ICHOR CORP Form DEF 14C April 26, 2001

1

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

#### SCHEDULE 14C INFORMATION

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(c) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Check the appropriate box:

- [\_] Preliminary Information Statement
- [\_] Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14c-5(d)(2))
- [x] Definitive Information Statement

ICHOR CORPORATION

(Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

- [x] No fee required.
- [\_] Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14c-5(g) and 0-11.
  - 1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:
  - 2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:
  - 3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):
  - 4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:
  - 5) Total fee paid:
- [\_] Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.
- [\_] Check box if any part of the fee is offset as provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify the filing for which the offsetting fee was paid previously. Identify the previous filing by registration statement number, or the Form or Schedule and the date of its filing.
  - 1) Amount Previously Paid:
  - 2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:
  - 3) Filing Party:
  - 4) Date Filed:

2

ICHOR CORPORATION

P.O. Box 10343, 1010 - 609 Granville Street

Vancouver, British Columbia

Canada V7Y 1G5

INFORMATION STATEMENT

This Information Statement is being mailed to the shareholders of record on January 19, 2001 of ICHOR Corporation ("ICHOR"), commencing on

or about April 30, 2001, in connection with the prior approval, on January 19, 2001, by the board of directors (the "Board") of ICHOR, of the corporate action referred to below and its subsequent adoption, also on January 19, 2001, by the holders of a majority of the shares (the "Common Shares") of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share of ICHOR outstanding. Accordingly, all necessary corporate approvals in connection with the matters discussed herein have been obtained, and this Information Statement is furnished solely for the purpose of informing shareholders of ICHOR and including information under the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), of the matters discussed herein. For this reason, ICHOR is not calling a special meeting of the shareholders in respect of the corporate action referred to below and is not asking shareholders for a proxy or consent. The total number of Common Shares outstanding on January 19, 2001 was 8,165,830.

WE ARE NOT ASKING YOU FOR A PROXY AND YOU ARE REQUESTED NOT TO SEND US A PROXY.

ICHOR, as authorized by the necessary approvals of the Board and the holders of a majority of the outstanding Common Shares of ICHOR, has approved the adoption of an amendment (the "Amendment") to the Certificate of Incorporation of ICHOR to increase the authorized number of Common Shares of ICHOR from 30,000,000 to 80,000,000. Specifically, Section 4 of the Certificate of Incorporation of ICHOR will be amended to read as follows:

"4. The total number of shares of all classes of stock which the Corporation shall have authority to issue is Eighty-Five Million (85,000,000) shares, of which Five Million (5,000,000) shares shall be preferred stock, \$.01 par value, and Eighty Million (80,000,000) shares shall be common stock, \$.01 par value. The preferred stock of the Corporation may be issued from time to time in one or more series. The Board of Directors is expressly authorized, in a resolution or resolutions providing for the issue of such preferred stock, to fix, state and express the powers, rights, designations, preferences, qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof and to fix the number of shares of such series.

Except as otherwise provided by law, the shares of stock of the Corporation, regardless of class, may be issued by the Corporation from time to time in such amounts, for such consideration and for such corporate purposes as the Corporation's Board of Directors may from time to time determine."

The Amendment is scheduled to take place on or about May 21, 2001, but no earlier than 20 days from the date this Information Statement is first sent to ICHOR's shareholders. The Amendment was adopted to facilitate the issuance of approximately 33,311,398 Common Shares

1

3

and securities exchangeable into Common Shares of ICHOR to certain shareholders of Hippocampe S.A. ("Hippocampe") in consideration for the direct and indirect transfer to ICHOR of approximately 99.9% of the outstanding shares of Hippocampe (the "Share Exchange") pursuant to two share exchange agreements (the "Share Exchange Agreements") dated for

reference December 13, 2000. The Share Exchange was completed effective March 28, 2001. In connection with the Share Exchange, certain shareholders of Hippocampe were issued securities which become exchangeable into Common Shares of ICHOR upon the filing of the Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of ICHOR to effect the increase in the authorized number of Common Shares of ICHOR.

The closing of the Share Exchange was publicly announced by ICHOR.

Hippocampe is a privately-held research and development company engaged in fundamental and applied research in the area of human and veterinary biology and medicine, with a particular emphasis on humanitarian aspects (i.e., retroviral pathogenesis, such as AIDS, oncogenesis and transplantation).

The date of this Information Statement is April 25, 2001.

2

4

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements included in this Information Statement are "forward-looking statements" as defined in the Private Securities
Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements appear in a number of places in this Information Statement and can be identified by words such as "estimates", "projects", "expects", "intends", "believes", "plans", or their negatives or other comparable words. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees and may involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements due to risks facing operations or due to actual facts differing from the assumptions underlying certain predictions.

#### EXCHANGE RATES

Certain monetary amounts in this Information Statement are expressed in Euros (E). The following table sets out the exchange rates for the conversion of Euros into U.S. dollars as at the end of each of the following periods, the average exchange rates for such periods and the range of high and low exchange rates for such periods:

Year Ended
December 31,

| 1999   | 2000                               |
|--------|------------------------------------|
|        |                                    |
| 1.0064 | 0.9393                             |
| 1.1791 | 1.0388                             |
| 1.0015 | 0.8252                             |
| 1.0671 | 0.9226                             |
|        | 1999<br>1.0064<br>1.1791<br>1.0015 |

The Euro did not exist prior to January 1, 1999.

On March 29, 2001, the rate of exchange for the conversion of Euros into U.S. dollars was E1 = U.S.\$0.8850.

3

5

#### INDEX TO THE INFORMATION STATEMENT

| Item      |      |      |   | Page     |
|-----------|------|------|---|----------|
|           |      |      |   |          |
| Summary 7 | Γer  | n Sl | heet  | 5        |
| Comparati | ive  | Una  | audited Per Share Data                              | 8        |
| Selected  | Fi   | nand | cial Data   | 10       |
| Managemer | nt's | s Di | iscussion and Analysis of Financial Condition       |          |
| and Res   | sult | is ( | of Operations                                       | 13       |
| Quantitat | cive | e ar | nd Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk        | 15       |
| Descripti | ion  | of   | the Amendment                                       | 16       |
| Descripti | ion  | of   | the Share Exchange                                  | 18       |
| Related E | art  | су : | Transactions and Interest of Certain Persons        |          |
| in Matt   | ers  | s to | o be Acted Upon                                     | 24       |
| Descripti | ion  | of   | ICHOR   | 25       |
| Descripti | ion  | of   | Hippocampe  | 26       |
| Risk Fact | cor  | S    |   | 34       |
| Market fo | or ( | Comr | mon Equity and Related Stockholder Matters          | 38       |
| Security  | Owi  | ners | ship of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management    | 39       |
| Unaudited | d Pi | ro I | Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information      | 41       |
| Additiona | al a | and  | Available Information                               | 46       |
| Incorpora | atio | on d | of Certain Documents by Reference                   | 46       |
| Appendix  | А    | _    | Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorpo  | oration  |
| 1 1       |      |      | of ICHOR Corporation                                |          |
| Appendix  | В    | _    |   | mber 13, |
|           |      |      | 2000 between ICHOR Corporation and certain shareho  |          |
|           |      |      | Hippocampe S.A. (Agreement A)                       |          |
| Appendix  | С    | _    | Share Exchange Agreement dated for reference Decer  | mber 13, |
| 1 1       |      |      | 2000 between ICHOR Corporation and certain shareho  |          |
|           |      |      | Hippocampe S.A. (Agreement B)                       |          |
| Appendix  | D    | _    | Underwriting Agreement dated for reference July 24  | 4, 2000  |
| 11        |      |      | between Hippocampe S.A. and MFC Merchant Bank S.A   |          |
| Appendix  | E    | _    | Credit Facility Agreement dated for reference July  |          |
| 11        |      |      | 2000 between Hippocampe S.A. and MFC Merchant Bank  |          |
| Appendix  | F    | _    |   |          |
| 11        |      |      | among ICHOR Corporation, Hippocampe S.A. and MFC N  | •        |
|           |      |      | Bank S.A.   |          |
| Appendix  | G    | _    | Annual Report on Form 10-K of ICHOR Corporation for | or the   |
|           |      |      | year ended December 31, 2000                        |          |
| Appendix  | Н    | -    | - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             |          |

6

#### SUMMARY TERM SHEET

The following is a brief summary of certain information contained elsewhere in this Information Statement. This summary is not intended to be complete and reference is made to the more detailed information contained in this Information Statement and in the Appendices hereto for a complete statement of the matters discussed below. Capitalized terms used and not defined in this summary have the meaning set forth elsewhere in this Information Statement. You are urged to read this Information Statement and the Appendices hereto in their entirety.

The Amendment

We have approved the adoption of the Amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation to increase the authorized number of our Common Shares from 30,000,000 to 80,000,000. See "Description of the Amendment".

A copy of the Certificate of Amendment of our Certificate of Incorporation to effect the increase in the authorized number of our Common Shares is attached as Appendix A.

Approval of the Amendment and the Share Exchange

The Amendment was approved by unanimous written consent of our Board on January 19, 2001. The Amendment was also approved by the written consent of the holders of approximately 88.4% of our outstanding Common Shares on January 19, 2001. Delaware law requires approval of the Amendment by a majority of the outstanding Common Shares. See "Description of the Amendment".

The Share Exchange and the Share Exchange Agreements were approved by our Board and did not require submission to you under Delaware law. See "Description of the Share Exchange - The Share Exchange Agreements".

Purpose of the Amendment

Effective December 13, 2000, we entered into the Share Exchange Agreements to, directly and indirectly, acquire approximately 99.9% of the outstanding shares of Hippocampe in exchange for the issuance of an aggregate of approximately 33,311,398 of our Common Shares and securities exchangeable into our Common Shares.

We currently have only 30,000,000 authorized Common Shares. Accordingly, the Amendment was adopted to facilitate the issuance to certain shareholders of Hippocampe of our Common Shares and securities exchangeable into our Common Shares in connection with the Share Exchange.

We completed the Share Exchange effective March 28,

2001. In connection with the Share Exchange, certain shareholders of Hippocampe were issued securities which become exchangeable into our Common Shares upon the filing of the Amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation to effect the increase in the authorized number of our Common Shares.

5

7

See "Description of the Amendment" and "Description of the Share Exchange".

After giving effect to the Share Exchange and the Amendment, including giving effect to the Common Shares or share purchase warrants issued or issuable in connection with the Share Exchange to MFC Merchant Bank S.A. ("MFC Bank"), a licensed Swiss Bank of Geneva, Switzerland, under certain agreements (the "Bank Agreements") made between Hippocampe and MFC Bank, Hippocampe shareholders directly and indirectly own in aggregate approximately 66.3% of our outstanding Common Shares on a diluted basis. See "Description of the Share Exchange".

Filing of Certificate of Amendment

We expect to file a Certificate of Amendment of our Certificate of Incorporation to effect the increase in the authorized number of our Common Shares on or about May 21, 2001, but no earlier than 20 days from the date this Information Statement is first sent to you. See "Description of the Amendment".

Share Exchange Parties

We are a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware with an office address at P.O. Box 10343, 1010 - 609 Granville Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V7Y 1G5 (tel.: (604) 646-2030). We are a publicly traded company with our Common Shares quoted on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board (the "OTC Bulletin Board") operated by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. See "Description of ICHOR".

Hippocampe is a privately-held company organized under the laws of France with an office address at 52, Chanoine Cartellier, F-69230 Saint-Genis-Laval, France (tel.: 334-72-39-52-09). Hippocampe is a research and development company engaged in fundamental and applied research in the area of human and veterinary biology and medicine, with a particular emphasis on humanitarian aspects (i.e., retroviral pathogenesis, such as AIDS, oncogenesis and transplantation). See "Description of Hippocampe".

Related Party
Transactions
and Interest
of Certain
Persons in
Matters to
be Acted Upon

In accordance with the Bank Agreements and in connection with the provision of a credit facility to Hippocampe, and acting as an advisor in relation to the Share Exchange and other matters, MFC Bank has received and will receive certain fees, including:

6

8

- \* 2,017,854 of our Common Shares issued or issuable in connection with the Share Exchange; and
- \* share purchase warrants which entitle MFC Bank to purchase up to approximately 6,730,599 of our Common Shares, subject to final adjustment, for a period expiring on July 31, 2003.

MFC Bank is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MFC Bancorp Ltd., which prior to the Share Exchange, directly and indirectly owned approximately 43.7% of our outstanding Common Shares. Michael J. Smith, our Secretary prior to the Share Exchange, is the President, Chief Executive Officer and a director of MFC Bancorp Ltd. See "Related Party Transactions and Interest of Certain Persons in Matters to be Acted Upon".

Appraisal Rights

You are not entitled to appraisal rights under the Delaware General Corporation Law in connection with the corporate actions referred to in this Information Statement or in connection with the Share Exchange.

Regulatory Matters

We are not aware of any federal or state regulatory requirements which we were required to comply with or approvals which we were required to obtain in connection with the Share Exchange.

Tax and Accounting Treatment of the Share Exchange

The Share Exchange was structured with the intent that it be tax-free to us and you for federal income tax purposes.

The Share Exchange is accounted for as a reverse purchase. See "Description of the Share Exchange - Accounting Treatment".

Risk Factors

The Amendment, the Share Exchange, the business of

Hippocampe and any investment in our Common Shares are subject to a number of risk factors as described in this Information Statement commencing on page 34. See "Risk Factors".

7

9

#### COMPARATIVE UNAUDITED PER SHARE DATA

The following table sets forth selected comparative unaudited per share data for ICHOR and Hippocampe on a historical and pro forma basis, giving effect to the Share Exchange as a reverse purchase. The pro forma comparative unaudited per share data assumes the Share Exchange had been consummated at the beginning of the period presented. The information set forth below is based on and derived from:

- \* the historical financial statements and related notes of ICHOR incorporated by reference in this Information Statement from ICHOR's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000 and attached as Appendix G;
- \* the historical financial statements and related notes of Hippocampe attached as Appendix H; and
- \* the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information and related notes included elsewhere in this Information Statement.

This information should be read in conjunction with such historical financial statements and unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information and related notes.

The per share data set forth below is presented for comparative purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of the future consolidated financial position, the results of the future operations or the actual results or consolidated financial position of ICHOR as the legal parent of Hippocampe that would have been achieved had the Share Exchange been consummated as of the date or for the period indicated.

Hippocampe reports its results in Euros (E). Since the Share Exchange is accounted for as a reverse purchase, with the continuing entity being Hippocampe, the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information below is reported in Euros.

| ICHO       | OR                 | HIPPOCAMPE    | Ξ                     |
|------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Historical | Pro Forma(1)       | Historical(2) | Pro Forma<br>Combined |
| (\$)       | (E)<br>(unaudited) | (E)           | (E)<br>(unaudited)    |

| NET BOOK VALUE<br>PER SHARE: (3)<br>December 31, 2000                   | \$ 0.01 | E 0.00 | E (0.02) | E (0.02) |
|---|---------|--------|----------|----------|
| DIVIDENDS DECLARED<br>PER SHARE: (3)<br>Year ended<br>December 31, 2000 | _       | _      | -        | -        |
| NET LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS PER SHARE: (3) Year ended           |         |        |          |          |
| December 31, 2000   | (0.08)  | (0.01) | (0.04)   | (0.05)   |

8

10

The total number of shares outstanding throughout the respective periods above is based on the weighted average shares outstanding, calculated on a diluted basis, as follows:

|                        |     |      |   |           |                   | Pro Forma Combined(1) |            |
|------------------------|-----|------|---|-----------|-------------------|-----------------------|------------|
|                        |     |      | _ | ICHOR     | <br>HIPPOCAMPE (2 | )                     |            |
| Year ended<br>December | 31, | 2000 |   | 4,945,385 | 33,311,398        |                       | 40,274,637 |

<sup>-----</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> Equivalent pro forma data for ICHOR is based on the percentage ownership of the pro forma combined shares by shareholders of ICHOR existing after the Share Exchange.

<sup>(2)</sup> Historical per share data for Hippocampe is adjusted to retroactively reflect the securities ICHOR directly and indirectly issued to acquire shares of Hippocampe.

<sup>(3)</sup> Basic and diluted per share data is the same.

\_\_\_\_\_

<sup>(1)</sup> Securities exchangeable into Common Shares of ICHOR (i.e., LuxCo Preferred Shares) issued to certain shareholders of Hippocampe in connection with the Share Exchange have been considered to be

outstanding Common Shares of ICHOR.

(2) These shares retroactively reflect the securities ICHOR directly and indirectly issued to acquire shares of Hippocampe.

9

11

#### SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

ICHOR

The selected financial data of ICHOR set forth below should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes of ICHOR incorporated by reference in this Information Statement from ICHOR's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000 and the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information and related notes included elsewhere in this Information Statement. The historical financial data may not be indicative of ICHOR's future performance as a consolidated company.

The pro forma financial information was derived from unaudited financial data which includes, in the opinion of the registrant, all adjustments which are of a normal recurring nature, including those made to conform with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, necessary to present fairly the data for such periods.

Hippocampe reports its results in Euros (E). Since the Share Exchange is accounted for as a reverse purchase, with the continuing entity being Hippocampe, the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information below is reported in Euros.

10

12

| Eleven       |              |              |              |              | Pro Forma    |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Months       | Year         | Year         | Year         | Year         | Combined     |
| Ended        | Ended        | Ended        | Ended        | Ended        | Year Ended   |
| December 31, |
|              |              |              |              |              |              |
| 1996         | 1997         | 1998         | 1999         | 2000         | 2000         |
|              |              |              |              |              |              |

(\$000s, except per share amounts)

(E000s, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

OPERATING

| DATA   |                |         |        |        |        |         |
|--|----------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| Fee income \$ General and administrative             | _              | \$ -    | \$ 144 | \$ -   | \$ -   | Е –     |
| expenses   | 1,042          | 418     | 497    | 373    | 733    | 1,198   |
| Interest expense                                     |                | 613     | 102    | 192    | _      | 17      |
| Loss from continuing                                 |                |         |        |        |        |         |
| operations   | (1,320)        | (1,025) | (178)  | (470)  | (628)  | (2,058) |
| Net loss   | (1,399)        | (4,054) | (178)  | (470)  | (330)  | (2,058) |
| COMMON SHARE DATA(1) Loss from continuing operations |                |         |        |        |        |         |
| per common<br>share                                  | (0.51)         | (0.21)  | (0.08) | (0.14) | (0.08) | (0.05)  |
| Net loss per   | (0.31)         | (0.21)  | (0.00) | (0.14) | (0.00) | (0.05)  |
| common share   | (0.54)         | (0.83)  | (0.08) | (0.14) | (0.08) | (0.05)  |
| Cash dividends                                       |                |         |        |        |        |         |
| per common   |                |         |        |        |        |         |
| share  | _              | _       | _      | _      | -      | _       |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding           |                |         |        |        |        |         |
| (000s)   | 2,586          | 4,913   | 4,908  | 4,910  | 4,945  | 40,275  |
| BALANCE SHEET DATA Working                           |                |         |        |        |        |         |
| capital  | 3,903          | 89      | 2,141  | 2,289  | 100    | (546)   |
| Total assets   | 5 <b>,</b> 582 | 2,028   | 3,281  | 2,681  | 207    | 845     |
| Long-term obligations and redeemable                 |                |         |        |        |        |         |
| preferred stock                                      |                | _       | -      | -      | -      | 242     |
| Total stockholde                                     | -              | 0.5     |        |        |        |         |
| equity   | 1,987          | 89      | 2,141  | 2,652  | 100    | (659)   |

\_\_\_\_\_

11

13

## Hippocampe

-----

The selected financial data of Hippocampe set forth below should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes of Hippocampe. Hippocampe reports its results in Euros (E).

<sup>(1)</sup> Basic and diluted common share data is the same.

<sup>(2)</sup> Securities exchangeable into Common Shares of ICHOR (i.e., LuxCo Preferred Shares) issued to certain shareholders of Hippocampe in connection with the Share Exchange have been considered to be outstanding Common Shares of ICHOR.

Year Ended
December 31,

|                             |   |                |   | December       |   |                |    |                |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------|---|----------------|---|----------------|----|----------------|
|                             |   | 1997           |   | 1998           |   | 1999           |    | 2000           |
| OPERATING DATA              |   |                |   |                |   |                |    |                |
|                             | E | 13,721         | Ε | 41,597         | Ε | 46,631         | Ε  | 13,066         |
| Research and development    |   | ,              |   | ,              |   | ,              |    | •              |
| expenses                    |   | 19,958         |   | 70,239         |   | 93,902         |    | 101,019        |
| General and                 |   |                |   |                |   |                |    |                |
| administrative expenses     |   | 22 522         |   | 20 212         |   | 48,896         |    | 403,225        |
| Loss from continuing        |   | 33,333         |   | 30,212         |   | 40,090         |    | 403,223        |
| operations                  |   | (39,770)       |   | (67,616)       |   | (98,808)       | (1 | ,314,026)      |
| -                           |   |                |   |                |   |                |    |                |
| COMMON SHARE DATA(1)        |   |                |   |                |   |                |    |                |
| Loss from continuing        |   |                |   |                |   |                |    |                |
| operations per common share |   | (5.09)         |   | (8 65)         |   | (12.64)        |    | (168 03)       |
| Cash dividends per common   |   | (3.03)         |   | (0.00)         |   | (12.01)        |    | (100.00)       |
| share                       |   | _              |   | _              |   | -              |    | _              |
| Weighted average common     |   |                |   |                |   |                |    |                |
| shares outstanding          |   | 7 <b>,</b> 820 |   | 7 <b>,</b> 820 |   | 7 <b>,</b> 820 |    | 7 <b>,</b> 820 |
| BALANCE SHEET DATA          |   |                |   |                |   |                |    |                |
| Working capital             |   | (45,478)       |   | (40,153)       |   | (23,534)       |    | (651,588)      |
| Total assets                |   | 43,497         |   |                |   | 146,167        |    |                |
| Long-term obligations       |   | 69,669         |   | 138,394        |   | 242,209        |    | 242,209        |
| Total stockholders' equity  |   | (90,081)       | ( | 157,697)       |   | (256,505)      |    | (764,972)      |

12

14

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

ICHOR

The management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations of ICHOR is incorporated by reference in this Information Statement from ICHOR's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000.

Hippocampe

<sup>-----</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> Basic and diluted common share data is the same.

-----

The following discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of operations of Hippocampe should be read in conjunction with its financial statements and related notes.

Hippocampe is a development stage company. It reports its results in Euros  $(\mathsf{E})$  .

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Year Ended December 31, 2000 to the Year Ended December 31, 1999

Revenues, which consist primarily of medical products sold, decreased to E13,066 in the year ended December 31, 2000 from E46,631 in the year ended December 31, 1999, primarily as a result of a decrease in revenues derived from a research contract.

Expenses increased to E1,326,330 in the year ended December 31, 2000 from E142,798 in the year ended December 31, 1999. Research and development expenses increased to E101,019 in the current period from E93,902 in the comparative period of 1999 as a result of an increase in research activities. General and administrative expenses increased to E403,225 in the year ended December 31, 2000 from E48,896 in the comparative period of 1999, primarily as a result of higher administrative expenses relating to an increase in research activities and fees and expenses associated with the Bank Agreements. In the year ended December 31, 2000, Hippocampe incurred an aggregate of approximately E93,788 in arrangement fees and monthly retainer fees relating to the Bank Agreements and approximately E154,592 in professional fees relating to the negotiation and entering into of the Bank Agreements. In the year ended December 31, 2000, Hippocampe incurred non-cash fees of E805,559 payable in Common Shares of ICHOR in connection with the closing of the Share Exchange.

Hippocampe reported a net loss of E1,314,026, or E168.03 per share, in the year ended December 31, 2000, compared to E98,808, or E12.64 per share, in the year ended December 31, 1999.

Comparison of the Year Ended December 31, 1999 to the Year Ended December 31, 1998

Revenues, which consist primarily of medical products sold, increased to E46,631 in the year ended December 31, 1999 from E41,597 in the year ended December 31, 1998.

Expenses increased to E142,798 in the year ended December 31, 1999 from E108,451 in the year ended December 31, 1998. Research and development expenses increased to E93,902 in the year ended December 31, 1999 from E70,239 in the comparative period of 1998. General and administrative expenses increased to E48,896 in the year ended December 31, 1999 from E38,212 in the comparative period of 1998. Both research and development expenses and general and administrative expenses increased as a result of an increase in research activities.

Hippocampe reported a net loss of E98,808, or E12.64 per share, in the year ended December 31, 1999, compared to E67,616, or E8.65 per share, in the year ended December 31, 1998.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Hippocampe had cash of E185,428 at December 31, 2000, compared to E36,409 at December 31, 1999.

Operating activities provided cash of E145,044 in the year ended December 31, 2000, compared to using cash of E70,092 in the year ended December 31, 1999. An increase in accounts payable provided cash of E545,877 in the year ended December 31, 2000, compared to E38,003 in the prior year. In the year ended December 31, 2000, Hippocampe incurred non-cash fees of E805,559 payable in Common Shares of ICHOR in connection with the closing of the Share Exchange.

Investing activities used cash of E250,246 in the year ended December 31, 2000, compared to E27,440 in the year ended December 31, 1999. Short-term investments in certificates of deposit used cash of E121,960 in the year ended December 31, 2000, compared to E27,440 in the prior year. Patent application and maintenance fees used cash of E128,286 in the year ended December 31, 2000.

Financing activities provided cash of E254,221 in the year ended December 31, 2000, primarily as a result of borrowings pursuant to a revolving term facility. The revolving term facility is in the principal amount of up to E1.3 million and matures on August 31, 2001. At December 31, 2000, Hippocampe had borrowed an aggregate of E384,221 pursuant to this revolving term facility.

Hippocampe expects that it will require substantial additional capital to continue its research and development, clinical studies and regulatory activities necessary to bring its potential products to market and to establish production, marketing and sales capabilities. Hippocampe anticipates its operations will require approximately \$1.5 million in the year ending December 31, 2001. Hippocampe will seek to raise the required capital from lenders and/or equity or debt issuances. However, there can be no assurance that Hippocampe will be able to raise additional capital on terms satisfactory to Hippocampe, or at all, to finance its operations. In the event that Hippocampe is not able to obtain such additional capital, it would be required to restrict or even halt its operations.

14

16

# QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

ICHOR

A discussion of the quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk with respect to ICHOR is incorporated by reference in this Information Statement from ICHOR's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000.

Hippocampe

-----

As at December 31, 2000, Hippocampe was exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates which could affect its financial condition and results of operations. Hippocampe had not entered into derivative contracts for its own account to hedge against such risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Fluctuations in interest rates may affect the fair value of financial instruments sensitive to interest rates. An increase in interest rates may decrease the fair value and a decrease in interest rates may increase the fair value of such financial instruments. As at December 31, 2000, Hippocampe had debt obligations which were sensitive to interest rate fluctuations. The following table provides information about Hippocampe's exposure to interest rate fluctuations for the carrying amount of such debt obligations as at December 31, 2000 and expected cash flows from these debt obligations:

|                |   |                   |   |               | Expected Future Cash Flow |                          |     |      |     |    |     |     |    |    |     |         |
|----------------|---|-------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----|------|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|---------|
|                |   |                   |   |               |                           | Year Ending December 31, |     |      |     |    |     |     |    |    |     |         |
|                |   | Carrying<br>Value |   | Fair<br>Value |                           | 001                      | 20  | 02   | 200 | )3 | 200 | ) 4 | 20 | 05 | The | reafter |
|                |   |                   |   |               |                           |                          |     |      |     |    |     |     |    |    |     |         |
|                |   |                   |   |               |                           |                          | (E0 | 00s) |     |    |     |     |    |    |     |         |
| Debt           |   |                   |   |               |                           |                          |     |      |     |    |     |     |    |    |     |         |
| Obligations(1) | E | 384               | E | 384           | E                         | 384                      | E   | -    | E   | -  | E   | _   | E  | -  | E   | _       |

(1) Debt obligations consist of Hippocampe's notes payable.

15

17

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE AMENDMENT

ICHOR has approved the adoption of an Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of ICHOR to increase the authorized number of Common Shares of ICHOR from 30,000,000 to 80,000,000. A copy of the Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation of ICHOR to effect this Amendment is attached as Appendix A. Specifically, Section 4 of the Certificate of Incorporation of ICHOR will be amended to read as follows:

"4. The total number of shares of all classes of stock which ICHOR shall have authority to issue is Eighty-Five Million (85,000,000) shares, of which Five Million (5,000,000) shares shall be preferred stock, \$.01 par value, and Eighty Million

(80,000,000) shares shall be common stock, \$.01 par value. The preferred stock of ICHOR may be issued from time to time in one or more series. The Board of Directors is expressly authorized, in a resolution or resolutions providing for the issue of such preferred stock, to fix, state and express the powers, rights, designations, preferences, qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof and to fix the number of shares of such series.

Except as otherwise provided by law, the shares of stock of ICHOR, regardless of class, may be issued by ICHOR from time to time in such amounts, for such consideration and for such corporate purposes as ICHOR's Board of Directors may from time to time determine."

The Amendment was approved by unanimous written consent of the Board on January 19, 2001. The Amendment was also approved by the written consent of the holders of approximately 88.4% of the outstanding Common Shares on January 19, 2001. Pursuant to Section 228 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, corporate actions can be authorized provided shareholders holding at least a majority of the outstanding Common Shares of ICHOR on the record date consent in writing thereto. Accordingly, all necessary corporate approvals in connection with the Amendment have been obtained. For this reason, ICHOR is not calling a special meeting of the shareholders in respect of the Amendment and is not asking for a proxy or consent.

The Amendment will become effective upon filing of a Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation of ICHOR with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware. ICHOR expects to file a Certificate of Amendment to effect the increase in the authorized number of Common Shares of ICHOR on or about May 21, 2001, but no earlier than 20 days from the date this Information Statement is first sent to shareholders of ICHOR.

Effective December 13, 2000, ICHOR entered into the Share Exchange Agreements to, directly and indirectly, acquire approximately 99.9% of the outstanding shares of Hippocampe in consideration of an aggregate of approximately 33,311,398 Common Shares and securities exchangeable into Common Shares of ICHOR. The authorized capital stock of ICHOR is currently 30,000,000 Common Shares and 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.01 par value. Effective March 28, 2001, ICHOR completed the Share Exchange. In connection with the Share Exchange, certain shareholders of Hippocampe were issued securities which become exchangeable into Common Shares of ICHOR upon the filing of the Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation of ICHOR with the

16

18

Security of State of the State of Delaware. Accordingly, the Amendment to increase the authorized number of Common Shares of ICHOR was adopted to accommodate the issuance to certain shareholders of Hippocampe of the Common Shares and securities exchangeable into Common Shares of ICHOR. The additional Common Shares to be authorized by the Amendment will have rights identical to the currently outstanding Common Shares of ICHOR.

Any authorized but unissued Common Shares following the completion of the Amendment and the Share Exchange will be available for issuance by the

Board for such corporate purposes as the Board determines to be in the best interests of ICHOR.

While the primary purpose of the increase in the authorized number of Common Shares is to facilitate the issuance of Common Shares in connection with the Share Exchange, it might be possible for the Board to issue a large number of Common Shares to impede completion of a proposed hostile merger, tender offer or other takeover attempt which some shareholders of ICHOR may at the time deem to be in their best interest. Without further shareholder approval, the Board could:

- \* adopt a "poison pill" which would, under certain circumstances related to an acquisition not approved by the Board, give certain holders the right to acquire additional Common Shares at a low price; or
- \* sell Common Shares in a private transaction to purchasers who would oppose a takeover or favor the current Board.

Although the proposal to increase the authorized number of Common Shares has been prompted by business and financial considerations and not by the threat of any known or threatened hostile takeover attempt, shareholders should be aware that approval of this proposal could facilitate future efforts to deter or prevent changes in control of ICHOR, including transactions in which the shareholders might otherwise receive a premium for their shares over then current market prices.

In addition, additional Common Shares, if issued, could reduce existing shareholders' percentage ownership and voting power and, depending on the transaction in which they are issued, could affect the per share book value or other per share financial information. The issuance of additional Common Shares, by reducing the percentage of equity of ICHOR owned by existing shareholders, would reduce such existing shareholders' ability to influence the election of directors or any other action taken by the holders of Common Shares and would potentially reduce per share dividends, if any. In addition, the holders of Common Shares do not have pre-emptive rights.

17

19

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE SHARE EXCHANGE

# Completion of the Share Exchange

Effective March 28, 2001, ICHOR completed the Share Exchange. In connection with the Share Exchange, certain shareholders of Hippocampe were issued securities which become exchangeable into Common Shares of ICHOR upon the filing of the Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of ICHOR to effect the increase in the authorized number of Common Shares of ICHOR.

The Share Exchange Agreements

ICHOR entered into a share exchange agreement ("Agreement A") dated

for reference December 13, 2000 with shareholders owning approximately 50.7% of the issued and outstanding shares of Hippocampe. Pursuant to Agreement A, effective March 28, 2001, such Hippocampe shareholders transferred their shares of Hippocampe to ICHOR in consideration of ICHOR issuing to them Common Shares of ICHOR. A copy of Agreement A is attached as Appendix B.

ICHOR also entered into a separate share exchange agreement ("Agreement B") dated for reference December 13, 2000 with shareholders owning approximately 49.2% of the issued and outstanding shares of Hippocampe. Pursuant to Agreement B, effective March 28, 2001, such Hippocampe shareholders transferred their shares of Hippocampe to a new wholly-owned subsidiary of ICHOR established under the laws of Luxembourg ("LuxCo"). In exchange for their shares of Hippocampe, such Hippocampe shareholders were issued preferred shares of LuxCo (the "LuxCo Preferred Shares") which will be exchangeable into Common Shares of ICHOR at the option of the holder upon the filing of the Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of ICHOR to increase the authorized number of Common Shares of ICHOR. A copy of Agreement B is attached as Appendix C.

Hippocampe was a privately-held French company whose shareholders consisted of persons and corporations resident in several different countries, both within and outside the European Union (the "EU"). Such shareholders of Hippocampe had differing financial profiles and concerns and were subject to differing legal regimes in their resident countries. In order to efficiently address the inherent complexities of concluding a multi cross-border transaction between a U.S. domiciled public company and such shareholders, the parties, with the assistance of their advisors, structured the transactin to permit shareholders of Hippocampe resident in non-EU countries to participate pursuant to Agreement A and receive Common Shares of ICHOR directly. The remaining shareholders of Hippocampe resident in EU countries were permitted to participate in the transaction pursuant to Agreement B and receive in exchange for their Hippocampe shares, Luxco Preferred Shares which are exchangeable into Common Shares of ICHOR. Structuring the Share Exchange in this manner was the most efficient way to address the differing financial and other considerations of all parties.

Upon the closing of the Share Exchange, ICHOR contributed and transferred to LuxCo the shares of Hippocampe that ICHOR received from Hippocampe shareholders under Agreement A for additional common shares of LuxCo. Hippocampe became an approximately 99.9%-owned subsidiary of LuxCo, which, in turn, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of ICHOR.

18

20

The Share Exchange and the Share Exchange Agreements were approved by the Board and did not require submission to shareholders of ICHOR under Delaware law.

The aggregate number of Common Shares and securities exchangeable into Common Shares of ICHOR issued to shareholders of Hippocampe upon the closing of the Share Exchange was approximately 33,311,398 Common Shares. After giving effect to the Share Exchange, including giving effect to the Common Shares of ICHOR and share purchase warrants issued or issuable in connection with the Share Exchange to MFC Bank pursuant to the Bank Agreements, Hippocampe shareholders directly and indirectly own in aggregate approximately 66.3% of the outstanding Common Shares of ICHOR on

a diluted basis.

All of the Common Shares and securities exchangeable into Common Shares of ICHOR acquired by the shareholders of Hippocampe pursuant to the Share Exchange are subject to resale restrictions in accordance with United States federal and state securities laws.

In connection with the Share Exchange, effective December 29, 2000, all of the 467,500 issued and outstanding shares of Series 1 preferred stock in the capital of ICHOR and 97,206 issued and outstanding shares of Series 2 preferred stock in the capital of ICHOR were, in aggregate, redeemed for \$2.2 million and converted for 3,247,060 Common Shares of ICHOR.

Further, ICHOR intends to seek to raise additional capital to fund working capital requirements following the Share Exchange.

# Background of the Share Exchange

ICHOR was introduced to Hippocampe by MFC Bank in the fall of 2000. MFC Bank had previously entered into the Bank Agreements with Hippocampe and was assisting Hippocampe in effecting a merger with a public U.S. registrant. ICHOR did not have an operating business and its focus was on the indentification of a particular business or industry within which it would seek an acquisition or merger.

Upon being introduced to Hippocampe, ICHOR considered Hippocampe's business and prospects including its intellectual property portfolio, Hippocampe's scientific publications to date, the potential functionality of the mimicry between GP41 and IL-2 (see "Description of Hippocampe" below) and the financial condition and organizational structure of Hippocampe.

As Hippocampe was a start-up company still in an exploratory research stage with no history of operations, revenues or income, it was not possible to conclude a meaningful valuation of Hippocampe. See "Risk Factors".

Therefore, since the Share Exchange constituted a reverse merger and a meaningful valuation of Hippocampe could not be determined, negotiation of the terms of the Share Exchange focused generally on the relative proportions of the Common Shares of ICHOR to be held by pre-existing ICHOR shareholders and by shareholders of Hippocampe following the Share Exchange. The principals of ICHOR, through MFC Bank, originally proposed that pre-existing ICHOR shareholders would retain approximately 25% of the Common Shares of ICHOR, prior to giving effect to the securities issuable under the Bank Agreements. Alternatively, it was proposed on behalf of the shareholders of Hippocampe that the ICHOR shareholders would retain approximately 12% to 15% of the Common Shares of ICHOR. Further negotiations between the parties on the terms of the Share Exchange resulted in the parties agreeing that pre-existing ICHOR shareholders would retain approximately 20% of the Common Shares of ICHOR, prior to giving effect to the securities issuable under the Bank Agreements. Pursuant to the reverse merger Share Exchange, Hippocampe would become the surviving business with its shareholders acquiring approximately 80% of the Common Shares of ICHOR.

In December 2000, ICHOR entered into Agreement A and Agreement B with the Shareholders of Hippocampe.

# Reasons for the Share Exchange

In approving the Share Exchange, the Share Exchange Agreements and the transactions contemplated therein, and subsequently the Amendment, the Board considered a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the following:

- \* ICHOR did not have an operating business. However, ICHOR had certain value as a public company subject to the reporting requirements of the SEC;
- \* Hippocampe is a privately-held company which was seeking to reverse merge with or be purchased by a public U.S. company in order to attempt to gain access to funding and a greater shareholder base;
- \* The acquisition of approximately 99.9% of the shares of Hippocampe gives the shareholders of ICHOR the opportunity to participate in the biopharmaceutical and biotechnology market and to capitalize on the research and development efforts of and the patents registered by Hippocampe to date and in the future; and
- \* The Board reviewed a range of alternative strategies that might be pursued by ICHOR and the possible values that might be achieved through those strategies and concluded that the alternative strategies were either unlikely to result in a greater value to ICHOR or its shareholders or carried greater risk than the acquisition by ICHOR of shares of Hippocampe.

The foregoing discussion of the information and factors considered and given weight by the Board is not intended to be exhaustive. In view of the variety of factors considered in connection with its evaluation of the Share Exchange, the Share Exchange Agreements and the transactions contemplated therein, and subsequently the Amendment, the Board did not find it practicable to, and did not, quantify or otherwise assign relative weights to the specific factors considered in reaching its determination. In addition, individual members of the Board may have given different weights to different factors.

Terms and Ancillary Agreements Relating to the LuxCo Preferred Shares

The LuxCo Preferred Shares rank senior to common shares of LuxCo with respect to dividends and liquidating distributions of LuxCo. However, the LuxCo Preferred Shares are non-voting in LuxCo. All votes in respect of LuxCo are exercised by ICHOR as the holder of all of the voting rights in the common shares of LuxCo. Notwithstanding that the LuxCo Preferred Shares are non-voting, the holders of LuxCo Preferred Shares are permitted to vote as a class with respect to certain matters involving LuxCo.

20

22

the Certificate of Incorporation of ICHOR to increase the authorized number of Common Shares of ICHOR, the LuxCo Preferred Shares will have similar rights in ICHOR as Common Shares of ICHOR, including the right to receive dividends and the right to vote at shareholder meetings of ICHOR. The rights attaching to the LuxCo Preferred Shares are given effect, in part, by certain agreements entered into on the closing of the Share Exchange, including:

- \* a shareholder agreement (the "Shareholder Agreement") among ICHOR, LuxCo and the holders of the LuxCo Preferred Shares providing for the support by ICHOR of the rights attaching to the LuxCo Preferred Shares;
- \* a support agreement (the "Support Agreement") between ICHOR and LuxCo providing for the support by ICHOR of the rights attaching to the LuxCo Preferred Shares; and
- \* a voting and exchange trust agreement (the "Voting and Exchange Trust Agreement") among ICHOR, LuxCo and a trustee providing for the voting rights of the LuxCo Preferred Shares in ICHOR.

The Shareholder Agreement provides for the following principal terms, among others:

- \* Holders of LuxCo Preferred Shares will be entitled to receive dividends equivalent to dividends paid on the number of Common Shares of ICHOR into which such LuxCo Preferred Shares may be exchanged;
- \* Holders of LuxCo Preferred Shares will have the right, at any time at their option, to require LuxCo to exchange their LuxCo Preferred Shares for Common Shares of ICHOR at the established exchange ratio. Since each LuxCo Preferred Share is intended to be economically equivalent to the number of Common Shares of ICHOR which it may be exchanged, the established exchange ratio will be adjusted in the event that ICHOR undertakes a stock split or consolidation, issues stock dividends or otherwise changes its share capital;
- \* On the liquidation of LuxCo, holders of the LuxCo Preferred Shares will be entitled to exchange their LuxCo Preferred Shares for Common Shares of ICHOR at the established exchange ratio; and
- \* LuxCo Preferred Shares will be automatically exchanged by LuxCo for Common Shares of ICHOR at the established exchange ratio on December 31, 2011, which automatic redemption date will be accelerated in certain circumstances, including:
  - (a) if the number of outstanding LuxCo Preferred Shares falls below 5% of the number of LuxCo Preferred Shares outstanding immediately following the completion of the Share Exchange; or
  - (b) upon the occurrence of a change of control of ICHOR.

The Support Agreement provides, among other things, for the following covenants of ICHOR:

- \* ICHOR will not declare or pay a dividend on Common Shares of ICHOR unless LuxCo can simultaneously pay the same dividend on the LuxCo Preferred Shares, and that it will cause LuxCo to declare and pay such equivalent dividend;
- \* ICHOR will satisfy all exchange requests or redemptions of LuxCo Preferred Shares that will not cause LuxCo to be liquidated or dissolved and that it will not undertake a stock split or consolidation, issue stock dividends or otherwise change its share capital without adjusting the established exchange ratio with respect to the number of Common Shares of ICHOR for which LuxCo Preferred Shares may be exchanged;
- \* ICHOR will ensure that LuxCo will have a sufficient number of Common Shares of ICHOR in the event of a liquidation of LuxCo; and
- \* So long as there are any outstanding LuxCo Preferred Shares owned by a person other than ICHOR or its affiliates, ICHOR will remain the direct or indirect beneficial owner of all issued and outstanding voting shares in the capital of LuxCo.

The Voting and Exchange Trust Agreement provides for the following principal terms, among others:

- \* ICHOR will issue to a trustee a single Special Voting Preferred Share of ICHOR, to be authorized by a Certificate of Designations filed by ICHOR with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware. The terms of the Special Voting Preferred Share will confer on the trustee that number of votes with respect to matters on which holders of Common Shares of ICHOR are entitled to vote, equal to the number of outstanding LuxCo Preferred Shares (multiplied by the established exchange ratio), other than LuxCo Preferred Shares held by ICHOR or any of its affiliates. As beneficiaries of the voting trust, the holders of LuxCo Preferred Shares will have the same right to vote in respect of meetings of holders of Common Shares of ICHOR as if they owned Common Shares of ICHOR directly; and
- \* ICHOR will grant certain "insolvency put rights" to the holders of LuxCo Preferred Shares, including but not limited to:
  - (a) an "automatic exchange right" that would be invoked by the commencement of the voluntary dissolution or liquidation of ICHOR, in which event the LuxCo Preferred Shares would automatically be acquired by ICHOR in exchange for the appropriate number of Common Shares of ICHOR; and
  - (b) an "optional exchange right" that would permit the holders of LuxCo Preferred Shares, at their option upon the occurrence of certain insolvency events with respect to LuxCo, to require ICHOR to purchase the LuxCo Preferred Shares directly from the holder, for a purchase price payable in the appropriate number of Common Shares of ICHOR to the trustee in respect of the voting trust, for the benefit of the holders of LuxCo Preferred Shares in the same manner as the voting rights.

The insolvency put rights will be granted by ICHOR to the trustee in respect of the voting trust, for the benefit of the holders of LuxCo Preferred Shares in the same manner as voting rights.

22

24

# Representations and Warranties

The Share Exchange Agreements contain various customary representations and warranties of the parties thereto, including, among others:

- \* representations by each of the parties to the respective Share Exchange Agreements as to the authorization and the enforceability of the respective Share Exchange Agreements against each such party;
- \* representations by ICHOR as to its corporate status, authorized capital and compliance concerning filings with the SEC, as to the accuracy of its financial statements, as to the validity of certain securities to be issued by it and as to the corporate status and authorized capital of and validity of certain securities to be issued by LuxCo; and
- \* representations by each of the shareholders of Hippocampe as to the ownership of securities of Hippocampe, the corporate status and authorized capital of Hippocampe, the accuracy of and absence of material changes in the financial statements of Hippocampe, the validity of the patents of Hippocampe and the carrying on of business in the ordinary course since December 31, 1999.

The representations and warranties contained in the Share Exchange Agreements will survive the closing of the Share Exchange.

# Accounting Treatment

The Share Exchange is accounted for as a reverse purchase of the shares of Hippocampe by ICHOR in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The accounting treatment applied in the reverse purchase differs from the legal form of the transaction and the continuing entity is Hippocampe.

23

25

Pursuant to the Bank Agreements, MFC Bank acted as an advisor in the Share Exchange and received certain compensation in respect thereof, including 2,017,854 Common Shares of ICHOR issued or issuable in connection with the Share Exchange. MFC Bank also provided a credit facility to Hippocampe in connection with which MFC Bank has received certain fees as well as share purchase warrants which entitle MFC Bank to purchase up to approximately 6,730,599 Common Shares of ICHOR, subject to final adjustment, at an exercise price of approximately E0.2319 and for a period expiring on July 31, 2003.

ICHOR assumed the rights and obligations of Hippocampe under the Bank Agreements effective upon the closing of the Share Exchange. Pursuant to the Bank Agreements, MFC Bank has agreed to attempt to raise additional capital on a best efforts basis to fund working capital requirements following the Share Exchange. MFC Bank will be paid customary fees and expenses, and will receive additional share purchase warrants, in connection with the provision of these services. MFC Bank will have a right of first refusal until 24 months after the closing of the Share Exchange on any financing and capital raising activities of ICHOR.

 $\,$  MFC Bank will also act as the trustee under the Voting and Exchange Trust Agreement, and will be paid customary fees and expenses in relation thereto.

MFC Bank is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MFC Bancorp Ltd., which prior to the Share Exchange, directly and indirectly owned approximately 43.7% of the outstanding Common Shares of ICHOR. Michael J. Smith, the Secretary of ICHOR prior to the Share Exchange, is the President, Chief Executive Officer and a director of MFC Bancorp Ltd.

In a letter dated January 21, 2000 to Mr. Ken Worm, Assistant Director of OTC Compliance Unit of NASD Regulation, Inc., Mr. Richard K. Wulff, Chief of Office of Small Business Policy of the SEC indicated that the promoters or affiliates of blank check companies, as well as their transferees, are "underwriters" of the securities issued and cannot sell their securities of such blank check companies except through a registration statement under the U.S. Securities Act of 1993, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Accordingly, (i) the 2,017,854 Common Shares of ICHOR issued to MFC Bank upon or to be issued to MFC Bank following the closing of the Share Exchange, (ii) the 6,730,599 Common Shares of ICHOR which MFC Bank is entitled to acquire pursuant to the share purchase warrants issued to MFC Bank upon the closing of the Share Exchange, (iii) the 970,320 Common Shares of ICHOR already beneficially owned by MFC Bank prior to the Share Exchange, (iv) the 2,597,060 Common Shares of ICHOR currently beneficially owned by Sutton Park International Ltd., an affiliate of MFC Bancorp Ltd., and (v) the 1,620,000 Common Shares of ICHOR currently beneficially owned by Parkland Ventures Limited will have to be registered pursuant to the Securities Act before such securities can be freely traded.

24

26

DESCRIPTION OF ICHOR

The Corporation

ICHOR was incorporated in July 1994 pursuant to the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under the name "PDG Remediation, Inc.". In November 1996, ICHOR reincorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware and changed its name to "ICHOR Corporation".

Development of ICHOR

From its inception to December 1997, ICHOR operated in the environmental services business. ICHOR's initial operations included a thermal treatment facility in Florida and remediation services offices in Florida and Pennsylvania. In December 1996, ICHOR acquired a waste oil recycling facility in Illinois.

In response to changes in the Florida market, ICHOR closed certain remediation services offices and sold certain remediation facilities in 1995 and 1996. ICHOR sold the balance of its remediation services operations in April 1997 and its waste oil recycling facility in December 1997. In March 1998, ICHOR sold its wholly-owned subsidiary, ICHOR Services, Inc. ("Services"). In 1998, following the sale of Services, ICHOR provided consulting services to an industrial customer in Europe.

Effective June 30, 1999, ICHOR entered into a revised purchase agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with the former majority shareholders of Nazca Holdings Ltd. ("Nazca") pursuant to which ICHOR acquired approximately 87% of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of Nazca. Nazca was in the business of the exploration for and development of groundwater resources in Chile.

In connection with the Purchase Agreement, ICHOR granted options (the "Options") in favour of the former majority shareholders of Nazca, allowing them to repurchase shares of Nazca common stock sold to ICHOR in certain circumstances. In order to settle a dispute relating to the validity of the purported exercise of the Options by two former shareholders of Nazca in December 1999, ICHOR completed an agreement dated for reference May 15, 2000 with one of the former shareholders of Nazca to sell all of ICHOR's interest in the common stock of Nazca and loans made by ICHOR to Nazca to fund groundwater resource exploration and development, for a promissory note in the amount of \$600,000 which accrues interest at the rate of 5% per annum and is due on June 30, 2001. As a result of the settlement, ICHOR has no further interest in Nazca. promissory note was subsequently sold by ICHOR to an affiliate for \$600,000 in December 2000. ICHOR did not provide any recourse or guarantee on the sale of the promissory note and is not contingently liable of Nazca does not pay the promissory note when due.

Following ICHOR's disposal of its interest in Nazca in July 2000, ICHOR did not have an operating business. ICHOR's focus was on the identification of a particular business or industry within which it would seek an acquisition or merger.

25

27

#### DESCRIPTION OF HIPPOCAMPE

In December 2000, ICHOR agreed to acquire substantially all of the shares of Hippocampe in consideration for Common Shares and securities

exchangeable into Common Shares of ICHOR.

The Company

Hippocampe is a biotechnology research and development company organized in 1990 under the laws of France, with research activities coordinated in Lyon, France. Hippocampe's focus is fundamental and applied research in human and veterinary biology and medicine, with a particular emphasis on humanitarian aspects of such research (i.e., retroviral pathogenesis, such as AIDS, oncogenesis and organ transplantation). Hippocampe's current objective is to develop vaccine and therapeutic compounds and specific therapies for certain retroviral diseases or diseases with a viral autoimmune content. The first products and applications target human and animal AIDS.

The basic operational strategy of Hippocampe has been to divide its main areas of research into discrete modules, each with its own scientific interest. The research on these modules is outsourced under Hippocampe's supervision to specialized and complementary, public and private research teams. Hippocampe organizes the schedule and progress of the individual research teams to facilitate the overall development of its research goals. The research teams are authorized to co-publish their results at the appropriate time and in agreement with Hippocampe. However, Hippocampe retains all intellectual property rights on the combined research results and applies for patent protection of the research results whenever such protection is justified.

Hippocampe has a limited operating history and its products are in an early stage of development. However, Hippocampe believes it has made a major finding with a new and precise molecular mimicry between a conserved part of GP41 (an HIV transmembrane protein) in a trimeric form and interleukine-2, the immune system's conductor protein. This discovery may explain that an HIV infection can trigger an immune response that turns against the immune system itself. This research indicates potential for a major link that may have a significant impact in developing animal and human AIDS vaccines and therapeutic molecules in the field of HIV and FIV infection.

The key principal of Hippocampe is Dr. Pierre-Francois Serres. Dr. Serres began his career as a professor and researcher at the medical faculty of the University of Lyon in France. From 1975 and prior to starting Hippocampe, he held various teaching and research positions at French medical universities and biomedical institutes, among them the Institut Pasteur in Lyon, France. Dr. Serres founded Hippocampe in 1990.

Viruses

Viruses are noncellular organisms consisting of DNA or RNA and a protein coat. During the free and infectious stages of their life cycle, viruses do not carry out the usual functions of living cells, such as respiration and growth. Instead, when viruses enter a living plant, animal or bacterial cell, they make use of the host cell's chemical energy and synthesizing ability to replicate. After the replication of the viral components by the infected host cell, virus particles are released and the host cell is often destroyed.

28

HIV

The approximately 2450 viral species identified to date are divided into approximately 75 groups. The human immunodeficiency virus ("HIV") belongs to the group of retroviruses, so named because they contain a reverse transcriptase, an enzyme that copies viral RNA back into DNA (the reverse of the usual process in which DNA is copied into RNA). Retroviruses include spumaviruses, oncoviruses (viruses causing cancers) and lentiviruses (viruses with a slow pathogenic action). HIV belongs to the subgroup of retroviruses called lentiviruses.

HIV causes a disease called acquired immunodeficiency syndrome ("AIDS"). After entering into a target cell, HIV uses its reverse transcriptase to infect the cell's chromosomes. Thus, the infected cell is able to start reproducing the virus. Two types of HIV involved in AIDS, HIV1 and HIV2, have been identified. HIV2 is not as virulent as HIV1. Along with HLTV1 and HLTV2 (oncoviruses linked to leukemia), HIV1 and HIV2 are the only retroviruses that cause diseases in humans. Other AIDS-associated lentiviruses that cause diseases in animals include FIV (causing AIDS in felines), SIV (causing AIDS in monkeys) and BIV (causing AIDS in bovines).

The Immune System

The immune system has the function of protecting the body against infection and foreign substances, including viruses and bacteria. This function is carried out by white blood cells (leukocytes) and by a number of accessory cells, including B lymphocytes that produce the antibodies needed to fight infection and cytotoxic T lymphocytes that destroy cells infected with viruses.

When an immunocompetent cell recognizes foreign material or a biological invader presented by macrophages, it normally induces a response. This recognition function depends on the immune system's ability to recognize specific foreign molecular configurations, generically referred to as antigens. T4 lymphocytes, as central cells of the immune system, specifically recognize foreign invaders presented by macrophages. After this specific recognition of a presented antigen, T4 lymphocytes play a major role in the immune response, producing interleukine-2 ("IL-2"), a central interleukine that activates all the accessory cells previously described and the overall immune response.

#### Interleukin-2

IL-2 is a hormone-like substance produced by stimulated T-cells. IL-2 causes activation of other T-cells and "orchestrates" the immune response to non-host antigens. IL-2 also increases the proliferation and maturation of CD4 cells. From the early stage of HIV infection, IL-2 production gradually declines, causing the immune system to collapse.

AIDS

Viral Envelope of HIV

The viral envelope of HIV is covered with mushroom-shaped spikes that enable the virus to attach itself to the target cell. The cap of each "mushroom" is made of three GP120 molecules

2.7

29

and its stem of three GP41 molecules. GP160 is a glycoprotein that is the precursor of HIV envelope proteins GP120 and GP41.

GP120 is a glycoprotein that protrudes from the surface of HIV and binds to the CD4 receptor of the CD4+ T-cells. In a two-step process that allows HIV to breach the membrane of T-cells, the GP120-CD4 complex refolds to reveal a second structure that binds to CCR5 or CXCR4, two of several chemokine co-receptors used by the virus to gain entry into T-cells.

 ${
m GP41}$  is a glycoprotein embedded in the outer envelope of HIV and plays a key role in HIV's infection of cells by carrying out the fusion of the viral and cell membranes.

#### AIDS

Human AIDS is the last stage of the illness caused by the HIV virus infection. Although HIV1 is able to trigger a strong immune response with the production of antibodies and immunocompetent cells, it characteristically induces a progressive decline of the immune system leading to AIDS. The main cellular target of HIV is a special class of white blood cells critical to the immune system and known as helper T lymphocytes, or T4 helper cells. These cells play a major role in normal immune responses by stimulating or activating, by way of IL-2 production, all the other cells involved in immune protection. Once HIV has entered the helper T-cell, it can cause the cell to function poorly or even destroy the cell. As AIDS develops, non-infected T4 cells are also destroyed. As the infection progresses, the control of HIV levels by the immune system weakens, the viral level in the blood rises and the level of critical T-cells declines to a fraction of its normal value.

In HIV-infected subjects, the immune system does not fulfil its function, due to a dynamic situation involving continuous infection, destruction and replacement of destroyed CD4+ cells with billions of new cells that are infected and killed each day. Essentially, the immune system enters a lengthy process of virus production, destruction and cellular regeneration. After many years of this process, the capacity to regenerate immune cells is lost in most cases, resulting in the absolute decline of the CD4 segment of the immune system and the development of full-blown AIDS. HIV can also infect other cells, including macrophages as well as certain brain, skin and liver cells.

The main observed AIDS-associated disorders are:

- \* a drop of peripheral IL-2;
- \* a decrease of non-infected helper T lymphocytes;
- \* lymphoproliferation disorders and microglobulin increase; and
- \* hypergammaglobulinemia.

Hippocampe's Findings: A Precise Molecular Mimicry between Trimeric GP41

and IL-2

Molecular Mimicry between Trimeric GP41 and IL-2

Hippocampe has discovered a molecular mimicry between the trimeric GP41 and IL-2. The first results of Hippocampe's research were recently communicated by Pr. Luc Montagnier,

28

30

an internationally recognized expert in the field of AIDS research, to the French Academy of Sciences and were published in November 2000.

Hippocampe has also demonstrated that the mimicry exists in three mammal species known to develop AIDS: humans, monkeys and felines. The discovered host-virus autoimmune mimicry is therefore applicable to the known human and animal AIDS-associated retroviruses.

Autoimmune Consequences for HIV-Infected Subjects

Hippocampe found some of the expected autoimmune consequences of the described virus-host molecular mimicry in HIV-infected subjects. As expected, HIV positive sera recognize human IL-2, and cross-reactivity was found between the structurally and physically analogous antigenic sites of GP41 (HIV1) and human IL-2. The tests included 2352 HIV positive and HIV negative sera. The results demonstrated that 100% of HIV positive patients (stage II, III, IV CDC) were positive for the anti IL-2 response.

The first results were presented by Dr. Serres in an international symposium held in late November 2000 organized by the Merieux Foundation: "Autoimmunity induced by infection or immunization." The presentation was entitled: "AIDS: an immune response against the immune system. The role of a precise tridimensional molecular mimicry." Hippocampe expects these results to be published in the Journal of Autoimmunity in the Spring of 2001.

Therapeutic and Vaccinal Uses of Hippocampe's Findings

Current Research Objectives

Hippocampe's current research modules are focused in the following four fields:

- \* Fundamental research: Hippocampe believes that the mimicry between trimeric GP41 and IL-2 can largely explain the main AIDS-associated disorders: a drop of peripheral IL-2; a decrease of non-infected helper T lymphocytes; lymphoproliferation disorders and microglobulin increase; and hypergammaglobulinemia. Hippocampe is currently working to demonstrate that these AIDS-associated disorders are the result of the tridimensional GP41 (HIV1 and HIV2) / human IL-2 molecular mimicry.
- \* Therapeutic molecules: Hippocampe believes that, based on the mimicry, an application involving the development of particular

synthetic peptides and monoclonal antibodies (some of which have already been developed) would inhibit the fusion between the HIV virus and its target cell in an infected subject. Hippocampe's strategy is to use therapeutic molecules that would make it impossible for the virus to bind to the target cell and thus inhibit the reproduction of HIV. Applications may complement, and potentially even provide a substitute for, available antiretroviral drugs. It has been shown that the transmission of HIV depends on the viral load, and that no transmission has been observed from individuals carrying fewer than 1,500 viral copies/ml of blood. Therefore,

-----

1 Serres P.F.; 2000. Molecular mimicry between the trimeric ectodomain of the transmembrane protein of immunosuppressive lentiviruses (HIV-SIV-FIV) and interleukin 2. C.R. Acad. Sci. Paris, Sciences de la vie / Life Sciences, 323: 1019-1029.

29

31

treatment with therapeutic agents may provide a strategy to control the AIDS epidemic by abolishing or reducing transmission of HIV.

- \* Therapeutic and preventive vaccines: Hippocampe believes that its findings may lead to novel therapeutic and preventive vaccine strategies, in both human and veterinary applications. Hippocampe believes that a preventive vaccine would be useful against all known strains of HIV1 and HIV2 published to date. The vaccinal approach of Hippocampe relies on the precise immunological cross-reactivity observed between trimeric GP41 and the cytokine IL-2.
- \* AIDS cartridge: Hippocampe has developed a number of therapeutic Immunocartridges that have already been tested and approved by the Ethics Committee for the Treatment of Systemic Lupus Erythematosus and Hemophilia A in France. A number of international scientific publications have described the process. Hippocampe's research has demonstrated that the anti IL-2 antibodies in HIV-infected subjects recognize sites on IL-2 that are crucial for its bioactivity. Therefore, Hippocampe believes that the development of an "AIDS cartridge" could be efficient in the restoration of the immune system (i.e., the CD4/CD8 and the viral load) of HIV-infected

subjects.

Products and Processes in Development

Hippocampe has targeted four prototypes that could be exploited at a commercial level:

\* Human and animal therapeutic molecules (pharmacological agents) that could be administered to humans infected by HIV and felines infected by FIV in order to block the cell infection by the virus.

- \* Human and animal therapeutic vaccines (immunotherapeutic agents) that could be administered to humans infected by HIV and felines infected by FIV in order to orient the immune system for recognizing the transmembrane glycoprotein of the virus and not the host's IL-2.
- \* Human and animal preventive vaccines that could be administered to healthy humans and felines to prevent infection by the HIV or FIV virus.
- \* AIDS cartridge that could selectively remove the identified immunosuppressive antibodies present in the serum of AIDS patients, using peptides that have been tested for activity.

Hippocampe's Intellectual Property - Patents

Hippocampe's policy has been to protect its technology (products and processes) by obtaining basic patents followed by application patents. To date, Hippocampe has registered two patents in France, each of which has subsequently been registered pursuant to the Patent

-----

2 See e.g., Traeger J., Laville M., Serres P.F., Cronenberger M., Thomas M., Rey M.J. and Bourgeat C.; 1992. A new device for specific extracorporeal immunoadsorption of anti DNA antibodies. J. Med. Interne, 143 (1): 9-12.

30

32

Cooperation Treaty (PCT). Hippocampe has also acquired an additional patent concerning the AIDS cartridge, registered in 13 countries in Europe.

The Market

According to the December 2000 update to the UNAIDS Report on the Global HIV/AIDS Epidemic, the estimated number of people living with HIV/AIDS at the end of 2000 was approximately 36 million. People newly infected with HIV in 2000 are estimated to total more than 5 million. In 2000, approximately 3 million people died of AIDS, which brings the estimated total number of AIDS deaths since the beginning of the epidemic to almost 22 million.

The following table shows the extent of the HIV/AIDS epidemic:

Estimated
number
of people
living with
HIV/AIDS Adult

Estimated
number of
people newly Estimated
infected deaths

| Country          |      | <pre>prevelance rate (%)</pre> |       |       |
|------------------|------|--------------------------------|-------|-------|
|                  |      |                                |       |       |
|                  |      |                                |       |       |
| Sub-Saharan      |      |                                |       |       |
| Africa           | 25.3 | 8.8                            | 3,800 | 2,400 |
| South & South-   |      |                                |       |       |
| East Asia        | 5.8  | 0.6                            | 780   | 470   |
| Latin America    | 1.4  | 0.5                            | 150   | 50    |
| North America    | 0.9  | 0.6                            | 45    | 20    |
| Eastern Europe & | X    |                                |       |       |
| Central Asia     | 0.7  | 0.4                            | 250   | 14    |
| East Asia &      |      |                                |       |       |
| Pacific          | 0.6  | 0.1                            | 130   | 25    |
| Western Europe   | 0.5  | 0.2                            | 30    | 7     |
| North Africa &   |      |                                |       |       |
| Middle East      | 0.4  | 0.2                            | 80    | 24    |
| Caribbean        | 0.4  | 2.3                            | 60    | 32    |
| Australia &      |      |                                |       |       |
| New Zealand      |      |                                |       |       |