

ADVANCED MEDICAL OPTICS INC

Form 10-Q

November 02, 2004

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**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 24, 2004

or

- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.**

For the transition period from to .

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 001-31257

ADVANCED MEDICAL OPTICS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

33-0986820
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1700 E. St. Andrew Place
Santa Ana, California
(Address of principal executive offices)

92705
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code **714/247-8200**

Indicate by a check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

As of October 27, 2004, there were 36,712,987 shares of common stock outstanding.

ADVANCED MEDICAL OPTICS, INC.
FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2004

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

(In thousands, except per share data)

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 |
| Net sales | \$ 198,366 | \$ 151,152 | \$ 517,414 | \$ 434,464 |
| Cost of sales | 88,894 | 57,045 | 212,577 | 163,763 |
| Gross profit | 109,472 | 94,107 | 304,837 | 270,701 |
| Selling, general and administrative | 88,533 | 67,600 | 236,620 | 205,106 |
| Research and development | 11,830 | 9,256 | 31,043 | 26,996 |
| In-process research and development | 28,100 | | 28,100 | |
| Operating income (loss) | (18,991) | 17,251 | 9,074 | 38,599 |
| Non-operating expense (income): | | | | |
| Interest expense | 8,377 | 5,888 | 19,327 | 20,442 |
| Unrealized gain on derivative instruments | (304) | (341) | (830) | (59) |
| Other, net | 4,708 | 17,896 | 127,977 | 17,161 |
| | 12,781 | 23,443 | 146,474 | 37,544 |
| Earnings (loss) before income taxes | (31,772) | (6,192) | (137,400) | 1,055 |
| Provision (benefit) for income taxes | (64) | (2,528) | 2,103 | 443 |
| Net earnings (loss) | \$ (31,708) | \$ (3,664) | \$ (139,503) | \$ 612 |
| Net earnings (loss) per share : | | | | |
| Basic | \$ (0.89) | \$ (0.13) | \$ (4.36) | \$ 0.02 |

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| | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Diluted | \$ (0.89) | \$ (0.13) | \$ (4.36) | \$ 0.02 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 35,711 | 29,110 | 31,977 | 28,962 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Diluted | 35,711 | 29,110 | 31,977 | 29,274 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands)

| | September 24, 2004 | December 31, 2003 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and equivalents | \$ 34,098 | \$ 46,104 |
| Trade receivables, net | 180,919 | 130,423 |
| Inventories | 90,665 | 41,596 |
| Other current assets | 35,922 | 34,369 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Total current assets | 341,604 | 252,492 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 108,556 | 68,136 |
| Other assets | 36,146 | 34,635 |
| Intangibles, net | 134,157 | 369 |
| Goodwill | 360,798 | 105,713 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 981,261</u> | <u>\$ 461,345</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Current portion of long-term debt | \$ 2,050 | \$ 2,328 |
| Accounts payable | 71,863 | 35,605 |
| Accrued compensation | 29,526 | 24,507 |
| Other accrued expenses | 64,314 | 52,861 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Total current liabilities | 167,753 | 115,301 |
| Long-term debt, net of current portion | 566,392 | 233,611 |
| Other liabilities | 53,535 | 19,241 |
| Stockholders' equity: | | |
| Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; authorized 5,000,000 shares; none issued | | |
| Common stock, \$.01 par value; authorized 120,000,000 shares; issued 36,602,060 and 29,378,599 shares | 366 | 294 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 300,173 | 54,064 |
| Retained earnings (accumulated deficit) | (114,522) | 24,981 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 7,587 | 13,868 |
| Less treasury stock, at cost (1,379 and 997 shares) | (23) | (15) |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |

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| | | |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Total stockholders' equity | 193,581 | 93,192 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 981,261 | \$ 461,345 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(In thousands)

| | Nine Months Ended | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 |
| Cash flows provided by operating activities: | | |
| Net earnings (loss) | \$(139,503) | \$ 612 |
| Non cash items included in net earnings (loss): | | |
| Amortization and write-off of original issue discount and debt issuance costs | 9,860 | 9,140 |
| Amortization and write-off of net realized gain on interest rate swaps | (3,466) | (2,498) |
| Depreciation and amortization | 14,970 | 11,618 |
| In-process research and development | 28,100 | |
| Loss on exchange of convertible senior subordinated notes | 110,729 | |
| Loss on investments and assets | 748 | 639 |
| Unrealized gain on derivative instruments | (830) | (59) |
| Expense of compensation plan | 152 | 64 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effect of acquisition: | | |
| Trade receivables, net | (52,279) | (5,477) |
| Inventories | 3,055 | 3,538 |
| Other current assets | (1,715) | 4,533 |
| Accounts payable | 36,400 | 533 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 3,625 | (5,725) |
| Other non-current assets | (1,885) | (5,491) |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 7,961 | 11,427 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired | (456,709) | |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment | (9,018) | (6,157) |
| Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment | 35 | 264 |
| Additions to capitalized internal-use software | (739) | (172) |
| Additions to demonstration and bundled equipment | (5,104) | (5,363) |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (471,535) | (11,428) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from issuance of convertible senior subordinated notes | 350,000 | 140,000 |
| Borrowings under term loans | 250,000 | 22,376 |
| Repayment of long-term debt | (138,236) | (205,000) |
| Financing related costs | (16,553) | (7,316) |
| Proceeds from the issuance of common stock | 5,087 | 2,898 |
| Net proceeds from settlement of interest rate swaps | | 582 |
| Purchase of treasury stock | (8) | (120) |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |

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| | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | 450,290 | (46,580) |
| Effect of exchange rates on cash and equivalents | 1,278 | 1,212 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Net decrease in cash and equivalents | (12,006) | (45,369) |
| Cash and equivalents at beginning of period | 46,104 | 80,578 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Cash and equivalents at end of period | \$ 34,098 | \$ 35,209 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Supplemental non-cash financing activity | | |
| Exchange of convertible notes into common stock | \$ 126,558 | \$ |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary (consisting only of normal recurring accruals) to present fairly the financial information contained therein. These statements do not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2003. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2004.

All material intercompany balances have been eliminated.

Certain reclassifications of prior year amounts have been made to conform with current year presentation.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company measures stock-based compensation for option grants to employees and members of the board of directors using the intrinsic value method. Restricted stock awards are valued based on the market price of a share of nonrestricted stock on the grant date. No compensation expense has been recognized for stock-based incentive compensation plans other than for restricted stock awards. Had compensation expense for the Company's stock options and employee stock purchase plans been recognized based upon the fair value for awards granted, the Company's net earnings (loss) would have been decreased (increased) to the following pro forma amounts (in thousands, except per share data):

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 |
| Net earnings (loss): | | | | |
| As reported | \$(31,708) | \$ (3,664) | \$(139,503) | \$ 612 |
| Stock-based compensation expense included in reported net earnings (loss), net of tax | 43 | 23 | 99 | 38 |
| Stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value based method, net of tax | (2,419) | (1,122) | (4,720) | (3,720) |
| Pro forma | <u>\$(34,084)</u> | <u>\$ (4,763)</u> | <u>\$(144,124)</u> | <u>\$ (3,070)</u> |

Earnings (loss) per share:

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| As reported: | | | | |
| Basic | \$ (0.89) | \$ (0.13) | \$ (4.36) | \$ 0.02 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Diluted | \$ (0.89) | \$ (0.13) | \$ (4.36) | \$ 0.02 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Pro forma Basic and Diluted | \$ (0.95) | \$ (0.16) | \$ (4.51) | \$ (0.11) |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |

These pro forma effects are not indicative of future amounts. The Company expects to grant additional awards in the future.

Acquired In-Process Research and Development

Costs to acquire in-process research and development (IPR&D) projects and technologies which have no alternative future use and which have not reached technological feasibility at the date of acquisition are expensed as incurred (see Note 2, Acquisition of Pfizer Inc. Surgical Ophthalmic Business).

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Recently Adopted and Issued Accounting Standards

In March 2004, the Emerging Issues Task Force finalized its consensus on EITF Issue 03-6, Participating Securities and the Two-Class Method Under FASB Statement No. 128, Earnings Per Share (EITF 03-6). EITF 03-6 clarifies what constitutes a participating security and requires the use of the two-class method for computing basic earnings per share when participating convertible securities exist. EITF 03-6 is effective for fiscal periods beginning after March 31, 2004. Adoption of EITF 03-6 did not have an effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2004, the Emerging Issues Task Force finalized its consensus on EITF Issue No. 04-8, The Effect of Contingently Convertible Debt on Diluted Earnings Per Share (EITF 04-8). EITF 04-8 addresses when the dilutive effect of contingently convertible debt with a market price trigger should be included in diluted earnings per share (EPS). Under EITF 04-8, the market price contingency should be ignored and these securities should be treated as non-contingent, convertible securities and always included in the diluted EPS computation. EITF 04-8 requires these securities be included in diluted EPS using either the if-converted method or the net share settlement method, depending on the conversion terms of the security. EITF 04-8 is effective for all periods ending after December 15, 2004 and is to be applied by retrospectively restating previously reported EPS. The Company expects to irrevocably elect to cash settle the principal amount of the Notes (as defined in Note 4) and thus, the dilutive effect of the Notes would be calculated under the net share settlement method. Adoption of EITF 04-8 would not have an impact on reported EPS for the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004 or the three months ended September 26, 2003 as we reported a loss for all such periods. Adoption of EITF 04-8 would not have an impact on reported EPS for the nine months ended September 26, 2003 or the year ended December 31, 2003, as the impact of the Existing Notes (as defined in Note 4) is antidilutive.

Note 2: Acquisition of Pfizer Inc. Surgical Ophthalmic Business

On June 26, 2004, pursuant to a stock and asset purchase agreement dated as of April 21, 2004, the Company completed the purchase of Pfizer Inc.'s surgical ophthalmic business for \$450 million in cash (Acquisition). Pfizer's surgical ophthalmic business manufactured and marketed surgical devices for the eyes. The Company acquired ophthalmic surgical products and certain manufacturing and research and development facilities located in Uppsala, Sweden, Groningen, Netherlands and Bangalore, India. The products acquired include the *Healon*® line of viscoelastic products used in ocular surgery, the *CeeOn*® and *Tecnis*® intraocular lenses and the *Baerveldt*® glaucoma shunt.

