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TRINITY LEARNING CORP  
Form 10QSB/A  
June 14, 2004

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-QSB/A  
(Amendment No. 1)

Quarterly Report under Section 13 or 15 (d) of  
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2004

Commission File No. 0-8924

Trinity Learning Corporation  
(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

Utah  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

73-0981865  
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

1831 Second Street, Berkeley, California 94710  
(Address of principal executive offices)

(510) 540-9300  
(Issuer's telephone number)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by sections 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or such shorter period that the issuer was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

As of May 7, 2004, 27,728,466 shares of the issuer's Common Stock, no par value per share, were outstanding.

TRINITY LEARNING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Throughout this report, we refer to Trinity Learning Corporation, together with its subsidiaries, as "we," "us," "our company," "Trinity" or "the Company."

THIS FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2004, CONTAINS FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, INCLUDING STATEMENTS ABOUT THE CONTINUED STRENGTH OF OUR BUSINESS AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR FUTURE GROWTH. IN SOME CASES, YOU CAN IDENTIFY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS BY TERMINOLOGY SUCH AS MAY, WILL, SHOULD, EXPECT, PLAN, INTEND, ANTICIPATE, BELIEVE, ESTIMATE, PREDICT, POTENTIAL OR CONTINUE, THE NEGATIVE OF SUCH TERMS OR OTHER COMPARABLE TERMINOLOGY. WE BELIEVE THAT OUR EXPECTATIONS ARE REASONABLE AND ARE BASED ON REASONABLE ASSUMPTIONS. HOWEVER, SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS BY THEIR NATURE INVOLVE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES.

WE CAUTION THAT A VARIETY OF FACTORS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING, COULD CAUSE OUR BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED IN FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS: OUR ABILITY TO SUCCESSFULLY INTEGRATE TOUCHVISION, INC. ("TOUCHVISION"), RIVER MURRAY TRAINING

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PTY LTD ("RMT"), TRINITY LEARNING AS (F/K/A VIRTUAL LEARNING PARTNERS AS) SA ("VILPAS"), AND OUR MAJORITY INTERESTS IN AYRSHIRE TRADING LIMITED ("AYRSHIRE") AND DANLAS LIMITED ("DANLAS"); DETERIORATION IN CURRENT ECONOMIC CONDITIONS; OUR ABILITY TO PURSUE BUSINESS STRATEGIES; PRICING PRESSURES; CHANGES IN THE REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT; OUTCOMES OF PENDING AND FUTURE LITIGATION; OUR ABILITY TO ATTRACT AND RETAIN QUALIFIED PROFESSIONALS; INDUSTRY COMPETITION; CHANGES IN INTERNATIONAL TRADE; MONETARY AND FISCAL POLICIES; OUR ABILITY TO INTEGRATE FUTURE ACQUISITIONS SUCCESSFULLY; AND OTHER FACTORS DISCUSSED MORE FULLY IN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND RISK FACTORS BELOW, AS WELL AS IN OTHER REPORTS SUBSEQUENTLY FILED FROM TIME TO TIME WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION. WE ASSUME NO OBLIGATION TO UPDATE ANY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS.

### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

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Consolidated Balance Sheets March 31, 2004, and June 30, 2003.

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income

Three and Nine Months Ended March 31, 2004 and 2003.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Three and Nine Months

Ended March 31, 2004 and 2003

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### TRINITY LEARNING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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### PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Trinity Learning Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheet

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	March 31, 2004 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2004
	-----	-----
Assets		
-----		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 971,849	\$
Accounts Receivable, net	3,919,391	
Interest Receivable	-	
Prepaid Expense and Other Assets	360,951	
	-----	-----
Total Current Assets	5,252,191	
	-----	-----
Property & Equipment (Note 3)		
Furniture & Equipment	1,408,553	
Accumulated Depreciation	(253,058)	
	-----	-----
Net Property & Equipment	1,155,495	
	-----	-----
Intangible Asset		
Goodwill (Note 2)	1,914,881	
Technology-Based Asset, net (Notes 2 and 4)	2,150,794	
	-----	-----
Net Intangible Assets	4,065,675	
Note Receivable (Note 7)	-	
Restricted Cash (Note 2)	500,000	
Prepaid Acquisition Costs	89,081	
Other Assets	249,408	
	-----	-----
Total Assets	\$ 11,311,850	\$ 11,311,850
	=====	=====
Liabilities, Minority Interest and Stockholders' Equity		
-----		
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,538,840	\$
Accrued Expenses	1,278,347	
Interest Payable	-	
Deferred Revenue (Note 1)	645,934	
Notes Payable - Current (Note 9)	575,234	
Notes Payable-Related Parties (Notes 8 and 9)	2,732,420	2,732,420
	-----	-----
Current Liabilities	7,770,775	7,770,775
	-----	-----
Notes Payable-Long Term (Notes 8 and 9)	240,074	
	-----	-----
Total Liabilities	8,010,849	8,010,849
	-----	-----
Minority Interest	68,494	
	-----	-----
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred Stock, 10,000,000 Shares at No Par Value; No Shares Issued and Outstanding	-	
Common Stock, 100,000,000 Shares Authorized at No Par Value, 27,665,966 and 14,956,641 shares Issued and Outstanding, Respectively	15,412,641	15,412,641
Conditionally redeemable common stock, 4,500,000 and 0 shares, respectively, at No Par Value	2,750,000	
Accumulated Deficit	(15,015,580)	(15,015,580)

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Subscription Receivable		-	
Other Comprehensive Loss		85,446	
		-----	-----
Total Stockholders' Equity		3,232,507	(1)
		-----	-----
Total Liabilities, Minority Interest and Stockholders' Equity	\$	11,311,850	\$ 1
		=====	=====

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Trinity Learning Corporation and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statement of Operations

	For Three Months Ended on March 31		For Nine Months March
	2004	2003	2004
	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)
	-----	-----	-----
Revenue			
Sales Revenue	\$ 4,280,305	\$ 95,192	\$ 7,442,802
Cost of Sales	(1,476,997)	-	(2,526,528)
	-----	-----	-----
Gross Profit	2,803,308	95,192	4,916,274
	-----	-----	-----
Expenses			
Salaries & benefits	2,993,436	369,222	5,211,883
Professional fees	282,402	252,907	843,088
Selling, general & administrative	906,423	104,039	2,238,386
Depreciation & amortization	289,462	3,229	745,582
	-----	-----	-----
Total Expense	4,471,723	729,397	9,038,939
	-----	-----	-----
Loss from Operations	(1,668,415)	(634,205)	(4,122,665)
	-----	-----	-----
Other Income (Expense)			
Interest Expense, net	(72,699)	(30,287)	(107,521)
Foreign Currency Gain(Loss)	520	-	(4,463)
	-----	-----	-----
Total Other Income (Expense)	(72,179)	(30,287)	(111,984)
	-----	-----	-----
Minority Interest	(443,560)	-	(407,982)
	-----	-----	-----
Loss Before Taxes	(1,297,034)	(664,492)	(3,826,667)
Taxes	-	-	-
	-----	-----	-----
Net Loss	\$ (1,297,034)	\$ (664,492)	\$ (3,826,667)
	=====	=====	=====
Net Loss Per Common Share			
Basic	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.17)

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	=====	=====	=====
Diluted	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.17)
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	26,103,667	9,194,774	21,920,228
	=====	=====	=====

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Trinity Learning Corporation and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Three Months ended on March 31,		Three Months Ended on March 31,	
	2004 (Unaudited)	2003	2004 (Unaudited)	2003
	----- Before Tax Amount		----- After Tax Amount	
Net Loss	\$ (1,297,034)	\$ (664,492)	\$ (1,297,034)	\$ (664,492)
Foreign Currency Translation Gain	151,573	-	151,573	-
Comprehensive Loss	----- \$ (1,145,461)	----- \$ (664,492)	----- \$ (1,145,461)	----- \$ (664,492)
	=====	=====	=====	=====

	Nine Months ended on March 31,		Nine Months Ended on March 31,	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	----- Before Tax Amount		----- After Tax Amount	
Net Loss	\$ (3,826,667)	\$ (1,701,754)	\$ (3,826,667)	\$ (1,701,754)
Foreign Currency Translation Gain	85,444	-	85,444	-
Comprehensive Loss	----- \$ (3,741,223)	----- \$ (1,701,754)	----- \$ (3,741,223)	----- \$ (1,701,754)
	=====	=====	=====	=====

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Trinity Learning Corporation and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the Nine Months En  
2004  
(Unaudit  
-----

Cash flows from operating activities:

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Net loss		\$	(3,826,667)	\$
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization			745,582	
Non-cash effect for business acquisitions and divestiture			620,518	
Foreign currency translation loss			4,463	
Minority interest			(407,982)	
Stock compensation			194,777	
Changes in current assets and liabilities, net of business acquired and business sold:				
Accounts receivable			262,317	
Interest receivable			41	
Prepaid expenses and other assets			(333,294)	
Accounts payable, deferred revenue and accrued expenses			1,310,800	
Interest payable			20,097	
			-----	
Net cash used by operating activities			(1,409,348)	
			-----	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Payment for business acquisitions and divestiture, net of cash acquired			(3,187,301)	
Capital expenditures			(186,593)	
			-----	
Net cash used by investing activities			(3,373,894)	
			-----	
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Repayments under short-term notes			(500,000)	
Borrowing under short-term notes			793,247	
Payments for financing fees			(462,815)	
Conversion of bridge loan to common stock			836,000	
Exercise of warrants and options			28,848	
Proceeds from sale of common stock			4,973,300	
			-----	
Net cash provided by financing activities			5,668,580	
			-----	
Net increase in cash			885,338	
Cash at beginning of period			86,511	
			-----	
Cash at end of period		\$	971,849	\$
			=====	
Supplemental information:				
Issuance of common stock for business acquisitions		\$	975,000	\$
			=====	
Issuance of convertible redeemable common stock		\$	2,750,000	\$
			=====	
Cancellation of common stock and convertible notes payable pursuant to the sale of CBL		\$	(2,722,151)	\$
			=====	
Cancellation of subscriptions receivable		\$	(35,000)	\$
			=====	

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Trinity Learning Corporation and Subsidiaries  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
(Unaudited)  
March 31, 2004

## NOTE 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Overview

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and related notes have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-QSB and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. These financial statements include the accounts of Trinity and its consolidated subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated in consolidation.

