |
| Total                     | \$ 370     | \$ 1                           | \$ 125                   | \$ 203   | \$ 699     |

Comprehensive Earnings - Total comprehensive earnings were as follows (in thousands):

|                                                                      | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |           | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, |           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-----------|
|                                                                      | 2009                           | 2008      | 2009                         | 2008      |
| Net earnings                                                         | \$ 7,661                       | \$ 5,347  | \$ 10,058                    | \$ 7,556  |
| Foreign currency translation gain                                    | 80,747                         | 14,175    | 71,950                       | 37,786    |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on available for sale securities              | 33                             | (19)      | 47                           | (79)      |
| SERP/DBO amortization of prior service costs and unrecognized losses | 132                            | 550       | 191                          | 1,099     |
| Current period unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges            | (338)                          | 2,033     | 1,937                        | (509)     |
| Total comprehensive earnings                                         | \$ 88,235                      | \$ 22,086 | \$ 84,183                    | \$ 45,853 |

Inventories - Inventories determined under the first in, first out method consist of the following components (in thousands):

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|                 | June 30, 2009 | December 31,<br>2008 |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Finished goods  | \$ 106,159    | \$ 99,486            |
| Raw Materials   | 59,120        | 64,493               |
| Work in Process | 14,856        | 14,758               |
|                 | \$ 180,135    | \$ 178,737           |



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Property and Equipment - Property and equipment consist of the following (in thousands):

|                                  | June 30, 2009 | December 31, 2008 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Machinery and equipment          | \$ 321,357    | \$ 308,532        |
| Land, buildings and improvements | 93,969        | 90,410            |
| Furniture and fixtures           | 26,172        | 25,041            |
| Leasehold improvements           | 16,290        | 15,720            |
|                                  | 457,788       | 439,703           |
| Less allowance for depreciation  | (316,595)     | (296,191)         |
|                                  | \$ 141,193    | \$ 143,512        |

Acquisitions- In the first six months of 2009, the company made no acquisitions. In October 2008, Invacare Corporation purchased a billing company operating as Homecare Collection Services (HCS) for \$6,268,000. Pursuant to the HCS purchase agreement, the company agreed to pay contingent consideration based upon earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation over the three years subsequent to the acquisition up to a maximum of \$3,000,000. When the contingency related to the acquisition is settled, any additional consideration paid will increase the respective purchase price and reported goodwill.

Derivatives - In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS 161, Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities—an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 (SFAS 161). SFAS 161 requires qualitative disclosures about objectives and strategies for using derivatives, quantitative disclosures about fair value amounts of and gains and losses on derivative instruments, and disclosures about credit-risk-related contingent features in derivative agreements. The company adopted SFAS 161 effective January 1, 2009.

Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, as amended (FAS 133R), requires companies to recognize all derivative instruments in the consolidated balance sheet as either assets or liabilities at fair value. The accounting for changes in fair value of a derivative is dependent upon whether or not the derivative has been designated and qualifies for hedge accounting treatment and the type of hedging relationship. For derivatives designated and qualifying as hedging instruments, the company must designate the hedging instrument, based upon the exposure being hedged, as a fair value hedge, cash flow hedge, or a hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation.

#### Cash Flow Hedging Strategy

The company uses derivative instruments in an attempt to manage its exposure to commodity price risk, foreign currency exchange risk and interest rate risk. Foreign exchange contracts are used to manage the price risk associated with forecasted sales denominated in foreign currencies and the price risk associated with forecasted purchases of inventory over the next twelve months. Interest rate swaps are utilized to manage interest rate risk associated with the company's fixed and floating-rate borrowings.

The company recognizes its derivative instruments as assets or liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet measured at fair value. A majority of the company's derivative instruments are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges. Accordingly, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instrument is reported as a component of other comprehensive income and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. The remaining gain or loss on the derivative instrument in excess of the cumulative change in the fair value of the hedged item, if any, is recognized in current earnings during the period of change.

The company is a party to interest rate swap agreements that qualify as cash flow hedges and effectively convert floating-rate debt to fixed-rate debt, so the company can avoid the risk of changes in market interest rates. The gains and or losses on interest rate swaps are reflected in interest expense on the consolidated statement of operations. As of June 30, 2009, approximately 28% of the company's debt had its interest payments designated as the hedged forecasted transactions to interest rate swap agreements.

To protect against increases/decreases in forecasted foreign currency cash flows resulting from inventory purchases/sales over the next year, the company utilizes foreign currency forward contracts to hedge portions of its forecasted purchases/sales denominated in foreign currencies. The gains and losses are included in cost of products sold and selling, general and administrative expenses on the consolidated statement of operations. If it is later determined that a hedged forecasted transaction is unlikely to occur, any gains or losses on the forward contracts would be reclassified from other comprehensive income into earnings. The company does not expect this to occur during the next twelve months.

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The company has historically not recognized any ineffectiveness related to forward contract cash flow hedges because the company generally limits its hedges to between 60% and 90% of total forecasted transactions for a given entity's exposure to currency rate changes and the transactions hedged are recurring in nature. Forward contracts with a total notional amount in USD of \$4,592,000 and \$33,624,000 matured during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009.

As of June 30, 2009, foreign exchange forward contracts qualifying and designated for hedge accounting treatment were as follows (in thousands USD):

|           | Notional Amount | Unrealized Gain<br>(Loss) |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| USD / AUD | \$ 3,744        | \$ (751)                  |
| USD / CAD | 25,260          | 59                        |
| USD / EUR | 21,262          | (547)                     |
| USD / GBP | 7,677           | (528)                     |
| USD / NZD | 5,609           | 554                       |
| USD / SEK | 2,647           | 267                       |
| USD / MXN | 4,958           | 499                       |
| EUR / CHF | 5,124           | (7)                       |
| EUR / GBP | 5,245           | (129)                     |
| EUR / SEK | 9,085           | 134                       |
| EUR / NZD | 5,092           | 401                       |
| GBP / CHF | 854             | (4)                       |
| GBP / SEK | 1,656           | 23                        |
| GBP / DKK | 1,595           | (83)                      |
| DKK / SEK | 1,856           | 30                        |
| DKK / NOK | 985             | 26                        |
| NOK / CHF | 1,505           | 2                         |
| NOK / SEK | 1,645           | (1)                       |
|           | \$ 102,087      | \$ (55)                   |

Fair Value Hedging Strategy

In 2009 and 2008, the company did not utilize any derivatives designated as fair value hedges. However, the company has in the past utilized fair value hedges in the form of forward contracts to manage the foreign exchange risk associated with certain firm commitments and has entered into interest rate swaps to effectively convert fixed-rate debt to floating-rate debt in an attempt to avoid paying higher than market interest rates. For derivative instruments designated and qualifying as fair value hedges, the gain or loss on the derivative instrument as well as the offsetting gain loss on the hedged item associated with the hedged risk are recognized in the same line item associated with the hedged item in earnings.

Derivatives Not Qualifying or Designated for Hedge Accounting Treatment

The company utilizes foreign currency forward or option contracts that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment in an attempt to manage the risk associated with the conversion of earnings in foreign currencies into U.S. Dollars. While these derivative instruments do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment in accordance with FAS 133R, these derivatives do provide the company with a means to manage the risk associated with currency translation. These instruments are recorded at fair value in the consolidated balance sheet and any gains or losses are recorded as part of earnings in the current period. No such contracts were outstanding and there was no material gain or loss recorded by the company for the quarter or year ended June 30, 2009 related to any derivatives not qualifying

for hedge accounting treatment.

The company also utilizes foreign currency forward contracts that are not designated as hedges in accordance with FAS 133R although they could qualify for hedge accounting treatment. These contracts are entered into to eliminate the risk associated with the settlement of short-term intercompany trading receivables and payables between Invacare Corporation and its foreign subsidiaries. The currency forward contracts are entered into at the same time as the intercompany receivables or payables are created so that upon settlement, the gain / loss on the settlement is offset by the gain / loss on the foreign currency forward contract.

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As of June 30, 2009, foreign exchange forward contracts not qualifying or designated for hedge accounting treatment entered into in the first half of 2009 and outstanding were as follows (in thousands USD):

|           | Notional Amount | Unrealized Gain<br>(Loss) |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| CAD / USD | \$ 7,666        | \$ 82                     |
| DKK / USD | 3,234           | 159                       |
| EUR / USD | 14,988          | 454                       |
| GBP / USD | 4,382           | 393                       |
| SEK / USD | 8,218           | 216                       |
| NOK / USD | 2,771           | 26                        |
|           | \$ 41,259       | \$ 1,330                  |

As of June 30, 2009, the fair values of the company's derivative instruments were as follows (in thousands):

|                                                                  | Assets   | Liabilities |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| Derivatives designated as hedging instruments under FAS 133R     |          |             |
| Foreign currency forward contracts                               | \$ 3,397 | \$ 4,002    |
| Interest rate swap contracts                                     | -        | 431         |
|                                                                  | 3,397    | 4,433       |
| Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under FAS 133R |          |             |
| Foreign currency forward contracts                               | 1,330    | -           |
| Total derivatives                                                | \$ 4,727 | \$ 4,433    |

The fair values of the company's foreign currency forward assets and liabilities are included in Other Current Assets and Accrued Expenses, respectively in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Swap assets are recorded in either Other Current Assets or Other Assets, while swap liabilities are recorded in Accrued Expenses or Other Long-Term Obligations in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. For the quarter ended June 30, 2009, the swap liabilities are recorded in Accrued Expenses as they are short-term liabilities.