The primary reason for the Acquisition is to strengthen the Company's position in the global ophthalmic surgical industry by expanding its product portfolio and its manufacturing and research and development expertise.

The Acquisition has been accounted for as a purchase business combination. Under the purchase method of accounting, the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at the date of acquisition at their respective fair values.

The results of operations of the Acquisition have been included in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations from the date of acquisition. The total estimated cost of the Acquisition is as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Cash consideration to Pfizer Inc. | \$450,000 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|

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| | |
|----------------------|------------------|
| Direct costs | 7,399 |
| Cash acquired | <u>(690)</u> |
| Total purchase price | <u>\$456,709</u> |

The above purchase price has been preliminarily allocated based on an estimate of the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The final valuation of net assets is expected to be completed as soon as possible, but no later than one year from the acquisition date in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The purchase price has been allocated based on management's estimates as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| Inventories | \$ 52,411 |
| Other current assets | 350 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 39,066 |
| Intangible assets | 135,900 |
| In-process research and development | 28,100 |
| Goodwill | 258,812 |
| Current liabilities | (14,601) |
| Non-current liabilities | (655) |
| Non-current deferred tax liability | <u>(42,674)</u> |
| Net assets acquired | <u>\$456,709</u> |

Of the \$135.9 million of acquired intangible assets, \$121.0 million was assigned to developed technology rights that have a weighted-average useful life of approximately 12.7 years and \$14.9 million was assigned to a trademark with a useful life of approximately 13.5 years. Approximately \$11.6 million of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. A history of operating margins and profitability, a strong scientific employee base and a strong presence in the viscoelastic market were among the factors that contributed to a purchase price resulting in the recognition of goodwill.

In-process research and development

Approximately \$28.1 million of the purchase price represents the estimated fair value of projects that, as of the acquisition date, had not reached technological feasibility and had no alternative future use. Accordingly, this amount was immediately expensed in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004. The estimated fair value assigned to IPR&D is comprised of the following projects (in thousands):

| | <u>Value of IPR&D Acquired</u> |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| Tecnis® Monofocal | \$ 1,600 |
| Tecnis® Multifocal | <u>26,500</u> |
| Total | <u>\$28,100</u> |

The estimated fair value of these projects was determined based on a discounted cash flow model. For each project, the estimated after-tax cash flows were probability weighted to take into account the stage of completion and the risks surrounding the successful development and commercialization. These cash flows were then discounted to a present value using a discount rate of 14.5%. In addition, solely for the purposes of estimating the fair value of these IPR&D projects, the following assumptions were made:

Revenue that is reasonably likely to result from the approved and unapproved, potential uses of identifiable intangible assets that includes the estimated number of units to be sold, estimated selling prices, estimated market penetration and estimated market share and year-over-year growth rates over the product cycles;

Regulatory approval for the Tecnis® monofocal lens in Japan is expected in 2005, based on results of current trials. Management also estimates that the Tecnis® multifocal lens will receive its PMA in the U.S. from the FDA in 2007, with approval in Japan in 2008. The time frame and clinical roadmaps for the devices are based on management's estimates;

Remaining developmental R&D and sustaining engineering expenses once commercialized were also estimated by management according to internal planning estimates;

Cost of goods sold was assumed to be similar to the current commercialized versions of Tecnis® lenses and includes a direct distribution cost burden; and

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Margins for the promotion, marketing, and sales expenses were assumed at the same level as those for commercialized IOL and viscoelastic franchises and include assumed increases in staffing required to realize estimated worldwide sales expectations.

The major risks and uncertainties associated with the timely and successful completion of these projects consist of the ability to confirm the safety and efficacy of the technology based on the data from clinical trials and obtaining necessary regulatory approvals. In addition, no assurance can be given that the underlying assumptions used to forecast the cash flows or the timely and successful completion of such projects will materialize, as estimated. For these reasons, among others, actual results may vary significantly from the estimated results.

The following unaudited pro forma information assumes the Acquisition occurred on January 1, 2003. These unaudited pro forma results have been prepared for informational purposes only and do not purport to represent what the results of operations would have been had the Acquisition occurred as of the date indicated, nor of future results of operations. The unaudited pro forma results for the nine months ended September 24, 2004 and for the three and nine months ended September 26, 2003 are as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

| | Nine Months Ended September 24, 2004 | Three Months Ended September 26, 2003 | Nine Months Ended September 26, 2003 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Net sales | \$ 592,291 | \$ 183,572 | \$ 547,942 |
| Net earnings (loss) | 31,493 (1) | (5,070) (2) | 8,169 (3) |
| Earnings (loss) per share: | | | |
| Basic (4) | \$ 0.81 | \$ (0.14) | \$ 0.23 |
| Diluted (5) | \$ 0.77 | \$ (0.14) | \$ 0.23 |

- (1) The unaudited pro forma information for the nine months ended September 24, 2004 excludes the following non-recurring charges: incremental cost of sales of \$14.1 million from the sale of acquired inventory adjusted to fair value; a \$28.1 million in-process research and development charge; a charge of \$5.2 million for the write-off of debt issuance costs, one-time commitment fee and original issue discount, net of the recognition of realized gains on interest rate swaps; and early debt extinguishment costs of \$126.2 million. The unaudited pro forma information also reflects a \$2.3 million decrease in depreciation and amortization related to the estimated fair value of property, plant and equipment and identifiable intangible assets and a \$9.7 million increase in interest expense resulting from the recapitalization to fund the Acquisition.
- (2) The unaudited pro forma information for the three months ended September 26, 2003 reflects a net \$0.6 million decrease in depreciation and amortization related to the estimated fair value of property, plant and equipment and identifiable intangible assets and a \$2.4 million increase in interest expense resulting from the recapitalization to fund the Acquisition.
- (3) The unaudited pro form information for the nine months ended September 26, 2003 reflects a \$1.8 million increase in depreciation and amortization related to the estimated fair value of property, plant and equipment and identifiable intangible assets and a \$9.5 million increase in interest expense resulting from the recapitalization to fund the Acquisition.
- (4) The weighted average number of shares outstanding used for computation of basic earnings (loss) per share for each of the periods presented include an additional 6.8 million shares exchanged for approximately \$126.6 million

aggregate principal amount of 3½% convertible senior subordinated notes (see Note 4).

- (5) The weighted average number of shares outstanding used for computation of diluted earnings per share for the nine months ended September 24, 2004 includes the aggregate dilutive effect of approximately 2.2 million shares for stock options and the remaining 3½% convertible senior subordinated notes. The weighted average number of shares outstanding used for computation of diluted earnings per share for the nine months ended September 26, 2003 includes the dilutive effect of approximately 0.3 million shares for stock options.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Note 3: Composition of Certain Financial Statement Captions

The components of inventories were as follows:

| (In thousands) | September 24, 2004 | December 31, 2003 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Finished goods, including inventory on consignment with customers of \$9,420 and \$6,696 in 2004 and 2003, respectively | \$ 73,814 | \$ 37,255 |
| Work in process | 5,268 | 1,056 |
| Raw materials | 11,583 | 3,285 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| | \$ 90,665 | \$ 41,596 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |

The components of amortizable intangibles and goodwill were as follows:

Intangibles

| (In thousands) | September 24, 2004 | | December 31, 2003 | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Gross Amount | Accumulated Amortization | Gross Amount | Accumulated Amortization |
| Amortized Intangible Assets: | | | | |
| Technology Rights | \$ 121,000 | \$(2,388) | \$ | \$ |
| Trade Name | 14,900 | (276) | | |
| Licensing | 4,590 | (3,950) | 3,940 | (3,940) |
| Trademarks | 572 | (291) | 572 | (203) |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| | \$ 141,062 | \$(6,905) | \$ 4,512 | \$(4,143) |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |

The technology rights and trade name were acquired in the Acquisition (see Note 2).

Amortization expense of intangible assets for the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004 was \$2.7 million and \$2.8 million, respectively. Amortization expense of intangible assets for the three and nine months ended September 26, 2003 was immaterial. Amortization expense is expected to be approximately \$5.3 million in 2004, \$10.7 million in 2005, 2006 and 2007 and \$10.5 million in 2008.

Goodwill

| (In thousands) | September 24, 2004 | December 31, 2003 |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Goodwill: | | |
| United States | \$ 12,783 | \$ 12,783 |
| Japan | 27,007 | 28,144 |
| Manufacturing operations | 321,008 | 64,786 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| | \$360,798 | \$105,713 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |

The change in goodwill is due to goodwill acquired in the Acquisition (see Note 2) and foreign currency fluctuations.

Note 4: Debt and Interest Rate Swap Agreements

On June 22, 2004, the Company issued \$350.0 million of 2½% convertible senior subordinated notes due July 15, 2024 (Notes). Interest on the Notes is payable on January 15 and July 15 of each year, commencing on January 15, 2005. The Notes are convertible into 19.9045 shares of AMO's common stock for each \$1,000 principal amount of Notes (conversion price of approximately \$50.24 per share), subject to adjustment. The Notes may be converted, at the option of the holders, on or prior to the final maturity date under certain circumstances, including:

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

during any fiscal quarter commencing after September 24, 2004, if the closing sale price per share of AMO's common stock exceeds 130% of the conversion price for at least 20 trading days in the 30 consecutive trading day period ending on the last trading day of the preceding fiscal quarter;

during the five business days after any five consecutive trading day period in which the trading price of the Notes for each day was less than 95% of the conversion value of the Notes; provided that holders may not convert their Notes in reliance on this provision after July 15, 2019, if on any trading day during such trading period the closing sale price per share of AMO's common stock was between 100% and 130% of the then current conversion price;

upon the occurrence of specified ratings events with respect to the Notes. This conversion feature represents an embedded derivative. However, based on the de minimis value associated with this feature, no value has been assigned at issuance and at September 24, 2004;

if the Notes have been called for redemption;

if a fundamental change occurs; or

upon the occurrence of specified corporate events.

