ALLIANCE HEALTHCARD INC Form 10-K/A October 14, 2009

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K/A (Amendment No. 4)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008

or

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____ Commission File Number 000-30099 Alliance HealthCard, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

GEORGIA

58-2445301

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

900 36th Avenue NW, Suite 105, Norman, OK 73072

(Address of principal executive offices and zip code)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (405) 579-8525

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (b) of the Act: None

Securities to be registered pursuant to Section 12 (g) of the Act:

Common Stock, \$.001 Par Value

(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark if registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 505 of the Securities Act. Yes o No b

Indicate by check mark whether the issuer is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes o No b

Indicate by check mark whether the issuer (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter periods that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes o No þ Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (Section 229.405) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant s knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Parts III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a small reporting company.

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o

Smaller reporting company b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No b

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates of registrant, computed using the last sale price, or the average bid and asked price of such common equity as reported for the registrant s common stock on March 31, 2008 was \$2,659,690.

The number of shares outstanding of the Registrant s common stock as of the latest practicable date was.

Class
Common Stock, \$.001 par value

Outstanding at December 12, 2008 14,833,127

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Explanatory Note

Alliance HealthCard, Inc. is filing this Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2008, initially filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 29, 2008.

The following sections of this Form 10-K/A have been amended:

Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations was modified to incorporate the correct disclosure required by SFAS 123R.

Item 8 Financial Statements and Supplementary Data has been modified as follows:

Note 8. Stock Based Compensation was modified to incorporate the correct disclosure required by SFAS 123R:

Note 12. Claims Liability was modified to expand our disclosure as to what these claims are, how they are generated and why we are obligated to pay them;

The date of the report of Eide Baily LLP, the Company s independent registered public accounting firm as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008 was updated;

Item 9A *Controls and Procedures* was revised to modify the disclosure regarding the evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures.

Item 15 Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules was revised to include the contract with Rent A Center.

Exhibits 31.1 and 31.2 were modified to provide certifications as exactly set forth in Regulation S-K, Item 601(b) (31).

The signature page date has been revised.

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ITEM 1. BUSINESS.

We at Alliance Healthcard, Inc., are a leading provider of consumer membership plans offering access to networks which provide discounts to the consumer on a variety of products and services ranging from medical, dental and pharmacy to groceries, restaurants, travel, automotive and a host of others. We also design and market in our consumer package specialty insurance and warranty products on the goods our clients sell to their customers. Our programs are sold to consumers primarily through retail, rent to own, financial and consumer finance clients. We perform turnkey programs including design and fulfillment of marketing pieces and collateral support material, network support, customer service, regulatory compliance, and billing.

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

The market for our customer membership programs is sizable. U.S. consumers spend billions of dollars annually among the large variety of membership plans available. While competition is significant, with hundreds of customer membership companies nationally, we are the largest provider of such membership plans to dealers in the rental purchase industry and we are a leading provider of consumer membership plans offered at point-of-sale through retail locations. Our programs create a win/win for our clients as well as their customers. Our clients build profit and growth through our programs without risk while encouraging customer loyalty and repeat business.

HISTORY OF THE COMPANY

We were founded in 1998 as a provider of discount medical plans with a focus on creating, marketing, and distributing membership savings programs primarily to the underserved markets in the United States. Our original programs offered attractive savings in approximately 16 areas of health care, including physician visits, hospital stays, chiropractics, vision, dental, pharmacy, hearing, and patient advocacy, among others.

On February 28, 2007, we completed the merger-acquisition of BMS Holding Company, Inc. and its subsidiary, Benefit Marketing Solutions, LLC (BMS). BMS is one of the largest membership plan providers to dealers in the rental purchase industry market space. While we continue to market our health oriented programs, this merger-acquisition has greatly expanded our business scope to include programs that offer discount savings on dining and entertainment, automotive, legal and financial, as well as insurance programs including leased property, involuntary unemployment, accidental death and dismemberment, and extended service plans.

BMS was formed in February 2002 and is a national membership program benefit organization that designs, markets, and distributes membership programs for rental-purchase companies, financial organizations, employer groups, retailers and association-based organizations. These membership programs are sold as part of a point-of-sale transaction or through direct marketing efforts. The point-of-sale membership plans are sold through more than 5,100 locations in the U.S. and Canada.

As part of the merger-acquisition of BMS Holding Company, Inc., we also acquired BMS Insurance Agency, LLC (BMS Agency) that was formed in January 2005. BMS Agency is licensed to offer life, accident and health, and property and casualty insurance.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

We are a leading provider of consumer membership plans sold in conjunction with a point-of-sale transaction through retail locations. In addition, we provide healthcare savings membership plans under both retail and wholesale arrangements as well as included as additional benefits to other membership programs. Through working with our clients, we design and build membership plans that contain benefits aggregated from our vendors that appeal to our client s customers. This process involves balancing the needs of our clients, their customers and our vendors. We enter into agreements with our clients to deliver customized membership marketing plans that leverage their brand name and customer relationship and typically their payment mechanism, and offer benefits that appeal to their customers. The value provided by our plans to our clients, includes increased customer attraction and retention, plus incremental fee income with no risk or capital cost. By implementing these plans repetitively, our management team is uniquely qualified to efficiently assist our clients in achieving their goals, while avoiding operational and marketing pitfalls.

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The point-of-sale offered plans are primarily provided on a wholesale basis to our clients whereby we provide the plan products and services as well as customer service and fulfillment. We also support the plan with field training, in-store advertising materials and sales videos. The plans may be further customized by incorporating benefits provided in-house by our clients. Our clients are responsible for member acquisition, retention and collection of the periodic membership fees. Our clients remit to us a portion of the on-going membership fees collected the month following their receipt. Our largest market for these plans is dealers in the rental purchase industry. The other markets include banks, retailers and consumer finance companies.