The effect of derivative instruments on the Statement of Operations for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2009 was as follows (in thousands):

|                                                                                   | Amount of Gain<br>(Loss) Recognized in<br>OCI on Derivatives<br>(Effective Portion) | Amount of Gain (Loss)<br>Reclassified from<br>Accumulated OCI into<br>Income (Effective<br>Portion) | Amount of Gain (Loss)<br>Recognized in Income on<br>Derivatives (Ineffective Portion<br>and Amount Excluded from<br>Effectiveness Testing) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Derivatives in FAS 133R cash<br>flow hedge relationships<br>Quarter ended June 30 |                                                                                     |                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                            |
| Foreign currency forward<br>contracts                                             | \$ (2,000)                                                                          | \$ 113                                                                                              | \$ -                                                                                                                                       |
| Interest rate swap contracts                                                      | 2,454                                                                               | (1,240)                                                                                             | -                                                                                                                                          |
|                                                                                   | \$ 454                                                                              | \$ (1,127)                                                                                          | \$ -                                                                                                                                       |

Six months ended June 30

|                                       |          |       |      |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-------|------|
| Foreign currency forward<br>contracts | \$ (367) | \$ 68 | \$ - |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-------|------|

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|                              |          |            |      |
|------------------------------|----------|------------|------|
| Interest rate swap contracts | 4,699    | (2,393)    | -    |
|                              | \$ 4,332 | \$ (2,325) | \$ - |

| Derivatives not designated as<br>hedging instruments under FAS<br>133R | Amount of Gain (Loss)<br>Recognized in Income on<br>Derivatives |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Quarter ended June 30                                                  |                                                                 |
| Foreign currency forward<br>contracts                                  | \$ 1,834                                                        |
| Six months ended June 30                                               |                                                                 |
| Foreign currency forward<br>contracts                                  | \$ 2,503                                                        |

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The gains or losses recognized as the result of the settlement of cash flow hedge foreign currency forward contracts are recognized in net sales for hedges of inventory sales or cost of product sold for hedges of inventory purchases. For the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2009, net sales were increased by \$946,000 and \$830,000, respectively, and cost of product sold was increased by \$833,000 and \$762,000, respectively for net realized gains of \$113,000 and \$68,000, respectively. The \$1,240,000 and \$2,393,000 losses for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2009 related to interest rate swap agreements were recorded in interest expense for the period. There was an immaterial amount reported in interest expense due to ineffectiveness related to the interest rate swap contracts. The \$1,834,000 and \$2,503,000 gains recognized on foreign currency forward contracts not designated as hedging instruments was recognized in selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2009 were offset by losses of comparable amounts also recorded in SG&A expenses on the intercompany trade payables for which the derivatives were entered into to offset.

**Fair Value Measurements** - The Company has adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement No. 157 (FAS 157), Fair Value Measurements, as of January 1, 2008 for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the adoption had no material impact on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. For assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, such as goodwill and intangibles, the company elected to adopt as of January 1, 2009 the provisions of FAS 157 as allowed pursuant to FASB Staff Position 157-2, Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157. The adoption of FAS 157 for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis had no material impact on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Pursuant to FAS 157, the inputs used to derive the fair value of assets and liabilities are analyzed and assigned a level I, II or III priority, with level I being the highest and level III being the lowest in the hierarchy. Level I inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level II inputs are quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets: quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable in active markets. Level III inputs are based on valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs are unobservable.

The following table provides a summary of the company's assets and liabilities that are measured on a recurring basis (in thousands).

|                               | June 30,<br>2009 | Basis for Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date                                          |                                                              |                                                              |
|-------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
|                               |                  | Quoted Prices in<br>Active Markets for<br>Identical Assets /<br>(Liabilities)<br><br>Level I | Significant<br>Other<br>Observable<br>Inputs<br><br>Level II | Significant Other<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs<br><br>Level III |
| Marketable Securities         | \$ 144           | \$ 144                                                                                       | \$ -                                                         | \$ -                                                         |
| Forward Exchange<br>Contracts | 725              | \$ -                                                                                         | 725                                                          | -                                                            |
| Interest Rate Swaps           | (431)            | -                                                                                            | (431)                                                        | -                                                            |
| Total                         | \$ 438           | \$ 144                                                                                       | \$ 294                                                       | \$ -                                                         |

**Marketable Securities:** The Company's marketable securities are recorded based on quoted prices in active markets multiplied by the number of shares owned without any adjustments for transactional costs or other costs that may be incurred to sell the securities.

Interest Rate Swaps: The company is a party to interest rate swap agreements, which are entered into in the normal course of business, to reduce exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. The agreements are with major financial institutions, which are expected to fully perform under the terms of the agreements thereby mitigating the credit risk from the transactions. The agreements are contracts to exchange floating rate payments for fixed rate payments without the exchange of the underlying notional amounts. The notional amounts of such agreements are used to measure interest to be paid or received and do not represent the amount of exposure to credit loss. The amounts to be paid or received under the interest rate swap agreements are accrued consistent with the terms of the agreements and market interest rates. Fair value for the company's interest rate swaps are based on pricing models in which all significant inputs, such as interest rates and yield curves, are observable in active markets. The company believes that the fair values reported would not be materially different from the amounts that would be realized upon settlement.



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Forward Contracts: The Company operates internationally and as a result is exposed to foreign currency fluctuations. Specifically, the exposure includes intercompany loans and third party sales or payments. In an attempt to reduce this exposure, foreign currency forward contracts are utilized and accounted for as hedging instruments. The forward contracts are used to hedge the following currencies: AUD, CAD, CHF, CNY, DKK, EUR, GBP, NOK, NZD, SEK and USD. The company does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. Fair values for the company's foreign exchange forward contracts are based on quoted market prices for contracts with similar maturities.

The carrying amounts and fair values of the company's financial instruments at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 are as follows (in thousands):

|                                                                 | June 30, 2009  |            | December 31, 2008 |            |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
|                                                                 | Carrying Value | Fair Value | Carrying Value    | Fair Value |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                       | \$ 49,709      | \$ 49,709  | \$ 47,516         | \$ 47,516  |
| Marketable securities                                           | 144            | 144        | 72                | 72         |
| Other investments                                               | 8,717          | 8,717      | 8,657             | 8,657      |
| Installment receivables, net                                    | 8,151          | 8,151      | 9,946             | 9,946      |
| Long-term debt (including current maturities of long-term debt) | (394,293)      | (398,912)  | (426,406)         | (321,729)  |
| Interest rate swaps                                             | (431)          | (431)      | (2,737)           | (2,737)    |
| Forward contracts in Other Current Assets                       | 4,727          | 4,727      | 1,413             | 1,413      |
| Forward contracts in accrued expenses                           | (4,002)        | (4,002)    | (1,719)           | (1,719)    |

Long-term debt carrying value and fair value as of December 31, 2008 have been restated to reflect the company's adoption of FSP APB 14-1.

The aggregate cost of the Company's cost-method investments totaled \$8,717,000 as of June 30, 2009. These investments were not evaluated for impairment because the Company did not identify any events or changes in circumstances that may have had a significant adverse effect on the fair value of those investments.

Income Taxes - The Company had an effective tax rate of 27.5% and 33.0% on earnings before tax for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to an expected rate at the US statutory rate of 35%. For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2008, the company had an effective rate of 41.2% and 45.6%, respectively, compared to an expected rate at the US statutory rate of 35%. The company's effective tax rate for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2009 was lower than the U.S. federal statutory rate as a result of the company not being able to record tax benefits related to losses in countries which had tax valuation allowances, while normal tax expense was recognized in countries without tax allowances and earnings abroad being taxed at rates generally lower than the U.S. federal statutory rate. For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2008, the effective tax rate was higher than the U.S. federal statutory rate as a result of the company not being able to record tax benefits related to losses in countries which had tax valuation allowances, while normal tax expense was recognized in countries without tax valuation allowances.

Supplemental Guarantor Information - Effective February 12, 2007, many of the non-domestic subsidiaries (the "Guarantor Subsidiaries") of the company became guarantors of the indebtedness of Invacare Corporation under its 9 ¾% Senior Notes due 2015 (the "Senior Notes") with an aggregate principal amount of \$175,000,000 and under its 4.125% Convertible Senior Subordinated Debentures due 2027 (the "Debentures") with an aggregate principal amount

of \$135,000,000. The majority of the company's subsidiaries are not guaranteeing the indebtedness of the Senior Notes or Debentures (the "Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries"). Each of the Guarantor Subsidiaries has fully and unconditionally guaranteed, on a joint and several basis, to pay principal, premium, and interest related to the Senior Notes and to the Debentures and each of the Guarantor Subsidiaries are directly or indirectly wholly-owned subsidiaries of the company.