Upon conversion, the Company has the right to deliver, in lieu of shares of common stock, cash or a combination of cash and shares of common stock. Under the indenture for the Notes, the Company may irrevocably elect to satisfy in cash the conversion obligation with respect to the principal amount of the Notes and expects to make such election prior to December 31, 2004.

The Company may redeem some or all of the Notes for cash, on or after January 20, 2010, for a price equal to 100% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest, including contingent interest, if any, to but excluding the redemption date.

The Notes contain put options, which may require the Company to repurchase all or a portion of the Notes on January 15, 2010, July 15, 2014, and July 15, 2019 at a repurchase price of 100% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest, including contingent interest, if any, to but excluding the repurchase date. The Company may choose to pay the repurchase price in cash, shares of common stock or a combination of cash and shares of common stock.

Beginning with the six-month interest period commencing January 15, 2010, holders of the Notes will receive contingent interest payments during any six-month interest period if the trading price of the Notes for each of the five trading days ending on the second trading day immediately preceding the first day of the applicable six-month interest period equals or exceeds 120% of the principal amount of the Notes. The contingent interest payable will equal 0.25% of the average trading price of \$1,000 principal amount of Notes during the five trading days immediately preceding the first day of the applicable six-month interest period. This contingent interest payment feature represents an embedded derivative. However, based on the de minimis value associated with this feature, no value has been assigned at issuance and at September 24, 2004.

On or prior to January 15, 2010, upon the occurrence of a fundamental change, under certain circumstances, the Company will pay a make whole premium on Notes converted in connection with, or tendered for repurchase upon, the fundamental change. The make whole premium will be payable, in the same form of consideration into which the

Company's common stock has been exchanged or converted, on the repurchase date for the Notes after the fundamental change, both for Notes tendered for repurchase and for Notes converted in connection with the fundamental change. The amount of the make whole premium, if any, will be based on the Company's stock price on the effective date of the fundamental change. This make whole premium feature represents an embedded derivative. However, based on the de minimis value associated with this feature, no value has been assigned at issuance and at September 24, 2004.

On June 25, 2004, the Company amended and restated its senior credit facility to provide a \$250.0 million term loan and a \$100.0 million revolving credit facility. The amended and restated senior credit facility matures on June 25, 2009. At September 24, 2004, the Company did not have any borrowings outstanding under the revolving credit facility. Approximately \$9.7 million of the revolving credit facility has been reserved to support letters of credit issued on the Company's behalf. In June 2004, the Company recorded a charge for and paid a \$0.5 million fee to the senior credit facility lenders for their commitment to provide financing for the Acquisition in the event certain other financing transactions were not completed in a timely manner.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The term loan bears interest at current market rates plus a 2.25% margin (3.96% per annum at September 24, 2004). Borrowings under the revolving credit facility, if any, bear interest at current market rates plus a margin based upon the Company's ratio of debt to EBITDA as defined. The incremental interest margin on borrowings under the revolving credit facility decreases as the Company's ratio of debt to EBITDA decreases to specified levels. Under the senior credit facility, certain transactions may trigger mandatory prepayment of borrowings, if any. Such transactions may include equity or debt offerings, certain asset sales and extraordinary receipts. The Company pays a quarterly fee (2.25% per annum at September 24, 2004) on the average balance of outstanding letters of credit and a quarterly commitment fee (0.50% per annum at September 24, 2004) on the average unused portion of the revolving credit facility.

The senior credit facility provides that the Company will maintain certain financial and operating covenants which include, among other provisions, maintaining specific leverage and coverage ratios. Certain covenants under the senior credit facility and the indentures relating to the 3½% convertible senior subordinated notes due April 15, 2023 (Existing Notes) and the Notes may limit the incurrence of additional indebtedness. The senior credit facility prohibits dividend payments. The Company was in compliance with these covenants at September 24, 2004.

The proceeds from the term loan and a portion of the net proceeds from the Notes aggregating \$450.0 million were used to fund the Acquisition. In addition, approximately \$80.8 million of the net proceeds from the Notes were used to consummate the June 2004 tender offer to purchase the remaining \$70.0 million aggregate outstanding principal amount of the 9¼% senior subordinated notes due 2010 (Senior Subordinated Notes) and pay the related premium and consent fees. As a result of the purchase of the Senior Subordinated Notes, the Company recorded a charge of approximately \$10.8 million for the premium and consent fees paid and a net gain of \$0.7 million for the write-off of capitalized debt related costs and recognition of the realized gain on interest rate swaps in the quarter ended June 25, 2004.

On June 2, 2004, the Company's Japan subsidiary repaid its ¥2.5 billion, approximately \$22.4 million, term loan facility. As a result of the prepayment of the term loan, a charge of \$0.7 million for the write-off of capitalized debt related costs was recorded in the quarter ended June 25, 2004.

In the quarter ended June 25, 2004, the Company exchanged approximately 5.8 million shares of common stock and approximately \$4.6 million in cash for approximately \$108.6 million in aggregate principal amount of Existing Notes in privately negotiated transactions with a limited number of holders (Private Exchanges). The Private Exchanges resulted in an aggregate increase of \$216.4 million to common stock and additional paid-in capital. Because the Existing Notes were not convertible into equity at the time of the Private Exchanges, a non-cash charge of approximately \$107.2 million and a cash charge of approximately \$4.6 million were recorded. The Company also recorded a charge of approximately \$3.2 million for the write-off of the pro-rata portion of capitalized debt related costs.

In the current quarter, the Company exchanged approximately 1.0 million shares of common stock for approximately \$18.0 million in aggregate principal amount of Existing Notes. These exchanges resulted in an aggregate increase of \$21.7 million to common stock and additional paid-in capital. A non-cash charge of \$3.5 million representing the fair value of shares issued as a premium was recorded. During the quarter, the Company also repaid \$45.0 million of the term loan. As a result of the exchanges and the partial repayment of the term loan, the Company recorded a charge of \$1.5 million for the write-off of the pro-rata portion of capitalized debt related costs.

At September 24, 2004, an aggregate principal amount of \$350.0 million of Notes, an aggregate principal amount of \$13.4 million of Existing Notes and a balance of \$205.0 million on the term loan were outstanding.

The aggregate maturities of total long-term debt as of September 24, 2004 are as follows: \$1.0 million in 2004; \$2.0 million in 2005, \$2.1 million in 2006 and 2007; \$99.4 million in 2008; and \$461.8 million after 2008.

In 2003 and 2002, the Company realized the value of certain interest rate swaps qualifying as fair value hedges. The unamortized gain was recorded as an adjustment to the carrying amount of the Senior Subordinated Notes as a premium and was being amortized over the remaining life of the Senior Subordinated Notes. As a result of the June 2004 purchase of the Senior Subordinated Notes, the remaining unamortized gain on the interest rate swaps was fully recognized.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

In July 2004, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement which effectively converts the interest rate on \$125.0 million of term loan borrowings from a floating rate to a fixed rate. This interest rate swap matures in July 2006 and qualifies as a cash flow hedge. Changes in fair value of the interest rate swap agreement are recorded in other comprehensive income to the extent such changes are effective and as long as the cash flow hedge requirements are met. At September 24, 2004, the fair value of \$(1.0) million of the interest rate swap is recorded in Other liabilities in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Note 5: Arrangements with Allergan

Prior to the June 29, 2002 spin-off from Allergan, Inc. (Allergan), the Company entered into several agreements with Allergan in connection with, among other things, transitional services, employee matters, manufacturing and tax sharing. These agreements generally require the Company to indefinitely indemnify Allergan from liabilities related to the business contributed to AMO. The transitional services agreement sets forth charges generally intended to allow Allergan to fully recover the allocated costs of providing certain services, plus all out-of-pocket expenses, except that AMO paid to Allergan a commission related to AMO products that were sold by Allergan during the transition period. The Company recovered costs from Allergan in a similar manner for services provided by AMO. All transitional services with the exception of limited facility leases terminated in June 2003.

Under the manufacturing agreement, Allergan manufactures certain eye care products and VITRAX® viscoelastics for a period of up to three years from the date of the spin-off. The Company purchases these products from Allergan at a price equal to Allergan's fully allocated costs plus 10%. During the three months ended September 24, 2004 and September 26, 2003 and during the nine months ended September 24, 2004 and September 26, 2003, the Company purchased \$23.8 million and \$21.3 million, respectively, and \$67.3 million and \$58.1 million, respectively, of product from Allergan. On an annual basis, a pricing true up calculation is to be performed during the first calendar quarter. This true up calculation is based upon the actual volume of products shipped by Allergan to AMO during the preceding year versus the forecasted volume submitted by AMO that was used to calculate the invoiced prices. During the year, the Company periodically reviews the volume of purchases and accrues for estimated shortfalls, if any.

The following table summarizes the charges from Allergan for the above-mentioned services (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses, net of \$511, \$249, \$646 and \$800 charged to Allergan | \$(82) | \$ 205 | \$(395) | \$ 2,067 |
| Research and development | 31 | 98 | 185 | 367 |
| Manufacturing true up payment (receipt) | | | 233 | (629) |

Note 6: Income Taxes

Income taxes are provided using an estimated annual effective tax rate, which includes, in addition to foreign income taxes, U.S. federal income taxes and foreign withholding taxes on the undistributed earnings of non-U.S. subsidiaries.

No income tax benefit has been recognized for the non-cash charge of approximately \$110.7 million and the cash charge of approximately \$4.6 million related to the exchanges of the Existing Notes nor for the \$28.1 million in process research and development charge.

Note 7: Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per share are calculated by dividing net earnings (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share are calculated by adjusting weighted average outstanding shares, assuming the conversion of all potentially dilutive stock options and awards.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following represents a reconciliation from basic earnings (loss) per share to diluted earnings (loss) per share (in thousands, except per share data):

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 |
| Net earnings (loss) | \$ (31,708) | \$ (3,664) | \$ (139,503) | \$ 612 |
| Basic shares outstanding | 35,711 | 29,110 | 31,977 | 28,962 |
| Dilutive effect of stock options and awards | | | | 312 |
| Diluted shares outstanding | 35,711 | 29,110 | 31,977 | 29,274 |
| Basic earnings (loss) per share | \$ (0.89) | \$ (0.13) | \$ (4.36) | \$ 0.02 |
| Diluted earnings (loss) per share | \$ (0.89) | \$ (0.13) | \$ (4.36) | \$ 0.02 |

The effect of approximately 7.0 million shares related to the assumed conversion of the Notes has been excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for both 2004 periods presented because none of the conditions that would permit conversion have been satisfied during the periods. The three and nine month periods ended September 24, 2004 exclude the aggregate dilutive effect of 3.7 million shares and 4.3 million shares, respectively, for stock options and the Existing Notes as the effect would be antidilutive. The three-month period ended September 26, 2003 excludes the dilutive effect of 1.3 million shares for stock options as the effect would be antidilutive.

