ONLINE RESOURCES CORP Form 8-K/A March 09, 2005

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# FORM 8-K/A

# **CURRENT REPORT**

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of Earliest Event Reported):

December 22, 2004

# Online Resources Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	0-26123	52-1623052
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)	(Commission File Number)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
4795 Meadow Wood Lane, Suite 300, Chantilly, Virginia		20151
(Address of principal executive offices)		(Zip Code)
Registrant s telephone number, including an	rea code:	703-653-3100
	Not Applicable	
Former name	e or former address, if changed since l	ast report
Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing he following provisions:    Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 1 Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 2 Pre-commencement co	er the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425 the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12 ule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act	(i) (2) (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

#### Item 2.01 Completion of Acquisition or Disposition of Assets

On December 27, 2004, Online Resources Corporation filed a Current Report on Form 8-K to report its completion of its acquisition of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. This Form 8-K is incorporated herein by this reference. This amendment is being filed to include the financial statements and pro forma financial information required by Item 9.01 of Form 8-K.

#### **Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits**

### (a) Financial statements of business acquired.

The following historical financial statements of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. are included in this report:

Unaudited Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2004

Unaudited Statements of Operations for the nine-months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003

Unaudited Statements of Cash Flows for the nine-months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003

Notes to Unaudited Financial Statements

Reports of Independent Certified Public Accountants and Independent Auditors

Audited Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2003 and 2002

Audited Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002

Audited Statements of Changes in Stockholders Deficit for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002

Audited Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002

Notes to Audited Financial Statements

#### (b) Pro Forma Financial Information

The following pro forma financial information is included in this report:

Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2004

Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2003 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2004

## (c) Exhibits

Exhibit No. Document Description

Consent of Grant Thornton, LLPConsent of Ernst & Young LLP

# INCURRENT SOLUTIONS, INC.

# **BALANCE SHEETS**

		PTEMBER 30, 2004 inaudited)	DI	31, 2003
Assets	`	•		
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	92,764	\$	1,891,386
Accounts receivable (net of allowance of approximately \$72,400)		2,157,303		1,679,650
Deferred implementation costs		555,058		204,419
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		233,607		203,482
Total current assets		3,038,732		3,978,937
Property and equipment, net		339,556		648,032
Deferred implementation costs, less current portion		1,015,774		95,241
Security deposits		155,000		170,394
Total assets	\$	4,549,062	\$	4,892,604
Liabilities and stockholders deficit Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	606,716	\$	277,420
Accrued expenses		914,482		487,282
Deferred implementation revenue		129,267		322,726
Deferred maintenance revenue and advance billings		299,419		612,218
Notes payable, current portion		17,905		329,716
Total current liabilities		1,967,789		2,029,362
Notes payable, less current portion				
Deferred implementation revenue, less current portion		236,898		149,829
Total liabilities		2,204,687		2,179,191
Commitments and contingencies Series A convertible preferred stock, no par value; 331,390 shares authorized, 318,134 shares issued and outstanding, liquidation value: \$7,757,000 and \$7,354,000 at September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively; redemption value: \$4,757,000 and \$4,354,000 at				
September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively Series B convertible preferred stock, no par value; 1,001,078 shares authorized, 990,077 shares issued and outstanding, liquidation value: \$11,016,000 and \$10,464,000 at September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively; redemption value: \$6,521,000 and \$5,969,000 at September 30, 2004 and		4,747,210 6,498,235		4,340,804 5,933,402

December 31, 2003, respectively		
Additional paid-in capital applicable to preferred stock	132,756	132,756
Stockholders deficit:		
Common stock, no par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized, 12,364,673		
and 12,274,673 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2004 and		
December 31, 2003, respectively	2,494,409	2,473,709
Accumulated deficit	(11,516,278)	(10,155,301)
Treasury stock, 52,035 common shares, at cost	(11,957)	(11,957)
Total stockholders deficit	(9,033,826)	(7,693,549)
Total liabilities and stockholders deficit	\$ 4,549,062	\$ 4,892,604

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# INCURRENT SOLUTIONS, INC.

# STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Nine months ended September 30,			eptember
		2004	,	2003
	(1	unaudited)	(u	naudited)
Revenues	\$	7,817,809	\$	7,595,163
Costs of revenues		3,955,285		3,875,951
Gross profit		3,862,524		3,719,212
Operating expenses				
General and administrative		1,354,300		1,586,096
Sales and marketing		1,005,367		789,800
Research and development		1,851,182		733,505
Total operating expenses		4,210,849		3,109,401
(Loss) income from operations		(348,325)		609,811
Other income (expense):				
Interest income		2,981		12,531
Interest expense		(35,248)		(91,040)
Total other expense		(32,267)		(78,509)
(Loss) income before income tax provision		(380,592)		531,302
Income tax provision		9,146		1,133
Net (loss) income	\$	(389,738)	\$	530,169
Dividends		(938,698)		(842,513)
Accretion to redemption value of redeemable preferred stock		(32,541)		(32,541)
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$	(1,360,977)	\$	(344,885)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# INCURRENT SOLUTIONS, INC.

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Nine months ended Septer 30,			September
		2004	,	2003
	(1	unaudited)	(ı	ınaudited)
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net (loss) income	\$	(389,738)	\$	530,169
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash (used in) provided by				
operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		515,165		648,000
Noncash compensation expense		20,700		13,800
Provision for doubtful accounts and allowances				(13,236)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		(477,653)		1,313,862
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(30,125)		(52,334)
Security deposits		15,394		19,351
Deferred implementation costs		(1,271,172)		316,217
Accounts payable		329,296		(272,999)
Accrued expenses		427,200		(158,751)
Deferred implementation revenue and deferred revenue, other		(419,189)		(1,106,385)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities		(1,280,122)		1,237,694
Capital expenditures		(206,689)		(147,040)
Net cash used in investing activities  Cash flows from financing activities		(206,689)		(147,040)
Repayments under note payable		(311,811)		(293,033)
Net cash used in financing activities		(311,811)		(293,033)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(1,798,622)		797,621
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		1,891,386		1,080,661
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	92,764	\$	1,878,282
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Noncash transactions				
Preferred stock dividends	\$	938,698	\$	842,513
Accretion of preferred stock	•	32,541	•	32,541
Cash paid during the year for:				
Income taxes		7,000		11,250
Interest		32,266		78,510

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2004

## NOTE A - ORGANIZATION, NATURE OF BUSINESS AND LIQUIDITY

The Company is engaged in providing software licensing, professional consulting services and maintenance and hosting services to the credit card industry primarily in the United States. The original incorporation was under the name Banksite Services, Inc. The Company changed its name to Incurrent Solutions, Inc. on February 18, 1999.

## Interim Financial Information

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. In the opinion of management, the financial statements include all adjustments necessary (which are of a normal and recurring nature) for the fair presentation of the results of the interim periods presented. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2003. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for any other interim period or for a full fiscal year.

# Liquidity

At September 30, 2004, the Company has an accumulated deficit of \$11,516,278. Such accumulated losses have resulted principally from costs incurred in selling and marketing and from general and administrative expenses. The Company has funded its operations since inception through the use of cash obtained principally from stockholders and third party financings. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern.