Presented below are the consolidating condensed financial statements of Invacare Corporation (Parent), its combined Guarantor Subsidiaries and combined Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries with their investments in subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method. The company does not believe that separate financial statements of the Guarantor Subsidiaries are material to investors and accordingly, separate financial statements and other disclosures related to the Guarantor Subsidiaries are not presented.

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## CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands)

| Three month period ended June 30,<br>2009       | The<br>Company<br>(Parent) | Combined<br>Guarantor<br>Subsidiaries | Combined<br>Non-Guarantor<br>Subsidiaries | Eliminations | Total      |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| Net sales                                       | \$ 95,693                  | \$ 173,208                            | \$ 160,897                                | \$ (17,257)  | \$ 412,541 |
| Cost of products sold                           | 66,892                     | 135,846                               | 109,123                                   | (17,375)     | 294,486    |
| Gross Profit                                    | 28,801                     | 37,362                                | 51,774                                    | 118          | 118,055    |
| Selling, general and administrative<br>expenses | 31,336                     | 30,313                                | 36,290                                    | -            | 97,939     |
| Charge related to restructuring<br>activities   | 117                        | -                                     | 1,007                                     | -            | 1,124      |
| Income (loss) from equity investee              | 18,388                     | 5,066                                 | (3,209)                                   | (20,245)     | -          |
| Interest expense - net                          | 7,705                      | (1,003)                               | 1,729                                     | -            | 8,431      |
| Earnings (loss) before Income Taxes             | 8,031                      | 13,118                                | 9,539                                     | (20,127)     | 10,561     |
| Income taxes                                    | 370                        | 100                                   | 2,430                                     | -            | 2,900      |
| Net Earnings (loss)                             | \$ 7,661                   | \$ 13,018                             | \$ 7,109                                  | \$ (20,127)  | \$ 7,661   |
| Three month period ended June 30,<br>2008       |                            |                                       |                                           |              |            |
| Net sales                                       | \$ 90,700                  | \$ 171,141                            | \$ 205,471                                | \$ (20,160)  | \$ 447,152 |
| Cost of products sold                           | 69,130                     | 137,184                               | 136,752                                   | (20,087)     | 322,979    |
| Gross Profit                                    | 21,570                     | 33,957                                | 68,719                                    | (73)         | 124,173    |
| Selling, general and administrative<br>expenses | 30,587                     | 30,194                                | 43,739                                    | -            | 104,520    |
| Charge related to restructuring<br>activities   | 29                         | -                                     | 830                                       | -            | 859        |
| Income (loss) from equity investee              | 22,152                     | 11,647                                | (4,048)                                   | (29,751)     | -          |
| Interest expense - net                          | 7,335                      | (355)                                 | 2,717                                     | -            | 9,697      |
| Earnings (loss) before Income Taxes             | 5,771                      | 15,765                                | 17,385                                    | (29,824)     | 9,097      |
| Income taxes                                    | 424                        | 300                                   | 3,026                                     | -            | 3,750      |
| Net Earnings (loss)                             | \$ 5,347                   | \$ 15,465                             | \$ 14,359                                 | \$ (29,824)  | \$ 5,347   |

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## CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands)

| Six month period ended June 30,<br>2009         | The<br>Company<br>(Parent) | Combined<br>Guarantor<br>Subsidiaries | Combined<br>Non-Guarantor<br>Subsidiaries | Eliminations | Total      |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| Net sales                                       | \$ 184,079                 | \$ 351,577                            | \$ 309,548                                | \$ (34,668)  | \$ 810,536 |
| Cost of products sold                           | 131,578                    | 277,859                               | 209,351                                   | (34,775)     | 584,013    |
| Gross Profit                                    | 52,501                     | 73,718                                | 100,197                                   | 107          | 226,523    |
| Selling, general and administrative<br>expenses | 60,195                     | 59,257                                | 72,620                                    | -            | 192,072    |
| Charge related to restructuring<br>activities   | 335                        | -                                     | 1,565                                     | -            | 1,900      |
| Income (loss) from equity investee              | 34,007                     | 6,296                                 | (6,233)                                   | (34,070)     | -          |
| Interest expense - net                          | 15,190                     | (1,236)                               | 3,589                                     | -            | 17,543     |
| Earnings (loss) before Income Taxes             | 10,788                     | 21,993                                | 16,190                                    | (33,963)     | 15,008     |
| Income taxes                                    | 730                        | 200                                   | 4,020                                     | -            | 4,950      |
| Net Earnings (loss)                             | \$ 10,058                  | \$ 21,793                             | \$ 12,170                                 | \$ (33,963)  | \$ 10,058  |
| Six month period ended June 30,<br>2008         |                            |                                       |                                           |              |            |
| Net sales                                       | \$ 172,580                 | \$ 340,046                            | \$ 388,421                                | \$ (37,617)  | \$ 863,430 |
| Cost of products sold                           | 130,388                    | 272,878                               | 260,441                                   | (37,658)     | 626,049    |
| Gross Profit                                    | 42,192                     | 67,168                                | 127,980                                   | 41           | 237,381    |
| Selling, general and administrative<br>expenses | 57,539                     | 59,131                                | 85,545                                    | -            | 202,215    |
| Charge related to restructuring<br>activities   | 255                        | -                                     | 1,115                                     | -            | 1,370      |
| Income (loss) from equity investee              | 39,009                     | 19,351                                | (7,455)                                   | (50,905)     | -          |
| Interest expense - net                          | 15,012                     | (673)                                 | 5,561                                     | -            | 19,900     |
| Earnings (loss) before Income Taxes             | 8,395                      | 28,061                                | 28,304                                    | (50,864)     | 13,896     |
| Income taxes                                    | 839                        | 600                                   | 4,901                                     | -            | 6,340      |
| Net Earnings (loss)                             | \$ 7,556                   | \$ 27,461                             | \$ 23,403                                 | \$ (50,864)  | \$ 7,556   |

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## CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

| (in thousands)                                                  |              |              |               |                |    |           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|----|-----------|
| June 30, 2009                                                   | The Company  | Combined     | Combined      |                |    | Total     |
| Assets                                                          | (Parent)     | Guarantor    | Non-Guarantor | Eliminations   |    |           |
| Current Assets                                                  |              | Subsidiaries | Subsidiaries  |                |    |           |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                       | \$ 5,090     | \$ 1,526     | \$ 43,093     | \$ -           | \$ | 49,709    |
| Marketable securities                                           | 144          | -            | -             | -              |    | 144       |
| Trade receivables, net                                          | 110,646      | 55,316       | 99,359        | -              |    | 265,321   |
| Installment receivables, net                                    | -            | 1,125        | 2,716         | -              |    | 3,841     |
| Inventories, net                                                | 44,735       | 37,809       | 98,932        | (1,341)        |    | 180,135   |
| Deferred income taxes                                           | -            | -            | 1,873         | -              |    | 1,873     |
| Other current assets                                            | 16,884       | 6,042        | 23,984        | (1,293)        |    | 45,617    |
| Total Current Assets                                            | 177,499      | 101,818      | 269,957       | (2,634)        |    | 546,640   |
| Investment in subsidiaries                                      | 1,458,535    | 689,444      | -             | (2,147,979)    |    | -         |
| Intercompany advances, net                                      | 152,451      | 909,048      | 88,786        | (1,150,285)    |    | -         |
| Other Assets                                                    | 53,228       | 4,193        | 1,064         | -              |    | 58,485    |
| Other Intangibles                                               | 2,287        | 8,873        | 76,167        | -              |    | 87,327    |
| Property and Equipment, net                                     | 50,106       | 9,442        | 81,645        | -              |    | 141,193   |
| Goodwill                                                        | 4,975        | 24,634       | 494,118       | -              |    | 523,727   |
| Total Assets                                                    | \$ 1,899,081 | \$ 1,747,452 | \$ 1,011,737  | \$ (3,300,898) | \$ | 1,357,372 |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity                            |              |              |               |                |    |           |
| Current Liabilities                                             |              |              |               |                |    |           |
| Accounts payable                                                | \$ 62,831    | \$ 12,317    | \$ 48,208     | \$ -           | \$ | 123,356   |
| Accrued expenses                                                | 38,724       | 23,355       | 66,090        | (1,293)        |    | 126,876   |
| Accrued income taxes                                            | 500          | -            | 104           | -              |    | 604       |
| Short-term debt and current maturities of long-term obligations | 16,577       | -            | 723           | -              |    | 17,300    |
| Total Current Liabilities                                       | 118,632      | 35,672       | 115,125       | (1,293)        |    | 268,136   |
| Long-Term Debt                                                  | 366,861      | -            | 10,132        | -              |    | 376,993   |
| Other Long-Term Obligations                                     | 47,238       | 2,040        | 44,923        | -              |    | 94,201    |
| Intercompany advances, net                                      | 748,308      | 375,714      | 26,263        | (1,150,285)    |    | -         |
| Total Shareholders' Equity                                      | 618,042      | 1,334,026    | 815,294       | (2,149,320)    |    | 618,042   |
| Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity                      | \$ 1,899,081 | \$ 1,747,452 | \$ 1,011,737  | \$ (3,300,898) | \$ | 1,357,372 |