Note 8: Other Comprehensive Income

The following table summarizes components of comprehensive income (loss) (in thousands):

| Three Months Ended | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| September 24, 2004 | | | September 26, 2003 | | |
| Before-tax | Tax (expense) | Net-of-tax | Before-tax | Tax (expense) | Net-of-tax |
| | | | | | |

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| | <u>amount</u> | <u>or benefit</u> | <u>amount</u> | <u>amount</u> | <u>or benefit</u> | <u>amount</u> |
|------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Unrealized loss on derivative | \$(1,020) | \$ 357 | \$ (663) | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | <u>(7,331)</u> | <u>2,584</u> | (4,747) | <u>2,215</u> | <u>(984)</u> | 1,231 |
| Net earnings (loss) | | | <u>(31,708)</u> | | | <u>(3,664)</u> |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | | | <u>\$(37,118)</u> | | | <u>\$(2,433)</u> |

Nine Months Ended

| | <u>September 24, 2004</u> | | | <u>September 26, 2003</u> | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | <u>Before-tax amount</u> | <u>Tax (expense) or benefit</u> | <u>Net-of-tax amount</u> | <u>Before-tax amount</u> | <u>Tax (expense) or benefit</u> | <u>Net-of-tax amount</u> |
| Unrealized loss on derivative | \$(1,020) | \$ 357 | \$ (663) | \$ 4,252 | \$(1,745) | \$ 2,507 |
| Reclassification adjustment for realized loss on derivatives included in net earnings | | | | (2,263) | 928 | (1,335) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | <u>(8,644)</u> | <u>3,026</u> | (5,618) | <u>7,457</u> | <u>(3,133)</u> | 4,324 |
| Net earnings (loss) | | | <u>(139,503)</u> | | | <u>612</u> |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | | | <u>\$(145,784)</u> | | | <u>\$ 6,108</u> |

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Note 9: Business Segment Information

Effective January 1, 2004, the Company organized its operations into four geographic operating segments or regions: the Americas (North and South America), Europe/Africa/Middle East, Japan and Asia Pacific (excluding Japan, but including Australia and New Zealand). Previously, Europe/Africa/Middle East and Asia Pacific were combined into one geographic region. Prior period property, plant and equipment, net sales and operating income (loss) have been reclassified to reflect the four operating segments.

The United States information is presented separately as it is the Company's headquarters country, and U.S. sales represented 25.4% and 26.2% of total net sales for the three months ended September 24, 2004 and September 26, 2003, respectively, and 25.3% and 25.9% of total net sales for the nine months ended September 24, 2004 and September 26, 2003, respectively. Additionally, sales in Japan represented 27.5% and 28.1% of total net sales for the three months ended September 24, 2004 and September 26, 2003, respectively, and 26.1% and 27.4% of total net sales for the nine months ended September 24, 2004 and September 26, 2003, respectively. No other country, or single customer, generates over 10% of total net sales.

Operating income attributable to each operating segment is based upon the management assignment of costs to such regions, which includes the manufacturing standard cost of goods produced by the Company's manufacturing operations (or the cost to acquire goods from third parties), freight, duty and local distribution costs, and royalties.

Income from manufacturing operations is not assigned to geographic regions because most manufacturing operations produce products for more than one region. Research and development costs are corporate costs.

Geographic Operating Segments

| (In thousands) | Property, Plant and Equipment | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| | September 24, 2004 | December 31, 2003 |
| United States | \$ 14,141 | \$ 13,732 |
| Europe/Africa/Middle East | 2,916 | 3,457 |
| Japan | 1,754 | 1,930 |
| Asia Pacific | 411 | 652 |
| Americas, excluding United States | 69 | 96 |
| Segments total | 19,291 | 19,867 |
| Manufacturing operations | 89,265 | 48,269 |
| Total | \$108,556 | \$ 68,136 |

| (In thousands) | Net Sales | | Operating Income (Loss) | |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Three Months Ended | | | |
| | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 |
| United States | \$ 50,386 | \$ 39,613 | \$ 17,624 | \$ 9,257 |
| Europe/Africa/Middle East | 66,131 | 49,731 | 19,333 | 11,021 |
| Japan | 54,552 | 42,498 | 25,372 | 15,060 |
| Asia Pacific | 18,971 | 12,720 | 3,481 | 1,030 |
| Americas, excluding United States | 8,326 | 6,590 | 1,491 | 1,119 |
| Segments total | 198,366 | 151,152 | 67,301 | 37,487 |
| Manufacturing operations | | | 9,110 | 6,951 |
| Research and development, including IPR&D | | | (39,930) | (9,256) |
| Elimination of inter-company profit | | | (16,846) | (8,195) |
| General corporate | | | (38,626) | (9,736) |
| Total | \$198,366 | \$151,152 | \$(18,991) | \$17,251 |

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

| (In thousands) | Net Sales | | Operating Income (Loss) | |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| | Nine Months Ended | | | |
| | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 |
| United States | \$ 130,850 | \$ 112,561 | \$ 40,764 | \$ 25,509 |
| Europe/Africa/Middle East | 181,334 | 151,482 | 52,320 | 33,205 |
| Japan | 134,871 | 119,095 | 53,581 | 37,342 |
| Asia Pacific | 48,231 | 32,708 | 8,494 | 1,104 |
| Americas, excluding United States | 22,128 | 18,618 | 3,480 | 2,023 |
| Segments total | 517,414 | 434,464 | 158,639 | 99,183 |
| Manufacturing operations | | | 10,366 | 22,145 |
| Research and development, including IPR&D | | | (59,143) | (26,996) |
| Elimination of inter-company profit | | | (26,883) | (26,869) |
| General corporate | | | (73,905) | (28,864) |
| Total | \$517,414 | \$434,464 | \$ 9,074 | \$ 38,599 |

In each geographic segment, the Company markets products in two product lines: Ophthalmic Surgical and Eye Care. The Ophthalmic Surgical product line markets intraocular lenses, phacoemulsification equipment, viscoelastics, glaucoma shunts and other products related to cataract and refractive surgery. The Eye Care product line markets cleaning, storage and disinfection products for the consumer contact lens market. The Company provides global marketing strategy teams to ensure development and execution of a consistent marketing strategy for products in all geographic operating segments. There are no transfers between product lines.

Net Sales by Product Line

| (In thousands) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 |
| Ophthalmic Surgical | \$ 113,496 | \$ 74,157 | \$ 278,431 | \$ 219,982 |
| Eye Care | 84,870 | 76,995 | 238,983 | 214,482 |

| | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Total Net Sales | \$198,366 | \$151,152 | \$517,414 | \$434,464 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |

Note 10: Commitments and Contingencies

On December 3, 2003, the Company filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware against Alcon, Inc. and Alcon Laboratories, Inc. for infringement of U.S. Patent Nos. 5,700,240 and 6,059,765. The Company alleged that Alcon's Infiniti and Series 2000 Legacy phacoemulsification machines infringe the patents. The Company is seeking damages and a permanent injunction.

On January 28, 2004, Alcon Manufacturing, Ltd. filed a complaint against the Company and Allergan, Inc. in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Texas, Fort Worth Division, for infringement of U.S. Patent Nos. 4,832,685 and 4,935,005. Alcon alleged that the Company's *Prestige*® and *Sovereign*® phacoemulsification systems and replacement cassettes infringe the patents. Alcon is seeking damages and a permanent injunction. While the amount claimed may be substantial, the ultimate liability cannot be determined or reasonably estimated at this time due to the considerable uncertainties that exist.

The Company is involved in various litigation and claims arising in the normal course of business. Management believes that recovery or liability with respect to any other pending lawsuits or asserted claims will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Note 11: Pension Benefit Plans

The Company sponsors defined benefit pension plans in Japan and in certain European countries. Components of net periodic benefit cost under these plans were (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 |
| Service cost | \$ 446 | \$ 345 | \$1,348 | \$ 1,035 |
| Interest cost | 115 | 92 | 346 | 275 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (48) | (27) | (147) | (83) |
| Amortization of transition amount | 1 | | 3 | 2 |
| Amortization of prior service cost | 16 | 14 | 47 | 44 |
| Recognized net actuarial loss | 9 | 6 | 27 | 17 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$ 539 | \$ 430 | \$1,624 | \$ 1,290 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |

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ADVANCED MEDICAL OPTICS

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2004

The following discussion and analysis presents the factors that had a material effect on AMO's cash flows and results of operations during the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, and the Company's financial position at that date. Except for the historical information contained herein, the following discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risk and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ significantly from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed in the subsection entitled "Certain Factors and Trends Affecting AMO and Its Businesses." The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the 2003 Form 10-K and the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q.

OVERVIEW

We are a global leader in the development, manufacture and marketing of medical devices for the eye and contact lens care products. Our products in the ophthalmic surgical market include intraocular lenses, phacoemulsification systems, viscoelastics, glaucoma shunts and surgical packs used in cataract surgery, and microkeratomes used in refractive surgery. Our eye care products include disinfecting solutions to destroy harmful microorganisms in and on the surface of contact lenses, daily cleaners to remove undesirable film and deposits from contact lenses, enzymatic cleaners to remove protein deposits from contact lenses and lens rewetting drops to provide added wearing comfort.

We have operations in approximately 20 countries, sell our products in approximately 60 countries and have organized our operations into four regions:

Americas (North and South America);

Europe, Africa and Middle East;

Japan; and

Asia Pacific (excluding Japan, but including Australia and New Zealand).