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and related notes thereto included in the Company's Transition Report on Form 10-KSB for the transition period from October 1, 2002 to June 30, 2003. On August 6, 2003, our board of directors approved a change in our fiscal year-end from September 30 to June 30 to align with those of the companies we had already acquired or were at that time in the process of acquiring. The results of operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2004, are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full year and future operating results may not be comparable to historical operating results due to our September 1, 2003 acquisitions of TouchVision, Inc. ("TouchVision"); River Murray Training Pty Ltd ("RMT"); and 51% of the issued and outstanding shares of Ayrshire Trading Limited ("Ayrshire"), as well as our December 1, 2003 acquisition of Danlas Limited ("Danlas") and March 1, 2004 acquisition of Trinity Learning AS ("VILPAS"). Ayrshire owns 95% of the issued and outstanding shares of Riverbend Group Holdings (Pty.) Ltd. ("Riverbend"). These companies are collectively referred to as Riverbend. Danlas owns 51% of IRCA (Proprietary) Limited ("IRCA"). These companies are collectively referred to as IRCA.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments that are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented.

The preparation of the Company's unaudited interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles necessarily requires it to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet dates and the reported amounts of revenues and costs during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. On an ongoing basis, the Company reviews its estimates based on information that is currently available. Changes in facts and circumstances may cause the Company to revise its estimates.

### Income (Loss) Per Common Share

Basic earnings (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) available for common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per common share ("DEPS") is computed giving effect to all dilutive potential shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of conditionally redeemable shares, stock

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options and warrants. DEPS is computed by dividing net income (loss) available for common stockholders by the weighted-average common shares and dilutive potential common shares that were outstanding during the period. Shares from the conversion of the conditionally redeemable stock, and exercise of the outstanding options and warrants were not included in the computation of DEPS, because their inclusion would have been antidilutive for the nine months ended March 31, 2004.

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In accordance with the disclosure requirements of Statement of Accounting Standards No. 128 ("SFAS 128"), "Earnings per Share," a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of basic and diluted income (loss) per common share is provided as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2004	2003	
	----	----	
Numerator-Basic			
Net (loss) available for common stockholders	\$ (1,297,394)	\$ (664,492)	\$ (
Denominator-Basic			
Weighted-average common stock outstanding	26,103,667	9,194,774	2
Basic (loss) per share	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.07)	\$
Numerator-Diluted			
Net (loss) available for common stockholders	\$ (1,297,394)	\$ (664,492)	\$ (
Denominator-Diluted			
Weighted-average common stock outstanding	26,103,667	9,194,774	2
Effect of dilutive securities			
Conditionally redeemable common stock	-	-	
Stock options	-	-	
Warrants	-	-	
Diluted (loss) per share	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.07)	\$

### Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets represents advanced billings to clients in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts. As of March 31, 2004 and June 30, 2003, deferred revenue was \$645,934 and \$0, respectively. The Company anticipates that substantially all such amounts will be earned over the next twelve months.

### Stock-Based Compensation

In January 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 148 ("SFAS 148"), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure." SFAS 148 amends FASB Statement 123 ("SFAS 123"), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," to provide alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, SFAS 148 amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS 123 to require prominent disclosure in both annual and interim financial statements of the method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method used on reported results. SFAS 148 is effective for fiscal years, including interim periods beginning after December 15, 2002, and thus, this disclosure is included in the table below. SFAS 148 also requires disclosure of



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pro-forma results on the interim basis as if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123. The Company implemented the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation during the transition period from October 1, 2002 to June 30, 2003. See Note 11-Stock Option Plan.

### Goodwill and Other Intangibles Resulting from Business Acquisitions (In Part)

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 142 ("SFAS 142"), "Goodwill and other Intangible Assets," at the beginning of fiscal 2003. As required, the Company identified its reporting units and the amounts of goodwill, other intangible assets, and other assets and liabilities allocated to those reporting units. This Statement addresses the accounting and reporting of goodwill and other intangible assets subsequent to their acquisition. SFAS No.142 provides that (i) goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets will no longer be

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amortized, (ii) impairment will be measured using various valuation techniques based on discounted cash flows, (iii) goodwill will be tested for impairment at least annually at the reporting unit level, (iv) intangible assets deemed to have an indefinite life will be tested for impairment at least annually, and (v) intangible assets with finite lives will be amortized over their useful lives.

SFAS No. 142 requires that goodwill be tested for impairment upon adoption of the Statement, as well as annually thereafter. The Company completed its transitional goodwill impairment test during the third quarter of 2004 and had no impairment losses. Other intangible assets deemed to have an indefinite life are tested for impairment by comparing the fair value of the asset to its carrying amount. The Company does not have other intangible assets with indefinite lives. See Note 2 "Acquisitions and Divestitures" for more information.

### Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In June 2002, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 146 ("SFAS 146"), "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." SFAS 146 replaces Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Issue No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (Including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring)" in its entirety and addresses significant issues relating to recognition, measurement and reporting costs associated with an exit or disposal activity, including restructuring activities. Under EITF Issue No. 94-3, a liability is recognized, measured and reported as of the date of an entity's commitment to an exit plan. Pursuant to SFAS 146, a liability is recorded on the date on which the obligation is incurred and should be initially measured at fair value. SFAS 146 is effective for exit or disposal activities initiated after December 31, 2002. The Company adopted SFAS 146 on July 1, 2003. See Note 2 - Acquisitions and Divestitures.

EITF Consensus Issue No.00-21 ("EITF 00-21"), "Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables" was first discussed at the July 2000 EITF meeting and was issued in February 2002. Certain revisions to the scope of the language were made and finalized in May 2003. EITF 00-21 addresses the accounting for multiple element revenue arrangements, which involve more than one deliverable or unit of accounting in circumstances, where the delivery of those units takes place in different accounting periods. EITF 00-21 requires disclosures of the accounting policy for revenue recognition of multiple element revenue arrangements and the nature and description of such arrangements. The accounting and reporting

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requirements are effective for revenue arrangements entered into in fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2003. The Company has completed its initial evaluation and adoption of EITF 00-21 does not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements. The Company continues its evaluation to determine whether the reporting requirements of EITF 00-21 will impact the Company's financial statements in the future.

In May 2003, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 150 ("SFAS 150"), "Accounting for Certain Instruments with Characteristics of Both Liabilities and Equity." SFAS 150 establishes standards for how an issuer classifies and measures certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. It requires that an issuer classify a financial instrument that is within its scope as a liability (or an asset in some circumstances). SFAS 150 is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and otherwise is effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. As permitted, the Company adopted SFAS 150 on September 1, 2003 and adoption of SFAS 150 did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2003 financial statements and notes to conform to the 2004 presentation with no effect on consolidated net loss, equity or cash flows as previously reported.

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### NOTE 2 - ACQUISITIONS AND DIVESTITURES

On September 1, 2003, we completed the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding shares of TouchVision. In consideration for the TouchVision shares, we issued an aggregate of 1,250,000 restricted shares of our common stock, of which 312,500 shares are subject to the terms of an escrow agreement as collateral for the indemnification obligations of the former TouchVision shareholders. We also agreed to loan to TouchVision the sum of \$20,000 per month for the twelve-month period following closing, to be used for working capital. We had previously loaned TouchVision the sum of \$50,000 in June and July, 2003 by way of bridge financing pending completion of the acquisition. In connection with the acquisition, TouchVision entered into substantially similar employment agreements with each of Messrs. Gregory L. Roche and Larry J. Mahar, the former principals of TouchVision, which have a term of two years and provide for annual salaries of \$120,000. In conjunction with the acquisition of TouchVision, we issued 735,000 stock options pursuant to the 2002 Stock Plan at \$0.50 per share. On October 1, 2003, we advanced \$150,000 to pay off a loan payable to a bank, which was guaranteed by the Small Business Administration.

On September 1, 2003, we completed the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding shares of RMT. In consideration for the shares of RMT we issued 700,000 restricted shares of our common stock, of which 350,000 shares are subject to the terms of an escrow agreement as collateral for the indemnification obligations of the former RMT shareholders. We also loaned US\$49,000 to RMT for the purpose of repaying outstanding loans advanced to RMT by its former shareholders.

On September 1, 2003, we completed the acquisition of 51% of the issued and outstanding shares of Ayrshire that owns 95% of Riverbend. We also acquired the option to purchase the remaining 49% of Ayrshire. In consideration for the Ayrshire shares, we issued a convertible non-interest-bearing promissory note in the amount of \$20,000, which amount is convertible from time to time but no

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later than December 30, 2006 into a maximum of 2,000,000 shares of our common stock, which has been recorded as conditionally redeemable common stock in stockholders' equity at \$0.50 per share. Of these shares, up to 400,000 may be withheld in satisfaction for any breach of warranties by the former shareholders of Ayrshire. The Ayrshire shares are subject to escrow and pledge agreements will be reconveyed to the former shareholders in the event of a default by us of certain terms and conditions of the acquisition agreements, including, among other things, a voluntary or involuntary bankruptcy proceeding involving us or the failure by us to list our shares of common stock on a major stock exchange by December 30, 2006.

As further consideration for the Ayrshire shares, we agreed to make a non-interest-bearing loan of \$1,000,000 to Ayrshire, \$300,000 of which was advanced at closing of the acquisition and \$700,000 was advanced on November 3, 2003. We may exercise an option to acquire the remaining 49% of Ayrshire in consideration for the issuance of 1,500,000 shares of our common stock, subject to certain adjustments.

On December 1, 2003, we completed the acquisition of all the issued and outstanding shares of Danlas, a British Virgin Islands Company that owns 51% of IRCA. IRCA operates in South Africa, England and the United States through various operating subsidiaries. Danlas also holds options to acquire the remaining 49% of IRCA. In consideration for the Danlas shares, the Company (i) issued three convertible promissory notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$40,000 and convertible under certain conditions into a maximum of 4,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock, (ii) agreed to advance \$700,000 in cash to establish an international sales force, (iii) provided \$500,000 for certain bank guarantees and, (iv) provided certain future profit thresholds are met, agreed to issue up to an additional 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The first promissory note for \$20,000 convertible to 2,500,000 shares has been classified as conditionally redeemable common stock at \$0.50 per share. The remaining \$20,000 in promissory notes has been classified as intercompany note payable and eliminated in the consolidation of the Company and its subsidiaries at March 31, 2004. On May 13, 2004, Musca notified us of their intention to convert two of the promissory notes for 51% and 23.9 % of the ownership of IRCA.

On March 1, 2004, we completed the acquisition of all the issued and outstanding shares of VILPAS (f/k/a Virtual Learning Partners AS). In consideration for the VILPAS shares we issued a convertible non-interest-bearing promissory note in the principal amount of \$500,000, which note is convertible from time to time but no later than August 5, 2005 into a maximum of 1,000,000 shares of our common stock, which has been recorded as conditionally redeemable common stock in stockholders' equity at \$0.50 per share. Of these shares, up to 20% may

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be withheld in satisfaction for any breach of warranties by the former shareholders of VILPAS. The VILPAS shares are subject to escrow and pledge agreements and will be reconveyed to the former shareholders in the event of a default by us of certain terms and conditions of the acquisition agreements, including, among other things, a voluntary or involuntary bankruptcy proceeding involving us or the failure by us to list our shares of common stock on a major stock exchange by February 5, 2005, subject to a six-month extension in the event a listing application is in process on such date. On May 11, 2004, VILPAS notified us of their intention to convert the promissory note.