Our wholesale plans are custom tailored to meet the needs of our clients, generate incremental revenue for them and enhance the relationship with their customers via value-added benefits. Services included with wholesale plans provided to our largest member segment generally include insurance benefits and a variety of lifestyle benefits, like discount medical, food & entertainment and automotive related discounts. We also provide wholesale plans that include only discount medical benefits, just lifestyle benefits and other combinations to fit the customer needs of our clients.

Our retail plan offerings are primarily health care savings plans. These plans are not insurance, but allow members access to a variety of healthcare networks to obtain discounts from usual and customary fees. Our members pay providers the discounted rate at the time services are provided to them. These plans are designed to serve the markets in which individuals either have no health insurance or limited healthcare benefits.

We provide two standard healthcare savings plan retail offerings: Gold Card Plan and Platinum Card Plan. These plans are designed to benefit the more than 47 million individuals without healthcare insurance coverage and the millions more that are underinsured. The Gold Card Plan is targeted to those who have some basic medical insurance but no ancillary services or as add-on services alongside a healthcare plan. The Gold Card Plan benefit categories include pharmacy, vision, dental, hearing, 24-hour nurse-line, chiropractic, medical lab and supplies, alternative medicine, physical therapy, podiatry, mental health and long-term care. The Platinum Card Plan is generally intended for those who do not have a healthcare insurance plan or have a plan with only catastrophic coverage. It includes all of the Gold Card Plan benefits plus primary-care physicians, specialists and outpatient facilities.

In addition to our wholesale and retails offerings, certain clients may choose to include our benefits with their own membership plan offering. In these instances, the client bears the cost of marketing and fulfillment, and we provide customer service. These offerings are designed to enhance our clients—existing offering and improve their product value relative to their competition and in some instances to improve their customer retention. While these plans provide lower periodic member fees, we incur limited implementation costs and receive higher revenue participation rates.

In order to deliver our membership offerings, we contract with a number of different vendors to provide various products and services to our members. The majority of these vendor relationships involve the vendor providing our members access to their network or providers or their locations and our members obtain a discount at the time of service. We have vendor relationships with medical networks, automotive service companies, insurance companies, travel related entities and food and entertainment consumer discount providers. Our vendors value the relationship with us because we deliver many customers to them without incremental capital cost or risk on their part and these relationships are governed by multi-year agreements and aggregated volume scaling.

BUSINESS STRATEGY

Our focus is providing national membership program benefits to organizations that include, but are not limited to, rental-purchase companies, financial institutions, retail merchants, and consumer finance companies nationwide. The strategy is to succeed in the marketplace by

increasing market penetration;

maintaining and enhancing customer satisfaction;

continually enhancing programs and adding benefits;

managing growth effectively; and

helping the market to understand how our offerings are different and superior.

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Increase Market Penetration

We believe we have opportunities to expand our offerings to markets with similar operational and customer demographic characteristics to those we now serve. In addition, many of these markets may be substantially larger than our existing markets. We have recently begun exploring these new markets and plan to continue such efforts. Our tested and proven infrastructure allows us to serve substantially more customers without a significant increase in fixed costs.

Maintain and Enhance Customer Satisfaction

Our belief is that providing high-quality customer service to our customers, clients and members is extremely important in order to encourage memberships and to strengthen the affinity of those members for the client that offered the service program. In order to achieve our anticipated growth and to ensure client, member and marketing representative loyalty, we continue to develop and invest significantly in our member service systems. All new member service representatives are required to complete a training course before beginning to take calls and attend on-the-job training thereafter. Through our training programs, systems and software, we seek to provide members with friendly, rapid and effective answers to questions. In addition, we continue to work closely with our clients customer service staffs to ensure that their representatives are knowledgeable in matters relating to membership service programs offered by us.

Continually Enhance Programs

We believe that we are well-positioned to increase market share by taking advantage of providing consumers distinctive and innovative membership programs. We will continue to enhance our programs and add, remove or restructure benefits to sustain this advantage. As we consider new markets where competitors exist, we seek opportunities to deliver plans with innovative services or operational structures.

Manage Growth Effectively

We intend to grow by focusing our sales team on potential new accounts, while continuing to expand our existing customer base by tailoring new programs that will continue to complement and increase the customer s existing revenue sources. In addition, we will selectively consider acquisitions of membership program companies to improve our market share. We believe that we have the management team in place to manage this growth.

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SERVICES

We provide customer membership programs designed to provide a wide range of consumer benefits, discounts and protection. Today, successful programs are currently in place at rental-purchase centers, financial institutions, retail merchants, and consumer finance companies nationwide. Membership programs are successful wherever customers use products and services on a repeat basis. Our membership benefit categories include: Discount Medical, Food and Entertainment, Insurance, Automotive Discounts, Dealer Add-In Benefits and Miscellaneous Benefits.

Discount Medical

Physician Network Access
Dental Network Access
Vision Care & Eyewear Network Access
Pharmacy Network Discounts
Mail Order Pharmacy Discounts
Chiropractor Network Access
Hearing Aid Discounts
Vitamins & Nutritional Supplements

Food and Entertainment

Grocery Coupon Savings Restaurant Savings Theme Park Discounts Movie Theater Discounts

Insurance

Accidental Death & Dismemberment Involuntary Unemployment Leased Property Insurance

CUSTOMERS

We currently deliver membership plans to about 190 companies, including rental purchase dealers, insurance companies, financial institutions, retail merchants, and consumer finance companies. Our point-of-sale plans are offered at over 5,100 locations.