Acquisition of Pfizer Inc. Surgical Ophthalmic Business

On June 26, 2004, we completed the acquisition of the Pfizer Inc. surgical ophthalmic business for \$450 million in cash (Acquisition). We acquired ophthalmic surgical products and certain manufacturing and research and development facilities located in Uppsala, Sweden, Groningen, Netherlands and Bangalore, India. The products acquired include the *Healon*® line of viscoelastic products used in ocular surgery, the *CeeOn*® and *Tecnis*® intraocular lenses and the *Baerveldt*® glaucoma shunt. These assets generated sales of approximately \$150 million in 2003.

The Acquisition has been accounted for as a purchase business combination. Under the purchase method of accounting, the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at the date of acquisition, at their respective fair values. Our reported financial position and results of operations after June 26, 2004 reflect these values. The impact of purchase accounting resulted in significant non-cash charges in the three months ended September 24, 2004, including an in-process research and development charge of \$28.1 million and incremental cost of sales of \$14.1 million from the sale of acquired inventory adjusted to fair value. During the quarter, we also incurred other acquisition-related charges totaling approximately \$6.9 million as we integrated the Acquisition and eliminated duplicative functions.

Separation from Allergan

On June 29, 2002, Allergan, Inc. (Allergan) transferred its optical medical device business, consisting of the ophthalmic surgical and eye care product lines, to us in connection with a tax-free spin-off. Prior to the spin-off, we entered into several agreements with Allergan in connection with, among other things, transitional services, employee matters, manufacturing and tax sharing.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2004

OVERVIEW (continued)

Under the manufacturing agreement, Allergan manufactures certain eye care products and VITRAX® viscoelastics for a period of up to three years from the date of the spin-off. The Company purchases these products from Allergan at a price equal to Allergan's fully allocated costs plus 10%. During the three months ended September 24, 2004 and September 26, 2003 and during the nine months ended September 24, 2004 and September 26, 2003, the Company purchased \$23.8 million and \$21.3 million, respectively, and \$67.3 million and \$58.1 million, respectively, of product from Allergan. On an annual basis, a pricing true up calculation is to be performed during the first calendar quarter. This true up calculation is based upon the actual volume of products shipped by Allergan to AMO during the preceding year versus the forecasted volume submitted by AMO that was used to calculate the invoiced prices. During the year, the Company periodically reviews the volume of purchases and accrues for estimated shortfalls, if any.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Revenue and Accounts Receivable

We recognize revenue from product sales when title and risk of loss transfers, delivery has occurred, the price to the buyer is determinable and collectibility is reasonably assured, with the exception of intraocular lenses, which are generally distributed on a consignment basis and recognized as revenue upon notification of implantation in a patient and fulfillment of the other revenue recognition criteria. We generally permit returns of product from a customer if the product is returned in a timely manner, in good condition, and through the normal channels of distribution. Return policies in certain international markets can be more stringent and are based on the terms of contractual agreements with customers. Allowances for returns are provided for based upon an analysis of our historical patterns of returns matched against the sales from which they originated. Historically, product returns have been within the amounts estimated.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is determined by analyzing specific customer accounts and assessing the risk of uncollectibility based on insolvency, disputes or other collection issues. In addition, we routinely analyze the different receivable aging categories and establish allowances based on the length of time receivables are past due.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of first-in, first-out cost or market. On a regular basis, we evaluate inventory balances for excess quantities and obsolescence by analyzing estimated demand, inventory on hand, sales levels and other information. Based on these evaluations, inventory balances are reduced, if necessary.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

On January 1, 2002, we adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, whereby goodwill is no longer amortized, but instead is subject to a periodic impairment review. As our operations are comprised of four reporting units, we review the recoverability of our goodwill at the end of the second fiscal quarter of each year by comparing each reporting unit's fair value to the net book value of its assets. If the book value of the reporting unit's assets exceeds its fair value, the goodwill is written down to its implied fair value.

Additionally, we review the carrying amounts of goodwill and other intangibles whenever events and circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Impairment indicators include, among other conditions, cash flow deficits, historic or anticipated declines in revenue or operating profit and adverse legal or regulatory developments. If it is determined that such indicators are present and the review indicates that the assets will not be fully recoverable, based upon undiscounted estimated cash flows over the remaining amortization periods for other intangibles and fair value for goodwill, their carrying values are reduced to estimated fair market value. Estimated fair market value is determined primarily using the anticipated cash flows discounted at a rate commensurate with the risk involved. For the purposes of identifying and measuring impairment, long-lived assets are grouped with other assets and liabilities at the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets and liabilities.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2004

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

Deferred Taxes

We account for income taxes under the asset and liability method, whereby deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. We evaluate the need to establish a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets based upon the amount of existing temporary differences, the period in which they are expected to be recovered and expected levels of taxable income. A valuation allowance to reduce deferred tax assets is established when it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

Stock-Based Compensation

We measure stock-based compensation for option grants to employees and members of the board of directors using the intrinsic value method.

Acquired In-Process Research and Development

Costs to acquire in-process research and development projects and technologies which have no alternative future use and which have not reached technological feasibility at the date of acquisition are expensed as incurred.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Sales. The following table compares net sales by product line for the three months and nine months ended September 24, 2004 and September 26, 2003:

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 | September 24, 2004 | September 26, 2003 |
| Ophthalmic Surgical | \$ 113,496 | \$ 74,157 | \$ 278,431 | \$ 219,982 |
| Eye Care | 84,870 | 76,995 | 238,983 | 214,482 |
| Total Net Sales | <u>\$ 198,366</u> | <u>\$ 151,152</u> | <u>\$ 517,414</u> | <u>\$ 434,464</u> |
| Domestic | 25.4% | 26.2% | 25.3% | 25.9% |

| | | | | |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| International | 74.6% | 73.8% | 74.7% | 74.1% |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|

Net sales increased \$47.2 million, or 31.2%, to \$198.4 million in the three months ended September 24, 2004 from \$151.2 million in the three months ended September 26, 2003. Net sales for the nine months ended September 24, 2004 were \$517.4 million, a 19.1% increase from the comparable 2003 amount. The increase in net sales in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004 compared with the same periods last year was the result of sales of products acquired in the Acquisition, sales gains of existing products in both product lines and favorable foreign currency changes. Net sales of acquired products approximated \$32.3 million in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004. Foreign currency fluctuations, particularly related to the Japanese yen and the euro, increased sales by \$8.9 million, or 5.9%, and \$28.6 million, or 6.6%, in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, respectively, as compared to average rates in effect in the prior year periods. Our sales and earnings may be negatively impacted during times of a strengthening U.S. dollar.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2004**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)**

Global sales of our ophthalmic surgical products, including net sales of \$32.3 million of acquired products, increased \$39.3 million, or 53.0%, and increased \$58.4 million, or 26.6%, in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, respectively, compared with the same periods last year. In the United States, sales of our ophthalmic surgical products increased \$9.8 million, or 35.9%, in the three months ended September 24, 2004, and increased \$13.0 million, or 16.3%, in the nine months ended September 24, 2004 compared with the same periods last year, primarily due to sales of acquired products, including the *Healon*® family of viscoelastics and *Tecnis*® intraocular lenses, and increased sales of phacoemulsification equipment. International sales of our ophthalmic surgical products increased \$29.5 million, or 63.0%, and increased \$45.4 million, or 32.3%, in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, respectively, compared with the same periods last year, primarily due to sales of acquired products, including the *Healon*® family of viscoelastics and the *CeeOn*® and *Tecnis*® intraocular lenses, increases in sales of the *SENSAR*® intraocular lenses and phacoemulsification equipment and favorable currency changes. Foreign currency fluctuations increased ophthalmic surgical sales by \$4.7 million, or 6.3%, and by \$14.1 million, or 6.4%, in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, respectively. We believe that global sales of ophthalmic surgical products will continue to grow due to sales of acquired products, including the *Healon*® family of viscoelastics, the *CeeOn*® and *Tecnis*® intraocular lenses and the *Baerveldt*® glaucoma shunt, and increased sales of our *SOVEREIGN*® *COMPACT* with *WHITESTAR* phacoemulsification system and the *SENSAR*® and the *CLARIFLEX*® intraocular lenses, both with the *OPTIEDGE* design.

Global sales of our eye care products increased \$7.9 million, or 10.2%, and increased \$24.5 million, or 11.4%, in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, respectively, as compared with the same periods last year. Sales of our eye care products in the United States increased \$1.0 million, or 8.1%, and increased \$5.3 million, or 16.0%, in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, respectively, as compared with the same periods last year, primarily due to an increase in sales of *COMPLETE*® branded products. International sales of our eye care products increased \$6.9 million, or 10.6%, and increased \$19.2 million, or 10.6%, in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, respectively, as compared with the same periods last year, primarily due to an increase in sales of our *COMPLETE*® branded and hydrogen peroxide-based products and favorable currency changes. Foreign currency fluctuations increased eye care sales by \$4.2 million, or 5.5%, and by \$14.5 million, or 6.8%, in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, respectively. We believe that global eye care sales will continue to grow due to increased sales of our *COMPLETE*® branded and hydrogen peroxide-based products and continued sales growth in Europe and Asia Pacific. The market for eye care products is impacted by trends in the contact lens market, such as advances in surgical procedures for vision correction and the growth of the market for daily and extended wear lenses. These trends could reduce demand for lens care products generally, which we may not be able to completely mitigate.

Gross margin. Our gross margin was 55.2% of net sales in the three months ended September 24, 2004, a decrease of 7.1 percentage points from the comparable prior year period. Our gross margin was 58.9% of net sales in the nine months ended September 24, 2004, a decrease of 3.4 percentage points from the comparable prior year period. The decrease in gross margin as a percent of net sales in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004 as compared to the same periods last year was primarily due to the incremental cost of sales of \$14.1 million from the sale of acquired inventory adjusted to fair value. As the acquired inventory is sold, we expect our gross margin to return to historical levels. In addition, pre-production costs incurred at our manufacturing facility in Madrid, Spain, costs incurred for expansion of our manufacturing facility in Hangzhou, China, and higher costs of product supplied by Allergan contributed to the margin decrease, which was partially offset by sales growth in the higher margin

COMPLETE® branded line of eye care products. During the remainder of 2004, we expect our eye care product gross margin percentage will continue to be unfavorably impacted by the sale of acquired inventory adjusted to fair value and higher costs of product supplied by Allergan.