Purchased Intangible Assets

Changes in the net carrying amount of goodwill for the nine months ended March

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31, 2004 are as follows:

Balance as of June 30, 2003	\$ (524,800)
Goodwill acquired during the period	\$1,914,881
Goodwill divested during the period	\$ (524,800)
Balance as of March 31, 2004	\$1,914,881

The Company completed its first transitional goodwill impairment test during the third quarter of 2004 and had no impairment losses.

The values assigned to the technology-based intangible assets are considered appropriate based on independent valuations. The technology-based intangible assets are being amortized over varying periods, as indicated by independent valuations, using the straight-line method. The following table sets forth the Company's acquired other intangible assets at March 31, 2004 and June 30, 2003, which will continue to be amortized:

	2004			2003	
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization
Amortizable other intangible assets:					
Trade names and trademarks	\$ 429,841	\$ 22,390	\$ 407,451	\$ -	\$ -
Backlog	448,000	74,479	373,521	3,882	-
Current and Core Technology	414,579	48,395	366,184	584,002	16,000
Distributor Agreements	253,000	26,833	226,167	-	-
Customer Relationships	609,728	33,182	576,546	-	-
Other intangibles	222,894	21,969	200,925	5,628	-
Total	\$2,378,042	\$ 227,248	\$2,150,794	\$ 593,512	\$ 16,000

### Divestitures

In December, 2003, we sold our interests in CBL Global Corporation ("CBL Global") and its Australian subsidiaries (collectively "CBL") to Messrs. Scammell and Kennedy, the former owners of CBL. In conjunction with the management buyout, we entered into a Settlement Agreement with respect to our litigation with CBL. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, we conveyed all of our interest in CBL back to the former owners in exchange for surrender and cancellation of 3,000,000 shares of Company stock issued to them in connection with acquisition of CBL and the cancellation of \$1,000,000 in convertible notes payable to them. Also, as a result of the divestiture, \$222,151 owed by CBL Global to Messrs. Kennedy and Scammell is no longer an obligation of the Company.

### Pro Forma Results

The operating results of CBL, TouchVision, RMT, Danlas and our interest in Ayrshire have been included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition forward and, for CBL, up to the date of divestiture. Accordingly, CBL business' results of operations were included from

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October 1, 2002 to December 22, 2003. The business results of operations of RMT, TouchVision and Ayrshire are included for the period September 1, 2003 through March 31, 2004. The business results of operations for Danlas are included for the period December 1, 2003 through March 31, 2004. The business results for VILPAS will not be included for March 2004 until the fourth quarter 2004 as its activity was de minimus to the Company's overall operating results.

The following unaudited pro forma financial information presents the combined results of operations of the Company and TouchVision, RMT, Danlas and our interest in Ayrshire as if these acquisitions had occurred at July 1, 2002. In December 2003, we completed the sale of our interest in CBL to the former owners of CBL. Accordingly, CBL's business operating results are not included in the Company's combined unaudited pro forma financial information for the three and nine month periods ended March 31, 2004, and 2003, respectively. The unaudited pro forma financial information is not intended to represent or be indicative of the consolidated results of the operations of the Company that would have been reported had these acquisitions been completed as of the dates presented, nor should it be taken as a representation of the future consolidated results of operations of the Company.

	Three Months Ended March 31		Nine Months March
	2004	2003	2004
	----	----	----
Revenues	\$ 4,098,199	\$ 4,001,089	\$ 11,471,661
Operating Profit (Loss)	\$ (757,204)	\$ (324,829)	\$ (2,710,270)
Net Loss Available for Common Stockholders	\$ (885,644)	\$ (561,935)	\$ (3,168,635)
Net Loss per Common Share			
Basic	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.14)
Diluted	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.14)

### Finalization of Purchase Price

Certain information necessary to complete the purchase accounting for VILPAS is not yet available, including the completion of an independent valuation of its intangible assets. Purchase accounting will be finalized upon receipt of this independent valuation.

### NOTE 3 - FIXED ASSETS

The Company capitalizes furniture and equipment purchases in excess of \$5,000 or at lower amounts based on local jurisdiction. Capitalized amounts are depreciated over the useful life of the assets using the straight-line method of depreciation. Scheduled below are the assets, cost, and accumulated depreciation at March 31, 2004 and June 30, 2003, respectively and depreciation expense for the nine months ended March 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

	Asset Cost		Depreciation Expense		Accumulate
	3/31/04	6/30/03	3/31/04	3/31/03	3/31/04
Furniture & Equipment	\$ 1,408,553	\$ 53,385	\$ 406,503	\$ 5,675	\$ 253,058

### NOTE 4 - TECHNOLOGY-BASED INTANGIBLE ASSETS

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The Company capitalized technology-based intangible assets in its acquisitions of CBL, TouchVision, RMT, Danlas and Ayrshire ("acquisitions"). The amounts capitalized were equal to the difference between the consideration paid for acquisitions including any liabilities assumed and the value of the other assets acquired, as indicated by independent valuations. Other assets were valued at the current value at the date of the acquisitions including the net value of fixed assets, historical price less accumulated depreciation, of \$1,102,000. The technology-based

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intangible assets are being amortized over varying periods, as indicated by independent valuations, using the straight-line method. Scheduled below is the asset cost and accumulated amortization at March 31, 2004 and June 30, 2003, respectively, and amortization expense for the nine months ended March 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively:

	Asset Cost		Depreciation Expense		Accumulate 3/31/04
	3/31/04	6/30/03	3/31/04	3/31/03	
Intangible Asset	\$ 2,378,042	\$ 593,512	\$ 339,079	\$ -	\$ 227,248

### NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Total rental expense included in operations for operating leases for the nine months ended March 31, 2004 and 2003, amounted to \$463,260 and \$30,029, respectively. Certain lease rentals are subject to renewal options and escalation based upon property taxes and operating expenses. These operating lease agreements expire at varying dates through 2008.

Total Minimum Lease Commitments as of March 31, 2004:

Calendar Year	Amount
-----	-----
2004	\$ 832,884
2005	856,040
2006	422,426
2007	273,186
Thereafter	680,940
Total	\$ 3,065,476
	=====

### NOTE 6 - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On September 12, 2003, we filed a Complaint in the United States District Court for the District of Utah, Central Division, against CBL Global (f/k/a CBL Acquisition Corporation), and Robert Stephen Scammell, the sole shareholder of CBL-California, (Case No. 2:03CV00798DAK) alleged, among other things, that Scammell and CBL-California provided us with misstated financial statements prior to our merger in October 2002 with CBL-California and CBL Global. On September 18, 2003, we filed a First Amended Complaint and Jury Demand, which added as defendants CBL Global and Brian Kennedy, the sole shareholder of CBL-Australia. The First Amended Complaint alleged causes of action for violations of Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule

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10b-5 promulgated there under, for violations of Section 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, for declaratory relief and breach of contract, for common law fraud, and for negligent misrepresentation.

The First Amended Complaint alleged, among other things, that the defendants were advised by CBL-California's accountant on September 18, 2002 that CBL-California's financial statements were misstated, and alleged that new restated financial statements were issued on September 19, 2002. The First Amended Complaint alleged, however, that the restated financial statements were not provided to us prior to the October 1, 2002 closing of the merger.

In December, 2003, we sold our interests in CBL Global and its Australian subsidiaries (collectively "CBL") to Messrs. Scammell and Kennedy, the former owners of CBL. In conjunction with the management buyout, we entered into a Settlement Agreement with respect to our litigation with CBL. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, we conveyed all of our interest in CBL back to the former owners in exchange for surrender and cancellation of 3,000,000 shares of Company stock issued to them in connection with acquisition of CBL and the cancellation of \$1,000,000 in convertible notes payable to them. Also, as a result of the divestiture, \$222,151 owed by CBL Global to Messrs. Kennedy and Scammell is no longer an obligation of the Company.

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### NOTE 7 - NOTES RECEIVABLE

On June 5, 2003, we agreed to lend TouchVision \$50,000 in two equal installment of \$25,000 each. Interest accrued on the unpaid principal amount of the note at a rate equal to six percent per year. Interest accrued under the note is paid annually, with the first payment due June 5, 2004. All unpaid principal and interest are due June 29, 2005. At June 30, 2003, \$25,000 had been advanced to TouchVision and accrued interest totaled \$41. Subsequent to the TouchVision acquisition on September 1, 2003, this note receivable along with accrued interest thereon was reclassified to intercompany notes receivable and intercompany notes payable. Accordingly, these balances are eliminated in consolidation of the Company and its subsidiaries at March 31, 2004.

### NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

From time to time, Ms. McPherson and Ms. Hayman, officers of RMT, have advanced funds to RMT. The current balance of \$15, 234 is due December 31, 2004 and accrues interest at a rate of 6% per annum.

From time to time, certain shareholders of IRCA have advanced funds to IRCA. Of the current balance of \$2,326,021, \$750,000 is non-interest bearing and due June 30, 2004; \$40,000 is non-interest bearing and has no fixed terms of repayment and the remaining amount due of \$1,536,021 has no fixed terms of repayment and bears interest at a Republic of South Africa Bank prime rate.

On December 17, 2003, amended on March 1, 2004, we entered into an agreement with Titan Aviation Ltd ("Titan"), a Guernsey company, for the purpose of having Titan act as a representative of IRCA. Mr. Martin Steynberg, a member of our board of directors, is the managing director of Titan. Mr. Steynberg is a shareholder in IRCA Investments (Proprietary) Limited which owns 49% of IRCA. Under the revised terms of the agreement, we will pay Titan four million rand or approximately \$600,000 in May 2004.

On December 15, 2003, the Company's Board of Directors approved a payment of

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\$64,315 to Mr. William D. Jobe, a member of our board of directors, as compensation for merger and acquisition services associated with our acquisition of TouchVision.

From time to time certain shareholders of Riverbend have advanced funds to Riverbend. The current balance of \$392,179 is non-interest bearing and there are no fixed terms for repayment.

On July 15, 2002, Trinity entered in a two-year Advisory Agreement with Granite Creek Partners, LLC ("GCP") (formerly Kings Peak Advisors, LLC) with automatic renewal for a 12-month period. Under the terms of the Advisory Agreement, GCP agreed to provide the Company with general corporate, financial, business development and investment advisory services on a non-exclusive basis. GCP is a private company whose principals are Douglas Cole and Edward Mooney, who are officers and directors of Trinity, and Mr. Swindells. The Advisory Agreement was suspended in August 2003.