Revenue attributable to one contract totaled \$11,557,715 or 55% and \$10,982,394 or 62%, of total revenue for the years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

SALES AND MARKETING

We currently employ three full-time direct sales professionals. In addition, we have contracted with a number of independent sales consultants, who are primarily compensated on the basis of revenue produced.

We continue to expand our marketing programs and visibility in the industries we target for our offerings. Programs currently underway include public relations, internet sales, direct mailings and industry trade shows. We presently generate the majority of our new members via point-of-sale marketing by our clients. However, we also employ online, direct mail and mail insert marketing efforts.

Automotive

Discounted Roadside Assistance Automotive Service Provider Savings Customer Trip Routing Car Theft Reward Rental Car Savings

Dealer Add-In Benefits

Lease Cancellation Benefit Account Reinstatement Points Program for On Time Payments

Miscellaneous Benefits

Kid Secure Discounted Legal Services Savings at Choice Hotels Savings at 1-800Flowers.com Product Service Plans

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COMPETITION

While there are numerous companies providing membership offerings, they compete for members by soliciting customers throughout various industries. We strive to maintain strong client relationships in order to mitigate the effects of such competition. There are a number of companies that compete with us. Our principal competitors include: New Benefits, MembersTrust, Vertrue, Affinion and CAREINGTON International Corporation. Our other competitors include large retailers, financial institutions, insurance companies, preferred provider organization networks, and other organizations, which offer benefit programs to their customers.

The environment within which we operate is intensely competitive and subject to rapid change. To maintain or increase our market share position, we must continually enhance our product offerings, introduce new product features and enhancements, and expand our client service capabilities. We currently compete principally on the basis of the specialized nature of our products and services.

GOVERNMENT REGULATION

We offer benefits including insurance products, discount medical and other discount programs through association-based membership programs that are sold by our clients as add-ons to the client s core business. We also sell our discount medical program as a stand alone program directly to the public and through marketers. We administer claims for our association-based insurance and service programs through our subsidiary, BMS Agency, an Oklahoma licensed insurance agency. The association based programs are offered through an Oklahoma association in accordance with the laws of Oklahoma. In addition, BMS is a licensed third-party administrator.

There are approximately 30 states that now have licensing laws and regulations for discount medical provider organizations (hereinafter referred to as DMPO). The regulations differ materially among states and are subject to amendment and reinterpretation by the agencies charged with their enforcement. Some states require a license to operate as a DMPO. We have been approved as a licensed DMPO in 16 states and have applications pending in 3 other states. There is also the risk that a state will adopt regulations or enact legislation restricting or prohibiting the sale of our medical discount programs in that state. In addition, California views our discount medical plans as managed healthcare and its Department of Managed Health Care has taken the position that we must seek and eventually obtain a license under the Knox-Keene Act. Compliance with these regulations on a state-by-state basis has been expensive and cumbersome.

Compliance with federal and state regulations is generally our responsibility. The medical discount plan industry is especially susceptible to charges by the media of regulatory noncompliance and unfair dealing. As is often the case, the media may publicize perceived non-compliance with consumer protection regulations and violations of notions of fair dealing with consumers. Our failure to comply with current, as well as newly enacted or adopted, federal and state regulations could have a material adverse effect upon our business, financial condition and results of operations in addition to the following:

non-compliance may cause us to lose licensing status or to become the subject of a variety of enforcement or private actions;

compliance with changes in applicable regulations could materially increase the associated operating costs;

non-compliance with any rules and regulations enforced by a federal or state consumer protection authority may subject us or our management personnel to fines or various forms of civil or criminal prosecution; and

non-compliance or alleged non-compliance may result in loss of contracts, negative publicity potentially damaging our reputation, network relationships, client relationships and the relationship with program members, representatives and consumers in general.

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Insurance Regulations

Government regulation of insurance is a changing area of law and varies from state to state. The insurance companies from which we obtain our products and financial services are subject to various federal and state regulations applicable to their operations. These insurance companies must comply with constantly evolving regulations and make changes occasionally to services, products, structure or operations in accordance with the requirements of those regulations.

Similar to the insurance companies providing products and services offered by us, we are unable to accurately predict additional government regulations that may be enacted in the future affecting the insurance industry and the offered products and service or how existing or future regulations might be interpreted.

Additional governmental regulation or future interpretation of existing regulations may increase the cost of compliance or materially affect the insurance products and services offered by us and our profitability.

We must rely on the insurance companies that provide the insurance products and financial services offered by us to carefully monitor state and federal legislative and regulatory activity as it affects their insurance products and services. We believe that the insurance products and financial services that we offer comply in all material respects with all applicable federal and state regulations.

Among the benefits afforded to the members of our association are varying forms of insurance. Our ability to offer insurance products that we are authorized to distribute to this association for inclusion in its benefit packages may be affected by governmental regulation or future interpretation of existing regulations that may increase the cost of regulatory compliance or affect the nature and scope of products that we may make available to such associations.

The laws and regulations and their interpretation relating to our insurance and discount medical business are subject to uncertainty and change. There is no assurance that a review of our current and proposed operations will not result in a determination that could materially and adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. Moreover, regulatory requirements are subject to change from time to time and may in the future become more restrictive, thereby making compliance more difficult or expensive or otherwise affecting or restricting our ability to conduct our business as now conducted or proposed to be conducted. We are subject to the risk of challenges to the legality of selling insurance or other regulated products through our association based marketing program, including claims that our programs do not comply with a particular state s laws regarding the offering and licensing for a regulated product or administration of claims. We are subject to the risk that our discount programs will be determined to be regulated by the discount buying club laws or physician referral laws. In addition, the use of the internet in the marketing and distribution of our services is relatively new and presents issues, including the limitations on an insurance regulator s jurisdiction and whether Internet service providers, gateways or cybermalls are (a) engaged in the solicitation or sale of insurance policies or (b) otherwise transacting business requiring licensure under the laws of one or more states.