Selling, general and administrative. Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$88.5 million, or 44.6% of net sales, and \$236.6 million, or 45.7% of net sales, in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, respectively, compared to \$67.6 million, or 44.7% of net sales, and \$205.1 million, or 47.2% of net sales, in the three and nine months ended September 26, 2003, respectively. Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004 include increased sales and marketing costs related to the acquired products and also include acquisition-related charges totaling approximately \$6.9 million and amortization of \$2.7 million related to the acquired intangible assets.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2004

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Research and development. Research and development expenses were \$11.8 million, or 6.0% of net sales, and \$31.0 million, or 6.0% of net sales, in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, respectively, compared to \$9.3 million, or 6.1% of net sales, and \$27.0 million, or 6.2% of net sales, in the three and nine months ended September 26, 2003, respectively. The increase in research and development dollars was primarily the result of increased spending for research efforts in the ophthalmic surgical business. As a result of our continued investment in research and development and other business development activities, we launched our new vitreal retinal system, *AMO GEMINI*, in Europe, a capsular tension ring in North America, the *ReZoom* intraocular lens in Europe, an advanced formulation of our *blink* contact lens rewetter in the U.S. and Europe, the *VERISYSE* phakic intraocular lens for correction of myopia in the U.S., and expect to bring to market later this year our next generation microkeratome and enhancements to our phacoemulsification platform.

In-process research and development. In the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, we recorded a \$28.1 million in-process research and development charge. The charge represents the estimated fair value of projects that, as of the acquisition date, had not reached technological feasibility and had no alternative future use.

Non-operating expense. Interest expense was \$8.4 million and \$19.3 million in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, respectively, compared to \$5.9 million and \$20.4 million in the three and nine months ended September 26, 2003, respectively. Interest expense increased in the three months ended September 24, 2004 as compared to the prior year period due to a higher average debt balance.

Interest expense in the three months ended September 24, 2004 includes a pro-rata write-off of debt issuance costs of \$1.5 million as a result of the exchange of \$18.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3½% convertible senior subordinated notes due April 15, 2023 (Existing Notes) and partial repayment of the term loan. Interest expense in the nine months ended September 24, 2004 includes a pro-rata write-off of debt issuance costs and one-time commitment fee of \$7.6 million and write-off of original issue discount of \$0.7 million, partially offset by the recognition of realized gains on interest rate swaps of \$(3.2) million, all associated with the prepayment of the Japan term loan in June 2004, consummation of the June 2004 tender offer for \$70.0 million aggregate principal amount of 9¼% senior subordinated notes (Senior Subordinated Notes), and the exchange of \$126.6 million aggregate principal amount of the Existing Notes for common stock and cash.

Interest expense in the three months ended September 26, 2003 includes a pro-rata write-off of debt issuance costs and original issue discount of \$5.4 million, partially offset by the recognition of realized gains on interest rates swaps of \$(4.2) million resulting from the tender offer and repurchase of Senior Subordinated Notes. Interest expense in the nine months ended September 26, 2003 includes similar costs of \$5.8 million, net of the recognition of realized gains on interest rate swaps, resulting from the tender offer and repurchase of Senior Subordinated Notes and prepayment of a term loan.

We recorded an unrealized gain on derivative instruments of \$0.3 million and \$0.8 million in the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, respectively, compared to an unrealized gain of \$0.3 million and \$0.1 million in the three and nine months ended September 26, 2003, respectively. We record as unrealized (gain) loss on derivative instruments the mark to market adjustments on the outstanding foreign currency options which we enter into as part of our overall risk management strategy to reduce the volatility of expected earnings in currencies other than the U.S.

dollar.

Other non-operating expense for the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004 includes early debt extinguishment costs aggregating \$3.5 million and \$126.2 million, respectively, associated with the debt transactions noted above. Other non-operating expense for the three and nine months ended September 26, 2003 includes early debt extinguishment costs of \$19.4 million associated with the tender offer and repurchase of Senior Subordinated Notes, partially offset by foreign exchange gains and interest income.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2004

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Income taxes. The effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004 was zero and 1.5%, respectively, compared to the effective tax rate of 41.0% for the three and nine months ended September 26, 2003. Excluding the non-cash charge of approximately \$110.7 million and the cash charge of approximately \$4.6 million related to the exchange of the Existing Notes and the \$28.1 million in-process research and development, as no tax benefit for these charges has been recognized, the 2004 effective tax rate would have been 35.0%. Management believes that presentation of this adjusted effective tax rate is useful because it is more representative of ongoing operations. The lower rate in 2004 reflects continuing implementation of our long-term tax strategies, the changes in our capital structure and ongoing improvements in our global supply chain. Income taxes are provided on taxable income at the statutory rates applicable to such income. We have provided for U.S. federal income taxes and foreign withholding taxes on the undistributed earnings of non-U.S. subsidiaries.

We believe our future effective income tax rate may vary depending on our mix of domestic and international taxable income or loss and the various tax and treasury methodologies that we implement, including our policy regarding repatriation of future accumulated foreign earnings.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Management assesses our liquidity by our ability to generate cash to fund operations. Significant factors in the management of liquidity are: funds generated by operations; levels of accounts receivable, inventories, accounts payable and capital expenditures; adequate lines of credit; and financial flexibility to attract long-term capital on satisfactory terms.

Historically, we have generated cash from operations in excess of working capital requirements, and we expect to do so in the future. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$8.0 million in the nine months ended September 24, 2004 compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$11.4 million in the nine months ended September 26, 2003. Operating cash flow decreased in the nine months ended September 24, 2004 compared to the nine months ended September 26, 2003, primarily due to an increase in trade receivables of \$52.4 million, partially offset by an increase in accounts payable of \$36.4 million. The increase in trade payables and receivables is primarily due to acquisition-related activities.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$471.5 million and \$11.4 million in the nine months ended September 24, 2004 and September 26, 2003, respectively. The 2004 amount includes the \$456.7 million Acquisition purchase price. Expenditures for property, plant and equipment totaled \$9.0 million and \$6.2 million in the nine months ended September 24, 2004 and September 26, 2003, respectively. The 2004 expenditures are primarily comprised of expansion of our manufacturing facilities in preparation for the transition away from the Allergan manufacturing agreement, capital expenditures at the acquired manufacturing facilities and construction of research and development facilities at our leased headquarters. We expect to incur significant capital expenditures with respect to the Uppsala, Sweden manufacturing facility during the next two years in order to separate the facility from existing Pfizer operations. The 2003 expenditures are primarily comprised of improvements to our leased headquarters, expansion of manufacturing facilities and a variety of other projects designed to improve productivity. We expect to invest a total of approximately \$15.0 million to \$20.0 million in property, plant and equipment in 2004. Expenditures for demonstration (demo) and bundled equipment, primarily phacoemulsification and microkeratome surgical equipment,

were \$5.1 million and \$5.4 million in the nine months ended September 24, 2004 and September 26, 2003, respectively. We maintain demo and bundled equipment to facilitate future sales of similar equipment and related products to our customers. We expect to invest a total of approximately \$6.0 million to \$8.0 million in demo and bundled equipment in 2004. Expenditures for capitalized internal-use software were \$0.7 million and \$0.2 in the nine months ended September 24, 2004 and September 26, 2003, respectively. We expect to invest a total of approximately \$1.0 million to \$3.0 million in capitalized internal-use software in 2004.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$450.3 million in the nine months ended September 24, 2004, which was primarily comprised of \$350.0 million of proceeds from the issuance of 2½% convertible senior subordinated notes due 2024 (Notes) and a \$250.0 term loan, partially offset by repayment of debt of \$138.2 million and financing related costs of \$16.6 million. Net cash used for financing activities was \$46.6 million in the nine months ended September 26, 2003, which was primarily comprised of \$162.4 million of long-term borrowings, partially offset by long-term debt repayments of \$205.0 million and financing related costs of \$7.3 million.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2004

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (Continued)

In June 2004, the following transactions occurred: our Japan subsidiary repaid its ¥2.5 billion, approximately \$22.4 million, term loan facility; we consummated the offering of \$350.0 million of the Notes; we consummated a tender offer to repurchase the remaining \$70.0 million aggregate principal amount of Senior Subordinated Notes; and we exchanged \$108.6 million aggregate principal amount of Existing Notes for common stock and cash. In addition, in June 2004 we amended and restated our senior credit facility to provide a \$250.0 million term loan and a \$100.0 million revolving credit facility. As of September 24, 2004, we did not have any borrowings outstanding under the revolving credit facility.

In the three months ended September 24, 2004, we exchanged an additional \$18.0 million aggregate principal amount of Existing Notes for approximately 1.0 million shares of common stock and repaid \$45.0 million of the term loan.

Our cash position includes amounts denominated in foreign currencies, and the repatriation of those cash balances from some of our non-U.S. subsidiaries will result in additional tax costs. However, these cash balances are generally available without legal restriction to fund ordinary business operations.

We believe that the expected net cash provided by our operating activities, supplemented as necessary with borrowings available under our senior credit facility and existing cash and equivalents, will provide sufficient resources to meet our working capital requirements, debt service and other cash needs over the next year.

We are partially dependent upon the reimbursement policies of government and private health insurance companies. Government and private sector initiatives to limit the growth of health care costs, including price regulation and competitive pricing, are continuing in many countries where we do business. As a result of these changes, the marketplace has placed increased emphasis on the delivery of more cost-effective medical therapies. While we have been unaware of significant price resistance resulting from the trend toward cost containment, changes in reimbursement policies and other reimbursement methodologies and payment levels could have an adverse effect on our pricing flexibility.

Additionally, the current trend among U.S. hospitals and other customers of medical device manufacturers is to consolidate into larger purchasing groups to enhance purchasing power. The enhanced purchasing power of these larger customers may also increase the pressure on product pricing, although we are unable to estimate the potential impact at this time.