The Advisory Agreement provided that GCP would be compensated for its various advisory services as follows: (i) for general corporate advisory services, an initial retainer of \$25,000 and a fee of \$20,000 per month throughout the term of the agreement, payable, at GCP's option, in shares of common stock at a price per share equal to \$0.025; (ii) for financial advisory services, a fee based on 10% of the gross proceeds of any equity financings and/or 1.5% of any gross proceeds of debt financings that are completed by underwriters or placement agents introduced by GCP, as well as any fees which may be due to GCP for its assistance in identifying prospective investors pursuant to terms and conditions of offering memoranda issued by the Company; (iii) for merger and acquisition services involving a transaction resulting from a contact provided by GCP, a sliding fee based on a percentage of the value of the transaction, subject to an additional \$100,000 bonus in the event the transaction is valued at \$3,000,000 or more; (iv) in respect of general business development advisory services, a fee to be negotiated with GCP based upon certain agreed-upon fee parameters between the parties; and (v) in respect of debt, credit or leasing facilities, a fee to be negotiated on a case-by-case basis.

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Trinity acknowledged that it was indebted to GCP for prior services rendered since April 1, 2002 in the amount of \$30,000, up to 50% of which amount is payable, at GCP's option, in shares of common stock at a price per share of \$0.025. The total number of shares of common stock issuable to GCP under the Advisory Agreement may not exceed 4,400,000 shares. Through March 31, 2004, GCP had earned a total of \$315,000 under the Advisory Agreement, \$110,000 of which was converted into 4,400,000 shares of common stock in March 2003. Of the balance of \$205,000, \$203,469 has been paid to GCP, leaving a balance owing at March 31, 2004 of \$1,531.

On July 31, 2002, amended on January 1, 2004, we entered into an Advisory Agreement with European American Securities, Inc. ("EAS") pursuant to which EAS agreed to provide financial advisory and investment banking services to the Company. Through March 31, 2004, EAS had earned a total of \$807,716 under the Advisory Agreement. Of the balance of \$807,716, \$431,421 has been paid to EAS and \$125,000 or 250,000 shares was paid to EAS in the Company's common stock in January 2004, leaving a balance owing at March 31, 2004 of \$376,295.

On August 8, 2002, Trinity formalized a Debt Conversion Agreement with Global Marketing Associates, Inc. ("GMA"), holder of a convertible promissory note (the "GMA Note") in the principal amount of \$166,963, pursuant to which the principal amount of the note, along with accrued interest thereon, was made convertible,



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under certain conditions, into 3,200,000 shares of common stock. The GMA Note was originally issued in November 2000 to the Company's former attorneys and was subsequently acquired by Pacific Management Services, Inc., who assigned the note to GMA; both entities are unrelated to Trinity. GMA subsequently assigned the right to acquire 2,600,000 of the 3,200,000 shares of common stock into which the note is convertible, to several persons, comprising Messrs. Cole, Mooney, Swindells and EAS. Pursuant to the assignment, Messrs. Cole and Mooney each acquired the right to acquire 600,000 shares of the common stock into which the GMA Note is convertible and Mr. Swindells acquired the right to acquire 1,000,000 shares. Fifty percent of the shares issuable upon the conversion of the GMA Note are subject to a two-year lock-up provision that restricts transfer of such shares without prior written consent of Trinity's board of directors. As of March 31, 2004, 3,200,000 shares of our common stock had been issued pursuant to the terms of the GMA Note.

From time to time, since inception of our current operating strategy, Mr. Swindells has provided short-term working capital loans on a non-interest bearing basis. The principal may be converted into such other debt or equity securities financings that we may issue in private offerings while the loan is outstanding. In September 2003, we repaid \$500,000 on the \$925,000 note balance then outstanding. In November 2003, the remaining balance of \$425,000 was converted in to 850,000 shares of common stock and issued to Mr. Swindells.

### NOTE 9 - NOTES PAYABLE

On March 31, 2004, notes payable to accredited investors and related parties totaled \$3,546,531 as compared with \$2,147,151 at June 30, 2003. The notes bear interest between the rates of 0% and 12% per annum, some of which are secured by our common stock. Certain notes are convertible into the Company's common stock.

The Company has the following notes payable obligations:

	March 31, 2004
	-----
Note payable to related parties; see Note 8 for due date, plus interest payable at 6% per annum.	\$ 15,234
Unsecured note payable to a related party, IRCA Investments, non-interest bearing, see Note 8 for due dates.	750,000
Unsecured note payable to a related party, IRCA Investments, non-interest bearing and no fixed terms of repayment, see Note 8.	40,000
Unsecured notes payable to a related party, IRCA Investments, has no fixed terms of repayment and bear interest at a rate of prime. See Note 8.	1,536,021

Unsecured notes payable, due to Hong Kong Credit Union, due February 5, 2005 and bears interest at 12% per annum.	250,000
Senior Convertible Bridge Notes, due in twelve months and bear interest	

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at 7% per annum. See Note 10.	310,000
Unsecured notes payable, due to Riverbend shareholders, has no fixed terms of repayment and is non-interest bearing. See Note 8.	392,179
Borrowings under revolving line of credit issued by a bank, plus interest payable at prime plus 2.625%.	99,950
Borrowings under revolving line of credit issued by a bank, plus interest payable at prime plus 6.75%.	34,042
Borrowings under revolving line of credit issued by a third party creditor, plus interest payable at prime plus 1.99%.	12,419
Notes payable to third party individuals, due September 1, 2006, plus interest payable at 10% per annum.	93,649
Unsecured convertible notes payable due on December 1, 2003, see Note 8.	-
Note payable to bank due October 29, 2004, plus interest payable annually at 9.5%, secured by vehicle.	14,234
Unsecured notes payable to a related party, see Note 6.	-
Convertible notes payable to a related party, see Note 6.	-
	-----
Total Notes Payable	3,547,728
Less: Current Maturities	575,234
	-----
Related Parties and Long Term Notes Payable	\$ 2,972,494
	=====

NOTE 10 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Between June and October 2003, we received subscriptions to our May 2003 Private Placement Memorandum ("May 2003 PPM") totaling \$4,973,300 from outside investors to purchase 4,973,300 units at a price of \$1.00 per unit. Each unit entitles the holder to two shares of our common stock and two three year warrants, each to purchase an additional share of common stock for \$1.00 per share. If all warrants are fully exercised by the holder of such warrants, a bonus warrant will be issued entitling the holder to purchase one additional share of common stock for \$2.00. In connection with the May 2003 Private Placement, we issued to various financial advisors, 567,160 additional shares of our common stock and five-year warrants to purchase 200,050 shares of our common stock.

We completed the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding shares of TouchVision. In consideration for the TouchVision shares, we issued an aggregate of 1,250,000 restricted shares of our common stock, of which 312,500 shares are subject to the terms of an escrow agreement as collateral for the indemnification obligations of the former TouchVision shareholders.

We completed the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding shares of RMT. In consideration for the shares of RMT we issued 700,000 restricted shares of our common stock, of which 350,000 shares are subject to the terms of an escrow agreement as collateral for the indemnification obligations of the former RMT shareholders.

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We completed the acquisition of 51% of the issued and outstanding shares of Ayrshire that owns 95% of Riverbend. We also acquired the option to purchase the remaining 49% of Ayrshire. In consideration for the Ayrshire shares, we issued a convertible non-interest-bearing promissory note in the amount of US\$20,000, which amount is convertible from time to time, but no later than December 30, 2006, into a maximum of 2,000,000 restricted shares of our common stock, which has been recorded as conditionally redeemable common stock in stockholders' equity at \$0.50 per share. Of these shares, up to 400,000 may be withheld in satisfaction for any breach of warranties by the former shareholders of Ayrshire. The Ayrshire shares are subject to escrow and pledge agreements will be reconveyed to the former shareholders in the event of a default by us of certain terms and conditions of the acquisition agreements, including, among other things, a voluntary or involuntary bankruptcy proceeding involving us or the failure by us to list our shares of common stock on a major stock exchange by December 30, 2006.

On December 1, 2003, we completed the acquisition of all the issued and outstanding shares of Danlas, a British Virgin Islands Company that owns 51% of IRCA. Danlas also holds options to acquire the remaining 49% of IRCA. In consideration for the Danlas shares, the Company (i) issued three convertible promissory notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$40,000 and convertible into a maximum of 4,500,000 shares, under certain conditions, of the Company's common stock, (ii) agreed to advance \$700,000 in cash to establish an international sales force, (iii) provided \$500,000 for certain bank guarantees and, (iv) provided certain future profit thresholds are met, agreed to issue up to an additional 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The first promissory note for \$20,000 convertible to 2,500,000 shares has been classified as conditionally redeemable common stock at \$0.50 per share. The remaining \$20,000 in promissory notes has been classified as intercompany note payable and eliminated in the consolidation of the Company and its subsidiaries at March 31, 2004. On May 13, 2004, Musca notified us of their intention to convert two of the promissory notes for 51% and 23.9% of the ownership of IRCA.

On March 1, 2004, we completed the acquisition of all the issued and outstanding shares of VILPAS.. In consideration for the VILPAS shares we issued a convertible non-interest-bearing promissory note in the principal amount of \$500,000, which note is convertible from time to time but no later than August 5, 2005 into a maximum of 1,000,000 shares of our common stock, which has been recorded as conditionally redeemable common stock in stockholders' equity at \$0.50 per share. Of these shares, up to 20% may be withheld in satisfaction for any breach of warranties by the former shareholders of VILPAS. The VILPAS shares are subject to escrow and pledge agreements will be reconveyed to the former shareholders in the event of a default by us of certain terms and conditions of the acquisition agreements, including, among other things, a voluntary or involuntary bankruptcy proceeding involving us or the failure by us to list our shares of common stock on a major stock exchange by February 5, 2005, subject to a six-month extension in the event a listing application is in process on such date. On May 11, 2004, VILPAS notified us of their intention to convert the promissory note.

In December 2003, we completed the sale of our interests in CBL Global and CBL to the former owners of CBL. In conjunction with the management buyout, we entered into a Settlement Agreement with respect to our litigation with CBL as described in our 10KSB filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. We acquired CBL from its former owners in October 2002. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, we have conveyed all our interest in CBL back to the former owners in exchange for surrender and cancellation of all shares of Trinity stock issued to them in connection with the acquisition of CBL and the of approximately \$1,000,000 in convertible notes payable to them.

From time to time, since inception of our current operating strategy, Mr.

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Swindells has provided short-term working capital loans on a non-interest bearing basis. The principal may be converted into such other debt or equity securities financings that we may issue in private offerings while the loan is outstanding. In September 2003, we repaid \$500,000 on the \$925,000 note balance then outstanding. In November 2003, the remaining balance of \$425,000 was converted into 850,000 shares of common stock and issued to Mr. Swindells.

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On July 31, 2002, amended on January 1, 2004, we entered into an Advisory Agreement with EAS pursuant to which EAS agreed to provide financial advisory and investment banking services to the Company. Through March 31, 2004, EAS had earned a total of \$807,716 under the Advisory Agreement of which, \$125,000 or 250,000 shares was paid to EAS in the Company's common stock in January 2004.