The Company s fiscal 2004 operating plan contains assumptions regarding revenues, expenses and cash flows. The achievement of the operating plan depends heavily on the timing of work performed by the Company on existing projects and the ability of the Company to obtain and perform work on new projects. Project cancellations, delays in the timing of work performed by the Company on existing projects or the inability of the Company to obtain and perform work on new projects could have an adverse impact on the Company s ability to execute its operating plan and maintain adequate cash flow. No assurance can be given that sufficient cash will be generated from operations. In the event actual results do not meet the operations plan, management believes it could execute contingency plans to mitigate such effects. Considering the cash on hand, potential borrowings under the line of credit executed by the Company in April 2004 which extends the facility to April 2005, and based on the achievement of the operating plan and management s actions taken to date, management believes it has the ability to continue to generate sufficient cash to satisfy its operating requirements in the normal course of business through at least January 1, 2005.

The Company is subject to all of the many risks inherent in establishing a relatively new enterprise, including changing technologies, competition from companies offering the same or similar products and services, managing growth and lack of financial resources. As with any new enterprise, there can be no assurance that the Company will achieve or sustain profitability or positive cash flow from operations.

## NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions, such as the time to complete implementation projects, that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# Revenue Recognition

The Company generates revenues from Application Service Provider (ASP) and consulting services. Revenues for the period ended September 30, 2004 are summarized as follows:

	2004
Consulting services	\$ 1,687,511
Hosting, usage and maintenance fees	5,231,094
Implementation services	403,529
Reimbursement of expenses	495,675

\$7,817,809

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2004

ASP revenues are recognized in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force No. 00-3 and Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, as the Company s hosting arrangements do not provide the customer with the contractual right to the possession of its software at any time during the hosting period without significant penalty. The Company also generates revenues from the processing of transactions on behalf of its customers. Such revenues are accumulated and billed monthly, based upon the agreed fee-per-transaction. Revenue is recognized as such transactions occur.

Maintenance revenue associated with the original ASP services agreements is unbundled and recognized ratably over the initial maintenance term, which is generally one to three years. Maintenance renewals are recognized ratably over the maintenance period, generally one to three years. Deferred maintenance revenue is comprised of payments received in advance of maintenance services, which is being recognized in revenue ratably over the term of the maintenance agreement.

Fees billed to customers for the initial setup, installation and data migration when a new contract is executed (implementation services) are not separable from the related hosting service and accordingly, are recognized ratably over the initial term (typically 2 - 5 years) of the agreement. Such services generally result in deferred implementation revenue, as substantially all fees are billed and collected at or near the effective (or launch) date of the Company s services. The Company is able to identify the specific direct and incremental costs incurred to perform such services, and accordingly these costs are also deferred and amortized into expense over the same contract term as the corresponding revenues. If there is a loss associated with the implementation phase of an arrangement, the related revenues and costs are deferred and recognized ratably over the initial term of the agreement. Any remaining estimated costs to be incurred at the effective date that are direct costs associated with the implementation (such as further enhancements to functionality), are accrued and amortized ratably over the initial term of the agreement.

When the Company enters into a fixed fee consulting arrangement, such revenues are recognized as the work progresses based upon proportional level of labor and are typically billed monthly based upon actual level of effort. Revenues from training services are recognized as services are performed. All such fees are included in consulting services in the above table.

In November of 2002, the FASB issued Emerging Issues Task Force Issue 00-21, Accounting for Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables (EITF 00-21). EITF 00-21 addresses the accounting for arrangements that involve the delivery or performance of multiple projects, services or rights to use assets. This consensus is applicable to arrangements entered into on or after June 15, 2003 and permits companies to account for existing arrangements as the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principles in accordance with APB No. 20, Accounting Changes. The adoption of EITF 00-21 did not have a material impact on its financial statements or liquidity.

In November 2001, the FASB issued Emerging Issues Task Force Rule No. 01-14, Income Statement Characterization of Reimbursements Received for Out-Of-Pocket Expenses Incurred (EITF 01-14). EITF 01-14 requires that in cases where the contractor acts as a principal, reimbursements received for out-of-pocket expenses incurred be characterized as revenue and the associated costs be included as cost of services in the income statement. The Company applied EITF 01-14, as required, to all periods presented. The impact of applying this pronouncement was to increase both revenues and cost of revenues by approximately \$495,675 for the period ended September 30, 2004. The implementation of EITF 01-14 had no impact upon earnings.

Certain customers are billed in advance of consulting services rendered, which amounts are included with deferred maintenance revenue, and advance billings, on the balance sheets.

# NOTE C MAJOR CUSTOMERS

The Company extends credit to its customers, which are concentrated in the banking and credit card industry, on an unsecured basis. Concentration of credit risk with respect to accounts receivable is limited because of the creditworthiness of the Company s major customers.

The following table summarizes the customers representing over 10% of revenue or net accounts receivable:

	Revenue September	Accounts receivable
	30 <b>2004</b>	September 30 <b>2004</b>
Customer A	27%	18%
Customer B	19	31
Customer C	20	9
Customer D	20	30

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2004

#### **NOTE D - STOCKHOLDER LOANS**

During 2000, the Company entered into a note receivable with a founder of the Company for \$45,000. The note bears interest at 8% per annum, and is repayable through bonus payment withholdings in future periods. The Company has extended the due date on the loan repayment indefinitely. During 2002, the Company fully reserved this loan receivable balance.

#### **NOTE E - NOTES PAYABLE**

Term Loan

On June 26, 2001, the Company entered into a Security and Loan Agreement (the Agreement ) with a financial institution. Under this Agreement, the Company secured a revolving line of credit and a term note payable.

The term note bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum. Borrowings are collateralized by substantially all of the assets of the Company, as defined. The term notes are payable in monthly installments of approximately \$34,000 and are due in full on October 1, 2004.

Under the Agreement, should the lender determine that there has been a material adverse change in the business, operations or condition of the Company, the Company would be considered in default and the loan would become due on demand.

#### Revolver

On April 24, 2003, the Company entered into a Loan and Security Agreement for a new revolving line of credit expiring in April 2004. In April 2004, the Company renewed this Agreement and can borrow up to the lesser of \$1,500,000 or 80% of eligible domestic accounts receivable, as defined, net of the outstanding portion of the term note payable. At September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, there were no outstanding borrowings under this facility. The new revolving line of credit bears interest at the bank s prime rate plus 2.0% per annum and is payable monthly. The minimum interest rate is 4.25% (6.75% at September 30, 2004). The term of the Agreement is one year, expiring in April 2005, and includes a tangible net worth covenant, as defined, as well as a material adverse change clause. The Company must also maintain cash on deposit with the bank and availability under the loan of not less than \$300,000. The new revolving line of credit is secured by substantially all assets of the Company.

## NOTE F - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Future aggregate annual rental commitments under non-cancelable operating leases, primarily related to office and remote processing facilities and computer equipment, are as follows as of September 30, 2004:

2004	\$ 195,388
2005	752,553
2006	436,553

 2007
 51,273

 2008
 750

\$1,436,517

There is a three year extension available at the option of the Company that would extend the lease for the office facilities through January 31, 2010. Rent expense was approximately \$602,370 for period ending September 30, 2004.

The Company has employment agreements with certain employees which provide for severance and/or change in control provisions.

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

# NOTES TO UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2004

# **NOTE G - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Acquisition of Company

On October 18, 2004, the Company entered into a definitive agreement to be acquired for \$15 million in cash and stock by Online Resources Corp., an outsourcer of Internet banking and payment services located in Chantilly, Virginia. The merger was consummated on December 22, 2004.