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## CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

| (in thousands)                             | The Company<br>(Parent) | Combined<br>Guarantor<br>Subsidiaries | Combined<br>Non-Guarantor<br>Subsidiaries | Eliminations   | Total        |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|
| December 31, 2008                          |                         |                                       |                                           |                |              |
| Assets                                     |                         |                                       |                                           |                |              |
| Current Assets                             |                         |                                       |                                           |                |              |
| Cash and cash equivalents                  | \$ 10,920               | \$ 2,284                              | \$ 34,312                                 | \$ -           | \$ 47,516    |
| Marketable securities                      | 72                      | -                                     | -                                         | -              | 72           |
| Trade receivables, net                     | 114,961                 | 56,037                                | 101,301                                   | (5,816)        | 266,483      |
| Installment receivables, net               | -                       | 1,559                                 | 2,708                                     | -              | 4,267        |
| Inventories, net                           | 49,243                  | 37,320                                | 93,586                                    | (1,412)        | 178,737      |
| Deferred income taxes                      | -                       | -                                     | 2,051                                     | -              | 2,051        |
| Other current assets                       | 15,210                  | 6,358                                 | 30,364                                    | -              | 51,932       |
| Total Current Assets                       | 190,406                 | 103,558                               | 264,322                                   | (7,228)        | 551,058      |
| Investment in subsidiaries                 | 1,350,463               | 683,148                               | -                                         | (2,033,611)    | -            |
| Intercompany advances, net                 | 191,209                 | 844,433                               | 66,851                                    | (1,102,493)    | -            |
| Other Assets                               | 53,793                  | 5,425                                 | 1,233                                     | -              | 60,451       |
| Other Intangibles                          | 2,778                   | 9,722                                 | 72,266                                    | -              | 84,766       |
| Property and Equipment, net                | 52,632                  | 9,753                                 | 81,127                                    | -              | 143,512      |
| Goodwill                                   | 4,975                   | 24,293                                | 445,418                                   | -              | 474,686      |
| Total Assets                               | 1,846,256               | \$ 1,680,332                          | \$ 931,217                                | \$ (3,143,332) | \$ 1,314,473 |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity       |                         |                                       |                                           |                |              |
| Current Liabilities                        |                         |                                       |                                           |                |              |
| Accounts payable                           | \$ 59,779               | \$ 12,734                             | \$ 47,120                                 | \$ -           | \$ 119,633   |
| Accrued expenses                           | 50,034                  | 24,208                                | 75,186                                    | (5,816)        | 143,612      |
| Accrued income taxes                       | 500                     | -                                     | 2,554                                     | -              | 3,054        |
| Short-term debt and current maturities of  |                         |                                       |                                           |                |              |
| long-term obligations                      | 17,793                  | -                                     | 906                                       | -              | 18,699       |
| Total Current Liabilities                  | 128,106                 | 36,942                                | 125,766                                   | (5,816)        | 284,998      |
| Long-Term Debt                             | 398,328                 | -                                     | 9,379                                     | -              | 407,707      |
| Other Long-Term Obligations                | 45,290                  | 2,040                                 | 41,496                                    | -              | 88,826       |
| Intercompany advances, net                 | 741,590                 | 335,125                               | 25,778                                    | (1,102,493)    | -            |
| Total Shareholders' Equity                 | 532,942                 | 1,306,225                             | 728,798                                   | (2,035,023)    | 532,942      |
| Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | \$ 1,846,256            | \$ 1,680,332                          | \$ 931,217                                | \$ (3,143,332) | \$ 1,314,473 |



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## CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)

| Six month period ended June 30, 2009                             | The Company (Parent) | Combined Guarantor Subsidiaries | Combined Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | Total      |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities                 | \$ 30,263            | \$ 23                           | \$ 8,826                            | \$ -         | \$ 39,112  |
| Investing Activities                                             |                      |                                 |                                     |              |            |
| Purchases of property and equipment                              | (2,371)              | (1,000)                         | (3,815)                             | -            | (7,186)    |
| Proceeds from sale of property and equipment                     | -                    | -                               | 1,049                               | -            | 1,049      |
| Increase in other long-term assets                               | (1,025)              | (122)                           | -                                   | -            | (1,147)    |
| Other                                                            | (458)                | 341                             | (28)                                | -            | (145)      |
| Net Cash Used for Investing Activities                           | (3,854)              | (781)                           | (2,794)                             | -            | (7,429)    |
| Financing Activities                                             |                      |                                 |                                     |              |            |
| Proceeds from revolving lines of credit and long-term borrowings | 191,811              | -                               | -                                   | -            | 191,811    |
| Payments on revolving lines of credit and long-term borrowings   | (223,250)            | -                               | (565)                               | -            | (223,815)  |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options                          | -                    | -                               | -                                   | -            | -          |
| Payment of dividends                                             | (800)                | -                               | -                                   | -            | (800)      |
| Net Cash Used by Financing Activities                            | (32,329)             | -                               | (565)                               | -            | (32,804)   |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash                          | -                    | -                               | 3,314                               | -            | 3,314      |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                 | (5,830)              | (758)                           | 8,781                               | -            | 2,193      |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period                 | 10,920               | 2,284                           | 34,312                              | -            | 47,516     |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period                       | \$ 5,090             | \$ 1,526                        | \$ 43,093                           | \$ -         | \$ 49,709  |
| Six month period ended June 30, 2008                             |                      |                                 |                                     |              |            |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities                 | \$ (13,492)          | \$ 1,616                        | \$ 8,908                            | \$ -         | \$ (2,968) |
| Investing Activities                                             |                      |                                 |                                     |              |            |
| Purchases of property and equipment                              | (3,193)              | (522)                           | (7,921)                             | -            | (11,636)   |
|                                                                  | -                    | -                               | 36                                  | -            | 36         |



|                                                                  |           |          |           |      |           |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|------|-----------|
| Proceeds from sale of property and equipment                     |           |          |           |      |           |
| Increase in other long-term assets                               | 4,550     | -        | -         | -    | 4,550     |
| Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired                      | -         | (2,152)  | -         | -    | (2,152)   |
| Other                                                            | (1,444)   | 1,521    | 1,432     | -    | 1,509     |
| Net Cash Used for Investing Activities                           | (87)      | (1,153)  | (6,453)   | -    | (7,693)   |
| Financing Activities                                             |           |          |           |      |           |
| Proceeds from revolving lines of credit and long-term borrowings | 168,979   | -        | 8,638     | -    | 177,617   |
| Payments on revolving lines of credit and long-term borrowings   | (177,778) | -        | (12,758)  | -    | (190,536) |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options                          | 821       | -        | -         | -    | 821       |
| Payment of dividends                                             | (799)     | -        | -         | -    | (799)     |
| Net Cash Used by Financing Activities                            | (8,777)   | -        | (4,120)   | -    | (12,897)  |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash                          | -         | -        | 1,319     | -    | 1,319     |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                 | (22,356)  | 463      | (346)     | -    | (22,239)  |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period                 | 27,133    | 1,773    | 33,294    | -    | 62,200    |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period                       | \$ 4,777  | \$ 2,236 | \$ 32,948 | \$ - | \$ 39,961 |

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### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in the company's Current Report on Form 8-K as furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 23, 2009.

## OUTLOOK

Similar to the first quarter of 2009, the Company's second quarter earnings were in line with internal planning on a consolidated basis, with the NA/HME region outperforming and the Asia/Pacific region, along with portions of Europe underperforming. Through the rest of the year, pricing and reimbursement pressures are expected to continue in certain markets in Europe, constraining both sales and operating performance. For the IPG business and the Australian distribution business, slow purchases by long-term care facilities are expected to continue to negatively impact sales growth for at least the balance of the year.

In the NA/HME region, although organic sales growth lessened from the first quarter to the second quarter, growth remained positive and should be so for the rest of the year, despite Medicare reimbursement cuts and Medicaid uncertainties in light of state budget shortfalls in several states, including California and Ohio.

Despite the reimbursement pressures and uncertainties, the Company continues to expect improved performance from NA/HME for the second half of the year and all divisions to benefit from lower commodity costs compared to the first quarter of 2009, as the Company continues its recovery toward more normal profit margins which have been earned in the past. The major issue facing all organizations in U.S. healthcare is how they will fare in President Obama's Reform Legislation. Invacare has remained actively involved on Capitol Hill in articulating how home healthcare can play a major role in improving access, reducing cost and improving quality. Mr. Mixon, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, was recently invited to the White House to speak on behalf of the homecare industry. On July 14, 2009, the industry sponsored an event on Capitol Hill, with former Senator Tom Daschle and Congressman Jason Altmire (PA) as keynote speakers, to familiarize Capitol Hill staff with the benefits of homecare. There should be more clarity in the next 90 to 120 days as to how the homecare industry and Invacare will be affected. The Company's organic sales growth, effective tax rate, earnings and cash flow for 2009 are expected, as of the date of this filing, to be consistent with the guidance provided in the Company's July 23, 2009 press release.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### NET SALES

Net sales for the three months ended June 30, 2009 were \$412,541,000, compared to \$447,152,000 for the same period a year ago, representing a 7.7% decrease. Foreign currency translation decreased net sales by seven percentage points while acquisitions increased net sales by less than a percentage point. Organic net sales for the quarter declined 0.7% over the same period last year driven primarily by organic net sales declines in Asia/Pacific, Europe and Institutional Products Group, which were partially offset by organic net sales increases for Invacare Supply Group and North America/Home Medical Equipment. For the six months ended June 30, 2009, net sales decreased 6.1% to \$810,536,000, compared to \$863,430,000 for the same period a year ago. Organic sales growth was 0.7% as foreign currency translation decreased net sales by seven percentage points while acquisitions increased net sales by less than one percentage point for the six month period. The organic sales growth was driven by net sales increases by North America/Home Medical Equipment and Invacare Supply Group.