Through May 7, 2004, we had received subscriptions to our January 2004 offering of up to \$3,000,000 Senior Convertible Bridge Notes (the "Notes") totaling \$1,146,000. The Notes mature in twelve months plus accrued interest at a rate of 7% per annum. The Notes are convertible at 80% of the "Next Equity Financing" offering price or at \$0.60 per share if converted prior to May 15, 2004. As of March 31, 2004 \$836,000 plus accrued interest had been converted to 1,652,892 shares of common stock. Financing fees payable at March 31, 2004 are \$114,600.

Finally, 100,000 and 40,721 shares of the Company's common stock were issued to Mr. Ron Posner and TN Capital Equities, Inc. for finders' fees for the Riverbend and IRCA acquisitions and for fundraising, respectively. During the quarter 437,500 shares of the Company's common stock were issued at \$1.67 per share for the exercise of warrants resulting in gross proceeds to the Company of \$28,125.

### NOTE 11 - STOCK OPTION PLAN

On December 2, 2002, at a special meeting of our shareholders, the 2002 Stock Plan was approved. The Plan allowed for a maximum aggregate number of shares that may be optioned and sold under the plan of (a) 3,000,000 shares, plus (b) an annual 500,000 increase to be added on the last day of each fiscal year beginning in 2003 unless a lesser amount is determined by the board of directors. The plan became effective with its adoption and remains in effect for ten years unless terminated earlier. On December 30, 2003, the board of directors amended the 2002 Stock Plan to allow for a maximum aggregate number of shares that may be optioned and sold under the plan of (a) 6,000,000 shares, plus (b) an annual 1,000,000 increase to be added on the last day of each fiscal year beginning in 2004 unless a lesser amount is determined by the board of directors. Options granted under the plan vest 25% on the day of the grant and the remaining 75% vests monthly over the next 36 months.

The following schedule summarizes the activity during the three months ended March 31, 2004.

	2002 STOCK PLAN	
	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
	-----	-----
Outstanding at December 31, 2003	3,542,000	\$ 0.23
Options Granted	375,000	0.50
Options Exercised	(14,452)	0.05
Options Canceled	(262,548)	0.24

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Options Outstanding at March 31, 2004	3,640,000	\$ 0.36
Options Exercisable at March 31, 2004	1,616,432	\$ 0.33

The following schedule summarizes the activity during the nine months ended March 31, 2004.

2002 STOCK PLAN		
	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at June 30, 2003	2,447,000	\$ 0.23
Options Granted	2,035,000	0.50
Options Exercised	(14,452)	0.05
Options Canceled	(827,548)	0.26
Options Outstanding at March 31, 2004	3,640,000	\$ 0.36
Options Exercisable at March 31, 2004	1,616,432	\$ 0.33

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In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards Number 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," option expense of \$17,434 and \$194,777 was recognized for the three months and nine months ended March 31, 2004, respectively:

	March 31, 2004
Five-Year Risk Free Interest Rate	3.05%
Dividend Yield	Nil
Volatility	Nil
Average Expected Term (Years to Exercise)	5

Stock options outstanding and exercisable under 2002 Stock Plan as of March 31, 2004 are as follows:

Range of Exercise Price	Number of Options Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Number of Options Vested
\$0.05	575,000	\$0.05	3.5	356,027
\$0.25	800,000	\$0.25	3.7	460,411
\$0.50	2,265,000	\$0.50	4.5	799,993

There are 2,360,000 options available for grant at March 31, 2004.

NOTE 12 - GOING CONCERN

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Our financial statements are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. Currently, we do not have significant cash or other material assets, nor do we have an established source of revenues sufficient to cover our operating costs and to allow us to continue as a going concern. We do not currently possess a financial institution source of financing and we cannot be certain that our existing sources of cash will be adequate to meet our liquidity requirements. However, we have undertaken the following to meet our liquidity requirements:

- (a) Seek additional funding through senior convertible bridge notes to raise sufficient funds to continue operations and fund its ongoing development, merger and acquisition activities. In January 2004, we commenced a \$3,000,000 offering of senior convertible bridge notes to accredited investors, the proceeds of which will be used for (i) corporate administration, (ii) the expansion of subsidiary operations, and (iii) expenses and funds advanced for acquisitions in 2003.
- (b) Generate sufficient cash flow to sustain and grow subsidiary operations and, if possible, create excess cash flow for corporate administrative expenses through our operating subsidiaries; and
- (c) Identify prospective acquisition targets with sufficient cash flow to fund subsidiary operations, as well as potentially generating operating cash flow that may sustain corporate administrative expenses.

Trinity's future capital requirements will depend on its ability to successfully implement these initiatives and other factors, including our ability to maintain our existing customer base and to expand our customer base into new geographic markets, and overall financial market conditions in the United States and other countries where we will seek prospective investors.

If the proposed merger between us and ProsoftTraining, a Nevada corporation is completed, it is anticipated that the merger will improve liquidity in the merged company's stock. However, if the merger is not completed, we may be required to pay certain termination fees and the price of our common stock may decline. Furthermore, we have and will incur significant costs related to the merger, such as legal, accounting and some of the fees and expenses of financial advisors, which costs must be paid even if the merger is not completed. Regardless of whether the merger is completed, we anticipate that we will still continue to seek additional funding through private placements, conversion of outstanding loans and payables into common stock, development of the business of our newly-

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acquired subsidiaries, collections on accounts receivable, and through additional acquisitions that have sufficient cash flow to fund subsidiary operations. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in obtaining more debt and/or equity financing in the future or that our results of operations will materially improve in either the short- or the long-term. If we fail to obtain such financing and improve our results of operations, we will be unable to meet our obligations as they become due. That would raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

### NOTE 13 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On February 23, 2004, we announced that we had entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") with ProsoftTraining, a Nevada corporation ("Prosoft"), and MTX Acquisition Corp., a Utah corporation and a

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wholly-owned subsidiary of Prosoft (the "Merger Sub"), pursuant to which the Merger Sub will be merged with and into the Company, with the Company continuing as the surviving corporation wholly-owned by Prosoft (the "Merger"). Upon completion of the Merger, holders of Company common stock will be entitled to receive one (1) share (the "Exchange Ratio") of Prosoft common stock for each share of Company common stock held by them. Prosoft will assume all outstanding options to purchase shares of Company common stock, which will become exercisable to purchase the number of shares of Prosoft common stock at the exercise price as adjusted by the Exchange Ratio. The Merger is intended to be a tax-free reorganization under Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The consummation of the Merger is subject to the approval of the stockholders of each of the Company and Prosoft, effectiveness of the Form S-4 Registration Statement to be filed by Prosoft, regulatory approvals, satisfactory agreements with certain creditors and other customary closing conditions. We anticipate that a joint proxy statement and registration statement on Form S-4 will be filed by Prosoft in the near future.

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### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Our fiscal year ends on June 30. This management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations and other portions of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB contain forward looking information that involves risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated by this forward looking information. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed or referred to in the Transition Report on Form 10-KSB for the period ended June 30, 2003, filed on November 17, 2003, under the heading Information Regarding Forward-Looking Statements and elsewhere. Investors should review this quarterly report on Form 10-QSB in combination with our Transition Report on Form 10-KSB in order to have a more complete understanding of the principal risks associated with an investment in our common stock. This management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this document.

#### General

We commenced a strategy in 2002 to acquire operating companies in strategic markets that have developed proprietary technology-enabled learning, training and certification services targeted at major customers in worldwide industries. Our mission is to become a leading global learning solution corporation through acquisition, business development and strategic relationships. We earn revenues from selling our services to medium to large companies and organizations that provide workforce training and certification to employees and post-secondary students. The principal components of our costs of sales are labor costs for employees who are directly involved in providing services to clients. Other costs of sales include expenses associated with specific projects including materials and incidental expenses. Operating expenses include salaries and benefits for management, administrative, marketing and sales personnel, research and development, occupancy and related overhead costs.

Following our initial acquisition of CBL, and related companies, discussed below, our corporate development efforts in 2003 were concentrated on the identification of additional acquisition candidates including due diligence,

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negotiation of terms and conditions, and the development of integration and financing strategies for each acquisition. We have also focused on raising growth capital through private placements to be used as working capital for Trinity and our subsidiaries. On September 1 and December 1, 2003 and March 1, 2004, respectively, we completed the following five non-related acquisitions. Additional information concerning these transactions and the various companies involved were filed on Forms 8-K.

### TouchVision (California)

We completed the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding shares of TouchVision, Inc., a California corporation ("TouchVision") that is in the business of providing technology-enabled information and learning systems to healthcare providers, financial services companies and other industry segments. In consideration for the TouchVision shares, we issued an aggregate of 1,250,000 restricted shares of our common stock, of which 312,500 shares are subject to the terms of an escrow agreement as collateral for the indemnification obligations of the former TouchVision shareholders. We also agreed to loan to TouchVision the sum of \$20,000 per month for the twelve-month period following closing, to be used for working capital. We had previously loaned TouchVision the sum of \$50,000 in June and July, 2003 by way of bridge financing pending completion of the acquisition. In connection with the acquisition, TouchVision entered into substantially similar employment agreements with each of Messrs. Gregory L. Roche and Larry J. Mahar, the former principals of TouchVision, which have a term of two years and provide for annual salaries of \$120,000. On October 1, 2003, we advanced \$150,000 to TouchVision the proceeds of which were used to pay off a loan payable to a bank, which was guaranteed by the Small Business Administration.

### River Murray Training Pty. Ltd. (Australia)

We completed the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding shares of River Murray Training Pty Ltd ("RMT") an Australian company that is in the business of providing workplace training programs for various segments of the food production industry, including viticulture and horticulture. In consideration for the shares of

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RMT we issued 700,000 restricted shares of our common stock, of which 350,000 shares are subject to the terms of an escrow agreement as collateral for the indemnification obligations of the former RMT shareholders. We also loaned US\$49,000 to RMT for the purpose of repaying outstanding loans advanced to RMT by its former shareholders.

### Riverbend Group Holdings (Proprietary) Limited (South Africa)

We completed the acquisition of 51% of the issued and outstanding shares of Ayrshire Trading Limited, a British Virgin Islands company ("Ayrshire") that owns 95% of Riverbend Group Holdings (Proprietary) Limited ("Riverbend"), a South African company that provides learning services to corporations and individuals in South Africa. We also acquired the option to purchase the remaining 49% of Ayrshire. In consideration for the Ayrshire shares, we issued a convertible non-interest-bearing promissory note in the amount of US\$20,000, which amount is convertible from time to time, but no later than December 30, 2006, into a maximum of 2,000,000 restricted shares of our common stock, which has been recorded as conditionally redeemable common stock in stockholders' equity at \$0.50 per share. Of these shares, up to 400,000 may be withheld in satisfaction for any breach of warranties by the former shareholders of Ayrshire. The Ayrshire shares are subject to escrow and pledge agreements will



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be reconveyed to the former shareholders in the event of a default by us of certain terms and conditions of the acquisition agreements, including, among other things, a voluntary or involuntary bankruptcy proceeding involving us or the failure by us to list our shares of common stock on a major stock exchange by December 30, 2006.