Inflation. Although at reduced levels in recent years, inflation may cause upward pressure on the cost of goods and services used by us. The competitive and regulatory environments in many markets substantially limit our ability to fully recover these higher costs through increased selling prices. We continually seek to mitigate the adverse effects of inflation through cost containment and improved productivity and manufacturing processes.

Foreign currency fluctuations. Approximately 75% of our revenues for the nine months ended September 24, 2004 were derived from operations outside the United States, and a significant portion of our cost structure is denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, primarily the Japanese yen and the euro. Therefore, we are subject to fluctuations in sales and earnings reported in U.S. dollars as a result of changing currency exchange rates.

The impact of foreign currency fluctuations on sales was an \$8.9 million increase and a \$28.6 million increase for the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004, respectively, and a \$7.4 million increase and a \$32.5 million increase for the three and nine months ended September 26, 2003, respectively.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2004

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (Continued)

Contractual obligations. The following represents a list of our material contractual obligations and commitments as of September 24, 2004:

| (In millions) | Payments Due by Year | | | | | | Total |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------|-------|-------|--------|------------|---------|
| | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | Thereafter | |
| Long-term debt | \$ 1.0 | \$ 2.0 | \$2.1 | \$2.1 | \$99.4 | \$461.8 | \$568.4 |
| Lease obligations | 4.2 | 12.4 | 7.1 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 25.4 | 58.2 |
| IT services | 1.3 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 4.7 | | | 16.6 |
| Other purchase obligations, primarily purchases of inventory and capital equipment | 42.2 | 3.1 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.5 | | 47.1 |

CERTAIN FACTORS AND TRENDS AFFECTING AMO AND ITS BUSINESSES

Certain statements we made in this report and in other reports and statements released by us constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, such as comments which express our opinions about trends and factors which may impact future operating results. Disclosures that use words such as we believe, anticipate, expect and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from expectations. Any such forward-looking statements, whether made in this report or elsewhere, should be considered in context with the various disclosures made by us about our businesses including, without limitation, the factors discussed below:

WE MAY NOT SUCCESSFULLY MAKE OR INTEGRATE ACQUISITIONS OR ENTER INTO STRATEGIC ALLIANCES. As part of our business strategy, we intend to pursue selected acquisitions and strategic alliances and partnerships. We compete with other ophthalmic surgical products and eye care companies, among others, for these opportunities, and we cannot assure you that we will be able to effect strategic alliances, partnerships or acquisitions on commercially reasonable terms or at all. Even if we enter into these transactions, we may experience: delays in realizing the benefits we anticipate or we may not realize the benefits we anticipate at all; difficulties in integrating any acquired companies and products into our existing business; attrition of key personnel from acquired businesses; costs or charges; difficulties or delays in obtaining regulatory approvals; higher costs of integration than we anticipated; or unforeseen operating difficulties that require significant financial and managerial resources that would otherwise be available for the ongoing development or expansion of our existing operations. Consummating these transactions could also result in the incurrence of additional debt and related interest expense, as well as unforeseen contingent liabilities, all of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We may also issue additional equity in connection with these transactions, which would dilute our existing shareholders.

WE HAVE A SIGNIFICANT AMOUNT OF DEBT WHICH CONTAINS COVENANTS THAT MAY LIMIT OUR ACTIVITIES. This level of debt could limit cash flows available for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions and other corporate purposes, could limit our ability to obtain additional financing and could limit our flexibility to react to competitive or other changes in our industry, and to economic conditions generally. Our ability to comply with loan covenants and to repay or refinance our indebtedness will depend upon our future operating performance, which will be affected by general economic, financial, competitive, legislative, regulatory and other factors beyond our control.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2004

CERTAIN FACTORS AND TRENDS AFFECTING AMO AND ITS BUSINESSES (Continued)

WE MAY BE REQUIRED TO SATISFY CERTAIN INDEMNIFICATION OBLIGATIONS TO ALLERGAN, OR MAY NOT BE ABLE TO COLLECT ON INDEMNIFICATION RIGHTS FROM ALLERGAN. Under the terms of the contribution and distribution agreement, we and Allergan have each agreed to indemnify each other from and after the spin-off with respect to the indebtedness, liabilities and obligations retained by our respective companies. These indemnification obligations could be significant. The ability to satisfy these indemnities, if required to do so, will depend upon the future financial strength of each of our companies. We cannot determine whether we will have to indemnify Allergan for any substantial obligations, and we do not have control over or clear visibility to the settlement of certain claims and lawsuits which require partial indemnification by us, such as employment-related claims. We also cannot assure you that if Allergan is obligated to indemnify us for any substantial obligations, Allergan will have the ability to satisfy those obligations.

WE MAY BE RESPONSIBLE FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITIES THAT RELATE TO THE DISTRIBUTION OF OUR COMMON STOCK BY ALLERGAN. Allergan has received a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service to the effect that the spin-off qualified as a tax-free transaction. If either we or Allergan breach representations to each other or to the Internal Revenue Service, or if we or Allergan take or fail to take, as the case may be, actions that result in the spin-off failing to meet the requirements of a tax-free spin-off pursuant to Section 355 of the Internal Revenue Code, the party in breach will indemnify the other party for any and all resulting taxes. If we were required to pay any of the potential taxes described above, the payment would have a material adverse effect on our financial position.

WE FACE INTENSE COMPETITION AND OUR FAILURE TO COMPETE EFFECTIVELY COULD HAVE A MATERIAL ADVERSE EFFECT ON OUR PROFITABILITY AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS. The markets for our ophthalmic surgical device and eye care products are intensely competitive and are subject to rapid and significant technological change. Many of our competitors have substantially more resources and a greater marketing scale than we do. If we are unable to develop and produce or market our products to effectively compete against our competitors, our operating results will materially suffer. In addition, alternative vision correction solutions could reduce demand for our refractive intraocular lenses or could reduce contact lens use thereby reducing demand for our contact lens care products.

OUR BUSINESS IS SUBJECT TO EXTENSIVE GOVERNMENT REGULATION. Compliance with these regulations is expensive and time-consuming; and, if we fail to comply, we may be subject to fines, injunctions and penalties that could harm our business. Failure to obtain regulatory clearance or approvals of new products we develop, any limitations imposed by regulatory agencies on the use of new products or the costs of obtaining regulatory clearance or approvals could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, if we or our subcontractors fail to comply with applicable manufacturing regulations, our business could be harmed. Health care initiatives and other cost-containment pressures could cause us to sell our products at lower prices, resulting in less revenue to us.

WE COULD EXPERIENCE LOSSES DUE TO PRODUCT LIABILITY CLAIMS OR PRODUCT RECALLS OR CORRECTIONS. We have in the past been, and continue to be, subject to recalls and product liability claims. We have assumed the defense of any litigation involving claims related to our business and will indemnify Allergan for all related losses, costs and expenses. As part of our risk management policy, we have obtained third-party product liability insurance coverage. Product liability claims against us may exceed the

coverage limits of our insurance policies or cause us to record a self-insured loss. Even if any product liability loss is covered by an insurance policy, these policies have substantial retentions or deductibles that provide that we will not receive insurance proceeds until the losses incurred exceed the amount of those retentions or deductibles. To the extent that any losses are below these retentions or deductibles, we will be responsible for paying these losses. A product liability claim in excess of applicable insurance could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, business, financial position and results of operations.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2004

CERTAIN FACTORS AND TRENDS AFFECTING AMO AND ITS BUSINESSES (Continued)

WE CONDUCT A SIGNIFICANT AMOUNT OF OUR SALES AND OPERATIONS OUTSIDE OF THE UNITED STATES, WHICH SUBJECTS US TO ADDITIONAL BUSINESS RISKS, SUCH AS BUSINESS INTERRUPTION, INCREASED COSTS AND CURRENCY EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS, WHICH MAY CAUSE OUR PROFITABILITY TO DECLINE. Our three manufacturing sites are located outside the continental United States, in Añasco, Puerto Rico, Madrid, Spain, and Hangzhou, China. As a result of the Acquisition, we also have manufacturing and R&D facilities in Groningen, Netherlands, Uppsala, Sweden and Bangalore, India. In the nine months ended September 2004 and in fiscal year 2003, we derived approximately \$386.6 million, or 75% of our net sales, and \$448.0 million, or 74% of our total net sales, respectively, from sales of our products outside of the United States. In addition, in the nine months ended September 2004 and in fiscal year 2003 we derived approximately 26% and 27%, respectively, from our net sales in Japan. Our international operations are, and will continue to be, subject to a number of risks and potential costs, including: unexpected changes in foreign regulatory requirements; differing local product preferences and product requirements; fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates; political and economic instability; changes in foreign medical reimbursement and coverage policies and programs; diminished protection of intellectual property in some countries outside of the United States; trade protection measures and import or export licensing requirements; difficulty in staffing and managing foreign operations; differing labor regulations; and potentially negative consequences from changes in foreign tax laws. Any of these factors may, individually or as a group, have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations. In addition, we are particularly susceptible to the occurrence of any of these risks in Japan due to our high concentration of sales in Japan.

IF WE ARE UNABLE TO PROTECT OUR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS, OUR BUSINESS AND PROSPECTS MAY BE HARMED. Our ability to compete effectively is dependent upon the proprietary nature of the designs, processes, technologies and materials owned, used by or licensed to us. Although we attempt to protect our proprietary property, technologies and processes through a combination of patent law, trade secrets and non-disclosure agreements, these may be insufficient.

WE ARE SUBJECT TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LITIGATION AND INFRINGEMENT CLAIMS, WHICH COULD CAUSE US TO INCUR SIGNIFICANT EXPENSES OR PREVENT US FROM SELLING OUR PRODUCTS. There is a substantial amount of litigation over patent and other intellectual property rights in the eye care industry, and in the ophthalmic surgical device and contact lens care markets particularly. The fact that we have patents issued to us for our products does not mean that we will always be able to successfully defend our patents and proprietary rights against challenges or claims of infringement by our competitors. If someone claims that our products infringe their intellectual property rights, any resulting litigation could be costly and time consuming. Claims of intellectual property infringement also might require us to enter into costly royalty or license agreements. We also may be subject to significant damages or an injunction preventing us from manufacturing, selling or using our products.