North American/Home Medical Equipment (NA/HME)

NA/HME net sales increased 0.5% for the quarter to \$188,076,000 as compared to \$187,163,000 for the same period a year ago. Foreign currency translation decreased net sales by approximately one percentage point while acquisitions increased net sales by approximately one percentage point. The increase for the quarter was principally due to net sales increases in Standard and Rehab product lines. For the first half of 2009, net sales increased 3.3% to \$374,779,000 as compared to \$362,944,000 for the same period a year ago. Foreign currency decreased net sales by approximately one percentage point while acquisitions increased net sales by less than one percentage point in the first half of 2009.

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Standard product line net sales for the second quarter increased 13.4% compared to the second quarter of last year, driven by increased volumes in beds, manual wheelchairs, and therapeutic support surfaces. Rehab product line net sales increased by 1.8% compared to the second quarter last year, despite declines in the consumer power product line. Excluding consumer power products, Rehab product line net sales increased 4.6% compared to the second quarter last year, driven by volume increases in custom power wheelchairs. Respiratory product line net sales decreased 17.9%, driven by lower sales of concentrators and HomeFill® oxygen delivery systems to national accounts, due in large part to inventory adjustments at one customer that chose not to renew a number of managed care contracts.

### Invacare Supply Group (ISG)

ISG net sales for the quarter increased 6.2% to \$68,550,000 compared to \$64,523,000 in the second quarter last year driven by an increase in home delivery program sales which were in part offset by decreased sales to larger providers. For the first half of 2009, net sales increased 3.1% to \$133,863,000 as compared to \$129,779,000 for the same period a year ago.

### Institutional Products Group (IPG)

IPG net sales for the quarter decreased by 8.4% to \$21,233,000 compared to \$23,177,000 for the second quarter last year. Foreign currency translation decreased net sales by two percentage points for the quarter. Excluding currency, the net sales decrease was experienced across most product categories, driven largely by reduced capital expenditures by nursing home customers. These customers have been constrained in the current economic environment in large part due to budgetary pressures in state Medicaid programs. For the first half of 2009, net sales decreased 9.2% to \$44,007,000 as compared to \$48,474,000 for the same period a year ago. Foreign currency translation decreased net sales by three percentage points for the first half of 2009.

### Europe

European net sales decreased 19.7% for the quarter to \$117,218,000 as compared to \$145,977,000 for the same period a year ago. Foreign currency translation decreased net sales by eighteen percentage points for the quarter. Sales growth in certain markets, in particular, the U.K., was more than offset by reimbursement pressures in other markets, particularly France where sales of beds and wheelchairs into nursing homes weakened with a new funding rule that restricts purchases of new equipment. European net sales for the first six months of 2009 decreased 17.1% to \$225,605,000 as compared to \$271,980,000 for the same period a year ago. Foreign currency translation decreased net sales by sixteen percentage points for the first half of 2009.

### Asia/Pacific

Asia/Pacific net sales decreased 33.6% for the quarter to \$17,464,000 as compared to \$26,312,000 for the same period a year ago. Foreign currency translation decreased net sales by seventeen percentage points for the quarter. The Company's Australian distribution business had lower sales due in large part to weak demand from long-term care facilities which continue to defer capital purchases. The sales decline at the Company's subsidiary which manufactures controllers was largely due to external customers whose demand for inventory remained weak in the current economic environment. For the first half of 2009, net sales decreased 35.8% to \$32,282,000 as compared to \$50,253,000 for the same period a year ago. Foreign currency translation decreased net sales by twenty-two percentage points for the first half of 2009.

### GROSS PROFIT

Gross profit as a percentage of net sales for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 was 28.6% and 27.9%, respectively, compared to 27.8% and 27.5%, respectively, in the same periods last year. The margin improvement for the quarter was the result of cost reduction activities, selective price increases implemented in the second half of 2008 and reduced freight costs which were partially offset by unfavorable product mix and reimbursement pressures in Europe and unfavorable foreign currency impact from the weakness of the Euro as compared to the U.S. dollar and the British pound as compared to the Euro.

For the first half of the year, NA/HME margins as a percentage of net sales increased to 32.6% compared with 30.1% in the same period last year primarily due to cost reduction activities, selective price increases implemented in the second half of 2008 and reduced freight costs. ISG gross margins increased by .7 of a percentage point primarily due to benefits from cost reduction activities including freight reduction programs. IPG gross margin increased by 4.6 percentage points primarily as a result of benefits from freight recovery programs and a favorable foreign currency impact. In Europe, gross margin as a percentage of net sales declined by 1.7 percentage points primarily due to an unfavorable sales mix away from higher margin product and unfavorable foreign currency impact from the weakness of the British pound as compared to the Euro and the Euro as compared to the U.S. dollar. Gross margin, as a percentage of net sales in Asia/Pacific, decreased by 7.5 percentage points, primarily due to unfavorable foreign currency impact due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar.

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## SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE

Selling, general and administrative (“SG&A”) expense as a percentage of net sales for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 was 23.7% in each period compared to 23.4% for the same periods a year ago. The dollar decreases were \$6,581,000 and \$10,143,000, or 6.3% and 5.0%, respectively, for the quarter and first half of the year, as compared to the same period a year ago. Acquisitions increased these expenses by \$568,000 in the quarter and \$1,230,000 in the first half of the year, while foreign currency translation decreased these expenses by \$7,870,000 in the quarter and \$15,138,000 in the first half of the year compared to the same periods a year ago. Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation and acquisitions, selling, general and administrative expense increased .7% for the quarter and 1.9% for the first half of 2009 as compared to the same periods a year ago. The dollar increase, excluding foreign currency translation and acquisitions, was \$721,000 and \$3,765,000 for the quarter and first half of the year, as compared to the same periods a year ago. The year to date increase is primarily attributable to increases in bad debt and stock compensation expense as well as unfavorable foreign currency transactions related to the Canadian dollar, Euro and British Pound.

North American/HME SG&A expense increased \$141,000, or 0.3%, for the quarter and \$2,628,000, or 2.7%, in the first half of 2009 compared to the same periods a year ago. For the quarter, foreign currency translation decreased SG&A expense by \$489,000 or .9% while acquisitions increased SG&A expense by \$568,000 or 1.1%. For the first half of 2009, foreign currency translation decreased SG&A expense by \$1,353,000 or 1.4% while acquisitions increased SG&A by \$1,230,000 or 1.2%. Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation and acquisitions, SG&A expense increased by .1% for the quarter and increased by 2.7% year to date. The year to date increase is primarily attributable to increased bad debt expense and stock compensation expense.

Invacare Supply Group SG&A expense increased \$600,000, or 9.4%, for the quarter and increased by \$556,000, or 4.3%, in the first half of 2009 compared to the same periods a year ago with the year to date increase primarily due to higher administrative costs.

Institutional Products Group SG&A expense increased \$439,000, or 10.6%, for the quarter and decreased \$63,000, or .8%, in the first half of 2009 compared to the same periods a year ago. Foreign currency translation decreased SG&A expense by \$161,000 or 3.9% for the quarter and \$192,000 or 2.4% for the first half of the year. Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, SG&A expense increased 14.6% and 1.6% for the quarter and first half of 2009, respectively, as compared to last year as a result of the unfavorable foreign currency exchange rate movement of the Canadian Dollar.

European SG&A expense decreased \$6,933,000, or 19.9%, for the quarter and \$11,268,000, or 16.7%, for the first half of 2009 compared to the same periods a year ago. For the quarter, foreign currency translation decreased SG&A by \$5,498,000, or 15.8%. For the first half of 2009, foreign currency translation decreased SG&A expense by \$9,288,000, or 13.8%, respectively. Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, SG&A expense decreased by 4.1% and 2.9% for the quarter and first half of the year, respectively, as compared to the same periods a year ago.

Asia/Pacific SG&A expense decreased \$828,000, or 11.2%, for the quarter and \$1,996,000, or 13.6%, in the first half of the year compared to the same periods a year ago. For the quarter, foreign currency translation decreased SG&A expense by \$1,722,000, or 23.3%. For the first half of 2009, foreign currency translation decreased SG&A by \$4,305,000, or 29.3%. Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, SG&A expense increased 12.1% and 15.7% for the quarter and first half of 2009, respectively as compared to last year due primarily to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar and increased sales, marketing and advertising costs for people and marketing programs to drive future sales growth.

## CHARGE RELATED TO RESTRUCTURING ACTIVITIES

In 2005, the company announced multi-year cost reductions and profit improvement actions, which included: reducing global headcount, outsourcing improvements utilizing the company's China manufacturing capability and third parties, shifting substantial resources from product development to manufacturing cost reduction activities and product rationalization, reducing freight exposure through freight auctions and changing the freight policy and general expense reductions. The restructuring was necessitated by the continued decline in reimbursement, continued pricing pressures faced by the company as a result of outsourcing by competitors to lower cost locations and commodity cost increases for steel, aluminum and fuel.

Restructuring charges of \$1,124,000 and \$1,900,000 were incurred in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2009, none of which was recorded in cost of products sold, since none related to inventory markdowns. The entire charge amount is included on the Charge Related to Restructuring Activities in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations as part of operations.

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For the first half of 2009, restructuring charges included \$335,000 in NA/HME, \$171,000 in IPG, \$624,000 in Europe and \$770,000 in Asia/Pacific. Of the total charges incurred to date, \$699,000 remained unpaid as of June 30, 2009 with \$255,000 unpaid related to NA/HME; \$115,000 unpaid related to IPG; \$324,000 unpaid related to Europe; and \$5,000 unpaid related to Asia/Pacific. There have been no material changes in accrued balances related to the charge, either as a result of revisions in the plan or changes in estimates, and the company expects to utilize the accruals recorded through June 30, 2009 during 2009. With additional actions to be undertaken during the remainder of 2009, the company anticipates recognizing pre-tax restructuring charges of approximately \$6,000,000 for the year.

## INTEREST

Interest expense decreased \$1,806,000 and \$3,154,000 for the second quarter and first half of 2009, respectively, compared to the same periods last year due to lower debt levels and lower interest rates. Interest income for the second quarter and first half of 2009 decreased \$540,000 and \$797,000, respectively, compared to the same periods last year, which was primarily on the result of maintaining lower average foreign cash balances.

## INCOME TAXES

The Company had an effective tax rate of 27.5% and 33.0% on earnings before tax for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to an expected rate at the US statutory rate of 35%. For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2008, the company had an effective rate of 41.2% and 45.6%, respectively, compared to an expected rate at the US statutory rate of 35%. The company's effective tax rate for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2009 was lower than the U.S. federal statutory rate as a result of the company not being able to record tax benefits related to losses in countries which had tax valuation allowances, while normal tax expense was recognized in countries without tax allowances and earnings abroad being taxed at rates generally lower than the U.S. federal statutory rate. For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2008, the effective tax rate was higher than the U.S. federal statutory rate as a result of the company not being able to record tax benefits related to losses in countries which had tax valuation allowances, while normal tax expense was recognized in countries without tax valuation allowances.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The company's debt decreased by \$34,125,000 from December 31, 2008 to \$444,695,000 at June 30, 2009, excluding the impact of adoption of FSP APB 14-1, as a result of improved cash flow generation. The company's balance sheet reflects the adoption of FSP APB 14-1. As a result of adopting FSP APB 14-1, the company recorded a debt discount, which reduced debt and increased equity by \$50,402,000 and \$52,414,000 as of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively.

The company's cash and cash equivalents were \$49,709,000 at June 30, 2009, up from \$47,516,000 at the end of the year.

The company's borrowing arrangements contain covenants with respect to maximum amount of debt, minimum loan commitments, interest coverage, net worth, dividend payments, working capital, and funded debt to capitalization, as defined in the company's bank agreements and agreements with its note holders. There are three significant financial covenants: leverage ratio, interest coverage ratio and fixed charge ratio. As of June 30, 2009, the company was in compliance with all covenant requirements. Under the most restrictive covenant of the company's borrowing arrangements as of June 30, 2009, the company had the capacity to borrow up to an additional \$150,000,000.



The leverage ratio is defined as Consolidated Funded Indebtedness at the balance sheet date as compared to Consolidated Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) for the previous twelve months. As of June 30, 2009, the maximum leverage ratio permitted by the borrowing arrangements was 5.0 to 1.0. The actual leverage ratio as of June 30, 2009 was 3.15 to 1.0. As of October 1, 2009, the maximum leverage ratio permitted by the borrowing arrangements reduces to 4.0 to 1.0.

The interest coverage ratio is defined as Consolidated EBITDA for the previous twelve months as compared to Consolidated Interest Charges for the previous twelve months. As of June 30, 2009, the minimum interest coverage ratio permitted by the borrowing arrangements was 2.5 to 1.0. The actual interest coverage ratio as of June 30, 2009 was 3.97 to 1.0. As of October 1, 2009, the minimum interest coverage ratio permitted by the borrowing arrangements increases to 3.0 to 1.0.

The fixed charge ratio takes into consideration several items including: Consolidated EBITDA, rent and lease expense, capital expenditures, interest charges, regularly scheduled principal payments and federal, state and local taxes paid. As of June 30, 2009, the minimum fixed charge ratio permitted by the borrowing arrangements was 1.4 to 1.0. The actual fixed charge ratio as of June 30, 2009 was 2.08 to 1.0. As of October 1, 2009, the minimum interest coverage ratio permitted by the borrowing arrangements increases to 1.6 to 1.0.

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## CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

The company had no individually material capital expenditure commitments outstanding as of June 30, 2009. The company estimates that capital investments for 2009 could approximate \$20,000,000 to \$22,000,000 as compared to \$19,957,000 in 2008. The company believes that its balances of cash and cash equivalents, together with funds generated from operations and existing borrowing facilities will be sufficient to meet its operating cash requirements and to fund required capital expenditures for the foreseeable future.

## CASH FLOWS

Cash flows provided by operating activities were \$39,112,000 for the first half of 2009 compared to cash used for operating activities of \$2,968,000 in the first half of 2008. Operating cash flows for the first half of 2009 were significantly improved compared to the same period a year ago primarily due to improved profitability and better working capital management as accounts receivable collections were higher and inventory levels were reduced primarily in NA/HME as a result of improved asset management.

Cash used for investing activities was \$7,429,000 for the first half of 2009 compared to \$7,693,000 used in the first half of 2008. Purchases of property, plant and equipment in the first half of 2009 were less than in the first half of 2008 while the first half of 2008 included a benefit of cash received from company-owned life insurance policies.

Cash used by financing activities was \$32,804,000 for the first half of 2009 compared to cash used of \$12,897,000 in the first half of 2008. The improvement is the result of cash flow generated in the first half of the year of 2009 used to pay down debt.

During the first half of 2009, the company generated free cash flow of \$35,114,000 compared to \$12,512,000 used by the company in the first six months of 2008. The increase was primarily attributable to the same items as noted above which impacted operating cash flows. Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure that is comprised of net cash provided by operating activities, excluding net cash impact related to restructuring activities, less net purchases of property and equipment, net of proceeds from sales of property and equipment. Management believes that this financial measure provides meaningful information for evaluating the overall financial performance of the company and its ability to repay debt or make future investments (including, for example, acquisitions). However, it should be noted that the company's definition of free cash flow may not be comparable to similar measures disclosed by other companies because not all companies calculate free cash flow in the same manner.

The non-GAAP financial measure is reconciled to the GAAP measure as follows (in thousands):

|                                                     | Six Months Ended June 30, |         |      |          |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|------|----------|
|                                                     | 2009                      |         | 2008 |          |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities    | \$                        | 39,112  | \$   | (2,968)  |
| Net cash impact related to restructuring activities |                           | 2,139   |      | 2,056    |
| Less: Purchases of property and equipment - net     |                           | (6,137) |      | (11,600) |
| Free Cash Flow                                      | \$                        | 35,114  | \$   | (12,512) |

## DIVIDEND POLICY

On May 21, 2009, the company's Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.0125 per Common Share to shareholders of record as of July 3, 2009, which was paid on July 10, 2009. At the current rate, the cash dividend will amount to \$0.05 per Common Share on an annual basis.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q include accounts of the company and all wholly-owned subsidiaries. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect amounts reported in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements and related footnotes. In preparing the financial statements, management has made its best estimates and judgments of certain amounts included in the financial statements, giving due consideration to materiality. However, application of these accounting policies involves the exercise of judgment and use of assumptions as to future uncertainties and, as a result, actual results could differ from these estimates.

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The following critical accounting policies, among others, affect the more significant judgments and estimates used in preparation of the company's consolidated financial statements.

### Revenue Recognition

Invacare's revenues are recognized when products are shipped to unaffiliated customers. The SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 101, "Revenue Recognition," as updated by SAB No. 104, provides guidance on the application of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) to selected revenue recognition issues. The company has concluded that its revenue recognition policy is appropriate and in accordance with GAAP and SAB No. 101. Shipping and handling costs are included in cost of goods sold.

Sales are made only to customers with whom the company believes collection is reasonably assured based upon a credit analysis, which may include obtaining a credit application, a signed security agreement, personal guarantee and/or a cross corporate guarantee depending on the credit history of the customer. Credit lines are established for new customers after an evaluation of their credit report and/or other relevant financial information. Existing credit lines are regularly reviewed and adjusted with consideration given to any outstanding past due amounts.

The company offers discounts and rebates, which are accounted for as reductions to revenue in the period in which the sale is recognized. Discounts offered include: cash discounts for prompt payment, base and trade discounts based on contract level for specific classes of customers. Volume discounts and rebates are given based on large purchases and the achievement of certain sales volumes. Product returns are accounted for as a reduction to reported sales with estimates recorded for anticipated returns at the time of sale. The company does not sell any goods on consignment.

