

JPMORGAN CHASE & CO

Form 424B2

December 27, 2018

JPMorgan Chase Financial Company LLC December 2018

Pricing Supplement

Registration Statement Nos. 333-222672 and 333-222672-01

Dated December 24, 2018

Filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2)

Structured Investments

Opportunities in Commodities

Contingent Income Auto-Callable Securities due January 2, 2020

**Based on the Value of a WTI Crude Oil Futures Contract  
Principal at Risk Securities**

**Fully and Unconditionally Guaranteed by JPMorgan Chase & Co.**

Contingent Income Auto-Callable Securities do not guarantee the payment of interest or the repayment of principal. Instead, the securities offer the opportunity for investors to earn a contingent quarterly payment equal to 2.7875% of the stated principal amount with respect to each determination date on which the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is greater than or equal to 75% of the contract strike price, which we refer to as the downside threshold level. However, if, on any determination date, the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is less than the downside threshold level, you will not receive any contingent quarterly payment for the related quarterly period. In addition, if the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is greater than or equal to the contract strike price on any determination date (other than the first and final determination dates), the securities will be automatically redeemed for an amount per security equal to the stated principal amount *plus* the contingent quarterly payment with respect to that determination date. If the securities have not been automatically redeemed prior to maturity and the final contract price is greater than or equal to the downside threshold level, the payment at maturity due on the securities will be the stated principal amount and the contingent quarterly payment with respect to the final determination date. If, however, the securities have not been automatically redeemed prior to maturity and the final contract price is less than the downside threshold level, you will be exposed to the decline in the underlying commodity futures contract, as compared to the contract strike price, on a 1-to-1 basis and will receive a cash payment at maturity that is less than 75% of the stated principal amount of the securities and could be zero. The securities are for investors who are willing to risk their principal and seek an opportunity to earn interest at a potentially above-market rate in exchange for the risk of receiving few or no contingent quarterly payments and also the risk of receiving a cash payment at maturity that is significantly less than the stated principal amount of the securities and could be zero. **Accordingly, investors could lose their entire initial investment in the securities.** Investors will not participate in any appreciation of the underlying commodity futures contract. The securities are unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of JPMorgan Chase Financial Company LLC, which we refer to as JPMorgan Financial, the payment on which is fully and unconditionally guaranteed by JPMorgan Chase & Co., issued as part of JPMorgan Financial's Medium-Term Notes, Series A, program. **Any payment on the securities is subject to the credit risk of JPMorgan Financial, as issuer of the securities, and the credit risk of JPMorgan Chase & Co., as guarantor of the securities.**

**FINAL TERMS**

<b>Issuer:</b>	JPMorgan Chase Financial Company LLC, an indirect, wholly owned finance subsidiary of JPMorgan Chase & Co.
<b>Guarantor:</b>	JPMorgan Chase & Co.
<b>Underlying commodity futures contract:</b>	The first nearby month futures contract for WTI crude oil traded on the New York Mercantile Exchange (the “NYMEX”) or, on any day that falls on the last trading day of such contract (all pursuant to the rules of the NYMEX), the second nearby month futures contract for WTI crude oil traded on the NYMEX
<b>Aggregate principal amount:</b>	\$3,000,000
<b>Early redemption:</b>	If, on any determination date (other than the first and final determination dates), the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is <b>greater than or equal to</b> the contract strike price, the securities will be automatically redeemed for an early redemption payment on the first contingent payment date immediately following the related determination date. No further payments will be made on the securities once they have been redeemed.
<b>Early redemption payment:</b>	The early redemption payment will be an amount equal to (i) the stated principal amount <i>plus</i> (ii) the contingent quarterly payment with respect to the related determination date. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· If, on any determination date, the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is greater than or equal to the downside threshold level, we will pay a contingent quarterly payment of \$27.875 (2.7875% of the stated principal amount) per security on the related contingent payment date.</li> </ul>
<b>Contingent quarterly payment:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· If, on any determination date, the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is less than the downside threshold level, no contingent quarterly payment will be made with respect to that determination date.</li> </ul>
<b>Determination dates:</b>	March 27, 2019, June 27, 2019, September 27, 2019 and December 27, 2019, subject to postponement in the event of certain market disruption events and as described under “General Terms of Notes — Postponement of a Determination Date — Notes Linked to a Single Underlying — Notes Linked to a Single Commodity or Commodity Futures Contract”
<b>Contingent payment dates:</b>	April 1, 2021, July 2, 2021, October 2, 2021 and the maturity date, subject to postponement in the event of certain market disruption events and as described under “General Terms of the Notes — Postponement of a Payment Date” in the accompanying product supplement
<b>Payment at maturity:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· If the final contract price is <b>greater than or equal to</b> the downside threshold level: (i) the stated principal amount <i>plus</i> (ii) the contingent quarterly payment with respect to the final determination date</li> <li>· If the final contract price is <b>less than</b> the downside threshold level: (i) the stated principal amount <i>times</i> (ii) the contract performance factor. This cash payment will be less than 75% of the stated principal amount of the securities and could be zero.</li> </ul>
<b>Downside threshold level:</b>	\$34.41, which is equal to 75% of the contract strike price
<b>Contract strike price:</b>	\$45.88, which was the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract on the strike date. <b>The contract strike price is not the contract price on the pricing date.</b>
<b>Final contract price:</b>	The contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract on the final determination date
<b>Contract performance factor:</b>	final contract price / contract strike price
<b>Stated principal amount:</b>	\$1,000 per security