Healthcare Regulation and Reform

Government regulation and reform of the healthcare industry may also affect the manner in which we conduct our business in the future. There continues to be diverse legislative and regulatory initiatives at both the federal and state levels to affect aspects of the nation shealth care system. The Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act mandated restrictions on the disclosure and safeguarding of our insured s financial information. The USA Patriot Act placed new federal compliance requirements relating to anti-money laundering, customer identification and information sharing. In addition, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) requires certain guaranteed issuance and renew-ability of health insurance coverage for individuals and small employer groups and limits exclusions on pre-existing conditions. HIPAA mandated the adoption of extensive standards for the use and disclosure of health information. HIPAA also mandated the adoption of standards for the exchange of electronic health information in an effort to encourage overall administrative simplification and enhance the effectiveness and the efficiency of the healthcare industry.

HIPAA s security standards became effective April 20, 2005 and further mandated that specific requirements be met relating to maintaining the confidentiality and integrity of electronic health information and protecting it from anticipated hazards or uses and disclosures that are not permitted.

We believe that we are in compliance with these regulations. We plan to continually audit our compliance, and accordingly cannot give assurance that our costs of continuing to comply with HIPAA will not be material to us. Sanctions for failing to comply with standards issued pursuant to HIPAA include criminal penalties and civil sanctions.

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In addition to federal regulation and reform, many states have enacted, or are considering, various healthcare reform statutes. These reforms relate to, among other things, managed care practices, prompt payment practices, health insurer liability and mandated benefits. Most states have also enacted patient confidentiality laws that prohibit the disclosure of confidential information. As with all areas of legislation, the federal regulations establish minimum standards and preempt conflicting state laws that are less restrictive but will allow state laws that are more restrictive. We expect that this trend of increased legislation will continue. We are unable to predict what state reforms will be enacted or how they would affect our business.

E-Commerce Regulation

We may be subject to additional federal and state statutes and regulations in connection with our product strategy, which includes Internet services and products. On an increasingly frequent basis, federal and state legislators are proposing laws and regulations that apply to internet based commerce and communications. Areas being affected by this regulation include user privacy, pricing, content, taxation, copyright protection, distribution and quality of products, and services. To the extent that our products and services would be subject to these laws and regulations, the sale of our products and our business could be harmed.

Legislative Development

Numerous proposals to reform the current healthcare system have been introduced in the U.S. Congress and in various state legislatures. Proposals have included, among other things, modifications to the existing employer-based insurance system, a quasi-regulated system of managed competition among health insurers, and a single-payer, public program. Changes in healthcare policy could significantly affect our business. Legislation has been introduced from time to time in the U.S. Congress that could result in the federal government assuming a more direct role in regulating insurance companies.

We are unable to evaluate new legislation that may be proposed and when or whether any legislation will be enacted and implemented. However, many of the proposals, if adopted, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations; while others, if adopted, could potentially benefit our business.

Privacy Laws

Certain of our services are based upon the collection, distribution and protection of sensitive private data. Our contracts with certain clients place a duty on us to protect certain confidential information and to comply with certain provisions of privacy laws such as the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act. Unauthorized users might access that data, and human error or technological failures might cause the wrongful dissemination of that data. If we experience a security breach, the integrity of certain of our services may be affected and such a breach could violate certain of our client agreements. We have incurred, and may incur in the future, significant costs to protect against the threat of a security breach. We may also incur significant costs to alleviate problems that may be caused by future breaches. Any breach or perceived breach could subject us to government fines or sanctions, legal claims from clients or customers under that govern the security non-public personal information. There is no assurance that we would prevail in such litigation. Moreover, any public perception that we have engaged in the unauthorized release of, or have failed to adequately protect, private information could adversely affect our ability to attract and retain members and end-customers. In addition, unauthorized third parties might alter information in our databases, which would adversely affect both our ability to market our services and the credibility of our information.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

The matters discussed below and elsewhere in this report should be considered when evaluating our business operations and strategies. Additionally, there may be risks and uncertainties that we are not aware of or that we currently deem immaterial, which may become material factors affecting our operations and business success. Many of the factors are not within our control. We provide no assurance that one or more of these factors will not: adversely affect the market price of our common stock,

adversely affect our future operations,

adversely affect our business,

adversely affect our financial condition, adversely affect our results of operations,

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require significant reduction or discontinuance of our operations,

require us to seek a merger partner, or

require us to sell additional stock on terms that are highly dilutive to our shareholders.

THIS REPORT CONTAINS CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS RELATING TO FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION.

We have included some forward-looking statements in this section and other places in this report regarding our expectations. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Some of these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology including believes, expects, may, will, should or anticipates or the negative the other variations thereon or comparable terminology, or by discussions of strategies that involve risks and uncertainties. You should read statements that contain these words carefully because they:

discuss our future expectations,

contain projections of our future operating results or of our future financial condition, or states other forward-looking information.

We believe it is important to discuss our expectations. However, it must be recognized that events may occur in the future over which we have no control and which we are not accurately able to predict. Any forward-looking statements contained in this report represent our judgment as of the date of this report. We disclaim, however, any intent or obligation to update these forward-looking statements. As a result, the reader is cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

A SIGNIFICANT PORTION OF OUR REVENUE IS DEPENDENT ON ONE CLIENT.