Loss of Major Customers

In October 2004, two customer ASP agreements expired and were not renewed on a long-term basis. These customers accounted for an aggregate of 24% and 27% of Company revenues for the 9 months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors of **Incurrent Solutions. Inc.** 

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Incurrent Solutions, Inc., a New Jersey corporation, as of December 31, 2003 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders deficit and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America as established by the Auditing Standards Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the 2003 financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. as of December 31, 2003 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note J to the financial statements, on December 22, 2004, the Company was acquired for \$15 million in cash and stock by Online Resources Corporation. Additionally, in October 2004, two customer ASP agreements expired and were not renewed on a long term basis. These customers accounted for an aggregate of approximately 27% of total Company revenues in 2003.

As discussed in Note B to the consolidated financial statements, effective January 1, 2003, the Company adopted the fair value method of accounting provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, as amended by SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123. The impact of adopting this statement was not significant to the financial position or operating results of the Company.

/s/ Grant Thornton, LLP

Edison, New Jersey

May 27, 2004, except for the first two paragraphs of Note J, for which the date is March 8, 2005

#### Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors of

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. as of December 31, 2002 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders deficit and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. as of December 31, 2002 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

MetroPark, New Jersey April 15, 2003

# INCURRENT SOLUTIONS, INC.

# **BALANCE SHEETS**

	DECEMBER 31,		
Accepto		2003	2002
Assets Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,891,386	\$ 1,080,661
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of approximately \$72,400 and \$85,600 at	Ψ	1,071,300	ψ 1,000,001
December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively		1,679,650	2,534,553
Deferred implementation costs		204,419	390,314
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		203,482	162,891
Total current assets		3,978,937	4,168,419
Property and equipment, net		648,032	1,343,766
Deferred implementation costs, less current portion		95,241	299,660
Security deposits		170,394	163,017
		170,05	100,017
Total assets	\$	4,892,604	\$ 5,974,862
Liabilities and stockholders deficit			
Current liabilities:	ф	277 420	ф <b>510.045</b>
Accounts payable	\$	277,420	\$ 518,045
Accrued expenses  Deformed implementation revenue		487,282 322,726	507,325
Deferred implementation revenue		612,218	598,346 796,678
Deferred maintenance revenue and advance billings Notes payable, current portion		329,716	392,584
Notes payable, current portion		329,710	392,364
Total current liabilities		2,029,362	2,812,978
Notes payable, less current portion			332,304
Deferred implementation revenue, less current portion		149,829	549,282
Total liabilities		2,179,191	3,694,564
Commitments and contingencies			
Series A convertible preferred stock, no par value; 331,390 shares authorized in			
2003 and 2002, 318,134 shares issued and outstanding in 2003 and 2002,			
liquidation value: \$7,354,000 and \$6,887,000 in 2003 and 2002, respectively;			
redemption value: \$4,354,000 and \$3,887,000 in 2003 and 2002, respectively		4,340,804	3,850,656
Series B convertible preferred stock, no par value; 1,001,078 shares authorized in			
2003 and 2002, 990,077 shares issued and outstanding in 2003 and 2002,			
liquidation value: \$10,464,000 and \$9,824,000 in 2003 and 2002, respectively;			
redemption value: \$5,969,000 and \$5,329,000 in 2003 and 2002, respectively		5,933,402	5,248,421
Additional paid-in capital applicable to preferred stock		132,756	132,756
Stockholders deficit:		• 4 <b>=</b> 4 = 2 2	<b>4.77</b> 00-
Common stock, no par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized, 12,274,673 and		2,473,709	2,453,009
12,184,673 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2003 and 2002,			

Accumulated deficit Treasury stock, 52,035 common shares, at cost	(10,155,301) (11,957)	(9,392,587) (11,957)
Total stockholders deficit	(7,693,549)	(6,951,535)
Total liabilities and stockholders deficit	\$ 4,892,604	\$ 5,974,862

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# INCURRENT SOLUTIONS, INC.

# STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Year Ended l	December 31,
	2003	2002
Revenues	\$ 9,773,290	\$ 12,937,639
Costs of revenues	5,052,435	9,205,056
Gross profit	4,720,855	3,732,583
Operating expenses		
General and administrative	2,198,631	3,093,096
Sales and marketing	1,137,642	827,942
Research and development	1,078,000	577,000
Total operating expenses	4,414,273	4,498,038
Income (loss) from operations	306,582	(765,455)
Other income (expense):		
Interest income	13,591	28,144
Interest expense	(107,330)	(140,289)
Total other expense	(93,739)	(112,145)
Net income (loss) before benefit (provision) for income taxes	212,843	(877,600)
Benefit (provision) for income taxes	199,570	(23,890)
Net income (loss)	\$ 412,413	\$ (901,490)
Dividends	(1,131,742)	(1,014,393)
Accretion to redemption value of redeemable preferred stock	(43,385)	(43,380)
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$ (762,714)	\$ (1,959,263)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# INCURRENT SOLUTIONS, INC.

# STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS DEFICIT

	Commo	n Stock	Treasu	ry Stock	Subscripton Unearned	Accumulated S	Total tockholders
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Receivable ompensation	on Deficit	Deficit
Balance at December 31, 2001	12,625,213	\$ 2,685,182		\$	\$ (264,245) \$ (22,950)	\$ (7,433,324)	\$ (5,035,337)
Loan repayments					32,072		32,072
Cancellation of note	(440,540)	(232,173)			232,173		
Purchase of treasury stock Amortization of unearned compensation			52,035	(11,957)			(11,957)
expense Preferred stock					22,950		22,950
dividends Accretion of						(1,014,393)	(1,014,393)
preferred stock Net loss for year ended December 31,						(43,380)	(43,380)
2002						(901,490)	(901,490)
Balance at December 31, 2002 Issuance of common stock	12,184,673	2,453,009	52,035	(11,957)	)	(9,392,587)	(6,951,535)
to employee Preferred stock	90,000	20,700					20,700
dividends Accretion of						(1,131,742)	(1,131,742)
preferred stock Net income for year ended December 31,						(43,385)	(43,385)
2003 Balance at						412,413	412,413
December 31, 2003	12,274,673	\$ 2,473,709	52,035	\$ (11,957)	\$	\$ (10,155,301)	\$ (7,693,549)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# INCURRENT SOLUTIONS, INC.

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year ended December 31, 2003 2002	
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income (loss)	\$ 412,413	\$ (901,490)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating		
activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	851,379	915,444
Noncash compensation expense	20,700	22,950
Noncash interest expense		27,000
Provision for doubtful accounts and allowances	(13,233)	(107,237)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	868,139	(9,962)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(40,591)	(19,140)
Security deposits	(7,377)	41,317
Deferred implementation costs	390,314	332,532
Accounts payable	(240,625)	95,439
Accrued expenses	(20,043)	(286,137)
Deferred implementation revenue and deferred revenue, other	(859,533)	(361,977)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities	1,361,543	(251,261)
Capital expenditures	(155,646)	(389,884)
Net cash used in investing activities	(155,646)	(389,884)
Cash flows from financing activities		22.072
Proceeds from repayment of subscription receivable	(207.470)	32,072
Repayments under note payable	(395,172)	(274,586)
Purchase of treasury stock		(11,957)
Net cash used in financing activities	(395,172)	(254,471)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	810,725	(895,616)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,080,661	1,976,277
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,891,386	\$ 1,080,661
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Noncash transactions		
Preferred stock dividends	\$ 1,131,743	\$ 1,014,393
Issuance of warrants	φ 1,131,743	
	12 205	27,000
Accretion of preferred stock	43,385	43,380

Cash paid (refunded) during the year for:

Income taxes (200,986) 3,750
Interest 93,739 94,070

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2003 and 2002

# NOTE A ORGANIZATION, NATURE OF BUSINESS AND LIQUIDITY

The Company is engaged in providing software licensing, professional consulting services and maintenance and hosting services to the credit card industry primarily in the United States. The original incorporation was under the name Banksite Services, Inc. The Company changed its name to Incurrent Solutions, Inc. on February 18, 1999.