As further consideration for the Ayrshire shares, we agreed to make a non-interest-bearing loan of U.S. \$1,000,000 to Ayrshire, \$300,000 of which was advanced at closing and the remaining \$700,000 was advanced on November 3, 2003. We may exercise an option to acquire the remaining 49% of Ayrshire in consideration for the issuance of 1,500,000 shares of our common stock, subject to certain adjustments.

In connection with the Riverbend acquisition, we agreed to appoint Mr. Arthur Kidson to our board of directors, to serve until our next annual meeting. In addition, we agreed to invite Mr. Nigel Tattersal to attend all meetings of our board of directors as an observer until our next annual meeting. Messrs. Kidson and Tattersal are both principals of Riverbend.

### IRCA

On December 1, 2003, we completed the acquisition of all the issued and outstanding shares of Danlas, a British Virgin Islands Company that owns 51% of IRCA (Proprietary) Limited ("IRCA"), a South African company specializing in corporate learning, certification and risk mitigation in the area of safety, healthy environment and quality assurance ("SHEQ"). IRCA operates in South Africa, England and the United States through various operating subsidiaries. Danlas also holds options to acquire the remaining 49% of IRCA.

In consideration for the Danlas shares, the Company (i) issued three convertible promissory notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$40,000 and convertible into a maximum of 4,500,000 shares, under certain conditions, of the Company's common stock, (ii) agreed to advance \$700,000 in cash to establish an international sales force, (iii) provided \$500,000 for certain bank guarantees and, (iv) provided certain future profit thresholds are met, agreed to issue up to an additional 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The first promissory note for \$20,000 convertible to 2,500,000 shares has been classified as conditionally redeemable common stock at \$0.50 per share. The remaining \$20,000 in promissory notes has been classified as intercompany note payable and eliminated in the consolidation of the Company and its subsidiaries at March 31, 2004. On May 13, 2004, Musca notified of their intention to convert two of the promissory notes for 51% and 23.9 % of the ownership of IRCA.

### VILPAS

On March 1, 2004, we completed the acquisition of all the issued and outstanding shares of Trinity Learning AS (f/k/a Virtual Learning Partners AS) SA ("VILPAS"), a learning services company headquartered in Oslo, Norway. Among its various business development initiatives, VILPAS is a majority owner of FunkWeb, also headquartered in Oslo. FunkWeb is a leading provider of workplace training and retraining for disabled persons. In conjunction with national and local employment programs, FunkWeb has a successful track record in providing

disabled persons with skills, certifications and job placement services primarily related to information technologies, web-based systems, and computing

In consideration for the VILPAS shares, we issued a convertible non-interest-bearing promissory note in the principal amount of \$500,000, which

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note is convertible from time to time but no later than August 5, 2005 into a maximum of 1,000,000 shares of our common stock, which has been recorded as conditionally redeemable common stock in stockholders' equity at \$0.50 per share. Of these shares, up to 20% may be withheld in satisfaction for any breach of warranties by the former shareholders of VILPAS. The VILPAS shares are subject to escrow and pledge agreements will be reconveyed to the former shareholders in the event of a default by us of certain terms and conditions of the acquisition agreements, including, among other things, a voluntary or involuntary bankruptcy proceeding involving us or the failure by us to list our shares of common stock on a major stock exchange by February 5, 2005, subject to a six-month extension in the event a listing application is in process on such date. On May 11, 2004, VILPAS notified us of their intention to convert the promissory note.

Competency Based Learning, Inc.

In December 2003, we completed the sale of our interests in CBL Global Corporation ("CBL Global") and its Australian subsidiaries (collectively "CBL") to the former owners of CBL. In conjunction with the management buyout, we entered into a Settlement Agreement with respect to our litigation with CBL as described in our 10KSB filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. We acquired CBL from its former owners in October 2002. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, we have conveyed all our interest in CBL back to the former owners in exchange for surrender and cancellation of all shares of Trinity stock issued to them in connection with the acquisition of CBL and the approximately \$1,000,000 in convertible notes payable to them. Also as a result of the divestiture, \$222,151 owed by CBL Global to Messrs. Kennedy and Scammell is no longer an obligation of the Company. We made the decision to divest our company of CBL following our acquisition in the autumn of 2003 of the four companies described above. Continued operation of CBL would have required significant cash infusion on behalf of the Company. Through IRCA, Trinity will continue to market CBL-related workplace learning content and products in Africa.

On February 23, 2004, we announced that we had entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") with ProsoftTraining, a Nevada corporation ("Prosoft"), and MTX Acquisition Corp., a Utah corporation and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Prosoft (the "Merger Sub"), pursuant to which the Merger Sub will be merged with and into the Company, with the Company continuing as the surviving corporation wholly-owned by Prosoft (the "Merger"). Upon completion of the Merger, holders of Company common stock will be entitled to receive one (1) share (the "Exchange Ratio") of Prosoft common stock for each share of Company common stock held by them. Prosoft will assume all outstanding options to purchase shares of Company common stock, which will become exercisable to purchase the number of shares of Prosoft common stock at the exercise price as adjusted by the Exchange Ratio. The Merger is intended to be a tax-free reorganization under Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The consummation of the Merger is subject to the approval of the stockholders of each of the Company and Prosoft, effectiveness of the Form S-4 Registration Statement to be filed by Prosoft, regulatory approvals, satisfactory agreements with certain creditors and other customary closing conditions. We anticipate that a joint proxy statement and registration statement on Form S-4 will be filed by Prosoft in the near future.

### Change in Fiscal Year

On August 6, 2003, our board of directors approved a change in our fiscal

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year-end from September 30 to June 30 to align it with those of the companies we had already acquired or were at that time in the process of acquiring. The information presented in Transition Report on Form 10-KSB relates to the transition period October 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003.

Results for nine months of fiscal year 2004 reflect seven months' results of operations for the three companies we recently acquired on September 1, 2003 and four months' results of operations for the company we acquired on December 1, 2003. The business results for VILPAS will not be included for March, 2004 until the fourth quarter 2004 as its activity was de minimus to the Company's overall operating results CBL's activity is reflected for the period July 1, 2003 through December 22, 2003.

Revenues from our clients were \$7,442,802 for the first nine months of fiscal year 2004, compared with \$164,660 for the same nine months ended March 31, 2003. Of the total increase in revenues from our clients, approximately \$7,274,900 was due to the four acquisitions described above that we made during the first nine months of fiscal year 2004.

We believe that the acquisitions we completed in the first nine months of fiscal year 2004 will shift our business in the direction of markets that we believe offer good growth potential for the Company.

### Results of Operations

#### Third Quarter Ended March 31, 2004 Compared to March 31, 2003

Our gross sales revenues were \$4,280,305 for the quarter ended March 31, 2004, as compared to \$95,192, the amount we reported for the quarter ended March 31, 2003. The significant increase is due to the acquisition, in September 2003, of Trinity's interests in TouchVision, RMT and Riverbend and, in December 2004, of IRCA. The period in 2003 comprises revenues of CBL, which was at that time Trinity's sole operating subsidiary. The business results for VILPAS will not be included for March, 2004 until the fourth quarter 2004 as its activity was de minimus to the Company's overall operating results.

Costs of sales for the quarter ended March 31, 2004, which consist of labor and hardware costs, and other incidental expenses, increased by \$1,476,997, as compared to \$0 for the same period last year resulting in gross profit of \$2,808,308 for the quarter ended March 31, 2004 as compared to \$95,192 for the same period last year. These increases in both cost of sales and gross profit were due to and associated with increased revenues resulting from the acquisitions completed by Trinity in September and December 2003.

Operating expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2004 were \$4,471,723 as compared to \$729,397 for the quarter ended March 31, 2003. The increase in operating expenses was primarily due to salaries and benefits costs which increased \$2,624,214, selling general and administrative expense which increased \$802,384, and depreciation and amortization costs which increased \$286,233. The increase is largely due to the acquisition of the new subsidiaries (\$3.5 million), development of an international sales force (\$0.4 million) and the exclusion of CBL (\$0.4 million). Net interest expense for the quarter ended March 31, 2004 increased by \$42,412 and includes \$62,578 in interest expense incurred by the new subsidiaries.

We reported net loss available for common shareholders of \$1,297,034, or \$0.05 per share on a diluted basis, for the quarter ended March 31, 2004, compared with a net loss of \$664,492, or \$0.07 per share on a diluted basis, for the same period last year.

#### Nine Months Ended March 31, 2004 Compared to March 31, 2003

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Our gross sales revenues were \$7,442,802 for the nine months ended March 31, 2004, as compared to \$164,660, the amount we reported for the nine months ended March 31, 2003. This significant increase in revenues is due to the

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acquisition, in September 2003 of Trinity's interests in TouchVision, RMT and Riverbend, and in December 2003, of our interest in IRCA. The period in 2003 comprises six months revenue of CBL which was Trinity's sole operating subsidiary in that period. The period in 2004 includes seven months of revenue from TouchVision, RMT and Riverbend, and four months of revenue from Trinity's interest in IRCA. Revenues of CBL, which was sold by Trinity effective December 22, 2003, were included through such date. The business results for VILPAS will not be included for March, 2004 until the fourth quarter 2004 as its activity was de minimus to the Company's overall operating results.

Costs of sales, which consist of labor and hardware costs, and other incidental expenses, were \$2,526,528 for the nine months ended March 31, 2004 as compared to \$0 for the same period in the prior year, resulting in gross profit of \$4,916,274 for the nine months ended March 31, 2004, as compared to \$164,660 for the nine months ended March 31, 2003. These increases in both costs and gross profit were due to and associated with increased revenues resulting from the acquisitions completed by Trinity in September and December 2003.

Operating expenses for the nine months ended March 31, 2004 were \$9,038,939, as compared to \$1,799,244 for the nine month period ended March 31, 2003. This increase was due primarily to a significant increase in salaries and benefits with increased \$4,538,882 from \$673,001 for the nine-month period ended March 31, 2003 to \$5,211,883 for the nine-month period ended March 31, 2003. The increase is largely due to the acquisition of the new subsidiaries (\$3.5 million), expansion of the global sales force (\$0.4 million), and the addition of finance, administrative and executive staff (\$0.8 million) in support of the new operating strategy.

Other significant increases in operating expenses resulted from increases in selling, general and administrative expense, and depreciation and amortization expense. Selling, general and administrative expense of \$2,238,386 for the nine-months ended March 31, 2004 increased \$1,876,154 from \$362,232 for the nine months ended March 31, 2003. Selling, general and administrative costs attributable to the new subsidiaries totaled \$1,904,063. Selling, general and administrative costs attributable to the establishment of an international sales force totaled \$396,685. Depreciation and amortization expense increased from \$5,675 for the nine months ended March 31, 2003 to \$745,582 for the nine months ended March 31, 2004. Included in the increase of \$739,907 is \$339,079 attributable to amortization of intangible assets and \$400,828 attributable to depreciation expense, both as a result of the acquisitions of TouchVision, RMT, Riverbend and IRCA.

We reported net loss available for common shareholders of \$3,826,667, or \$0.17 per share on a diluted basis, for the nine months ended March 31, 2004, compared with a net loss of \$1,701,754 or \$0.25 per share on a diluted basis, for the same period last year.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our expenses are currently greater than our revenues. We have a history of losses, and our accumulated deficit as of March 31, 2004 was \$15,015,580, as compared to \$11,188,913 as of June 30, 2003.

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At March 31, 2004, we had a cash balance of \$971,849 compared to \$86,511 at June 30, 2003. Net cash used by operating activities during the nine months ended March 31, 2004 was \$1,409,348, attributable primarily to our loss from operations of \$3,826,667. Included in cash used by operating activities were payments for accounting and insurance of \$393,000. Net cash generated by financing activities was \$5,668,580 for the nine months ended March 31, 2004 representing the net of borrowings and repayments under short-term notes of \$293,247 plus \$5,838,148 in proceeds from issuance of common stock, conversion of bridge loans to common stock and the exercise of warrants and options, less financing fees of \$462,815. Of these funds, an aggregate of \$2,090,700 was advanced to our subsidiaries; \$500,000 was pledged as a letter of credit to IRCA; \$492,250 was paid for financing related legal fees and sales commissions; \$1,023,100 was paid for acquisition related legal and financial advisor fees; \$500,000 was repaid on short-term promissory notes to a related party; and \$130,000 was paid for other financial advisory fees.

Accounts receivable increased from \$42,719 at June 30, 2003 to \$3,919,391 at March 31, 2004. This increase is due to receivables owed to the four subsidiaries we acquired during the autumn of 2003.

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Accounts payable increased from \$391,872 at June 30, 2003 to \$2,538,840 at March 31, 2004. This increase is attributable to expenses incurred in connection with our acquisitions, and our continuing corporate expansion during the year.

As a professional services organization we are not capital intensive. Capital expenditures historically have been for computer-aided instruction, accounting and project management information systems and general-purpose computer equipment to accommodate our growth. Capital expenditures, excluding purchases financed through capital lease, during the first nine months of fiscal years 2004 and 2003 were \$186,593 and \$12,834, respectively.

Currently, we do not have significant cash or other material assets, nor do we have an established source of revenues sufficient to cover our operating costs and to allow us to continue as a going concern. We do not currently possess a financial institution source of financing and we cannot be certain that our existing sources of cash will be adequate to meet our liquidity requirements. However, we have undertaken the following to meet our liquidity requirements:

- (a) Seek additional funding through senior, sub-debt and equity financings to raise sufficient funds to continue operations and fund its ongoing development, merger and acquisition activities.
- (b) Generate sufficient cash flow to sustain and grow subsidiary operations and, if possible, create excess cash flow for corporate administrative expenses through our operating subsidiaries; and
- (c) Identify prospective acquisition targets with sufficient cash flow to fund subsidiary operations, as well as potentially generating operating cash flow that may sustain corporate administrative expenses.

Trinity's future capital requirements will depend on its ability to successfully implement these initiatives and other factors, including our ability to maintain our existing customer base and to expand our customer base into new geographic markets, and overall financial market conditions in the United States and other countries where we will seek prospective investors.

On February 23, 2004, we announced that we had entered into an Agreement

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and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") with ProsoftTraining, a Nevada corporation ("Prosoft"), and MTX Acquisition Corp., a Utah corporation and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Prosoft (the "Merger Sub"), pursuant to which the Merger Sub will be merged with and into the Company, with the Company continuing as the surviving corporation wholly-owned by Prosoft (the "Merger"). If the proposed merger between us and Prosoft is completed, it is anticipated that the merger will improve liquidity in the merged company's stock. However, if the merger is not completed, we may be required to pay certain termination fees and the price of our common stock may decline. Furthermore, we have and will incur significant costs related to the merger, such as legal, accounting and some of the fees and expenses of financial advisors, which costs must be paid even if the merger is not completed. Regardless of whether the merger is completed, we anticipate that we will still continue to seek additional funding through private placements, conversion of outstanding loans and payables into common stock, development of the business of our newly-acquired subsidiaries, collections on accounts receivable, and through additional acquisitions that have sufficient cash flow to fund subsidiary operations. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in obtaining more debt and/or equity financing in the future or that our results of operations will materially improve in either the short- or the long-term. If we fail to obtain such financing and improve our results of operations, we will be unable to meet our obligations as they become due. That would raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

### Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect amounts reported in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and related footnotes. In preparing these financial statements, management has made its best estimate and judgments of certain amounts included in the financial statements, giving consideration to materiality. Historically, our estimates have not materially differed from actual results. Application of these accounting policies, however, involves exercise of judgment and use of assumptions as to future uncertainties. As a result, actual results could differ from these estimates.

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Material accounting policies that we believe are the most critical to investor's understanding of our financial results and condition and require complex management judgment have been expanded and are discussed below. Information regarding our other accounting policies is included in our Transition Report on Form 10-KSB for the transition period ended June 30, 2003.

- A. Method of accounting. The Company uses the accrual method of accounting.
- B. Revenue and expense recognition. Revenues and directly related expenses are recognized in the financial statements in the period when the goods are shipped to the customer.
- C. Cash and cash equivalents. The Company considers all short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible within three months to known amounts, as cash equivalents.
- D. Depreciation and amortization. The cost of property and equipment is depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The cost of leasehold improvements is amortized over the lesser of the length of the lease of the related assets or the estimated lives of the assets. Depreciation and amortization is computed on the straight-line method.
- E. Consolidation policies. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in

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consolidation.

- F. Foreign currency translation/remeasurement policy. Assets and liabilities that occur in foreign currencies are recorded at historical cost and translated at exchange rates in effect at the end of the reporting period.

### Adoption of Statements of Financial Accounting Standards

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 142 ("SFAS 142"), "Goodwill and other Intangible Assets," at the beginning of fiscal 2003. As required, the Company identified its reporting units and the amounts of goodwill, other intangible assets, and other assets and liabilities allocated to those reporting units. This Statement addresses the accounting and reporting of goodwill and other intangible assets subsequent to their acquisition. SFAS No.142 provides that (i) goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets will no longer be amortized, (ii) impairment will be measured using various valuation techniques based on discounted cash flows, (iii) goodwill will be tested for impairment at least annually at the reporting unit level, (iv) intangible assets deemed to have an indefinite life will be tested for impairment at least annually, and (v) intangible assets with finite lives will be amortized over their useful lives.

SFAS No. 142 requires that goodwill be tested for impairment upon adoption of the Statement, as well as annually thereafter. The Company completed its transitional goodwill impairment test during the third quarter of 2004 and had no impairment losses. Other intangible assets deemed to have an indefinite life are tested for impairment by comparing the fair value of the asset to its carrying amount. The Company does not have other intangible assets with indefinite lives. See Note 2 "Acquisitions and Divestitures" for more information.

In June 2002, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 146 ("SFAS 146"), "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." SFAS 146 replaces Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Issue No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (Including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring)" in its entirety and addresses significant issues relating to recognition, measurement and reporting costs associated with an exit or disposal activity, including restructuring activities. Under EITF Issue No. 94-3, a liability is recognized, measured and reported as of the date of an entity's commitment to an exit plan. Pursuant to SFAS 146, a liability is recorded on the date on which the obligation is incurred and should be initially measured at fair value. SFAS 146 is effective for exit or disposal activities initiated after December 31, 2002. The Company adopted SFAS 146 on July 1, 2003. See Note 2 - Acquisitions and Divestitures.

EITF Consensus Issue No.00-21 ("EITF 00-21"), "Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables" was first discussed at the July 2000 EITF meeting and was issued in February 2002. Certain revisions to the scope language were made and finalized in May 2003. EITF 00-21 addresses the accounting for multiple element revenue arrangements, which involve more than one deliverable or unit of accounting in circumstances, where the delivery of those units takes place in different accounting periods. EITF 00-21 requires disclosures of the accounting policy for revenue recognition of multiple element revenue arrangements and the nature and description of such

arrangements. The accounting and reporting requirements are effective for revenue arrangements entered into in fiscal periods beginning after June 15,

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2003. The Company has completed its initial evaluation and adoption of EITF 00-21 does not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements. The Company continues its evaluation to determine whether the reporting requirements of EITF 00-21 will impact the Company's financial statements in the future.

In January 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 148 ("SFAS 148"), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure." SFAS 148 amends FASB Statement 123 ("SFAS 123"), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," to provide alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, SFAS 148 amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS 123 to require prominent disclosure in both annual and interim financial statements of the method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method used on reported results. SFAS 148 is effective for fiscal years, including interim periods beginning after December 15, 2002, and thus, this disclosure is included in the table below. SFAS 148 also requires disclosure of pro-forma results on the interim basis as if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123. The Company implemented the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation during the transition period from October 1, 2002 to June 30, 2003. Implementing SFAS 148 did not impact the financial results of the Company significantly.

In April 2003, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 149 ("SFAS 149"), "Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." SFAS 149 amends and clarifies financial accounting and reporting for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts (collectively referred to as derivatives) and for hedging activities. The accounting and reporting requirements will be effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003 and for hedging relationships designated after June 30, 2003. Currently, we do not have any derivative instruments and do not anticipate entering into any derivative contracts. Accordingly, adoption of SFAS 149 has no significant impact on our financial statements.

In May 2003, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 150 ("SFAS 150"), "Accounting for Certain Instruments with Characteristics of Both Liabilities and Equity." SFAS 150 establishes standards for how an issuer classifies and measures certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. It requires that an issuer classify a financial instrument that is within its scope as a liability (or an asset in some circumstances). SFAS 150 is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and otherwise is effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. As permitted, the Company adopted SFAS 150 on September 1, 2003. Accordingly, adoption of SFAS 150 did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

### Related Party Transactions

From time to time, Ms. McPherson and Ms. Hayman, officers of RMT, have advanced funds to RMT. The current balance of \$15,234 is due December 31, 2004 and accrues interest at a rate of 6% per annum.

From time to time, certain shareholders of IRCA have advanced funds to IRCA. Of the current balance of \$2,326,021, \$750,000 is non-interest bearing and due June 30, 2004; \$40,000 is non-interest bearing and has no fixed terms of repayment and the remaining amount due of \$1,536,021 has no fixed terms of repayment and bears interest at a Republic of South Africa Bank prime rate.