Revenue attributable to one contract totaled \$11,557,715 or 55% of total revenue for the year ended September 30, 2008. For the year ended September 30, 2007, revenue attributable to one contract totaled \$10,982,394 or 62% of total revenue. Although we have a long-term contract, loss of that one client would have a significant impact on our revenues, profitability and our ability to negotiate discounts with vendors.

WE DEPEND ON VARIOUS THIRD-PARTY VENDORS TO SUPPLY CERTAIN PRODUCTS AND SERVICES THAT WE MARKET.

We depend on various third-party vendors to supply the products and services that we market. Many of our third-party vendors are independent contractors. As a result, the quality of service they provide is not entirely within our control. If any third-party vendor were to cease operations, or terminate, breach or not renew its contract with us, or suffer interruptions, delays or quality problems, we may not be able to substitute a comparable third-party vendor on a timely basis or on terms favorable to us. With respect to the insurance programs that we offer, we are dependent on the insurance carriers that underwrite the insurance to obtain appropriate regulatory approvals. If we are required to use an alternative insurance carrier, it may materially increase the time required to bring an insurance related product to market. We are generally obligated to continue providing our products and services to our customers even if we lose a third-party vendor; therefore, any disruption in our product offerings could harm our reputation and result in customer dissatisfaction. Replacing existing third-party vendors with more expensive third-party vendors could increase our costs and reduce our profitability.

WE FACE COMPETITION FOR CLIENTS TO MARKET OUR PROGRAMS AS WELL AS COMPETITIVE OFFERINGS OF BENEFIT PROGRAMS.

There is significant competition for clients and members in our industry. We offer programs that provide products and services similar to or directly in competition with products and services offered by our competitors as well as the providers of such products and services through other channels of distribution.

We provide no assurance that our competitors will not provide benefit programs comparable or superior to our programs at lower membership prices or adapt more quickly to evolving industry trends or changing industry requirements. Increased competition may result in price reductions, reduced gross margins, and loss of market share,

any of which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. There is no assurance that we will be able to compete effectively with current and future competitors.

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WE HAVE MANY COMPETITORS AND MAY NOT BE ABLE TO COMPETE EFFECTIVELY WHICH MAY LEAD TO A LACK OF REVENUES AND DISCONTINUANCE OF OUR OPERATIONS.

We compete with numerous well-established companies that design and implement membership programs and other healthcare programs. Some of our competitors may be companies that have programs that are functionally similar or superior to our programs. Most of our competitors possess substantially greater financial, marketing, personnel and other resources than us. They may also have established reputations relating to their programs.

Due to competitive market forces, we may experience price reductions, reduced gross margins and loss of market share in the future, any of which would result in decreases in sales and revenues. These decreases in revenues would adversely affect our business and results of operations and could lead to discontinuance of operations. There can be no assurance that:

we will be able to compete successfully;

our competitors will not develop programs that render our programs less marketable or even obsolete; or

we will be able to successfully enhance our programs when necessary.

GOVERNMENT REGULATION MAY ADVERSELY AFFECT OR LIMIT OUR OPERATIONS.

Most of the discount medical programs that we offer are sold without the need for an insurance license by any federal, state or local regulatory licensing agency or commission. In comparison, companies that provide insurance benefits and operate healthcare management organizations and preferred provider organizations are regulated by state licensing agencies and commissions. These regulations extensively cover operations, including scope of benefits, rate formula, delivery systems, utilization review procedures, quality assurance, enrollment requirements, claim payments, marketing and advertising. Several states have enacted laws and regulations overseeing discount medical plans. We do not know the full extent of these regulations and additional states may also impose regulation. Our need to comply with these regulations may adversely affect or limit our future operations. The cost of complying with these laws and regulations has and will likely continue to have a material effect on our financial position.

Government regulation of insurance and healthcare coverage and health plans is a changing area of law and varies from state to state. Although we are not an insurance company, the insurance companies from which we obtain our products and financial services are subject to various federal and state regulations applicable to their operations. These insurance companies must comply with constantly evolving regulations and make changes occasionally to services, products, structure or operations in accordance with the requirements of those regulations. We may also be limited in how we market and distribute our products and financial services as a result of these laws and regulations.

WE MAY HAVE EXPOSURE AND LIABILITY RELATING TO NON-COMPLIANCE WITH THE HEALTH INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 1996 AND THE COST OF COMPLIANCE COULD BE MATERIAL.

In April 2003 privacy regulations promulgated by The Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA). HIPAA imposes extensive restrictions on the use and disclosure of individually identifiable health information by certain entities. Also as part of HIPAA, the Department of Health and Human Services has regulations standardizing electronic transactions between health plans, providers and clearinghouses. Healthcare plans, providers and claims administrators are required to conform their electronic and data processing systems to HIPAA electronic transaction requirements. While we believe we are currently compliant with these regulations, we cannot be certain of the extent to which the enforcement or interpretation of these regulations will affect our business. Our continuing compliance with these regulations, therefore, may have a significant impact on our business operations and may be at material cost in the event we are subject to these regulations. Sanctions for failing to comply with standards issued pursuant to HIPAA include criminal and civil sanctions.

THE FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH FEDERAL AND STATE REGULATION COULD RESULT IN ENFORCEMENT ACTION AND IMPOSITION OF PENALTIES, MODIFICATION OF OUR OPERATIONS, AND NEGATIVE PUBLICITY.

Our operations are regulated by federal and state laws and regulations administered by various state agencies. These laws and regulations cover the areas of insurance, discount medical plans, associations, and extended service. Compliance with all of the applicable regulations and laws is uncertain because of the evolving interpretations of existing laws and regulations, and the enactment of new laws and regulations.

Accordingly, there is the risk that our operations could be found to not comply with applicable laws and regulations that could:

result in enforcement action and imposition of penalty,

require modification of our operations or programs,

result in negative publicity

Any of these consequences could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations as well as our financial condition.

THE GOODWILL RESULTING FROM OUR MERGER-ACQUISITION OF BMS HOLDING COMPANY MAY BECOME IMPAIRED AND REQUIRE A WRITE-DOWN AND THE RECOGNITION OF AN IMPAIRMENT EXPENSE THAT MAY BE SUBSTANTIAL.

In connection with our merger-acquisition of BMS Holding Company in 2007, we recorded goodwill of \$2,291,945, modified for our decrease in Notes Payable of \$212,803 for the year ended September 30, 2008. See Note 5. Notes Payable to Related Parties. In connection with our purchase of Foresight in 2005, we recorded goodwill that had an aggregate asset value of \$455,000 at September 30, 2008. In the event that the goodwill is determined to be impaired for any reason, we will be required to write-down or reduce the value of the goodwill and recognize an impairment expense. The impairment expense may be substantial in amount and, in such case, adversely affect the results of our operations for the applicable period and may negatively affect the market value of our common stock.

OUR FAILURE TO PROTECT PRIVATE DATA COULD SUBJECT US TO PENALTIES, DAMAGE OUR REPUTATION, CAUSE US TO BE IN BREACH OF CONTRACTS AND CAUSE US TO EXPEND CAPITAL AND OTHER RESOURCES TO PROTECT AGAINST FUTURE SECURITY BREACHES.

Certain of our services are based upon the collection, distribution and protection of sensitive private data. Our contracts with certain clients place a duty on us to protect certain confidential information and to comply with certain provisions of privacy laws such as the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act. Unauthorized users might access that data, and human error or technological failures might cause the wrongful dissemination of that data. If we experience a security breach, the integrity of certain of our services may be affected and such a breach could violate certain of our client agreements. We have incurred, and may continue to incur, significant costs to protect against a security breach. We may also incur significant costs to alleviate problems that may be caused by future breaches. Any breach or perceived breach could subject us to government fines or sanctions, legal claims from clients or customers under that govern the security non-public personal information. There is no assurance that we would prevail in this litigation. Moreover, any public perception that we have engaged in the unauthorized release of, or have failed to adequately protect, private information could adversely affect our ability to attract and retain members and end-customers. In addition, unauthorized third parties might alter information in our databases, which would adversely affect both our ability to market our services and the credibility of our information.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS.

We do not have any unresolved and outstanding comments of the Staff of the U.S. States Securities and Exchange Commission.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

We lease the space for our offices in Norcross, Georgia under a lease that expires in October 2009. This lease is in the name of Alliance HealthCard, Inc. and NovaNet, Inc., a company partially owned by Robert D. Garces, one of our Directors and an Executive Vice President. The total space consists of approximately 8,712 square feet and NovaNet

leases approximately 3,537 square feet of that space. The lease was executed on May 1, 2004, amended on December 16, 2004 with a revised termination date of October 31, 2009. See Note 11. Related Party Transactions.

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BMS leases the space for its office in Norman, Oklahoma under a lease that expires July 31, 2009. The total space consists of approximately 5,973 square feet. The lease agreement is with Southwest Brokers, Inc., a company owned by Brett Wimberley, one of our Directors and our President. This lease was executed on May 1, 2005, amended on August 1, 2006 and May 1, 2008 and expires on July 31, 2009. See Note 11. Related Party Transactions. In the event we are required to move from our current Norman, Oklahoma office facilities, the terms and cost of occupancy may be substantially different than those under which our office space is currently occupied and the rental rate may be substantially greater.

BMS also rents space for its Dallas, Texas office on a month-to-month basis. The total space consists of approximately 300 square feet. In the event we are required to move from these office facilities, the terms of occupancy may be substantially different than those under which our Dallas office space is currently occupied and the rental rate may be substantially greater.

We believe that our current office space facilities are adequate for our current operations.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On December 14, 2005, Bankers Fidelity Life Insurance Company filed a demand for arbitration with Alliance HealthCard, Inc. The dispute involves our and Bankers Fidelity Life Insurance Company s relative rights arising out of the Prescription Drug Card and our Multi-Service Benefits Agreement. It involves a determination of the responsibilities of Alliance HealthCard, Inc., as well as certain other contract rights between us and Bankers Fidelity Life Insurance Company.

In September 2008 Alliance entered into a Mutual Release, Settlement Agreement and Agreement Not to Sue with Bankers Fidelity Life Insurance Company for a full settlement and release of all claims in exchange for a settlement payment to Bankers Fidelity of \$100,000. A final settlement and release of all claims related to this dispute was obtained on September 25, 2008. We reduced accrued liabilities of \$100,000 to reflect this settlement payment.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

No matters were submitted to the vote of our shareholders during the three months ended September 30, 2008. **PART II.**

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Our common stock began trading on the OTC Bulletin Board in January 2001. As of November 11, 2008 there were 116 holders of record of our common stock. The table below sets forth for the periods indicated the high and low price per share (using the closing average of best bid and best ask price) of our common stock as reported on the OTC Bulletin Board. These quotations also reflect inter-dealer prices without retail mark-ups, mark-downs or commissions, and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