OUR MANUFACTURING CAPACITY MAY NOT BE ADEQUATE TO MEET THE DEMANDS OF OUR BUSINESS. We manufacture our products or contract with third parties to manufacture our products. Our products are manufactured in quantities sufficient to satisfy our current level of product sales. If we experience increases in sales, we will need to increase our production beyond our present manufacturing capacity. Additionally, in June 2005 our manufacturing agreement with Allergan will terminate and we will be required to increase our manufacturing capacities or to contract with additional parties to manufacture our products. The

process to transfer manufacturing of our products to new facilities is lengthy and requires regulatory approval. We cannot assure you that we can successfully increase our capacity on a profitable basis, complete the regulatory approval process in a timely manner, or contract with additional parties on terms acceptable to us, if at all. Until we have transitioned all products manufactured by Allergan, our supply of eye care products is largely dependent on Allergan as a sole source supplier for our European and North American markets. Any prolonged disruption in the operation of our manufacturing facilities or those of our third party manufacturers could materially harm our business.

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Through the Acquisition, we acquired three manufacturing facilities, which are located in Groningen, Netherlands, Uppsala, Sweden and Bangalore, India. We expect to incur significant capital expenditures with respect to the Uppsala, Sweden manufacturing facility during the first two years following the Acquisition in order to separate the facility from existing Pfizer operations. These capital expenditures may be significantly higher than we expect. Although we have an agreement with Pfizer to assist us with the separation and related transition services, there can be no assurance that Pfizer will be able to provide the necessary services to enable us to transition and separate the Uppsala facility in the manner and in the time frame we desire.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We routinely monitor our risks associated with fluctuations in currency exchange rates and interest rates. We address these risks through controlled risk management that may include the use of derivative financial instruments to economically hedge or reduce these exposures. We do not expect to enter into financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Given the inherent limitations of forecasting and the anticipatory nature of the exposures intended to be hedged, there can be no assurance that such programs will offset more than a portion of the adverse financial impact resulting from unfavorable movements in either interest or foreign exchange rates. In addition, the timing of the accounting for recognition of gains and losses related to mark-to-market instruments for any given period may not coincide with the timing of gains and losses related to the underlying economic exposures and, therefore, may adversely affect our operating results and financial position.

To ensure the adequacy and effectiveness of our interest rate and foreign exchange hedge positions, we continually monitor, from an accounting and economic perspective, our interest rate swap positions and foreign exchange forward and option positions, when applicable, both on a standalone basis and in conjunction with our underlying interest rate and foreign currency exposures.

Interest rate risk. Our debt is comprised solely of domestic borrowings and is comprised of \$363.4 million of fixed rate debt and \$205.0 million of variable rate debt.

In July 2004, we entered into an interest rate swap agreement, which effectively converts the interest rate on \$125.0 million of term loan borrowings from a floating rate to a fixed rate. This interest rate swap matures in July 2006 and qualifies as a cash flow hedge. Changes in fair value of the interest rate swap agreement are recorded in other comprehensive income to the extent such changes are effective and as long as the cash flow hedge requirements are met. At September 24, 2004, the fair value of \$(1.0) million of the interest rate swap is recorded in Other liabilities in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet.

If interest rates were to increase or decrease by 1.0% for the year, annual interest expense would increase or decrease by approximately \$2.1 million.

The table below presents information about our debt obligations as of September 24, 2004:

| September 24, 2004 | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|------------|---------|-------------------|
| | 2004 | 2005 | Maturing in | | 2008 | Thereafter | Total | Fair Market Value |
| | | | 2006 | 2007 | | | | |
| (in thousands, except interest rates) | | | | | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Debt Obligations: | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed Rate | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | 350,000 | 350,000 | 373,695 |
| Weighted Average Interest Rate | | | | | | 2.50% | 2.50% | |
| Fixed Rate | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | 13,442 | 13,442 | 27,206 |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Weighted Average Interest Rate | | | | | | 3.50% | 3.50% | |
| Variable Rate | \$ 1,025 | \$ 2,050 | \$ 2,050 | \$ 2,050 | \$ 99,425 | 98,400 | 205,000 | 205,000 |
| Weighted Average Interest Rate | 3.96% | 3.96% | 3.96% | 3.96% | 3.96% | 3.96% | 3.96% | |
| Total Debt Obligations | \$ 1,025 | \$ 2,050 | \$ 2,050 | \$ 2,050 | \$ 99,425 | 461,842 | 568,442 | 605,901 |
| Weighted Average Interest Rate | 3.96% | 3.96% | 3.96% | 3.96% | 3.96% | 2.84% | 3.05% | |

Foreign currency risk. Overall, we are a net recipient of currencies other than the U.S. dollar and, as such, we benefit from a weaker dollar and are adversely affected by a stronger dollar relative to major currencies worldwide. Accordingly, changes in exchange rates, and in particular a strengthening of the U.S. dollar, may negatively affect our consolidated net sales and gross profit as expressed in U.S. dollars.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK (continued)

We may enter into foreign exchange option and forward contracts to reduce earnings and cash flow volatility associated with foreign exchange rate changes to allow management to focus its attention on its core business operations. Accordingly, we enter into contracts which change in value as foreign exchange rates change to economically offset the effect of changes in value of foreign currency assets and liabilities, commitments and anticipated foreign currency denominated sales and operating expenses. We enter into foreign exchange option contracts in amounts between minimum and maximum anticipated foreign exchange exposures, generally for periods not to exceed one year.

We use foreign currency option contracts, which provide for the sale of foreign currencies to offset foreign currency exposures expected to arise in the normal course of our business. While these instruments are subject to fluctuations in value, such fluctuations are anticipated to offset changes in the value of the underlying exposures. The principal currencies subject to this process are the Japanese yen and the euro.

The foreign currency options are entered into to reduce the volatility of earnings generated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, primarily earnings denominated in Japanese yen and the euro. As a result, the changes in the fair value of foreign currency option contracts are recorded through earnings as Unrealized (gain) loss on derivative instruments while any realized gains or losses on expired contracts are recorded through earnings as Other, net in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. The premium cost of purchased foreign exchange option contracts are recorded in Other current assets and amortized over the life of the options.

At September 24, 2004, the aggregate notional amounts and strike amounts of our outstanding yen and euro currency option contracts were \$33.5 million and 118.20 and \$27.3 million and 1.12, respectively. The notional principal amount provides one measure of the transaction volume outstanding as of the end of the period, and does not represent the amount of our exposure to market loss. The fair value of these foreign currency option contracts was \$0.3 million at September 24, 2004. The estimate of fair value is based on applicable and commonly used prevailing financial market information as of September 24, 2004. The amounts ultimately realized upon settlement of these financial instruments, together with the gains and losses on the underlying exposures, will depend on actual market conditions during the remaining life of the instruments.

NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In September 2004, the Emerging Issues Task Force finalized its consensus on EITF Issue No. 04-8, The Effect of Contingently Convertible Debt on Diluted Earnings Per Share (EITF 04-8). EITF 04-8 addresses when the dilutive effect of contingently convertible debt with a market price trigger should be included in diluted earnings per share (EPS). Under EITF 04-8, the market price contingency should be ignored and these securities should be treated as non-contingent, convertible securities and always included in the diluted EPS computation. EITF 04-8 requires these securities be included in diluted EPS using either the if-converted method or the net share settlement method, depending on the conversion terms of the security. EITF 04-8 is effective for all periods ending after December 15, 2004 and is to be applied by retrospectively restating previously reported EPS. We expect to irrevocably elect to cash settle the principal amount of the Notes and thus, the dilutive effect of the Notes would be calculated under the net share settlement method. Adoption of EITF 04-8 would not have an impact on reported EPS for the three and nine months ended September 24, 2004 or the three months ended September 26, 2003 as we reported a loss for all such periods. Adoption of EITF 04-8 would not have an impact on reported EPS for the nine months ended September 26, 2003 or the year ended December 31, 2003, as the impact of the Existing Notes is antidilutive.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information required to be disclosed in our periodic reports filed with the SEC. In addition, we evaluated our internal controls over financial reporting and there have been no changes during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(c) Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

Common Stock

During the quarter ended September 24, 2004, AMO issued an aggregate of 973,619 shares of common stock to a limited number of holders of AMO's 3½% Convertible Senior Subordinated Notes due 2023 (the 3½% convertible notes) in exchange for approximately \$18.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 3½% convertible notes in privately negotiated transactions. The issuance of the shares of common stock was made in reliance on Section 3(a)(9) of the Act.

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Advanced Medical Optics, Inc.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

(d) Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer

The following sets forth the amount of 3½% convertible notes acquired by AMO during the quarter ended September 24, 2004:

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

| Period | (a) Total Number of Shares or Units Purchased | (b) Average Price Paid per Share or Unit | (c) Total Number of Shares or Units Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | (d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares or Units that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| June 26, 2004 | \$ 2,996,000 | 48.69 shares of common stock for each \$1,000 principal amount of notes and accrued and unpaid interest thereon | None | None |
| July 30, 2004 | | | | |
| July 31, 2004 | None | | None | None |
| August 27, 2004 | | | | |
| August 28, 2004 | \$ 15,000,000 | 48.69 shares of common stock for each \$1,000 principal amount of notes and accrued and unpaid interest thereon | None | None |
| September 24, 2004 | | | | |

Item 6. Exhibits

- 10.1 First Amendment to Advanced Medical Optics, Inc. 2002 Employee Stock Purchase Plan.
- 10.2 First Amendment to Advanced Medical Optics, Inc. 2002 International Stock Purchase Plan.
- 10.3 Updated Schedule of Parties to the Employment Agreement
- 31.1 Certification of James V. Mazzo pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Richard A. Meier pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1

Certification of James V. Mazzo and Richard A. Meier pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 1, 2004

ADVANCED MEDICAL OPTICS, INC.
/s/ RICHARD A. MEIER

Richard A. Meier
(Principal Financial Officer)
/s/ ROBERT F. GALLAGHER

Robert F. Gallagher
(Principal Accounting Officer)

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EXHIBIT INDEX

| | |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
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| 32.1 | Certification of James V. Mazzo and Richard A. Meier pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |