Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year if Changed since Last Report

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CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORP/DE/ Form 10-Q/A September 09, 2008

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A

(Mark One)

[X] Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the period ended June 28, 2008 or

[] Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from to

Commission file number 0-16088

(State or Other Jurisdiction

of Incorporation or Organization

CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

<u>Delaware</u>

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

111 South Worcester Street Norton<u>MA</u> (Address of principal executive offices)

02766-2102

04-2832509

(Zip Code)

(508) 222-0614

Registrants Telephone Number, including Area Code:

CPS Technologies Corporation

111 South Worcester Street

Norton, MA 02766-2102

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period than the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to the filing requirements for the past 90 days. [X] Yes [] No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer [] Accelerated filer [] Non-accelerated filer [] Smaller reporting company [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act): [] Yes [X] No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuers classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. Number of shares of common stock outstanding as of July 18, 2008: 12,661,725.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

We are filing this Amendment #1 to the Form 10-Q originally filed on August 7, 2008, to correct a typographical error in one subtotal in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. In the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six-Month Period Ended June 28, 2008, the "Net cash provided by operating activities" should be \$779,815 rather than \$798,815. There are no other changes."

For the convenience of the reader, this Form 10-Q/A sets forth the originally filed Form 10-Q as amended herein, in its entirety.

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

(continued on next page)

	June 28,	December 29,
	2008	2007
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 743,827	\$ 472,059
Accounts receivable-trade		
net of allowance for doubtful accounts		
of \$5,461	3,057,714	2,389,672

Inventories	1,570,087	1,416,264
Prepaid expenses	27,224	54,791
Deferred Taxes	544,000	544,000
Total current assets	5,942,852	4,876,786
Property and equipment:		
Production equipment	4,976,814	4,931,008
Furniture and office equipment	246,547	211,984
Leasehold improvements	385,220	385,220
Total cost	5,608,581	5,528,212
Accumulated depreciation		
and amortization	(3,735,900)	(3,454,899)
Construction in progress	516,324	56,962
Net property and equipment	2,389,005	2,130,275
Total Assets	\$ 8,331,857	\$ 7,007,061

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited) (continued)

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS`	June 28,	December 29,
EQUITY	2008	2007
Current liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 614,893	\$ 508,129
Accrued Expenses	688,557	488,047
Current portion of obligations		
under capital leases	291,870	331,233
Total current liabilities	1,595,320	1,327,409

Obligations under capital

leases less curren	t portion	247,829	273,638
Total liabilities		1,843,149	1,601,047
Stockholders` equity:			
Common stock, \$	60.01 par value,		
	authorized 15,000,000 shares;		
	issued 12,638,842 shares at June 28, 2008		
	and 12,574,842 shares at December 29, 2007	126,389	125,749
Additional paid-i	n capital	32,897,616	32,805,064
Accumulated def	icit	(26,474,462)	(27,463,964)
Less cost of 22,88	83 common shares		
	repurchased	(60,835)	(60,835)
Total stockholders` equity		6,448,708	5,406,014
Total liabilities and stockholder	rs`		
equity		\$ 8,331,857	\$ 7,007,061

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CERAMICS PROCESS SYSTEMS CORPORATION Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Quarters Ended	Six	month Periods Ended
	June 28,	June 30,	June 28,	June 30,
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Product sales	\$ 4,472,069	\$ 3,067,042	\$ 7,887,825	\$ 6,207,395
Cost of product sales	3,101,750	2,423,716	5,455,145	4,676,075
Gross Margin	1,370,319	643,326	2,432,680	1,531,320
Selling, general, and				
administrative expense	721,968	492,908	1,296,500	998,852
Operating income	648,351	150,418	1,136,180	532,468

Other income(expense), net	(10,554)	(12,946)	(22,678)	(35,831)
Net income before income tax				
expense	637,797	137,472	1,113,502	496,637
Income tax expense	71,000	5,608	124,000	24,808
Net income	\$566,797	\$131,864	\$989,502	\$471,829
Net income per				
basic common share	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.04
Weighted average number of				
basic common shares				
outstanding	12,562,508	12,546,959	12,557,234	12,536,519
Net income per				
diluted common share	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.04
Weighted average number of diluted common shares				
outstanding	13,219,672	13,376,040	13,246,310	13,273,426

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Six-Month Period Ended	
	June 28, Ju	
	2008	2007
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$989,502	\$471,829
Adjustments to reconcile net income		
to cash provided by		
operating activities:		

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Depreciation & amortization	281,002	232,083
Share-based compensation	22,254	25,291
Tax benefit from stock options	6,298	3,242
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable trade	(668,042)	763,294
Inventories	(153,823)	(609,010)
Prepaid expenses	(4,650)	(18,360)
Accounts payable	106,764	(299,385)
Accrued expenses	200,510	(63,785)
Net cash provided by operating activities	779,815	505,199
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(507,515)	(387,517)
Net cash used in investing		
activities	(507,515)	(387,517)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Payment of capital lease obligations	(65,172)	(138,991)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	64,640	13,050
Net cash used by		
financing activities	(532)	(125,941)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	271,768	(8,259)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	472,059	517,540
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 743,827	\$ 509,281
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Acquisition of machinery under capital leases	\$ 117,484	\$ 425,715
Prepaid expense transferred to equipment	\$ 32,217	
Cash paid for taxes	\$ 52,426	\$ 120,000
Interest paid	\$ 23,109	\$ 37,094

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statement (Unaudited)

(1) Nature of Business

CPS Technologies Corporation (the `Company` or `CPS`) (formerly Ceramics Process Systems Corporation) provides advanced material solutions to the electronics, robotics, automotive and other industries.

(2) Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

As permitted by the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission applicable to quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, these notes are condensed and do not contain all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles.

The accompanying financial statements are unaudited. In the opinion of management, the unaudited consolidated financial statements of CPS reflect all normal recurring adjustments which are necessary to present fairly the financial position and results of operations for such periods.

The Company's balance sheet at December 29, 2007 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements.

For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2007.

The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

(3) Net Income (Loss) Per Common and Common Equivalent Share

Basic net income or net loss per common share is calculated by dividing net income or loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per common share is calculated by dividing net income by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares plus additional common shares that would have been outstanding if potential dilutive common shares had been issued for granted stock option and stock purchase rights.

The following table presents the calculation of both basic and diluted EPS:

	Quarters Ended		Six-Month Periods Ended	
	June 28,	June 30,	June 28,	June 30,
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Basic EPS Computation:				
Numerator:				
Net income	\$ 566,797	\$ 131,864	\$ 989,502	\$ 471,829
Denominator:				

Weighted average

Common shares

Outstanding	12,562,508	12,546,959	12,557,234	12,536,519
Basic EPS	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.04
Diluted EPS Computation:				
Numerator:				
Net income	566,797	131,864	989,502	471,829
Denominator:				
Weighted average				
Common shares				
Outstanding	12,562,508	12,546,959	12,557,234	12,536,519
Dilutive effect of Stock options	657,164	829,081	689,076	736,907
Total Shares	13,219,672	13,376,040	13,246,310	13,273,426
Diluted EPS	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.04
(4) Share-Based Payments				

The Company maintains a stock incentive plan (the "Plan"), which is described more fully in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements in the 2007 Annual Report filed on Form10-K. Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123, "Share-Based Payments (revised 2004)," (SFAS No. 123R) which requires the Company to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant date fair value of the award. That cost is recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide services in exchange for the award, the requisite service period (usually the vesting period). Under SFAS No. 123R, the Company provides an estimate of forfeitures at initial grant date. The Company elected the modified prospective transition method under SFAS No. 123R and accordingly has not restated periods prior to adoption. There were no shares granted under the Plan during the quarters ended June 28, 2008 and June 30, 2007. During the three and six months ended June 28, 2008, the Company recognized \$12,135 and \$22,254 respectively as shared-based compensation expense related to previously granted shared under the Plan. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company recognized \$15,122 and \$25,281 respectively as shared-based compensation expense related to previously granted shares under the Plan.

(5) Inventories

Inventories consist of the following:

	June 28,	December 29,
	2008	2007
Raw materials	\$ 343,761	\$ 257,387
Work in process	378,398	273,197
Finished goods	847,928	885,680

Inventories	\$ 1,570,087	\$ 1,416,264
(6) Accrued Expenses		
Accrued expenses consist of the following:		
	June 28,	December 29,
	2008	2007
Accrued legal and accounting	\$ 40,026	\$ 51,950
Accrued payroll	427,140	311,324
Accrued other	108,945	77,573
Accrued income tax payable	112,446	47,200
	\$ 688,557	\$ 488,047
	======	

(7) Line of Credit and Equipment Lease Facility Agreements

In April 2005, the Company entered into line of credit and equipment lease agreements with Sovereign Bank. The line of credit is a revolving credit facility allowing the Company to borrow up to 80% of eligible accounts receivable, up to a maximum of \$1 million, subject to the Company complying with certain covenants. The line of credit has a one year term and has been renewed each year since 2005. In Q2 2008 it was renewed to May 2009. As of June 28, 2008 there were no borrowings under the line of credit.

The equipment lease facility allows the Company to lease up to \$1.5 million of eligible capital equipment from Sovereign Bank. As of June 28, 2008, the Company has leased capital equipment with a net carrying value of \$719 thousand from Sovereign Bank under the lease facility agreement, and \$781 thousand of availability for future use under the lease facility agreement.

(8) Income Taxes

At December 29, 2007, the Company had approximately \$7,000,000 of net operating loss carryforwards available to offset income for U.S. Federal income tax purpose. The Company has established a valuation allowance against this and its other deferred tax assets.

The Company recorded a tax provision of \$12,000 and \$21,000 for federal income taxes for the three and six months ended June 28, 2008, respectively. This provision is based on the federal corporate alternative minimum tax rate rather than the statutory graduated tax rates. The Company believes it will be able to use net operating loss carryforwards to offset federal taxes, other than the corporate alternative minimum tax, in fiscal 2008.

The Company reduced the valuation allowance against deferred tax assets at the end of 2007 resulting in a deferred tax asset account of \$544,000 on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet as of year-end 2007. The Company will continue to consider the need and amount of the valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets based upon its ongoing assessment of historical and projected taxable income.

The Company recorded a tax provision of \$59,000 and \$103,000 for state income taxes during the three and six months ended June 28, 2008, respectively.

ITEM 2 MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is based upon and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Company and notes thereto included in this report and the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2007.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. There are a number of factors that could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those forecasted or projected in such forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements which speak only as of the date hereof. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to these forward-looking statements which may be made to reflect events or changed circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Critical Accounting Policies

The critical accounting policies utilized by the Company in preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements are set forth in Part II, Item 7 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2007, under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations". There have been no material changes to these policies since December 29, 2007.

Overview

CPS Technologies Corporation (the `Company` or `CPS`) (formerly Ceramics Process Systems Corporation) provides advanced material solutions to the electronics, robotics, automotive and other industries. Our primary advanced material solution is metal matrix composites, a new class of materials which are a combination of metal and ceramic. CPS has a leading, proprietary position in metal matrix composites. Metal matrix composites have several superior properties compared to conventional materials - improved thermal conductivity, thermal expansion matching, stiffness and light weight - which enable higher performance and higher reliability in our customers` products.

Like plastics many years ago, this new class of materials will penetrate many end markets over many years. CPS management believes our business model of providing advanced material solutions to a portfolio of high growth end markets which are, at any point in time, in various stages of the technology adoption lifecycle, provides CPS with the opportunity for sustained growth and a diversified customer base. We believe we have validated this model as we are now supplying customers at all stages of the technology adoption lifecycle.

CPS is the leader in supplying metal matrix composites to certain high growth electronics end markets which are well along in the adoption lifecycle and therefore generating significant demand. These end markets include high-performance integrated circuits and circuit boards used in internet switches and routers, as well as motor controllers used in high-speed electric trains, subway cars and wind turbines. CPS supplies heat spreaders, lids and baseplates to customers in these end markets. CPS is a fully qualified manufacturer for many of the world's largest electronics OEMs.

Concurrently, CPS is participating in certain end markets that are at an earlier stage of the adoption lifecycle. Management believes these end markets will generate additional growth longer-term. An example of such an end market is motor controllers for hybrid automotives and trucks; CPS has been supplying prototypes into this end

market for several years. Management believes that several of the programs for which we are selling prototypes will enter volume production in the future.

We are also actively working with customers in end markets at the beginning stages of the adoption lifecycle. An example is CPS's HybridTech armor technology which has the potential for greater multi-hit capability, lighter weight and lower costs than conventional armor.

Our products are manufactured by proprietary processes we have developed including the QuicksetTM Injection Molding Process (`Quickset Process`) and the QuickCastTM Pressure Infiltration Process (`QuickCast Process`).

CPS was incorporated in Massachusetts in 1984 as Ceramics Process Systems Corporation and reincorporated in Delaware in April 1987 through a merger into a wholly-owned Delaware subsidiary organized for purposes of the reincorporation. In July 1987, CPS completed our initial public offering of 1.5 million shares of our Common Stock. In March 2007, Ceramics Process Systems Corporation was renamed CPS Technologies Corporation.

Results of Operations for the Second Fiscal Quarter of 2008 (Q2 2008) Compared to the Second Fiscal Quarter of 2007 (Q2 2007)

Total revenue was \$4,472 thousand in Q2 2008, a 46% increase from revenue of \$3,067 thousand in Q2 2007. The increase in revenues came from all product families except baseplates for cellular telephone basestations which continued to decline as these specific products near their end of life. We supply components to OEMs; each of our products has a specific life cycle. The revenue growth in Q2 came primarily from products introduced 1-2 years ago which have now entered the growth phase of their product life cycles; this is particularly the case for specific flip-chip heat spreaders used in high-performance switches and routers which generated the greatest growth in Q2. Demand for baseplates used in motor controllers also increased as did demand for hermetic metal packages.

Total operating expenses in Q2 2008 were \$3,824 thousand, a 31% increase from total operating expenses in Q2 2007 of \$2,917 thousand. Cost of product sales in Q2 2008 were \$3,102 thousand, a 28% increase from cost of product sales in Q2 2007 of \$2,424 thousand. Cost of product sales increased primarily as a result of increased unit shipments. The gross profit on product sales in Q2 2008 was 31% compared to gross profit on product sales in Q2 2007 of 21%. The increase in gross profit is primarily the result of improved labor utilization and fixed costs being spread over increased unit shipments; overhead increased at a much lower rate than did unit shipments.

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses were \$722 thousand in Q2 2008, a 46% increase from SG&A expenses of \$493 thousand in Q2 2007. The increase in SG&A expenses is primarily the result of higher commissions paid to sales representatives, higher sales promotion expenses, and higher fees for external professional services.

Results of Operations for First Six Months 2008 Compared to First Six Months of 2007

Total revenue was \$7,888 thousand in the first six months of 2008, a 27% increase from total revenue of \$6,207 thousand in the first six months of 2007. The increase in revenues came from all product families except baseplates for cellular telephone basestations which continued to decline as these specific products near their end of life. Demand was up in the first six months of 2008 compared to the same period a year ago for flip-chip heat spreaders used in high-performance switches and routers, baseplates used in motor control modules, and hermetic metal packages.

Total operating expenses in the first six months of 2008 were \$6,752 thousand, a 19% increase

from total operating expenses of \$5,675 thousand in the first six months of 2007. Cost of product sales in the first six months of 2008 were \$5,455 thousand, a 17% increase from cost of product sales of \$4,676 thousand in the first six months of 2007. Cost of product sales increased primarily as a result of increased unit shipments. Gross profit on product sales in the first six months of 2008 was 31% compared with gross profit on product sales of 25% in the first six months of 2007. The increase in gross profit on product sales is primarily the result of improved labor utilization in the first months of 2008 compared to the first six months of 2007, and fixed costs being spread over increased unit shipments.

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses were \$1,297 thousand in the first six months of 2008, a 30% increase from SG&A expenses of \$999 thousand in the first six months of 2007. The increase in SG&A expenses is primarily the result of accruing for compensation expense for bonuses paid, higher commissions paid to sales representatives and higher sales promotion expenses and higher salary costs associated with increased personnel additions in the sales function.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's cash and cash equivalents at June 28, 2008 were \$744 thousand compared to cash and cash equivalents at December 29, 2007 of \$472 thousand, an increase of \$272 thousand or 58%.

Accounts receivable increased to \$3,058 thousand at June 28, 2008 from \$2,390 thousand at December 29, 2007. This change reflects increased shipments in Q2 2008 compared to Q4 2007, as well as the timing of shipments and collections. The accounts receivable balance at June 28, 2008 and December 29, 2007 is net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$5 thousand.

Inventories increased to \$1,570 thousand at June 28, 2008 from \$1,416 thousand at December 29, 2007. Raw materials inventory increased primarily due to purchased components used in the Company's hermetic packaging products; work-in-process inventory increased to support higher unit shipments; finished goods inventory decreased at the Company's Norton location due to timing of shipments. Of the total finished goods inventory of \$848 thousand at June 28, 2008, \$567 thousand was located at customers' locations pursuant to consigned inventory agreements. Of the total finished goods inventory of \$886 thousand at December 29, 2007, \$515 thousand was located at customers' locations pursuant to consigned inventory agreements.

The Company financed its working capital during Q2 2008 and the six months ended June 28, 2008 with existing cash balances and funds generated by operations. The Company expects it will continue to be able to fund its working capital requirements for the remainder of 2008 from these same sources.

The Company continues to sell to a limited number of customers and the loss of any one of these customers could cause the Company to require additional external financing. Failure to generate sufficient revenues, raise additional capital or reduce certain discretionary spending could have a material adverse effect on the Company's ability to achieve its business objectives.

Contractual Obligations

In April 2005, the Company entered line of credit and equipment lease agreements with Sovereign Bank. The line of credit is a revolving credit facility allowing the Company to borrow up to 80% of eligible accounts receivable, up to a maximum of \$1 million, subject to the Company complying with certain covenants. The line of credit has a one-year term and has been renewed each year since 2005. In Q2 2008 the term was extended to May 2009. As of June 28, 2008 there were no borrowings under the line of credit.

The equipment lease facility allows the Company to lease up to \$1.5 million of eligible capital equipment. As of June 28, 2008, the Company has leased capital equipment with a carrying value of \$719 thousand from Sovereign Bank under the lease facility agreement, and \$781 thousand of availability for future use under the lease facility agreement.

As of June 28, 2008 production equipment included \$516 thousand of construction in progress, and in addition, the Company had outstanding commitments to purchase \$176 thousand of production equipment. The Company intends to finance production equipment in construction in progress and outstanding commitments under the lease agreement with existing cash balances and funds generated by operations.

In July 2006 the Company entered into a lease for its current operating facilities of approximately 37,520 square feet of rentable space located on approximately seven acres at its current site in Norton, MA. The term of the lease is ten years. The lease is a triple net lease wherein the Company is responsible for payment of all real estate taxes, operating costs and utilities. The Company also has an option to buy the property and a first right of refusal during the term of the lease. Annual rental payments are \$100 thousand in year one increasing to \$150 thousand in year ten.

The Company's contractual obligations at June 28, 2008 consist of the following:

		Payments Due by Period			
		Remaining in	FY 2009 -	FY 2012 -	FY 2015 and
	<u>Total</u>	<u>FY 2008</u>	<u>FY 2011</u>	<u>FY 1014</u>	beyond
Capital lease obligations including interest	\$ 584,176	\$ 181,688	\$ 402,488	\$	\$
Purchase commitments for production equipment	\$ 176,221	\$ 176,221	\$	\$	\$
Operating lease obligation for facilities at 111 South Worcester Street, Norton, MA.	\$1,040,000	\$ 57,500	\$ 368,000	\$ 427,000	\$ 187,500

ITEM 3 QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company is not significantly exposed to the impact of interest rate changes or foreign currency fluctuations. The Company has not used derivative financial instruments.

ITEM 4 CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-14(c) and 15d - 14(c) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q (the "Evaluation Date"). Based on such evaluation, such officer has concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, 1) the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports the Company files under the Securities Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and 2) the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Changes in Internal Controls. There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

ITEM 1A RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the risk factors as discussed in our 2007 Form 10-K

ITEM 2 UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

None.

ITEM 3 DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4 SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

Not applicable.

ITEM 5 OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

ITEM 6 EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K:

(a) Exhibits:

Exhibit 31.1 Certification Of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 302 Of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act Of 2002

Exhibit 31.2 Certification Of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 302 Of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act Of 2002

Exhibit 32.1 Certification Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 906 Of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act Of 2002

b. Reports on Form 8-K

On August 7, 2008 the Company filed a report on Form 8-K relating to the announcement of its financial results for the quarter ended June 28, 2008 as presented in a press release dated August 7, 2008.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION

(Registrant)

Date: September 9, 2008 /s/ Grant C. Bennett Grant C. Bennett President