	Price Per Common Share			
	High		Low	
Year Ended September 30, 2008				
First Quarter ended December 31, 2007	\$	1.90	\$	1.55
Second Quarter ended March 31, 2008	\$	1.70	\$	0.80
Third Quarter ended June 30, 2008	\$	1.25	\$	0.75
Fourth Quarter ended September 30, 2008	\$	1.35	\$	0.60
Year ended September 30, 2007				
First Quarter ended December 31, 2006	\$	1.35	\$	0.42
Second Quarter ended March 31, 2007	\$	1.90	\$	1.10
Third Quarter ended June 30, 2007	\$	2.20	\$	1.61
Fourth Quarter ended September 30, 2007	\$	2.00	\$	1.61

DIVIDEND POLICY

We have never paid cash dividends or made other cash distributions to common stock shareholders, and do not expect to declare or pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. For financial reporting purposes, distributions made to BMS shareholders prior to the merger were treated as dividends or distributions for financial reporting purposes. These dividends and distributions totaled \$0 and \$8,243,218, respectively for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007.

In connection with the 2007 merger with BMS, the Company gave the selling shareholders notes totaling \$7,147,000 which bore interest at 1% per annum. After discounting the notes to adjust for the effect of the below-market interest rates, the notes were recorded on the Company s financial statements at \$6,666,417. The note principal on these notes was reduced by \$213,000 as of September 30, 2008 related to the settlement of the Caribbean American Property Insurance Company (CAPIC). See Note 4 Mergers and Acquisitions. The issuance of these notes, net of discounts was treated as a dividend distribution to the BMS shareholders. During the year ended September 30, 2008 the Company made principal and interest payments on these notes totaling \$2,358,265. For the year ended September 30, 2007, the Company made principal and interest payments of \$1,222,382 plus \$1,576,801 in additional cash distributions to the BMS shareholders. We intend to retain future earnings, if any, for working capital and to finance current operations and expansion of its business. Payments of dividends in the future will depend upon growth, profitability, financial condition and other factors that our Board of Directors may deem relevant.

REPURCHASE OF COMMON STOCK SHARES

During the three months ended September 30, 2008, we did not purchase any of our common stock shares.

SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUANCE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

The following table sets forth as of September 30, 2008, information related to each category of equity compensation plan approved or not approved by our shareholders, including individual compensation arrangements with our non-employee directors. The equity compensation plans approved by our shareholders are our 2001 Stock Option Plan. All stock options and rights to acquire our equity securities are exercisable for or represent the right to purchase our common stock.

	Number of				
	Securities to be issued upon exercise Weighted-av		ited-average cise price	Number of securities remaining available for future	
	of outstanding	of outstanding options, warrants and rights		issuance under equity compensation plans	
	options, warrants				
Plan category	and rights				
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders:					
2001 Stock Option Plan	1,518,897	\$	0.93	1,287,794	
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders:					

Total 1,518,897 1,287,794

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA.

We are a smaller reporting company as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and as such, are not required to provide the information required by Item 301 of Regulation S-K with respect to Selected Financial Data.

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ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

Overview

Since formation in 1998 we have been a provider of discount medical plans with a focus on creating, marketing, and distributing membership savings programs primarily to the underserved markets in the United States. Our original programs offered attractive savings in approximately 16 areas of healthcare, including physician visits, hospital stays, chiropractics, vision, dental, pharmacy, hearing, and patient advocacy, among others. In February 2007, we completed the merger-acquisition of BMS Holding Company, Inc. and its subsidiaries, Benefit Marketing Solutions, L.L.C. (BMS) and BMS Insurance Agency, L.L.C., (BMS Agency). BMS is the largest membership plan provider to dealers in the rental-purchase industry. For financial reporting purpose, BMS was considered the acquiring entity and historical financial statements prior to March of 2007 reflect the activities of BMS as adjusted for the effect of the recapitalization which occurred at the merger date. Activities of Alliance HealthCard, Inc. prior to the merger date are no longer reflected in the historical financial statements as it was considered to be the acquired entity. Additional intangible assets and goodwill totaling \$4,791,945 were recorded on the financial statements as of the merger date reflecting the fair market value of Alliance HealthCard, Inc. in excess of its identifiable net tangible assets as of the date of the merger. While we continue to market our health oriented programs, the merger-acquisition has greatly expanded our business scope to include programs that offer discount savings on dining and entertainment, automotive, legal and financial, as well as insurance programs including leased property, involuntary unemployment, accidental death and dismemberment, and product service plans. We sell our membership savings programs to retailers, insurance companies, finance companies, banks, employer groups and association-based organizations through direct sales or independent marketing consultants, and are now a leading provider of value added membership plans sold in conjunction with point-of-sale transactions.

BMS was formed in February 2002 and designs, markets, and distributes membership programs for rental-purchase companies, financial organizations, employer groups, retailers and association-based organizations on a nation-wide basis. These membership programs are sold as part of a point-of-sale transaction or through direct marketing efforts. BMS is one of the largest membership plan providers to dealers in the rental-purchase industry market space. The point-of-sale membership plans are sold through more than 5,100 locations in the U.S. and Canada. In connection with the merger-acquisition of BMS Holding Company, the merger was accounted for as a reverse merger-acquisition with Alliance HealthCard as the legal acquirer and BMS Holding Company as the accounting acquirer. Under the accounting treatment, the historical operations of BMS Holding Company and its subsidiaries, BMS and BMS Agency, became ours and our former operations and assets and liabilities were deemed purchased by BMS Holding Company. Therefore, the historical operations contained in this report are those of BMS Holding Company and its subsidiaries.

Critical Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates and such differences may be material to the financial statements. Significant estimates include our claims liability (see Note 12) and the discounted future cash flows used to calculate our goodwill for impairment.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets

We account for acquisitions of businesses in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141, Business Combinations (SFAS 141). Goodwill in such acquisitions represents the excess of the cost of a business acquired over the net of the amounts assigned to assets acquired, including identifiable intangible assets and liabilities assumed. SFAS 141 specifies criteria to be used in determining whether intangible assets acquired in a business combination must be recognized and reported separately from goodwill. Amounts assigned to goodwill and other identifiable intangible assets are based on independent appraisals or internal estimates.

Customer lists acquired in an acquisition are capitalized and amortized over the estimated useful lives of the customer lists. Customer lists deemed acquired in connection with the Alliance Healthcard, Inc. merger were valued at

\$2,500,000 and are being amortized over 60 months, the estimated useful life of the list. Amortization of customer lists totaled \$500,004 and \$291,669, respectively for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2008 and September 30, 2007.

We account for recorded goodwill and other intangible assets in accordance with SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets (SFAS 142). In accordance with SFAS 142, we do not amortize goodwill. Management evaluates goodwill for impairment for each reporting period. If considered impaired goodwill will be written down to fair value and a corresponding impairment loss recognized.

We evaluate the recoverability of identifiable intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an intangible asset s carrying amount may not be recoverable. Such circumstances could include, but are not limited to: (1) a significant decrease in the market value of an asset, (2) a significant adverse change in the extent or manner in which an asset is used, or (3) an accumulation of costs significantly in excess of the amount originally expected for the acquisition of an asset. We measure the carrying amount of the asset against the estimated undiscounted future cash flows associated with it. Should the sum of the expected future net cash flows be less than the carrying value of the asset being evaluated, an impairment loss would be recognized. The impairment loss would be calculated as the amount by which the carrying value of the asset exceeds its fair value. The fair value is measured based on quoted market prices, if available. If quoted market prices are not available, the estimate of fair value is based on various valuation techniques, including the discounted value of estimated future cash flows. The evaluation of asset impairment requires us to make assumptions about future cash flows over the life of the asset being evaluated. These assumptions require significant judgment and actual results may differ from assumed and estimated amounts. As of September 30, 2008 and 2007 we recognized no impairment losses related to our intangible assets.

Stock Based Compensation

In accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004) Share-Based Payment (SFAS 123R), we measure stock based compensation expense using the modified prospective method. Under the modified prospective method, stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period, which is the vesting period.

Income Taxes

We adopted SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, that requires, among other things, a liability approach to calculating deferred income taxes. The objective is to measure a deferred income tax liability or asset using the tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the periods in which the deferred income tax liability or asset is expected to be settled or realized. Any resulting net deferred income tax assets should be reduced by a valuation allowance sufficient to reduce such assets to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized.

In 2006, FASB issued FIN 48, which clarifies the application of SFAS 109 by defining a criterion that an individual income tax position must meet for any part of the benefit of that position to be recognized in an enterprise s financial statements and provides guidance on measurement, de-recognition, classification, accounting for interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. In accordance with the transition provisions, we adopted FIN 48 on January 1, 2007.

We have recognized a liability for uncertain tax positions. See Note 9. Income Taxes. We further believe that there are no tax positions for which it is reasonably possible, based on current tax law and policy that the unrecognized tax benefits will significantly increase or decrease over the next 12 months producing, individually or in the aggregate, a material effect on our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, Revenue Recognition, corrected copy, which requires that four basic criteria must be met before revenue can be recognized: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (2) delivery has occurred or services have been rendered; (3) the seller s price to the buyer is fixed or determinable; and, (4) collectibility is reasonably assured.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS 157). SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This statement does not require any new fair value measurements; rather, it applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. The provisions of this statement are to be applied prospectively as of the beginning of the fiscal year in

which this statement is initially applied, with any transition adjustment recognized as a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. The provisions of SFAS 157 are effective for the fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. Therefore, we anticipate adopting this standard as of October 1, 2008. Management has not determined the effect, if any, the adoption of this statement will have on our financial condition or results of operations.

In September 2006, FASB issued SFAS No. 158, Employers Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans (SFAS No. 158), an amendment of FASB Nos. 87, 88, 106 and 132(R). SFAS No. 158 requires (a) recognition of the funded status (measured as the difference between the fair value of the plan assets and the benefit obligation) of a benefit plan as an asset or liability in the employer s statement of financial position, (b) measurement of the funded status as of the employer s fiscal year-end with limited exceptions, and (c) recognition of changes in the funded status in the year in which the changes occur through comprehensive income. The requirement to recognize the funded status of a benefit plan and the disclosure requirements are effective as of the end of the fiscal year ending after December 15, 2006. The requirement to measure the plan assets and benefit obligations as of the date of the employer s fiscal year-end statement of financial position is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2008. This SFAS 158 has no current applicability to our financial statements.

In February 2007, FASB issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (SFAS 159). This statement permits companies to choose to measure many financial assets and liabilities at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected are reported in earnings. SFAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently assessing the impact of SFAS 159 on its consolidated financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), Business Combinations, which replaces SFAS No. 141. SFAS No. 141R establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any non controlling interest in the acquiree and the goodwill acquired. The Statement also establishes disclosure requirements which will enable users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS No. 141R is effective as of the beginning of an entity s fiscal year that begins after December 15, 2008 (our Fiscal 2010). SFAS No. 141R will have an effect on the Company s consolidated financial statements for any business combinations the Company may enter into after the effective date.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements an amendment of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, which establishes accounting and reporting standards for ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent, the amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the non-controlling interest, changes in a parent s ownership interest and the valuation of retained non-controlling equity investments when a subsidiar