Distributed products sold by the company are accounted for in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force, or "EITF" No. 99-19 Reporting Revenue Gross as a Principal versus Net as an Agent. The company records distributed product sales gross as a principal since the company takes title to the products and has the risks of loss for collections, delivery and returns.

Product sales that give rise to installment receivables are recorded at the time of sale when the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred. In December 2000, the company entered into an agreement with De Lage Landen, Inc. ("DLL"), a third party financing company, to provide the majority of future lease financing to Invacare customers. As such, interest income is recognized based on the terms of the installment agreements. Installment accounts are monitored and if a customer defaults on payments, interest income is no longer recognized. All installment accounts are accounted for using the same methodology, regardless of duration of the installment agreements.

### Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are reduced by an allowance for amounts that may become uncollectible in the future. Substantially all of the company's receivables are due from home health care dealers, medical equipment dealers and long term care facilities located throughout the United States, Australia, Canada, New Zealand and Europe. A significant portion of products sold to dealers, both foreign and domestic, is ultimately funded through government reimbursement programs such as Medicare and Medicaid. As a consequence, changes in these programs can have an adverse impact on dealer liquidity and profitability. The estimated allowance for uncollectible amounts is based primarily on management's evaluation of the financial condition of the customer. In addition, as a result of the third party financing arrangement, management monitors the collection status of these contracts in accordance with the company's limited recourse obligations and provides amounts necessary for estimated losses in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

The company continues to closely monitor the credit-worthiness of its customers and adhere to tight credit policies. Due to delays in the implementation of various government reimbursement policies, including national competitive bidding, there still remains significant uncertainty as to the impact that those changes will have on the company's customers.

Invacare has an agreement with DLL, a third party financing company, to provide the majority of future lease financing to Invacare's North America customers. The DLL agreement provides for direct leasing between DLL and the Invacare customer. The company retains a recourse obligation for events of default under the contracts. The company monitors the collections status of these contracts and has provided amounts for estimated losses in its allowances for doubtful accounts.

#### Inventories and Related Allowance for Obsolete and Excess Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market with cost determined by the first-in, first-out method. Inventories have been reduced by an allowance for excess and obsolete inventories. The estimated allowance is based on management's review of inventories on hand compared to estimated future usage and sales. A provision for excess and obsolete inventory is recorded as needed based upon the discontinuation of products, redesigning of existing products, new product introductions, market changes and safety issues. Both raw materials and finished goods are reserved for on the balance sheet.

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In general, Invacare reviews inventory turns as an indicator of obsolescence or slow moving product as well as the impact of new product introductions. Depending on the situation, the company may partially or fully reserve for the individual item. The company continues to increase its overseas sourcing efforts, increase its emphasis on the development and introduction of new products, and decrease the cycle time to bring new product offerings to market. These initiatives are sources of inventory obsolescence for both raw material and finished goods.

### Goodwill, Intangible and Other Long-Lived Assets

Property, equipment, intangibles and certain other long-lived assets are amortized over their useful lives. Useful lives are based on management's estimates of the period that the assets will generate revenue. Under SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, goodwill and intangible assets deemed to have indefinite lives are subject to annual impairment tests. Furthermore, goodwill and other long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The company completes its annual impairment tests in the fourth quarter of each year. The discount rates used have a significant impact upon the discounted cash flow methodology utilized in our annual impairment testing as higher discount rates decrease the fair value estimates used in our testing.

The company utilizes a discounted cash flow method model to analyze reporting units for impairment in which the company forecasts income statement and balance sheet amounts based on assumptions regarding future sales growth, profitability, inventory turns, days' sales outstanding, etc. to forecast future cash flows. The cash flows are discounted using a weighted average cost of capital discount rate where the cost of debt is based on quoted rates for 20-year debt of companies of similar credit risk and the cost of equity is based upon the 20-year treasury rate for the risk free rate, a market risk premium, the industry average beta, a small cap stock adjustment and company specific risk premiums. The assumptions used are based on a market participant's point of view and yielded a discount rate of 8.90% to 9.90% in 2008 compared to 9.25% to 10.25% in 2007. The discount rate has fluctuated in the last 3 years by less than 50 basis points. If the discount rate used were 50 basis points higher for the 2008 impairment analysis, the company would still not have an impairment for any of the reporting units.

While there was no indication of impairment in 2008 related to goodwill or intangibles for any reporting units, a future potential impairment is possible for any of the company's reporting units should actual results differ materially from forecasted results used in the valuation analysis. Furthermore, the company's annual valuation of goodwill can differ materially if the market inputs used to determine the discount rate change significantly. For instance, higher interest rates or greater stock price volatility would increase the discount rate and thus increase the chance of impairment.

### Product Liability

The company's captive insurance company, Invatection Insurance Co., currently has a policy year that runs from September 1 to August 31 and insures annual policy losses of \$10,000,000 per occurrence and \$13,000,000 in the aggregate of the company's North American product liability exposure. The company also has additional layers of external insurance coverage insuring up to \$75,000,000 in annual aggregate losses arising from individual claims anywhere in the world that exceed the captive insurance company policy limits or the limits of the company's per country foreign liability limits, as applicable. There can be no assurance that Invacare's current insurance levels will continue to be adequate or available at affordable rates.

Product liability reserves are recorded for individual claims based upon historical experience, industry expertise and indications from the third-party actuary. Additional reserves, in excess of the specific individual case reserves, are provided for incurred but not reported claims based upon third-party actuarial valuations at the time such valuations are conducted. Historical claims experience and other assumptions are taken into consideration by the third-party actuary to estimate the ultimate reserves. For example, the actuarial analysis assumes that historical loss experience is

an indicator of future experience, that the distribution of exposures by geographic area and nature of operations for ongoing operations is expected to be very similar to historical operations with no dramatic changes and that the government indices used to trend losses and exposures are appropriate.

Estimates made are adjusted on a regular basis and can be impacted by actual loss award settlements on claims. While actuarial analysis is used to help determine adequate reserves, the company accepts responsibility for the determination and recording of adequate reserves in accordance with accepted loss reserving standards and practices.

#### Warranty

Generally, the company's products are covered from the date of sale to the customer by warranties against defects in material and workmanship for various periods depending on the product. Certain components carry a lifetime warranty. A provision for estimated warranty cost is recorded at the time of sale based upon actual experience. The company continuously assesses the adequacy of its product warranty accrual and makes adjustments as needed. Historical analysis is primarily used to determine the company's warranty reserves. Claims history is reviewed and provisions are adjusted as needed. However, the company does consider other events, such as a product recall, which could warrant additional warranty reserve provision. No material adjustments to warranty reserves were necessary in the current year. See Warranty Costs in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this report for a reconciliation of the changes in the warranty accrual.

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### Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

The company accounts for share based compensation under the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 123 (Revised 2004), Share Based Payment (“SFAS 123R”). The company has not made any modifications to the terms of any previously granted options and no changes have been made regarding the valuation methodologies or assumptions used to determine the fair value of options granted since 2005 and the company continues to use a Black-Scholes valuation model. As of June 30, 2009, there was \$10,598,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost from stock-based compensation arrangements granted under the plans, which is related to non-vested options and shares, and includes \$3,663,000 related to restricted stock awards. The company expects the compensation expense to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately two years.

The majority of the options awarded have been granted at exercise prices equal to the market value of the underlying stock on the date of grant. Restricted stock awards granted without cost to the recipients are expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting periods.

### Income Taxes

As part of the process of preparing its financial statements, the company is required to estimate income taxes in various jurisdictions. The process requires estimating the company’s current tax exposure, including assessing the risks associated with tax audits, as well as estimating temporary differences due to the different treatment of items for tax and accounting policies. The temporary differences are reported as deferred tax assets and or liabilities. The company also must estimate the likelihood that its deferred tax assets will be recovered from future taxable income and whether or not valuation allowances should be established. In the event that actual results differ from its estimates, the company’s provision for income taxes could be materially impacted.

### RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 141(R), Business Combinations (SFAS 141R), which changed the accounting for business acquisitions. SFAS 141R requires the acquiring entity in a business combination to recognize all the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the transaction and establishes principles and requirements as to how an acquirer should recognize and measure in its financial statements the assets acquired, liabilities assumed, any non-controlling interest and goodwill acquired. SFAS 141R also requires expanded disclosure regarding the nature and financial effects of a business combination. The company adopted SFAS 141R as of January 1, 2009 and the adoption had no material impact on the company’s financial position, results of operations or cash flows. SFAS 141R could have a material impact on the company’s financial statements in future periods if the company completes significant acquisitions in the future.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS 161, Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities—an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 (SFAS 161). SFAS 161 requires qualitative disclosures about objectives and strategies for using derivatives, quantitative disclosures about fair value amounts of and gains and losses on derivative instruments, and disclosures about credit-risk-related contingent features in derivative agreements. The company adopted SFAS 161 effective January 1, 2009 and the adoption had no material impact on the company’s financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

On May 9, 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position APB 14-1 (FSP APB 14-1) to provide clarification of the accounting for convertible debt that can be settled in cash upon conversion. The FASB believed this clarification was needed because the accounting that was being applied for convertible debt prior to FSP APB 14-1 did not fully reflect the true economic impact on the issuer since the conversion option was not captured as a borrowing cost and its full dilutive effect was not included in earnings per share. FSP APB 14-1 requires separate accounting for the liability and equity components of the convertible debt in a manner that would reflect Invacare’s nonconvertible debt borrowing rate. Accordingly, the company had to bifurcate a component of its convertible debt as a component of stockholders’



equity (\$59,012,000 as of the retrospective adoption date of February 12, 2007) and will accrete the resulting debt discount as interest expense. The company adopted FSP APB 14-1 effective January 1, 2009 and, as a result, reported interest expense increased and net earnings decreased by \$1,020,000 (\$0.03 per share) and \$910,000 (\$0.03 per share) for the quarters ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively; by \$2,012,000 (\$0.06 per share) and \$1,794,000 (\$0.06 per share) for the six month periods ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively and by \$3,695,000 (\$0.12 per share) and \$2,904,000 (\$0.09 per share) for the years 2008 and 2007, respectively. FSP APB 14-1 required retrospective application upon adoption and accordingly, amounts for 2008 and 2007 are being and will continue to be restated in the 2009 financial statements.

In May 2009, the FASB issued SFAS 165, Subsequent Events (SFAS 165). SFAS 165 provides authoritative guidance regarding subsequent events as this guidance was previously only addressed in auditing literature. The company adopted SFAS 165 effective June 30, 2009 and the adoption had no material impact on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. The company has evaluated subsequent events through the date of filing of this report with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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On July 1, 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 168, The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles – a replacement of SFAS No. 162 (SFAS 168). With the issuance of SFAS 168, the Accounting Standards Codification (Codification) becomes the single source of authoritative U.S. accounting and reporting standards, with the exception of guidance issued by the SEC. Although the Codification is not intended to change U.S. GAAP, it does reorganize and supersede current U.S. GAAP and therefore all references to U.S. GAAP in future filings will be changed to Codification references, beginning with the Company's third quarter Form 10-Q.

## QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The company is exposed to market risk through various financial instruments, including fixed rate and floating rate debt instruments. The company uses interest swap agreements to mitigate its exposure to interest rate fluctuations. Based on June 30, 2009 debt levels, a 1% change in interest rates would not impact interest expense. Additionally, the company operates internationally and, as a result, is exposed to foreign currency fluctuations. Specifically, the exposure results from intercompany loans and third party sales or payments. In an attempt to reduce this exposure, foreign currency forward contracts are utilized. The company does not believe that any potential loss related to these financial instruments would have a material adverse effect on the company's financial condition or results of operations.

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the "Safe Harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Terms such as "will," "should," "plan," "intend," "expect," "continue," "forecast," "anticipate" and "seek," as well as similar comments, are forward-looking in nature. Actual results and events may differ significantly from those expressed or anticipated as a result of risks and uncertainties which include, but are not limited to, the following: possible adverse effects of being substantially leveraged, which could impact our ability to raise capital, limit our ability to react to changes in the economy or our industry or expose us to interest rate or event of default risks; adverse changes in government and other third-party payor reimbursement levels and practices; consolidation of health care providers and our competitors; loss of key health care providers; ineffective cost reduction and restructuring efforts; inability to design, manufacture, distribute and achieve market acceptance of new products with higher functionality and lower costs; extensive government regulation of our products; lower cost imports; increased freight costs; failure to comply with regulatory requirements or receive regulatory clearance or approval for our products or operations in the United States or abroad; potential product recalls; uncollectible accounts receivable; the uncertain impact on our providers, on our suppliers and on the demand for our products of the recent global economic downturn and general volatility in the credit and stock markets; difficulties in implementing an Enterprise Resource Planning system; legal actions or regulatory proceedings and governmental investigations; product liability claims; inadequate patents or other intellectual property protection; incorrect assumptions concerning demographic trends that impact the market for our products; provisions of Ohio law or in our debt agreements, our shareholder rights plan or our charter documents that may prevent or delay a change in control; the loss of the services of our key management and personnel; decreased availability or increased costs of raw materials which could increase our costs of producing our products; inability to acquire strategic acquisition candidates because of limited financing alternatives; risks inherent in managing and operating businesses in many different foreign jurisdictions; increased security concerns and potential business interruption risks associated with political and/or social unrest in foreign countries where the company's facilities or assets are located; exchange rate and tax rate fluctuations, as well as the risks described from time to time in Invacare's reports as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Except to the extent required by law, we do not undertake and specifically decline any obligation to review or update any forward-looking statements or to publicly announce the results of any revisions to any of such statements to reflect future events or developments or otherwise.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

The information called for by this item is provided under the same caption under Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

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## Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

As of June 30, 2009, an evaluation was performed, under the supervision and with the participation of the company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)). Based on that evaluation, the company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that the company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2009, in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the company in the reports it files and submits under the Exchange Act is (1) recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms and (2) accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. There were no changes in the company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the company's most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the company's internal control over financial reporting.

## Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1A. Risk Factors.

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the risk factors disclosed in Item 1A of the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

- (c) The following table presents information with respect to repurchases of common shares made by the company during the three months ended June 30, 2009. In the quarter ended June 30, 2009, no shares were repurchased and surrendered to the company by employees for tax withholding purposes in conjunction with the vesting of restricted shares held by the employees under the company's 2003 Performance Plan.

| Period           | Total Number of<br>Shares Purchased | Average Price<br>Paid Per Share | Total Number of<br>Shares<br>Purchased as Part of<br>Publicly Announced<br>Plans or Programs | Maximum Number<br>of Shares That May<br>Yet<br>Be Purchased Under<br>the Plans or Programs |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4/1/2009-4/30/09 | -                                   | \$ -                            | -                                                                                            | 1,362,900                                                                                  |
| 5/1/2009-5/31/09 | -                                   | -                               | -                                                                                            | 1,362,900                                                                                  |
| 6/1/2009-6/30/09 | -                                   | -                               | -                                                                                            | 1,362,900                                                                                  |
| Total            | -                                   | \$ -                            | -                                                                                            | 1,362,900                                                                                  |

## Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

On May 21, 2009, the company held its 2009 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to act on proposals to: (1) elect three directors to the class whose three-year term will expire in 2012, (2) approve and adopt amendments to the company's Amended 2003 Performance Plan, (3) approve and adopt amendments to the Company's Code of Regulations to establish majority voting director resignation procedures, (4) approve and adopt amendments to the Company's Code

of Regulations to adopt procedures for shareholders to propose business to be considered and to nominate directors for election at shareholder meetings, (5) approve and adopt amendments to the Company's Code of Regulations to permit amendments to the Code of Regulations by the Board of Directors to the extent permitted by Ohio law, (6) ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as its independent auditors for the company's 2009 fiscal year, and (7) consider and vote upon a shareholder proposal to amend the Company's Articles of Incorporation to require a majority voting standard for uncontested director elections.

James C. Boland, Gerald B. Blouch and William M. Weber were each elected for a three-year term of office expiring in 2012 with 28,140,964; 28,729,561; and 28,617,197 affirmative votes and 12,063,320; 11,474,723; and 11,587,087 votes withheld, respectively.

John R. Kasich, Dan T. Moore, III, Joseph B. Richey, II, Dale C. LaPorte, Michael F. Delaney, C. Martin Harris, M.D., Bernadine P. Healy, M.D. and A. Malachi Mixon, III are directors with continuing terms.

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The proposal to approve and adopt amendments to the company's Amended 2003 Performance Plan received 31,167,613 affirmative votes and 7,428,284 negative votes, and 81,050 votes abstained.

The proposal to approve and adopt amendments to the Company's Code of Regulations to establish majority voting director resignation procedures received 39,969,825 affirmative votes and 157,870 negative votes, and 76,590 votes abstained.

The proposal to approve and adopt amendments to the Company's Code of Regulations to adopt procedures for shareholders to propose business to be considered and to nominate directors for election at shareholder meetings received 34,616,083 affirmative votes and 5,510,532 negative votes, and 77,674 votes abstained.

The proposal to approve and adopt amendments to the Company's Code of Regulations to adopt procedures for shareholders to propose business to be considered and to nominate directors for election at shareholder meetings received 34,616,083 affirmative votes, 5,510,532 negative votes and 77,674 abstained votes.

The proposal to ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as the company's independent auditors for its 2009 fiscal year received 39,725,122 affirmative votes and 423,635 negative votes, and 55,533 votes abstained.

The shareholder proposal to adopt an amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation to require a majority voting standard for uncontested director elections received 16,457,213 affirmative votes and 22,141,607 negative votes, and 79,125 votes abstained.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit No.

3.1 Code of Regulations, as amended on May 21, 2009 (filed herewith).

31.1 Chief Executive Officer Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification (filed herewith).

31.2 Chief Financial Officer Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification (filed herewith).

Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith).

Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

INVACARE CORPORATION

Date: August 6, 2009

By: /s/ Robert K. Gudbranson  
Name: Robert K. Gudbranson  
Title: Chief Financial Officer  
(As Principal Financial and Accounting  
Officer and on behalf of the registrant)