Liquidity

At December 31, 2003, the Company has an accumulated deficit of \$10,155,301. Such accumulated losses have resulted principally from costs incurred in selling and marketing and from general and administrative expenses. The Company has funded its operations since inception through the use of cash obtained principally from stockholders and third party financings. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern.

The Company s fiscal 2004 operating plan contains assumptions regarding revenues, expenses and cash flows. The achievement of the operating plan depends heavily on the timing of work performed by the Company on existing projects and the ability of the Company to obtain and perform work on new projects. Project cancellations, delays in the timing of work performed by the Company on existing projects or the inability of the Company to obtain and perform work on new projects could have an adverse impact on the Company s ability to execute its operating plan and maintain adequate cash flow. No assurance can be given that sufficient cash will be generated from operations. In the event actual results do not meet the operations plan, management believes it could execute contingency plans to mitigate such effects. Considering the cash on hand, potential borrowings under the line of credit executed by the Company in April 2004 which extends the facility to April 2005, and based on the achievement of the operating plan and management s actions taken to date, management believes it has the ability to continue to generate sufficient cash to satisfy its operating requirements in the normal course of business through at least January 1, 2005.

The Company is subject to all of the many risks inherent in establishing a relatively new enterprise, including changing technologies, competition from companies offering the same or similar products and services, managing growth and lack of financial resources. As with any new enterprise, there can be no assurance that the Company will achieve or sustain profitability or positive cash flow from operations.

## NOTE B SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

The Company generates revenues from Application Service Provider ( ASP ) and consulting services. Revenues for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 are summarized as follows:

Consulting services Hosting, usage and maintenance fees	2003 \$ 2,788,330 6,271,697	2002 \$ 6,374,549 5,417,721
Implementation services	666,764	732,368
Reimbursement of expenses Other	46,499	325,000 88,001
	\$ 9,773,290	\$12,937,639

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

December 31, 2003 and 2002

#### **NOTE B (continued)**

ASP revenues are recognized in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force No. 00-3 and Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, as the Company s hosting arrangements do not provide the customer with the contractual right to the possession of its software at any time during the hosting period without significant penalty. The Company also generates revenues from the processing of transactions on behalf of its customers. Such revenues are accumulated and billed monthly, based upon the agreed fee-per-transaction. Revenue is recognized as such transactions occur.

Maintenance revenue associated with the original ASP services agreements is unbundled and recognized ratably over the initial maintenance term, which is generally one to three years. Maintenance renewals are recognized ratably over the maintenance period, generally one to three years. Deferred maintenance revenue is comprised of payments received in advance of maintenance services, which is being recognized in revenue ratably over the term of the maintenance agreement.

Fees billed to customers for the initial setup, installation and data migration when a new contract is executed (implementation services) are not separable from the related hosting service and accordingly are recognized ratably over the initial term (typically 2 5 years) of the agreement. Such services generally result in deferred implementation revenue, as substantially all fees are billed and collected at or near the effective (or launch) date of the Company s services. The Company is able to identify the specific direct and incremental costs incurred to perform such services, and accordingly these costs are also deferred and amortized into expense over the same contract term as the corresponding revenues. If there is a loss associated with the implementation phase of an arrangement, the related revenues and costs are deferred and recognized ratably over the initial term of the agreement. Any remaining estimated costs to be incurred at the effective date that are direct costs associated with the implementation (such as further enhancements to functionality) are accrued and amortized ratably over the initial term of the agreement.

When the Company enters into a fixed fee consulting arrangement, such revenues are recognized as the work progresses based upon the proportional level of labor, and are typically billed monthly based upon actual level of effort. Revenues from training services are recognized as services are performed. All such fees are included in consulting services in the above table.

In November of 2002, the FASB issued Emerging Issues Task Force Issue 00-21, Accounting for Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables (EITF 00-21). EITF 00-21 addresses the accounting for arrangements that involve the delivery or performance of multiple projects, services or rights to use assets. This consensus is applicable to arrangements entered into in fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2003 and permits companies to account for existing arrangements as the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principles in accordance with APB No. 20, Accounting Changes. The adoption of EITF 00-21 did not have a material impact on its financial statements or liquidity.

In November 2001, the FASB issued Emerging Issues Task Force Rule No. 01-14, Income Statement Characterization of Reimbursements Received for Out-Of-Pocket Expenses Incurred (EITF 01-14). EITF 01-14 requires that in cases where the contractor acts as a principal, reimbursements received for out-of-pocket expenses incurred be characterized as revenue and the associated costs be included as cost of services in the income statement. The Company applied EITF 01-14, as required, to all periods presented. The impact of applying this pronouncement was to increase both

revenues and cost of revenues by approximately \$0 and \$325,000 for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The implementation of EITF 01-14 had no impact upon earnings.

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

December 31, 2003 and 2002

#### **NOTE B (continued)**

Certain customers are billed in advance of consulting services rendered, which amounts are included with deferred maintenance revenue, and advance billings, on the balance sheets.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and highly liquid short-term investments purchased with maturities of three months or less.

### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

At December 31, 2003 and 2002, the carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses and notes payable approximate their fair values based on the liquidity of these financial instruments or based upon their short-term nature.

## Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Company maintains cash balances and cash equivalents in financial institutions and at times amounts invested may be in excess of FDIC insurance limits. The Company has not experienced any losses on its cash and cash equivalents.

The Company extends credit to its customers, which are concentrated in the banking and credit card industry, on an unsecured basis. Concentration of credit risk with respect to accounts receivable is limited because of the creditworthiness of the Company s major customers.

The following table summarizes the customers representing over 10% of revenue or net accounts receivable:

			Accou	nts	
	Rever	nue	receiva	ıble	
	Decemb	December 31,		December 31,	
	2003	2002	2003	2002	
Customer A	22%	27%	22%	33%	
Customer B	19	15	23	10	
Customer C	3	11		17	
Customer D	16	10	8	6	
Customer E	16	10	29	21	

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable consist of amounts due to the Company from normal business activities. The Company provides an allowance for doubtful accounts, which is based upon a review of outstanding receivables as well as historical collection information. In determining the amount of the allowance, management is required to make certain estimates and assumptions regarding the timing and amount of collection. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

December 31, 2003 and 2002

#### **NOTE B (continued)**

#### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are carried at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, ranging from three to seven years. Leasehold improvements are amortized on the straight-line basis over the lesser of the useful life of the asset or the lease term. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred.

Development costs incurred in the research and development of new software products and enhancements to existing software products are expensed as incurred until technological feasibility has been established. After technological feasibility is established, any additional development costs are capitalized in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 86, Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software to be Sold, Leased or Otherwise Marketed. Such costs are amortized using the greater of the ratio that current gross revenues for a product bear to the total of current anticipated future gross revenues for the product or on a straight-line basis over the remaining economic life of the related product, once the product is placed in service. No costs were capitalized during 2002 or 2003.

#### Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be fully recoverable in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. To determine the recoverability of its long-lived assets, the Company evaluates the estimated future undiscounted cash flows that are directly associated with and that are expected to arise as a direct result of the use and eventual disposition of the long-lived asset. If the estimated future undiscounted cash flows were to demonstrate that recoverability is probable, an impairment loss would be recognized. An impairment loss would be calculated based on the excess carrying amount of the long-lived asset over the long-lived asset s fair value.

#### Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. SFAS No. 109 requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between the financial statement and the tax basis of assets and liabilities using currently enacted tax rates.

#### Stock-Based Compensation

Prior to fiscal year 2003, the Company accounted for stock-based compensation in accordance with Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and related interpretations. Under APB Opinion 25, the difference between the quoted market price as of the date of the grant and the contractual purchase price of shares is charged to operations over the vesting period, and no compensation expense is recognized

for fixed stock options with exercise prices equal to the market price of the stock on the date of grant and shares acquired by employees under the Company s stock purchase plans. Beginning in fiscal year 2003, the Company adopted the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, as amended by SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123. The Company selected the prospective method to transition to the fair value method of measuring stock-based compensation expense. Under the fair value-based method, the Company charges the value of all newly granted stock-based compensation to expense over the vesting period based on the computed fair value at the date of grant.

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

December 31, 2003 and 2002

#### **NOTE B (continued)**

Pro forma net loss and net loss per share disclosures, as if the Company recorded compensation expense based on the fair value for stock-based awards for all periods presented, have been presented in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 148, and are as follows for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002:

	Year ended December 31,	
Net income (loss), as reported	2003 \$ 412,413	2002 \$ (901,490)
Add stock-based employee compensation expense recorded, net of tax, included in net income (loss)	<b>4</b> 11 <b>2</b> ,110	22,950
Deduct total stock-based employee compensation expense, net of tax, determined under fair value-based method for all awards	(66,344)	(50,169)
Pro forma net income (loss)	\$ 346,069	\$ (928,709)

#### Research and Development Costs

Research and development costs are charged to expense as incurred.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 150, Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity. SFAS No. 150 requires issuers to classify as liabilities (or assets in some circumstances) three classes of freestanding financial instruments that embody obligations for the issuer. Generally, the statement is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003 and is otherwise effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. The mandatorily redeemable provisions of this statement have been deferred until fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2004 for instruments that are mandatorily redeemable on fixed dates and indefinitely, pending further FASB action, if the redemption date is not fixed or the payout amount is variable and not based upon an index.

While the Company has preferred stock that is redeemable, there is no unconditional obligation requiring redemption. Therefore, the adoption of SFAS No. 150 is not expected to have any material effect on the Company.

# Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year amounts to conform with current year presentation.

### NOTE C STOCKHOLDER LOANS

During 2000, the Company entered into a note receivable with a founder of the Company for \$45,000. The note bears interest at 8% per annum, and is repayable through bonus payment withholdings in future periods. The Company has extended the due date on the loan repayment indefinitely. During 2002, the Company fully reserved this loan receivable balance.

On September 1, 2001, the officer entered into a note receivable agreement with the Company in connection with the purchase of 440,540 shares of common stock at a price of \$.65 per share. The note was a noninterest-bearing nonrecourse loan with payments due over 60 months commencing October 2003. The Company cancelled this note on June 19, 2002 before any payments were made.

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003 and 2002

## NOTE D PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 consist of the following:

	December 31,	
	2003	2002
Office equipment	\$ 2,349,753	\$ 2,194,108
Furniture and fixtures	49,204	49,204
Leasehold improvements	134,221	134,221
Computer software	468,286	468,286
	3,001,464	2,845,819
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(2,353,432)	(1,502,053)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 648,032	\$ 1,343,766

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$851,379 and \$915,444 for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

## NOTE E NOTES PAYABLE

Term Loan

On June 26, 2001, the Company entered into a Security and Loan Agreement (the Agreement) with a financial institution. Under this Agreement, the Company secured a revolving line of credit and a term note payable.

The term note bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum. Borrowings are collateralized by substantially all of the assets of the Company, as defined. The term notes are payable in monthly installments of approximately \$34,000 and are due in full on October 1, 2004.

Under the Agreement, should the lender determine that there has been a material adverse change in the business, operations or condition of the Company, the Company would be considered in default and the loan would become due on demand.

Maturities of the term notes payable for each of the next five years are as follows:

2004 \$329,716

2005 and thereafter

\$329,716

#### Revolver

On April 24, 2003, the Company entered into a Loan and Security Agreement (the New Agreement ) for a new revolving line of credit. Under the Renewed Agreement, the Company can borrow up to the lesser of \$1,500,000 or 80% of eligible domestic accounts receivable, as defined, net of the outstanding portion of the term note payable. At December 31, 2003 and 2002, there were no outstanding borrowings under this facility. The new revolving line of credit bears interest at the bank s prime rate plus 2.0% per annum and is payable monthly. The minimum interest rate is 4.25% (6% at December 31, 2003). The term of the New Agreement is one year and includes a tangible net worth covenant, as defined, as well as a material adverse change clause. The Company must also maintain cash on deposit with the bank and availability under the loan of not less than \$300,000. The new revolving line of credit is secured by substantially all assets of the Company and expired April 2004. This loan was amended subsequent to year-end (see Note J).

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

December 31, 2003 and 2002

#### NOTE F INCOME TAXES

At December 31, 2003 and 2002, the Company had available Federal net operating loss carryforwards, subject to certain limitations, of approximately \$5,500,000 and \$5,800,000, which may be applied against future taxable income through 2022 for Federal tax purposes. However, recent tax law changes do not allow the use of the New Jersey net operating losses to offset current taxable income. The Company s ability to use such net operating losses may be limited by change in control provisions under Internal Revenue Code Section 382. The Company has not yet determined whether any of its NOLs are limited under IRC Section 382. At December 31, 2003 and 2002, the Company has recorded a valuation allowance of approximately \$2,300,000 and \$2,700,000, respectively, to fully offset the benefits of its net deferred tax assets (which consist principally of the net operating losses and certain deferred revenue and deferred implementation costs), due to the uncertainty of the Company s ability to utilize its net operating loss carryforward.

As of December 31, 2003, the Company has approximately \$2,900,000 of New Jersey loss carryforwards approved for future sale under a New Jersey Economic Development Authority program. In order to realize such benefits, the Company must apply to the NJEDA each year and meet various requirements for continued eligibility. Tax benefits will be recognized in the financial statements as specific sales are approved. During 2003, the Company sold approximately \$2,900,000 of such loss carryforwards for \$224,853 which is included in the benefit for income taxes in the accompanying statements of operations. The Company incurred a commission of approximately \$24,000 in connection with the sale, which is included with general and administrative expenses.

Benefit (provision) for income taxes consists of:

	Decem	ber 31,
Current	2003	2002
Federal	\$	\$
State	199,570	(23,890)
	199,570	(23,890)
Deferred		
Federal		
State		
	\$ 199,570	\$ (23,890)

Significant components of the Company s deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	Ι	December 31,		
	2003	2002		
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 1,828,	<b>891</b> \$ 1,967,951		
Net operating loss carryforwards sta	rate 173,	<b>756</b> 349,468		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	28,	<b>959</b> 34,241		
Fixed assets	244,	<b>666</b> 142,583		
Deferred revenue	189,	<b>022</b> 459,051		
Deferred costs	(119,	<b>864)</b> (275,990)		
	2,345,	<b>430</b> 2,677,304		
Valuation allowance	(2,345,	<b>430</b> ) (2,677,304)		
	ф	Φ.		
	\$	\$		

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

December 31, 2003 and 2002

#### NOTE G PREFERRED STOCK

The Company has authorized 2,332,468 shares of preferred stock (no par value), of which 331,390 shares have been designated Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock (the A Preferred ) and 1,001,078 shares have been designated as Series B Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock (the B Preferred ). On October 13, 2000, the Company issued 318,134 (no par value) shares of the A Preferred for net proceeds of approximately \$2,934,000. The Company has reserved 4,142,380 unissued shares of common stock for Series A preferred shareholders and 9,900,770 unissued shares of common stock for Series B preferred shareholders.

Preferred stock at December 31, 2003 and 2002 is calculated as follows:

	Serie	es A	Series B		
	2003	2002	2003	2002	
Gross proceeds	\$3,000,000	\$3,000,000	\$ 4,494,950	\$4,494,950	
Less issuance costs	(65,392)	(65,392)	(131,328)	(131,328)	
Net proceeds	2,934,608	2,934,608	4,363,622	4,363,622	
Plus cumulative accretion of issuance costs	41,959	28,881	80,814	50,508	
Plus accrued but unpaid dividends	1,353,627	887,167	1,474,406	834,291	
Carrying value	4,330,194	3,850,656	5,918,842	5,248,421	
Plus unamortized issuance costs	23,433	36,511	50,514	80,820	
Redemption value	4,353,627	3,887,167	5,969,356	5,329,241	
Plus premium	3,000,000	3,000,000	4,494,950	4,494,950	
Liquidation preference value	\$7,353,627	\$ 6,887,167	\$ 10,464,306	\$ 9,824,191	

Class A Preferred Stock

The rights and privileges of the A Preferred are as follows:

The A Preferred stockholders are entitled to receive cumulative dividends at an annual rate equal to 12% (compounded on a semi-annual basis) payable upon the redemption of the preferred stock or upon the liquidation, sale or merger of the Company (see below).

Upon the closing of the B Preferred in 2001, the number of shares into which each share of A Preferred is convertible, at the option of the holder, at any time, was amended from 10 shares of common stock to 12.5 shares of common stock. As such, the Company accounted for the amendment as a deemed dividend to preferred stockholders in the amount of \$538,098 based on the fair market value of the additional common shares (as of October 13, 2000) into which the A Preferred stockholder may convert their preferred shares. In addition, all shares of A Preferred shall be automatically converted into shares of common stock upon the closing of an underwritten public offering in which the per share price to the public is not less than \$20 and the aggregate gross proceeds to the Company are not less than \$20,000,000.

The A Preferred stockholders are entitled to vote on all matters with the common stockholders as if they were one class of stock. The A Preferred stockholders are entitled to the number of votes equal to the number of shares of common stock into which each share of the A Preferred is then convertible.

In the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the corporation, merger, consolidation or other business combination or sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the Company s assets, the holders of the A Preferred then outstanding will be entitled to be paid an amount equal to \$18.86 per share plus any dividends accrued but unpaid on such shares prior to any payment to common stockholders. Amounts remaining after the preference payment to the A Preferred stockholders and the B Preferred stockholders (see below) if any, will be shared on a proportional basis among all holders of common stock.

At the option of the A Preferred stockholders, at any time on or after October 1, 2005, (the Mandatory Redemption Date), subject to certain conditions, the Company shall redeem all or any part of the outstanding shares of A Preferred at a price equal to \$9.43 per share plus any cumulative dividends accrued but unpaid from the original issue date to the Mandatory Redemption Date. At December 31, 2003, the redemption value is approximately \$4,354,000.

At December 31, 2003 and 2002, A Preferred stock includes approximately \$1,354,000 (\$4.26 per share) and \$887,000 (\$2.79 per share) of cumulative accrued dividends, respectively.

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

December 31, 2003 and 2002

## NOTE G (continued)

The Company is accreting (due to the original stock issuance and legal costs) the carrying value of the A Preferred to its redemption value over the period of the earliest redemption date. Accretion of approximately \$13,000 was recorded during 2003 and 2002.

Class B Preferred Stock

On July 19, 2001, the Company issued 990,077 shares of B Preferred for proceeds of approximately \$4,364,000, net of related issuance costs.

The rights and privileges of the B Preferred are as follows:

The B Preferred stockholders are entitled to receive cumulative dividends at an annual rate equal to 12% (compounded on a semi-annual basis) payable upon the redemption of the preferred stock or upon the liquidation, sale or merger of the Company (see below).

Each share of B Preferred is convertible, at the option of the holder, at any time, into 10 shares of common stock. In addition, all shares of B Preferred shall be automatically converted into shares of common stock upon the closing of an underwritten public offering in which the per share price to the public is not less than \$20 and the aggregate gross proceeds to the Company are not less than \$20,000,000.

The B Preferred stockholders are entitled to vote on all matters with the common stockholders as if they were one class of stock. The B Preferred stockholders are entitled to the number of votes equal to the number of shares of common stock into which each share of the B Preferred is then convertible.

In the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the corporation, merger, consolidation or other business combination or sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the Company s assets, the holders of the B Preferred then outstanding will be entitled to be paid an amount equal to \$9.08 per share plus any dividends accrued but unpaid on such shares prior to any payment to common stockholders. Amounts remaining after the preference payment to the B Preferred stockholders and the A Preferred stockholders, if any, will be shared on a proportional basis among all holders of common stock.

At the option of the B Preferred stockholders, at any time on or after October 1, 2005, (the Mandatory Redemption Date), subject to certain conditions, the Company shall redeem all or any part of the outstanding shares of B Preferred at a price equal to the greater of (i) \$4.54 per share plus any dividends accrued but unpaid from the original issue date to the Mandatory Redemption Date or (ii) the fair market value of the shares of B Preferred as of the date of redemption. At December 31, 2003, the redemption value is approximately \$5,969,000.

At December 31, 2003 and 2002, B Preferred stock includes \$1,474,000 (\$1.49 per share) and \$834,000 (\$.84 per share) of cumulative accrued dividends, respectively. The Company is accreting (due to the original stock issuance and legal costs) the carrying value of the B Preferred to its redemption value over the period of the earliest redemption date. Accretion of approximately \$30,000 was recorded during 2003 and 2002.

## NOTE H COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Future aggregate annual rental commitments under non-cancelable operating leases, primarily related to office and remote processing facilities and computer equipment, are as follows for the years ending December 31:

2004	\$ 719,750
2005	724,000
2006	408,000
2007	9,000
2008	750

\$1,861,500

There is a three-year extension available at the option of the Company that would extend the lease for the office facilities through January 31, 2010. Rent expense was approximately \$873,300 and \$1,267,000 in 2003 and 2002, respectively.

The Company has employment agreements with certain employees which provide for severance and/or change in control provisions.

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

December 31, 2003 and 2002

#### NOTE I STOCKHOLDERS DEFICIT

#### Common Stock

During 2003, the Company issued 90,000 shares of common stock to a consultant. The common stock was treated as non-cash compensation expense of \$20,700 in 2003.

Stock Option Plans

Effective January 1, 2003, the Company began charging to expense the computed value of all newly granted stock-based compensation over the vesting period. The computed fair value at the date of grant is calculated using the fair value-based methodology under SFAS No. 123, as amended by SFAS No. 148.

In 1999, the Company adopted the 1999 Stock Option Plan, which provides for the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors to grant options for up to 6,345,010 shares of common stock. The options under these plans vest between one and four years and expire 10 years from the date of grant. Unearned compensation is recorded and amortized over the vesting period for options granted at an exercise price that is below fair market value.

Stock option activity is summarized as follows:

	Number of shares	Weighted- average exercise price
Balance as of December 31, 2001 (777,000 exercisable)	4,287,357	\$ .46
Options granted	960,250	.23
Options forfeited	(418,842)	.48
Balance as of December 31, 2002 (2,876,617 exercisable) Options granted Options forfeited	4,828,765 1,311,950 (2,364,598)	.41 .23 .47
Balance as of December 31, 2003 (1,657,847 exercisable)	3,776,117	.31

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2003:

Options outstanding	Options exercisable
Weighted- Weighted-	Weighted-

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Exercise price	Shares outstanding	average remaining life	exe	erage ercise rice	Shares exercisable	exe	erage ercise rice
\$.23	3,030,617	2.59	\$	.23	1,188,482	\$	.23
\$.56 - \$.65	475,000	.08		.60	272,312		.61
\$.75	270,500	.95		.75	197,053		.75
	3,776,117	2.16	\$	.31	1,657,847	\$	.36

The pro forma information presented in Note B has been determined as if all employee stock options granted were accounted for under the fair value method of SFAS No. 123. The fair value for these options was estimated at the date of grant using the minimum value option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions: risk-free interest rates ranging from 3.24% to 6.61%, dividend yield of 0%, and a weighted-average expected life of 7 years. The weighted-average fair value of options granted (all of which were at fair value) during 2002 is \$.04 per share and for 2003 is \$0.01 per share.

Incurrent Solutions, Inc.

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

December 31, 2003 and 2002

#### **NOTE I (continued)**

Warrants

On June 26, 2001, the Company issued warrants to purchase 13,256 shares of A Preferred stock at a price of \$9.43 per share as consideration for a term note and revolving line of credit (Note E). The fair value of the warrants (\$105,756) was calculated using the Black-Scholes method and was charged to interest expense in 2001.

In connection with the closing of the B Preferred, the number of shares into which each share of A Preferred is convertible, at the option of the holder, at any time, was amended from 10 shares of common stock to 12.5 shares of common stock. As such, the Company accounted for the amendment as a deemed dividend to preferred shareholders. The fair value of the additional shares of common stock (\$21,128) into which the A Preferred warrant holders can ultimately convert their preferred shares has been determined using the Black-Scholes method. At December 31, 2003, warrants to purchase 16,570 shares of B Preferred are outstanding.

On April 24, 2002, the Company issued warrants to purchase 11,001 shares of B Preferred stock at a price of \$4.5451 per share as consideration for the revolving line of credit (Note E). Such warrants are outstanding at December 31, 2003. The fair value of the warrants (\$27,000) was calculated using the Black-Scholes method and was charged to interest expense in 2002.

#### NOTE J SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Acquisition of Company

On October 18, 2004, the Company entered into a definitive agreement to be acquired for \$15 million in cash and stock by Online Resources Corp., an outsourcer of Internet banking and payment services located in Chantilly, Virginia. The merger was consummated on December 22, 2004.

Loss of Major Customers

In October 2004, two customer ASP agreements expired and were not renewed on a long-term basis. These customers accounted for an aggregate of 27% and 31% of Company revenues in 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Revolver

On April 30, 2004, the Company entered into an amendment of its Loan and Security Agreement (the Renewed Agreement) with Silicon Valley Bank for a new revolving line of credit. The Renewed Agreement contains the following principal changes from the previous Agreement:

The Company can borrow up to the lesser of \$1,500,000 or 80% of eligible domestic accounts receivable, as defined, net of the outstanding portion of the term note payable (Note E).

The Renewed Agreement matures April 21, 2005.

The Renewed Agreement is secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company.

#### UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial information gives effect to our acquisition of Incurrent, which was consummated on December 22, 2004. The unaudited pro forma combined condensed balance sheet as of September 30, 2004 has been prepared as if the Incurrent acquisition occurred on September 30, 2004. The unaudited pro forma combined condensed statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2003 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 have been prepared as if the acquisition of Incurrent had occurred at January 1, 2003. The notes to the pro forma combined condensed financial information describe certain pro forma adjustments to give effect to the purchase transaction had it been consummated at that date.

The unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial information has been derived from our historical consolidated financial statements and those of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. and should be read in conjunction with those financial statements and notes and the accompanying notes to the pro forma combined condensed financial statements.

The unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial statements are not necessarily indicative of operating results which would have been achieved had the transaction actually been completed at the beginning of the respective periods. The selected unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial information is not necessarily indicative of the historical results that would have been achieved had the companies always been combined or the future results that the combined company will experience after the acquisition.

#### **Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Condensed Balance Sheet**

#### As of September 30, 2004

	Re	Online esources rporation		current lutions, Inc.	Adj	o Forma ustments Note 2)		o Forma ombined
				(in th	ousands)			
Assets								
Current assets	\$	22,874	\$	3,039	\$	(8,815)(a)	\$	17,098
Property and equipment, net		9,473		339				9,812
Goodwill						12,524 (b)		12,524
Intangible assets						1,570 (c)		1,570
Other assets		556		1,171		(1,016)(d)		711
Total assets	\$	32,903	\$	4,549	\$	4,263	\$	41,715
rotal assets	Ψ	32,703	Ψ	1,5 17	Ψ	1,203	Ψ	11,713
Liabilities and stockholders equity								
Current liabilities	\$	4,949	\$	1,968	\$	(446)(e)	\$	6,471
Long term liabilities		331		237		(237)(f)		331
Total liabilities		5,280		2,205		(683)		6,802
Preferred stock				11,378		(11,378) (g)		
Stockholders equity (deficit)		27,623		(9,034)		16,324 (h)		34,913
	_			1.710			_	
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$	32,903	\$	4,549	\$	4,263	\$	41,715

## **Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Condensed Statement of Operations**

## Year Ended December 31, 2003

	R	Online Resource Corporation		current lutions, Inc.	Adju	Forma astments (ote 3)		o Forma ombined
		(in	ı thousa	nds, except sl	hare and	per share da	ıta)	
Revenues	\$	38,408	\$	9,773	\$	-	\$	48,181
Cost of revenues		15,503		5,052				20,555
Gross profit		22,905		4,721				27,626
Operating expenses								
General and administrative		8,628		2,198		314		11,140
Sales and marketing		6,433		1,138				7,571
Systems development		3,830		1,078				4,908
Total operating expenses		18,891		4,414		314		23,619
Income (loss) from operations		4,014		307		(314)		4,007
Interest and other income (expense), net		(1,234)		(94)				(1,328)
Income (loss) before taxes		2,780		213		(314)		2,679
Income tax provision (benefit)		16		(199)				(183)
Net income (loss)	\$	2,764	\$	412	\$	(314)	\$	2,862
Net income (loss) per share								
Basic	\$	0.18					\$	0.18
Diluted	\$	0.17					\$	0.16
Weighted average common shares								
Basic		15,140,538						16,140,552
Diluted		16,685,602						17,685,616
		See accompar	nying no	tes.				