On December 17, 2003, amended on March 1, 2004, we entered into an



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agreement with Titan Aviation Ltd ("Titan"), a Guernsey company, for the purpose of having Titan act as a representative of IRCA. Mr. Martin Steynberg, a member of our board of directors, is the managing director of Titan. Mr. Steynberg is a shareholder in IRCA Investments (Proprietary) Limited which owns 49% of IRCA. Under the terms of the agreement, we will pay Titan four million rand or approximately \$600,000 in May 2004.

On December 15, 2003, the Company's Board of Directors approved a payment of \$64,315 to Mr. William D. Jobe, a member of our board of directors, as compensation for merger and acquisition services associated with our acquisition of TouchVision.

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From time to time certain shareholders of Riverbend have advanced funds to Riverbend. The current balance of \$392,179 is non-interest bearing and there are no fixed terms for repayment.

On August 8, 2002, we formalized a Debt Conversion Agreement with Global Marketing Associates, Inc. ("GMA"), holder of a convertible promissory note (the "GMA Note") in the principal amount of \$166,963, pursuant to which the principal amount of the note, along with accrued interest thereon, was made convertible, under certain conditions, into 3,200,000 shares of common stock. The GMA Note was originally issued in November 2000 to our company's former attorneys and was subsequently acquired by Pacific Management Services, Inc., who assigned the note to GMA; both entities are unrelated to us. GMA subsequently assigned the right to acquire 2,600,000 of the 3,200,000 shares of common stock into which the note is convertible, to several persons, comprising Messrs. Cole, Mooney, and Swindells as well as European American Securities, Inc. ("EAS"). Pursuant to the assignment, Messrs. Cole and Mooney each acquired the right to acquire 600,000 shares of the common stock into which the GMA Note is convertible and Mr. Swindells acquired the right to acquire 1,000,000 shares. As of January 2003, all 3,200,000 shares of our common stock had been issued pursuant to the terms of the GMA Note. Fifty percent of the shares issuable upon the conversion of the GMA Note are subject to a two-year lock-up provision that restricts transfer of such shares without prior written consent of our board of directors.

On July 15, 2002, we entered in a two-year Advisory Agreement with Granite Creek Partners, LLC ("GCP"), formerly King's Peak Advisors, LLC, automatically renewable for an additional 12-month period. Under the terms of the Advisory Agreement, GCP agreed to provide us with general corporate, financial, business development and investment advisory services on a non-exclusive basis. These services include assisting with the identification of placement agents, underwriters, lenders and other sources of financing, as well as additional qualified independent directors and members of management. GCP is a private company whose principals are Douglas Cole and Edward Mooney, who are officers and directors of our company, and Theodore Swindells. At its August 19, 2003 meeting, the board of directors' voted to suspend the Advisory Agreement from August 15, 2003 until January 2004. Through March 31, 2004, GCP had earned a total of \$315,000 under the Advisory Agreement, \$110,000 of which was converted into 4,400,000 shares of common stock in March 2003. Of the balance of \$205,000, \$203,469 was paid to GCP, leaving a balance owing at March 31, 2004 of \$1,531. The Advisory Agreement was suspended in August 2003.

On July 31, 2002, amended on January 1, 2004, we entered into an Advisory Agreement with EAS pursuant to which EAS agreed to provide financial advisory and investment banking services to the Company. Through March 31, 2004, EAS had earned a total of \$807,716 under the Advisory Agreement. Of the balance of \$807,716, \$431,421 has been paid to EAS and \$125,000 or 250,000 shares in the Company's common stock was paid to EAS in January 2004, leaving a balance owing

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at March 31, 2004 of \$376,295.

From time to time, since inception of our current operating strategy, Mr. Swindells has provided short-term working capital loans on a non-interest bearing basis. The principal may be converted into such other debt or equity securities financings that we may issue in private offerings while the loan is outstanding. In September 2003, we repaid \$500,000 on the loan balance then outstanding. In November 2003, the remaining balance of \$425,000 was converted to 850,000 shares of common stock and issued to Mr. Swindells.

### ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, after conducting an evaluation, together with other members of our management, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report, have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC. There were no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to that evaluation, and there were no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in such controls requiring corrective actions.

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## PART II

### OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On September 12, 2003, we filed a Complaint in the United States District Court for the District of Utah, Central Division, against CBL Global Corporation ("CBL Global") (f/k/a CBL Acquisition Corporation), and Robert Stephen Scammell, the sole shareholder of CBL-California, (Case No. 2:03CV00798DAK) alleging, among other things, that Scammell and CBL-California provided us with misstated financial statements prior to our merger in October 2002 with CBL-California and CBL Global. On September 18, 2003, we filed a First Amended Complaint and Jury Demand, which added as defendants CBL-Global and Brian Kennedy, the sole shareholder of CBL-Australia. The First Amended Complaint alleges causes of action for violations of Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 10b-5 promulgated there under, for violations of Section 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, for declaratory relief and breach of contract, for common law fraud, and for negligent misrepresentation.

The First Amended Complaint alleged, among other things, that the defendants were advised by CBL-California's accountant on September 18, 2002 that CBL-California's financial statements were misstated, and alleges that new restated financial statements were issued on September 19, 2002. The First Amended Complaint alleged, however, that the restated financial statements were not provided to us prior to the October 1, 2002 closing of the merger.

In December, 2003, we sold our interests in CBL Global and its Australian subsidiaries (collectively "CBL"), Messrs. Scammell and Kennedy, to the former owners of CBL. In conjunction with the management buyout, we entered into a Settlement Agreement with respect to our litigation with CBL. Pursuant to the

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terms of the agreement, we have conveyed all of our interest in CBL back to the former owners in exchange for surrender and cancellation of 3,000,000 shares of Trinity stock issued to them in connection with acquisition of CBL and the cancellation of \$1,000,000 in convertible notes payable to them. Also, as a result of the divestiture, \$222,151 owed by CBL Global to Messrs. Kennedy and Scammell is no longer an obligation of the Company.

### ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES

#### Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

On July 31, 2002, amended on January 1, 2004, we entered into an Advisory Agreement with EAS pursuant to which EAS agreed to provide financial advisory and investment banking services to the Company. Through March 31, 2004, EAS had earned a total of \$807,716 under the Advisory Agreement. Of the balance of \$807,716, \$125,000 or 250,000 shares in the Company's common stock was paid to EAS in January 2004. In our opinion, the offer and sale of these securities was exempt by virtue of Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and the rules promulgated there under.

Through May 7, 2004, we had received subscriptions to our January 2004 offering of up to \$3,000,000 Senior Convertible Bridge Notes (the "Notes") totaling \$1,146,000. The Notes mature in twelve months plus accrued interest at a rate of 7% per annum. The Notes are convertible at 80% of the "Next Equity Financing" offering price or at \$0.60 per share if converted prior to May 15, 2004. As of March 31, 2004 \$836,000 of the \$1,146,000 had been converted to 1,652,892 shares of common stock. Financing fees payable at March 31, 2004 are \$114,600.

Finally, 100,000 and 40,721 shares of the Company's common stock were issued to Mr. Ron Posner and TN Capital Equities, Inc. for finders' fees for the Riverbend and IRCA acquisitions and for fundraising, respectively. During the quarter 437,500 shares of the Company's common stock were issued at \$1.67 per share for the exercise of warrants resulting in gross proceeds to the Company of \$28,125.

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### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

### ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

### ITEM 6. - EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

#### (a) Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed herewith:

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- 10.1 Amended Agreement dated March 1, 2004 between the Company and Titan Aviation Ltd.
- 10.2 Sublease Agreement dated July 22, 2003 between the Company and Vargus Marketing Group, Inc.
- 10.3 Amended Agreement dated January 1, 2004 between the Company and European American Securities
- 10.4 Agreement dated July 14, 2002 between the Company and Lynne Longmire.
- 10.5 Agreement dated December 12, 2002 between the Company and Acquimmo-Salenko M&A.
- 10.6 Agreement dated January 23, 2004 between the Company and Bathgate Capital Partners, LLC.
- 10.7 Agreement dated February 3, 2004 between the Company and Doherty & Co., LLC.
- 10.8 Agreement dated February 19, 2004 between the Company and Nordic Enterprise BV.
- 10.9 Agreement dated March 1, 2004 between the Company and VanCamp Advisors, LLC.
- 10.10 Agreement dated March 22, 2004 between the Company and Newforth Partners, LLC.
- 10.11 Agreement dated March 23, 2004 between the Company and GVC Financial Services, LLC.
  
- 31.1 Certification of the Company's Chief Executive Officer.
- 31.2 Certification of the Company's Chief Financial Officer.
  
- 32.1 Certification of the Company's Chief Executive Officer.
- 32.2 Certification of the Company's Chief Financial Officer.

### (b) Reports on Form 8-K

1. On January 6, 2004, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K concerning our press release announcing the settlement of our litigation with CBL Global Corporation and other related parties.

2. On January 7, 2004, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K concerning its common shares (stock symbol "TTYL.OB") being accepted for quotation on the NASDAQ Over-the-Counter Electronic Bulletin Board, effective January 7, 2004.

3. On January 12, 2004, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K concerning the issuance of a letter to shareholders by Douglas D. Cole, Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

4. On January 16, 2004, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K announcing that we had entered into a Strategic Development and Marketing Agreement with Itensil, Inc.

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5. On February 6, 2004, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K announcing that we had entered into a Definitive Agreement to acquire all the outstanding shares of Virtual Learning Partners AS.

6. On February 19, 2004, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K reporting the merger of our former auditors into a successor entity, which entity will continue as our independent auditors.

7. On February 23, 2004, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K announcing that we had entered into an agreement and plan of merger with ProsoftTraining, a Nevada corporation ("Prosoft") and MTX Acquisition Corp., a Utah corporation and

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a wholly-owned subsidiary of Prosoft (the "Merger Sub"), pursuant to which the Merger Sub will be merged with and into the Company, with the Company continuing as the surviving corporation wholly-owned by Prosoft.

8. On February 24, 2004, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K regarding a call-in conference call to stockholders and other interested parties concerning the proposed merger between the Company and ProsoftTraining.

9. On February 27, 2004, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K amending the report on Form 8-K filed on December 16, 2003, concerning our acquisition of IRCA (Proprietary) Limited.

10. On March 2, 2004, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K concerning our acquisition of Virtual Learning Partners AS.

11. On March 5, 2004, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K amending the report on Form 8-K filed on January 6, 2004, concerning our divestiture of CBL Global Corporation and other related parties.

12. On March 15, 2004, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K announcing that we had entered into a strategic course development and marketing agreement with the University of California Extension, Santa Cruz.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

TRINITY LEARNING CORPORATION

June 14, 2004

By: /S/ DOUGLAS D. COLE  
-----  
Douglas D. Cole  
Chief Executive Officer

June 14, 2004

By: /S/ CHRISTINE R. LARSON  
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Christine R. Larson  
Chief Financial Officer

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