<b>Issue price:</b>	\$1,000 per security (see “Commissions and issue price” below)		
<b>Strike date:</b>	December 20, 2018		
<b>Pricing date:</b>	December 24, 2018		
<b>Original issue date (settlement date):</b>	January 2, 2019		
<b>Maturity date:</b>	January 2, 2020, subject to postponement in the event of certain market disruption events and as described under “General Terms of Notes — Postponement of a Payment Date” in the accompanying product supplement or early acceleration in the event of a commodity hedging disruption event as described under “General Terms of Notes — Consequences of a Commodity Hedging Disruption Event — Acceleration of the Notes” in the accompanying product supplement		
<b>CUSIP/ISIN:</b>	48130UPT6 / US48130UPT69		
<b>Listing:</b>	The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange.		
<b>Agent:</b>	J.P. Morgan Securities LLC (“JPMS”)	<i>Terms continued on the following page</i>	
<b>Commissions and issue price:</b>	Price to public <sup>(1)</sup>	Fees and commissions	Proceeds to issuer
<b>Per security</b>	\$1,000.00	\$12.50 <sup>(2)</sup> \$5.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$982.50
<b>Total</b>	\$3,000,000.00	\$52,500.00	\$2,947,500.00

(1) See “Additional Information about the Securities — Supplemental use of proceeds and hedging” in this document for information about the components of the price to public of the securities.

JPMS, acting as agent for JPMorgan Financial, will pay all of the selling commissions of \$12.50 per \$1,000 stated principal amount security it receives from us to Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC (“Morgan Stanley Wealth Management”). See “Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)” in the accompanying product supplement.

(3) Reflects a structuring fee payable to Morgan Stanley Wealth Management by the agent or its affiliates of \$5.00 for each \$1,000 stated principal amount security

**The estimated value of the securities on the pricing date was \$969.80 per \$1,000 stated principal amount security.** See “Additional Information about the Securities — The estimated value of the securities” in this document for additional information.

**Investing in the securities involves a number of risks. See “Risk Factors” beginning on page PS-9 of the accompanying product supplement and “Risk Factors” beginning on page 9 of this document.**

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the securities or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this document or the accompanying product supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

*The securities are not bank deposits, are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency and are not obligations of, or guaranteed by, a bank.*

**You should read this document together with the related product supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus, each of which can be accessed via the hyperlinks below. Please also see “Additional Information about the Securities” at the end of this document.**

Product supplement no. 2-I dated April 5, 2018:

[http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000095010318004517/dp87531\\_424b2-ps2i.pdf](http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000095010318004517/dp87531_424b2-ps2i.pdf)

Prospectus supplement and prospectus, each dated April 5, 2018:

[http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000095010318004508/dp87767\\_424b2-ps.pdf](http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000095010318004508/dp87767_424b2-ps.pdf)



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Based on the Value of a WTI Crude Oil Futures Contract

Principal at Risk Securities

***Terms continued from previous page:***

**Contract price:** On any day, the official settlement price per barrel on the NYMEX of the first nearby month futures contract for WTI crude oil, stated in U.S. dollars, *provided* that if that day falls on the last trading day of such futures contract (all pursuant to the rules of the NYMEX), then the second nearby month futures contract, as made public by the NYMEX and displayed on the Bloomberg Professional<sup>®</sup> service (“Bloomberg”) under the symbol “CL1” or “CL2,” as applicable, on that day

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Investment Summary

The Contingent Income Auto-Callable Securities due January 2, 2020 Based on the Value of a WTI Crude Oil Futures Contract, which we refer to as the securities, do not provide for the regular payment of interest. Instead, the securities provide an opportunity for investors to earn a contingent quarterly payment, which is an amount equal to \$27.875 (2.7875% of the stated principal amount) per security, with respect to each quarterly determination date on which the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is greater than or equal to 75% of the contract strike price, which we refer to as the downside threshold level. The contingent quarterly payment, if any, will be payable quarterly on the contingent payment date immediately following the related determination date. However, if the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is less than the downside threshold level on any determination date, investors will receive no contingent quarterly payment for the related quarterly period. It is possible that the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract could be below the downside threshold level on most or all of the determination dates so that you will receive few or no contingent quarterly payments during the term of the securities. We refer to these payments as contingent, because there is no guarantee that you will receive a payment on any contingent payment date. Even if the underlying commodity futures contract was at or above the downside threshold level on some quarterly determination dates, the underlying commodity futures contract may fluctuate below the downside threshold level on others.

If the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is greater than or equal to the contract strike price on any determination date (other than the first and final determination dates), the securities will be automatically redeemed for an early redemption payment equal to the stated principal amount *plus* the contingent quarterly payment with respect to the related determination date. If the securities have not previously been redeemed and the final contract price is greater than or equal to the downside threshold level, the payment at maturity will also be the sum of the stated principal amount and the contingent quarterly payment with respect to the final determination date. However, if the securities have not previously been redeemed and the final contract price is less than the downside threshold level, investors will be exposed to the decline in the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract, as compared to the contract strike price, on a 1-to-1 basis. Under these circumstances, the payment at maturity will be (i) the stated principal amount *times* (ii) the contract performance factor, which will be less than 75% of the stated principal amount of the securities and could be zero. Investors in the securities must be willing to accept the risk of losing their entire principal and also the risk of receiving few or no contingent quarterly payments over the term of the securities. In addition, investors will not participate in any appreciation of the underlying commodity futures contract.

Supplemental Terms of the Securities

For purposes of the accompanying product supplement, the underlying commodity futures contract is a “Commodity Futures Contract.”

**The securities are not futures contracts and are not regulated under the Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended (the “Commodity Exchange Act”).** The securities are offered pursuant to an exemption from regulation under the Commodity Exchange Act, commonly known as the hybrid instrument exemption, which is available to

securities that have one or more payments indexed to the value, level or rate of one or more commodities, as set out in section 2(f) of that statute. Accordingly, you are not afforded any protection provided by the Commodity Exchange Act or any regulation promulgated by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

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Principal at Risk Securities

Key Investment Rationale

The securities do not provide for the regular payment of interest. Instead, the securities offer investors an opportunity to earn a contingent quarterly payment equal to 2.7875% of the stated principal amount with respect to each determination date on which the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is greater than or equal to 75% of the contract strike price, which we refer to as the downside threshold level. The securities may be redeemed prior to maturity for the stated principal amount per security *plus* the applicable contingent quarterly payment, and the payment at maturity will vary depending on the final contract price, as follows:

On any determination date (other than the first and final determination dates), the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is *greater than or equal to* the contract strike price.

**Scenario 1** § The securities will be automatically redeemed for (i) the stated principal amount *plus* (ii) the contingent quarterly payment with respect to the related determination date.

§ Investors will not participate in any appreciation of the underlying commodity futures contract from the contract strike price.

The securities are not automatically redeemed prior to maturity, and the final contract price is *greater than or equal to* the downside threshold level.

**Scenario 2** § The payment due at maturity will be (i) the stated principal amount *plus* (ii) the contingent quarterly payment with respect to the final determination date.

§ Investors will not participate in any appreciation of the underlying commodity futures contract from the contract strike price.

The securities are not automatically redeemed prior to maturity, and the final contract price is *less than* the downside threshold level.

**Scenario 3** § The payment due at maturity will be (i) the stated principal amount *times* (ii) the contract performance factor.

§ **Investors will lose some, and may lose all, of their principal in this scenario.**

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Principal at Risk Securities

How the Securities Work

The following diagrams illustrate the potential outcomes for the securities depending on (1) the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract and (2) the final contract price.

Diagram #1: First Determination Date

Diagram #2: Determination Dates (Other Than the First and Final Determination Dates)

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Principal at Risk Securities

Diagram #3: Payment at Maturity if No Automatic Early Redemption Occurs

*For more information about the payment upon an early redemption or at maturity in different hypothetical scenarios, see “Hypothetical Examples” starting on page 7.*

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Hypothetical Examples

The below examples are based on the following terms:

Stated principal amount: \$1,000 per security

Hypothetical contract strike price: \$100.00

Hypothetical downside threshold level: \$75.00, which is 75% of the hypothetical contract strike price

Contingent quarterly payment: \$27.875 (2.7875% of the stated principal amount) per security

The hypothetical contract strike price of \$100.00 has been chosen for illustrative purposes only and does not represent a likely actual contract strike price. The actual contract strike price is the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract on the strike date and is specified on the cover of this pricing supplement. For historical data regarding the actual contract prices of the underlying commodity futures contract, please see the historical information set forth under “WTI Crude Oil Futures Contract Overview” in this pricing supplement.

In Examples 1 and 2, the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract fluctuates over the term of the securities and the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is greater than or equal to the contract strike price on one of the determination dates (other than the first and final determination dates). Because the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is greater than or equal to the contract strike price on one of the determination dates (other than the first and final determination dates), the securities are automatically redeemed following the relevant determination date. In Examples 3 and 4, the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract on the determination dates (other than the first and final determination dates) is less than the contract strike price, and, consequently, the securities are not automatically redeemed prior to, and remain outstanding until, maturity.

Determination Dates	Example 1			Example 2		
	Hypothetical Contract Price	Contingent Quarterly Payment	Early Redemption Payment*	Hypothetical Contract Price	Contingent Quarterly Payment	Early Redemption Payment*
#1	\$65.00	\$0	N/A	\$105.00	\$27.875	N/A
#2	\$100.00	—*	\$1,027.875	\$50.00	\$0	N/A
#3	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$125.00	—*	\$1,027.875
Final Determination Date	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

\* The early redemption payment includes the unpaid contingent quarterly payment with respect to the determination date on which the contract price is greater than or equal to the contract strike price and the securities are redeemed as a result.

§ In **Example 1**, the securities are automatically redeemed following the second determination date as the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract on the second determination date is equal to the contract strike price. As the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract on the first determination date is less than

the downside threshold level, no contingent quarterly payment was made with respect to that date. Following the second determination date, you receive the early redemption payment, calculated as follows:  
stated principal amount + contingent quarterly payment = \$1,000 + \$27.875 = \$1,027.875

*In this example, the early redemption feature limits the term of your investment to approximately 6 months and you may not be able to reinvest at comparable terms or returns. If the securities are redeemed early, you will stop receiving contingent quarterly payments.*

In **Example 2**, the securities are automatically redeemed following the third determination date as the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract on the third determination date is greater than the contract strike price. The securities are not redeemable on the first determination date, even though the contract price on the first determination date is greater than the contract strike price. As the contract price of the underlying commodity futures § contract on the first determination date is greater than the downside threshold level, you receive the contingent quarterly payment of \$27.875 with respect to that determination date. Following the third determination date, you receive an early redemption payment of \$1,027.875, which includes the contingent quarterly payment with respect to the third determination date.

*In this example, the early redemption feature limits the term of your investment to approximately 9 months and you may not be able to reinvest at comparable terms or returns. If the securities are redeemed early, you will stop receiving contingent quarterly payments. Further, although the underlying commodity futures contract has appreciated by 25%*

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from the contract strike price on the third determination date, you only receive \$1,027.875 per security upon redemption and do not benefit from this appreciation. The total payments on the securities will amount to \$1,055.75 per security.

	<b>Example 3</b>			<b>Example 4</b>		
<b>Determination Dates</b>	Hypothetical Contract Price	Contingent Quarterly Payment	Early Redemption Payment	Hypothetical Contract Price	Contingent Quarterly Payment	Early Redemption Payment
<b>#1</b>	\$65.00	\$0	N/A	\$45.00	\$0	N/A
<b>#2</b>	\$55.00	\$0	N/A	\$60.00	\$0	N/A
<b>#3</b>	\$50.00	\$0	N/A	\$57.50	\$0	N/A
<b>Final Determination Date</b>	\$40.00	\$0	N/A	\$75.00	—*	N/A
<b>Payment at Maturity</b>	<b>\$400.00</b>			<b>\$1,027.875</b>		

\* The final contingent quarterly payment, if any, will be paid at maturity.

Examples 3 and 4 illustrate the payment at maturity per security based on the final contract price.

In **Example 3**, the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract remains below the downside threshold level throughout the term of the securities. As a result, you do not receive any contingent quarterly \$ payment during the term of the securities and, at maturity, you are fully exposed to the decline in the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract. As the final contract price is less than the downside threshold level, you receive a cash payment at maturity calculated as follows:

stated principal amount × contract performance factor =  $\$1,000 \times \$40.00 / \$100.00 = \$400.00$

*In this example, the payment you receive at maturity is significantly less than the stated principal amount.*

In **Example 4**, the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract decreases to a final contract price of \$75.00. Although the final contract price is less than the contract strike price, because the final contract price is still § not less than the downside threshold level, you receive the stated principal amount *plus* a contingent quarterly payment with respect to the final determination date. Your payment at maturity is calculated as follows:

$\$1,000 + \$27.875 = \$1,027.875$

*In this example, although the final contract price represents a 25% decline from the contract strike price, you receive the stated principal amount per security plus the contingent quarterly payment, equal to a total payment of \$1,027.875 per security at maturity.*

The hypothetical returns and hypothetical payments on the securities shown above apply **only if you hold the securities for their entire term or until early redemption**. These hypotheticals do not reflect fees or expenses that would be associated with any sale in the secondary market. If these fees and expenses were included, the hypothetical returns and hypothetical payments shown above would likely be lower.

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Risk Factors

*The following is a non-exhaustive list of certain key risk factors for investors in the securities. For further discussion of these and other risks, you should read the section entitled "Risk Factors" of the accompanying product supplement. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers in connection with your investment in the securities.*

**The securities do not guarantee the return of any principal and your investment in the securities may result in a loss.** The terms of the securities differ from those of ordinary debt securities in that the securities do not guarantee the return of any of the principal amount at maturity. Instead, if the securities have not been automatically redeemed prior to maturity and if the final contract price is less than the downside threshold level, you will be exposed to the decline in the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract, as compared to the contract strike price, on a 1-to-1 basis and you will receive for each security that you hold at maturity a cash payment equal to the stated principal amount *times* the contract performance factor. In this case, your payment at maturity will be less than 75% of the stated principal amount and could be zero.

**You will not receive any contingent quarterly payment for any quarterly period where the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract on the relevant determination date is less than the downside threshold level.** The terms of the securities differ from those of ordinary debt securities in that the securities do not guarantee the payment of regular interest. Instead, a contingent quarterly payment will be made with respect to a quarterly period only if the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract on the relevant determination date is greater than or equal to the downside threshold level. If the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is below the downside threshold level on any determination date, you will not receive a contingent quarterly payment for the relevant quarterly period. It is possible that the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract could be below the downside threshold level on most or all of the determination dates so that you will receive few or no contingent quarterly payments. If you do not earn sufficient contingent quarterly payments over the term of the securities, the overall return on the securities may be less than the amount that would be paid on one of our conventional debt securities of comparable maturity.

**The contingent quarterly payment is based solely on the contract prices of the underlying commodity futures contract on the specified determination dates.** Whether the contingent quarterly payment will be made with respect to a determination date will be based on the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract on that determination date. As a result, you will not know whether you will receive the contingent quarterly payment until the related determination date. Moreover, because the contingent quarterly payment is based solely on the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract on a specific determination date, if that contract price is less than the downside threshold level, you will not receive any contingent quarterly payment with respect to that determination date, even if the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract was higher on other days during the term of the securities.

**The securities are subject to the credit risks of JPMorgan Financial and JPMorgan Chase & Co., and any actual or anticipated changes to our or JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s credit ratings or credit spreads may adversely affect the market value of the securities.** Investors are dependent on our and JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s ability to pay all amounts due on the securities. Any actual or anticipated decline in our or JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s credit ratings or increase in our or JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s credit spreads determined by the market for taking that



credit risk is likely to adversely affect the market value of the securities. If we and JPMorgan Chase & Co. were to default on our payment obligations, you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the securities and you could lose your entire investment.

**As a finance subsidiary, JPMorgan Financial has no independent operations and has limited assets.** As a finance subsidiary of JPMorgan Chase & Co., we have no independent operations beyond the issuance and administration of our securities. Aside from the initial capital contribution from JPMorgan Chase & Co., substantially all of our assets relate to obligations of our affiliates to make payments under loans made by us or other § intercompany agreements. As a result, we are dependent upon payments from our affiliates to meet our obligations under the securities. If these affiliates do not make payments to us and we fail to make payments on the securities, you may have to seek payment under the related guarantee by JPMorgan Chase & Co., and that guarantee will rank *pari passu* with all other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of JPMorgan Chase & Co.

**Investors will not participate in any appreciation of the underlying commodity futures contract.** Investors will not participate in any appreciation of the underlying commodity futures contract from the contract strike price, and § the return on the securities will be limited to the contingent quarterly payment that is paid with respect to each determination date on which the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract is greater than or equal to the downside threshold level.

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**Early redemption risk.** The term of your investment in the securities may be limited to as short as approximately six months by the automatic early redemption feature of the securities. If the securities are redeemed prior to § maturity, you will receive no more contingent quarterly payments and may be forced to reinvest in a lower interest rate environment and may not be able to reinvest the proceeds from an investment in the securities at a comparable return for a similar level of risk.

**Economic interests of the issuer, the guarantor, the calculation agent, the agent of the offering of the securities and other affiliates of the issuer may be different from those of investors.** We and our affiliates play a variety of roles in connection with the issuance of the securities, including acting as calculation agent and as an agent of the offering of the securities, hedging our obligations under the securities and making the assumptions used to determine the pricing of the securities and the estimated value of the securities, which we refer to as the estimated value of the securities. In performing these duties, our and JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s economic interests and the economic interests of the calculation agent and other affiliates of ours are potentially adverse to your interests as an investor in § the securities. The calculation agent has determined the contract strike price and the downside threshold level and will determine the final contract price and whether the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract on any determination date is greater than or equal to the contract strike price or is below the downside threshold level. Determinations made by the calculation agent, including with respect to the occurrence or non-occurrence of market disruption events or commodity hedging disruption events, the selection of a successor to the underlying commodity futures contract or calculation of the final contract price in the event of a discontinuation of trading in the underlying commodity futures contract, may affect the payment to you at maturity or whether the securities are redeemed early.

In addition, our and JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s business activities, including hedging and trading activities, could cause our and JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s economic interests to be adverse to yours and could adversely affect any payment on the securities and the value of the securities. It is possible that hedging or trading activities of ours or our affiliates in connection with the securities could result in substantial returns for us or our affiliates while the value of the securities declines. Please refer to "Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Conflicts of Interest" in the accompanying product supplement for additional information about these risks.

**The estimated value of the securities is lower than the original issue price (price to public) of the securities.**

The estimated value of the securities is only an estimate determined by reference to several factors. The original issue price of the securities exceeds the estimated value of the securities because costs associated with selling, structuring and hedging the securities are included in the original issue price of the securities. These costs include the § selling commissions, the structuring fee, the projected profits, if any, that our affiliates expect to realize for assuming risks inherent in hedging our obligations under the securities and the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the securities. See "Additional Information about the Securities — The estimated value of the securities" in this document.

§ **The estimated value of the securities does not represent future values of the securities and may differ from others' estimates. The estimated value of the securities is determined by reference to internal pricing models of our affiliates.** This estimated value of the securities is based on market conditions and other relevant factors existing at the time of pricing and assumptions about market parameters, which can include volatility, interest rates and other factors. Different pricing models and assumptions could provide valuations for the securities that are greater than or less than the estimated value of the securities. In addition, market conditions and other relevant factors in the future

may change, and any assumptions may prove to be incorrect. On future dates, the value of the securities could change significantly based on, among other things, changes in market conditions, our or JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s creditworthiness, interest rate movements and other relevant factors, which may impact the price, if any, at which JPMS would be willing to buy securities from you in secondary market transactions. See "Additional Information about the Securities — The estimated value of the securities" in this document.

**The estimated value of the securities is derived by reference to an internal funding rate.** The internal funding rate used in the determination of the estimated value of the securities is based on, among other things, our and our affiliates' view of the funding value of the securities as well as the higher issuance, operational and ongoing liability § management costs of the securities in comparison to those costs for the conventional fixed-rate debt of JPMorgan Chase & Co. The use of an internal funding rate and any potential changes to that rate may have an adverse effect on the terms of the securities and any secondary market prices of the securities. See "Additional Information about the Securities — The estimated value of the securities" in this document.

**The value of the securities as published by JPMS (and which may be reflected on customer account statements) may be higher than the then-current estimated value of the securities for a limited time period.** § We generally expect that some of the costs included in the original issue price of the securities will be partially paid back to you in connection with any repurchases of your securities by JPMS in an amount that will decline to zero over

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an initial predetermined period. These costs can include selling commissions, the structuring fee, projected hedging profits, if any, and, in some circumstances, estimated hedging costs and our internal secondary market funding rates for structured debt issuances. See “Additional Information about the Securities — Secondary market prices of the securities” in this document for additional information relating to this initial period. Accordingly, the estimated value of your securities during this initial period may be lower than the value of the securities as published by JPMS (and which may be shown on your customer account statements).

**Secondary market prices of the securities will likely be lower than the original issue price of the securities.**

Any secondary market prices of the securities will likely be lower than the original issue price of the securities because, among other things, secondary market prices take into account our internal secondary market funding rates for structured debt issuances and, also, because secondary market prices (a) exclude selling commissions and the § structuring fee and (b) may exclude projected hedging profits, if any, and estimated hedging costs that are included in the original issue price of the securities. As a result, the price, if any, at which JPMS will be willing to buy securities from you in secondary market transactions, if at all, is likely to be lower than the original issue price. Any sale by you prior to the maturity date could result in a substantial loss to you. See the immediately following risk factor for information about additional factors that will impact any secondary market prices of the securities. The securities are not designed to be short-term trading instruments. Accordingly, you should be able and willing to hold your securities to maturity. See “— Secondary trading may be limited” below.

**Secondary market prices of the securities will be impacted by many economic and market factors.** The secondary market price of the securities during their term will be impacted by a number of economic and market § factors, which may either offset or magnify each other, aside from the selling commissions, structuring fee, projected hedging profits, if any, estimated hedging costs and the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract, including:

- o any actual or potential change in our or JPMorgan Chase & Co.’s creditworthiness or credit spreads;
    - o customary bid-ask spreads for similarly sized trades;
    - o our internal secondary market funding rates for structured debt issuances;
  - o the actual and expected volatility in the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract;
    - o the time to maturity of the securities;
  - o supply and demand trends for WTI crude oil and the exchange-traded futures contracts on that commodity; whether the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract has been, or is expected to be, less than the downside threshold level on any determination date and whether the final contract price is expected to be less than the downside threshold level;
    - o the likelihood of an early redemption being triggered;
    - o interest and yield rates in the market generally; and
  - o a variety of other economic, financial, political, regulatory, geographical, meteorological and judicial events.
- Additionally, independent pricing vendors and/or third party broker-dealers may publish a price for the securities, which may also be reflected on customer account statements. This price may be different (higher or lower) than the price of the securities, if any, at which JPMS may be willing to purchase your securities in the secondary market.

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**We may accelerate the securities if a commodity hedging disruption event occurs.** If we or our affiliates are unable to effect transactions necessary to hedge our obligations under the securities due to a commodity hedging disruption event, we may, in our sole and absolute discretion, accelerate the payment on the securities and pay you an amount determined in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner by the calculation agent. If the payment on the securities is accelerated, your investment may result in a loss and you may not be able to reinvest your money in a comparable investment. Please see “General Terms of Notes — Consequences of a Commodity Hedging Disruption Event — Acceleration of the Notes” in the accompanying product supplement for more information.

**Commodity futures contracts are subject to uncertain legal and regulatory regimes.** Commodity futures § contracts are subject to legal and regulatory regimes that may change in ways that could adversely affect our ability to hedge our obligations under the securities and affect the value of the underlying commodity futures contract. Any

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future regulatory changes, including but not limited to changes resulting from the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the “Dodd-Frank Act”), may have a substantial adverse effect on the value of the securities. Additionally, under authority provided by the Dodd-Frank Act, the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission on December 6, 2016 proposed rules to establish position limits that will apply to 25 agricultural, metals and energy futures contracts and futures, options and swaps that are economically equivalent to those futures contracts. The limits will apply to a person’s combined position in futures, options and swaps on the same underlying commodity. The rules, if enacted in their proposed form, may reduce liquidity in the exchange-traded market for those commodity-based futures contracts, which may, in turn, have an adverse effect on any payments on the securities. Furthermore, we or our affiliates may be unable as a result of those restrictions to effect transactions necessary to hedge our obligations under the securities resulting in a commodity hedging disruption event, in which case we may, in our sole and absolute discretion, accelerate the payment on the securities. See “ — We may accelerate the securities if a commodity hedging disruption event occurs” above.

**Prices of commodity futures contracts are characterized by high and unpredictable volatility.** Market prices of the commodity futures contracts tend to be highly volatile and may fluctuate rapidly based on numerous factors, including the factors that affect the price of the commodity underlying the commodity futures contract. See “— The market price of WTI crude oil will affect the value of the securities” below. The price of the commodity and commodity futures contracts are subject to variables that may be less significant to the values of traditional § securities, such as stocks and bonds. These variables may create additional investment risks that cause the value of the securities to be more volatile than the values of traditional securities. As a general matter, the risk of low liquidity or volatile pricing around the maturity date of a commodity futures contract is greater than in the case of other futures contracts because (among other factors) a number of market participants take physical delivery of the underlying commodity. Many commodities are also highly cyclical. The high volatility and cyclical nature of commodity markets may render such an investment inappropriate as the focus of an investment portfolio.

§ **The market price of WTI crude oil will affect the value of the securities.** Because the securities are linked to the performance of the contract price of the underlying commodity futures contract, we expect that generally the market value of the securities will depend in part on the market price of WTI crude oil. The price of WTI crude oil is primarily affected by the global demand for and supply of crude oil, but is also influenced significantly from time to time by speculative actions and by currency exchange rates. Crude oil prices are volatile and subject to dislocation. Demand for refined petroleum products by consumers, as well as the agricultural, manufacturing and transportation industries, affects the price of crude oil. Crude oil’s end-use as a refined product is often as transport fuel, industrial fuel and in-home heating fuel. Potential for substitution in most areas exists, although considerations, including relative cost, often limit substitution levels. Because the precursors of demand for petroleum products are linked to economic activity, demand will tend to reflect economic conditions. Demand is also influenced by government regulations, such as environmental or consumption policies. In addition to general economic activity and demand, prices for crude oil are affected by political events, labor activity and, in particular, direct government intervention (such as embargos) or supply disruptions in major oil producing regions of the world. Such events tend to affect oil prices worldwide, regardless of the location of the event. Supply for crude oil may increase or decrease depending on many factors. These include production decisions by the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (“OPEC”) and other crude oil producers. Crude oil prices are determined with significant influence by OPEC. OPEC has the potential to influence oil prices worldwide because its members possess a significant portion of the world’s oil

supply. In the event of sudden disruptions in the supplies of oil, such as those caused by war, natural events, accidents or acts of terrorism, prices of oil futures contracts could become extremely volatile and unpredictable. Also, sudden and dramatic changes in the futures market may occur, for example, upon a cessation of hostilities that may exist in countries producing oil, the introduction of new or previously withheld supplies into the market or the introduction of substitute products or commodities. Crude oil prices may also be affected by short-term changes in supply and demand because of trading activities in the oil market and seasonality (*e.g.*, weather conditions such as hurricanes). It is not possible to predict the aggregate effect of all or any combination of these factors.

**A decision by the NYMEX to increase margin requirements for WTI crude oil futures contracts may affect the contract price.** If the NYMEX increases the amount of collateral required to be posted to hold positions in the § futures contracts on WTI crude oil (*i.e.* the margin requirements), market participants who are unwilling or unable to post additional collateral may liquidate their positions, which may cause the contract price to decline significantly.

**The securities do not offer direct exposure to commodity spot prices.** The commodity futures contract reflects § the price of a futures contract, not a physical commodity (or its spot price). The price of a futures contract reflects the

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