## **Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Condensed Statement of Operations**

## Nine Months Ended September 30, 2004

	Online Resources Corporation			ncurrent olutions, Inc.	Adju	Forma stments ote 4)	ro Forma ombined
		(	in thousand	ls, except shar	e and per	share data	
Revenues	\$	30,882	\$	7,818	\$		\$ 38,700
Cost of revenues		12,106		3,955			 16,061
Gross profit		18,776		3,863			22,639
Operating expenses							
General and administrative		6,816		1,354		235	8,405
Sales and marketing		5,399		1,006			6,405
Systems development		2,839		1,851			4,690
Total operating expenses		15,054	_	4,211		235	 19,500
Income (loss) from operations		3,722		(348)		(235)	3,139
Interest and other income (expense), net		119		(33)			86
Income (loss) before taxes		3,841		(381)		(235)	3,225
Income tax provision		71		9			 80
Net income (loss)	\$	3,770	\$	(390)	\$	(235)	\$ 3,145
Net income (loss) per share							
Basic	\$	0.21					\$ 0.17
Diluted	\$	0.19					\$ 0.15
Weighted average common shares							
Basic		18,006,793					19,006,807
Diluted		20,057,026					21,057,040

See accompanying notes.

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED PROFORMA COMBINED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1 The Transaction

On December 22, 2004, we completed the acquisition of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. a New Jersey corporation, pursuant to which Incurrent merged with and into our wholly-owned subsidiary, Incurrent Acquisition LLC, a New Jersey limited liability company. 1,000,014 of our shares of common stock were issued to the Incurrent shareholders. We also paid to, and for the benefit of, the Incurrent shareholders, approximately \$7.9 million in cash. We have agreed to allow Incurrent shareholders to offer shares acquired in this transaction in this offering. For shares not sold in this offering, we have agreed to file a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, to cover the resale of our shares of common stock not sold in this offering. The acquisition adds 35 employees and a facility in Parsippany, New Jersey.

The purchase price of the transaction was as follows (in thousands):

Cash	\$ 7,939
Common stock	7,290
Transaction cost	321
	\$ 15,550

The acquisition was recorded on a preliminary basis under the purchase method and total consideration was allocated to the fair value of assets and liabilities acquired as follows (in thousands):

Purchase Price	\$ 15,550
Less:	
Current assets	2,810
Fixed assets	300
Other assets	155
Intangible assets	1,570
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(558)
Goodwill	\$ 11,273

#### Note 2 Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Condensed Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2004

The following adjustments were applied to our historical balance sheet and that of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. as of September 30, 2004 (in thousands):

(a)	To record the following as of September 30, 2004: Elimination of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. deferred implementation costs,	
	current portion	\$ (555)
	Cash to Incurrent Solutions, Inc. stockholders	(7,939)
	Transaction costs	 (321)
	Total Adjustments to Current Assets	\$ (8,815)
(b)	To record the following as of September 30, 2004:	
	Goodwill	\$ 12,524

(c)	To record the following as of September 30, 2004:			
	Purchased technology	\$	1,000	
	Purchased customer list		570	
		_		
	Total Adjustments to Intangible Assets	\$	1,570	
(d)	To record the following as of September 30, 2004:			
	Elimination of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. deferred implementation costs, less current portion	\$	(1,016)	
	Total Adjustments to Other Assets	\$	(1,016)	
(e)	To record the following as of September 30, 2004:			
	Elimination of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. deferred implementation revenue,			
	current portion	\$	(129)	
	Elimination of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. deferred maintenance revenue,		(200)	
	current portion		(299)	
	Elimination of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. notes payable, current portion		(18)	
	Table of Control of Co	\$	(446)	
(f)	Total Adjustments to Current Liabilities  To record the following as of September 30, 2004:	Э	(446)	
(1)	Elimination of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. deferred implementation revenue,			
	less current portion	\$	(237)	
	r	_		
(g)	To record the following as of September 30, 2004:			
(8)	Elimination of Incurrent Solutions, Inc, Series A convertible preferred stock		(4,747)	
	Elimination of Incurrent Solutions, Inc, Series B convertible preferred stock		(6,498)	
	Elimination of Incurrent Solutions, Inc, additional paid-in capital applicable		(0,498)	
	to preferred stock		(113)	
	•	_		
	Total Adjustments to Preferred Stock		(11,378)	
	Total Adjustments to Long-Term Liabilities	\$	(237)	
(h)	To record the following as of September 30, 2004:			
	Elimination of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. common stock		(2,494)	
	Elimination of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. accumulated deficit		11,516	
	Elimination of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. treasury stock		12	
	Common stock issued to Incurrent Solutions, Inc. stockholders			
	Additional paid-in capital applicable to common stock issued to Incurrent Solutions. Inc. stockholders		7,290	
	Solutions, Inc. Stockholders	_	7,290	
	Total Adjustments to Stockholders Equity (Deficit)	\$	16,324	
	Total Adjustificitis to Stockholders Equity (Deficit)	φ	10,324	

# Note 3 Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Statement of Operations for the Year Ended December 31, 2003

The following adjustments were applied to our historical statement of operations and that of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2003 (in thousands):

- (a) To record the following for the year ended December 31, 2003: incremental amortization of our purchased technology

  The amortization of purchased technology has been calculated based on a new fair value basis of \$1,000, amortized over 5 years. The purchased technology will be amortized over its useful life in accordance with SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, based on the pattern in which economic benefits of the intangible asset are consumed or otherwise used up. We estimate that the pattern in which economic benefits are consumed or otherwise used up approximates the straight-line method.
- (b) To record the following for the year ended December 31, 2003: incremental amortization of our purchased customer list

  The amortization of the purchased customer list has been calculated based on a new fair value basis of \$569.8, amortized over 5 years. Customer lists will be amortized over their useful life in accordance with SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, based on the pattern in which economic benefits of the intangible asset are consumed or otherwise used up. We estimate that the pattern in which economic benefits are consumed or otherwise used up approximates the straight-line method.

\$ 314

150

\$ 200

#### Note 4 Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Condensed Statement of Operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2004

The following adjustments were applied to our historical statement of operations and that of Incurrent Solutions, Inc. for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (in thousands):

- (a) To record the following for the nine months ended September 30, 2004: incremental amortization of our purchased technology

  The amortization of purchased technology has been calculated based on a new fair value basis of \$1,000, amortized over 5 years. The purchased technology will be amortized over its useful life in accordance with SFAS No. 142, 

  Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, based on the pattern in which economic benefits of the intangible asset are consumed or otherwise used up. We estimate that the pattern in which economic benefits are consumed or otherwise used up approximates the straight-line method.
- (b) To record the following for the nine months ended September 30, 2004:
  incremental amortization of our purchased customer list \$ 85

  The amortization of the purchased customer list has been calculated based on a new fair value basis of \$569.8, amortized over 5 years. Customer lists will be amortized over their useful life in accordance with SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, based on the pattern in which economic benefits of the intangible asset are consumed or otherwise used up. We estimate that the pattern in which economic benefits are consumed or otherwise used up approximates the straight-line method.

\$ 235

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Online Resources Corporation

March 9, 2005 By: Catherine A. Graham

Name: Catherine A. Graham

Title: Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and

Secretary